



The Edinburgh Gazette

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FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 18, 1916.

At the Court at Buckingham Palace, the 15th | day of February 1916.

PRESENT,

The KING's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

THIS day the Right Honourable Andrew Fisher, having been appointed a Member

Fisher, having been appointed a Member of His Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council on the 5th day of July 1911, was, by His Majesty's command, sworn, and took his place at the Board accordingly.

ALMERIC FITZROY.

BY THE KING.

A PROCLAMATION

FOR PROHIBITING THE IMPORTATION OF PAPER-MAKING MATERIALS, PAPER, TOBACCO, FURNI-TURE WOODS, AND STONES AND SLATES INTO THE UNITED KINGDOM.

GEORGE R.I.

WHEREAS by Section forty-three of the Customs Consolidation Act, 1876, it is provided that the importation of arms, ammunition, gunpowder, or any other goods may be prohibited by Proclamation:

And whereas it is expedient that the importation into the United Kingdom of certain goods of a bulky character should be prohibited as hereinafter provided:

Now, THEREFORE, We, by and with the advice of Our Privy Council, in pursuance of the said

Act and of all other powers enabling Us in that behalf, do hereby proclaim, direct and ordain as follows:—

As from and after the First day of March 1916, subject as hereinafter provided, the importation into the United Kingdom of the following goods is hereby prohibited, viz.:—

All materials for the manufacture of paper, including wood pulp, esparto grass, and linen and cotton rags.

Paper and cardboard (including strawboard, pasteboard, millboard and wood pulp board) and manufactures of paper and cardboard.

All periodical publications exceeding 16 pages in length, imported otherwise than in single copies through the post.

Tobacco, unmanufactured and manufactured (including cigars and cigarettes).

Furniture woods, hard woods and veneers. Stones and slates.

Provided always, and it is hereby declared, that nothing in this Proclamation shall apply to any goods of the descriptions specified which are imported under licence given by or on behalf of the Board of Trade, and subject to the provisions and conditions of such licence.

This Proclamation may be cited as the Prohibition of Import (Paper, Tobacco, Furniture Woods, and Stones) Proclamation, 1916.

Given at Our Court at Buckingham Palace, this fifteenth day of February, in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and sixteen, and in the Sixth year of Our Reign.

GOD SAVE THE KING.

At the Court at Buckingham Palace, the 15th day of February 1916.

PRESENT,

The KING's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

HEREAS by an Order in Council dated the twenty-eighth day of November nineteen hundred and fourteen, His Majesty was pleased to make Regulations (called the "Defence of the Realm (Consolidation) Regulations, 1914") under the Defence of the Realm Consolidation Act, 1914, for securing the public safety and the Defence of the Realm:

And whereas the said Act has been amended by the Defence of the Realm (Amendment) Act, 1915, the Defence of the Realm (Amendment) (No. 2) Act, 1915, and the Munitions of War Act, 1915:

And whereas the said Regulations have been amended by various subsequent Orders in Council:

And whereas it is expedient further to amend the said Regulations in manner hereinafter appearing:

Now, therefore, His Majesty is pleased, by and with the advice of His Privy Council, to order, and it is hereby ordered, that the following amendments be made in the said Regulations:

- 1. After Regulation 2A the following regulation shall be inserted:—
 - "2B. It shall be lawful for the Admiralty or Army Council or the Minister of Munitions to take possession of any war material, food, forage and stores of any description and of any articles required for or in connection with the production thereof."
- 2. For Regulation 7 the following regulation shall be substituted:—
 - "7. The Admiralty or Army Council or the Minister of Munitions may by order require the occupier of any factory or workshop in which arms, ammunition, food, forage, clothing, equipment or stores of any description or any articles required for the production thereof, are or may be manufactured or in which any operation or process required in the production, alteration, renovation or repair thereof is or may be carried on, to place at their disposal the whole or any part of the output of the factory or workshop as may be specified in the order, and to deliver to them or to any person or persons named by them the output or such part thereof as aforesaid in such quantities and at such times as may be specified in the order: and the price to be paid for the output so requisitioned shall, in default of agreement, be determined by the arbitration of a judge of the High Court selected by the Lord Chief Justice of England in England, of a judge of the Court of Session selected by the Lord President of the Court of Session in Scotland, or of a judge of the High Court of Ireland selected by the Lord Chief Justice of Ireland in Ireland.

"In determining such price regard need not be had to the market price, but shall be had to the cost of production of the output so requisitioned and to the rate of profit usually earned in respect of the output of such factory or workshop before the war, and to any other circumstances of the case.

"If the occupier of the factory or workshop fails to comply with the order, or without the

leave of the Admiralty or Army Council or the Minister of Manitions, delivers to any other person any part of the output of the factory or workshop to which the order relates, he shall be guilty of an offence against these regulations.

"For the purpose of ascertaining the amount of the output of any factory or workshop or any plant therein and the cost of production of such output, and the rate of profit usually earned in respect of the output of such factory or workshop before the war, the Admiralty or Army Council or the Minister of Munitions may require the occupier of any such factory or workshop, or any officer or servant of the occupier, or where the occupier is a company any director of the company, to furnish to the Admiralty or Army Council or the Minister of Munitions such particulars as to such output, cost, and rate of profit as they may direct, and may require any such particulars to be verified in such manner as they may direct, and if any such person fails to comply with any such requirement he shall be guilty of an offence against these regulations."

3. At the end of paragraph (a) of Regulation 8a the following words shall be inserted:—

"and to require returns as to the nature and amount of work done in any factory or workshop."

At the end of the same Regulation the following paragraph shall be inserted:—

- "Where under this regulation any return has been required or any directions regulating the priority to be given to work at any factory, workshop, or other premises, have been given, and any person in any such return or in any certificate or document given or issued for the purpose of securing priority for any work in pursuance of such directions makes any false statement or false representation, he shall be guilty of an offence against these regulations."
- 4. For Regulation 10a the following regulation shall be substituted:—
 - "10a. Where the competent naval or military authority has control of or uses or occupies any dock premises or any part of any dock premises for naval or military purposes, he may by order prohibit any person from bringing into or having in his possession within the dock premises or any limited portion thereof, or on board any vessel therein, any intoxicating liquor, except for such purposes, and subject to such conditions, exceptions and restrictions as may be specified in the order, and if any person contravenes any provision of the order he shall be guilty of an offence under these regulations, and any person authorised by the competent naval or military authority, or any police constable, may search any person entering or within the premises to which the order applies, and may seize any intoxicating liquor found on him in contravention of the order."
- 5. At the end of Regulation 29A the following words shall be inserted:—

"nor shall this regulation apply to any persons or classes of persons who, as respects any particular factory, workshop or other place, may be exempted by order of the Admiralty or Army Council or the Minister of Munitions."

6. After the second paragraph of Regulation 40 the following paragraph shall be inserted:-

"If any member of the crew of a ship belonging to, or chartered, hired, or requisitioned by, the Admiralty or Army Council, without lawful authority gives, sells, procures or supplies, or offers to give, sell, procure or supply, any intoxicant, to or for any member of His Majesty's forces embarked as a passenger on board the ship, he shall be guilty of an offence against these regulations.'

- 7. In paragraph (10) of Regulation 56 after the words "any power of the High Court" there shall be inserted words "or any power of any court of summary jurisdiction.'
- 8. For paragraph (14) of Regulation 56 the following paragraph shall be substituted:-

"(14) Where a person is alleged to be guilty of an offence against these regulations which appears to the Minister of Munitions to be a munitions offence as hereinafter defined, the case, instead of being referred to the competent naval or military authority, shall be referred to the Director of Public Prosecutions, the Lord Advocate, or the Attorney-General for Ireland, as the case may be, who shall investigate the case and determine whether or not the case is to be proceeded with, and if it is to be proceeded with, whether it is to be tried by a court of summary jurisdiction, or by a civil court with a jury, or, subject to the rights of the offender if a British subject under the Defence of the Realm (Amendment) Act, 1915, and to the consent of the Admiralty or Army Council, by court martial.

"For the purposes of this provision 'munitions offence' means an offence in contravention of any order made or any directions, regulations, or restrictions given or issued by the Minister of Munitions under these regulations, or an offence against these regulations in respect of any matter within the scope of the powers and duties for the time being assigned to the Minister of Munitions, and the decision of the Minister of Munitions as to whether an alleged offence is a munitions offence shall be conclusive."

The last paragraph of Regulation 42 commencing with the words "This regulation so

far as it relates" is hereby revoked.

ALMERIC FITZROY.

At the Court at Buckingham Palace, the 15th day of February 1916.

PRESENT,

The KING's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS by an Order in Council dated the tenth day of June nineteen hundred and fifteen, His Majesty was pleased to make regulations (called the Defence of the Realm (Liquor Control) Regulations, 1915) under the Defence of the Realm Consolidation Act, 1914, and to issue the same in pursuance of the Defence of the Realm Amendment (No. 3) Act, 1915, to take effect in any area to which they should be applied under the said Amendment Act.

And whereas His Majesty has been pleased to apply the said Regulations and any Regulations amending the same to divers areas by Orders in Council made under the said Amendment Act.

And whereas the said Regulations have been amended by an Order in Council dated the fourteenth day of October nineteen hundred and fifteen:

And whereas it is expedient further to amend the said Regulations in manner hereinafter appearing:

Now, therefore, His Majesty is pleased, by and with the advice of His Privy Council, to order, and it is hereby ordered, that the following amendment be made in the said Regulations:-

At the end of Regulation 2 the following paragraph shall be inserted:

"Where by any Order of the Board the sale of intoxicating liquor in licensed premises in any area is restricted to a total of five-and-a-half hours a day, or less, the weekly half-holiday required to be given to the assistants employed in such premises under section 1 of the Shops Act, 1912, may begin not later than three instead of half past one o'clock in the afternoon, but this provision shall not apply to any licensed premises in which any assistant is employed for more than sixty-five hours in any week exclusive of meal times."

