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FRIDAY, MAY 7, 1897.

LORD CHAMBERLAIN'S OFFICE,
ST. JAMES' PALACE, March 25, 1897.

NOTICE is hereby given that The Queen's Birthday will be Celebrated in London alone on Wednesday the 26th of May next, and at all other Stations, Naval and Military, on Monday the 24th of May next.

LORD CHAMBERLAIN'S OFFICE,
ST. JAMES' PALACE, April 21, 1897.

NOTICE is hereby given that The Queen will hold a Drawing Room at Buckingham Palace, on Tuesday the 11th May next, at three o'clock.

LORD CHAMBERLAIN'S OFFICE,
ST. JAMES' PALACE, April 27, 1897.

NOTICE is hereby given that His Royal Highness The Prince of Wales will, by command of The Queen, hold Levees at St. James' Palace, on behalf of Her Majesty, on Monday the 17th and on Monday the 31st of May next, at two o'clock.

It is The Queen's pleasure that Presentations to His Royal Highness at the Levees shall be considered as equivalent to Presentations to Her Majesty.

LORD CHAMBERLAIN'S OFFICE,
ST. JAMES' PALACE, April 29, 1897.

NOTICE is hereby given that Her Royal Highness The Princess of Wales will, by command of The Queen, hold a Drawing Room at Buckingham Palace, on behalf of Her Majesty, on Tuesday the 18th May next, at three o'clock.

By the QUEEN.
A PROCLAMATION.

VICTORIA, R.

WHEREAS We are happily at Peace with all Sovereigns, Powers, and States: And whereas, notwithstanding Our utmost exertions to preserve Peace between the two Sovereign Powers, a State of War unhappily exists between His Imperial Majesty the Sultan of Turkey and His Majesty the King of the Hellenes, and between their respective Subjects and others inhabiting within their Countries, Territories, or Dominions:

And whereas we are on Terms of Friendship and amicable intercourse with each of these Sovereigns, and with their several Subjects and others inhabiting within their Countries, Territories, or Dominions:

And whereas great numbers of Our loyal Subjects reside and carry on Commerce, and possess Property and Establishments, and enjoy various rights and privileges, within the Dominions of each of the aforesaid Sovereigns, protected by the faith of Treaties between Us and each of the aforesaid Sovereigns:

And whereas We, being desirous of preserving to our Subjects the Blessings of Peace, which they now happily enjoy, are firmly purposed and determined to maintain a strict and impartial Neutrality in the said State of War unhappily existing between the aforesaid Sovereigns:

We, therefore, have thought fit, by and with the advice of Our Privy Council, to issue this Our Royal Proclamation:

And we do hereby strictly charge and command all Our loving Subjects to govern themselves accordingly, and to observe a strict Neutrality in and during the aforesaid War, and to abstain from violating or contravening either the Laws and Statutes of the Realm in this behalf, or the Law of Nations in relation thereto, as they will answer to the contrary at their peril:

And whereas in and by a certain Statute made and passed in a Session of Parliament holden in the 33rd and 34th year of Our Reign, intituled "An Act to regulate the conduct of Her Majesty's Subjects during the existence of hostilities between Foreign States with which Her Majesty is at Peace," it is, amongst other things, declared and enacted as follows. This Act shall extend to all the Dominions of Her Majesty, including the adjacent Territorial Waters:—

"Illegal Enlistment.

"If any person, without the licence of Her Majesty, being a British Subject, within or without Her Majesty's Dominions, accepts or agrees to accept any Commission or Engagement in the Military or Naval Service of any Foreign State at War with any Foreign State at Peace with Her Majesty, and in this Act referred to as a friendly State, or, whether a British Subject or not, within Her Majesty's Dominions, induces any other person to accept or agree to accept any Commission or Engagement in the Military or Naval Service of any such Foreign State as aforesaid—

"He shall be guilty of an offence against this Act, and shall be punishable by fine and imprisonment, or either of such punishments, at the discretion of the Court before which the offender is convicted; and imprisonment, if awarded, may be either with or without hard labour.

"If any person, without the Licence of Her Majesty, being a British Subject, quits or goes on board any Ship with a view of quitting Her Majesty's Dominions, with intent to accept any Commission or Engagement in the Military or Naval Service of any Foreign State at War with a Friendly State, or, whether a British Subject or not, within Her Majesty's Dominions, induces any other person to quit or to go on board any Ship with a view of quitting Her Majesty's Dominions with the like intent,—

"He shall be guilty of an offence against this Act, and shall be punishable by fine and imprisonment, or either of such punishments, at the discretion of the Court before which the offender is convicted; and imprisonment, if awarded, may be either with or without hard labour.

"If any person induces any other person to quit Her Majesty's Dominions or to embark on any Ship within Her Majesty's Dominions under a Misrepresentation or false Representation of the Service in which such person is to be engaged, with the intent or in order that such person may accept or agree to accept any Commission or Engagement in the Military or Naval Service of

any Foreign State at War with a Friendly State,—

"He shall be guilty of an offence against this Act, and shall be punishable by fine and imprisonment, or either of such punishments, at the discretion of the Court before which the offender is convicted; and imprisonment, if awarded, may either be with or without hard labour.

"If the Master or Owner of any ship, without the licence of Her Majesty, knowingly either takes on board, or engages to take on board, or has on board such ship within Her Majesty's Dominions any of the following Persons, in this Act referred to as illegally enlisted persons; that is to say,—

"(1) Any person who, being a British Subject within or without the Dominions of Her Majesty, has, without the licence of Her Majesty, accepted or agreed to accept any Commission or Engagement in the Military or Naval Service of any Foreign State at War with any Friendly State:

"(2) Any person, being a British Subject, who, without the licence of Her Majesty, is about to quit Her Majesty's Dominions with intent to accept any Commission or Engagement in the Military or Naval Service of any Foreign State at War with a Friendly State:

"(3) Any person who has been induced to embark under a Misrepresentation or false Representation of the Service in which such person is to be engaged, with the intent or in order that such person may accept or agree to accept any Commission or Engagement in the Military or Naval Service of any Foreign State at War with a Friendly State:

"Such Master or Owner shall be guilty of an offence against this Act, and the following consequences shall ensue; that is to say,—

"(1) The offender shall be punishable by fine and imprisonment, or either of such punishments, at the discretion of the Court before which the offender is convicted; and imprisonment, if awarded, may be either with or without hard labour; and

"(2) Such Ship shall be detained until the Trial and Conviction or Acquittal of the Master or Owner, and until all penalties inflicted on the Master or Owner have been paid, or the Master or Owner has given security for the payment of such penalties to the satisfaction of two Justices of the Peace, or other Magistrate or Magistrates having the authority of two Justices of the Peace; and

"(3) All illegally enlisted persons shall, immediately on the discovery of the offence, be taken on shore, and shall not be allowed to return to the Ship.

"Illegal Shipbuilding and Illegal Expeditions.

"If any person within Her Majesty's Dominions, without the Licence of Her Majesty, does any of the following Acts; that is to say,—

"(1) Builds or agrees to build, or causes to be built, any Ship with intent or knowledge, or having reasonable cause to believe that the same shall or will be employed in the Military or Naval Service of any Foreign State at War with any Friendly State: or

"(2) Issues or delivers any Commission for any Ship with intent or knowledge, or having reasonable cause to believe that the same shall or will be employed in the

Military or Naval Service of any Foreign State at War with any Friendly State: or

"(3) Equips any Ship with intent or knowledge, or having reasonable cause to believe that the same shall or will be employed in the Military or Naval Service of any Foreign State at War with any Friendly State: or

"(4) Despatches, or causes or allows to be despatched, any Ship with intent or knowledge, or having reasonable cause to believe that the same shall or will be employed in the Military or Naval Service of any Foreign State at War with any Friendly State:

"Such persons shall be deemed to have committed an offence against this Act, and the following consequences shall ensue:—

"(1) The offender shall be punishable by fine and imprisonment, or either of such punishments, at the discretion of the Court before which the offender is convicted; and imprisonment, if awarded, may be either with or without hard labour.

