



The Belfast Gazette

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FRIDAY, APRIL 7, 1922.

At the Court at Windsor Castle, the 1st day of April, 1922

PRESENT,

The KING'S Most Excellent Majesty in Council

WHEREAS by Article 17 of certain Articles of Agreement for a Treaty between Great Britain and Ireland dated the 6th day of December, 1921, it is provided as follows:—

"By way of provisional arrangement for the administration of Southern Ireland during the interval which must elapse between the date hereof and the constitution of a Parliament and Government of the Irish Free State in accordance therewith, steps shall be taken forthwith for summoning a meeting of members of Parliament elected for constituencies in Southern Ireland since the passing of the Government of Ireland Act, 1920, and for constituting a provisional Government, and the British Government shall take the steps necessary to transfer to such provisional Government the powers and machinery requisite for the discharge of its duties, provided that every member of such provisional Government shall have signified in writing his or her acceptance of this instrument. But this arrangement shall not continue in force beyond the expiration of twelve months from the date hereof:—"

And whereas by the Irish Free State (Agreement) Act, 1922, it is provided that the said Articles of Agreement shall have the force of law as from the date of the passing of that Act, and that for the purpose of giving effect to the said Article 17, Orders in Council may be made transferring to the Provisional Government

established under that Article (in this Order referred to as the Provisional Government) the powers and machinery therein referred to, and that as soon as may be and not later than four months after the passing of the said Act, the Parliament of Southern Ireland shall be dissolved and such steps shall be taken as may be necessary for holding, in accordance with the law now in force with respect to the franchise number of members and method of election and holding of elections to that Parliament, an election of members for the constituencies which would have been entitled to elect members to that Parliament, and the members so elected shall constitute the House of the Parliament (in this Order referred to as the Provisional Parliament) to which the Provisional Government shall be responsible, and that Parliament shall, as respects matters within the jurisdiction of the Provisional Government have power to make laws in like manner as the Parliament of the Irish Free State when constituted, and that any such Order in Council may contain such incidental consequential or supplemental provisions as may appear to be necessary or proper for the purpose of giving effect to the foregoing provisions of the said Act.

And whereas the departments of the Provisional Government mentioned in Part I of the Schedule to this Order have been constituted by that Government to discharge the functions therein mentioned as assigned to them respectively:

And whereas the Exchequer of the Provisional Government has been constituted subject to regulations which have been made by the Provisional Government and are set out in Part II of the Schedule to this Order.

Now, therefore, His Majesty, by and with the advice of His Privy Council, is pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, as follows:—

1. The functions in connection with the administration of public services in Southern Ireland heretofore performed by existing Government Departments and officers, shall, as from the day of transfer, be transferred to and become exercisable by the departments and officers of the Provisional Government to which the functions are severally so assigned as aforesaid, but without prejudice to the power of the Provisional Government to redistribute those functions amongst its departments and officers as it thinks proper.

2.—(i) Nothing in this Order shall affect the enactments passed or to be passed relating to the imposition, assessment or collection of taxes, except that all functions heretofore performed by existing Government departments and officers in connection with the assessment, levying and collection of taxes, so far as leviable in Southern Ireland, shall as from the day of transfer be transferred to and become exercisable by the departments and officers of the Provisional Government to whom such functions are so assigned, as aforesaid.

(ii) The powers of the departments and officers of the Provisional Government with respect to the assessment, levying and collection of taxes shall as from the day of transfer extend to the assessment, levying and collection of taxes leviable in Southern Ireland which were chargeable or have been charged but not paid before the day of transfer, subject to the liability to make any repayments or allowances that may fall to be made in Southern Ireland by reason of overcharge or otherwise, and those departments and officers shall be empowered to obtain from the person claiming any such allowance or repayment such evidence as they may require of the payments of the taxes in respect of which the repayment or allowance is claimed and the title of the claimant thereto.

(iii) For the purposes of this Article super-tax payable by a person in Southern Ireland shall be deemed to be a tax leviable in Southern Ireland.

3.—(i) As from the day of transfer and subject to the provisions of this Order or any arrangement made thereunder and without prejudice to any ultimate financial settlement, the proceeds of all such taxes so collected as aforesaid and all such other sums collected or received by or on behalf of departments and officers of the Provisional Government as would but for this Order have been payable into the Exchequer of the United Kingdom shall be paid into the Exchequer of the Provisional Government, and out of that Exchequer there shall, subject to the regulations contained in Part II of the Schedule to this Order, be defrayed the cost of the administration of public services by the Provisional Government, including the repayment to the Exchequer of the United Kingdom of any sums paid out of that Exchequer on account of public services in Southern Ireland after the date when the power of collecting taxes is transferred to the Provisional Government.

(ii) Except as provided by this Order, or as may be hereafter provided by Parliament, any charge on the Consolidated Fund of the United

Kingdom for public services in Southern Ireland, and any grant or contribution out of monies provided by the Parliament of the United Kingdom so far as made for those services, shall as from the day of transfer cease, and any money for loans in Southern Ireland shall cease to be advanced out of the Local Loans Fund.

4.—(i) All sums collected by the Provisional Government after the day of transfer on account of—

(a) purchase annuities payable in respect of land situated in Southern Ireland, including any existing arrears thereof; and

(b) sums due on account of existing loans made to authorities and persons in Southern Ireland out of the Local Loans Fund, the Development Fund, the Road Improvement Grant or Road Fund, or other similar public fund;

shall be paid into their Exchequer.

(ii) Subject to any arrangements which may be made under this Order there shall from time to time be paid out of the Exchequer of the Provisional Government into the Irish Land Purchase Fund or account, or other appropriate fund or account, such sums as may after the day of transfer be required to discharge the liabilities of those funds and accounts in respect of interest on stock or advances issued or made in connection with land purchase in Southern Ireland and to meet the corresponding sinking fund charges.

(iii) Subject as aforesaid there shall be paid from time to time out of the Exchequer of the Provisional Government into the appropriate fund such sums as are equal to the amounts due in respect of such loans as aforesaid, subject to the deduction of such sums as may be determined to be proper to cover the cost of collection and such loss as may be anticipated to result from the payment on account of any such loans proving to be irrecoverable.

(iv) Any question which may arise as to the amounts to be so paid out of the said Exchequer, or as to the times at which payments are to be made, shall be determined by agreement between the Provisional Government and the British Government.

(v) The administration of the Land Purchase Account established under the Purchase of Land (Ireland) Act, 1891, shall be transferred from the Land Commission to the National Debt Commissioners immediately before the transfer of the functions of the Land Commission to the Provisional Government.

5.—(1) The British Government shall pay into the Exchequer of the Provisional Government an amount equivalent to the proceeds of any taxes collected in Great Britain, or collected by them in Northern Ireland, but agreed between the British Government and the Provisional Government to be properly attributable to Southern Ireland, and the Provisional Government shall pay into the Exchequer of the United Kingdom an amount equivalent to the proceeds of taxes collected in Southern Ireland but agreed as aforesaid to be properly attributable to Great Britain or Northern Ireland, provided that proceeds of taxes so collected by the Provisional Government shall not be treated as attributable to Great Britain or Northern Ireland by reason only of the fact

that they were charged before the day of transfer.

(2) For the purpose of ascertaining the extent to which the proceeds of any taxes are attributable to any particular country—

(a) The Commissioners of Inland Revenue and the Commissioners of Customs and Excise and the Minister of Finance of the Provisional Government may require any taxpayer in any return made by him under any enactment imposing the tax to furnish such information as may be necessary for the purpose; and

(b) Any articles which are brought into Great Britain or the Isle of Man from Ireland, or into Ireland from Great Britain or the Isle of Man, shall be deemed to be articles exported or imported for the purposes of the forms to be used, and the information to be furnished under the Customs Consolidation Act, 1876, or any Act amending that Act, but not for any other purpose, and parcels posted in Great Britain or the Isle of Man and sent to Ireland, or posted in Ireland and sent to Great Britain or the Isle of Man, may, for the purposes of the forms to be used and the information to be furnished under the Post Office Acts or Regulations, be treated as foreign parcels in Great Britain, the Isle of Man and Northern Ireland if so directed by order of the Treasury, and in Southern Ireland if so directed by order of the Minister of Finance of the Provisional Government.

6.—(i) The functions of existing Government departments to be transferred under this Order to the several departments of the Provisional Government to which the same are assigned respectively, shall be so transferred on such day (in this Order referred to as the day of transfer) as may be agreed between the British Government and the Provisional Government, and different days may be agreed for the purpose as respects different departments or different functions, so, however, that the day for the transfer of the powers as to the assessment and collection of taxes shall, unless otherwise agreed, be the first day of April, nineteen hundred and twenty-two.

(ii) For the purpose of this Order "existing" means existing at the day of transfer.

(iii) Nothing in this Order shall affect the administration of any service before the day of transfer, or the manner in which, or the fund out of which, the cost of the administration of that service before the day of transfer is to be provided.

7.—(i) All officers who are on the day of transfer engaged or employed in the discharge of functions transferred under this Order to the Provisional Government shall be transferred to and become officers of the Provisional Government.

Provided that—

(a) where any such officers, being officers employed on services which in Northern Ireland are within the jurisdiction of the Government of Northern Ireland, have been allocated to the Government of Northern Ireland, or it is agreed between the Provisional Government and the Government of Northern Ireland that they shall be so allo-

cated, or if any such officers have signified their wish to be transferred to the Government of Northern Ireland and the Provisional Government and the Government of Northern Ireland consent to such transfer, they shall not be transferred to or become the officers of the Provisional Government.

(b) where any such officers are officers employed on services which in Northern Ireland are not within the jurisdiction of the Government of Northern Ireland, or are officers who, though engaged on services which in Northern Ireland are within such jurisdiction, form an integral part of a staff not solely engaged on Irish services, the existing departments under which they are employed shall prepare a scheme for determining which of the members of their staff are to be transferred to the Provisional Government, and such scheme, when approved by the British Government, and the Provisional Government, shall determine which of those officers are to be treated as transferred to the Provisional Government under this Article.

(ii) Where an officer is transferred to the Provisional Government under this Order, he shall hold office by a tenure corresponding to his previous tenure, and if he is discharged by the Provisional Government, or if he retires in consequence of the change of Government effected by this Order he shall be entitled to receive compensation from the Provisional Government and the terms of such compensation shall not be less favourable to him than such as are accorded in the like circumstances by the Government of Ireland Act, 1920.

Provided that nothing in this Order shall affect prejudicially the rights or claims under paragraphs (ii) and (iii) of sub-section (1) of section seven of the Ministry of Transport Act, 1919, or any agreements made thereunder, of any person to whom those paragraphs apply.

Provided also that no transfer of officers in pursuance of this Article shall affect prejudicially any claim in respect thereof on the part of the Irish Free State on the ultimate financial settlement.

8. Nothing in this Order shall affect the tenure rights, or payment of salaries and pensions of judges of the Supreme Court and County Court in Southern Ireland, or officers holding on the same tenure as such judges, or the fund out of which such salaries and pensions are payable.

9. Nothing in this Order shall affect the control or administration of any of the existing naval, military or air forces of the Crown; or transfer to any department of the Provisional Government any of the powers of any existing department in relation to any of those forces (including powers and duties with respect to pensions and allowances payable to persons who have been members of or in respect of service in any such force or their widows or dependants, and provision for the training, education and assistance for the reinstatement in civil life of persons who have ceased to be members of any such force), but nothing in this Article shall be construed as prejudicing the exercise by the Provisional Government in respect of any military defence force which may, in accordance with Article 8 of the said Agreement, be raised in pursuance of an Act of the Provisional Parliament of such powers

as may be conferred on the Provisional Government by such Act.

10.—(i) Nothing in this Order shall transfer to the Provisional Government the Royal Irish Constabulary or the administration or control of that force.

(ii) The Dublin Metropolitan Police and the administration and control of that force shall be transferred to the Provisional Government; but if any member of that force is discharged by the Provisional Government, or retires in consequence of the change of government effected by this Order, he shall be entitled to receive from the Provisional Government compensation, and the terms of such compensation shall not be less favourable to him than such as are accorded in like circumstances by the Government of Ireland Act, 1920.

11. Nothing in this Order shall affect the collection of any moneys payable under the German Reparation (Recovery) Act, 1921, or the account into which sums so collected are to be paid; or affect services in connection with wireless stations for communication with places outside Ireland, or in connection with submarine cables to places outside the British Islands.

12. Any property, assets, rights and liabilities connected with the functions transferred under this Order shall, if connected solely with those functions be transferred to the Provisional Government, and if connected partly with those functions and partly with other functions shall be apportioned in such manner as may be agreed between the Governments concerned.

13.—(i) Subject to any Act of the Provisional Parliament and to the provisions of this Order and any other Order made under the Irish Free State (Agreement) Act, 1922, all existing laws, institutions and authorities in Southern Ireland, whether judicial, administrative or ministerial, shall continue as if this Order had not been made, subject to the modifications necessary for adapting them to this Order and in particular to the modifications hereinafter set forth.

(ii) In their application to Southern Ireland the enactments relating to or affecting functions transferred under this Order shall, save where inconsistent with the said Act, or this Order, or the provisions of any subsequent Order in Council under the said Act, have effect, in relation to anything done or to be done on or after the day of transfer, with the following modifications and adaptations:—

(a) References to any department or officer of the United Kingdom Government, if they occur in relation to functions which under this Order are transferred as respects Southern Ireland to any department, branch of a department, or officer of the Provisional Government shall be construed as references to the department, branch, or officer to which they are transferred, or by which they are for the time being exercisable; and references to the Chief Secretary, or to the Under-Secretary to the Lord Lieutenant, if they occur in relation to any such functions, shall be construed as references to the appropriate Minister of the Provisional Government.

(b) References to Parliament and to each, either or both of the Houses of Parliament

shall be construed as references to the Provisional Parliament and to the House of the Provisional Parliament respectively, and the expression "parliamentary" shall be construed accordingly.

Provided that references to matters or things authorised or constituted by Act of Parliament shall be construed as references to matters or things authorised or constituted by Act of the Parliament of the United Kingdom or the Provisional Parliament as the case may be.

(c) References to the Consolidated Fund, to the Exchequer, and to the Comptroller and Auditor-General shall be construed respectively as references to the Consolidated Fund of the Provisional Government, to the Exchequer of the Provisional Government and to the Comptroller and Auditor-General of the Provisional Government.

Provided that nothing in this Order shall affect prejudicially without the consent of the person entitled thereto, the right of any person to the benefit of a charge on the Consolidated Fund of the United Kingdom in respect of any sums due to him.

(d) References to the Attorney-General or Solicitor-General for Ireland or Southern Ireland shall be construed as references to the Law Officer of the Provisional Government appointed to discharge functions corresponding to the functions previously discharged by these officers.

(iii) Where a provision or expression occurring in any of the said enactments has been amended, altered, or adapted by or in pursuance of any subsequent enactments, this Article shall be read as referring to the provision or expression as so amended, altered or adapted.

(iv) The adaptations and modifications set out in the foregoing provisions of this Article shall apply to any order, scheme, rule, regulation or instrument made or issued under any of the said enactments and in force immediately before the day of transfer in like manner as they apply to the enactment under which it was made or issued and any such order, scheme, rule, regulation or instrument shall continue in force in like manner and subject to the like powers of revocation and alteration as if it had been made or issued under the said enactment as so modified and adapted.

(v) There shall be made in every local and personal Act such adaptations and modifications as may be required to bring it into conformity with the provisions of this Article.

(vi) In the construction and for the purposes of any deed or contract made before the transfer of functions to a department or officer of the Provisional Government from any existing Government department or officer under this Order, but so far only as may be necessary for the purpose of such transfer, the name of the department or officer of the Provisional Government shall, as from the day of transfer, be substituted for the name of the existing Government department or officer, and where anything has been commenced by or under the authority of any existing Government department or officer before the day of transfer and such thing is in relation to functions transferred to a department or officer of the Provisional Government, under this Order, such thing may, after the day of transfer, be carried

on and completed by or under the authority of the department or officer of the Provisional Government.

14.—(i) Arrangements may be made by any department of the Provisional Government for the discharge on behalf of that department of any of its functions by officers of any existing Government department, or by any existing department for the discharge on behalf of that department of any of its functions in Southern Ireland by Officers of a department of the Provisional Government, as the case may be, on such terms and conditions as may be agreed, but no such arrangements shall diminish in any way the responsibility of the department by which the arrangement is made.

(ii) Where any such arrangement is made for the continuance of the discharge by an existing department of its functions in Southern Ireland the transfer of the Provisional Government of Officers in connection with those functions shall be postponed so long as the arrangement continues.

15.—(i) This Order may be cited as the Provisional Government (Transfer of Functions) Order, 1922.

(ii) Interpretation Act, 1889, applies for the purpose of this Order in like manner as it applies to the interpretation of an Act of Parliament.

Almeric FitzRoy.

Schedule.

PART I.

Departments of Provisional Government.

Functions Assigned.

Ministry of Finance.

The financial business of the Provisional Government, including functions hitherto performed by the following existing Government departments and officers:—

The Treasury;
The Commissioners of Inland Revenue and Special Commissioners of Income Tax;
The Commissioners of Customs and Excise;
The Commissioners of Public Works in Ireland;
The Irish Insurance Commissioners and the National Insurance Audit Department;
The Commissioner of Valuation and Boundary Surveyor for Ireland;
The Registrar of Friendly Societies;
The Registrar of Business Names;
The Registrar of Joint Stock Companies;
The Commissioners of Charitable Donations and Bequests for Ireland;
The Paymaster General and Deputy Paymaster for Ireland;
The Treasury Solicitor for Ireland;
The Superintendent of the Teachers' Pension Office;
The Civil Service Commission;
The Stationery Office;

Ministry of Home Affairs

The administration of services in connection with Law, Justice, Police and Home Affairs generally (excepting matters assigned to any other Ministry), including functions hitherto performed by the following existing Government departments and officers:—

The General Prisons Board for Ireland;
The Public Record Office;
The Registrar of Petty Sessions Clerks;
The Registry of Deeds;
The Registry of Titles.

There will be attached to this Department as a Branch thereof a Law Officers' Department under the Law Officer of the Provisional Government, to which there shall be assigned the functions of the office of the Chief Crown Solicitor.

Ministry of Economic Affairs

The administration of services in connection with Trade and Commerce, Transport, Electricity and Shipping, including functions hitherto performed by the following existing Government departments and officers:—

The Minister of Transport.
The Board of Trade.

Ministry of Labour

The administration of services in connection with Labour, including functions hitherto performed by the Minister of Labour.

Ministry of Agriculture

The administration of services in connection with Agriculture and Land, including functions hitherto performed by the following existing Government departments and officers:—

The Irish Land Commission (including the Public Trustee);

The Department of Agriculture and Technical Instruction for Ireland;

The Congested Districts' Board for Ireland and (in relation to the Ordnance Survey) the Minister of Agriculture and Fisheries.

Ministry of Education

The administration of services in connection with Education, including functions hitherto performed by the following existing Government departments and officers:—

The Commissioners of National Education in Ireland;

The Intermediate Education Board for Ireland;

The Commissioners of Endowed Schools.

Ministry of Local Government

The administration of services in connection with Local Government, Public Health, Poor Law, Parliamentary Elections, District Lunatic Asylums and the Dundrum Criminal Lunatic Asylum, including functions hitherto performed by the following existing Government departments and officers:—

The Local Government Board for Ireland;
The Inspectors of Lunatic Asylums in Ireland;

The Inspector of Reformatory and Industrial Schools;

The Registrar General of Births, Deaths and Marriages in Ireland.

Post Office

The administration of services in connection with Posts, Telegraphs and Telephones and Post Office Savings Banks, including functions hitherto performed by the Postmaster General.

PART II.

Regulations governing the Exchequer of the Provisional Government.

All sums paid into the Exchequer of the Provisional Government shall form the Consolidated Fund of the Provisional Government and shall be applied to meet the expenditure on the public services administered by the Provisional Government.

The existing law relating to the Exchequer and the Consolidated Fund of the United Kingdom, including the provisions of the Exchequer and Audit Departments Act, 1866, and the Acts amending that Act shall apply, with the necessary modifications, in respect of the Exchequer and Consolidated Fund of the Provisional Government.

Provided that until the first meeting of the Provisional Parliament and for a month thereafter any sums required for defraying the cost of any public service administered by the Provisional Government certified by the Minister in charge of a Department by which the service is administered, to be so required and (except where the Minister is the Minister of Finance) approved by the Minister of Finance, shall be payable out of the Exchequer of the Provisional Government in like manner as if the cost of that public service were payable out of and charged on the Consolidated Fund of the Provisional Government or the growing produce thereof.

The Minister of Finance of the Provisional Government may borrow from any person, and the Bank of Ireland may advance to the Minister of Finance, on the credit of the sums so authorised to be paid out of the Exchequer of the Provisional Government, any sum or sums not exceeding the amount so authorised.

ACCOUNT OF THE EXCHEQUER OF NORTHERN IRELAND FOR THE PERIOD TO 31ST MARCH, 1922.

REVENUE AND OTHER RECEIPTS.	Month of March 1922.	Total to 31st March, 1922.	EXPENDITURE AND OTHER ISSUES	Month of March, 1922.	Total to 31st March, 1922.
Balance in Exchequer on 1st March, 1922...	£ 358,883	£ —			
TAX REVENUE.			EXPENDITURE.		
Estate, etc., Duties ...	83,500	164,500	Consolidated Fund Services, viz. :—		
Stamps ...	38,000	86,000	Statutory Salaries ...	921	3,394
Excise ...	5,000	23,800	Interest on Temporary Advances ...	—	1,576
Motor Vehicle Duties ...	13,792	105,469	Road Fund ...	105,469	105,469
Residuary Share of Reserved Taxes :—			Supply Services, viz. :—		
British Treasury (on account) ...	450,000	1,250,000	Ministry of Finance—		
Local Loans Repayments ...	1,500	17,750	Old Age Pensions ...	80,000	355,000
TOTAL TAX REVENUE ...	591,792	1,647,519	Public Works and Buildings ...	30,265	117,265
NON-TAX REVENUE.			Civil Contingencies Fund ...	5,000	50,000
Land Purchase Annuities ...	19,000	250,950	Houses of Parliament ...	—	14,000
Advances for Public Buildings ...	—	103,393	Other Services ...	36,200	58,250
Miscellaneous Receipts ...	1,045	3,297	Ministry of Home Affairs—		
TOTAL NON-TAX REVENUE ...	20,045	357,640	Grants to Local Authorities ...	5,000	36,000
TOTAL REVENUE ...	611,837	2,005,159	Special Constabulary ...	364,723	458,723
OTHER RECEIPTS.			Other Services ...	29,112	59,612
Advances under Exchequer (Temporary Borrowing) Act, 1921 (12 Geo. V, ch. 1) ...	—	160,000	Ministry of Labour—		
TOTAL ...	970,720	2,165,159	Unemployment Insurance ...	87,000	375,000
			Other Services ...	38,500	51,750
			Ministry of Education ...	100,500	219,000
			Ministry of Agriculture ...	21,450	30,050
			Ministry of Commerce ...	2,250	5,350
			TOTAL EXPENDITURE ...	905,990	1,940,429
			OTHER ISSUES.		
			Advances repaid under Exchequer (Temporary Borrowing) Act, 1921 (12 Geo. V, ch. 1) ...		160,000
			Balance in Exchequer on 31st March, 1922 ...	64,730	64,730
			TOTAL ...	970,720	2,165,159

Ministry of Finance, Belfast,
1st April, 1922.

E. CLARK,
Secretary to the Ministry of Finance.

NOTES.—The Exchequer Account of Northern Ireland is the general account of Receipts and Issues established under the Exchequer and Audit Act, 1921. The Exchequer Account is a cash account showing the financial position of the Northern Government at a certain date. The amounts shown under "Revenue" are sums transferred from a subsidiary Revenue Account to the Exchequer after due provision for possible rebates and repayments has been made. Similarly, the amounts shown under "Expenditure" are the issues made from the Exchequer on account of the Services administered by the various Departments, and, subject to balance in their hands, represent approximately the amounts expended by Departments out of such issues. The issues in the month of March are abnormally large in order to provide for outstanding orders chargeable against the year 1921-22. The issue for Special Constabulary includes repayment of arrears for the period 22nd November to 31st January in addition to current charges. The Residuary Share of Reserved Taxes is the net sum due to the Northern Government from the produce of taxes collected by the British Treasury and attributable to Northern Ireland after deduction of the Imperial contribution and the cost of Reserved Services. Under the Exchequer and Audit Act, 1921, the whole of the Receipts into the Exchequer form one general Consolidated Fund. Standing charges against the revenue of the year under Act of the Northern Parliament are shown as Consolidated Fund Services. Other charges on revenue are voted by the House of Commons and are shown as Supply Services.

THE BELFAST GAZETTE, APRIL 7, 1922.

At the Court at *Windsor Castle*, the 1st day of *April*, 1922.

PRESENT,

The KING'S Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS by section one of the Irish Free State (Agreement) Act, 1922, it is provided that the Articles of Agreement set forth in the Schedule to that Act shall have the force of law, and that for the purpose of giving effect to Article 17 of the said Agreement Orders in Council may be made transferring to the Provisional Government established under that Article the powers and machinery therein referred to, and that any Order in Council made under that section may contain such incidental, consequential and supplemental provisions as may appear to be necessary or proper for the purpose of giving effect to the foregoing provisions of that section:

And whereas the provisions of the Government of Ireland Act, 1920, with respect to the powers of the Council of Ireland have been modified by the said Articles of Agreement, and the Council of Ireland cannot be established before the Parliament of the Irish Free State has been constituted in pursuance of the said Articles:

And whereas by the Provisional Government (Transfer of Functions) Order, 1922, being an Order in Council made under the Irish Free State (Agreement) Act, 1922, the administrative powers in relation to certain matters which under the Government of Ireland Act, 1920, would have been exercisable by the Council of Ireland have been transferred to the Provisional Government as respects Southern Ireland:

And whereas it is necessary to make provision for postponing the coming into operation of the provisions of the Government of Ireland Act, 1920, as so modified with respect to the powers of the Council of Ireland and for the exercise of certain of those powers in Northern Ireland in the meantime.

And whereas the said powers include powers which are now exercisable in Northern Ireland by the Department of Agriculture and Technical Instruction for Ireland:

Now, therefore, His Majesty is pleased, by and with the advice of His Privy Council, to order, and it is hereby ordered, as follows:—

1. The appointed day for the purposes of the provisions of the Government of Ireland Act, 1920, with respect to the powers of the Council of Ireland shall, as respects Northern Ireland, be such day as may hereafter be fixed by Order in Council, not being earlier than the day of the first meeting of the Parliament of the Irish Free State.

2. Until the appointed day any powers in Northern Ireland of the Department of Agriculture and Technical Instruction for Ireland which after the appointed day would be exercisable by the Council of Ireland shall be exercisable by the Chief Secretary or, if that office ceases to exist, by a Secretary of State, but without prejudice to any arrangement that may be made under section sixty-three of the said Act for the exercise thereof by departments and officers of the Government of Northern Ireland:

Provided that this article shall cease to have effect on the expiration of the month mentioned in the said Articles of Agreement, if no such

address as is mentioned in Article 12 of the said Articles has been presented before the expiration of the said month.