Almeric FitzRoy.

At the Court at Buckingham Palace, the 15th day of February 1916.

PRESENT,

The KING's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS under the Defence of the Realm (Amendment) (No. 3) Act, 1915, His Majesty has power by Order in Council to define any area wherein it appears to His Majesty on the grounds specified in the said Act to be expedient for the purpose of the successful prosecution of the present War that the sale and supply of intoxicating liquor should be controlled by the State, and to apply to such area so defined the Regulations issued by His Majesty in pursuance of said Act under the Defence of the Realm Consolidation Act, 1914:

And whereas His Majesty in Council, in pursuance of the said first-mentioned Act, has issued the Defence of the Realm (Liquor Control) Regulations, 1915, under the said last-mentioned Act:

And whereas by Orders in Council, dated respectively the 6th day of July, and the 10th day of November, 1915, His Majesty was pleased, in pursuance of the said first-mentioned Act, to apply the said Regulations and any Regulations amending the same to certain areas more particularly described in paragraph III. and in paragraph V. of the respective Schedules of the said respective Orders, each of which said areas forms part of the area defined and specified in the Schedule hereto:

And whereas it appears to His Majesty that it is expedient for the purpose of the successful prosecution of the present War that the sale and supply of intoxicating liquor in the area defined and specified in the Schedule hereto should be controlled by the State on the grounds that war material is being made, loaded, unloaded, and dealt with in transit therein, and that men belonging to His Majesty's Naval and Military forces are assembled therein:

Now, THEREFORE, His Majesty is pleased, by and with the advice of His Privy Council, to order, and it is hereby ordered, as follows :-

The Defence of the Realm (Liquor Control) Regulations, 1915, and any Regulations amending the same, shall be, and are, hereby applied to the area defined and specified in the Schedule hereto

ALMERIC FITZROY.

SCHEDULE.

The Southern Military and Transport Area, being the area comprising the Town and County of Poole, and the County of Dorset (excepting the Boroughs of Bridport and Lyme Regis, and the Petty Sessional Division of Bridport); the City of Salisbury, and the County of Wilts; the City of Winchester, the County Boroughs of Bournemouth, Portsmouth, and Southampton, and the County of Southampton (including the Isle of Wight); the County Borough of Reading, and the Boroughs of Maidenhead and Windsor, and the Petty Sessional Divisions of Maidenhead, Reading (excepting the Parishes of Ashampstead, Bassildon and Streatley), Windsor, and Wokingham, in the County of Berks; the Parishes of Maple Durham, Kidmore End, Eye and Dunsden, and Shiplake, in the County of Oxford; the Petty Sessional Division of Stoke, and the Parishes of Farnham Royal, Burnham, Taplow, Hitcham, Dorney, and Boveny, in the County of Buckingham; the Boroughs of Guildford and Godalming, and the Petty Sessional Divisions of Chertsey, Farnham, Guildford, and Woking, in the County of Surrey; the City of Chichester, and the Petty Sessional Divisions of Chichester, Arundel, Petworth, and Midhurst, in the County of Sussex.

At the Court at Buckingham Palace, the 15th day of February 1916.

PRESENT.

The KING's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

HEREAS under the Defence of the Realm (Amendment) (No. 3) Act, 1915, His Majesty has power by Order in Council to define any area wherein it appears to His Majesty on the grounds specified in the said Act to be expedient for the purpose of the successful prosecution of the present War that the sale and supply of intoxicating liquor should be controlled by the State, and to apply to such area so defined the Regulations issued by His Majesty in pursuance of the said Act under the Defence of the Realm Consolidation Act, 1914:

And whereas His Majesty in Council in pursuance of the said first-mentioned Act, has issued the Defence of the Realm (Liquor Control) Regulations, 1915, under the said last mentioned Act:

And whereas by an Order in Council, dated the 6th day of July 1915, His Majesty was pleased to apply the said Regulations and any Regulations | carriage of cargo by any British steamship ex-

amending the same to an Area more particularly described in paragraph 1 of the Schedule to the said Order.

And whereas it appears to His Majesty to be expedient that the definition of the said area should be amended, and that the said area should be extended, and that the area comprising the City of Bath, the Petty Sessional Division of Lawford's Gate, in the County of Gloucester; the Petty Sessional Divisions of Long Ashton, Keynsham, Weston, and Frome, and the Parishes of Chew Stoke, Chew Magna, Stowey, Stanton Drew, Chelwood, Publow, and Norton Malreward, in the County of Somerset, should be added to the said first-mentioned area:

And whereas it appears to His Majesty that it is expedient for the purpose of the successful prosecution of the present War that the sale and supply of intoxicating liquor in the area thereby constituted and defined and specified in the Schedule hereto should be controlled by the State on the grounds that war material is being made, loaded, unloaded, and dealt with in transit therein, and that men belonging to His Majesty's Military Forces are assembled therein:

Now, THEREFORE, His Majesty is pleased, by and with the advice of His Privy Council, to order, and it is hereby ordered, as follows:

The Defence of the Realm (Liquor Control) Regulations, 1915, and any Regulations amending the same, shall be, and are, hereby applied to the area defined and specified in the Schedule hereto.

ALMERIC FITZROY.

SCHEDULE.

The Bristol and Bath Area, being the area comprising the Cities of Bristol and Bath, the Petty Sessional Division of Lawford's Gate, in the County of Gloucester; the Petty Sessional Divisions of Long Ashton, Keynsham, Weston, and Frome, and the Parishes of Chew Stoke, Chew Magna, Stowey, Stanton Drew, Chelwood, Publow, and Norton Malreward, in the County of Somerset: and the area within the circumference of a circle having a radius of five miles measured from the Lighthouse known as the "South Pier Lighthouse," Avonmouth, and situate in the Bristol Channel at or near the estuary of the River Avon.

At the Court at Buckingham Palace, the 15th day of February 1916.

PRESENT,

The KING's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

THEREAS a state of war exists beween His Majesty and the German Emperor, the Emperor of Austria King of Hungary, the Sultan of Turkey and the King of the Bulgarians:

And whereas His Majesty holds it to be His Prerogative Duty as well as His Prerogative Right to take all steps necessary for the Defence and Protection of the Realm:

And whereas His Majesty did by Order in Council dated November 10th, 1915, prohibit the

ceeding 500 tons gross tonnage registered in the United Kingdom from one foreign port to another, unless exempted by licence:

And whereas it has been made to appear to His Majesty that it is essential to the Defence and Protection of the Realm that, in the exercise of His Prerogatives as aforesaid, He should prohibit as from and after the First day of March 1916, any British steamship registered in the United Kingdom exceeding 500 tons gross tonnage, except steamships engaged in the coasting trade of the United Kingdom, from proceeding on any voyage unless the owner or charterer of such steamship has been granted a licence as hereinafter provided:

Now, therefore, His Majesty is pleased, by and with the advice of His Privy Council, and in exercise of His Prerogatives as aforesaid and of all other powers Him thereunto enabling, to order and it is hereby ordered that, from and after the First day of March 1916, no British steamship registered in the United Kingdom exceeding 500 tons gross tonnage, except steamships engaged in the coasting trade of the United Kingdom, shall proceed on any voyage, unless a licence to do so has been granted to or in favour of the owner or charterer of such steamship by the Licensing Committee appointed by the President of the Board of Trade under the provisions of the aforesaid Order in Council of November 10th, 1915, which licence may be general in reference to classes of ships or their voyages or special.

And the President of the Board of Trade is to act and give instructions and directions accordingly.

ALMERIC FITZROY.

At the Court at Buckingham Palace, the 15th day of February 1916.

PRESENT,

The KING's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS by paragraph 5 of the Second Schedule to the Military Service Act, 1916, His Majesty may, by Order in Council, make regulations with respect to the constitution, functions, and procedure of the Local Tribunals, the Appeal Tribunals, and the Central Tribunal, to be established in accordance with the provisions of the Act:

And whereas by the Military Service (Regulations) Order, 1916, His Majesty was pleased to make Regulations regarding the matters aforesaid:

And whereas it is desirable to amend the said Order so far as it applies to Scotland in manner hereinafter provided:

Now, therefore, His Majesty is pleased, by and with the advice of His Privy Council, to order, and it is hereby ordered as follows:—

Regulation No. 1 of Section I. of Part II. of the said Order shall so far as it applies to Scotland be amended by the addition at the end thereof of the following proviso:—

Provided that, subject as aforesaid, where in Scotland the sheriff-depute, or a sheriff-substitute, as the case may be, is appointed a member of an Appeal Tribunal, he shall ex officio be Chairman of the Tribunal.

ALMERIC FITZROY.

At the Court at Buckingham Palace, the 15th day of February 1916.

PRESENT,

The KING's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

HEREAS there was this day read at the Board a Memorial from the Right Honourable the Lords Commissioners of the Admiralty, dated the 8th day of February 1916, in the words following, viz.:—

"Whereas by Section 3 of the Naval and Marine Pay and Pensions Act, 1865, it is enacted, inter alia, that all pay, pensions, or other allowances in the nature thereof, payable in respect of services in Your Majesty's Naval or Marine Force to a person being or having been an Officer, Seaman, or Marine therein, shall be paid in such manner, and subject to such restrictions, conditions, and provisions, as are from time to time directed by Order in Council:

"And whereas by Order in Council of His late Majesty, bearing date the 15th February 1909, a Climate Allowance was granted for service in the Persian Gulf during the months of June, July, August, and September, at the following rates:—

3s. a day to each Commissioned Officer,

1s. a day to each Warrant Officer,

6d. a day to each of the rest of the Ship's Company:

"And whereas the discomforts inseparable from service in the vicinity of the Red Sea are certainly not less than those experienced in the Persian Gulf:

"We beg leave humbly to recommend that Your Majesty may be graciously pleased, by Your Order in Council, to sanction the payment of an Allowance at the same rates, and under the same conditions in regard to period of payment, in respect of service in Vessels continuously employed for more than 10 days in the Red Sea and Gulf of Aden (between the meridians of 33° and 50°) provided they are not merely passing through that area; payment to take effect from the 1st June 1915, and to be made in respect of all Ranks and Ratings other than men of colour.