"(2) The Ship in respect of which any such offence is committed, and her equipment, shall be forfeited to Her Majesty.

"Provided that a person building, causing to be built, or equipping a Ship in any of the cases aforesaid, in pursuance of a contract made before the commencement of such War as aforesaid, shall not be liable to any of the penalties imposed by this Section in respect of such building or equipping if he satisfies the Conditions following; (that is to say),—

"(1) If forthwith upon a Proclamation of Neutrality being issued by Her Majesty he gives notice to the Secretary of State that he is so building, causing to be built, or equipping such Ship, and furnishes such particulars of the contract and of any matters relating to, or done, or to be done under the contract as may be required by the Secretary of State:

"(2) If he gives such security, and takes and permits to be taken such other measures, if any, as the Secretary of State may prescribe for ensuring that such Ship shall not be despatched, delivered, or removed without the Licence of Her Majesty until the termination of such War as aforesaid.

"Where any Ship is built by order of or on behalf of any Foreign State when at War with a Friendly State, or is delivered to or to the order of such Foreign State, or any person who to the knowledge of the person building is an agent of such Foreign State, or is paid for by such Foreign State or such Agent, and is employed in the Military or Naval Service of such Foreign State, such Ship shall, until the contrary be proved, be deemed to have been built with a view to being so employed, and the burden shall lie on the builder of such Ship of proving that he did not know that the Ship was intended to be so employed in the Military or Naval Service of such Foreign State.

"If any person within the Dominions of Her Majesty, and without the Licence of Her Majesty,—

"By adding to the number of the guns, or by changing those on board for other guns, or by the addition of any Equipment for War, increases or augments, or procures to be increased or augmented, or is knowingly concerned in increasing or augmenting the warlike force of any ship which at the time of her being within the Dominions of Her Majesty was a ship in the

Military or Naval Service of any Foreign State at War with any Friendly State,—

"Such person shall be guilty of an offence against this Act, and shall be punishable by fine and imprisonment, or either of such punishments, at the discretion of the Court before which the offender is convicted; and imprisonment, if awarded, may be either with or without hard labour.

"If any person within the limits of Her Majesty's Dominions, and without the Licence of Her Majesty,—

"Prepares or fits out any Naval or Military Expedition to proceed against the Dominions of any Friendly State, the following consequences shall ensue:—

"(1) Every person engaged in such preparation or fitting out or assisting therein, or employed in any capacity in such expedition, shall be guilty of an offence against this Act, and shall be punishable by fine and imprisonment, or either of such punishments, at the discretion of the Court before which the offender is convicted; and imprisonment, if awarded, may be either with or without hard labour.

"(2) All Ships and their equipments, and all Arms and Munitions of War, used in or forming part of such expedition, shall be forfeited to Her Majesty.

"Any person who aids, abets, counsels, or procures the Commission of any offence against this Act shall be liable to be tried and punished as a principal offender."

And whereas by the said Act it is further provided that Ships built, commissioned, equipped, or despatched in contravention of the said Act, may be condemned and forfeited by Judgment of the Court of Admiralty; and that if the Secretary of State or Chief Executive Authority is satisfied that there is a reasonable and probable cause for believing that a Ship within Our Dominions has been or is being built, commissioned, or equipped, contrary to the said Act, and is about to be taken beyond the limits of such Dominions, or that a Ship is about to be despatched contrary to the Act, such Secretary of State, or Chief Executive Authority, shall have power to issue a Warrant authorising the seizure and search of such Ship and her detention until she has been either condemned or released by process of law. And whereas certain powers of seizure and detention are conferred by the said Act on certain Local Authorities;

Now, in order that none of Our Subjects may unwarily render themselves liable to the penalties imposed by the said Statute, We do hereby strictly command that no person or persons whatsoever do commit any act, matter, or thing whatsoever contrary to the provisions of the said Statute, upon pain of the several penalties by the said Statute imposed, and of Our high displeasure.

And We do hereby further warn and admonish all Our loving Subjects, and all persons whatsoever entitled to Our protection, to observe towards each of the aforesaid Sovereigns, their subjects and territories, and towards all belligerents whatsoever with whom we are at Peace, the duties of neutrality; and to respect, in all and each of them, the exercise of those Belligerent Rights which We and Our Royal Predecessors have always claimed to exercise.

And We hereby further warn all Our loving Subjects, and all persons whatsoever entitled to

Our protection, that if any of them shall presume, in contempt of this Our Royal Proclamation, and of Our high displeasure, to do any acts in derogation of their duty as subjects of a Neutral Sovereign in a War between other Sovereigns, or in violation or contravention of the Law of Nations in that behalf, as more especially by breaking, or endeavouring to break, any Blockade lawfully and actually established by or on behalf of either of the said Sovereigns, or by carrying Officers, Soldiers, Despatches, Arms, Ammunition, Military Stores or Materials, or any Article or Articles considered and deemed to be Contraband of War according to the Law or modern Usages of Nations, for the use or service of either of the said Sovereigns, that all persons so offending, together with their ships and goods, will rightfully incur and be justly liable to hostile capture, and to the penalties denounced by the Law of Nations in that behalf.

And We do hereby give notice that all Our Subjects and Persons entitled to Our protection who may misconduct themselves in the premises will do so at their peril, and of their own wrong; and that they will in nowise obtain any protection from Us against such capture or such penalties as aforesaid, but will, on the contrary, incur Our high displeasure by such misconduct.

Given at Our Court at Windsor, this third day of May, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and ninety-seven, in the sixtieth year of Our Reign.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN.

The Marquess of Salisbury to the Lords Commissioners of the Admiralty * :—

Foreign Office, May 3, 1897.

MY LORDS,

Her Majesty being fully determined to observe the duties of neutrality during the existing state of war between His Imperial Majesty the Sultan of Turkey and His Majesty the King of the Hellenes, and being moreover resolved to prevent, as far as possible, the use of Her Majesty's harbours, ports, and coasts, and the waters within Her Majesty's territorial jurisdiction, in aid of the warlike purposes of either belligerent, has commanded me to communicate to your Lordships, for your guidance, the following rules, which are to be treated and enforced as Her Majesty's orders and directions :—

Her Majesty is pleased further to command that these rules shall be put in force in the United Kingdom, the Isle of Man, and the Channel Islands, on and after the 8th instant, and in Her Majesty's territories, and possessions beyond the seas, six days after the day when the Governor, or other chief authority of each of such territories or possessions respectively, shall have notified and published the same; stating in such Notification that the said rules are to be obeyed by all persons within the same territories and possessions.

1. During the continuance of the present state of war, all ships of war of either belligerent are prohibited from making use of any port or roadstead in the United Kingdom, the Isle of Man,

* Similar letters have been addressed to the Treasury, Home Office, Colonial Office, War Office, India Office, and Scottish Office.

or the Channel Islands, or in any of Her Majesty's colonies or foreign possessions or dependencies, or of any waters subject to the territorial jurisdiction of the British Crown, as a station or place of resort, for any warlike purpose, or for the purpose of obtaining any facilities for warlike equipment; and no ship of war of either belligerent shall hereafter be permitted to sail out of or leave any port, roadstead, or waters subject to British jurisdiction, from which any vessel of the other belligerent (whether the same shall be a ship of war or a merchant ship), shall have previously departed, until after the expiration of at least twenty-four hours from the departure of such last-mentioned vessel beyond the territorial jurisdiction of Her Majesty.

2. If any ship of war of either belligerent shall, after the time when this Order shall be first notified and put in force in the United Kingdom, the Isle of Man, and the Channel Islands, and in the several colonies and foreign possessions or dependencies of Her Majesty respectively, enter any port, roadstead, or waters belonging to Her Majesty, either in the United Kingdom, the Isle of Man, or the Channel Islands, or in any of Her Majesty's colonies or foreign possessions or dependencies, such vessel shall be required to depart and to put to sea within twenty-four hours after her entrance into such port, roadstead, or waters, except in case of stress of weather, or of her requiring provisions or things necessary for the subsistence of her crew, or repairs; in either of which cases the authorities of the port, or of the nearest port (as the case may be), shall require her to put to sea as soon as possible after the expiration of such period of twenty-four hours, without permitting her to take in supplies beyond what may be necessary for her immediate use; and no such vessel which may have been allowed to remain within British waters for the purpose of repair shall continue in any such port, roadstead, or waters for a longer period than twenty-four hours after her necessary repairs shall have been completed. Provided, nevertheless, that in all cases in which there shall be any vessel (whether ships of war or merchant ships), of the said belligerent parties in the same port, roadstead, or waters within the territorial jurisdiction of Her Majesty, there shall be an interval of not less than twenty-four hours between the departure therefrom of any such vessel (whether a ship of war or merchant ship), of the one belligerent, and the subsequent departure therefrom of any ship of war of the other belligerent; and the time hereby limited for the departure of such ships of war respectively shall always, in case of necessity, be extended, so far as may be requisite for giving effect to this proviso, but no further or otherwise.

3. No ship of war of either belligerent shall hereafter be permitted, while in any port, roadstead, or waters, subject to the territorial jurisdiction of Her Majesty, to take in any supplies, except provisions and such other things as may be requisite for the subsistence of her crew, and except so much coal only as may be sufficient to carry such vessel to the nearest port of her own country, or to some nearer destination, and no coal shall again be supplied to any such ship of war in the same or any other port, roadstead, or waters, subject to the territorial jurisdiction of Her Majesty, without special permission, until after the expiration of three months from the

time when such coal may have been last supplied to her within British waters as aforesaid.

4. Armed ships of either party are interdicted from carrying prizes made by them into the ports, harbours, roadsteads, or waters of the United Kingdom, the Isle of Man, the Channel Islands, or any of Her Majesty's colonies or possessions abroad.

I have, &c.,

SALISBURY.

PRIVY COUNCIL OFFICE, DUBLIN CASTLE,

May 4, 1897.

At a Meeting of the Privy Council held this day in the Council Chamber, Dublin Castle, the Right Honourable the Vice-Chancellor, the Right Honourable Lord Justice Fitzgibbon, and the Right Honourable the Master of the Rolls, were sworn Lords Justices for the Government of Ireland during the absence of His Excellency the Lord Lieutenant.

J. B. DOUGHERTY.

FOREIGN OFFICE, April 30, 1897.

It is hereby notified that, on the 22nd instant, Mr. Henry White, Chargé d'Affaires of the United States of America, presented, through the Marquess of Salisbury, K.G., Her Majesty's Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, His Excellency the Honourable Thomas F. Bayard's Letters of Recall as Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary from the United States of America.

FACTORY AND WORKSHOP ACT, 1878.

In pursuance of Section 67 of the above Act the Right Honourable Sir Matthew White Ridley, Bart., one of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, has been pleased to appoint Henry Charles Digby Fearon, Esq., to be an Inspector of Factories and Workshops.

Whitehall, May 1, 1897.

CIVIL SERVICE COMMISSION,

May 4, 1897.

The following Candidates have been certified by the Civil Service Commissioners as qualified for the appointments set against their respective names:—

April 29, 1897,

AFTER OPEN COMPETITION.

Post Office: Female Telegraph Learners in the Central Office, London—Amelia Caroline Ellis Broom, Christina Clark Cockburn, Elizabeth Hayden, Minnie Ethel Holinghurst, Florence Edith Maud White.

AFTER LIMITED COMPETITION AND UNDER CLAUSE 7 OF THE ORDER IN COUNCIL OF 4TH JUNE 1870.

Admiralty: Assistant Clerk (Abstractor Class)—George Frederick Cotton.

Irish Land Commission: Abstractor in the Church Property Department—Edward John Gillgan.

WITHOUT COMPETITION.

Post Office: Sorter-Tracer, London—Charles Médéric Giboire.

Postman, London—William George Kinge.

Postman, Dublin—John O'Neill.

Postmen—James Carden (Ballymote), Robert Moore (Manchester), William Findlay Roberts (Grantown).

FOR REGISTRATION AS TEMPORARY BOY COPYISTS (NEW CLASS).

John Chandler, William M'Cullagh, Kevin Delany, Robert Mackay Simpson, Roland Seymour Spicar, David Reid.

April 30, 1897.

AFTER OPEN COMPETITION.

Second Division: Clerk—Archibald Frederick Suter.

Post Office: Female Telegraph Learner in the Central Office, London—Maggie Fraser.

AFTER LIMITED COMPETITION.

Home Office: Inspector of Factories and Workshops—Henry Charles Digby Fearon.

Royal Irish Constabulary: Cadet—Henry John Moore.

AFTER LIMITED COMPETITION AND UNDER CLAUSE 7 OF THE ORDER IN COUNCIL OF 4TH JUNE 1870.

Education Department: Assistant Clerk (Abstractor Class)—Thomas Jesse William Albert Sime Tait.

WITHOUT COMPETITION.

Prisons Department, England: Subordinate Officer, Division II.—Sydney Howard Steele.

Prisons Department, Scotland: Warder—John Scott.

Post Office: Sorting Clerk, Edinburgh—Alexander Fleming.

Postman, Dublin—James Egan.

Postmistress, Annfield Plain—Ella Reed.

Sorting Clerks and Telegraph Learners—Frank Alfred Brown (Cambridge), Florence Adeline Oke (Redruth).

Postmen—William Burton (Manchester), Samuel Forrest (Workington), William Lightfoot (Workington).

UNDER CLAUSE 7 OF THE ORDER IN COUNCIL OF 4TH JUNE 1870.

Post Office: Skilled Telegraphist—George Major.

FOR REGISTRATION AS TEMPORARY BOY COPYISTS (NEW CLASS).

Ralph Strutt Bouttell, Albert Edward Bushby, John Cushing, Thomas James Harman, William Bernard Lawson, George Maxwell, Sydney Thomas Smith.

May 1, 1897.

AFTER OPEN COMPETITION.

Post Office: Female Telegraph Learner in the Central Office, London—Winifred Brown.

Female Telegraph Learners in the London Postal Districts—Maud Madeline Sparks, Ethel Louisa Trimby.

WITHOUT COMPETITION.

British Museum: Boy Attendant—William Percy Winter.

Broadmoor Criminal Lunatic Asylum: Female Attendant (Third Class)—Ellen Emily Tyman.

Prisons Department, England: Subordinate Officer, Division II.—James Daniel M'Mullen.
Assistant Matron—Eliza Ann Boulton.

Prisons Department, Scotland: Warder—James Reid.

Prisons Service, Ireland: Warder — Francis M'Dyer.

Post Office: Sorting Clerks and Telegraph Learners—John George Britton (Stowmarket), Charles Thomas Callaghan (Coleraine), Herbert Charles Churchill (Petersfield), Francis Elizabeth Clark (Newcastle-on-Tyne), Eleanor Gold (Kendal), Samuel Henry (Castle-Douglas), Nellie Jefferson Hope (Sheffield), Florence Emily Langmaid (Newport, Monmouthshire), Jane Fleming Mustarde (Dunbar), Bernard William Ogden Rider (Leeds), Gertrude Stenbridge (Sheffield), John George Turnbull (Newcastle-on-Tyne), Edith Maud Voller (Guildford).

Postmen — Thomas Ashton (Shrewsbury) William Henry Brown (Brighton), Frederick Victor Higgins (Brighton), Thomas James Higgins (Croydon), Henry Hunt (Reading), Walter Kemp (Petersfield), John Hamer Milner (Manchester), Frederick Plested (Watford), Harry Robinson (Blackpool).

