



# The Belfast Gazette

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FRIDAY, JANUARY 20, 1922.

## TRADE BOARDS.

### AERATED WATERS TRADE, NORTHERN IRELAND.

Regulations, dated 2nd January, 1922, made by the Minister of Labour for Northern Ireland under Section 11 of the Trade Boards Act, 1909 (9 Edw. 7, c. 22), with respect to the Constitution and Proceedings of the Trade Board for the Aerated Waters Trade (Northern Ireland).

The Minister of Labour, in pursuance of his powers under Section 11 of the Trade Boards Act, 1909, and of every other power him hereunto enabling, is pleased to make the annexed Regulations:—

1. A Trade Board shall be established in Northern Ireland for the trade specified in the Trade Boards (Aerated Waters) Order, 1919, and set out in the Schedule to these Regulations.

2. The Trade Board shall consist of not less than 7 and not more than 11 persons, of whom one shall be Chairman and the remainder representative members. The representative members shall be members representing employers and workers, respectively, in equal number.

3. The Chairman shall be appointed by the Minister of Labour from among the members of the Trade Board.

4. The selection and appointment of representative members shall be as follows, due regard being paid to the representation of the various branches of the trade and of the various districts in which the trade is carried on:—

(a) 3 members representing employers in the trade shall be appointed by the Minister of Labour.

(b) 3 members representing workers in the trade shall be appointed by the Minister of Labour.

5. The Minister of Labour may, if he thinks it necessary in order to secure proper representation of any class or classes of employers or workers, after giving the Trade Board an opportunity to be heard, appoint additional representative members to serve upon the Trade Board. The number of such additional representative members shall always be an even number, not exceeding 4 in all. Half shall be representatives of employers, and half shall be representatives of workers.

6. Any member representing employers who ceases to be an employer and becomes a worker at the trade shall vacate his seat. Any member representing workers who becomes an employer in the trade shall vacate his seat. The question of fact shall in each case be determined by the Minister of Labour.

7. If, in the opinion of the Minister of Labour, any member shall be incapable of acting as a member of the Trade Board, the Minister of Labour may determine his appointment, and he shall thereupon vacate his seat.

8. Subject to the provisions of Paragraphs 5, 6, and 7 the term of office of a representative member shall be six months, provided that

(a) a member appointed to fill a casual vacancy shall sit for the unexpired portion of the term of office of his predecessor, and

(b) a seat rendered vacant by effluxion of time shall be temporarily occupied by the retiring member until a successor is appointed.

9. Subject to the provisions of Paragraph 7 the term of office of a Chairman shall be six months, provided that

- (a) a Chairman appointed to fill a casual vacancy shall sit for the unexpired portion of the term of office of his predecessor; and
- (b) the office of Chairman rendered vacant by effluxion of time shall be occupied by the retiring Chairman until a successor is appointed.

10. Any person vacating his seat on the Trade Board under any of the preceding paragraphs, or for any other reason, shall be eligible for re-appointment as a member of the Trade Board; and a Chairman vacating his office under any of the preceding paragraphs, or for any other reason, shall be eligible for re-appointment.

11. A vacancy among members shall be filled in the same manner as in the case of the original appointment to the vacated seat.

12. Every member of the Trade Board shall have one vote. If at any meeting of the Board the numbers of members present representing employers and workers, respectively, are unequal, it shall be open to the side which is in the majority to arrange that one or more of its members shall refrain from voting, so as to preserve equality. Failing such an arrangement, the Chairman may, if he thinks it desirable, adjourn the voting on any question to another meeting of the Board.

13. The Trade Board shall continue in existence until dissolved by order of the Minister of Labour.

14. The Trade Board may be known under the short title of "The Aerated Waters Trade Board (Northern Ireland)."

15. Any question upon the construction or interpretation of these Regulations shall, in the event of dispute, be referred to the Minister of Labour for decision.

Given under the Official Seal of the Minister of Labour for Northern [L.S.] Ireland, this Second day of January, in the year one thousand nine hundred and twenty-two.

*J. A. Lale,*

Secretary, Ministry of Labour,  
Northern Ireland.

#### SCHEDULE.

The Aerated Waters Trade, that is to say:—

The manufacture, wherever carried on, of mineral or aerated waters, non-alcoholic cordials, flavoured syrups, unfermented sweet drinks and other similar beverages, and the manufacture in unlicensed premises of brewed liquors, including:—

(a) the operations of bottle washing, bottling and filling, and all other operations preparatory to the sale of any of the aforesaid liquors in bottles, jars, syphons, casks or other similar receptacles; and including also

(b) the operations of bottle washing, bottling and filling, and all subsidiary operations preparatory to the sale in bottles, jars or other similar receptacles, of cider, ale, stout, porter, and other alcoholic beers, where all or any of such last-mentioned operations are, or is, conducted or carried on in association with or in conjunction with all or any of the operations specified under (a) above, so as to form a common or interchangeable form of employment for workers, and whether the two sets of operations or

any of them are, or is, carried on simultaneously or not.

#### TRADE BOARDS.

##### BOOT AND SHOE REPAIRING TRADE, NORTHERN IRELAND.

Regulations, dated 2nd January, 1922, made by the Minister of Labour for Northern Ireland, under Section 11 of the Trade Boards Act, 1909 (9 Edw. 7, c. 22), with respect to the Constitution and Proceedings of the Trade Board for the Boot and Shoe Repairing Trade (Northern Ireland).

The Minister of Labour, in pursuance of his powers under Section 11 of the Trade Boards Act, 1909, and of every other power him hereunto enabling, is pleased to make the annexed Regulations:—

1. A Trade Board shall be established in Northern Ireland for the trade specified in the Trade Boards (Boot and Shoe Repairing) Order, 1919, and set out in the Schedule to these Regulations.

2. The Trade Board shall consist of not less than 15 and not more than 19 persons, of whom one shall be Chairman and the remainder representative members. The representative members shall be members representing employers and workers, respectively, in equal number.

3. The Chairman shall be appointed by the Minister of Labour from among the members of the Trade Board.

4. The selection and appointment of representative members shall be as follows, due regard being paid to the representation of the various branches of the trade and of the various districts in which the trade is carried on:—

(a) 7 members representing employers in the trade shall be appointed by the Minister of Labour.

(b) 7 members representing workers in the trade shall be appointed by the Minister of Labour.

5. The Minister of Labour may, if he thinks it necessary in order to secure proper representation of any class or classes of employers or workers, after giving the Trade Board an opportunity to be heard, appoint additional representative members to serve upon the Trade Board. The number of such additional representative members shall always be an even number, not exceeding 4 in all. Half shall be representatives of employers, and half shall be representatives of workers.

6. Any member representing employers who ceases to be an employer and becomes a worker at the trade shall vacate his seat. Any member representing workers who becomes an employer in the trade shall vacate his seat. The question of fact shall in each case be determined by the Minister of Labour.

7. If, in the opinion of the Minister of Labour, any member shall be incapable of acting as a member of the Trade Board, the Minister of Labour may determine his appointment, and he shall thereupon vacate his seat.

8. Subject to the provisions of Paragraphs 5, 6, and 7 the term of office of a representative member shall be six months, provided that

(a) a member appointed to fill a casual vacancy shall sit for the unexpired portion of the term of office of his predecessor, and

- (b) a seat rendered vacant by effluxion of time shall be temporarily occupied by the retiring member until a successor is appointed.

9. Subject to the provisions of Paragraph 7 the term of office of a Chairman shall be six months, provided that

- (a) a Chairman appointed to fill a casual vacancy shall sit for the unexpired portion of the term of office of his predecessor, and
- (b) the office of Chairman rendered vacant by effluxion of time shall be occupied by the retiring Chairman until a successor is appointed.

10. Any person vacating his seat on the Trade Board under any of the preceding paragraphs, or for any other reason, shall be eligible for re-appointment as a member of the Trade Board; and a Chairman vacating his office under any of the preceding paragraphs, or for any other reason, shall be eligible for re-appointment.

11. A vacancy among members shall be filled in the same manner as in the case of the original appointment to the vacated seat.

12. Every member of the Trade Board shall have one vote. If at any meeting of the Board the numbers of members present representing employers and workers, respectively, are unequal, it shall be open to the side which is in the majority to arrange that one or more of its members shall refrain from voting, so as to preserve equality. Failing such an arrangement, the Chairman may, if he thinks it desirable, adjourn the voting on any question to another meeting of the Board.

13. The Trade Board shall continue in existence until dissolved by order of the Minister of Labour.

14. The Trade Board may be known under the short title of "The Boot and Shoe Repairing Trade Board (Northern Ireland)."

15. Any question upon the construction or interpretation of these Regulations shall, in the event of dispute, be referred to the Minister of Labour for decision.

Given under the Official Seal of the Minister of Labour for Northern Ireland, this Second day of January, in the year one thousand nine hundred and twenty-two.

*J. A. Dale,*

Secretary, Ministry of Labour,  
Northern Ireland.

#### SCHEDULE.

The Boot and Shoe Repairing Trade, that is to say:—

The repairing wherever carried on of boots, shoes, slippers and all kinds of leather footwear, including the making of bespoke handsewn, riveted or pegged, leather footwear, but excluding the manufacture of leather footwear on a large scale, the repairing of saddlery and leather goods other than leather footwear, and the retailing of leather footwear.

#### TRADE BOARDS.

##### THE BRUSH AND BROOM TRADE, NORTHERN IRELAND.

Regulations, dated 2nd January, 1922, made by the Minister of Labour for Northern Ire-

land, under Section 11 of the Trade Boards Act, 1909 (9 Edw. 7, c. 22), with respect to the Constitution and Proceedings of the Trade Board for the Brush and Broom Trade (Northern Ireland).

The Minister of Labour, in pursuance of his powers under Section 11 of the Trade Boards Act, 1909, and of every other power him hereunto enabling, is pleased to make the annexed Regulations:—

1. A Trade Board shall be established in Northern Ireland for the trade specified in the Trade Boards (Brush and Broom) Order, 1919, and set out in the Schedule to these Regulations.

2. The Trade Board shall consist of not less than 5 and not more than 9 persons, of whom one shall be Chairman and the remainder representative members. The representative members shall be members representing employers and workers, respectively, in equal number.

3. The Chairman shall be appointed by the Minister of Labour from among the members of the Trade Board.

4. The selection and appointment of representative members shall be as follows, due regard being paid to the representation of the various branches of the trade and of the various districts in which the trade is carried on:—

- (a) 2 members representing employers in the trade shall be appointed by the Minister of Labour.
- (b) 2 members representing workers in the trade shall be appointed by the Minister of Labour.

5. The Minister of Labour may, if he thinks it necessary in order to secure proper representation of any class or classes of employers or workers, after giving the Trade Board an opportunity to be heard, appoint additional representative members to serve upon the Trade Board. The number of such additional representative members shall always be an even number, not exceeding 4 in all. Half shall be representatives of employers, and half shall be representatives of workers.

6. Any member representing employers who ceases to be an employer and becomes a worker at the trade shall vacate his seat. Any member representing workers who becomes an employer in the trade shall vacate his seat. The question of fact shall in each case be determined by the Minister of Labour.

7. If, in the opinion of the Minister of Labour, any member shall be incapable of acting as a member of the Trade Board, the Minister of Labour may determine his appointment, and he shall thereupon vacate his seat.

8. Subject to the provisions of Paragraphs 5, 6, and 7 the term of office of a representative member shall be six months, provided that

- (a) a member appointed to fill a casual vacancy shall sit for the unexpired portion of the term of office of his predecessor, and
- (b) a seat rendered vacant by effluxion of time shall be temporarily occupied by the retiring member until a successor is appointed.

9. Subject to the provisions of Paragraph 7 the term of office of a Chairman shall be six months, provided that

- (a) a Chairman appointed to fill a casual vacancy shall sit for the unexpired portion of the term of office of his predecessor, and

- (b) the office of Chairman rendered vacant by effluxion of time shall be occupied by the retiring Chairman until a successor is appointed.

10. Any person vacating his seat on the Trade Board under any of the preceding paragraphs, or for any other reason, shall be eligible for re-appointment as a member of the Trade Board; and a Chairman vacating his office under any of the preceding paragraphs, or for any other reason, shall be eligible for re-appointment.

11. A vacancy among members shall be filled in the same manner as in the case of the original appointment to the vacated seat.