"The Lords Commissioners of Your Majesty's Treasury have signified their concurrence in this proposal."

His Majesty, having taken the said Memorial into consideration, was pleased, by and with the advice of His Privy Council, to approve of what is therein proposed. And the Right Honourable the Lords Commissioners of the Admiralty are to give the necessary directions herein accordingly.

ALMERIC FITZROY.

At the Court at Buckingham Palace, the 15th day of February 1916.

PRESENT,

The KING's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS by Section 17 of the Navy and Marines (Property of Deceased) Act, 1865, it is enacted that His Majesty in Council may, from time to time, make such Orders in Council as seem meet for the better execution of any of the purposes of the said Act:

And whereas by an Order in Couniil dated the 28th December 1865, and made in pursuance of the said Act, certain provisions were ordered which it is desirable to amend as hereinafter provided:

Now, therefore, His Majesty, by virtue of the powers in this behalf by the said Act, or otherwise, in Him vested, is pleased, by and with the advice of His Privy Council, to order, and it is hereby ordered, that Clause 33 of the Order in Council of the 28th December 1865, shall be cancelled from the date of this Order, and in lieu thereof shall be substituted the following:—

- "(1) When bequeathed by Will, the medal shall be sent to the Legatee.
- (2) "When not bequeathed by Will, the medal shall be sent to the person standing nearest in the following order of relationship:—
 - 1. Widow.
 - 2. Eldest surviving son.
 - 3. Eldest surviving daughter.
 - 4. Father.
 - 5. Mother.
 - 6. Eldest surviving brother.
 - 7. Eldest surviving sister.
 - 8. Eldest surviving half-brother.
 - 9. Eldest surviving half-sister.
- "(3) When the medal cannot be disposed of as above, it may be sent to some other relative or interested party at the discretion of the Lords Commissioners of the Admiralty.

The same procedure shall be followed in the case of unissued decorations, except where specific direction as to their disposal is contained in the statutes or rules of the various Orders."

ALMERIC FITZROY.

Privy Council Office, Dublin Castle. 12th February 1916.

T a Meeting of the Privy Council held this day in the Council Chambers, Dublin Castle, the Right Honourable the Lord Chief Justice and the Right Honourable Mr. Justice Wylie were sworn Lords Justices for the Government of Ireland during the absence of His Excellency the Lord Lieutenant.

E. O'FARRELL.

DEFENCE OF THE REALM.

THE LIGHTS ON VEHICLES (SCOTLAND) ORDER OF 9TH FEBRUARY 1916, MADE BY THE SECRETARY FOR SCOTLAND UNDER REGULATION 11 OF THE DEFENCE OF THE REALM (CONSOLIDATION) REGULATIONS, 1914.

In pursuance of the power conferred on me by Regulation 11 of the Defence of the Realm (Consolidation) Regulations, 1914, I hereby make the following Order:—

PART I.

Requirements as to Lights to be carried on Vehicles and as to Lighting-up Time.

- (1) Every vehicle on any street, highway, or road to which the public have access in the areas specified in Part I. of the Schedule to this Order must, between one hour after sunset and one hour before sunrise, carry lamps as follows—
 - (a) at the front, a lamp or lamps displaying to the front a white light. If only one lamp is carried for this purpose on any vehicle other than a bicycle, tricycle or handcart it must be placed on the extreme off or right-hand side of the vehicle; if a second lamp is carried it must be placed in the corresponding position on the extreme near or left-hand side of the vehicle; and
 - (b) at the rear, a lamp displaying to the rear a red light. The lamp carried for this purpose on any vehicle other than a bicycle, tricycle or handcart must be placed on the off or right-hand side of the vehicle:

Provided that a handcart carrying one lamp displaying a white light to the front and a red light to the rear shall be deemed to comply with the foregoing requirements.

(2) The lamp or lamps must be properly trimmed, lighted and attached, so that the light is visible in the prescribed direction for a reasonable distance without obstruction by any part of the vehicle, its burden, the draught animal, or the person in charge.

PART II.

Prohibition of the use of Headlights and Restrictions on other Lights on Vehicles in certain Areas.

The following restrictions on the use of lights on vehicles shall have effect between half-an-hour after sunset and half-an-hour before sunrise in the areas specified in Part II. of the Schedule to this Order:—

(1) The use on motor cars of headlights of all descriptions is prohibited.

Headlights on trancars must not be of greater brightness than is necessary for the public safety, and any instructions which may be given by the Chief Constable as to reducing or obscuring such lights must be observed.

- (2) Not more than two lamps showing a light to the front may be used on any vehicle.
- (3) In electric lamps the bulb must not exceed 12 watts or give in use a greater candle-power than the 12-watt (12 nominal candle-power) bulb as standardised for sidelights by the Engineering Standards Committee (Report No. 69): the diameter or longer side of the front glass, according as it is circular or rectangular, must not exceed 6 inches.
- (4) In acetylene lamps the burner must not consume more than 14 litres (½ cubic foot) per hour, and the diameter or longer side of the front glass, according as it is circular or rectangular, must not exceed 6 inches.
- (5) In oil lamps only one burner may be used: the wick must not exceed three-quarters of an inch in width.
- (6) The front glasses of (1) all electric and acetylene lamps, and (2) lamps burning

candle or oil the front glasses of which have a lens or other device for concentrating the light or directing it towards the roadway must be obscured—

(a) in electric lamps, with at least one thickness of ordinary white tissue paper.

thickness of ordinary white tissue paper.

(b) in acetylene lamps and in candle and oil lamps to which this paragraph applies, with at least one thickness of ordinary white tissue paper or with paint, ground glass, or a disc of some other uncoloured material so that the obscuring effect produced is not less than that of one thickness of ordinary white tissue paper.

The paper, paint, or disc must cover the whole of the front glass and must not be wetted, oiled, varnished, or treated in any other way so as to reduce its opacity.

Side panels, except small red or green side panels, must be covered over with some opaque material.

This paragraph shall not apply to the lamp displaying a red light carried at the rear of a vehicle.

- (7) The inside lights of tramears and omnibuses must be reduced, shaded, or obscured so that no more light is used than is necessary to enable fares to be collected and the light is prevented, so far as practicable, from being visible from outside; and any instructions which may be given by the Chief Constable for this purpose must be observed.
- (8) Subject to the provisions of Part I. of this Order in places to which that Part applies, no light of any description on any vehicle which is at a standstill shall be shown so as to be visible from the sea or from the navigable waters of any estuary.

For the purposes of this Order the word "vehicle" shall include any bicycle, tricycle or velocipede, and any handcart, that is, any vehicle drawn or propelled by hand.

This Order shall take effect on and after 25th February 1916.

The Order of the 25th January 1915, as to the reduction of lights on motor and other vehicles and the provisions as to such lights contained in the Order of the 8th April 1915, are hereby revoked as from 25th February 1916, without prejudice however to any proceedings in respect of contraventions of those Orders.

This Order may be cited as the Lights on Vehicles (Scotland) Order of 9th February, 1916.

> (L.S.) T. M'KINNON WOOD, His Majesty's Secretary for Scotland.

Scottish Office, Whitehall, 9th February 1916.

SCHEDULE.1

Part I.

The whole of the Counties of Clackmannan, Dumbarton, Fife, Haddington, Kinross, Lanark, Linlithgow, Renfrew and Stirling; the portions of the Counties of Berwick, Forfar, Midlothian and Perth which are prohibited areas within the meaning of any Aliens Restriction Order for the time being in force; and all other areas in Scotland which are within 6 miles of the sea and are not included in the foregoing areas.

Part II.

The parishes hereinafter named and that part of Scotland which lies to the South of a line passing from the Coast of Aberdeenshire to the west coast of Argyllshire through the said parishes, and all other areas in Scotland which are within 6 miles of the sea and are not included in the foregoing areas:—

County.		Parishes.
Aberdeen . Kincardine	•	Aberdeen, Peterculter, Drumoak. Durris, Glenbervie, Fordoun, Mary- kirk.
Forfar .	•	Logie Pert, Dun, Brechin, Kinnell, Guthrie, Kirkden, Dunnichen, For- far, Glamis, Eassie and Nevay, Newtyle, Kettins.
Perth .	• :	Abernyte, Kinnaird, Kilspindie, Scone, Redgorton, Tibbermore, Forteviot.
Kinross .		Orwell, Fossoway.
Fife		Saline, Culross.
Clackmannan	• :	Clackmannan, Dollar, Tilliecoultry, Alva.
Stirling .	• ,	Logie, Stirling, St. Ninians, Gar- gunnock, Kippen, Drymen, Buch- anan.
Dumbarton		Arrochar, Luss, Row, Roseneath.
Argyll .	-	Dunoon, Inverchaolain, Kiltinan, Kilealmonell.

1 "Within 6 miles of the sea" means all places within 6 miles of the sea or the navigable waters of any estuary. "County" includes cities or burghs comprised in the geographical limits thereof.

DEFENCE OF THE REALM.

THE LIGHTS (SCOTLAND) (No. 1) ORDER OF 9TH FEBRUARY 1916, MADE BY THE SECRETARY FOR SCOTLAND UNDER REGULATION 11 OF THE DEFENCE OF THE REALM (CONSOLIDATION) REGULATIONS, 1914.

In pursuance of the power conferred on me by Regulation 11 of the Defence of the Realm (Consolidation) Regulations, 1914, I hereby make the following Order:—

(1) All lights, whether public or private, which, if unobscured, would be visible from the sea or from the navigable waters of any estuary, must be extinguished, or, in the case of indoor lights, obscured so as to be invisible from outside:

Provided that this paragraph shall not apply to lights on vehicles, or to indispensable navigation, railway or dock lights, or to lights in shipbuilding yards, armament works and other factories which are excepted under paragraph (5) below, or to any light which is approved by a competent naval or military authority.

(2) Subject to the later provisions of this Order, all external lamps, flares and fixed lights of all descriptions, and all aggregations of lights, whether public or private, must be extinguished, except such public lamps as in the opinion of the Chief Constable are necessary for safety and any other lights approved by him.

All lights which are not extinguished must be reduced to the minimum intensity consistent with safety and shaded or obscured so as to render them invisible from above and to cut off direct light in all directions above the horizontal.

(3) The intensity of the inside lighting of shops and shop fronts must be reduced or the

lights obscured or shaded so that no more than a dull subdued light is visible outside and no part of the pavement or roadway or any building is distinctly illuminated thereby: in particular, all sources of light must be shaded with some opaque material so that all direct light therefrom is cut off from the windows and doors.

- (4) In hotels, flats, dwelling houses and premises of all descriptions not coming under other provisions of this Order, inside lights must be so shaded or reduced or the windows, skylights and glass doors so screened by shutters or dark blinds or curtains, &c., that no more than a dull subdued light is visible from any direction outside.
- (5) In factories, workshops and other such buildings which are illuminated at night the roof areas and windows must be covered over or obscured and the lighting intensity reduced to the minimum necessary for the safe and expeditious progress of work:

Provided that lighting may be maintained in shipbuilding yards, armament works and other factories engaged in the manufacture of articles required for the fulfilment of Government contracts, to such extent as may be necessary for the

safe and expeditious progress of work.

(6) The intensity of the lighting of railway stations, sidings, goods yards, docks, &c. must be reduced to the minimum that will suffice for the safe and expeditious progress of work: the tops and sides of all external lights which cannot be dispensed with must be shaded or painted over.

(7) Passengers in railway carriages which are provided with blinds must keep the blinds lowered so as to cover the windows. The blinds may be lifted in case of necessity when the train is at a standstill at a station, but if lifted they must be lowered again before the train starts.

(8) With regard to lights on vehicles, the provisions of the Lights on Vehicles (Scotland) Order of 9th February 1916 (Statutory Rules and

Orders No. $\frac{67}{8.5}$) shall apply.

(9) In case of sudden emergency, all instructions as to the further reduction or extinction of lights given by or under the direction of a competent naval or military authority or the Chief Constable shall be immediately obeyed.

This Order shall take effect on and after 25th February 1916, and shall apply to the period from half an hour after sunset till half an hour

before sunrise.

The Order shall apply to the parishes named in the annexed Schedule and to that part of Scotland which lies to the south of a line passing from the coast of Aberdeenshire to the west coast of Argyll-

shire through the said parishes.

I hereby revoke, as from 25th February 1916, Paragraph I. of the Order of the 8th April 1915, as to lights in places on the coast of Scotland so far as applying to places to which this Order applies, without prejudice, however, to any proceedings in respect of contraventions of that Order.

This Order may be cited as the Lights (Scotland) (No. 1) Order of 9th February 1916.

T. M'KINNON WOOD, His Majesty's Secretary for Scotland.

Scottish Office, Whitehall, 9th February 1916.

SCHEDILLE.

County.	!	Parishes.
Aberdeen . Kincardine .	:	Aberdeen, Peterculter, Drumoak. Durris, Glenbervie, Fordoun, Mary- kirk.
Forfar .	.!	Logic Pert, Dun, Brechin, Kinnell, Guthrie, Kirkden, Dunnichen, For- far, Glamis, Eassie and Nevay, Newtyle, Kettins.
Perth	. 1	Abernyte, Kinnsird, Kilspindie, Scone, Redgorton, Tibbermore, Forteviot.
Kinross .		Orwell, Fossoway.
Fife	. !	Saline, Culross.
Clackmannan	٠,	Clackmannan, Dollar, Tilliecoultry, Alva.
Stirling .	. !	Logie, Stirling, St. Ninians, Gar- gunnock, Kippen, Drymen, Buch- anan.
Dumbarton	. 1	Arrochar, Luss, Row, Rosneath.
Argyll ,	• !	

DEFENCE OF THE REALM.

THE LIGHTS (SCOTLAND) (No. 2) ORDER OF 9TH FEBRUARY 1916, MADE BY THE SECRETARY FOR SCOTLAND UNDER REGULATION 11 OF THE DEFENCE OF THE REALM (CONSOLIDA-TION) REGULATIONS, 1914.

In pursuance of the power conferred on me by Regulation 11 of the Defence of the Realm (Consolidation) Regulations, 1914, I hereby make the following Order :-

(1) All lights, whether public or private, which, if unobscured, would be visible from the sea or from the navigable waters of any estuary, shall be extinguished, or, in the case of indoor lights, obscured so as to be invisible from outside:

Provided that this paragraph shall not apply to lights on vehicles or to indispensable navigation railway or dock lights, or to lights which are necessary for the safe and expeditious progress of work in shipbuilding yards, armament works, and other factories engaged in the manufacture of articles required for the fulfilment of Government contracts, or to any light which is approved by a competent naval or military authority.

(2) With regard to lights on vehicles, the provisions of the Lights on Vehicles (Scotland) Order of 9th February 1916 (Statutory Rules and

Orders, No. $\frac{67}{8.5}$ shall apply.

This Order shall take effect on and after 25th February 1916, and shall apply to the period from half an hour after sunset to half an hour before sunrise.

This order shall apply to that part of Scotland which lies to the north of a line passing from the coast of Aberdeenshire to the west coast of Argyllshire through the Parishes named in the annexed Schedule, but shall not apply to any part of the said Parishes.

I hereby revoke as from 25th February 1916, paragraph 1 of the Order of the 8th April 1915, as to lights in places on the coast in Scotland, so far as applying to places to which this Order applies, without prejudice, however, to any proceedings in respect of contraventions of that Order.

This Order may be cited as the Lights (Scotland) (No. 2) Order of 9th February 1916.

> T. M'KINNON WOOD, His Majesty's Secretary for Scotland.

Scottish Office, Whitehall, 9th February 1916.

SCHEDULE.

County.	Parishes.
Aberdeen . Kincardine .	Aberdeen, Peterculter, Drumoak. Durris, Glenbervie, Fordoun, Mary-kirk.
Forfar .	. Logie Pert, Dun, Brechin, Kinnell, Guthrie, Kirkden, Dunnichen, Forfar, Glamis, Eassie and Nevay, Newtyle, Kettins.
Perth	. Abernyte, Kinnaird, Kilspindie, Scone, Redgorton, Tibbermore, Forteviot.
Kinross .	. Orwell, Fossoway.
Fife	. Saline, Culross.
Clackmannan	Clackmannan, Dollar, Tilliecoultry,
Stirling .	. Logie, Stirling, St. Ninians, Gargunnock, Kippen, Drymen, Buchanan.
Dumbarton Argyll .	. Arrochar, Luss, Row, Rosneath. Dunoon, Inverchaolain, Kilfinan, Kilcalmonell.

Foreign Office, February 15, 1916.

The following additions or corrections to the lists published as a supplement to the Edinburgh Gazette of 27th December 1915, of persons to whom articles to be exported to China and Siam may be consigned, are notified by order of the Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, in accordance with the provisions of the Proclamation relating to the exportation of articles to China and Siam during the present war, issued on the 24th day of September 1915 :-

SIAM.

Foreign Office (Foreign Trade Department), 10th February 1916.

The following names are added to the list of persons and bodies of persons to whom articles to be exported to Siam may be consigned :-

Chung Chin Yuen & Co., Bangkok. Joo Chye Kee, Bangkok. Kempton and Co., Bangkok. Long Ann, Bangkok. Michellis and Drimitrellis, Bangkok. Mong Hoa, Bangkok. Phya Sri Kridakara, Bangkok. Seng Lee, Bangkok. Seng Lee, Trang. Teck Seng (Wat Tuk), Bangkok. Teo Ban Hong, Bangkok. Wat Tuk (Teck Seng), Bangkok.

Whitehall, February 11, 1916.

Briggs, R.N., Acting Squadron Commander in the Royal Naval Air Service, His Majesty's Royal licence and authority to wear the Cross of Chevalier of the Legion of Honour, which Decoration has been conferred upon him by the President of the French Republic in recognition of valuable services rendered by him.

Whitehall, February 11, 1916.

The KING has been pleased to give and grant unto Temporary Lieutenant-Colonel Arthur Patrick Bird Harrison, late British Military Attache with the Serbian Army, His Majesty's Royal licence and authority to wear the Insignia of Third Class of the Order of the White Eagle, which Decoration has been conferred upon him by His Majesty the King of Serbia, in recognition of valuable services rendered by him.

Whitehall, February 11, 1916.

The King has been pleased to give and grant unto Major Edward Abadie Plunkett, Lincolnshire Regiment, late British Military Attache with the Serbian Army, His Majesty's Royal licence and authority to wear the Insignia of Third Class of the Order of the White Eagle, which Decoration has been conferred upon him by His Majesty the King of Serbia, in recognition of valuable services rendered by him.

Whitehall, February 12, 1916.

The KING has been pleased, by Warrant under His Majesty's Royal Sign Manual, bearing date the 8th instant, to appoint the Honourable Lord Hunter to be Chairman of the Northern Division of the Defence of the Realm Licensed Trade Claims Commission, in the room of Andrew Graham, Baron Dunedin, K.C.V.O., resigned.

Whitehall, February 14, 1916.

The KING has been pleased, by Warrant under His Majesty's Royal Sign Manual, bearing date the 12th instant, to appoint Frank Newbolt, Esq., K.C., to be Recorder of the Borough of Doncaster, in the room of Samuel Hill Smith Lofthouse, Esq., K.C., deceased.

Whitehall, February 14, 1916.

The KING has been pleased to appoint Arthur William Bell, Esq., to be His Majesty's Procureur in the Royal Court of the Island of Guernsey, in the room of Edward Chepmell Ozanne, Esq., appointed Bailiff of the said Island; and William The KING has been pleased to give and grant troller in the said Royal Court, in the room of unto Engineer Lieutenant-Commander Wilfred Arthur William Bell, Esq., appointed Procureur.

FACTORY AND WORKSHOP ACT, 1901.

In pursuance of section 118 of the Factory and Workshop Act, 1901, the Right Honourable Herbert Samuel, one of His Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, has been pleased to appoint Miss Miriam Blanche Pease to be an unpaid Temporary Inspector of Factories and Workshops.

Whitehall,

11th February 1916.

NOTICE.

COLONIAL STOCK ACT, 1900 (63 & 64 Vict., c. 62).

Addition to List of Stocks under Section 2.

Pursuant to Section 2 of the Colonial Stock Act, 1900, the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury hereby give notice that the provisions of the Act have been complied with in respect of the under-mentioned Stock, registered or inscribed in the United Kingdom:

New South Wales Government 5% Inscribed Stock (1921-1923).

The restrictions mentioned in Section 2, subsection (2) of the Trustee Act, 1893, apply to the above Stock (see Colonial Stock Act, 1900, Section 2).

NATIONAL INSURANCE ACTS, 1911 то 1915.

Notice is hereby given under the Rules Publication Act, 1893, that it is proposed by the National Health Insurance Joint Committee, and the Insurance Commissioners, the Scottish Insurance Commissioners, the Irish Insurance Commissioners, and the Welsh Insurance Commissioners, after the expiration of at least 40 days from this date, in pursuance of the powers conferred upon them by the National Insurance Acts, 1911 to 1915, and by the National Insurance (Joint Committee) Regulations, 1912 to 1913, to make Regulations consolidating with amendments the Regulations specified in the Schedule hereto, being Regulations made under the National Insurance Acts, 1911 to 1915, with reference to Approved Societies.

Copies of the draft regulations can be purchased, either directly or through any bookseller, from Messrs. Wyman & Sons Ltd., 29 Breams Buildings, Fetter Lane, London, E.C., and 54 St. Mary Street, Cardiff; or Clerk-in-Charge, Publications Department, H.M. Stationery Office, 23 Forth Street, Edinburgh; or Messrs. E. Ponsonby Ltd., 116 Grafton Street, Dublin.

SCHEDULE.

National Health Insurance (Constitution Unregistered Societies) Regulations, 1912. National Health Insurance (Constitution of

Sections) Regulations, 1912.

National Health Insurance (Behaviour during Disease) Regulations (England), 1912.

National Health Insurance (Appeals and Dis-

putes) Regulations, 1912, so far as relates to Societies and Branches.

National Health Insurance (Contributions to Superannuation Funds) Regulations, 1913.

National Health Insurance (Transfer from Voluntary to Employed Rate) Regulations,

National Health Insurance (Rate of Interest on Sums in Investment Account) Regulations, 1913.

National Health Insurance (Time for Joining an Approved Society) Regulations, 1914.

National Health Insurance (Subscriptions and Donations) Regulations, 1914.

National Health Insurance (Aliens' Maternity Benefit) Regulations, 1914.

National Health Insurance (Amalgamation and Transfer of Engagements) Regulations, 1914.

National Health Insurance (Dissolution of Societies) Regulations, 1914. National Health Insurance (Withdrawal of

Approval) Regulations, 1914.

National Health Insurance (Time for Joining an Approved Society) Amendment Regulations,

National Health Insurance (Transactions between Insurance Commissioners and Societies) Regulations, 1915.

National Health Insurance (Societies' Accounts and Administration Expenses) Regulations, 1915.

National Health Insurance (Persons of Unsound Mind) Regulations, 1915.

National Health Insurance (Withdrawal of Approval) Amendment Regulations, 1915.

National Health Insurance (Behaviour during Disease) Regulations (Scotland), 1912. National Health Insurance (Meeting Places of

Approved Societies) Regulations (Scotland), 1912.

ational Health Insurance (Transfer from Voluntary to Employed Rate) Regulations National (Scotland), 1913.

National Health Insurance (Subscriptions and Donations) Regulations (Scotland), 1913.

National Health Insurance (Appeals and Disputes) Regulations (Scotland), 1913, so far as relates to Societies and branches.

National Health Insurance (Meeting Places of Societies) Regulations (Ireland), Approved 1912.

National Health Insurance (Behaviour during Disease) Regulations (Ireland), 1912.

National Health Insurance (Appeals and Disputes) Regulations (Ireland), 1912, so far as relates to Societies and branches.

National Health Insurance (Transfer from Voluntary to Employed Rate) Regulations (Ireland), 1913.

National Health Insurance (Subscriptions and Donations) Regulations (Ireland), 1915.

National Health Insurance (Behaviour during Disease) Regulations (Wales), 1912.

National Health Insurance (Appeals and Disputes) Regulations (Wales), 1914, so far as relates to Societies and branches.

National Health Insurance (Transfer from Voluntary to Employed Rate) Regulations (Wales), 1913.

National Health Insurance (Meeting Places of Approved Societies) Regulations (Wales), 1914. National Health Insurance (Subscriptions and

Donations) Regulations (Wales), 1915.

Dated this 18th day of February 1916.

NATIONAL INSURANCE ACTS, 1911 to 1913.

1 & 2 Geo. V., Cap. 55, and 3 & 4 Geo. V., Cap. 37.

Notice is hereby given that the Scottish Insurance Commissioners, in pursuance of the powers conferred on them by the National Insurance Act, 1911, have made Regulations, dated 4th February 1916, under Sections 59 and 80 of the said Act.

These Regulations may be cited as the National Health Insurance (Appointment of Representatives of Insured Persons on Insurance Committees) Amendment Regulations (Scotland), 1916.

Copies of the said Regulations can be purchased, either directly or through any bookseller, from the Superintendent, Publications Department, H.M. Stationery Office, 23 Forth Street, Edinburgh; or from Messrs. Wyman & Sons Limited, Fetter Lane, London, E.C.; or from Messrs. E. Ponsonby Limited, 116 Grafton Street, Dublin.

Dated this 17th day of February 1916.

John Jeffrey, Secretary.

National Health Insurance Commission (Scotland),
83 Princes Street,
Edinburgh.

NATIONAL INSURANCE ACTS, 1911 to 1913.

1 & 2 Geo. V., Cap. 55, and3 & 4 Geo. V., Cap. 37.

Notice is hereby given that the National Health Insurance Joint Committee and the Scottish Insurance Commissioners, acting jointly in pursuance of the powers conferred upon them by the National Insurance Act, 1911, and by the National Insurance (Joint Committee) Regulations, 1912, and of all other powers enabling them in that behalf, have made a Special Order, dated 24th January 1916, under Section 47 (7) of the National Insurance Act, 1911.

This Order may be cited as the National Health Insurance (Special Employers' Custom) Order (Scotland), 1915 (No. 2).

Copies of the said Order can be purchased, either directly or through any bookseller, from the Superintendent, Publications Department, H.M. Stationery Office, 23 Forth Street, Edinburgh; or from Messrs. Wyman & Sons Limited, Fetter Lane, London, E.C.; or from Messrs. E. Ponsonby Limited, 116 Grafton Street, Dublin.

Dated this 17th day of February 1916.

John Jeffrey, Secretary.

National Health Insurance Commission (Scotland),
83 Princes Street,
Edinburgh.

POST OFFICE.

MONEY ORDERS.

In pursuance of the Rules Publication Act, 1893, His Majesty's Postmaster-General hereby gives notice that a Warrant, dated the 20th day of January 1916, and coming into operation on the 14th day of February 1916, has been made on his representation by the Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, making regulations relating to supplementary fees chargeable in the case of Telegraph Money Orders issued in the United Kingdom and payable at places abroad.

And the Postmaster-General further gives notice that copies of the said Warrant may be purchased, either directly or through any bookseller, from Wyman & Sons, Fetter Lane, E.C.; or His Majesty's Stationery Office (Scottish Branch), 23 Forth Street, Edinburgh; or Edward Ponsonby, 116 Grafton Street, Dublin.

Dated this 14th day of February 1916.

CROMPTON LLEWELYN DAVIES, Solicitor to the Post Office.

DISEASES OF ANIMALS ACTS, 1894 to 1914.

RETURN of OUTBREAKS of SWINE FEVER in SCOTLAND for the Week ended 12th February 1916, distinguishing Counties (including Burghs):—

	C	COUNTY.	Outbreaks Confirmed.	Swine Slaughtered as diseased or as having been Exposed to Infection.		
					No.	No.
Dumbartor Forfar .					1 1	<u>6</u>
TOTAL			•••		2	6

The following Area is now an "Infected Area" for the purposes of the Swine Fever (Regulation of Movement) Order of 1908:—

Midlothian.—An Area comprising the Parish of Corstorphine, in the County of Midlothian (4th January 1916).

The following Areas are now "Scheduled Areas" for the purposes of the Swine Fever (Regulation of Movement) Order of 1908:—

Aberdeenshire, &c.—An Area comprising the Counties of Aberdeen, Argyll, Banff, Bute, Carthness, Clackmannan, Elgin, Fife, Forfar, Inverness, Kincardine, Kinross, Nairn, Orkney, Perth, Ross and Cromarty, Stirling, Sutherland, and Zetland, and the detached part of the County of Dumbarton; the Cities of

Aberdeen, Dundee, and Perth; and the Burghs of Peterhead, Campbeltown, Elgin, Dunfermline, Kirkcaldy, Arbroath, Brechin, Forfar, Montrose, Inverness, Falkirk, and Stirling (1st October 1911).—See also under Dumbartonshire, &c.