FOR REGISTRATION AS TEMPORARY BOY
COPYISTS (NEW CLASS).

Charles Samuel Eltenton, Ethelbert Hall, Joseph John Haydock, Abraham Harvey Lyon, Edwin Byrom Murphy, Joseph Smith O'Loughlin.

FOR REGISTRATION AS TEMPORARY BOY
MESSENGER.

Ignatius Hcey.

CIVIL SERVICE COMMISSION,

May 4, 1897.

In pursuance of the provisions of Her Majesty's Order in Council of the 12th February 1876, the Civil Service Commissioners hereby announce that the under-mentioned Appointments and Promotion in the Civil Service were notified to them in the month of April 1897:—

APPOINTMENTS.

Admiralty—Alfred James Binney, George Lawrence Dodridge, and Thomas Hersey Powell, to be First Class Writers in the Naval Store Department of Her Majesty's Naval Yards.
Henry Louis Jonathan Masson, to be Junior Assistant Schoolmaster in Chatham Dockyard.

William Meyrick Bussell, John Hall Clifton, George Frederick Cotton, Percival Charles Franklin, Walter Goddard, John Greig and Ernest Robert Martin, to be Assistant Clerks (Abstractor Class).

Agriculture, Board of—Henry Quinton, to be Civil Assistant (Higher Grade) on the Ordnance Survey.

Colonial Office: Frederick George Augustus Butler and Charles Thomas Davis, to be Second Class Clerks.

Consular Service—Henry Alexander Ramsden, to be Vice-Consul at Manila.

William Norman Dunn, to be Student Interpreter in China, Japan, or Siam.

Grosvenor Camille Henri de Jacobi du Vallon, Andrew Ryan, Harold Eustace Satow, and Avalon Shipley, to be Student Interpreters in the Ottoman Dominions, Persia, Greece, or Morocco.

Customs—Sydney George Howell, William Charles M'Donald, Ernest Alfred Pattinson, Ernest Stuart Payne, James Smith, Henry Arthur Sydenham, and Edward Weatherhead, to be Tabulators or Assistant Clerks (Abstractor Class).

Education Department—Walter John Moulton and Thomas William Ward Whetnall, to be appointed to Minor Staff Posts.

Walter Edwin Brown, Alfred James Field, Charles Edward Hugo, Colin Murray M'Kenzie, Cyril Bennett Millard, Albert Ellis Short, and Thomas Jesse William Albert Sime Tait, to be Assistant Clerks (Abstractor Class).

Foreign Office—Hugh William Galsford, to be Attaché in the Diplomatic Service, or Clerk on the Establishment of the Foreign Office.

Home Office—Henry Charles Digby Fearon, to be Inspector of Factories and Workshops.

William Davenport and Stephen Edward Penfold, to be Assistant Clerks (Abstractor Class) in the Department of the Chief Inspector of Factories.

Inland Revenue—James Muir, to be Assistant Surveyor of Taxes.

William Carmichael, to be Examiner of Income-Tax and Inhabited House Duty Arrears in the Office of the Comptroller of Stamps and Taxes, Edinburgh.

William Harry Wright, to be appointed to a Minor Staff Post.

John Radforde, to be appointed to a Minor Staff Post in the Accountant and Comptroller General's Department.

Irish Land Commission—Henry George Carson, Edward Patrick Joseph Flynn, John James Gilfoyle, Edward John Gillgan, William John Good, John Howe, Joseph Patrick Kennedy, Francis Kiernan, John Long, James Joseph Macnamara, Francis Joseph Maguire, James O'Brien, William James Redmond, and Thomas Talty, to be Abstractors in the Church Property Department.

Local Government Board (England)—Florence Kate Dunthorne and Louisa Mary Sutton, to be Female Typists.

Patent Office—Arthur Nicholls, to be Assistant Examiner.

Post Office—Harold Wells, to be Clerk in the London Postal Service.

Tom Battersby Barker and David Williams, to be Junior Examiners in the Office of the Controller of Stores (Telegraphs).

Edith Kate Richards, to be Female Clerk.

Louisa Emily Bourdeaux (Stratford-on-Avon), Mary Alice Clarke (Braunton S.O.), Mary Ann Sarah Dugmore (Heduesford), Ella Reed (Annfield Plain), Sarah Sbatwell (Poynton S.O.), Elizabeth Woodley Turpin (Ford S.O.), Martha Elizabeth Varnam (Somerton), and Mary Walsh (Badminton), to be Postmistresses.

Robert Arminius Beaumont Teare and Charles David Warren, to be Paper Keepers in the Registry of the Secretary's Office.

Percy Hunter Brook, Adam Reid, and John Salter, to be Assistant Clerks (Abstractor Class).

Alexander Fleming, to be Sorting Clerk, Edinburgh.

Robert James Love, to be Sorting Clerk, Dublin.

Record Office (Ireland)—Charles Evelyn Royds, to be Clerk (Class I.).

Reformatory Office (England)—Francis Villiers Hornby, to be Assistant Inspector of Reformatory and Industrial Schools.

Supreme Court of Judicature (England)—Guy Molesworth Kindersley, to be Third Class Clerk.

Percy Jackson, to be Third Class Clerk in the Office of the Masters in Lunacy.

Arthur Landmead Casserley and Bernard Stevens Walker, to be Third Class Clerks in the Principal Probate Registry.

Trade, Board of—Barton Proctor Fielden, Albert Edward Laslett, and Charles Walton Roberts, to be Engineer Surveyors (Third Class).

Treasury—Malcolm Graham Ramsay, to be Second Class Clerk.

CLERKS OF THE SECOND DIVISION.

Education Department—Charles Edward Hain, Samuel James Hender, James Rae, and (for temporary duty) Allan Livingstone Bligh.

Inland Revenue—Alexander Walter Hume and (for temporary duty) Martin Henry Axton, John Robert Blade, Lionel John Budge, William John Eady, Frederick Arthur Edge, George Faulkner, John Edwin Furnass, Conrad Henry Edward Grüneberg, Herbert Goodwill Howard, Frank Ernest Keay, Charles Lambert Edward Harold Lane, Bertie John Joseph Lowe, Raymond Walter Needham, Burrell Page, Adam Smail, Charles Smith, and Charles Alfred Thorogood.

Local Government Board (Scotland)—Alexander Oliphant, and (for temporary duty), James M'Gowan.

Post Office—Ernest Henry Bruce, Edward Charles Frost, John Fyfe, James Louden, Joseph William Reading, William Jeremiah Bartholomew Shea, and Andrew Whitton.

Registrar-General's Office (England) — David Mudie.

BOY CLERKS.

Fisheries Office (Ireland)—Daniel George Allt and Patrick Joseph M'Elhinney.

National Education Office (Ireland) — William Thomas Begley.

PROMOTION,

under Clause XVIII. of the Order in Council of the 12th February 1876:—

Science and Art Department—Alfred Edwin Garrard, Clerk of the Second Division, to be Clerk of the Higher Division.

DISEASES OF ANIMALS ACTS,
1894 AND 1896.

RETURN of OUTBREAKS of SWINE FEVER in SCOTLAND for the Week ended 1st May 1897, distinguishing Counties (including Burghs).

COUNTY.	Outbreaks Confirmed.	Swine Slaughtered as Diseased or as having been Exposed to Infection.
	No.	No.
Argyll	1	4
Stirling	1	7
TOTAL	2	11

DISEASES OF ANIMALS ACTS,
1894 AND 1896.

RETURN of OUTBREAKS of the under-mentioned DISEASES in SCOTLAND for the Week ended 1st May 1897, distinguishing Counties (including Burghs).

ANTHRAX.

COUNTY.	Outbreaks Reported.	Animals Attacked.
	No.	No.
Aberdeen	1	1
Dumfries	—	1
Ross	1	1
TOTAL	2	3

GLANDERS (INCLUDING FARCY).

COUNTY.	Outbreaks Reported.	Animals which remained Diseased at the end of the previous Week.	Animals Reported during the Week as Attacked.
		No.	No.
Aberdeen	1	—	4
Lanark	1	—	4
TOTAL	2	—	8

ACCOUNT showing the Quantities of certain kinds of AGRICULTURAL PRODUCE Imported into the United Kingdom in the Week ended 1st May 1897, together with the Quantities Imported in the Corresponding Week of the Previous Year.

		QUANTITIES.	
		1896.	1897.
Animals living:—			
Oxen, Bulls, Cows, and Calves...	Number	12,964	12,261
Sheep and Lambs	"	25,480	14,408
Swine	"	—	—
Fresh Meat:—			
Beef	Cwts.	59,089	66,624
Mutton	"	72,395	114,981
Pork	"	3,521	7,023
Salted or Preserved Meat:—			
Bacon	"	77,411	94,222
Beef	"	7,296	5,207
Hams	"	31,763	36,810
Pork	"	4,455	3,982
Meat unenumerated, salted and fresh	"	7,098	9,932
Meat, preserved otherwise than by salting	"	11,160	9,141
Dairy Produce and Substitutes:—			
Butter	"	59,939	73,997
Margarine	"	15,884	18,462
Cheese	"	25,726	19,835
Milk and Cream, Fresh or Preserved, not Condensed	Galls.	—	40
Milk, Condensed	Cwts.	12,067	13,926
Eggs	Great Hundred	286,741	295,210
Poultry and Game	Value £	3,875	5,021
Rabbits, dead (not tinned)	Cwts.	626	4,732
Lard	"	26,710	41,922
Corn, Grain, Meal, and Flour:—			
Wheat	"	1,475,700	778,600
Wheat Meal and Flour	"	297,100	194,300
Barley	"	174,100	144,500
Oats	"	349,300	159,740
Pease	"	44,600	44,760
Beans	"	41,200	64,040
Maize or Indian Corn	"	426,700	1,099,800
Fruit, Raw:—			
Apples	Bush.	3,747	42,532
Oranges	"	191,901	218,469
Lemons	"	26,750	36,425
Cherries	"	—	493
Plums	"	15	40
Pears	"	15	30
Grapes	"	456	474
Unenumerated	"	10,682	10,060
Hay	Tons	1,493	4,394
Hops	Cwts.	1,426	1,161
Vegetables:—			
Onions, raw	Bush.	151,234	76,690
Potatoes	Cwts.	26,092	29,659
Unenumerated	Value £	19,833	31,481

T. J. PITTAR.

STATEMENT showing the Quantities Sold and Average Price of BRITISH CORN Imperial Measure,* as received from the Inspectors and Officers of Excise, in the Week ended 1st May 1897, conformably with the Act of the 45th and 46th Victoria, cap. 37.

				QUANTITIES SOLD.		AVERAGE PRICE.	
				Qrs.	Bus.	s.	d.
Wheat	...	...	...	38,241	5	27	9
Barley	...	...	...	5,233	1	20	5
Oats	...	...	...	6,825	2	17	3

COMPARATIVE STATEMENT for the corresponding Week in each of the Years from 1893 to 1896.

Corresponding Week in	QUANTITIES SOLD.						AVERAGE PRICE.					
	WHEAT.		BARLEY.		OATS.		WHEAT.		BARLEY.		OATS.	
	Qrs.	Bus.	Qrs.	Bus.	Qrs.	Bus.	s.	d.	s.	d.	s.	d.
1893	66,935	2	5,303	4	7,793	6	25	10	23	11	19	5
1894	41,342	7	2,536	6	6,173	6	24	10	26	1	18	7
1895	43,993	2	7,689	5	11,464	3	21	4	20	5	14	8
1896	37,806	1	12,843	4	9,935	4	25	8	22	6	14	3

* Section 8 of the Corn Returns Act, 1882, provides that where returns of purchases of British Corn are made to the Local Inspector of Corn Returns in any other measure than the imperial bushel, or by weight or by a weighed measure, that Officer shall convert such returns into the imperial bushel, and in the case of weight or weighed measure the conversion is to be made at the rate of sixty imperial pounds for every bushel of wheat, fifty imperial pounds for every bushel of barley, and thirty-nine imperial pounds for every bushel of oats.

P. G. CRAIGIE.

Board of Agriculture, 4 Whitehall Place, London, S.W.,

May 1, 1897.

BANKRUPTS

FROM THE LONDON GAZETTE.

RECEIVING ORDERS.

Herbert Henry Boyer, 13 Crookham Road, Stukeley Park, Fulham, Middlesex, late bank clerk, now of no occupation.

Elizabeth Doig, residing and carrying on business at 386 Cold Harbour Lane, Brixton, Surrey, baker and confectioner, a married woman trading separately and apart from her husband, having separate estate and separate assets.

Henry George Doubell (trading as H. G. Doubell & Co.), 132 and 136 Landor Road, Stockwell, in the county of London, builder.

F. Drake, 19 Humbolt Road, Fulham, in the county of London.

J. Oliver Johnson, 23 Warwick Road, Kensington, in the county of London, late of 39 St. John's Hill, Clapham Junction, Surrey, retired army captain and jobmaster.

Daniel Jones, lately residing at 54 Woodberry Down, Finsbury Park, and lately carrying on business at 47 Chancery Lane, both in Middlesex, solicitor.

Auguste Napoleon Ruffin, 5 Torrington Place, Torrington Square, and before then of 74 Tottenham Court Road, previously of 53 and 55 Charlotte Street, all in the county of London, manufacturer and importer of foreign produce, now out of business.

Spraggs & Thomas, carrying on business at 26A Lillie Road, West Brompton, Middlesex, coal merchants.

W. Hamilton Weller, Portugal House, Portugal Street, Middlesex, lately carrying on business at Colonial House, Fenchurch Street, in the city of London.

Ebenezer Edwin Wood, 24 Nettleton Road, New Cross, in the county of London, builder.

Wilfrid Ernest Pilkington, 40 Argyle Street, Bolton, Lancashire, out of business, formerly yeast dealer.

Charles Nathaniel Blanchard, 2 Newport Villas, London Road, carrying on business at London Road, both in Burgess Hill, Sussex, printer.

Thomas Coleman, Saffron Walden, Essex, nurseryman and florist.

John Messer, jun., 1 Canada Road, Walmer, Kent, man-servant.

Harold Davies, residing at 39 Clare Street, Cardiff, in the county of Glamorgan, recently carrying on business at the Empire Stores, 51 Portmanmoor Road, Cardiff, manager of a limited company, recently grocer.

Evan Thomas, residing in lodgings at Brynhyfryd House, Nantymoel, and carrying on business at 16 Commercial Street, Nantymoel, in the county of Glamorgan, painter and ironmonger.

Hugh Horatio Brown, 1 Cobden Street, in the county borough of Derby, bank clerk.

Fred. Crossley, late of the Northgate Hotel, Halifax, Yorkshire, now residing at 20 Hampden Place, Halifax, late publican, now out of business.