12. Every member of the Trade Board shall have one vote. If at any meeting of the Board the numbers of members present representing employers and workers, respectively, are unequal, it shall be open to the side which is in the majority to arrange that one or more of its members shall refrain from voting, so as to preserve equality. Failing such an arrangement, the Chairman may, if he thinks it desirable, adjourn the voting on any question to another meeting of the Board.

13. The Trade Board shall continue in existence until dissolved by order of the Minister of Labour.

14. The Trade Board may be known under the short title of "The Brush and Broom Trade Board (Northern Ireland)."

15. Any question upon the construction or interpretation of these Regulations shall, in the event of dispute, be referred to the Minister of Labour for decision.

Given under the Official Seal of the Minister of Labour for Northern Ireland, this Second day of January, in the year one thousand nine hundred and twenty-two.

*J. A. Dale,*

Secretary, Ministry of Labour,  
Northern Ireland.

#### SCHEDULE.

The Brush and Broom Trade, that is to say:—

The manufacture of brushes (other than feather brushes) or brooms, including the following operations, where all or any of them are carried on in association with or in conjunction with the manufacture of such brushes or brooms:—

- (a) the drafting, dressing or mixing of bass, whisk, or similar fibres or animal bristles or hair, and the working of wood, bone, ivory or celluloid;
- (b) all finishing, warehousing, packing or other operations incidental to or appertaining to the manufacture of such brushes or brooms,

but excluding the following operations:—  
the sawing and turning of wood as a preliminary operation to the manufacture of such brushes or brooms; the making of metal parts and the mounting of brushes with metal or tortoise-shell backs.

#### TRADE BOARDS.

THE DRESSMAKING AND WOMEN'S LIGHT CLOTHING TRADE, NORTHERN IRELAND.

Regulations, dated 2nd January, 1922, made by the Minister of Labour for Northern Ire-

land, under Section 11 of the Trade Boards Act, 1909 (9 Edw. 7, c. 22), with respect to the Constitution and Proceedings of the Trade Board for the Dressmaking and Women's Light Clothing Trade (Northern Ireland).

The Minister of Labour, in pursuance of his powers under Section 11 of the Trade Boards Act, 1909, and of every other power him hereunto enabling, is pleased to make the annexed Regulations:—

1. A Trade Board shall be established in Northern Ireland for the trade specified in the Trade Boards (Women's Clothing) Order, 1919, and set out in the Schedule to these Regulations.

2. The Trade Board shall consist of not less than 13 and not more than 17 persons, of whom one shall be Chairman and the remainder representative members. The representative members shall be members representing employers and workers, respectively, in equal number.

3. The Chairman shall be appointed by the Minister of Labour from among the members of the Trade Board.

4. The selection and appointment of representative members shall be as follows, due regard being paid to the representation of the various branches of the trade and of the various districts in which the trade is carried on:—

- (a) 6 members representing employers in the trade shall be appointed by the Minister of Labour.
- (b) 6 members representing workers in the trade shall be appointed by the Minister of Labour.

5. The Minister of Labour may, if he thinks it necessary in order to secure proper representation of any class or classes of employers or workers, after giving the Trade Board an opportunity to be heard, appoint additional representative members to serve upon the Trade Board. The number of such additional representative members shall always be an even number, not exceeding 4 in all. Half shall be representatives of employers, and half shall be representatives of workers.

6. Any member representing employers who ceases to be an employer and becomes a worker at the trade shall vacate his seat. Any member representing workers who becomes an employer in the trade shall vacate his seat. The question of fact shall in each case be determined by the Minister of Labour.

7. If, in the opinion of the Minister of Labour, any member shall be incapable of acting as a member of the Trade Board, the Minister of Labour may determine his appointment, and he shall thereupon vacate his seat.

8. Subject to the provisions of Paragraphs 5, 6, and 7 the term of office of a representative member shall be six months, provided that

- (a) a member appointed to fill a casual vacancy shall sit for the unexpired portion of the term of office of his predecessor, and
- (b) a seat rendered vacant by effluxion of time shall be temporarily occupied by the retiring member until a successor is appointed.

9. Subject to the provisions of Paragraph 7 the term of office of a Chairman shall be six months, provided that

- (a) a Chairman appointed to fill a casual vacancy shall sit for the unexpired portion of the term of office of his predecessor, and

- (b) the office of Chairman rendered vacant by effluxion of time shall be occupied by the retiring Chairman until a successor is appointed.

10. Any person vacating his seat on the Trade Board under any of the preceding paragraphs, or for any other reason, shall be eligible for re-appointment as a member of the Trade Board; and a Chairman vacating his office under any of the preceding paragraphs, or for any other reason, shall be eligible for re-appointment.

11. A vacancy among members shall be filled in the same manner as in the case of the original appointment to the vacated seat.

12. Every member of the Trade Board shall have one vote. If at any meeting of the Board the numbers of members present representing employers and workers, respectively, are unequal, it shall be open to the side which is in the majority to arrange that one or more of its members shall refrain from voting, so as to preserve equality. Failing such an arrangement, the Chairman may, if he thinks it desirable, adjourn the voting on any question to another meeting of the Board.

13. The Trade Board shall continue in existence until dissolved by order of the Minister of Labour.

14. The Trade Board may be known under the short title of "The Dressmaking and Women's Light Clothing Trade Board (Northern Ireland)."

15. Any question upon the construction or interpretation of these Regulations shall, in the event of dispute, be referred to the Minister of Labour for decision.

Given under the Official Seal of the Minister of Labour for Northern Ireland, this Second day of January, in the year one thousand nine hundred and twenty-two.

*J. A. Dale,*  
Secretary, Ministry of Labour,  
Northern Ireland.

#### SCHEDULE.

The Dressmaking and Women's Light Clothing Trade, that is to say:—

Those branches of the Women's Clothing Trade that are engaged in the making of non-tailored garments, namely the making from textile or knitted fabrics of (a) non-tailored wearing apparel (other than handkerchiefs) worn by women or girls or by children without distinction of sex; or (b) 'boys' ready-made washing suits or sailor hats, where carried out in association with or in conjunction with the making of garments to be worn by women or girls or by children without distinction of sex. including:—

- (1) All operations or processes of cutting, making or finishing by hand or machine of dresses, non-tailored skirts, wraps, blouses, blouse-ropes, jumpers, sports coats, neckwear, tea-gowns, dressing-gowns, dressing-jackets, pyjamas, underclothing, underskirts, aprons, overalls, nurses' and servants' caps, juvenile clothing, baby-linen, or similar non-tailored articles;
- (2) the making of field bonnets, sun-bonnets, boudoir caps, or infants' millinery where carried on in association with or in conjunction with the

making of any of the articles mentioned in paragraph (1) above;

- (3) (a) the altering, repairing, renovating, or remaking of any of the above-mentioned articles;
- (b) The cleaning of any of the above-mentioned articles where carried on in association with or in conjunction with the altering, repairing, renovating, or re-making of such garments;
- (4) All processes of embroidery or decorative needlework where carried on in association with or in conjunction with the making, altering, repairing, renovating or re-making of such articles other than hand embroidery or hand-drawn threadwork on articles made of linen or cotton or of mixed linen and cotton;
- (5) the following processes if done by machine:—thread drawing, thread clipping, top sewing, scalloping, nickelling and paring;
- (6) Laundering, smoothing, folding, ornamenting, boxing, packing, warehousing, or other operations incidental to or appertaining to the making, altering, repairing, renovating, or re-making of any of the above-mentioned articles; but excluding
  - (a) The making of knitted articles, the making of underclothing, socks and stockings, from knitted fabrics, and the making from knitted fabrics of articles mentioned in paragraphs (1) and (2) above, where carried on in association with or in conjunction with the manufacture of the knitted fabrics;
  - (b) The making of gloves, spats, gaiters, boots, shoes and slippers;
  - (c) the making of headgear, other than the articles mentioned in paragraph (2) above;
  - (d) the branches of trade covered by the Trade Boards (Corset) Order, 1919;
  - (e) the making of rubberised or oilskin garments;
  - (f) the making of women's collars and cuffs, and of nurses' stiff washing belts where carried on in association with or in conjunction with the making of men's or boys' shirts or collars;
  - (g) warehousing, packing and other similar operations carried on in shops mainly engaged in the retail distribution of articles of any description that are not made on the premises.

#### TRADE BOARDS.

##### THE GENERAL WASTE MATERIALS RECLAMATION TRADE, NORTHERN IRELAND.

Regulations, dated 2nd January, 1922, made by the Minister of Labour for Northern Ireland, under Section 11 of the Trade Boards Act, 1909 (9 Edw. 7, c. 22), with respect to the Constitution and Proceedings of the Trade

Board for the General Waste Materials Reclamation Trade (Northern Ireland).

The Minister of Labour, in pursuance of his powers under Section 11 of the Trade Boards Act, 1909, and of every other power him hereunto enabling, is pleased to make the annexed Regulations:—

1. A Trade Board shall be established in Northern Ireland for the trade specified in the Trade Boards (Waste Materials Reclamation) Order, 1920, and set out in the Schedule to these Regulations.

2. The Trade Board shall consist of not less than 7 and not more than 11 persons, of whom one shall be Chairman, and the remainder representative members. The representative members shall be members representing employers and workers, respectively, in equal number.

3. The Chairman shall be appointed by the Minister of Labour from among the members of the Trade Board.

4. The selection and appointment of representative members shall be as follows, due regard being paid to the representation of the various branches of the trade and of the various districts in which the trade is carried on:—

- (a) 3 members representing employers in the trade shall be appointed by the Minister of Labour.
- (b) 3 members representing workers in the trade shall be appointed by the Minister of Labour.

5. The Minister of Labour may, if he thinks it necessary in order to secure proper representation of any class or classes of employers or workers, after giving the Trade Board an opportunity to be heard, appoint additional representative members to serve upon the Trade Board. The number of such additional representative members shall always be an even number, not exceeding 4 in all. Half shall be representatives of employers, and half shall be representatives of workers.

6. Any member representing employers who ceases to be an employer and becomes a worker at the trade shall vacate his seat. Any member representing workers who becomes an employer in the trade shall vacate his seat. The question of fact shall in each case be determined by the Minister of Labour.

7. If, in the opinion of the Minister of Labour, any member shall be incapable of acting as a member of the Trade Board, the Minister of Labour may determine his appointment, and he shall thereupon vacate his seat.

8. Subject to the provisions of Paragraphs 5, 6, and 7 the term of office of a representative member shall be six months, provided that

- (a) a member appointed to fill a casual vacancy shall sit for the unexpired portion of the term of office of his predecessor, and
- (b) a seat rendered vacant by effluxion of time shall be temporarily occupied by the retiring member until a successor is appointed.

9. Subject to the provisions of Paragraph 7 the term of office of a Chairman shall be six months, provided that

- (a) a Chairman appointed to fill a casual vacancy shall sit for the unexpired portion of the term of office of his predecessor, and

- (b) the office of Chairman rendered vacant by effluxion of time shall be occupied by the retiring Chairman until a successor is appointed.

10. Any person vacating his seat on the Trade Board under any of the preceding paragraphs, or for any other reason, shall be eligible for re-appointment as a member of the Trade Board; and a Chairman vacating his office under any of the preceding paragraphs, or for any other reason, shall be eligible for re-appointment.

11. A vacancy among members shall be filled in the same manner as in the case of the original appointment to the vacated seat.

12. Every member of the Trade Board shall have one vote. If at any meeting of the Board the numbers of members present representing employers and workers, respectively, are unequal, it shall be open to the side which is in the majority to arrange that one or more of its members shall refrain from voting, so as to preserve equality. Failing such an arrangement, the Chairman may, if he thinks it desirable, adjourn the voting on any question to another meeting of the Board.

13. The Trade Board shall continue in existence until dissolved by order of the Minister of Labour.

14. The Trade Board may be known under the short title of "The General Waste Materials Reclamation Trade Board (Northern Ireland)."

15. Any question upon the construction or interpretation of these Regulations shall, in the event of dispute, be referred to the Minister of Labour for decision.

Given under the Official Seal of the Minister of Labour for Northern Ireland, this Second day of January, in the year one thousand nine hundred and twenty-two.

*J. A. Dale,*

Secretary, Ministry of Labour,  
Northern Ireland.

#### SCHEDULE.

The General Waste Materials Reclamation Trade, that is to say:—

1. The collecting, sorting, or grading of the following materials:—rags, waste paper, paper stock, woollen, worsted, cotton, jute, flax, hemp, or other textile waste; textile clippings or cuttings, used bags, sacks or sacking, scrap rubber, scrap iron or other scrap metal, fur cuttings, rabbit skins, bones or fat, used tins, broken glass or earthenware.

2. The collecting, sorting or grading of the following articles when collected, sorted or graded in association with or in conjunction with the collecting, sorting or grading of the waste materials specified above:—discarded clothing (including head-gear or foot-gear), discarded textile articles, old ropes, used bottles or used jars.

3. The following operations when carried on in association with or in conjunction with the collecting, sorting or grading of any or all of the waste materials specified in 1 above:—the ripping of worn clothes for rags, the picking of old ropes, the trimming of paper salvage, the washing of used bottles or used jars, the washing of used tins, the breaking of scrap metal, the drying of rabbit skins, the making or repairing of sacks or bags, the willowing, pulling, scouring, carbonising, or putting down mixings of textile waste.

4. The operations of receiving, packing, compressing, teagling, craning, despatching or warehousing when carried on in association with or in conjunction with any of the above-mentioned operations; but excluding:—

- (a) Any of the above-mentioned operations when carried on in the establishment in which waste materials are produced or in which they are used as raw materials for further manufacture;
- (b) The making or repairing of sacks or bags when carried on in a factory or workshop engaged solely or mainly in the making or repairing of sacks or bags;
- (c) The collecting, sorting, grading or drying of rabbit skins when carried on in an establishment in which such operations are the main or principal business, or when carried on in or in association with or in conjunction with any business, establishment, branch or department engaged in the manufacture of hatters' fur.
- (d) (i) The collecting, sorting or grading of cotton waste when carried on in an establishment in which such operations are the main or principal business.
- (ii) Any of the operations included in paragraphs 1, 2, 3 and 4 above, other than the operations specified in paragraph (d) (i) above, when carried on in or in association with or in conjunction with any establishment of the kind specified in sub-paragraph (i) above.

#### TRADE BOARDS.

##### THE HAT, CAP AND MILLINERY TRADE, NORTHERN IRELAND.

Regulations, dated 2nd January, 1922, made by the Minister of Labour for Northern Ireland, under Section 11 of the Trade Boards Act, 1909 (9 Edw. 7, c. 22), with respect to the Constitution and Proceedings of the Trade Board for the Hat, Cap and Millinery Trade (Northern Ireland).

The Minister of Labour, in pursuance of his powers under Section 11 of the Trade Boards Act, 1909, and of every other power him hereunto enabling, is pleased to make the annexed Regulations:—

1. A Trade Board shall be established in Northern Ireland for the trade specified in the Trade Boards (Hat, Cap and Millinery) Order, 1919, and set out in the Schedule to these Regulations.

2. The Trade Board shall consist of not less than 7 and not more than 11 persons, of whom one shall be Chairman and the remainder representative members. The representative members shall be members representing employers and workers, respectively, in equal number.

3. The Chairman shall be appointed by the Minister of Labour from among the members of the Trade Board.

4. The selection and appointment of representative members shall be as follows, due regard being paid to the representation of the various branches of the trade and of the various districts in which the trade is carried on:—

- (a) 3 members representing employers in the trade shall be appointed by the Minister of Labour.

- (b) 3 members representing workers in the trade shall be appointed by the Minister of Labour.

5. The Minister of Labour may, if he thinks it necessary in order to secure proper representation of any class or classes of employers or workers, after giving the Trade Board an opportunity to be heard, appoint additional representative members to serve upon the Trade Board. The number of such additional representative members shall always be an even number, not exceeding 4 in all. Half shall be representatives of employers, and half shall be representatives of workers.

6. Any member representing employers who ceases to be an employer and becomes a worker at the trade shall vacate his seat. Any member representing workers who becomes an employer in the trade shall vacate his seat. The question of fact shall in each case be determined by the Minister of Labour.

7. If, in the opinion of the Minister of Labour, any member shall be incapable of acting as a member of the Trade Board, the Minister of Labour may determine his appointment, and he shall thereupon vacate his seat.

8. Subject to the provisions of Paragraphs 5, 6, and 7 the term of office of a representative member shall be six months, provided that

- (a) a member appointed to fill a casual vacancy shall sit for the unexpired portion of the term of office of his predecessor, and
- (b) a seat rendered vacant by effluxion of time shall be temporarily occupied by the retiring member until a successor is appointed.

9. Subject to the provisions of Paragraph 7 the term of office of a Chairman shall be six months, provided that

- (a) a Chairman appointed to fill a casual vacancy shall sit for the unexpired portion of the term of office of his predecessor, and
- (b) the office of Chairman rendered vacant by effluxion of time shall be occupied by the retiring Chairman until a successor is appointed.

10. Any person vacating his seat on the Trade Board under any of the preceding paragraphs, or for any other reason, shall be eligible for re-appointment as a member of the Trade Board; and a Chairman vacating his office under any of the preceding paragraphs, or for any other reason, shall be eligible for re-appointment.

11. A vacancy among members shall be filled in the same manner as in the case of the original appointment to the vacated seat.

12. Every member of the Trade Board shall have one vote. If at any meeting of the Board the numbers of members present representing employers and workers, respectively, are unequal, it shall be open to the side which is in the majority to arrange that one or more of its members shall refrain from voting, so as to preserve equality. Failing such an arrangement, the Chairman may, if he thinks it desirable, adjourn the voting on any question to another meeting of the Board.

13. The Trade Board shall continue in existence until dissolved by order of the Minister of Labour.

14. The Trade Board may be known under the short title of "The Hat, Cap and Millinery Trade Board (Northern Ireland)."

15. Any question upon the construction or interpretation of these Regulations shall, in

the event of dispute, be referred to the Minister of Labour for decision.

Given under the Official Seal of the Minister of Labour for Northern Ireland, this Second day of January, in the year one thousand nine hundred and twenty-two.

*J. A. Dale,*

Secretary, Ministry of Labour,  
Northern Ireland.

#### SCHEDULE.

The Hat, Cap and Millinery Trade, that is to say:—The making from any material of men's, women's or children's headgear, or the trimming thereof; including warehousing, packing or other operations incidental to or appertaining to the making or trimming of men's, women's or children's headgear; but excluding:—

(1) The casting and making of solid metal helmets;

(2) The making of rubberised or oilskin headgear where carried on in association with or in conjunction with the making of other rubberised or oilskin articles;

(3) The making of nurses' or servants' caps, chefs' caps, hospital ward caps or similar articles;

(4) The making of field bonnets, sun-bonnets, boudoir caps, or infants' millinery where carried on in association with or in conjunction with the making of dresses, non-tailored skirts, wraps, blouses, blouse-ropes, jumpers, sports coats, neckwear, tea-gowns, dressing-gowns, dressing jackets, pyjamas, underclothing, underskirts, aprons, overalls, nurses' and servants' caps, juvenile clothing, baby linen or similar articles.

(5) The making of fur hats, where made in association with or in conjunction with the manufacture of furs or furriers' skins into garments, rugs, or similar articles;

(6) The making of knitted headgear and the making of headgear from knitted fabrics where carried on in association with or in conjunction with the manufacture of the knitted fabric;

(7) Warehousing and packing of men's, women's, and children's headgear and other similar operations carried on in shops mainly engaged in the retail distribution of articles of any description that are not made or trimmed on the premises.

#### TRADE BOARDS.

##### THE LAUNDRY TRADE, NORTHERN IRELAND.

Regulations, dated 2nd January, 1922, made by the Minister of Labour for Northern Ireland, under Section 11 of the Trade Boards Act, 1909 (9 Edw. 7, c. 22), with respect to the Constitution and Proceedings of the Trade Board for the Laundry Trade (Northern Ireland).

The Minister of Labour, in pursuance of his powers under Section 11 of the Trade Boards Act, 1909, and of every other power him hereunto enabling, is pleased to make the annexed Regulations:—

1. A Trade Board shall be established in Northern Ireland for the trade specified in the Trade Boards (Laundry) Order, 1919, and set out in the Schedule to these Regulations.

2. The Trade Board shall consist of not less than 11 and not more than 15 persons, of whom one shall be Chairman and the remainder representative members. The representative members shall be members representing employers and workers, respectively, in equal number.

3. The Chairman shall be appointed by the Minister of Labour from among the members of the Trade Board.

4. The selection and appointment of representative members shall be as follows, due regard being paid to the representation of the various branches of the trade and of the various districts in which the trade is carried on:—

(a) 5 members representing employers in the trade shall be appointed by the Minister of Labour.

(b) 5 members representing workers in the trade shall be appointed by the Minister of Labour.

5. The Minister of Labour may, if he thinks it necessary in order to secure proper representation of any class or classes of employers or workers, after giving the Trade Board an opportunity to be heard, appoint additional representative members to serve upon the Trade Board. The number of such additional representative members shall always be an even number, not exceeding 4 in all. Half shall be representatives of employers, and half shall be representatives of workers.

6. Any member representing employers who ceases to be an employer and becomes a worker at the trade shall vacate his seat. Any member representing workers who becomes an employer in the trade shall vacate his seat. The question of fact shall in each case be determined by the Minister of Labour.

7. If, in the opinion of the Minister of Labour, any member shall be incapable of acting as a member of the Trade Board, the Minister of Labour may determine his appointment, and he shall thereupon vacate his seat.

8. Subject to the provisions of Paragraphs 5, 6, and 7 the term of office of a representative member shall be six months, provided that

(a) a member appointed to fill a casual vacancy shall sit for the unexpired portion of the term of office of his predecessor; and

(b) a seat rendered vacant by effluxion of time shall be temporarily occupied by the retiring member until a successor is appointed.

9. Subject to the provisions of Paragraph 7 the term of office of a Chairman shall be six months, provided that

(a) a Chairman appointed to fill a casual vacancy shall sit for the unexpired portion of the term of office of his predecessor; and

(b) the office of Chairman rendered vacant by effluxion of time shall be occupied by the retiring Chairman until a successor is appointed.

10. Any person vacating his seat on the Trade Board under any of the preceding paragraphs, or for any other reason, shall be eligible for re-appointment as a member of the Trade Board; and a Chairman vacating his office under any of the preceding paragraphs, or for any other reason, shall be eligible for re-appointment.

11. A vacancy among members shall be filled in the same manner as in the case of the original appointment to the vacated seat.

12. Every member of the Trade Board shall have one vote. If at any meeting of the Board



the numbers of members present representing employers and workers, respectively, are unequal, it shall be open to the side which is in the majority to arrange that one or more of its members shall refrain from voting, so as to preserve equality. Failing such an arrangement, the Chairman may, if he thinks it desirable, adjourn the voting on any question to another meeting of the Board.

13. The Trade Board shall continue in existence until dissolved by order of the Minister of Labour.

14. The Trade Board may be known under the short title of "The Laundry Trade Board (Northern Ireland)."

15. Any question upon the construction or interpretation of these Regulations shall, in the event of dispute, be referred to the Minister of Labour for decision.

Given under the Official Seal of the Minister of Labour for Northern Ireland, this Second day of January, in the year one thousand nine hundred and twenty-two.

*J. A. Dale,*

Secretary, Ministry of Labour,  
Northern Ireland.

#### SCHEDULE.

The Laundry Trade, that is to say:—The laundring of articles of every description and all processes and operations incidental thereto performed by way of trade or for the purpose of gain.

#### TRADE BOARDS.

THE LINEN AND COTTON HANDKERCHIEF AND HOUSEHOLD GOODS AND LINEN PIECE GOODS TRADE, NORTHERN IRELAND.

Regulations, dated 2nd January, 1922, made by the Minister of Labour for Northern Ireland, under Section 11 of the Trade Boards Act, 1909 (9 Edw. 7, c. 22), with respect to the Constitution and Proceedings of the Trade Board for the Linen and Cotton Handkerchief and Household Goods and Linen Piece Goods Trade (Northern Ireland).

The Minister of Labour, in pursuance of his powers under Section 11 of the Trade Boards Act, 1909, and of every other power him hereunto enabling, is pleased to make the annexed Regulations:—

1. A Trade Board shall be established in Northern Ireland for the trade specified in the Trade Boards (Linen and Cotton Handkerchief and Household Goods and Linen Piece Goods) Order, 1920, and set out in the Schedule to these Regulations.

2. The Trade Board shall consist of not less than 37 and not more than 41 persons, of whom one shall be Chairman and the remainder representative members. The representative members shall be members representing employers and workers, respectively, in equal number.

3. The Chairman shall be appointed by the Minister of Labour from among the members of the Trade Board.

4. The selection and appointment of representative members shall be as follows, due regard being paid to the representation of the various branches of the trade and of the

various districts in which the trade is carried on:—

(a) 18 members representing employers in the trade shall be appointed by the Minister of Labour.

(b) 18 members representing workers in the trade shall be appointed by the Minister of Labour.

5. The Minister of Labour may, if he thinks it necessary in order to secure proper representation of any class or classes of employers or workers, after giving the Trade Board an opportunity to be heard, appoint additional representative members to serve upon the Trade Board. The number of such additional representative members shall always be an even number, not exceeding 4 in all. Half shall be representatives of employers, and half shall be representatives of workers.

6. Any member representing employers who ceases to be an employer and becomes a worker at the trade shall vacate his seat. Any member representing workers who becomes an employer in the trade shall vacate his seat. The question of fact shall in each case be determined by the Minister of Labour.

7. If, in the opinion of the Minister of Labour, any member shall be incapable of acting as a member of the Trade Board, the Minister of Labour may determine his appointment, and he shall thereupon vacate his seat.

8. Subject to the provisions of Paragraphs 5, 6, and 7 the term of office of a representative member shall be six months, provided that

(a) a member appointed to fill a casual vacancy shall sit for the unexpired portion of the term of office of his predecessor, and

(b) a seat rendered vacant by effluxion of time shall be temporarily occupied by the retiring member until a successor is appointed.

9. Subject to the provisions of Paragraph 7 the term of office of a Chairman shall be six months, provided that

(a) a Chairman appointed to fill a casual vacancy shall sit for the unexpired portion of the term of office of his predecessor, and

(b) the office of Chairman rendered vacant by effluxion of time shall be occupied by the retiring Chairman until a successor is appointed.

10. Any person vacating his seat on the Trade Board under any of the preceding paragraphs, or for any other reason, shall be eligible for re-appointment as a member of the Trade Board; and a Chairman vacating his office under any of the preceding paragraphs, or for any other reason, shall be eligible for re-appointment.

11. A vacancy among members shall be filled in the same manner as in the case of the original appointment to the vacated seat.

12. Every member of the Trade Board shall have one vote. If at any meeting of the Board the numbers of members present representing employers and workers, respectively, are unequal, it shall be open to the side which is in the majority to arrange that one or more of its members shall refrain from voting, so as to preserve equality. Failing such an arrangement, the Chairman may, if he thinks it desirable, adjourn the voting on any question to another meeting of the Board.

13. The Trade Board shall continue in existence until dissolved by order of the Minister of Labour.

14. The Trade Board may be known under the short title of "The Linen and Cotton Handkerchief and Household Goods and Linen Piece Goods Trade Board (Northern Ireland)."

15. Any question upon the construction or interpretation of these Regulations shall, in the event of dispute, be referred to the Minister of Labour for decision.

Given under the Official Seal of the Minister of Labour for Northern Ireland, this Second day of January, in the year one thousand nine hundred and twenty-two.

*J. A. Dale,*

Secretary, Ministry of Labour,  
Northern Ireland.

#### SCHEDULE.

The Linen and Cotton Handkerchief and Household Goods and Linen Piece Goods Trade, that is to say:—

1. The making of such articles as are specified in (a) and (b) below, from linen or cotton or mixed linen and cotton fabrics (excepting knitted fabrics), or from other textile fabrics when the work is carried on in establishments mainly engaged in the making of such articles from the before-mentioned fabrics, viz.:—

- (a) Handkerchiefs (including mufflers or flags when made in association or conjunction with handkerchiefs).
- (b) Bed linen, towels, dusters, table-napery, bed-spreads, tea-cloths, table-centres, sideboard-covers, cushion covers, or similar household articles.

Including all or any of the following operations:—

- (i) Hooking, cutting or tearing the material.
- (ii) Vice-folding.
- (iii) Machine hemming, hemstitching, spoking, over-locking, tambouring, button-holing, and other plain or fancy machine stitching.
- (iv) All processes of embroidery or decorative needlework done by machine, whether before or after the making of the articles of the description specified above.
- (v) The following processes if done by machine:—thread-drawing, thread clipping, top-sewing, scalloping, nickelling and paring.
- (vi) All processes of laundering, smoothing, folding, ornamenting, boxing, finishing, warehousing, packing and other similar operations incidental to or appertaining to the making of the articles of the description specified above.

2. The making up in linen warehouses, or in establishments mainly engaged in linen lapping, of linen or mixed linen and cotton or other textile fabrics in the piece, or of linen or mixed linen and cotton or other textile articles cut from the piece, including:—

Measuring, cutting, lapping, ornamenting, boxing, warehousing, packing and similar operations.

#### TRADE BOARDS.

##### LINEN AND COTTON EMBROIDERY TRADE, NORTHERN IRELAND.

Regulations, dated 2nd January, 1922, made by the Minister of Labour for Northern Ireland, under Section 11 of the Trade Boards Act, 1909 (9 Edw. 7, c. 22), with respect to the Constitution and Proceedings of the Trade Board for the Linen and Cotton Embroidery Trade (Northern Ireland).

The Minister of Labour, in pursuance of his powers under Section 11 of the Trade Boards Act, 1909, and of every other power him hereunto enabling, is pleased to make the annexed Regulations:—

1. A Trade Board shall be established in the North of Ireland for the trade specified in the Trade Boards (Linen and Cotton Embroidery) Order, 1913, and set out in the Schedule to these Regulations.

2. The Trade Board shall consist of not less than 23 and not more than 27 persons, of whom one shall be Chairman and the remainder representative members. The representative members shall be members representing employers and workers, respectively, in equal number.

3. The Chairman shall be appointed by the Minister of Labour from among the members of the Trade Board.

4. The selection and appointment of representative members shall be as follows, due regard being paid to the representation of the various branches of the trade and of the various districts in which the trade is carried on:—

- (a) 11 members representing employers in the trade shall be appointed by the Minister of Labour.
- (b) 11 members representing workers in the trade shall be appointed by the Minister of Labour.

5. The Minister of Labour may, if he thinks it necessary in order to secure proper representation of any class or classes of employers or workers, after giving the Trade Board an opportunity to be heard, appoint additional representative members to serve upon the Trade Board. The number of such additional representative members shall always be an even number, not exceeding 4 in all. Half shall be representatives of employers, and half shall be representatives of workers.

6. Any member representing employers who ceases to be an employer and becomes a worker at the trade shall vacate his seat. Any member representing workers who becomes an employer in the trade shall vacate his seat. The question of fact shall in each case be determined by the Minister of Labour.

7. If, in the opinion of the Minister of Labour, any member shall be incapable of acting as a member of the Trade Board, the Minister of Labour may determine his appointment, and he shall thereupon vacate his seat.

8. Subject to the provisions of Paragraphs 5, 6, and 7 the term of office of a representative member shall be six months, provided that

- (a) a member appointed to fill a casual vacancy shall sit for the unexpired portion of the term of office of his predecessor, and
- (b) a seat rendered vacant by effluxion of time shall be temporarily occupied by the retiring member until a successor is appointed.

9. Subject to the provisions of Paragraph 7 the term of office of a Chairman shall be six months, provided that

- (a) a Chairman appointed to fill a casual vacancy shall sit for the unexpired portion of the term of office of his predecessor, and
- (b) the office of Chairman rendered vacant by effluxion of time shall be occupied by the retiring Chairman until a successor is appointed.

10. Any person vacating his seat on the Trade Board under any of the preceding paragraphs, or for any other reason, shall be eligible for re-appointment as a member of the Trade Board; and a Chairman vacating his office under any of the preceding paragraphs, or for any other reason, shall be eligible for re-appointment.

11. A vacancy among members shall be filled in the same manner as in the case of the original appointment to the vacated seat.

12. Every member of the Trade Board shall have one vote. If at any meeting of the Board the numbers of members present representing employers and workers, respectively, are unequal, it shall be open to the side which is in the majority to arrange that one or more of its members shall refrain from voting, so as to preserve equality. Failing such an arrangement, the Chairman may, if he thinks it desirable, adjourn the voting on any question to another meeting of the Board.

13. The Trade Board shall continue in existence until dissolved by order of the Minister of Labour.

14. The Trade Board may be known under the short title of "The Linen and Cotton Embroidery Trade Board (Northern Ireland)."

15. Any question upon the construction or interpretation of these Regulations shall, in the event of dispute, be referred to the Minister of Labour for decision.

Given under the Official Seal of the Minister of Labour for Northern Ireland, this Second day of January, in the year one thousand nine hundred and twenty-two.

*J. A. Dale,*

Secretary, Ministry of Labour,  
Northern Ireland.

#### SCHEDULE.

The Linen and Cotton Embroidery Trade, that is to say:—

Those branches of the trade of making up articles of linen or cotton, or mixed linen and cotton, which are engaged in the processes of hand embroidery, drawn-thread work, thread drawing, thread clipping, top sewing, scalloping, nickelling and paring.

#### TRADE BOARDS.

##### THE MILK DISTRIBUTIVE TRADE, NORTHERN IRELAND.

Regulations, dated 2nd January, 1922, made by the Minister of Labour for Northern Ireland, under Section 11 of the Trade Boards Act, 1909 (9 Edw. 7, c. 22), with respect to the Constitution and Proceedings of the Trade Board for the Milk Distributive Trade (Northern Ireland).

The Minister of Labour, in pursuance of his powers under Section 11 of the Trade Boards Act, 1909, and of every other power him hereunto enabling, is pleased to make the annexed Regulations:—

1. A Trade Board shall be established in Northern Ireland for the Trade specified in the Trade Boards (Milk Distributive) Order, 1920, and set out in the Schedule to these Regulations.

2. The Trade Board shall consist of not less than 7 and not more than 11 persons, of whom one shall be Chairman and the remainder representative members. The representative members shall be members representing employers and workers, respectively, in equal number.

3. The Chairman shall be appointed by the Minister of Labour from among the members of the Trade Board.

4. The selection and appointment of representative members shall be as follows, due regard being paid to the representation of the various branches of the trade and of the various districts in which the trade is carried on:—

- (a) 3 members representing employers in the trade shall be appointed by the Minister of Labour.
- (b) 3 members representing workers in the trade shall be appointed by the Minister of Labour.

5. The Minister of Labour may, if he thinks it necessary in order to secure proper representation of any class or classes of employers or workers, after giving the Trade Board an opportunity to be heard, appoint additional representative members to serve upon the Trade Board. The number of such additional representative members shall always be an even number, not exceeding 4 in all. Half shall be representatives of employers, and half shall be representatives of workers.

6. Any member representing employers who ceases to be an employer and becomes a worker at the trade shall vacate his seat. Any member representing workers who becomes an employer in the trade shall vacate his seat. The question of fact shall in each case be determined by the Minister of Labour.

7. If, in the opinion of the Minister of Labour, any member shall be incapable of acting as a member of the Trade Board, the Minister of Labour may determine his appointment, and he shall thereupon vacate his seat.

8. Subject to the provisions of Paragraphs 5, 6, and 7 the term of office of a representative member shall be six months, provided that

- (a) a member appointed to fill a casual vacancy shall sit for the unexpired portion of the term of office of his predecessor, and
- (b) a seat rendered vacant by effluxion of time shall be temporarily occupied by the retiring member until a successor is appointed.

9. Subject to the provisions of Paragraph 7 the term of office of a Chairman shall be six months, provided that

- (a) a Chairman appointed to fill a casual vacancy shall sit for the unexpired portion of the term of office of his predecessor, and
- (b) the office of Chairman rendered vacant by effluxion of time shall be occupied by the retiring Chairman until a successor is appointed.

10. Any person vacating his seat on the Trade Board under any of the preceding para-

graphs, or for any other reason, shall be eligible for re-appointment as a member of the Trade Board; and a Chairman vacating his office under any of the preceding paragraphs, or for any other reason, shall be eligible for re-appointment.

11. A vacancy among members shall be filled in the same manner as in the case of the original appointment to the vacated seat.

12. Every member of the Trade Board shall have one vote. If at any meeting of the Board the numbers of members present representing employers and workers, respectively, are unequal, it shall be open to the side which is in the majority to arrange that one or more of its members shall refrain from voting, so as to preserve equality. Failing such an arrangement, the Chairman may, if he thinks it desirable, adjourn the voting on any question to another meeting of the Board.

13. The Trade Board shall continue in existence until dissolved by order of the Minister of Labour.

14. The Trade Board may be known under the short title of "The Milk Distributive Trade Board (Northern Ireland)."

15. Any question upon the construction or interpretation of these Regulations shall, in the event of dispute, be referred to the Minister of Labour for decision.

Given under the Official Seal of the Minister of Labour for Northern Ireland, this Second day of January, in the year one thousand nine hundred and twenty-two.

*J. A. Dale,*

Secretary, Ministry of Labour,  
Northern Ireland.

#### SCHEDULE.

The Milk Distributive Trade, that is to say:—

1. (a) The wholesale or retail sale of fresh milk when carried on as a main or distinct business or as a distinct branch or department of a business.
- (b) The sale of food or drink for consumption on the premises, or of other goods when any such sale is carried on in association with and as a subsidiary part of such business, branch or department as aforesaid, if such sale involves the employment of workers who are principally employed in the sale specified in (a) above.
2. (a) The following operations when incidental to the sales specified in 1 above.
  - (i) Boxing, parcelling, labelling, weighing, measuring, checking, bottling, unpacking, packing;
  - (ii) collecting, delivering, despatching, horse-keeping, cleaning vehicles;
  - (iii) portering, lift or hoist operating, time-keeping, storing, stock-keeping, warehousing, cleaning premises;
  - (iv) pasteurizing, cooling, separating of milk;
  - (v) cleaning utensils or receptacles;
  - (vi) blending, testing, sampling;
  - (vii) other incidental operations.
- (b) Clerical work or canvassing when incidental to and carried on in conjunc-

tion with the work specified in (1) above, but excluding any operations in:—

- (a) the transport of goods by common carriers;
- (b) any industry or trade concerned exclusively with carting, and operations incidental thereto;
- (c) Post Office business;
- (d) agriculture within the meaning of the Corn Production Act, 1917.

#### TRADE BOARDS.

##### THE PAPER BOX TRADE, NORTHERN IRELAND.

Regulations, dated 2nd January, 1922, made by the Minister of Labour for Northern Ireland, under Section 11 of the Trade Boards Act, 1909 (9 Edw. 7, c. 22), with respect to the Constitution and Proceedings of the Trade Board for the Paper Box Trade (Northern Ireland).

The Minister of Labour, in pursuance of his powers under Section 11 of the Trade Boards Act, 1909, and of every other power him hereunto enabling, is pleased to make the annexed Regulations:—

1. A Trade Board shall be established in Northern Ireland for the trade set out in the Schedule to these Regulations.

2. The Trade Board shall consist of not less than 7 and not more than 11 persons, of whom one shall be Chairman and the remainder representative members. The representative members shall be members representing employers and workers, respectively, in equal numbers.

3. The Chairman shall be appointed by the Minister of Labour from among the members of the Trade Board.

4. The selection and appointment of representative members shall be as follows, due regard being paid to the representation of the various branches of the trade and of the various districts in which the trade is carried on:—

- (a) 3 members representing employers in the trade shall be appointed by the Minister of Labour.
- (b) 3 members representing workers in the trade shall be appointed by the Minister of Labour.

5. The Minister of Labour may, if he thinks it necessary in order to secure proper representation of any class or classes of employers or workers, after giving the Trade Board an opportunity to be heard, appoint additional representative members to serve upon the Trade Board. The number of such additional representative members shall always be an even number, not exceeding 4 in all. Half shall be representatives of employers, and half shall be representatives of workers.

6. Any member representing employers who ceases to be an employer and becomes a worker at the trade shall vacate his seat. Any member representing workers who becomes an employer in the trade shall vacate his seat. The question of fact shall in each case be determined by the Minister of Labour.

7. If, in the opinion of the Minister of Labour, any member shall be incapable of acting as a member of the Trade Board, the

Minister of Labour may determine his appointment, and he shall thereupon vacate his seat.

8. Subject to the provisions of Paragraphs 5, 6, and 7 the term of office of a representative member shall be six months, provided that

- (a) a member appointed to fill a casual vacancy shall sit for the unexpired portion of the term of office of his predecessor, and
- (b) a seat rendered vacant by effluxion of time shall be temporarily occupied by the retiring member until a successor is appointed.

9. Subject to the provisions of Paragraph 7 the term of office of a Chairman shall be six months, provided that

- (a) a Chairman appointed to fill a casual vacancy shall sit for the unexpired portion of the term of office of his predecessor, and
- (b) the office of Chairman rendered vacant by effluxion of time shall be occupied by the retiring Chairman until a successor is appointed.

10. Any person vacating his seat on the Trade Board under any of the preceding paragraphs, or for any other reason, shall be eligible for re-appointment as a member of the Trade Board; and a Chairman vacating his office under any of the preceding paragraphs, or for any other reason, shall be eligible for re-appointment.

11. A vacancy among members shall be filled in the same manner as in the case of the original appointment to the vacated seat.

12. Every member of the Trade Board shall have one vote. If at any meeting of the Board the numbers of members present representing employers and workers, respectively, are unequal, it shall be open to the side which is in the majority to arrange that one or more of its members shall refrain from voting, so as to preserve equality. Failing such an arrangement, the Chairman may, if he thinks it desirable, adjourn the voting on any question to another meeting of the Board.

13. The Trade Board shall continue in existence until dissolved by order of the Minister of Labour.

14. The Trade Board may be known under the short title of "The Paper Box Trade Board (Northern Ireland).

15. Any question upon the construction or interpretation of these Regulations shall, in the event of dispute, be referred to the Minister of Labour for decision.

Given under the Official Seal of the Minister of Labour for Northern Ireland, this Second day of January, in the year one thousand nine hundred and twenty-two.

*J. A. Dale,*

Secretary, Ministry of Labour,  
Northern Ireland.

#### SCHEDULE.

The Paper Box Trade, that is to say:—  
That branch of the Box Trade in Ireland, which is engaged in the making of boxes, or parts thereof, made wholly or partially of paper, cardboard, chip, or similar material.

#### TRADE BOARDS.

##### THE READYMADE AND WHOLESALE BESPOKE TAILORING TRADE, NORTHERN IRELAND.

Regulations, dated 2nd January, 1922, made by the Minister of Labour for Northern Ireland, under Section 11 of the Trade Boards Act, 1909 (9 Edw. 7, c. 22), with respect to the Constitution and Proceedings of the Trade Board for the Readymade and Wholesale Bespoke Tailoring Trade (Northern Ireland).

The Minister of Labour, in pursuance of his powers under Section 11 of the Trade Boards Act, 1909, and of every other power him hereunto enabling, is pleased to make the annexed Regulations:—

1. The Trade Board shall be established in Northern Ireland for the trade specified in the Trade Boards (Tailoring) Order, 1919, and set out in the Schedule to these Regulations.

2. The Trade Board shall consist of not less than 9 and not more than 13 persons, of whom one shall be Chairman and the remainder representative members. The representative members shall be members representing employers and workers, respectively, in equal number.

3. The Chairman shall be appointed by the Minister of Labour from among the members of the Trade Board.

4. The selection and appointment of representative members shall be as follows, due regard being paid to the representation of the various branches of the trade and of the various districts in which the trade is carried on:—

- (a) 4 members representing employers in trade shall be appointed by the Minister of Labour.
- (b) 4 members representing workers in the trade shall be appointed by the Minister of Labour.

5. The Minister of Labour may, if he thinks it necessary in order to secure proper representation of any class or classes of employers or workers, after giving the Trade Board an opportunity to be heard, appoint additional representative members to serve upon the Trade Board. The number of such additional representative members shall always be an even number, not exceeding 4 in all. Half shall be representatives of employers, and half shall be representatives of workers.

6. Any member representing employers who ceases to be an employer and becomes a worker at the trade shall vacate his seat. Any member representing workers who becomes an employer in the trade shall vacate his seat. The question of fact shall in each case be determined by the Minister of Labour.

7. If, in the opinion of the Minister of Labour, any member shall be incapable of acting as a member of the Trade Board, the Minister of Labour may determine his appointment, and he shall thereupon vacate his seat.

8. Subject to the provisions of Paragraphs 5, 6, and 7 the term of office of a representative member shall be six months, provided that

- (a) a member appointed to fill a casual vacancy shall sit for the unexpired portion of the term of office of his predecessor, and
- (b) a seat rendered vacant by effluxion of time shall be temporarily occupied by the retiring member until a successor is appointed.

9. Subject to the provisions of Paragraph 7 the term of office of a Chairman shall be six months, provided that

- (a) a Chairman appointed to fill a casual vacancy shall sit for the unexpired portion of the term of office of his predecessor, and
- (b) the office of Chairman rendered vacant by effluxion of time shall be occupied by the retiring Chairman until a successor is appointed.

10. Any person vacating his seat on the Trade Board under any of the preceding paragraphs, or for any other reason, shall be eligible for re-appointment as a member of the Trade Board; and a Chairman vacating his office under any of the preceding paragraphs, or for any other reason, shall be eligible for re-appointment.

11. A vacancy among members shall be filled in the same manner as in the case of the original appointment to the vacated seat.

12. Every member of the Trade Board shall have one vote. If at any meeting of the Board the numbers of members present representing employers and workers, respectively, are unequal, it shall be open to the side which is in the majority to arrange that one or more of its members shall refrain from voting, so as to preserve equality. Failing such an arrangement, the Chairman may, if he thinks it desirable, adjourn the voting on any question to another meeting of the Board.

13. The Trade Board shall continue in existence until dissolved by order of the Minister of Labour.

14. The Trade Board may be known under the short title of "The Readymade and Wholesale Bespoke Tailoring Trade Board (Northern Ireland)."

15. Any question upon the construction or interpretation of these Regulations shall, in the event of dispute, be referred to the Minister of Labour for decision.

Given under the Official Seal of the Minister of Labour for Northern Ireland, this Second day of January, in the year one thousand nine hundred and twenty-two.

*J. A. Dale,*

Secretary, Ministry of Labour,  
Northern Ireland.

#### SCHEDULE.

The Readymade and Wholesale Bespoke Tailoring Trade, that is to say:—

Men's and Boy's readymade and wholesale bespoke tailoring; and all men's and boys' retail bespoke tailoring carried on in any factory where garments are made up for three or more retail establishments; and any other branch of men's and boy's tailoring which is not included within the scope of the Regulations dated 24th April, 1920, with respect to the Constitution and Proceedings of a Trade Board in Ireland for Retail Bespoke Tailoring:—

Including:—

- (1) (a) The altering, repairing, renovating or re-making of men's or boy's tailored garments, except where included within the scope of the above-mentioned Regulations with respect to Retail Bespoke Tailoring.
- (b) The cleaning of such garments where carried out in association with or in conjunction with the altering, repairing, renovating or re-making of the garments.

(2) The lining with fur of the above-mentioned garments, where carried out in association with or in conjunction with the making of such garments.

(3) All processes of embroidery or decorative needlework, where carried out in association with or in conjunction with the above-mentioned branches of tailoring.

(4) All warehousing, packing, and other operations incidental to or appertaining to any of the branches of tailoring in question.

But excluding:—

- (1) The making of head-gear.
- (2) The making of rubberised or oilskin garments.
- (3) The making of boys' readymade washing suits or sailor suits where carried out in association with or in conjunction with the making of garments to be worn by women or girls, or by children without distinction of sex.

#### TRADE BOARDS.

##### THE ROPE, TWINE AND NET TRADE, NORTHERN IRELAND.

Regulations, dated 2nd January, 1922, made by the Minister of Labour for Northern Ireland, under Section 11 of the Trade Boards Act, 1909 (9 Edw. 7, c. 22), with respect to the Constitution and Proceedings of the Trade Board for the Rope, Twine and Net Trade (Northern Ireland).

The Minister of Labour, in pursuance of his powers under Section 11 of the Trade Boards Act, 1909, and of every other power him hereto enabling, is pleased to make the annexed Regulations:—

1. A Trade Board shall be established in Northern Ireland for the trade specified in the Trade Boards (Rope, Twine and Net) Order, 1919, and set out in the Schedule to these Regulations.

2. The Trade Board shall consist of not less than 9 and not more than 13 persons, of whom one shall be Chairman and the remainder representative members. The representative members shall be members representing employers and workers, respectively, in equal number.

3. The Chairman shall be appointed by the Minister of Labour from among the members of the Trade Board.

4. The selection and appointment of representative members shall be as follows, due regard being paid to the representation of the various branches of the trade and of the various districts in which the trade is carried on:—

- (a) 4 members representing employers in the trade shall be appointed by the Minister of Labour.
- (b) 4 members representing workers in the trade shall be appointed by the Minister of Labour.

5. The Minister of Labour may, if he thinks it necessary in order to secure proper representation of any class or classes of employers or workers, after giving the Trade Board an opportunity to be heard, appoint additional representative members to serve upon the Trade Board. The number of such additional representative members shall always be an even number, not exceeding 4 in all. Half shall be representatives of employers, and half shall be representatives of workers.

6. Any member representing employers who ceases to be an employer and becomes a worker at the trade shall vacate his seat. Any member representing workers who becomes an employer in the trade shall vacate his seat. The question of fact shall in each case be determined by the Minister of Labour.

7. If, in the opinion of the Minister of Labour, any member shall be incapable of acting as a member of the Trade Board, the Minister of Labour may determine his appointment, and he shall thereupon vacate his seat.

8. Subject to the provisions of Paragraphs 5, 6, and 7 the term of office of a representative member shall be six months, provided that

(a) a member appointed to fill a casual vacancy shall sit for the unexpired portion of the term of office of his predecessor, and

(b) a seat rendered vacant by effluxion of time shall be temporarily occupied by the retiring member until a successor is appointed.

9. Subject to the provisions of Paragraph 7 the term of office of a Chairman shall be six months, provided that

(a) a Chairman appointed to fill a casual vacancy shall sit for the unexpired portion of the term of office of his predecessor, and

(b) the office of Chairman rendered vacant by effluxion of time shall be occupied by the retiring Chairman until a successor is appointed.

10. Any person vacating his seat on the Trade Board under any of the preceding paragraphs, or for any other reason, shall be eligible for re-appointment as a member of the Trade Board; and a Chairman vacating his office under any of the preceding paragraphs, or for any other reason, shall be eligible for re-appointment.

11. A vacancy among members shall be filled in the same manner as in the case of the original appointment to the vacated seat.

12. Every member of the Trade Board shall have one vote. If at any meeting of the Board the numbers of members present representing employers and workers, respectively, are unequal, it shall be open to the side which is in the majority to arrange that one or more of its members shall refrain from voting, so as to preserve equality. Failing such an arrangement, the Chairman may, if he thinks it desirable, adjourn the voting on any question to another meeting of the Board.

13. The Trade Board shall continue in existence until dissolved by order of the Minister of Labour.

14. The Trade Board may be known under the short title of "The Rope, Twine and Net Trade Board (Northern Ireland)."

15. Any question upon the construction or interpretation of these Regulations shall, in the event of dispute, be referred to the Minister of Labour for decision.

Given under the Official Seal of the Minister of Labour for Northern Ireland, this Second day of January, in the year one thousand nine hundred and twenty-two.

*J. A. Dale,*

Secretary, Ministry of Labour,  
Northern Ireland.

## SCHEDULE.

The Rope, Twine and Net Trade, that is to say:—

The making or re-making of (a) rope (including driving rope and banding); (b) cord (including blind and window cord, but excluding silk, worsted and other fancy cords; (c) core for wire ropes; (d) lines; (e) twine (including binder and trawl twine); (f) lanyards; (g) net and similar articles; the bleaching, teasing, hackling, carding, preparing, and spinning of the materials required for the making or re-making of any of the articles (a) to (g) above; when carried on in the same factory or workshop as such making or re-making; the manufacture of packings, gaskins and spun yarns when carried on in the same factory or workshop as the making or re-making of any of the articles (a) to (g) above; the braiding or splicing of articles made from rope, cord, twine or net; the mending of nets and the winding, twisting, doubling, laying, polishing, dressing, tarring, tanning, dyeing, balling, reeling, finishing, packing, despatching, warehousing and storing of any of the above articles where these operations or any of them are carried on in a factory or workshop in which any of the articles (a) to (g) above are made or re-made; but excluding the making of wire rope (unless made in the same factory or workshop as hemp or similar rope or core for wire rope), and also excluding the making of net in connection with the lace curtain trade and the weaving of cloth.

## TRADE BOARDS.

### THE SHIRTMAKING TRADE, NORTHERN IRELAND.

Regulations, dated 2nd January, 1922, made by the Minister of Labour for Northern Ireland, under Section 11 of the Trade Boards Act, 1909 (9 Edw. 7, c. 22), with respect to the Constitution and Proceedings of the Trade Board for the Shirtmaking Trade (Northern Ireland).

The Minister of Labour, in pursuance of his powers under Section 11 of the Trade Boards Act, 1909, and of every other power him hereunto enabling, is pleased to make the annexed Regulations:—

1. A Trade Board shall be established in Northern Ireland for the trade specified in the Trade Boards (Shirtmaking) Order, 1920, and set out in the Schedule to these Regulations.

2. The Trade Board shall consist of not less than 21 and not more than 25 persons, of whom one shall be Chairman and the remainder representative members. The representative members shall be members representing employers and workers, respectively, in equal number.

3. The Chairman shall be appointed by the Minister of Labour from among the members of the Trade Board.

4. The selection and appointment of representative members shall be as follows, due regard being paid to the representation of the various branches of the trade and of the various districts in which the trade is carried on:—

(a) 10 members representing employers in the trade shall be appointed by the Minister of Labour.

(b) 10 members representing workers in the trade shall be appointed by the Minister of Labour.

5. The Minister of Labour may, if he thinks it necessary in order to secure proper representation of any class or classes of employers or workers, after giving the Trade Board an opportunity to be heard, appoint additional representative members to serve upon the Trade Board. The number of such additional representative members shall always be an even number, not exceeding 4 in all. Half shall be representatives of employers, and half shall be representatives of workers.

6. Any member representing employers who ceases to be an employer and becomes a worker at the trade shall vacate his seat. Any member representing workers who becomes an employer in the trade shall vacate his seat. The question of fact shall in each case be determined by the Minister of Labour.

7. If, in the opinion of the Minister of Labour, any member shall be incapable of acting as a member of the Trade Board, the Minister of Labour may determine his appointment, and he shall thereupon vacate his seat.

8. Subject to the provisions of Paragraphs 5, 6, and 7 the term of office of a representative member shall be six months, provided that

- (a) a member appointed to fill a casual vacancy shall sit for the unexpired portion of the term of office of his predecessor, and
- (b) a seat rendered vacant by effluxion of time shall be temporarily occupied by the retiring member until a successor is appointed.

9. Subject to the provisions of Paragraph 7 the term of office of a Chairman shall be six months, provided that

- (a) a Chairman appointed to fill a casual vacancy shall sit for the unexpired portion of the term of office of his predecessor, and
- (b) the office of Chairman rendered vacant by effluxion of time shall be occupied by the retiring Chairman until a successor is appointed.

10. Any person vacating his seat on the Trade Board under any of the preceding paragraphs, or for any other reason, shall be eligible for re-appointment as a member of the Trade Board; and a Chairman vacating his office under any of the preceding paragraphs, or for any other reason, shall be eligible for re-appointment.

11. A vacancy among members shall be filled in the same manner as in the case of the original appointment to the vacated seat.

12. Every member of the Trade Board shall have one vote. If at any meeting of the Board the numbers of members present representing employers and workers, respectively, are unequal, it shall be open to the side which is in the majority to arrange that one or more of its members shall refrain from voting, so as to preserve equality. Failing such an arrangement, the Chairman may, if he thinks it desirable, adjourn the voting on any question to another meeting of the Board.

13. The Trade Board shall continue in existence until dissolved by order of the Minister of Labour.

14. The Trade Board may be known under the short title of "The Shirtmaking Trade Board (Northern Ireland)."

15. Any question upon the construction or interpretation of these Regulations shall, in the event of dispute, be referred to the Minister of Labour for decision.

Given under the Official Seal of the  
Minister of Labour for Northern

[L.S.] Ireland, this Second day of January, in the year one thousand nine hundred and twenty-two.

*J. A. Dale,*

Secretary, Ministry of Labour,  
Northern Ireland.

#### SCHEDULE.

The Shirtmaking Trade, that is to say:—

(1) The making from textile fabrics of shirts, collars, cuffs, pyjamas, aprons, chefs' caps, hospital ward caps, and other washable clothing worn by male persons;

(2) the making of women's collars and cuffs and of nurses' washing bolts where carried on in association with or in conjunction with the making of the before-mentioned articles.

(3) The making of neckties worn by male persons, and of neckties worn by female persons where made in association with or in conjunction with the making of neckties worn by male persons;

Including:—

Laundrying, Smoothing, folding, ornamenting, boxing, packing, warehousing, and all other operations incidental to or appertaining to the making of any of the above-mentioned articles;

But excluding:—

(1) The making of articles which are knitted or are made from knitted fabrics.

(2) The making of handkerchiefs, mufflers, gloves, socks, stockings, spats, gaiters, bonnets, hats or caps (other than chefs' caps and hospital ward caps);

(3) the making of boys' washing suits;

(4) the making of washable clothing to be worn by children without distinction of sex;

(5) the making of any articles, the making of which is included in the Trade Boards (Tailoring) Order, 1919.

#### TRADE BOARDS.

##### THE SUGAR CONFECTIONERY AND FOOD PRESERVING TRADE, NORTHERN IRELAND.

Regulations, dated 2nd January, 1922, made by the Minister of Labour for Northern Ireland, under Section 11 of the Trade Boards Act, 1909 (9 Edw. 7, c. 22), with respect to the Constitution and Proceedings of the Trade Board for the Sugar Confectionery and Food Preserving Trade (Northern Ireland).

The Minister of Labour, in pursuance of his powers under Section 11 of the Trade Boards Act, 1909, and of every other power him hereto enabling, is pleased to make the annexed Regulations:—

1. A Trade Board shall be established in Northern Ireland for the trade specified in the Trade Boards (Sugar Confectionery and Food Preserving) Order, 1913, and set out in the Schedule to these Regulations.

2. The Trade Board shall consist of not less than 9 and not more than 13 persons, of whom one shall be Chairman and the remainder representative members. The representative members shall be members representing employers and workers, respectively, in equal number.

3. The Chairman shall be appointed by the Minister of Labour from among the members of the Trade Board.



4. The selection and appointment of representative members shall be as follows, due regard being paid to the representation of the various branches of the trade and of the various districts in which the trade is carried on:—

- (a) 4 members representing employers in the trade shall be appointed by the Minister of Labour.
- (b) 4 members representing workers in the trade shall be appointed by the Minister of Labour.

5. The Minister of Labour may, if he thinks it necessary in order to secure proper representation of any class or classes of employers or workers, after giving the Trade Board an opportunity to be heard, appoint additional representative members to serve upon the Trade Board. The number of such additional representative members shall always be an even number, not exceeding 4 in all. Half shall be representatives of employers, and half shall be representatives of workers.

6. Any member representing employers who ceases to be an employer and becomes a worker at the trade shall vacate his seat. Any member representing workers who becomes an employer in the trade shall vacate his seat. The question of fact shall in each case be determined by the Minister of Labour.

7. If, in the opinion of the Minister of Labour, any member shall be incapable of acting as a member of the Trade Board, the Minister of Labour may determine his appointment, and he shall thereupon vacate his seat.

8. Subject to the provisions of Paragraphs 5, 6, and 7 the term of office of a representative member shall be six months, provided that

- (a) a member appointed to fill a casual vacancy shall sit for the unexpired portion of the term of office of his predecessor, and
- (b) a seat rendered vacant by effluxion of time shall be temporarily occupied by the retiring member until a successor is appointed.

9. Subject to the provisions of Paragraph 7 the term of office of a Chairman shall be six months, provided that

- (a) a Chairman appointed to fill a casual vacancy shall sit for the unexpired portion of the term of office of his predecessor, and
- (b) the office of Chairman rendered vacant by effluxion of time shall be occupied by the retiring Chairman until a successor is appointed.

10. Any person vacating his seat on the Trade Board under any of the preceding paragraphs, or for any other reason, shall be eligible for re-appointment as a member of the Trade Board; and a Chairman vacating his office under any of the preceding paragraphs, or for any other reason, shall be eligible for re-appointment.

11. A vacancy among members shall be filled in the same manner as in the case of the original appointment to the vacated seat.

12. Every member of the Trade Board shall have one vote. If at any meeting of the Board the numbers of members present representing employers and workers, respectively, are unequal, it shall be open to the side which is in the majority to arrange that one or more of its members shall refrain from voting, so as to preserve equality. Failing such an arrangement, the Chairman may, if he thinks it desirable, adjourn the voting on any question to another meeting of the Board.