Argyllshire.—See under Aberdeenshire, &c.

Ayrshire.—An Area comprising the County of Ayr, and the Burghs of Ayr, Irvine, and Kilmarnock (1st October 1911).

Banffshire.—See under Aberdeenshire, &c.

Berwickshire, &c.—An Area comprising the Counties of Berwick, Roxburgh, and Selkirk, and the Burghs of Hawick and Galashiels, and also comprising the Parish of Stow, in the County of Midlothian (1st October 1911).

Buteshire. - See under Aberdeenshire, &c.

Caithness.—See under Aberdeenshire, &c.

Clackmannan.-See under Aberdeenshire, &c.

Dumbartonshire, &c.—An Area comprising the Counties of Dumbarton (except its detached part), Lanark, Peebles, and Renfrew, and the Burghs of Airdrie, Dumbarton, Greenock, Hamilton, Paisley, Port-Glasgow, and Rutherglen, and the City of Glasgow (1st October 1911).—See also under Aberdeenshire, &c.

Dumfriesshire, &c.—An Area comprising the Counties of Dumfries and Kirkcudbright, and the Burgh of Dumfries (1st October 1911).

Elgin.-See under Aberdeenshire, &c.

Fife.—See under Aberdeenshire, &c.

Forfarshire. See under Aberdeenshire, &c.

Haddingtonshire.—An Area comprising the County of Haddington (1st October 1911).

Inverness-shire.—See under Aberdeenshire, &c.

Kincardineshire.—See under Aberdeenshire, &c.

Kinross.—See under Aberdeenshire, &c.

Kirkcudbrightshire.—See under Dumfriesshire, &c.

Lanarkshire —See under Dumbartonshire, &c.

Linlithgow, &c. — An Area comprising the Counties of Linlithgow and Midlothian (except the Parish of Stow), the Burghs of Leith and Musselburgh, and the City of Edinburgh (1st October 1911).—See also under Berwickshire, &c.

* Midlothian.—See under Linlithgow, &c., and also under Berwickshire, &c. See also under "Infected Area."

Nairn.-See under Aberdeenshire, &c.

Orkney.—See under Aberdeenshire, &c.

Peebles.—See under Dumbartonshire, &c.

Perthshire.—See under Aberdeenshire, &c.

Renfrew.—See under Dumbartonshire, &c.

Ross and Cromarty.—See under Aberdeenshire, &c.

Roxburghshire.—See under Berwickshire, &c.

Selkirkshire. - See under Berwickshire, &c.

Stirlingshire.—See under Aberdeenshire, &c.

Sutherland .- See under Aberdeenshire, &c.

Wigtownshire.—An Area comprising the County of Wigtown (1st October 1911).

Zetland.—See under Aberdeenshire, &c.

DISEASES OF ANIMALS ACTS, . 1894 to 1911.

RETURN of OUTBREAKS of the undermentioned DISEASES in SCOTLAND for the Week ended 12th February 1916, distinguishing Counties (including Burghs):—

ANTHRAX.

	kı ed.	Į.	Animals A	Attacked	l .
COUNTY.	Outbreaks Confirmed.	Cattle.	Sheep.	Swine.	Horses.
	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.
Aberdeen	 1	1	·—	<u> </u>	 - - - -
Fife Forfar	 1	1 1 2 1		_	
Haddington	 î	$\hat{2}$			
Lanark	 1	1	_		_
Wigtown	 1	1	_		_
TOTAL	 6	7		_	_

GLANDERS (INCLUDING FARCY).

COUNTY.	Outbreaks Reported.	Animals Attacked.	
•		No.	No.
Fife City of Edinburgh		<u>1</u>	3 1
TOTAL		1	4

SHEEP SCAB.

		(Jounty.	 Outbreaks Reported.		
						 No.
Argyll Ayr	•••				•••	 1
Ayr	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	 2
Т	OTAL	•••				 3

PARASITIC MANGE.

County.			Outbreaks Reported.	Animnis Attacked.
			No.	No.
Lanark City of Edinburgh	•••	 	3 1	4 1
TOTAL		•••	4	5

Board of Agriculture and Fisheries, 15th February 1916.

ACCOUNT showing the Quantities of certain kinds of AGRICULTURAL PRODUCE imported into the United Kingdom in the Week ended 12th February 1916, together with the Quantities imported in the Corresponding Week of the Years 1914 and 1915.

							: 	Quantities.	
							1914.	1915.	1916.
nimals, livin	g :		Q 1				20	10	
Oxen, Bu					•••	Number	29	10	
Sheep and			•••	• • •	•••	33	_	- ;	
Swine	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	,,,	- 077	202	
Horses	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	11	277	202	
resh Meat:-) of minor	ntod a	ad Trac		Combo	100 000	96,110	*151,38
Beef (incl	_	_		na Fra	zen)	Cwts.	190,830	108,656	*116,36
Mutton Pork	"	,	,	1	13	,,	114,401	100,000	
	**	antad "	r Frank	/: n]:	oding	>>	23,125	11,337	4,16
Meat, un				(mei	uamg	***	14,483	11,001	10,06
	rated an								
alted or Pres			•				110 214	169,607	100 46
Bacon	•••	•••	•••	•	•••	"	119,314	1,680	100,46
Beef	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	"	774		1,16
Hams	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	"	22,032	3 0,059	21,72
Pork	•••	4.3.	14. 7	•••	•••	"	5,059	5,102	1,65
Meat, une				:		,,	3,374	4,112	1,06
Meat, pre	ing T ini	ned and	d Cann		alting	,,	10,580	38,818	12,44
Dairy Produce		ibstitui	es:—				00.101	00.040	CO 95
Butter	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	**	83,181	80,642	62,37
Margarine	3	•••	•••	•••	•••	,,,	31,589	44,420	43,08
Cheese	···	•••		•••	•••	,,	21,430	40,748	43,29
Milk, Fre	•	ans or	drums	•••	• • •	,,	! -		
" Cre		•••	•••	•••	•••	,,	131	58	57
	idensed			•••	•••	· ,,	32,470	16,179	28,29
	served,	other l	kinds	•••	• • •	,,,	77	1,084	1,04
ggs	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	Gt. Hundreds	170,726	197,150	145,01
oultry	•••	•••	•••	• • •	•••	Value £	69,434	23,70 0	12,68
ame	•••	•••		•••		"	7,523	4,828	13
labbits, dead	(Fresh	and Fr	ozen)	• • • •		Cwts.	3,150	2,120	10,00
ard	•••		•••			11	48,586	84,562	30,13
Corn, Grain, N	Ieal, an	d Flou	r :	• • •	•••		1		
Wheat						"	1,474,400	1,859,700	1,111,80
Wheat M	eal and	Flour	•••	• • • •		39	200,800	178,600	95,80
Barley			•••			,,	193,200	220,900	415,90
Oats	• • •	•••				,,	536,000	532,100	289,80
Peas	•••		•••			· • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	40,110	25,224	15,46
Beans		•••	•••			! "	26,600	19,320	31,88
Maize or			•••			,,	501,800	1,254,200	495,80
ruit, Raw :-			•••	•••		"	, , , , , ,	-,===,=0	-,
Apples						,,	44,459	173,636	26, 84
Apricots		ches	•••		•••	ŀ	412	20	,
Bananas		•••				Bunches	87,902	154,141	100,05
Cherries	•••		•••	•••	•••	Cwts.			100,01
Currants			•••	•••			_		
Gooseberr			•••	•••	•••	,,			
Grapes			•••	•••		"	731	30	
Lemons	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	,,	13,535	12,013	1
Oranges	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	,,	182,391	242,077	9,48
Pears	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	17	1,343	896	33
Plums		•••	•••	•••	•••	"			3.
Strawber		•••	•••	•••	•••	,,,	470	1	
Unenume		•••	•••	**:	•••	**	1 905		· -,
		•••	•••	•••	•••	T	1,385	514	41
Hay	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	Tons	467		<u> </u>
Straw	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	,,,	24	110	
Moss Litter	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	,,,	1,687	1,125	18
Hops	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	Cwts.	2,154	5,343	1,5
Locust Beans	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	٠,	9,812	500	-
Vegetables, R	w:—								i -
Onions	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	Bushels	169,908	156,592	68,0
Potatoes	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	Cwts.	19,558	1,843	1,17
Tomatoes	_			•••	•••	,,,	29,843	11,385	43,68
**	rated				•••	Value £	16,154	4,457	5,82
Unenume	_								
Unenum Vegetables, D	ri ed	•••	•••	•••	•••	Cwts.	31,104	32,149 9,045	9,5€

^{*} Including certain Importations made in previous weeks, particulars of which could not be given at the time.

Statistical Office, Custom House, London, 14th February 1916.

H. V. READE.

STATEMENT showing the Quantities Sold and Average Price of BRITISH CORN per Quarter of 8 Bushels, Imperial Measure,* as received from the Inspectors of Corn Returns, in the Week ended 12th February 1916, pursuant to the Corn Returns Act, 1882.

BR	ITISH CO	DRN.		QUANTITIES SOLD.	AVERAGE PRICE.
Wheat				Qrs. Bus. 103,956 3	s. d 57 6
Barley	•••	•••		44,317 6	52 10
Oats	•••	•••	•••	25,116 6	32 2

COMPARATIVE STATEMENT for the corresponding Week in each of the Years from 1909 to 1915.

Corresponding	QU	ANTITIES SOL	AVERAGE PRICE.					
Week in	WHEAT.	BARLEY.	OATS.	WHEAT.	BARLEY.	OATS.		
1909 1910 1911 1912 1913 1914	Qrs. Bus. 81,094 4 80,508 6 84,989 3 94,015 1 62,755 7 82,704 0 107,649 0	Qrs. Bus. 53,372 7 82,665 5 54,411 2 27,280 0 57,141 6 98,880 7 74,614 1	Qrs. Bus. 34,527 1 28,820 3 26,655 1 23,993 1 22,323 6 23,726 0 39,259 5	s. d. 34 1 33 0 30 3 34 4 30 9 31 0 54 8	s. d. 27 11 24 6 24 7 32 10 29 I 26 7 34 7	s. d. 18 0 18 0 17 6 21 7 20 2 18 11 31 1		

* Section 8 of the Corn Returns Act, 1882, provides that where returns of purchases of British Corn are made to the Local Inspector of Corn Returns in any other measure than the imperial bushel or by weight or by a weighed measure, that Officer shall convert such returns into the imperial bushel, and in the case of weight or weighed measure the conversion is to be made at the rate of sixty imperial pounds for every bushel of wheat, fifty imperial pounds for every bushel of barley, and thirty-nine imperial pounds for every bushel of oats.

Board of Agriculture and Fisheries, 3 St. James's Square, London, S.W., 12th February 1916. R. H. REW.

INTIMATION is hereby given that a Petition has been presented to the Lords of Council and Session (First Division, Junior Lord Ordinary,—Mr. Paterson. Clerk) at the instance of RICHARD JOHN RONEY-DOUGAL, Esquire, of Ratho in the County of Midlothian, and Belnageith in the County of Elgin, residing at Ashley House, Leamington, Heir of Entail in Possession of the Entailed Lands and Estate of RATHO and others in the County of Midlothian, and the Entailed Lands and Estate of BELNAGEITH and others in the County of Elgin, in terms of the Entail Acts and particularly the Act 11 and 12 Victoria, cap. 36, the Act 38 and 39 Victoria, cap. 61, and the Act 45 and 46 Victoria, cap. 53, Section 4, and relative Acts of Sederunt, for authority to charge the said Entailed Lands and Estates with debt.

Date of Interlocutor ordering intimation, 17th February

JOHN C. BRODIE & SONS, W.S., Agents for the Petitioner.

5 Thistle Street, Edinburgh, 17th February 1916.

NOTICE.

THE Annual General Meeting of GEORGE YOUNGER & SON LIMITED will be held in the Registered Office of the Company at Meadow Brewery, Alloa, on Friday the 25th day of February 1916, at 11.30 o'clock.

JAMES HEPBURN, Secretary.

Alloa, 12th February 1916.

HENRY POLLARD, Deceased. Pursuant to Stat. 22 & 23 Vict., c. 35.

A LL Persons having claims against the Estate of Henry Pollard, late of 50 Seedley Road, Pendleton, Manchester, Engineer (who died on the 10th May 1915, and whose will was proved by the Public Trustee (Manchester), the Executor thereof, on the 5th February 1916), are required to send written particulars of such claims to us before the 21st day of March

1916, after which date the Estate will be distributed, having regard only to the claims then notified.

Dated the 12th February 1916.

MOORE & SHEPHERD, 1 Ivegate, Bradford, Solicitors for the Deputy Public Trustee, Manchester, in this matter.

COLONEL JOHN WEIR, Deceased.

Pursuant to the Act of Parliament 22 and 23 Victoria, cap. 35, intituled "An Act to further amend the Law of Property and to relieve Trustees."

OTICE is hereby given that all Creditors and other NOTICE is hereby given that all Creditors and other persons having any claims or demands against the Estate of Colonel John Weir, late of the City, County, and State of New York, in the United States of America, deceased (who died on the 15th day of April 1912 at sea), and Letters of Administration of whose Estate were granted by the Principal Probate Registry of His Majesty's High Court of Justice on the 9th day of February 1916, to Henry King Smith, the lawful Attorney of the Farmers Loan and Trust Company, of 22 William Street, New York aforesaid, are hereby required to send particulars in writing of their claims or demands to us, the undersigned, the Solicitors for the said Administrator, on or before the 25th day of March 1916, after which date the said Administrator will proceed to distribute the assets of said Administrator will proceed to distribute the assets of the said deceased among the persons entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims and demands of which having regard only to the claims and demands of which he shall then have had notice, and he will not be liable for the assets of the said deceased, or any part thereof, so distributed, to any person or persons of whose claims or demands he shall not then have had notice.

Dated this 16th day of February 1916.

COWARD & HAWKSLEY, SONS, & CHANCE, 30 Mincing Lane, London, E.C., Solicitors for the said Administrator.

THE "KIRKLEE" STEAMSHIP COMPANY LIMITED.

NTIMATION is hereby given that in a Petition pre-A sented by the above-named Company to the Court of Session (Second Division,—Mr. Antonio. Clerk), craving Confirmation of the Reduction of Capital under the Companies (Consolidation) Act, 1908, resolved on by a Special Resolution of the Company, the Court has pronounced the following Interlocutor, viz.:—

Edinburgh, 18th February 1916.-The Lords having resumed consideration of the Petition, with the evidence of expiry of induciæ produced, and no Answers having been lodged, fix the 25th February current as a date at which every Creditor entitled to any debt or claim against the Company within the meaning of Section 49 of the Companies (Consolidation) Act, 1908, shall be on the Companies (Consolitation) Age, 1306, shall be contilled to object to the proposed reduction of the Company's capital; fix the 3rd March next as a date on or before which the Creditors of the Company not entered in the List to be made up in terms of said section are to claim to be entered thereon, or are to be excluded from objecting to the proposed reduction; and appoint advertisement of said dates to be made once in the Edinburgh Gazette and once in the Glasgow Herald newspaper. Charles Scott Dickson, 1.P.D.

> ANDREW H. Hogg, S.S.C., 38 York Place, Edinburgh.

> Knox & Young, Writers, 48 West Regent Street, Glasgow,

> > Agents for Petitioners.

18th February 1916.

In the Matter of the Companies (Consolidation) Act, 1908, and of THE PATENTS MANUFACTURING COMPANY LIMITED (in Liquidation).

NOTICE is hereby given that a Petition for the appointment of a Joint Liquidator and Committee of Inspection was on 16th February 1916 presented to the Second Division of the Court of Session (Mr. Antonio, Clerk) by William Philip, Engineer, Mount Pleasant Engineering Works, Kirkcaldy; upon which Petition their Lordships of the Second Division have been pleased to pronounce the following Deliverance: following Deliverance:-

"Edinburgh, 17th February 1916. — The Lords "appoint the Petition to be intimated on the Walls "and in the Minute-Book in common form; to be "served upon Spiers Paton Sinclair designed in the "Petition; to be advertised once in the Edinburgh "Gazette, and once in each of the Scotsman, Fife-"shire Advertisor, and Fife Free Press newspapers; "and allow all persons having interest to lodge "Answers, if so advised, within eight days there"after." "Charles Scott Dickson, I.P.D."

JAMES SKINNER, S.S.C., Petitioner's Agent. 3 Randolph Place, Edinburgh, 17th February 1916.

STEWART & WILSON LIMITED, Bridge Street, Dunkeld

AT an Extraordinary General Meeting of the above-named Company, duly convened, and held within the Chambers of Messrs. John A. Stewart & Campbell, the Chambers of Messrs. John A. Stewart & Campbell, Solicitors, Clydesdale Bank Buildings, 5 St. John Street, Perth, upon Thursday, twenty-s venth January nineteen hundred and sixteen, the following Special Resolution was passed; and at a subsequent Extraordinary General Meeting of the Company, duly convened, and held at the same place on Saturday, twelfth February 1916, the said Special Resolution was duly confirmed, viz. :—

"That the Company be wound up voluntarily."

Geo. STEWART, Chairman.

15th February 1916.

The Companies (Consolidation) Act, 1908.

STEWART & WILSON LIMITED, Drapers, Clothiers, Dressmakers, &c., Bridge Street, Dunkeld (in voluntary Liquidation).

NOTICE is hereby given, pursuant to Section 188 of the Companies (Consolidation) Act, 1908, that a Meeting of the Creditors of Stewart & Wilson Limited, Drapers, Clothiers, Dressmakers, &c., Bridge Street, Dunkeld, will be held within the Chambers of Messrs. Thomson, Jackson, Gourlay, & Taylor, C.A., 24 George Square, Glasgow, on Thursday the second day of March 1916, at 12 o'clock noon, for the purposes provided for in the said Section.

Dated the fifteenth day of February 1916.

A. M. GOURLAY, C.A., 24 George Square, Glasgow, Liquidator.

PETITION having been presented to the Sheriff A PETITION having been presented to the Sheriff of Lanarkshire at Glasgow, at the instance of Weldless Chains Limited, Gartsherrie, Coatbridge, for Sequestration of the Estates of ARROL & MCHLILVRAY, Engineers. 10 Morrison Street, Glasgow, and James Arrol, 22 Keir Street, Pollokshields, the only known Partner of said Firm, as such Partner, and as an Individual, the Sheriff-Substitute of this date granted Warrant for citing the said Arrol & M'Gillivray and James Arrol to appear in Court on the seventh day next after citation, to show cause why Sequestration of their Estates should not be awarded; of all which Intimation is hereby given.

J. GARTSHORE SCOTT, Agent for Petitioners.

58 West Regent Street, Glasgow, 12th February 1916.

THE Estates of the Deceased JOHN BROUN BROUN MORISON, of Murie, in the County of Perth, and of Finderlie, in the County of Kinross, who resided at Murie House, Errol, in the County of Perth, were Sequestrated on the 15th day of February 1916, by the Court of Session.

The first Deliverance is dated the 15th day of

February 1916.

The Meeting to elect the Trustee and Commissioners is to be held at two o'clock afternoon, on Tuesday the 29th day of February 1916, within the Solicitors' Library, Sheriff Court House, Perth. A Composition may be offered at this Meeting; and to entitle Creditors to the first Dividend their oaths and grounds of debt must be lodged on or before the 15th day of June 1916. The Sequestration has been remitted to the Sheriff of the County of Perth at Perth.

All future advertisements relating to this Sequestration will be published in the Edinburgh Gazette alone.

MELVILLE & LINDESAY, W.S., Agents.

110 George Street, Edinburgh, 18th February 1916.

Woodhall Terrace, Juniper Green, were Sequestrated on the seventeenth day of February nineteen hundred and sixteen years, by the Sheriff of the Lothians and Peebles at Edinburgh.

The first Deliverance is dated the twenty-eighth day of January nineteen hundred and sixteen.

The Meeting to elect the Trustee and Commissioners is to be held at two o'clock afternoon, on Monday the twenty-eighth day of February nineteen hundred and

is to be held at two o'clock afternoon, on Monday the twenty-eighth day of February nineteen hundred and sixteen, within Dowell's Booms, number eighteen George Street, Edinburgh. A Composition may be offered at this Meeting.

The Sheriff has ordered that the Sequestration shall proceed as a Summary Sequestration in terms of the Bankruptcy (Scotland) Act, 1913.

The date on or before which Creditors must lodge their claims to entitle them to a first Dividend will be

advertised in the second Gazette Notice.

All future advertisements relating to this Sequestration will be published in the Edinburgh Gazette alone.

JOHN SMART, W.S., 19 York Place, Edinburgh, Agent.

THE Estates of JAMES M'VICAR, 19 Marshall Place, Perth, in the County of Perth, were Sequestrated on the seventeenth day of February 1916, by the Court of Session.

The first Deliverance is dated the eighth day of

February 1916.

The Meeting to elect the Trustee and Commissioners The Meeting to elect the Trustee and Commissioners is to be held at twelve o'clock noon, on Monday the twenty-eighth day of February 1916, within the Solicitors' Library, Perth. A Composition may be offered at this Meeting; and to entitle Creditors to the first Dividend their oaths and grounds of debt must be lodged on or before the seventeenth day of June 1916.

The Sequestration has been remitted to the Sheriff

of Perthshire at Perth.

All future advertisements relating to this Sequestration will be published in the Edinburgh Gazette alone.

WALLACE & BEGG, W.S., 20 Young Street, Edinburgh, Agents.

SEQUESTRATION of WILLIAM FORBES SWAN, Engineer, 108 Brighton Place, Aberdeen.

ROBERT MILNE GORDON, Solicitor, 173A Union ROBERT MILAE GORDON, Solicitor, 1754 Onton , Street, Aberdeen, hereby give notice that I have been elected and confirmed Trustee; and that John Lints and Joseph Johnston, both Solicitors in Aber-deen, have been elected and confirmed Commissioners; that the Examination of the Bankrupt will take place that the Examination of the Bankrupt will take place in the Sheriff Court House, Aberdeen, on the 1st day of March 1916, at eleven o'clock forenoon; that the second Meeting of Creditors will be held within the Office of Joseph Johnston, Solicitor, 129 Union Street, Aberdeen, on Tuesday the eleventh day of March 1916, at 12 o'clock noon; and that to enable Creditors to participate in a Dividend their oaths and grounds of debt must be lodged on or before 10th March 1916.

R. M. GORDON, Trustee.

In the SUMMARY SEQUESTRATION of Miss AGNES JESSIE CRUICKSHANK, Glengarry Villa, Ross Avenue, Inverness.

AS Trustee on the Sequestrated Estate of Miss Agnes Jessie Cruickshank, Glengarry Villa, Ross Avenue, Inverness, I hereby intimate that a Meeting of the Creditors will be held within 1 Exchange Place, Inverness, on Tuesday the 7th day of March 1916, at twelve o'clock noon, for the purpose

of considering and finally deciding on an offer of Composition and security therefor, which was enter-tained by Resolution of Meeting of Creditors held on Thursday, 10th February 1916.

GEORGE FORREST, C.A., Trustee.

Inverness, 17th February 1916.

In the SUMMARY SEQUESTRATION PROCEEDINGS of ARCHIBALD BAILLIE GILLESPIE, Electrical Engineer, late of 499 George Street, Aberdeen.

INTIMATION is hereby given, under provision of Section 176, subsection 15, of the Bankruptcy (Scotland) Act, 1913, that the Sheriff has fixed Monday the twenty-eighth day of February 1916, at eleven o'clock forenoon, within the Sheriff Court House, Aberdeen, as a Diot for hearing any objection which may be made to the Trustee obtaining his discharge herein.

JAMES W. MILNE, C.A., Trustee,

154 Union Street, Aberdeen, 15th February 1916.

SEQUESTRATION of THOMAS CROOKSTON, Colliery Agent, Invergyle, Limestone Avenue, Rutherglen.

IHE Trustee hereby intimates that the account of his intromissions with the funds of the above Sequestrated Estate, brought down to 15th instant, has been audited by the Commissioners, who have postponed the declaration of a Dividend till the recurrence of another statutory period.

ALEX. D. DEAS, C.A., Trustee.

124 St. Vincent Street, Glasgow, 17th February 1916.

NOTICE.

1 HE Subscriber Alexander Forsyth, one of the Partners of TAYLOR & FORSYTH, Tailors and Clothiers, 54 Gordon Street, Glasgow, has of mutual consent retired from said Company as on the thirty-first day of January nineteen hundred and sixteen.

The remaining Partner the Subscribes William To be a subscribe of the subscribes of the subscri

The remaining Partner, the Subscriber William Taylor, will continue to carry on the Business under the same Firm name as hitherto, and will collect all debts due to, and discharge all debts due by, the Company.

WM. TAYLOR.

ALEXR. FORSYTH.

DAVID TAYLOR, Witness, C.A., 24 George

Square, Glasgow, NORMAN BRUCE, Witness, Clerk, 24 George

Square, Both Witnesses to the Signatures of Wm. Taylor and Alexr. Forsyth.

BANKRUPTS. FROM THE LONDON GAZETTE.

RECEIVING ORDERS.

Fanny Matilda Bedford, of and carrying on business. at 14 Beaumont Street, Portland Place, London, keeper of a nursing home (spinster).

Mary Clark, 101 Warwick Street, Eccleston Square, lately residing at the York Hotel, Berners Street, Oxford Street, both London, widow.

James Williams, painter, trading alone as Williams Brothers, residing at 91 Tufnell Park Road, Holloway, and carrying on business at the Southwark Iron Works, 34A Essex Street, Mare Street, Hackney, both Middlesex, constructional engineer.

Gerald Dixon Lee, trading as Lee & Cooper, The Broadway, Church End, Finchley, in the county of Middlesex, and residing at Avondale, Fitzalan Road, Church End, Finchley aforesaid, estate agent.

Alfred Mitchell, Booth Road, Hendon, in the county of Middlesex, and who carries on business at the London Aerodrome, Hendon aforesaid, late the Royal Aircraft Dining Club, Farnborough, in the county of Hants, and also Narford, Narborough, in the county of Norfolk, caterer.

John Grimshaw, Spring Street, lately Livsey Street, Bury, Lancs, lodging house keeper.

Charles John Cook, 10 Strand Street, Sandwich, in the county of Kent, carrier and contractor.

William Hamer, residing and carrying on business at Rock Cottage, Llanbadarn, Fynydd, in the county of Radnor, wheelwright and carpenter.

Esther Catherine Binks, of 1 Marine Terrace, Waterloo, Liverpool, in the county of Lancaster, boarding house keeper (widow).

Charles Richardson, residing at 174 Northenden Road, Sale, in the county of Chester, and carrying on business at 174 Northenden Road, Sale aforesaid, baker and confectioner.

William Taylor, trading as William Taylor & Son, residing and carrying on business at 1339 Ashton Old Road, Higher Openshaw, in the city of Manchester, painter and paper hanger.

Harold Montague Alexander, Belmont Villa, Bexley Heath, Kent, civil engineer.

Thomas Landsborough, Vicarage Road, Lye, near Stourbridge, in the county of Worcester, clothier.

Joseph Davis, Butt Road, Chiseldon, in the county of Wilts, assistant school attendance officer.

Elizabeth Fellowes, 71 Primrose Mansions, Prince of Wales Road, Battersea, in the county of London, widow.

George Gayler, 35 Upper High Street, Winchester, in the county of Hants, milliner and draper.

RECEIVING ORDER RESCINDED AND PETITION DISMISSED.

Edgar Philip Donston, 22 Lower Seymour Street, Portman Square, London, dentist.

ADJUDICATIONS ANNULLED.

Archibald Walter Lamb, Wolverley House, Albrighton, in the county of Salop, surgeon and physician.

Reginald Bentley Southwell, the Rectory Cottage, Chetton, in the county of Salop, clerk in holy orders.

NOTICE

All Notices and Advertisements are inserted in the Edinburgh Gazette at the risk of the Advertiser.

SCALE OF CHARGES FOR ALL ADVERTISEMENTS IN THE EDINBURGH GAZETTE.

For	100 v	vords an	d under						£0	10	0
Above	100 a	nd not	exceeding	150					0	15	0
,,	150	,,	,,	200	• • •	•••			1	0	0
,,	200	"	"	250					1	5	0
,,	250	"	,,	30 0					1	10	0
,,	3 00	,,	"	3 50					1	15	0
,,,	350	"	,,	400				• • •	2	0	0
,,	400	,,	,,	450					2	5	0
**	450	"	٠,	500	•••	• • • •	• • •	•••	2	10	0
	And	5s. extr	a for each	add	itiona	l 50 or	part of	50 wo	rds.		
For eac	ch con	v of the	Gazette							_	9d.

For each copy of the Gazette 9d. Friendly Societies' Notices, each 5s.

The above Fees must be paid by affixing to the Notice Postage Stamps of as large value as possible.

Advertisements cannot be received or withdrawn after one o'clock on Tuesdays and Fridays.

The dues paid on withdrawn Advertisements cannot be returned.

All Letters must be Post Paid.

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Friday, February 18, 1916.

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