

The Belfast Gazette

Published by Authority.

The Gazette is registered at the General Post Office for transmission by Inland Post as a newspaper. The postage rate to places within the United Kingdom, for each copy, is one penny for the first 6 ozs., and an additional halfpenny for each subsequent 6 ozs. or part thereof. For places abroad the rate is a halfpenny for every 2 ounces, except in the case of Canada, to which the Canadian Magazine Postage rate applies.

FRIDAY, AUGUST 27, 1926.

BY THE KING.

A PROCLAMATION.

GEORGE R.I.

WHEREAS by the Emergency Powers Act, 1920, it is enacted that if it appears to Us that any action has been taken or is immediately threatened by any persons or body of persons of such a nature and on so extensive a scale as to be calculated, by interfering with the supply and distribution of food, water, fuel, or light, or with the means of locomotion, to deprive the community, or any substantial portion of the community, of the essentials of life, We may, by proclamation, declare that a state of emergency exists:

And whereas on the twenty-sixth day of July last, We did, by and with the advice of Our Privy Council, declare by proclamation, in pursuance of the said Act, that a state of emergency existed:

And whereas it is enacted by the said Act that no such proclamation shall be in force for more than one month, without prejudice to the issue of another proclamation at or before the end of that period:

And whereas the continued cessation of work in Coal Mines does, in Our opinion, constitute a state of emergency within the meaning of the said Act:

Now, therefore, in pursuance of the said Act, We do, by and with the advice of Our Privy Council, hereby declare that a state of emergency exists.

Given at Our Court at Balmoral, this twenty-fifth day of August, in the year of our Lord One Thousand nine hundred and twenty-six, and in the Seventeenth year of Our Reign.

GOD SAVE THE KING.

BY THE KING.

A Proclamation for the Summoning of Parliament.

GEORGE R.I.

WHEREAS on the 30th day of April, 1926, We were pleased, by virtue of the powers conferred upon Us by the Emergency Powers Act, 1920, to issue a Proclamation of Emergency:

And whereas on the 29th day of May, 1926, the 28th day of June, 1926, and the 26th day of July, 1926, We were pleased, by virtue of the said powers, to make further Proclamations of Emergency:

And whereas the Proclamation of Emergency made on the said 26th day of July, 1926, will expire after one month from the date thereof:

And whereas We have this day been pleased to make a new Proclamation of Emergency under the said Act:

And whereas it is provided by the said Act that where a Proclamation of Emergency has been made the occasion thereof shall forthwith be communicated to Parliament, and, if Parliament is then separated by such adjournment or prorogation as will not expire within five days, a Proclamation shall be issued for the meeting of Parliament within five days, and Parliament shall accordingly meet and sit upon the day appointed by that Proclamation, and shall continue to sit and act in like manner as if it had stood adjourned or prorogued to the same day.

And whereas the House of Lords stands adjourned to Thursday, the 21st day of October next, and the House of Commons stands adjourned to Tuesday, the 9th day of November next: