on a high building in the neighbourhood of Ypres. The building was continually shelled by the enemy with heavy guns, but he maintained his position, a most precarious and dangerous one, even when the building was in imminent danger of falling, and supplied valuable information throughout.

Lieutenant Gerald Sopwith, 3rd Battalion, The Durham Light Infantry, attached 2nd Battalion.

For conspicuous gallantry and devotion to duty at Hooge, on 9th August 1915. Although blown several yards by a large shell, wounded in the shoulder and slightly in the leg, he refused to leave the firing line, taking command of his Company when the Commander had been badly wounded and another Officer killed. At a critical moment he left the trenches under heavy fire, rallied and led back some men who were retiring owing to a misunderstanding. At 5 a.m., 10th August, he was again wounded and his jaw broken. He had to lie down, but continued to command and encourage his men till he was relieved.

Temporary Lieutenant Gilbert Andrew Syme, Royal Field Artillery, attached Royal Engineers.

Temporary Second Lieutenant William Cooper, Royal Engineers.

For conspicuous energy and good work near Ypres on 12th July 1915. After the enemy had exploded a mine just short of our parapet, a gallery was driven out to protect the trench and the enemy's mine was struck. It was found to contain a charge of about 1350 lbs. of explosive, some detonators, and part of the main electric firing lead. These were successfully withdrawn by the united efforts of a Captain, Lieutenant Syme, Second Lieutenant Cooper, and four men.

Temporary Second Lieutenant Guy Stanley Barton, 1st Battalion, The Royal Welsh Fusiliers

For conspicuous gallantry and devotion to duty on 16th May 1915, at Festubert, when attacking with 3 bombers houses occupied by the enemy.

On the morning of 17th May he was wounded and sent down to the base, but, hearing on his way that the grenade Company was without an Officer, he refused to go any further and returned to take command.

Second Lieutenant Leonard Scott Briggs 2nd Battalion, The Durham Light Infantry.

For conspicuous gallantry at Hooge on 9th August 1915, both in the attack and subsequent defence of the position won. At a critical moment under very heavy fire of all descriptions he left his trench, rallied some men who were retiring owing to a misunderstanding, and led them back. He was several times buried by debris from large shells, but remained perfectly cool, and set a very fine example to those around him.

Second Lieutenant Aubyn Stanley Edwards, 2nd Battalion, The Sherwood Foresters (Nottinghamshire and Derbyshire Regiment). For conspicuous gallantry at Hooge on 9th August 1915. He showed exceptional courage all day under very heavy shell fire, and continued to organise the defence of his trench until it was completely blown in, encouraging his men and keeping them together by his cool behaviour.

Temporary Second Lieutenant Rupert Price Hallowes, 4th Battalion, The Duke of Cambridge's Own (Middlesex Regiment.)

For conspicuous gallantry on the night of 19th July 1915, at Hooge, when owing to shortage of bombs the enemy was advancing down the communication trench. He got out of his trench, exposing himself fearlessly, and firing at the enemy in the open, hitting several

He also assisted in making a block, dug out a communication trench under heavy shell fire, and rebuilt a parapet that had been blown in. Throughout the night he assisted in keeping touch and supplying bombs.

Second Lieutenant Cyril John Huntriss, 1st Battalion, The East Yorkshire Regiment.

For conspicuous gallantry as Battalion Grenadier Officer on 9th August 1915, at Hooge. He led four bombing parties up to the assault on the enemy's position with the greatest coolness and daring.

Second Lieutenant Harold John Inglis, 3rd Battalion, The South Wales Borderers (attached 2nd Battalion).

For conspicuous gallantry on the 10th and 11th June 1915, during operations south-west of Krithia. He and his brother (Lieutenant R. C. Inglis, of the same Battalion) made a gallant attempt to capture an enemy's sap distant about 90 yards. Crawling over the open ground with their men, they reached the sap, which was about 5 feet deep, increasing to 7 or 8 feet, down which the party had to proceed in single file. The party were checked in the deepest part of the sap by machine-gun fire and bombs, and had to retire.

Second Lieutenant H. J. Inglis then made a second attempt, and again seized the saphead. Advancing along the sap he was wounded, and was eventually forced to retire by very heavy rifle fire. He showed great skill and gallantry in a difficult position.

Lieutenant R. C. Inglis was wounded, and has since died of his wounds.

Temporary Second Lieutenant Alan Robert Constantine Jenks, 61st Field Company, Royal Engineers.

For conspicuous gallantry and ability on 30th July 1915, at Hooge. He made a valuable reconnaissance of the enemy's trenches, and in the ensuing fight displayed great personal dash, initiative, and resource.

Second Lieutenant Harper Mervyn Lepper, 4th Battalion, The Duke of Cambridge's Own (Middlesex Regiment).

For conspicuous gallantry on the night of