3.—(1) This Order may be cited as the Provisional Government (Council of Ireland) Order, 1922.

(2) The Interpretation Act, 1889, applies to the interpretation of this Order in like manner as it applies to the interpretation of an Act of Parliament.

Almeric FitzRoy.

At the Court at *Windsor Castle*, the 1st day of *April*, 1922.

PRESENT,

The KING'S Most Excellent Majesty in Council

WHEREAS by section sixty-nine of the Government of Ireland Act, 1920, His Majesty is empowered by Order in Council to make such regulations as seem necessary or proper for setting in motion the Parliaments and Governments of Southern and Northern Ireland, and also for any other matter for which it seems to His Majesty necessary or proper to make provision for the purpose of bringing the said Act into full operation or for giving full effect to any of the provisions of the said Act, and in particular His Majesty is empowered, amongst other things, by any such Order in Council:—

(1) To make such adaptations of any enactments so far as they relate to Ireland as may appear to him necessary or proper in order to give effect to the provisions of the said Act; and also to make any adaptations of any enactments so far as they relate to England or Scotland as may appear to him necessary or proper as a consequence or any change effected by the provisions of the said Act; and

(2) To make provision with respect to the transfer and apportionment of any property, assets, rights, and liabilities in connection with Irish services:

And whereas for the purposes of the provisions of the said Act relating to the transfer of services, the first day of February, nineteen hundred and twenty-two, has been fixed as the appointed day as respects Northern Ireland in relation to Irish services in connection with Education, Science and Art, and Technical Instruction, but no day has yet been fixed for the purposes aforesaid as respects Southern Ireland:

And whereas the provisions of Section 1 of the Rules Publication Act, 1893, have been complied with:

Now, therefore, His Majesty is pleased, by and with the advice of His Privy Council, to order, and it is hereby ordered, as follows:—

1.—(1) This Order may be cited as the Government of Ireland (Educational Enactments, &c.) Order, 1922.

(2) In this Order the expression "appointed day" means the first day of February, nineteen hundred and twenty-two, and the expression "the Ministry" means the Ministry of Education for Northern Ireland.

(3) The Interpretation Act, 1889, applies to the interpretation of this Order in like manner as it applies to the interpretation of an Act of Parliament.

2.—(1) As from the appointed day the enactments hereinafter mentioned shall have effect subject to the modifications and adaptations set out in this Order, save where inconsistent with the Government of Ireland Act, 1920, or the provisions of any subsequent Order in Council under that Act, and subject as respects matters within the powers of the Parliament of Northern Ireland to repeal or alteration by Acts of that Parliament.

(2) Subject to the express modifications and adaptations made by this Order, the General Adaptation of Enactments (Northern Ireland) Order, 1921, and any other Order made under the said Act containing adaptations of general application, shall, if and so far as they are applicable to the enactments adapted by this Order, apply thereto in like manner as to other enactments.

(3) The modifications and adaptations made by this Order shall apply to any order, scheme, rule, regulation or instrument made or issued under any of the enactments so modified or adapted and in force immediately before the appointed day, in like manner as they apply to the enactment under which it was made or issued, and any such order, scheme, rule, regulation or instrument shall continue in force in like manner and subject to the like powers of revocation and alteration as if it had been made or issued under the said enactment as so modified and adapted.

3. The National School Teachers (Ireland) Act, 1879, in its application to Northern Ireland shall be subject to the following adaptations:—

(a) A reference to a fund to be called the Pension Fund (Northern Ireland) shall be substituted for any reference to the Pension Fund, and there shall be transferred to the first-mentioned fund so much of the last-mentioned fund as may be apportioned to the Government of Northern Ireland as the share of Northern Ireland therein.

(b) In lieu of the payments directed to be made by section three of the said Act there shall be paid to the Pension Fund (Northern Ireland) such moneys as may be directed by the Parliament of Northern Ireland.

(c) A reference to the Ministry of Finance for Northern Ireland shall be substituted for any reference to the Commissioners for the Reduction of the National Debt, and the said Ministry of Finance may invest the Pension Fund (Northern Ireland) in any securities in which trustees are by law authorized to invest trust funds.

(d) Section three, section five (except so much thereof as relates to accounts and balance sheets), and sections seven and eight of the said Act shall cease to have effect.

4.—(1) Any orders, schemes, rules, regulations, or instruments made or issued by the Commissioners of National Education in Ireland in the exercise of powers conferred upon them otherwise than by enactment, and in force immediately before the appointed day, shall, so far as they relate to Irish services in Northern Ireland, continue in force in Northern Ireland in like manner and subject to the like powers of revocation and alteration as if they had been made or issued by the Ministry, and the adaptations and modifications made by this Order shall so far as applicable

able apply to any such order, scheme, rule, regulation, or instrument in like manner as if it had been made or issued under an enactment.

(2) In any deed, contract or other document relating to a National School in Northern Ireland, references to the Commissioners of National Education in Ireland shall, unless the context otherwise requires, be construed as references to the Ministry.

5. The enactments hereinafter in this Article mentioned shall, in their application to Northern Ireland, be subject to the following adaptations respectively:—

(a) In section five of the Intermediate Education (Ireland) Act, 1878, and in section one of the Intermediate Education (Ireland) Act, 1914, there shall be substituted for the words "in Ireland" the words "in Northern Ireland";

(b) For the purposes of the Intermediate Education (Ireland) Act, 1914, there shall be a separate Registration Council for Northern Ireland, and a separate Register of Intermediate School Teachers in Northern Ireland;

(c) Every Intermediate School Teacher who immediately before the appointed day is registered or provisionally registered under the last-mentioned Act shall in Northern Ireland be deemed to have been registered or provisionally registered, as the case may be, in the Register of Intermediate School Teachers in Northern Ireland;

(d) References in the Intermediate Education (Ireland) Acts, 1878 to 1914, and in section ten of the Irish Universities Act, 1908, to funds at the disposal of the Intermediate Education Board for Ireland shall be construed as referring to any funds which may be placed at the disposal of the Ministry by the Parliament or Government of Northern Ireland;

(e) Section three of the Intermediate Education (Ireland) Act, 1900, and section two of the Intermediate Education (Ireland) Act, 1913, shall cease to have effect.

6. Where any scheme framed under the Educational Endowments (Ireland) Act, 1865, contains, in pursuance of section eighteen of that Act, provisions for the alteration of the scheme from time to time by the Commissioners of Charitable Donations and Bequests for Ireland, the scheme may, in so far as it relates to matters with respect to which the Parliament of Northern Ireland has power to make laws, be altered by the Ministry of Finance for Northern Ireland after consultation with the Ministry.

7.—(1) The Agriculture and Technical Instruction (Ireland) Act, 1899, in its application to Northern Ireland shall be subject to the following adaptations:—

(a) References to the Department of Agriculture and Technical Instruction for Ireland, other than references in sections two and twenty-nine of the said Act, shall be construed as references to the Ministry;

(b) The definition of the expression "technical instruction" contained in section thirty shall be construed as if the words "out of moneys provided by the Parliament of Northern Ireland" were substituted for the words "by the Department".

(c) Sections one, four, six, seven, ten, thirteen, fifteen and sixteen, sections twenty to twenty-four, section twenty-seven, and (except so far as it relates to rules and regulations) section twenty-eight, shall cease to have effect.

(2) The adaptations effected by this Article shall not apply to the enactments mentioned therein, so far as they relate to agriculture and other rural industries, or any matters with respect to which the Parliament of Northern Ireland have not power to make laws.

8. The Irish Universities Act, 1908, in its application to Northern Ireland shall have effect, subject to the following adaptations:—

(a) the annual sum of ten thousand pounds which, in pursuance of subsection (1) of section seven, is payable to the Queen's University of Belfast shall be payable out of such moneys as may be provided for the purpose by the Parliament of Northern Ireland instead of out of the property mentioned in section one of the Royal University of Ireland Act, 1881:

(b) for the payment directed to be made pursuant to subsection (2) of section seven to the Queen's University of Belfast there shall be substituted the payment directed to be made by subsection (3) of section sixty-four of the Government of Ireland Act, 1920.

Almeric FitzRoy.

TRADE BOARDS.

THE RETAIL BESPOKE TAILORING TRADES, NORTHERN IRELAND.

Regulations, dated 31st March, 1922, made by the Ministry of Labour for Northern Ireland under Section 11 of the Trade Boards Act, 1909 (9 Edw. 7, c. 22), with respect to the Constitution and Proceedings of the Trade Board for the Retail Bespoke Tailoring Trade (Northern Ireland).

THE Ministry of Labour for Northern Ireland, in pursuance of the powers conferred on the Ministry by Section 11 of the Trade Boards Act, 1909, and of every other power hereunto enabling it, hereby makes the annexed Regulations:—

1. A Trade Board shall be established in Northern Ireland for the trade specified in the Trade Boards (Tailoring) Order, 1919, and set out in the Schedule to these Regulations.

2. The Trade Board shall consist of not less than 15 and not more than 19 persons, of whom one shall be Chairman and the remainder representative members. The representative members shall be members representing employers and workers, respectively, in equal number.

3. The Chairman shall be appointed by the Ministry of Labour from among the members of the Trade Board.

4. The selection and appointment of representative members shall be as follows, due regard being paid to the representation of the various branches of the trade and of the various districts in which the trade is carried on:—

(a) Seven members representing employers in the trade shall be appointed by the Ministry of Labour.

(b) Seven members representing workers in the trade shall be appointed by the Ministry of Labour.

5. The Ministry of Labour may, if the Ministry thinks it necessary in order to secure proper representation of any class or classes of employers or workers, after giving the Trade Board an opportunity to be heard, appoint additional representative members to serve upon the Trade Board. The number of such additional representative members shall always be an even number, not exceeding four in all. Half shall be representatives of employers and half shall be representatives of workers.

6. Any member representing employers who ceases to be an employer and becomes a worker at the trade shall vacate his seat. Any member representing workers who becomes an employer in the trade shall vacate his seat. The question of fact shall in each case be determined by the Ministry of Labour.

7. If, in the opinion of the Ministry of Labour, any member shall be incapable of acting as a member of the Trade Board, the Ministry of Labour may determine his appointment, and he shall thereupon vacate his seat.

8. Subject to the provisions of paragraphs 5, 6, and 7, the term of office of a representative member shall be three months, provided that

(a) a member appointed to fill a casual vacancy shall sit for the unexpired portion of the term of office of his predecessor, and

(b) A seat rendered vacant by effluxion of time shall be temporarily occupied by the retiring member until a successor is appointed.

9. Subject to the provisions of Paragraph 7, the term of office of a Chairman shall be three months, provided that

(a) a Chairman appointed to fill a casual vacancy shall sit for the unexpired portion of the term of office of his predecessor, and

(b) the office of Chairman rendered vacant by effluxion of time shall be occupied by the retiring Chairman until a successor is appointed.

10. Any person vacating his seat on the Trade Board under any of the preceding paragraphs or for any other reason shall be eligible for re-appointment as a member of the Trade Board; and a Chairman vacating his office under any of the preceding paragraphs or for any other reason shall be eligible for re-appointment.

11. A vacancy among members shall be filled in the same manner as in the case of the original appointment to the vacated seat.

12. Every member of the Trade Board shall have one vote. If at any meeting of the Board the numbers of members present representing employers and workers, respectively, are unequal, it shall be open to the side which is in the majority to arrange that one or more of its members shall refrain from voting, so as to preserve equality. Failing such an arrangement, the Chairman may, if he thinks it desirable, adjourn the voting on any question to another meeting of the Board.

13, The Trade Board shall continue in existence until dissolved by order of the Ministry of Labour.

14. The Trade Board may be known under the short title of "The Retail Bespoke Tailoring Trade Board (Northern Ireland)."

15. Any question upon the construction or interpretation of these Regulations shall, in the event of dispute, be referred to the Ministry of Labour for decision.

Given under the Official Seal of the Ministry of Labour for Northern Ireland this thirty-first day of March, in the year One Thousand Nine Hundred and Twenty-two.

H. CONACHER,

Assistant Secretary of the
Ministry of Labour for
Northern Ireland.

L.S.

SCHEDULE.

The Retail Bespoke Tailoring Trade, that is to say:—

Those branches of men's, women's, boys' and girls' bespoke tailoring in which the tailor supplies the garments direct to the individual wearer and employs the worker direct.

A worker shall be deemed to be employed by the tailor direct if employed by another worker in the employ of the tailor to whom a minimum rate of wages fixed under the Trade Boards Acts is applicable, or if employed by a subcontractor engaged in cutting, making or finishing garments exclusively for the tailor in the tailors' shop or in a building of which the shop forms part, or to which the shop is attached:

Including:—

(1) (a) the altering, repairing, renovating or remaking of men's, boys' and girls' tailored garments where carried out for the individual wearer by a tailor who employs the worker direct, as defined above;

(b) the cleaning of such garments where carried on in association with or in conjunction with the repairing, renovating or remaking of the garments;

(2) the lining with fur of the above-mentioned garments where carried out in association with or in conjunction with the making of such garments;

(3) all processes of embroidery or decorative needlework where carried out in association with or in conjunction with the above-mentioned branches of tailoring;

(4) the packing and all other operations incidental to or appertaining to any of the above-mentioned branches of tailoring;

But excluding:—

(1) all or any of the above-mentioned operations where carried on in a factory where garments are made up for three or more retail establishments;

(2) the making of head-gear.

RETAIL BESPOKE TAILORING TRADE BOARD (NORTHERN IRELAND).

APPOINTMENTS OF CHAIRMAN AND SECRETARY.

THE Ministry of Labour for Northern Ireland hereby gives notice that

Mr. S. Reid, B.A.,
64 Donegall Street,
Belfast,

has been appointed Chairman of the Retail Bespoke Tailoring Trade Board for Northern Ireland and

Mr. T. J. Kinnear, B.L., O.B.E.,
Ministry of Labour,
Belfast,

has been appointed Secretary of the said Board.

C. CONACHER,
Assistant Secretary,

Ministry of Labour for Northern Ireland,
1st April, 1922.

TRADE BOARDS ACTS, 1909 and 1918.

READYMADE AND WHOLESALE BESPOKE TAILORING TRADE BOARD (NORTHERN IRELAND).

THE Trade Board established in Ireland under and in pursuance of Trade Boards Act, 1909, for certain branches of the Readymade and Wholesale Bespoke Tailoring Trade, having, as required by Regulations made by the Minister of Labour under Section 18 of the Trade Boards Act, 1909, dated 31st October, 1918, given due Notice on the 15th and 18th of November, 1921, of Proposal to Vary and to Fix minimum rates of wages;

The Trade Board established in Northern Ireland under the powers vested in the Ministry of Labour for Northern Ireland, in pursuance of Section 8 of the Government of Ireland Act, 1920, and the Enactments modified and adapted by the Government of Ireland (Adaptation of Enactments) (No. 3) Order, 1921, and any other Order of His Majesty in Council made under the said Act of 1920, for those Branches of the Readymade and Wholesale Bespoke Tailoring Trade specified in the Regulations of the said Ministry dated 2nd January, 1922, hereby give notice that they have varied and fixed certain Minimum Rates of Wages.

The last-mentioned Trade Board have further given Notice that they have received notification that an Order was made by the Minister of Labour for Northern Ireland on the 24th day of March, 1922, under Section 4 (2) of the Trade Boards Act, 1918, confirming Minimum Rates as Varied and as Fixed by the Trade Board as aforesaid and specifying the 3rd day of April, 1922, as the date from which such Minimum Rates of Wages should become effective.

On request of the Trade Board, particulars of the Minimum Rates and information as to their application will be given if, in the opinion of the Trade Board, the applicant is likely to be affected thereby.

Dated this third day of April, 1922.

Signed by Order of the Trade Board,

T. J. KINNEAR,
Secretary.

Office of Trade Boards (Northern Ireland),
Grand Central Hotel, Belfast.

TRADE BOARDS ACTS, 1909 and 1918.

SHIRT-MAKING TRADE BOARD
(NORTHERN IRELAND).

THE Trade Board established in Ireland under and in pursuance of Trade Boards Act, 1909, for certain branches of the Shirt-making Trade, having, as required by Regulations made by the Minister of Labour under Section 18 of the Trade Boards Act, 1909, dated 31st October, 1918, given due Notice on the 8th day of November, 1921, of Proposal to Vary Minimum rates of wages;

The Trade Board established in Northern Ireland under the powers vested in the Ministry of Labour for Northern Ireland, in pursuance of Section 8 of the Government of Ireland Act, 1920, and the Enactments modified and adapted by the Government of Ireland (Adaptation of Enactments) (No. 3) Order, 1921, and any other Order of His Majesty in Council made under the said Act of 1920, for those branches of the Shirt-making Trade specified in the Regulations of the said Ministry dated 2nd January, 1922; hereby give Notice that they have varied certain Minimum Rates of Wages.

The last-mentioned Trade Board have further given Notice that they have received notification that an Order was made by the Minister of Labour for Northern Ireland on the 6th day of March, 1922, under Section 4 (2) of the Trade Boards Act, 1918, confirming Minimum Rates as Varied by the Trade Board as aforesaid and specifying the 1st day of April, 1922, as the date from which Minimum Rates of Wages should become effective.

On request of the Trade Board, particulars of the Minimum Rates and information as to their application will be given if, in the opinion of the Trade Board, the applicant is likely to be affected thereby.

Dated this third day of April, 1922.

Signed by Order of the Trade Board,

T. J. KINNEAR,

Secretary.

Office of Trade Boards (Northern Ireland),
Grand Central Hotel, Belfast.

PUBLIC NOTICE.

RAILWAY RATES TRIBUNAL.

NOTICE is hereby given that the constituent Companies in the Railway Groups have, in pursuance of Section 42 of the Railways Act, 1921, submitted to the Railway Rates Tribunal.

PROPOSED STANDARD TERMS AND
CONDITIONS OF CARRIAGE

BY MERCHANDISE TRAIN.

- (1) Of Merchandise at Ordinary rates (Company's Risk) and at Owner's Risk, respectively.
- (2) Of Live Stock at Ordinary rates (Company's Risk) and at Owner's Risk, respectively.
- (3) Of damageable goods not properly protected by packing.
- (4) Of Coal, Coke, Breeze and Patent Fuel.

BY PASSENGER TRAIN.

- (5) Of Perishable goods.
- (6) Of Milk.

(7) Of Merchandise at Ordinary rates (Company's Risk) and Owner's Risk respectively and merchandise which is accepted at Owner's Risk only.

(8) Live Stock.

(9) Damageable goods not properly protected by packing.

Copies of the proposals can be obtained from the Secretary, Railway Clearing House, Seymour Street, Euston Square, London, N.W.1, price 1/- post free.

Parties entitled under Section 43 of the Act to be heard upon the consideration of the proposals are "Any Representative Body of Traders who may desire to be heard or any person who may obtain a certificate from the Board of Trade that he is, in the opinion of the Board of Trade, a proper person for the purpose, and any other Party whom they" (the Railway Rates Tribunal) "consider entitled to be heard." As to the meaning of the words "Any Representative Body of Traders" attention is directed to Section 78, Sub-sections (1) and (2) of the Railways Act, 1921, which are as follows:—

"78.—(1) Where under this Act an application may be made by a representative body of traders, or by a body of persons representative of trade or a locality, the application may be made by any of the following authorities or bodies:—

(a) any harbour board, or conservancy authority, the common council of the City of London, or the council of any county or borough or district, or

(b) any such association of traders or freighters, or chamber of commerce, shipping, or agriculture as may obtain a certificate from the Board of Trade, that it is in the opinion of the Board of Trade a proper body to make such an application.

(2) Subject as in this section provided, no company, body, or person not directly interested in the subject-matter of any application shall be entitled to make such application."

Any such body or person as above desiring to be heard must obtain from the Secretary of the Railway Rates Tribunal, at the address given below, a form of objection and after filling in the terms of their or his objection, lodge the same with the Secretary on or before the 16th day of May, 1922.

The Railway Rates Tribunal is willing to consider objections with the Traders' Co-ordinating Committee, C/o the Federation of British Industries, 39 St. James' Street, London, S.W. 1, may lodge on its own behalf, and persons interested may put themselves in communication with that Body to bring to its notice any matter which they consider should be incorporated in the objections of the Co-ordinating Committee.

Notice will be given later of the date fixed for the consideration by the Railway Rates Tribunal of the terms and conditions.

By Order of the Railway Rates Tribunal.

S. J. PAGE,

Secretary.

28th March, 1922.

Railway Rates Tribunal,

2 Clement's Inn,

Strand, London, W.C. 2.

**COMBER GAS LIGHT COMPANY,
LIMITED.**

NOTICE is hereby given that at an Extraordinary General Meeting of the above-named Company, held at the Gas Works, Comber, Co. Down, on the 30th day of March, 1922, the following Extraordinary Resolution was passed, viz.:-

"That it has been proved to the satisfaction of the Company that the Company cannot by reason of its liabilities continue its business, and that it is advisable to wind up the same, and accordingly that the Company be wound up voluntarily under the provisions of the Companies (Consolidation) Act, 1908."

Dated this 30th day of March, 1922.

H. PERCY ANDREWS,
Chairman.

**IRISH LAND COMMISSION.
ESTATES COMMISSIONERS.**

Record No. E.C. 8135.

Estate of Roger Hall, continued in the name of Roger Hall (the younger), devisee and legatee named in the Will of the said Roger Hall, deceased, of the lands for Sale herein and of the Purchase Money thereof.

County Down.

TAKE Notice that the said Roger Hall (the younger), claiming as devisee and legatee, as aforesaid, is proceeding to sell his Estate at Clonallan Glebe, in the Barony of Iveagh Upper (Upper Half), and County of Down, to the Tenants thereof and other persons in fee-simple, reserving thereout to the Irish Land Commission the exclusive right of mining and taking minerals and digging and searching for minerals on or under the said Estate. And that the Land Commission intend, without any further investigation of title, within fourteen days from this date, unless some valid reason is shown in the meantime why they should not do so, to deal with the said Roger Hall (the younger) as the owner of the said lands for all purposes other than the distribution of the Purchase Money or the payment of any percentage out of the Land Purchase Aid Fund established under the Irish Land Act, 1903.

(Signed), F. SCALES.

By Order of the Estates Commissioners.
Dated this 7th day of April, 1922.

N.B.—Any person interested in the Estate will, on application at the Office of the Estates Commissioners, be furnished with information as to the amount of the Purchase Money of the several Holdings on the Estate.

**IRISH LAND COMMISSION.
ESTATES COMMISSIONERS.**

Record No. E.C. 8837 (No. 4).

Estate of the Most Honourable John Henry, Marquis of Ely.

County Fermanagh.

WHEREAS, on the Sale of the above Estate, it is proposed that an advance shall be made by

the Irish Land Commission to the Tenant named in the following Schedule.

And whereas such proposed advance does not comply with the provisions of Section I, ss. (1), of the Irish Land Act, 1903.

Notice is hereby given that on Thursday, the 20th day of April, 1922, at 12 o'clock noon, the Estates Commissioners will, at 23 Upper Merion Street, Dublin, consider such proposed advance, and will hear any application that may be made by or on behalf of any person interested in the said Estate with reference to the same and will then determine whether they are satisfied with the security and whether the proposed price is equitable having regard to the interests of all such persons as aforesaid.

SCHEDULE.

Townland	Barony	Tenant	Judicial Rent	Date when fixed	Purchase Money and Advance
Sruhanure	Magheraboy	John Campbell	£ s d 8 11 0	19/6 1899	£ 140

(Signed), F. SCALES.

Dated this 7th day of April, 1922.

N.B.—If you have no objection to the proposed price it is not necessary for you to attend.

FINAL NOTICE TO CLAIMANTS AND INCUMBRANCERS.

COURT OF THE IRISH LAND COMMISSION.

LAND PURCHASE ACTS.

Record No. E.C. 7244.

Estate of Viscount Bangor.

County of Down.

TAKE NOTICE that the Final Schedule of Incumbrances affecting the proceeds of the sale of the Lands comprised in the First Schedule to the Originating Application herein, parts of which have been sold and the residue of which it is contemplated selling under the above Acts in fee-simple, has been lodged in the Examiners' Office of this Court at the Four Courts, Dublin, and may be there inspected together with the said Originating Application; and that the 2nd day of May, 1922, has been fixed as the last day on which claims or other objection to the said Schedule of Incumbrances may be lodged, the 5th day of May, 1922, for proof of claims before the Examiner, and the 9th day of May, 1922, for distribution of the purchase money by the Judicial Commissioner.

Dated the 31st day of March, 1922.

W. JEFFREY WHITE,
Examiner.

CRAWFORD & LOCKHART, Solicitors
for the said Viscount Bangor, 8 Anglesea Street, Dublin.

IN THE MATTER OF THE RULES PUBLICATION ACT, 1893, AND THE ELECTRICITY (SUPPLY) ACT, 1919.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Electricity Commissioners intend, in pursuance of the powers conferred upon them by Section 34 of the Electricity (Supply) Act, 1919, to make Rules in relation to the payment of costs and expenses of the Commissioners of and incident to or arising out of any inquiry held or inspection made by them or on their behalf or any application or proceedings before them.

Copies of the draft Rules can be purchased, either directly, or through any bookseller, from His Majesty's Stationery Office, at the following addresses:—

Imperial House, Kingsway, London, W.C. 2,
37 Peter Street Manchester; 1 St. Andrew's
Crescent, Cardiff: 23 Forth Street, Edin-
burgh: or from Eason & Son, Ltd., of 40
and 41 Lower Sackville Street, Dublin.

Dated this 31st day of March, 1922.

R. T. G. FRENCH,
Secretary.

Electricity Commission,
Gwydyr House,
Whitehall, S.W. 1.

NOTICE.

COLONIAL STOCK ACT, 1900.

(63 and 64 Vict., c. 62.)

Addition to List of Stocks under Section 2

PURSUANT to Section 2 of the Colonial Stock Act, 1900, the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury hereby give notice that the provisions of the Act have been complied with in respect of the undermentioned Stocks registered or inscribed in the United Kingdom:—

Victoria Government 5½% Inscribed
Stock 1930-40.

The restrictions mentioned in Section 2, Sub-section (2) of the Trustees Act, 1893, apply to the above Stocks (See Colonial Stock Act, 1900, Section 2).

1922. No. 20.

**IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUSTICE IN
NORTHERN IRELAND.**

CHANCERY DIVISION.

Mr. Justice Wilson.

In the Matter of the Companies (Consolidation)
Act, 1908; and

In the Matter of Wallace Bros. (Belfast), Limited.

NOTICE is hereby given that a Scheme of Arrangement between the above-named Company and its unsecured Creditors, under the provisions of Section 120 of the Companies (Consolidation) Act, 1908, was on the 3rd day of April, 1922, sanctioned by the Court, and declared to be binding on all the unsecured Creditors of the Company as at the 20th day of January, 1922.

Copies of the said Order and Scheme of Arrangement may be inspected by any person interested

therein, at the Office of the undermentioned Solicitors for the Company at any time during business hours.

Dated the 6th day of April, 1922.

SHEAN, DICKSON & M'GOWN, Solicitors
for the Petitioners, 16 High Street,
Belfast.

**IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUSTICE IN
NORTHERN IRELAND.**

KING'S BENCH DIVISION.—IN BANKRUPTCY.

SAMUEL ROBINSON, of Mill Row and George Street, Ballymena, in the County of Antrim, Cycle Merchant, was, on the 31st day of March, 1922, adjudged Bankrupt.

Public Sittings will be held before the Court at the Court House, Belfast, on FRIDAY, the 28th day of APRIL, 1922, and on FRIDAY, the 5th day of MAY, 1922, at the hour of Eleven o'clock in the forenoon, whereat the Bankrupt is to attend, and to make a full disclosure and discovery of his Estate and Effects. Creditors may prove their Debts, and at the First Sitting choose a Creditors' Assignee. At the last Sitting the Bankrupt is required to finish his Examination.

All persons having in their possession any Property of the Bankrupt should deliver it, and all Debts due to the Bankrupt should be paid, to Major F. G. Hill, O.B.E., Official Assignee, 86 Donegall Street, Belfast, to whom Creditors may forward their Affidavits of Debt.

ARTHUR J. WEIR, Acting Registrar.

SHEAN, DICKSON & M'GOWN,
Solicitors, 16 High Street, Belfast.

Notice of Audit and Dividend.

**IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUSTICE IN
NORTHERN IRELAND.**

KING'S BENCH DIVISION.—BANKRUPTCY.

In the Matter of JOHN M'COMB, of 32 Berry Street, Belfast, in the County of the City of Belfast, Confectioner and Tobacconist, a Bankrupt.

A Public Sitting will be held before the Court, at the Bankruptcy Court, Belfast, on Friday, the 21st day of April, 1922, at the hour of 11 in the forenoon, to Audit the Assignees Account in this matter.

Dated this 4th day of April, 1922.

ARTHUR J. WEIR, Acting Registrar.

MAJOR FREDERICK G. HILL, O.B.E.,
Official Assignee, 86 Donegall St., Belfast.

GEORGE MILDOWIE & SONS, Solicitors
for the Assignees, 26 Corn Market, Belfast.

Composition after Bankruptcy—Notice of First Meeting.

**IN THE BELFAST LOCAL BANKRUPTCY
COURT.**

In the Matter of ALICE E. SIMPSON, of 36 Manor Street, Donaghadee, in the County of Down, Married Woman, a Bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that a First Meeting of the Creditors will be held in this Matter before the Court, at the Local Bankruptcy Court, Belfast, on Saturday, the 22nd day of April, 1922, at the hour of Eleven o'clock in the forenoon, for the Proof of Debts, and for the purpose of considering the offer of Composition which will then be made by the Bankrupt or her friends pursuant to the Statute.

AN ACCOUNT, pursuant to the Act 8 and 9 Vict., cap. 37, of the Amount of Bank Notes authorized by Law to be issued by the several Banks of Issue in Ireland, and the Average Amount of Bank Notes in circulation, and of Coin held during the four Weeks ended Saturday, the 18th day of March, 1922.

Name and Title as set forth in Licence.	Name of the Firm.	Head Office or Principal Place of Issue.	Circulation authorized by Certificate.	Average Circulation during 4 Weeks ended as above.			Average amount of Coin held during 4 Weeks ended as above.		
				£5 and upwards.	Under £5	Total.	Gold.	Silver.	Total.
The Bank of Ireland	The Governor and Company of the Bank of Ireland.	Dublin	£ 3,738,428	5,246,250	3,296,000	8,542,250	4,894,932	74,787	4,969,719
The Provincial Bank of Ireland, Limited.	The Provincial Bank of Ireland, Limited.	Head Office, Throgmorton Avenue, London.	927,667	1,254,247	628,365	1,880,612	814,170	311,527	1,125,697
The Belfast Banking Company, Limited.	The Belfast Banking Company, Limited.	Belfast.	281,611	926,771	308,612	1,295,383	943,613	267,397	1,211,010
The Northern Banking Company, Limited.	The Northern Banking Company, Limited.	Belfast.	243,440	1,172,959	459,173	1,632,132	1,238,066	225,162	1,463,228
The Ulster Bank, Limited ..	The Ulster Bank, Limited ..	Belfast.	311,079	1,498,431	429,903	1,928,334	1,655,422	68,494	1,723,858
The National Bank, Limited ..	The National Bank, Limited ..	Head Office, 13 Old Broad Street, London.	852,269	2,251,700	786,632	3,038,332	1,933,582	660,140	2,593,722

* This column includes Currency Notes deposited at the Bank of England which, by virtue of Treasury Minutes made under the authority of the Act 4 and 5 Geo. V., ch. 14, are to be treated as coin held by the bank at its head office or principal place of issue.

I hereby certify that each of the Bankers named in the above Return, who have in circulation an amount of Notes beyond that authorized in their Certificate have held an amount of Gold and Silver Coin not less than that which they are required to hold during the period to which this Return relates.

Dated 28th day of March, 1922.

H. BIRTLES,
Registrar of Bank Returns.

At which Meeting, if three-fifths in number and value of the Creditors then assembled, or represented by an Agent authorised in writing, shall agree to accept such offer of Composition, or any modification thereof, a Second Meeting of the Creditors will be appointed for the purpose of deciding upon such offer.

Dated this 1st day of April, 1922.

ARTHUR J. WEIR, Registrar.

The offer of Composition to be made at the said Meeting is a Composition of Two Shillings and Sixpence in the pound on all the Bankrupt's unsecured Debts and Engagements and on so much of her partly secured Debts as may not be fully secured payable in cash within one month from the date of the confirmation of this proposal by the Court or such extended time as the Court may allow.

DAVID M'GONIGAL & SONS, Solicitors
for the said Bankrupt, No. 2 Rosemary
Street, Belfast.

THE BANKRUPTCY IRELAND (AMENDMENT) ACT, 1872.

The Local Bankruptcy (Ireland) Act, 1888.

IN THE BELFAST LOCAL BANKRUPTCY COURT.

CORNELIUS M'LOUGHLIN, of Ballycashone, in the County of Down, Farmer and Mill Owner, was on the 27th day of March, 1922, adjudged Bankrupt.

Public Sittings will be held at the Local Bankruptcy Court, Belfast, on Saturday, the 22nd day of April, 1922, and on Saturday, the 29th day of April, 1922, at the hour of Eleven o'clock forenoon, whereat the Bankrupt is to attend, and to make a full disclosure and discovery of his Estate and Effects. Creditors may prove their Debts, and at the First Sitting choose a Creditors' Assignee. At the Last Sitting the Bankrupt is required to finish his Examination.

All persons having in their possession any Property of the Bankrupt must deliver it, and all Debts due to the Bankrupt must be paid, to Edward Allworthy, Official Assignee, 86 Donegall Street, Belfast, to whom Creditors may forward their Affidavits of Debt.

ROBERT W. M'GONIGAL, Deputy Registrar.

WHEELER & M'CUTCHEON, Solicitors,
2 Wellington Place, Belfast.

In the Matter of ELLIOTT & DUNDEE, Limited.

At an Extraordinary General Meeting of the above-named Company duly convened and held at 7 Donegall Square West, Belfast on the 25th day of March, 1922, the following Extraordinary Resolutions were duly passed:—

- (1) That it has been proved to the satisfaction of this Meeting that the Company cannot by reason of its liabilities continue its business, and that it is advisable to wind up the same, and accordingly that the Company be wound up voluntarily.
- (2) That Mr. H. B. Brandon, of 7 Donegall Square West, Belfast, Chartered Accountant, be appointed Liquidator for the purpose of winding up the affairs of the Company.

Dated this 4th day of April, 1922.

ALEX. DUNDEE, Chairman.

Witness—S. J. DIAMOND, Solicitor,
60 Donegall Street, Belfast.

THE COMPANIES' ACTS, 1908 to 1917:

In the Matter of the COMBER GAS LIGHT COMPANY, LIMITED (in Voluntary Liquidation).

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN pursuant to Section 188 of the Companies (Consolidation) Act, 1908, that a Meeting of the Creditors of the above-named Company will be held at the offices of Messrs. W. T. Graham & Co., Accountants and Auditors, Scottish Temperance Buildings, Donegall Square South, Belfast, on Thursday, the 13th day of April, 1922, at Eleven o'clock in the forenoon, for the purposes provided for in the said Section.

Dated this 3rd day of April, 1922.

W. T. GRAHAM, F.S.A.A., Liquidator.
SHEAN, DICKSON & M'GOWN,
Solicitors for the Liquidator, 16
High Street, Belfast.

In the Matter of THE COMPANIES ACTS,
1908 to 1917, and

In the Matter of ELLIOTT & DUNDEE, Limited.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN in pursuance of the provisions of Section 188 of the Companies' (Consolidation) Act, 1908, that a Meeting of the Creditors of the above-named Company will be held at the Offices of Messrs. Brandon, Rawlinson & Co., Chartered Accountants, Scottish Provident Buildings, 7 Donegall Square West, Belfast, on Thursday, the 13th day of April, 1922, at 12 o'clock noon, for the purposes provided for in the said Section.

Dated this 31st day of March, 1922.