- Fanny Elizabeth Lewis (trading as Lewis & Co.), 32 High Street, Stourport, Worcestershire, grocer.
- John William Jennings, lately residing and carrying on business at the North Tavern, North Street, in the city of Leeds, now residing at 1 Hampshire Terrace, in the city of Leeds, lately innkeeper, now out of business.
- Thomas Renshaw, 2 Hampson Street, Northendon Road, Sale, in the county of Chester, and carrying on business at Hampson Street aforesaid, butcher.
- Joseph Wood Dean, 64 The Downs, Altrincham, in the county of Chester, and Edwin Charles Andrew, Clover Lee, Cheadle, Hulme, in the county of Chester, carrying on business in copartnership together under the style or firm of Standing & Birch at 17 Cooper Street, in the city of Manchester, commission agents and merchants.
- John Rickard and Noel Graham Whitfield (trading as J. Rickard & Co.), residing at St. Deny's, Caerleon Road, and carrying on business at Rodney Wharf, and lately residing and carrying on business at 2 Clarence Place, all in Newport, in the county of Monmouth, builders' merchants and cycle engineers.
- Mary Ann Warren, 10 Silver Street, Wellingborough, in the county of Northampton, confectioner, widow.
- Samuel Berridge Crossley, Oak Villa, Bessel Lane, lately residing and trading at The Grange, Toton Lane, both in Stapleford, Nottinghamshire, fruit salesman.
- John Gibson, Bourne, Lincolnshire, corn merchant.
- Henry William Moore, 4 Watts' Cottages, Ford, in the county of Devon, skilled labourer in Her Majesty's Keyham Yard at Devonport, and naval pensioner.
- Walter Wyatt, Lower Goosewell, Plymstock, in the county of Devon, farmer.
- Josiah Hill, Moira Terrace, Cardiff, lately carrying on business in copartnership with A. J. Davies under the style of Hill & Davies at Mill Street, Pontypridd, Glamorganshire, furniture dealer, auctioneer, and accountant.
- Frederick Hibbard, back of 49 Brunswick Road, in the city of Sheffield, pig dealer.
- Joseph Gresty, Preston Montford, near Shrewsbury, farmer.
- William Newman Petty, West Wellow, in the county of Hants, and carrying on business at West Wellow aforesaid, builder.
- Robert Sharp, 9 Ragworth Place, Norton, near Stockton-on-Tees, in the county of Durham, fruiterer.
- Thomas Stockill, residing and carrying on business at Donnewell Farm, Sedgfield, in the county of Durham, farmer.
- Andrew Hill, Elliott Street, West Hartlepool, in the county of Durham, boiler smith, formerly fish dealer.
- Walter Raatz (trading as Walter Raatz & Co.), 3 and 4 Waterloo Street, in the county borough of Swansea, furniture dealer.
- Francis Henry Maundrell, South Farm, Thornhill, in the parish of Cliffe Pypard, Wiltshire, farmer.
- William Pym, the elder, Fulbrook, Wednesbury, Staffordshire, builder.
- Charles Weavers Hall, 47 Church Road, Bridge Road, Battersea, in the county of Surrey, plumber.
- John Bamber, 74 Caroline Street, Wigan, in the county of Lancashire, and carrying on business at 82 Scholes, Wigan aforesaid, draper, hosier, knitter, and dealer in second-hand clothes.
- Arthur Frederick Hare, 2 Hartley Terrace, Hartley Street, Wolverhampton, in the county of Stafford, lately residing at 3 Waverley Villas, Bath Road, Wolverhampton aforesaid, and previously at 74 Blenheim Gardens, Willesden Green, London, in the county of Middlesex, dentist's assistant.

ADJUDICATION ANNULLED.

- Arthur Wellesley Noyes Lewis, Camden Studios, Camden Street, Camden Town, in the county of Middlesex, trading in copartnership with Hubert Ware Chislett as Chislett & Lewis, yacht builders at Hamside, Poole, in the county of Dorset.

THE ABERDEEN PRESERVING COMPANY LIMITED.

AT an Extraordinary General Meeting of the Members of the above Company, duly convened and held at the Registered Office of the Company, No. 5 Market Street, Aberdeen, on the 7th day of April 1897, the Special Resolution, "That the Company be wound up voluntarily," was duly passed, and at a subsequent Extraordinary General Meeting of the Members of the said Company, also duly convened and held at the said Registered Office of the Company on the 23rd day of April 1897, the said Special Resolution was duly confirmed; and at the said subsequent Extraordinary General Meeting, Walter Alexander Reid, Chartered Accountant, 201 Union Street, Aberdeen, was appointed the Liquidator to conduct the winding up.

JOHN T. KINDNESS, Chairman.

THE STEAMSHIP "LINLITHGOW" COMPANY LIMITED.

Special Resolutions for Winding up.

AT an Extraordinary General Meeting of the Steamship "Linlithgow" Company Limited, duly convened and held at 81 St. Vincent Street, Glasgow, the Company's Registered Office, on the 31st day of March 1897, the following Special Resolution was duly passed, and at a subsequent Extraordinary General Meeting of the Members of the said Company, also duly convened and held at the same place on the 23rd day of April 1897, the following Special Resolution was duly confirmed, viz.:-

"That the Steamship 'Linlithgow' Company Limited be wound up voluntarily, according to the terms of the Companies Acts, 1862 to 1890."

And at such last-mentioned Meeting, William Hannay Raeburn, Shipowner, 81 St. Vincent Street, Glasgow, was appointed Liquidator for the purposes of the winding up.

WILLIAM H. RAEBURN, Liquidator.

Glasgow, 3rd May 1897.

A PETITION for Cessio has been presented to the Sheriff of Lanarkshire at Glasgow, at the instance of Munro & Company, Warehousemen, 10 Hutcheson Street, Glasgow, against JANET SAUNDERS, 733 Gallowgate, Glasgow; and the Sheriff-Substitute (Mr. Strachan) has ordained the Debtor to appear for public Examination within his Chambers, County Buildings, Glasgow, on Friday, 28th current, at 10.30 A.M., at which all her Creditors are required to appear.

JOHN S. GALBRAITH & M'GILL,
Agents for Petitioners.

69 St. Vincent Street, Glasgow,
5th May 1897.

THE Estates of JOHN M'PHEE, Coal Merchant, Ben-Nevis Buildings, Fort-William, have, in virtue of and for the purposes of the Cessio Acts, been transferred to John George Buchanan, Accountant, Fort-William, as Trustee for behoof of his Creditors. Creditors must lodge their claims with the Trustee on or before 30th September 1897. The Creditors meet before the Sheriff, within the Court House, Fort-William, on Thursday, 28th October 1897, at eleven o'clock forenoon.

J. G. BUCHANAN, Trustee.

NOTICE TO THE CREDITORS IN
The Cessio of MARTIN WALLACE, Builder, Tangy Place, Campbeltown.

JAMES BIRNIE DICKSON, S.S.C., Campbeltown, Trustee, hereby intimate that the Sheriff has continued the Diet for the second Meeting of Creditors to the 23rd day of July 1897, at eleven o'clock forenoon, within the Court House, Campbeltown.

JAMES B. DICKSON, Trustee.
Campbeltown, 4th May 1897.

TO THE CREDITORS IN

The Cessio of WILLIAM F. BELL, sometime Spirit Dealer, Black-Street, Rawyards, Airdrie, and residing at Annette Street, Crosshill, Glasgow.

BY virtue of an Order of the Sheriff-Substitute of Lanarkshire, William F. Bell, above designed, hereby intimates that he has presented a Petition to the Sheriff of Lanarkshire at Airdrie, to be finally discharged of all debts contracted by him or for which he was liable at the date of the Cessio of his Estates, in terms of the Statutes.

WM SCOTT WYLIE, Writer, Glasgow,
Agent.

Glasgow, 6th May 1897.

SEQUESTRATION of JOHN WYBURN, Grocer, 228 High Street, Ayr.

A DEED of Arrangement has been produced in the Sheriff Court of Ayrshire at Ayr; and the Sheriff-Substitute (Orr-Paterson) has pronounced the following Deliverance:—“*Ayr, 4th May 1897.*—The Sheriff-Substitute having seen the Deed of Arrangement produced, before answer appoints intimation of the production thereof and of this Deliverance to be made by Advertisement published in the Edinburgh Gazette, and also by circular posted to every Creditor who does not concur in the said Deed, requiring all parties interested who desire to oppose the approval thereof to lodge, in the hands of the Clerk of Court, a Notice of Appearance, within ten days from the date of such publication or posting, with certification; meantime, appoints the said Deed and the Process to remain with the Clerk of Court, subject to inspection. (Signed) “WILLIAM A. O. PATERSON.”

Of all which Intimation is hereby given.

JAMES WATT, Solicitor,
Winton Buildings, Ayr, Agent.

A PETITION having been presented to the Sheriff of the County of Ayr, at the instance of William Kerr & Company, Wine Merchants, 93 Ingram Street, Glasgow, for Sequestration of the Estates of JAMES MILLER, Spirit Merchant, Old Cumnock, his Lordship of this date granted Warrant for citing the said James Miller to appear in Court on the seventh day next after citation, to show cause why Sequestration should not be awarded; of all which Intimation is hereby given.

THOMAS ANDREW, Solicitor,
9 Sandgate Street, Ayr, Agent.

Ayr, 5th May 1897.

A PETITION having been presented to the Sheriff of Lanarkshire, at the instance of Thomas Gibb & Sons, Quartermasters, Auchinlea, Cleland, for Sequestration of the Estates of PETER FREW & SONS, Builders, Chapelhall, by Airdrie, and Peter Frew, Builder there, the sole Partner of said Company, as such Partner, and as an Individual, his Lordship of this date granted Warrant for citing the said Peter Frew & Sons and Peter Frew to appear in Court on the seventh day next after citation if within Scotland, and on the twenty-first day next after citation if furth of Scotland, to show cause why Sequestration should not be awarded; of all which Intimation is hereby given.

J. LOGAN, Solicitor, Wishaw, Agent.
Wishaw, 5th May 1897.

THE Estates of the Deceased MRS. JANEM'DOUGALL or M'DONALD, widow, Farmer, Margmore, Aberfeldy, were Sequestrated on the 3rd day of May 1897, by the Sheriff of the County of Perth.

The first Deliverance is dated the 19th day of December 1896.

The Meeting to elect the Trustee and Commissioners is to be held at ten o'clock forenoon, on Monday the 17th day of May 1897, within the Solicitors' Library, County Buildings, Perth.

A Composition may be offered at this Meeting; and to entitle Creditors to the first Dividend, their oaths and grounds of debt must be lodged on or before the 3rd day of September 1897.

All future Advertisements relating to this Sequestration will be published in the Edinburgh Gazette alone.

THOMAS MACPHERSON, Solicitor,
36 Tay Street, Perth, Agent.

THE Estates of MICHAEL DEVLIN, Mason, 5 Shamrock Street, Glasgow, were Sequestrated on the 4th day of May 1897, by the Sheriff of Lanarkshire. The first Deliverance is dated the 4th day of May 1897.

The Meeting to elect the Trustee and Commissioners is to be held at twelve o'clock noon, on Friday the 14th day of May 1897, within the Faculty Hall, St. George's Place, Glasgow.

A Composition may be offered at this Meeting; and to entitle Creditors to the first Dividend, their oaths and grounds of debt must be lodged on or before Saturday the 4th day of September 1897.

All future Advertisements relating to this Sequestration will be published in the Edinburgh Gazette alone.

ST. CLAIR SWANSON & MANSON, W.S.,
243 West George Street, Glasgow, Agents.

THE Estates of DUNCAN & ALLARDYCE, Saddlers, 9 Spittal Street, Edinburgh, and George Gray Duncan, 54 Marchmont Road, Edinburgh, and Peter Fraser Allardyce, 3 Marchmont Street, Edinburgh, the Individual Partners of said Firm, as such Partners, and as Individuals, were Sequestrated on 4th May 1897, by the Sheriff of the Sheriffdom of the Lothians and Peebles at Edinburgh.

The first Deliverance, on a Petition for Cessio, converted into Sequestration, is dated the 14th April 1897.

The Meeting to elect the Trustee and Commissioners is to be held at eleven o'clock forenoon, on Friday the 14th day of May 1897, within Lyon & Turnbull's Rooms, No. 51 George Street, Edinburgh.

A Composition may be offered at this Meeting; and to entitle Creditors to the first Dividend, their oaths and grounds of debt must be lodged on or before the 4th September 1897.

All future Advertisements relating to this Sequestration will be published in the Edinburgh Gazette alone.

ROBERTSON & WALLACE, S.S.C.,
28 George IV. Bridge, Edinburgh, Agents.

SEQUESTRATION of DAVID ANDERSON, Grocer and Wine Merchant, Linlithgow and Bridge of Weir.

CHARLES JOHN MUNRO, Chartered Accountant, Edinburgh, has been elected Trustee on the Estate; and Robert Raeburn Telfer, of Telfer & Huey, Merchants, Glasgow, Charles Sanderson, of John A. Bertram & Co. Limited, Leith, and Robert Kerr, of Wilson, Kerr, & Co., Merchants, Edinburgh, have been elected Commissioners. The Examination of the Bankrupt will take place in the Sheriff Court House, Linlithgow, upon Friday the 14th day of May current, at half-past twelve o'clock afternoon. The second General Meeting of Creditors will be held within the Chambers of Messrs. Romanes & Munro, C.A., 50 Frederick Street, Edinburgh, on Tuesday the 25th May current, at eleven o'clock forenoon.

CHARLES J. MUNRO, C.A., Trustee.
Edinburgh, 7th March 1897.

In the SEQUESTRATION of JOSEPH WOOD-BOURNE SCORGIE, The Schoolhouse, Aberdour, Fife.

I GEORGE BYRES ROSS, Solicitor, Trustee on the Sequestered Estates of the said Joseph Wood-bourne Scorgie, hereby call a General Meeting of Creditors, to be held in the Writing Chambers of Messrs. Ross & Ketchen, S.S.C., 5 North Charlotte Street, Edinburgh, on Monday the 17th day of May 1897, at two o'clock afternoon, for the purpose of considering and resolving whether the Bankrupt's Estates should be wound up under a Deed of Arrangement.

GEO. BYRES ROSS, Trustee.

Edinburgh, 6th May 1897.

AS Trustee on the Sequestered Estate of WILLIAM TAIT, Commercial Traveller, 2 Dalhousie Terrace, Dundee, and residing at Easter Road, Leith, I hereby intimate that a Meeting of the Creditors will be held within the Chambers of Messrs. Romanes & Munro, C.A., 50 Frederick Street, Edinburgh, upon Monday, 31st May current, at eleven o'clock forenoon, to consider an application to be made for my discharge as Trustee.

CHARLES J. MUNRO, C.A., Trustee.

Edinburgh, 7th May 1897.

AS Trustee on the Sequestered Estate of JAMES TAIT, Land Overseer, Easter Road, Leith, I hereby intimate that a Meeting of the Creditors will be held within the Chambers of Messrs. Romanes & Munro, C.A., 50 Frederick Street, Edinburgh, upon Monday, 31st May current, at twelve o'clock noon, to consider an application to be made for my discharge as Trustee.

CHARLES J. MUNRO, C.A., Trustee.

Edinburgh, 7th May 1897.

In the SEQUESTRATION of DONALD HENDERSON, Hotel Keeper and Farmer, Royal Hotel, Thurso.

THOMAS PATRICK LAIRD, Chartered Accountant, Edinburgh, Trustee on the Sequestered Estate of Donald Henderson, Hotel Keeper and Farmer, Royal Hotel, Thurso, hereby calls a General Meeting of the Creditors on the said Estate, to be held within the Royal Hotel, Thurso, upon Tuesday the 1st day of June next, at one o'clock p.m., to consider as to an application to be made for his discharge as Trustee foresaid.

T. P. LAIRD, Trustee.

46 Castle Street, Edinburgh,
6th May 1897.

SEQUESTRATION of WILLIAM MARTIN, otherwise WILLIAM MARTIN, JUNIOR, Grocer and Provision Merchant, Cambuslang, and residing at No. 34 Finlay Drive, Dennistoun, Glasgow.

