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FROM TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 22. TO FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 25. 1803.

WESTMINSTER, November 22.

This day his Majesty came to the House of Peers, and being, in his royal robes, seated on the throne with the usual solemnity, Sir Francis Molyneux, Gentleman usher of the Black Rod, was fent with a message from his Majesty to the House of Commons, commanding their attendance in the House of Peers: The Commons being come thither accordingly, his Majesty was pleased to make the following most gracious Speech:

My Lords, and Gentlemen,

Since I last met you in Parliament, it has been my chief object to carry into effect those measures which your wildom had adopted for the defence of the united kingdom, and for the vigorous profecution of the war. In these preparations I have been seconded by the voluntary exertions of all ranks of my people, in: a manner that has, if possible, firengthened their claims to my confidence and affection: They have proved that the mesinces of the enemy have only ferved to roufe their native and hereditary spirit; and that all other considerations are loft in a general disposition to make those efforts and facrifices which the honour and fafety of the kingdom demand at this important and critical conjuncture.

Though my attention has been principally directed to the great object of internal fecurity, no opportunity has been loft of making an impression on the foreign posses, tions of the enemy. The iflands of St Lucia, of Tobago, of St Pierre, and Miquelon, and the fettlements of Demerara and Essequibo, have surrendered to the British arms. In the conduct of the operations by which those valuable acquilitions have been made, the utmoft promptitude and zeal have been displayed by the officers employed on those services, and by my forces acting under their command by fea and land.

In Ireland, the leaders, and feveral inferior agents, in the late traiterous and atrocious confpiracy, have been brought to juffice; and the public tranquillity has expezienced no further interruption. I indage the hope,

their allegiance are now convinced of their error; and that, having compared the advantages they derive from the protection of a free constitution, with the condition of those countries which are under the dominion of the French Government, they will cordially and zealoufly concur in refisting any attempt that may be made against the fecurity and independence of my united kingdom.

Gentlemen of the House of Commons,

I have a perfect reliance on your public spirit for making such provision as may be necessary for the fervice of the year. The progressive improvement of the revenue cannot fail to encourage you to persevere in the fystem which has been adopted, of defraying the expences of the war, with as little addition as possible to the public debt, and to the permanent burdens of the state.

I lament the heavy pressure which, under the present circumstances, must unavoidably be experienced by my people; but I am persuaded that they will meet it with the good fense and fortitude which so eminently distinguish their character, under a conviction of the indispenfable importance of upholding the dignity, and of providing effectually for the fafety of the empire.

My Loras and Gentlemen,

I have concluded a Convention with the King of Sweden, for the purpose of adjusting all the differences which have arisen on the subject of the 11th article of the treaty of 1661: I have directed that a copy of this Convention should be said before you; and you will, I trust, be of opinion that the arrangement, whilst it up-holds our maritime rights, is sounded on those principles of reciprocal advantage which are best calculated to maintain and improve the good understanding which happily subsists between the two countries.

In the prosecution of the contest in which we are engaged, it shall be, as it has ever been, my first objects execute, as becomes me, the great trust committed to my charge. Embarked with my brave and loyal people in one common cause, it is my fixed determination, if the occasion should arise, to share their exertions and Convention should be laid before you; and you will, I

that fuch of my deluded fubjects as have swerved from | their dangers in the desence of our Constitution, our Religion, our Laws, and Independence. To the activity and valour of my fleets and armies, to the zeal and unconquerable spirit of my faithful subjects. I confide the honour of my Crown, and all those valuable interests which are involved in the iffue of this momentous con-

Actuated by these sentiments, and humbly imploring the bleffing of Divine Providence, I look forward with a firm conviction, that if, contrary to all just expectation, the enemy should clude the vigilance of my numerous fleets and cruizers, and attempt to execute their prefumptuous threat of invading our coasts, the confequence will be to them, discomsiture, confusion, and disgrace; and that ours will not only be the glory of furmounting present difficulties, and repelling immediate danger, but the folid and permanent advantage of fixing the fafety and independence of the kingdom on the balis of acknowledged strength, the result of its own tried energy and refources.

WHITEHALL, November 22.

The King has been pleased to constitute and appoint James Mackintosh, Esq. to be Recorder of Bombay, in the room of Sir William Syer, deceafed.

WAR OFFICE, Nov. 17.

3d Foot-Thomas Role Power to be Enfign, without

[Frice 6d.]