H. B. BRANDON, Liquidator.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Partnership which has for some time past been carried on by ROBERT BROWN ADAMS and JOHN ADAMS under the style or firm of Adams & Co., at Church Street, Coleraine, in the trade or business of Drapers, was this day dissolved by mutual consent, and that the said business will henceforth be carried on by the said John Adams alone under the style of Adams & Co., in the said premises and all Debts due by the said firm will be discharged by him, and all Debts payable to the said firm are payable to him.

As Witness our hands this 4th day of April, 1922.

Signed by the said ROBERT BROWN ADAMS
and JOHN ADAMS
in presence of
H. A. ANDERSON, } ROBERT B. ADAMS.
Solicitor, Coleraine. } JOHN ADAMS.

STATUTORY NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

In the Goods of REBECCA M'KINSTRY, late of Laganview Cottage, Aghalee, in the County of Antrim, Spinster, Deceased.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, pursuant to Statute 22 and 23 Vic., cap. 35, that all persons claiming to be Creditors against or otherwise interested in the Estate of the above-named Rebecca M'Kinstry, who died on the 28th day of February, 1922, and whose Will, with three Codicils thereto attached, was proved in the Principal Registry of the High Court of Justice in Northern Ireland, King's Bench Division (Probate) on the 31st day of March, 1922, to William M'ildowie, of 26 Corn Market, Belfast, Solicitor, and William M'Conkey, of Upper Ballinderry, in the County of Antrim, Farmer, Executors therein named are hereby requested to send particulars (in writing) of their claims or demands to us the undersigned Solicitors for the said Executors, on or before the 15th day of May, 1922, after which date the said Executors will proceed to distribute the assets of said deceased against the persons entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims and demands of which they shall then have had Notice, and they will not be liable to a Creditor of said Estate or any part thereof, or any person or persons, claims or demands, of which they shall not then have had Notice.

Dated this 5th day of April, 1922.

GEORGE M'ILDOWIE & SONS, Solicitors
for the Executors, 26 Corn Market, Belfast.

STATUTORY NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

In the Goods of ALEXANDER McMULLAN, late of Red House, Cloughy, in the County of Down, Farmer and Merchant, deceased.

NOTICE is hereby given pursuant to the Statute 22 and 23 Vic., Cap. 35, that all persons claiming to be Creditors of or otherwise to have any claims or demands against the estate or effects of the above-named Alexander McMullan, late of Red House, Cloughy, in the County of Down, Farmer and Merchant, deceased, who died on or about the 12th day of September, 1921, are hereby required on or before the 5th day of May, 1922, to furnish the particulars of such claims or demands (in writing) to the undersigned, being the Solicitor for the Executors of the last Will and Testament of said deceased, to whom Probate was granted for of the Principal Registry of the King's Bench Division (Probate) of the High Court of Justice in Northern Ireland, on the 24th day of March, 1922.

And Notice is hereby further given that after the said 5th day of May, 1922, the said Executors will proceed to distribute the assets of the said deceased amongst the persons entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims or demands of which they shall then have had notice as above.

Dated this 4th day of April, 1922.

JOHN MCKEE, Solicitor for the Executors,
106 Ann Street, Belfast.

NOTICE OF CHARITABLE BEQUESTS.

In the Goods of REBECCA M'KINSTRY, late of Laganview Cottage, Aghalee, in the County of Antrim, Spinster, deceased.

NOTICE is hereby given, pursuant to Statute 30 and 31 Vic., cap. 54, that the said Rebecca M'Kinstry by her Will dated the 14th day of September, 1917, to which were attached three Codicils, dated respectively the 5th day of August, 1919, 15th day of July, 1920, and 21st day of December, 1921, appointed William M'ildowie, of Belfast, Solicitor, and William M'Conkey, of Upper Ballinderry, County Antrim, Farmer, her Executors.

And Testatrix bequeathed to the Treasurer for the time being of the Church of Ireland, Ballinderry (the Rev. Mr. Minchens), £200.

To the Treasurer for the time being of the Church of Ireland at Soldierstown, Aghalee, the sum of £150.

And Testatrix left and bequeathed her Residuary Estate to the Trustees and Executors appointed by her said Will in Trust to pay and distribute same amongst all the legatees including the above recited bequests.

The said Testatrix died on the 28th day of February, 1922 without having altered or revoked her said Will or Codicils, and the same were duly proved by her said Executors on the 31st day of March, 1922, in the Principal Registry of the High Court of Justice in Northern Ireland, King's Bench Division (Probate).

Dated this 5th day of April, 1922.

GEORGE M'ILDOWIE & SONS, Solicitors
for said Executors, 26 Corn Market,
Belfast.

To the Commissioners of Charitable Bequests and Donations in Northern Ireland, and all others concerned.

NOTICE OF CHARITABLE BEQUESTS.

In the Goods of JAMES CROSSIN, late of Massereene Villa, Lisburn, in the County of Antrim, Gentleman, deceased.

NOTICE is hereby given, pursuant to Statute 30 and 31 Vic., cap. 54, that the said James Crossin by his Will dated the 21st day of August, 1917, and one Codicil thereto, dated the 27th day of January, 1922, appointed Elizabeth Jane Crossin, of Massereene Villa, William Robert Oakman, of Oakhill, James Moore Mack, of Parkmount, and Rev. Robert Wilson Hamilton, all of Lisburn, in the County of Antrim, his Trustees and Executors.

And Testator bequeathed to the Sabbath School in connection with the Second Presbyterian Church, Railway Street, Lisburn, £100.

And Testator bequeathed the residue of his Trust Estate in the following proportions:—

To the Orphan Society in connection with the Presbyterian Church in Ireland five-fourteenths thereof to be invested by the Trustees for the time being of said Mission, and the annual income to be

applied by the Trustees of said Society for the benefit of said Society;

To the Foreign Missions in connection with the Presbyterian Church in Ireland five-fourteenths thereof to be invested by the Trustees for the time being of said Mission, and the annual income to be applied by the Trustees of said Mission for the benefit of said Mission;

To the Sustentation Fund in connection with the Presbyterian Church in Ireland two-fourteenths; and

To the Weak Congregation Fund of the General Assembly of the Presbyterian Church in Ireland two-fourteenths.

And by said Codicil he bequeathed to the Widows' Fund of the Presbyterian Church in Ireland £500.

And said Testator died on the 30th day of January, 1922, without having altered or revoked his said Will and Codicil, and same were duly proved by the said Executors on the 31st day of March, 1922, in the Principal Registry of the High Court of Justice in Northern Ireland, King's Bench Division (Probate).

Dated this 5th day of April, 1922.

GEORGE M'ILDOWIE & SONS, Solicitors
for said Executors, 26 Corn Market,
Belfast.

To the Commissioners of Charitable Donations and Bequests in Northern Ireland, and all others concerned.

NOTICE OF CHARITABLE BEQUESTS.

In the Goods of WILLIAM BLAKELY ABERNETHY, late of Ballycreely, Moneyrea, Comber, in the County of Down, Farmer, deceased.

NOTICE is hereby given pursuant to the Statute 30 and 31 Vic., Cap. 54, that the above-named William Blakely Abernethy, who died at Ballycreely, Moneyrea, Comber, aforesaid, on the 9th day of February, 1922, by his Will dated the 6th day of September, 1919, made the following Charitable Bequest, namely:—

"To Moneyrea Unitarian Congregation One Hundred Pounds, the income of said sum to be devoted in the first instance to the upkeep of deceased's burial-ground, and the balance of said income (if any) to be devoted for the benefit of said congregation, as the Trustees thereof think right."

Probate of said Will was granted to the Executors therein named, on the 20th day of April, 1922, forth of the Principal Registry of the High Court of Justice in Northern Ireland, King's Bench Division (Probate).

Dated this 29th day of March, 1922.

F. J. Orr, Solicitor for the Executors, 130
Stephen's Green W. Dublin; and 47
Chester Street, Belfast, and Comber.

To the Commissioners of Charitable Donations and Bequests, and all others concerned.

NOTICE OF CHARITABLE BEQUESTS.

In the Goods of ALEXANDER McMULLAN, late of Red House, Cloughy, County Down, Farmer and Merchant, deceased.

NOTICE is hereby given pursuant to the Statute 30 and 31 Vic., Cap. 54, that the above-named Alexander McMullan, who died at Red House, Cloughy, aforesaid, on the 12th day of September, 1921, by his Will dated the 5th day of September, 1921, bequeathed the sum of £500 to each of the Treasurers for the time being of the Cloughy Presbyterian Congregation, Kircubbin Presbyterian Congregation, and Portaferry Presbyterian Congregation, said sums so bequeathed to be invested, and the interest accruing therefrom to be used for the benefit of the said Congregations as the Committee of each Congregation shall think necessary.

Probate of the said Will was granted in solemn form of Law to Alexander Kirkpatrick, of Red House, Cloughy, retired Farmer, and John M'Fadden, of Gwanslaw, Kircubbin, Farmer, both in the County of Down; the Executors therein named, on the 24th day of March, 1922, forth of the Principal Registry of the High Court of Justice in Northern Ireland, King's Bench Division (Probate).

Dated this 4th day of April, 1922.

JOHN MCKEE, Solicitor for the Executors,
106 Ann Street, Belfast.

To the Secretary, Ministry of Finance, Northern Ireland, and all whom it may concern.

The Belfast Gazette,

Published by Authority,

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Friday, April 7, 1922.

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