JAMES M'LAY, Chartered Accountant, Glasgow, Trustee on the Sequestered Estate of William Martin, otherwise William Martin, junior, Grocer and Provision Merchant, Cambuslang, and residing at No. 34 Finlay Drive, Dennistoun, Glasgow, hereby intimates that the Sheriff of Lanarkshire has accelerated payment of the first Dividend under this Sequestration, by authorising the same to be made on the expiration of four months from the date of the Deliverance actually awarding Sequestration, and that accordingly the claims of the Creditors must be duly lodged with the Subscriber on or before the 15th day of June 1897, in order to participate in said Dividend.

JAMES M'LAY, C.A., Trustee.

94 Hope Street, Glasgow,
4th May 1897.

In the SEQUESTRATION of JOHN DOUGLAS, Builder, Perth.

WILLIAM JAMES WOOD, Accountant in Perth, Trustee, hereby gives notice that a first Dividend will be paid within the Office of Messrs. Moir, Bell, & Wood, Accountants, 16 High Street, Perth, upon the 22nd day of June 1897.

W. J. WOOD, Trustee.

Perth, 6th May 1897.

SEQUESTRATION of JAMES GOODWIN, now or lately of Overton, West Kilbride, in the County of Ayr.

THE Trustee hereby intimates that an account of his intromissions with the funds of the Estate, brought down to 22nd day of April 1897, has been audited by the Commissioners, who have postponed the declaration of a Dividend until the recurrence of another statutory period.

J. W. STEWART, C.A., Trustee.

150 Hope Street, Glasgow,
6th May 1897.

WILLIAM D. CAIRNEY, C.A., Glasgow, Trustee on the Sequestered Estate of the Deceased WALTER NEILSON, Steel Manufacturer, residing at Ash Tower, Ashton, Gourcock, in the County of Renfrew, hereby intimates that the Commissioners have postponed a Dividend until the recurrence of another statutory period.

WM. D. CAIRNEY, Liquidator.

Glasgow, 4th May 1897.

THE Copartnership of J. & I. MENZIES, Stationers, 98 George Street, Oban, has been DISSOLVED of mutual consent as at the 31st day of March 1897, by the retiral of the Subscriber Ann Isabella Menzies.

The Business will be carried on under the same name at the same address by the Subscriber James S. Menzies, who will uplift all accounts and debts due to, and will discharge all liabilities due by, the Firm.

JAMES SKEOCH MENZIES.

ANN ISABELLA MENZIES.

JNO. MUNRO, J.P., Ironmonger, John's Square, Oban, Witness.

John B. MACNAB, Clerk with Mr. Jas. Munro, Ironmonger, John's Square, Oban, Witness.

Oban, 30th April 1897.

NOTICE OF DISSOLUTION OF COPARTNERY.

THE Firm of J. & R. A. CRAIG, C.A., 27 York Place, Edinburgh, was DISSOLVED by mutual consent of the Subscribers, the sole Partners thereof, as at 21st April 1897.

The Subscriber James Craig will continue to carry on Business at 27 York Place, and the Subscriber Robert Archibald Craig at 4 York Place.

JAMES CRAIG.

R. A. CRAIG.

F. C. AULD, Solicitor Supreme Courts, Edinburgh,
Witness to both Signatures.

JOHN RIDDELL, Accountant, 27 York Place, Edinburgh,
Witness to both Signatures.

THE Firm of STRACHAN & COBURN, Tailors and Clothiers, Auchnagatt, Aberdeenshire, of which the Subscribers Charles Strachan and Alexander Coburn were sole Partners, was DISSOLVED on 24th April 1897.

Alexander Coburn, who remains, will collect the debts due to the Firm and discharge all liabilities.

ALEXANDER COBURN.

CHARLES STRACHAN.

Witnesses to the above Signatures—

WILLIAM FRASER, Annochie, Auchnagatt, Aberdeenshire.

ADAM CURRIE, Auchnagatt, Aberdeenshire.

3rd May 1897.

NOTICE OF DISSOLUTION.

THE Firm of WILLIAM ARMSTRONG & SON, Woollen Manufacturers, Kirkcowan, of which the Subscribers were the sole Partners, was DISSOLVED on 9th January 1897.

The Business of the said Firm has been acquired, and will be carried on by the Company registered as WILLIAM ARMSTRONG & SON LIMITED, who will receive all debts due by the said dissolved Firm.

WILLIAM ARMSTRONG.

WALTER ARMSTRONG.

D. M. KELLY, Solicitor, Newton-Stewart,

R. C. MILROY, Mercantile Clerk, Kirkcowan,

Witnesses to the Signatures of the said William Armstrong and Walter Armstrong.

WM. ARMSTRONG & SON LIMITED,

Per DAVID MORRISON, Managing Director.

PETER E. TEAR, Law-Clerk, Newton-Stewart,

ALEX. MURRAY, Dyer, Kirkcowan,
Witnesses to the Signature of the said David Morrison for the said Company of William Armstrong & Son Limited.

NOTICE.

Glasgow, 4th May 1897.

THE Subscriber William Ferguson, residing at No. 4 Ashgrove Terrace, Partickhill Road, Partick, Executor of the late Thomas Ferguson, who resided at 13 Grafton Square, Glasgow, ceased as at 3rd May current to have any interest in the Business of Wholesale Cabinet Manufacturer, Upholsterer, &c., carried on under the Firm of FERGUSON, ALLAN, & CO. at 14 Dobbie's Loan, 9 North Wallace Lane, and 17 North Wallace Street, Glasgow, by the said Thomas Ferguson up to the date of his death on 16th December last, and by the Subscriber, the said William Ferguson, as

Executor foresaid, since that date, he having sold and transferred same on said 3rd May current to Alexander Martin, residing at No. 1 Holyrood Quadrant, Glasgow, Cabinet Manufacturers' Designer and Manager.

The said Alexander Martin will carry on said Business in said premises for his own behoof under the Firm of ALEXANDER MARTIN, successor to Ferguson, Allan, & Company, and he is authorised to collect all open accounts due to the Subscriber, as Executor foresaid.

WM. FERGUSON.

JAS. H. ROBERTSON, Writer, 120 Bath Street, Glasgow, Witness.

J. A. M'KILLOP, Law-Clerk, 62 Bath Street, Glasgow, Witness.

Witnesses to the Signature of Wm. Ferguson.

ALEXANDER MARTIN.

J. S. LAWSON, Commission Agent, 172 Buchanan Street, Glasgow,

WM. GEMMILL, Jr., Writer, 62 Bath Street, Glasgow,

Witnesses to the Signature of Alexander Martin.

NOTICE OF

DISSOLUTION OF COPARTNERY.

THE Firm of SMITH, SON, & COMPANY, Wireworkers, Wireweavers, and Millstone Builders, carrying on business at No. 219 High Street, Edinburgh, of which the Subscribers were the sole Partners, has been DISSOLVED by mutual consent as on the 31st day of March 1897.

The Business will in future be carried on by the Subscriber Mr. Frederick Joseph Smith for his own behoof under the Firm's name of SMITH, SON, & COMPANY.

He will collect all assets due to, and pay all debts due by, the Firm.

Dated the 4th day of May 1897.

J. CICERI SMITH.

Witnesses to the Signature of the said John Ciceri Smith—

AND. GORDON, of 3 Thistle Court, Edinburgh, Law-Agent, Witness.

ANDREW ERSKINE, of 3 Thistle Court, Edinburgh, Law-Clerk, Witness.

FRED. J. SMITH.

Witnesses to the Signature of the said Frederick Joseph Smith—

ARCH. CAMPBELL, of 52 Hanover Street, Edinburgh, S.S.C., Witness.

JAMES W. SCOTT, of 52 Hanover Street, Edinburgh, Law-Clerk, Witness.

NOTICE.

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