13. The Trade Board shall continue in existence until dissolved by order of the Minister of Labour.

14. The Trade Board may be known under the short title of "The Sugar, Confectionery and Food Preserving Trade Board (Northern Ireland)."

15. Any question upon the construction or interpretation of these Regulations shall, in the event of dispute, be referred to the Minister of Labour for decision.

Given under the Official Seal of the Minister of Labour for Northern Ireland, this Second day of January, in the year one thousand nine hundred and twenty-two.

*J. A. Dale,*

Secretary, Ministry of Labour,  
Northern Ireland.

#### SCHEDULE.

The Sugar Confectionery and Food Preserving Trade, that is to say:—

The making of sugar confectionery, cocoa, chocolate, jam, marmalade, preserved fruits, fruit and table jellies, meat extracts, meat essences, sauces and pickles, the preparation of meat, poultry, game, fish, vegetables, and fruit, for sale in a preserved state in tins, pots, bottles, and similar receptacles; the processes of wrapping, filling, packing, and labelling, in respect of articles so made or prepared, excluding the covering and filling of biscuits, wafers and cakes with chocolate or sugar confectionery, as varied by the Trade Boards (Grocery and Provisions) Order, 1920, by virtue of which certain operations are excluded from the scope of the Trade Boards (Sugar Confectionery and Food Preserving) Order, 1913, when carried on in conjunction with the retail or wholesale sale of the articles specified in the Schedule to the Trade Boards (Grocery and Provisions) Order, 1920.

#### TRADE BOARDS.

##### THE TOBACCO TRADE, NORTHERN IRELAND.

Regulations, dated 2nd January, 1922, made by the Minister of Labour for Northern Ireland, under Section 11 of the Trade Boards Act, 1909 (9 Edw. 7, c. 22), with respect to the Constitution and Proceedings of the Trade Board for the Tobacco Trade (Northern Ireland).

The Minister of Labour, in pursuance of his powers under Section 11 of the Trade Boards Act, 1909, and of every other power him hereunto enabling, is pleased to make the annexed Regulations:—

1. The Trade Board shall be established in Northern Ireland for the trade specified in the Trade Boards (Tobacco) Order, 1919, and set out in the Schedule to these Regulations.

2. The Trade Board shall consist of not less than 9 and not more than 13 persons, of whom one shall be Chairman and the remainder representative members. The representative members shall be members representing employers and workers, respectively, in equal number.

3. The Chairman shall be appointed by the Minister of Labour from among the members of the Trade Board.

4. The selection and appointment of representative members shall be as follows, due regard being paid to the representation of the various branches of the trade and of the various districts in which the trade is carried on:—

- (a) 4 members representing employers in the trade shall be appointed by the Minister of Labour.
- (b) 4 members representing workers in the trade shall be appointed by the Minister of Labour.

5. The Minister of Labour may, if he thinks it necessary in order to secure proper representation of any class or classes of employers or workers, after giving the Trade Board an opportunity to be heard, appoint additional representative members to serve upon the Trade Board. The number of such additional representative members shall always be an even number, not exceeding 4 in all. Half shall be representatives of employers, and half shall be representatives of workers.

6. Any member representing employers who ceases to be an employer and becomes a worker at the trade shall vacate his seat. Any member representing workers who becomes an employer in the trade shall vacate his seat. The question of fact shall in each case be determined by the Minister of Labour.

7. If, in the opinion of the Minister of Labour, any member shall be incapable of acting as a member of the Trade Board, the Minister of Labour may determine his appointment, and he shall thereupon vacate his seat.

8. Subject to the provisions of Paragraphs 5, 6, and 7 the term of office of a representative member shall be six months, provided that

- (a) a member appointed to fill a casual vacancy shall sit for the unexpired portion of the term of office of his predecessor, and
- (b) a seat rendered vacant by effluxion of time shall be temporarily occupied by the retiring member until a successor is appointed.

9. Subject to the provisions of Paragraph 7 the term of office of a Chairman shall be six months, provided that

- (a) a Chairman appointed to fill a casual vacancy shall sit for the unexpired portion of the term of office of his predecessor, and
- (b) the office of Chairman rendered vacant by effluxion of time shall be occupied by the retiring Chairman until a successor is appointed.

10. Any person vacating his seat on the Trade Board under any of the preceding paragraphs, or for any other reason, shall be eligible for re-appointment as a member of the Trade Board; and a Chairman vacating his office under any of the preceding paragraphs, or for any other reason, shall be eligible for re-appointment.

11. A vacancy among members shall be filled in the same manner as in the case of the original appointment to the vacated seat.

12. Every member of the Trade Board shall have one vote. If at any meeting of the Board the numbers of members present representing employers and workers, respectively, are unequal, it shall be open to the side which is in the majority to arrange that one or more of

its members shall refrain from voting, so as to preserve equality. Failing such an arrangement, the Chairman may, if he thinks it desirable, adjourn the voting on any question to another meeting of the Board.

13. The Trade Board shall continue in existence until dissolved by order of the Minister of Labour.

14. The Trade Board may be known under the short title of "The Tobacco Trade Board (Northern Ireland)."

15. Any question upon the construction or interpretation of these Regulations shall, in the event of dispute, be referred to the Minister of Labour for decision.

Given under the Official Seal of the Minister of Labour for Northern Ireland, this Second day of January, in the year one thousand nine hundred and twenty-two.

*J. A. Dale,*

Secretary, Ministry of Labour,  
Northern Ireland.

#### SCHEDULE.

The Tobacco Trade, that is to say:—  
The manufacture of tobacco, cigars, cigarettes, cigarette tubes and snuff, including all preparatory processes, and including also the operations of storing and storekeeping, boxing, packeting, packing, labelling, parcelling and despatching; and all other warehousing and packing operations incidental to the manufacture of any of the above-mentioned articles.

#### TRADE BOARDS.

THE WHOLESALE MANTLE AND COSTUME TRADE,  
NORTHERN IRELAND.

Regulations, dated 2nd January, 1922, made by the Minister of Labour for Northern Ireland, under Section 11 of the Trade Boards Act, 1909 (9 Edw. 7, c. 22), with respect to the Constitution and Proceedings of the Trade Board for the Wholesale Mantle and Costume Trade (Northern Ireland).

The Minister of Labour, in pursuance of his powers under Section 11 of the Trade Boards Act, 1909, and of every other power him hereto enabling, is pleased to make the annexed Regulations:—

1. A Trade Board shall be established in Northern Ireland for the trade specified in the Trade Boards (Women's Clothing) Order, 1919, and set out in the Schedule to these Regulations.

2. The Trade Board shall consist of not less than 11 and not more than 15 persons, of whom one shall be Chairman and the remainder representative members. The representative members shall be members representing employers and workers respectively, in equal number.

3. The Chairman shall be appointed by the Minister of Labour from among the members of the Trade Board.

4. The selection and appointment of representative members shall be as follows, due regard being paid to the representation of the various branches of the trade and of the

various districts in which the trade is carried on:—

- (a) 5 members representing employers in the trade shall be appointed by the Minister of Labour.
- (b) 5 members representing workers in the trade shall be appointed by the Minister of Labour.

5. The Minister of Labour may, if he thinks it necessary in order to secure proper representation of any class or classes of employers or workers, after giving the Trade Board an opportunity to be heard, appoint additional representative members to serve upon the Trade Board. The number of such additional representative members shall always be an even number, not exceeding 4 in all. Half shall be representatives of employers, and half shall be representatives of workers.

6. Any member representing employers who ceases to be an employer and becomes a worker at the trade shall vacate his seat. Any member representing workers who becomes an employer in the trade shall vacate his seat. The question of fact shall in each case be determined by the Minister of Labour.

7. If, in the opinion of the Minister of Labour, any member shall be incapable of acting as a member of the Trade Board, the Minister of Labour may determine his appointment, and he shall thereupon vacate his seat.

8. Subject to the provisions of Paragraphs 5, 6, and 7 the term of office of a representative member shall be six months, provided that

- (a) a member appointed to fill a casual vacancy shall sit for the unexpired portion of the term of office of his predecessor, and
- (b) a seat rendered vacant by effluxion of time shall be temporarily occupied by the retiring member until a successor is appointed.

9. Subject to the provisions of Paragraph 7 the term of office of a Chairman shall be six months, provided that

- (a) a Chairman appointed to fill a casual vacancy shall sit for the unexpired portion of the term of office of his predecessor, and
- (b) the office of Chairman rendered vacant by effluxion of time shall be occupied by the retiring Chairman until a successor is appointed.

10. Any person vacating his seat on the Trade Board under any of the preceding paragraphs, or for any other reason, shall be eligible for re-appointment as a member of the Trade Board; and a Chairman vacating his office under any of the preceding paragraphs, or for any other reason, shall be eligible for re-appointment.

11. A vacancy among members shall be filled in the same manner as in the case of the original appointment to the vacated seat.

12. Every member of the Trade Board shall have one vote. If at any meeting of the Board the numbers of members present representing employers and workers, respectively, are unequal, it shall be open to the side which is in the majority to arrange that one or more of its members shall refrain from voting, so as to preserve equality. Failing such an arrangement, the Chairman may, if he thinks it desirable,

adjourn the voting on any question to another meeting of the Board.

13. The Trade Board shall continue in existence until dissolved by order of the Minister of Labour.

14. The Trade Board may be known under the short title of "The Wholesale Mantle and Costume Trade Board (Northern Ireland)."

15. Any question upon the construction or interpretation of these Regulations shall, in the event of dispute, be referred to the Minister of Labour for decision.

Given under the Official Seal of the Minister of Labour for Northern Ireland, this Second day of January, in the year one thousand nine hundred and twenty-two.

*J. A. Dale,*

Secretary, Ministry of Labour,  
Northern Ireland.

#### SCHEDULE.

The Wholesale Mantle and Costume Trade, that is to say:—

Women's, girls' and children's ready-made and wholesale bespoke tailoring, and all women's, girls' and children's retail bespoke tailoring carried on in a factory where garments are made up for three or more retail establishments, and any other branch of women's, girls' and children's tailoring, which is not included within the scope of the Retail Bespoke Tailoring Trade Board, including:—(1) All operations and processes of cutting, making or finishing by hand or machine of coats, costumes tailored skirts, coat-frocks, mantles, service clothing or similar garments made by tailoring processes; (2) (a) the altering, repairing, renovating or re-making of any of the above-mentioned tailored garments, except where included within the scope of the Retail Bespoke Tailoring Trade Board; (b) the cleaning of such garments where carried out in association with or in conjunction with the altering, repairing, renovating, or re-making of the garments; (3) the lining with fur of any of the above-mentioned garments, where carried out in association with or in conjunction with the making of such garments; (4) (a) all processes of embroidery or decorative needlework where carried on in association with or in conjunction with the making, altering, repairing, renovating or re-making of any of the above-mentioned tailored garments other than hand-embroidery or hand-drawn thread-work on garments made of linen or cotton, or of mixed linen and cotton; (b) the following processes if done by machine, namely, thread-drawing, thread-clipping, top-sewing, scalloping, nickelling and paring; (5) warehousing, packing and all other operations incidental to or appertaining to any of the above-mentioned branches of tailoring; but excluding (1) those branches of women's or girls' bespoke tailoring and all operations and processes covered by the Trade Boards (Tailoring) Order, 1919; (2) the making of head-gear; (3) the making of rubberised or oilskin garments; (4) warehousing, packing and other similar operations carried on in shops mainly engaged in the retail distribution of articles of any description that are not made on the premises.

THE GOVERNMENT OF NORTHERN  
IRELAND.

MINISTRY OF HOME AFFAIRS.

RURAL DISTRICT OF IRVINESTOWN.

To the Council of the Administrative County of Fermanagh; to the District Council of the Rural District of Irvinestown; and to all others whom it may concern.

WHEREAS by Section 1 of the Public Health (Ireland) Act, 1896, as adapted, it is enacted in effect that the Ministry of Home Affairs for Northern Ireland may, on the application of the sanitary authority of any rural district, by order to be published in the Belfast Gazette, or in such other manner as the said Ministry may direct, declare any provisions of the Public Health (Ireland) Acts, 1878 to 1890, in force in urban districts to be in force in such rural district or any contributory place therein, and may invest such authority with all or any of the powers, rights, duties, capacities, liabilities, and obligations of an urban authority under those Acts, and that such investment may be made either unconditionally or subject to any conditions to be specified by the Ministry as to the time, portion of the district, or manner, during, at, and in which such powers, rights, duties, liabilities, capacities, and obligations are to be exercised and attach:

And whereas it is enacted by Section 22 of the Local Government (Ireland) Act, 1898, that all urban sanitary authorities shall be called urban district councils, and that for every rural sanitary district there shall be a rural district council, whose district shall be called a rural district:

And whereas it is enacted by sub-section (1) of Section 33 of the said Local Government Act that there shall be transferred to the district council of every rural district the business of the rural sanitary authority in the district:

And whereas it is enacted in effect by Section 232 of the Public Health (Ireland) Act, 1878, as adapted, that special expenses (as defined in the said Section 232) shall be (amongst others) the expenses of lighting where duly authorised; that special expenses shall be a separate charge on some contributory place or places; that townland is a contributory place; and that the Ministry of Home Affairs for Northern Ireland shall have power to determine on what area of charge, being a contributory place, or consisting of contributory places, any special expenses shall be chargeable.

And whereas the District Council of the Rural District of Irvinestown (which Council is hereinafter referred to as the District Council) have made application to US, the said Ministry of Home Affairs under the said Section 1 of the Public Health (Ireland) Act, 1895, for an Order declaring the provisions of Section 80 of the said Public Health (Ireland) Act, 1878, in force in urban districts, to be in force in the Townlands of Burfits Hill, Brown Hill, Fort Hill, Milltate and Townhill, in the said Rural District:

NOW THEREFORE WE, the Ministry of Home Affairs for Northern Ireland, in exercise of the powers vested in US by the Public Health (Ireland) Acts, 1878 to 1907, as adapted, and by all other statutes in this behalf enabling US, do hereby order, declare, and determine as follows, that is to say:—

1. We declare the provisions of Section 80 of the Public Health (Ireland) Act, 1878, to be in force within the limits or boundaries of the Townlands of Burfits Hill, Brown Hill, Fort Hill, Milltate and Townhill, in the Rural District of Irvinestown; and subject to any conditions which WE may hereafter deem fit to specify in the matter, and to the provisions as to rating in rural districts of the Local Government (Ireland) Acts, 1898 to 1902, WE invest the District Council with all the powers, rights, duties, capacities, liabilities, and obligations of an urban district council under Section 80 of the Public Health (Ireland) Act, 1878, to be exercised and attach within the said limits or boundaries.

2. We determine that the Townlands of Burfits Hill, Brown Hill, Fort Hill, Milltate and Townhill, situate in the Rural District of Irvinestown, shall be the area of charge upon which all expenses incurred by the District Council in carrying out the provisions of Section 80 of the said Public Health (Ireland) Act, 1878, within the said limits or boundaries shall be chargeable.

Given under Our Seal of Office  
this Tenth day of January, in the  
[L.S.] Year of Our Lord One Thousand  
Nine Hundred and Twenty-two.

Geo. A. Harris.

NOTICE.

Colonial Stock Act, 1900 (63 and 64 Vic., c. 62).  
*Addition to List of Stocks under Section 2.*

Pursuant to Section 2 of the Colonial Stock Act, 1900, the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury hereby give notice that the provisions of the Act have been complied with in respect of the undermentioned Stock registered or inscribed in the United Kingdom:—

British East Africa (Kenya Government)  
6 per cent.

Inscribed Stock, 1946-56.

The restrictions mentioned in Section 2 Sub-section (2) of the Trustee Act, 1893, apply to the above Stock (see Colonial Stock Act, 1900, Section 2).

MINISTRY OF LABOUR FOR NORTHERN  
IRELAND.

TRADE BOARDS ACTS, 1909 AND 1918.

Trade Boards. Appointment of Secretary.  
The Ministry of Labour for Northern Ireland hereby give notice that

Mr. T. J. Kinnear, B.L., O.B.E.,

Ministry of Labour,

Northern Ireland,

Belfast,

has been appointed Secretary of the under-noted Trade Boards which have been established for Northern Ireland:—

Aerated Waters.

Boot and Shoe Repairing.

Brush and Broom.

Dressmaking and Women's Light Clothing.

General Waste Materials Reclamation.  
 Hat Cap and Millinery.  
 Laundry.  
 Linen and Cotton Embroidery.  
 Linen and Cotton Handkerchief and Household Goods and Linen Piece Goods.  
 Milk Distributive.  
 Paper Box.  
 Ready-made and Wholesale Bespoke Tailoring.  
 Rope, Twine and Net.  
 Shirtmaking.  
 Sugar Confectionery and Food Preserving.  
 Tobacco.  
 Wholesale Mantle and Costume.

(Signed), *J. A. Dale,*  
 Permanent Secretary,  
 Ministry of Labour,  
 Northern Ireland.

PRIVY COUNCIL OFFICE, DUBLIN  
 CASTLE,

17th January, 1922.

HIS MAJESTY by His Royal Letter having been pleased to appoint Richard Best, Esquire, K.C., Henry Givens Burgess, Esquire, and Thomas Kennedy Laidlaw, Esquire, to be of His Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council in Ireland, they this day in Council took the usual oaths and their places at the Board accordingly.

A. W. COPE,  
 Clerk of the Council.

Final-Notice to Claimants and Incumbrancers.  
 COURT OF THE IRISH LAND COMMISSION.

LAND PURCHASE ACTS.

Record No. E.C. 7446.

Estate of CHARLES WILLIAM DUNBAR-BULLER.  
 County of Londonderry.

TAKE Notice that the Final Schedule of Incumbrances affecting the proceeds of the sale of the lands comprised in the First Schedule to the Originating Application herein (save a labourer's plot, containing 1a. Or. 20p., statute measure, excluded from the sale), which have been sold under the above Acts, in fee-simple, has been lodged in the Examiners' Office of this Court, at the Four Courts, Dublin, and may be there inspected together with the said Originating Application, and that the 14th day of February, 1922, has been fixed as the last day on which claims or other objection to the said Schedule of Incumbrances may be lodged, the 17th day of February, 1922, for proof of claims before the Examiner, and the 21st day of February, 1922, for distribution of the purchase money by the Judicial Commissioner.

Dated the 13th day of January, 1922.

HENRY C. LYNCH, Chief Examiner.

H. Crawford McCay, Solicitor for Vendor,  
 7 St. Stephen's Green, N., Dublin.

JAMES BLACK AND CO., OF BELFAST,  
 LIMITED.

NOTICE is hereby given that, in pursuance of Section 195 of the Companies (Consolidation) Act, 198, a General Meeting of the Members of the above-named Company will be held at 34 Donegall Place, in the city of Belfast, on Wednesday, the 1st day of March, 1922, at 12 o'clock, noon, for the purpose of having an account laid before them showing the manner in which the winding up has been conducted, and the property of the Company disposed of, and of hearing any explanation that may be given by the Liquidator.

Dated this 12th day of January, 1922.

*W. Moore Knox,* Liquidator.

Witness—

Robt. Wallace, 51 Royal Avenue,  
 Belfast, Solicitor.

STATUTORY NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

In the Goods of Mrs. CHRISTINA M'CLYMONT, late of Glen-Ada, Newcastle, in the county of Down, Widow, deceased.

NOTICE is hereby given, pursuant to the Statute 22 and 23 Vic., Cap. 35, that all persons having claims against the estate of the above deceased, who died on the 17th day of November, 1921, are hereby required, on or before the 1st day of February, 1922, to furnish particulars (in writing) of their claims to the undersigned Solicitor for Thomas Thompson Jones, Esquire, and Miss Elizabeth M'Clymont (the Executor and Executrix respectively of the Will of the above deceased), to whom Probate was granted forth of the Principal Registry of the King's Bench Division (Probate) of the High Court of Justice in Northern Ireland, on the 19th day of December, 1921. And Notice is hereby further given, that after the said 1st day of February, 1922, the said Executor and Executrix will proceed to distribute the estate of the said deceased amongst the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which particulars shall have been received.

Dated this 3rd day of January, 1922.

ROBERT S. HERON, Solicitor for said Executor and Executrix, Banbridge.

THE COMPANIES' (CONSOLIDATION) ACT, 1908.

HERDMANS' LIMITED.

NOTICE is hereby given, that on the Twelfth day of January, 1922, there was registered with the Registrar of Companies under the above Act a copy of the Order of the High Court of Justice in Northern Ireland, Chancery Division, made on the 9th day of December, 1921, confirming the reduction of the share capital of the Company, and also a Minute approved by the Court showing with respect to the share capital of the Company, as altered, by the said Order, the amount of such share capital, the number of shares into which it is to be divided, and the amount of each share, and the amount at the date of the registration deemed to be paid up on each share.

Dated this 14th day of January, 1922.

WILSON AND SIMMS, Solicitors for Herdmans' Limited, 16 Mayfair, Arthur Square, Belfast.

To all whom it may concern.

NOTICE OF CHARITABLE BEQUESTS.

In the Matter of the estate of CHARLES KANE, late of Castle Street, Ballycastle, in the county of Antrim, Retired Farmer, deceased.

NOTICE is hereby given, pursuant to the Statute 30 and 31, Vic., cap. 54, that the above-named deceased died on the 30th day of August, 1921, at Castle Street, Ballycastle aforesaid, and by his Will with one Codicil thereto, dated respectively the 10th day of July, 1918, and the 8th day of July, 1919, Testator left his house in Castle Street, Ballycastle, to his wife, Margaret Kane, for her life. And Testator further by his said Will left his

said house in Castle Street, Ballycastle, to Ramoan Parish Church for its benefit on condition that they pay £100 to Drumtullagh Parish Church for its benefit, and give a guarantee that they keep Testator's grave in proper order. B- his said Will Testator also directed his executors to pay to the Protestant Orphan Society for the Counties of Antrim and Down whatever sum of money remained after payment of the legacies mentioned in his said Will and other lawful expenses. Probate of the said Will and Codicil was, on the 9th day of December, 1921, granted forth of the Principal Registry of the High Court of Justice in Northern Ireland, King's Bench Division (Probate) to the Revd. Thomas Christopher Topley, of Ramoan Rectory, Clerk in Holy Orders, Rector at the time of the Decease of Testator of the Parish of Ramoan, William Henry Belford, Secretary, and John Sharpe Scarlett, Merchant, all of Ballycastle, in the county of Antrim, the Executors named in said Will and Codicil.

Dated this 18th day of January, 1922.

GREER AND HAMILTON, Solicitors for the said Executors, 24 Arthur Street, Belfast; and Ballymoney.

To the Commissioners of Charitable Donations and Bequests and all others whom it may concern.

#### NOTICE OF AUDIT AND DIVIDEND.

#### IN THE BELFAST LOCAL BANKRUPTCY COURT.

In the Matter of JOHN S. MOORE, of "Moorville," Antrim Road, Belfast, Retired Engineer, a Bankrupt.

A PUBLIC Sitting will be held before the Court, at the Local Bankruptcy Court, Belfast, on

SATURDAY, the 4th day of FEBRUARY, 1922, at the hour of Eleven in the forenoon, to Audit the Assignee's Account and make a final dividend in this matter.

Dated this 18th day of January, 1922.

ARTHUR J. WEIR, Registrar.  
FREDK. H. G. HILL, Official Assignee, 84 Donegall Street, Belfast.

CLEAVER AND FULTON, Solicitors for the Assignees, 44 Wellington Place, Belfast.

1922. No. 318.

#### IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUSTICE IN NORTHERN IRELAND

KING'S BENCH DIVISION.

Notice and Advertisement of Writ of Summons.

Henry Lane & Co., Plaintiffs;  
The Londonderry Bridge Commissioners, Defendants.

NOTICE is hereby given, pursuant to the Act 16 and 17 Vic., cap. 113, section 33, that a Writ of Summons has been issued at the suit of the said Henry Lane & Co., against the Londonderry Bridge Commissioners in the King's Bench Division of the High Court of Justice in Northern Ireland.

Dated this 16th day of January, 1922.

T. C. WYLIE, Solicitor for the said Henry Lane & Co., 19 Ocean Buildings, Donegall Square E., Belfast; and 7 Castle Street, Londonderry.

To the Londonderry Bridge Commissioners, and all whom it may concern.

Printed by W. & G. BAIRD, LIMITED, Royal Avenue, Belfast, under the Authority of the CONTROLLER OF H.M. STATIONERY OFFICE, being the Officer appointed to print the Acts of the PARLIAMENT OF NORTHERN IRELAND.

To be purchased through any Bookseller, or direct from W. ERSKINE MAYNE, Donegall Square West, Belfast.

Friday, January 20, 1922.

Price One Shilling Net.