

and plurality of voices of the Peers that shall be then present, and of the proxies of such as shall be absent (such proxies being Peers and producing a mandate in writing duly signed before witnesses, and both the constituent and proxy being qualified according to law): and the Lord Clerk Register, or the two Principal Clerks of the Session appointed by him to officiate in his name, are hereby respectively required to attend such meeting, and to administer the oaths required by law to be taken there by the said Peers, and to take their votes; and immediately after such election made and duly examined, to certify the names of the Sixteen Peers so elected, and to sign and attest the same in the presence of the said Peers, the electors, and return such certificate into Our High Court of Chancery of Great Britain: and We do, by this Our Royal Proclamation, strictly command and require the Provost of Edinburgh, and all other the Magistrates of the said city, to take especial care to preserve the peace thereof during the time of the said election, and to prevent all manner of riots, tumults, disorders, and violence whatsoever: and We strictly charge and command that this Our Royal Proclamation be duly published at the Market Cross at Edinburgh, and in all the county towns of Scotland, ten days at least before the time hereby appointed for the meeting of the said Peers to proceed to such election.

Witness Ourselves at Windsor, this eighth day of July one thousand eight hundred and ninety-five, and in the fifty-ninth year of Our reign.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN.

At the Court at Windsor, the 8th day of July 1895.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN'S Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

Her Majesty having been this day pleased by Her Royal Proclamation to dissolve the present Parliament and to declare the calling of another, is hereby further pleased, by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, to order that the Right Honourable the Lord High Chancellor of that part of the United Kingdom called Great Britain, and the Right Honourable the Lord Chancellor of Ireland, do respectively, and upon notice of this Her Majesty's Order, forthwith cause Writs to be issued in due form and according to Law for the calling of a new Parliament, to meet at the city of Westminster, on Monday the twelfth day of August next: which Writs are to be returnable in due course of law.

At the Court at Windsor, the 8th day of July 1895.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN'S Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

It is this day ordered by Her Majesty, by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, that the respective Convocations of the Provinces of Canterbury and York be forthwith dissolved: and the Right Honourable the Lord High

Chancellor of that part of the United Kingdom called Great Britain is to cause Writs to be prepared and issued in the usual manner for that purpose.

At the Court at Windsor, the 8th day of July 1895.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN'S Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

It is this day ordered by Her Majesty, by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, that the Right Honourable the Lord High Chancellor of that part of the United Kingdom called Great Britain do, upon notice of this Her Majesty's Order, forthwith cause Writs to be issued in due form of Law, for electing new Members of the Convocations of the Clergy, which Writs are to be returnable on Tuesday the thirteenth day of August one thousand eight hundred and ninety-five.

Order by the Secretary for Scotland continuing for a further period of six months the Order putting in force Part III. of the Public Health (Scotland) Act, 1867.

WHEREAS an Act was passed in the 30th and 31st years of Her present Majesty Queen Victoria, intituled 'An Act to consolidate and amend the law relating to the Public Health in Scotland'; and by the thirty-first section of the said Act it is enacted; that 'Whenever any part of the United Kingdom appears to be threatened with or is affected by any formidable epidemic, endemic, or contagious disease, the Lords and others of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, or any three or more of them (the Lord President of the Council or one of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State being one), may, by Order or Orders by them from time to time made, direct that the Provisions for the prevention of diseases contained in Part III. hereof be put in force in Scotland, or in such parts thereof, or in such places therein, as in such Order or Orders may be expressed, and may from time to time, as to all or any of the Parts or Places to which any such Order or Orders extend, and in like manner revoke or renew such Order: and subject to revocation or renewal as aforesaid, every such Order shall be in force for six calendar months, or for such shorter period as in such Order shall be expressed; and every such Order of Her Majesty's Privy Council, or any Members thereof as aforesaid, shall be certified under the hand of the Clerk in Ordinary of Her Majesty's Privy Council, and shall be published in the Edinburgh Gazette, and such publication shall be conclusive evidence of such Order':

And whereas by 'The Secretary for Scotland Act, 1885,' it is provided that all powers and duties vested in or imposed on the Privy Council by Part III. of the said Public Health (Scotland) Act, 1867, shall be transferred to, vested in, and imposed on the Secretary for Scotland: