



The Edinburgh Gazette

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TUESDAY, APRIL 3, 1917.

BY THE KING.

A PROCLAMATION
FOR A BANK HOLIDAY.

GEORGE R.I.

WE, considering that it is desirable that Saturday, the Seventh day of April next, should be observed as a Bank Holiday throughout England and Wales, and Scotland, and in pursuance of the provisions of "The Bank Holidays Act, 1871," do hereby, by and with the advice of Our Privy Council, and in exercise of the powers conferred by the Act aforesaid, appoint Saturday, the Seventh day of April next as a special day to be observed as a Bank Holiday throughout England and Wales, and Scotland, under and in accordance with the said Act, and We do, by this Our Royal Proclamation, command the said day to be so observed, and all Our loving subjects to order themselves accordingly.

Given at Our Court at Buckingham Palace, this Thirtieth day of March, in the year of our Lord One thousand nine hundred and seventeen, and in the Seventh year of Our Reign.

GOD SAVE THE KING.

BY THE KING.

A PROCLAMATION

RELATING TO THE IMPORTATION OF CERTAIN
ARTICLES INTO THE UNITED KINGDOM.

GEORGE R.I.

WHEREAS by Section 43 of the Customs Consolidation Act, 1876, it is provided that the importation of arms, ammunition, gunpowder, or any other goods may be prohibited by Proclamation:

And whereas by Proclamations dated the 30th November 1915, and the 15th February and 10th March 1916, and entitled the Machine Tools (Prohibition of Import) Proclamation, 1915, the Prohibition of Import (Paper, Tobacco, Furniture Woods and Stones) Proclamation, 1916, and the Prohibition of Import (Canned, Bottled, Dried and Preserved Fruits) Proclamation, 1916, respectively, and by Proclamations dated the 21st March, 30th March, 10th May, 1st June, 27th June, 28th July, 18th August, 3rd October, 16th November, and 5th December and 22nd December 1916, and entitled Prohibition of Import Proclamations, 1916, and numbered 3 to 13 respectively, and by a Proclamation dated the 23rd February 1917, and entitled the Prohibition of Import (No. 14)

Proclamation, 1917, the importation of certain goods has been prohibited accordingly:

And whereas it is expedient that the said Proclamations should be revoked, and a Proclamation consolidating the same, with amendments and additions, substituted in their place:

Now, therefore, We have thought fit, by and with the advice of Our Privy Council, in pursuance of the said Act and of all other powers enabling Us in that behalf, to issue this Our Royal Proclamation declaring, and it is hereby declared, that the above-mentioned Proclamations be and the same are hereby revoked:

And We have further thought fit, by and with the advice aforesaid, and in virtue and in exercise of the powers aforesaid, further to declare, and it is hereby declared, as follows:—

As from and after the date hereof the importation into the United Kingdom of the following goods is hereby prohibited, viz.:—

Aerated, mineral and table waters.
 Aluminium, manufactures of.
 Aluminium powder.
 Antimony ware.
 Apparel, not waterproofed.
 Art, works of.
 Automatic machines for the retail sale of any article.
 Baskets and basketware.
 Baths of metal.
 Beer.
 Birds, live, including quail but excluding other poultry and game.
 Bladders, casings and sausage skins.
 Bone, horn, ivory, and celluloid, manufactures of.
 Books, printed, and other printed matter including printed posters and daily, weekly and other periodical publications imported otherwise than in single copies through the post.
 Boots and shoes of leather.
 Brooms and brushes.
 Bulbs, flower roots, plants, trees and shrubs.
 Carpet sweepers.
 Cash registers.
 Cement.
 Chinaware, earthenware, and pottery.
 Clocks and parts thereof.
 Cloisonné wares.
 Cocoa, preparations of.
 Cocoa, raw.
 Coffee.
 Cotton yarn, cotton piece-goods, cotton hosiery, cotton lace, and cotton manufactures of all kinds.
 Curios.
 Cutlery.
 Diatomite or infusorial earth.
 Embroidery and needlework.
 Fancy goods, known as Paris goods.
 Fatty acids.
 Feathers, ornamental, and down.
 Fire extinguishers.
 Flowers, artificial.
 Flowers, fresh.
 Fruit (canned, bottled, dried and preserved), except currants.
 Fruit, raw of all descriptions (except lemons and bitter oranges), and almonds and nuts used as fruit.
 Furniture, manufactured joinery, and other wood manufactures.

Glass and manufactures of glass.
 Gloves.
 Gold, manufactured or unmanufactured, including gold coin and articles consisting partly of or containing gold (except gold consigned for delivery at, and sale to, the Bank of England).
 Guns, carbines and rifles of all kinds.
 Hardware and hollow-ware.
 Hats and bonnets.
 Hides, wet and dry.
 Hops.
 Horns and hoofs.
 Ice.
 Incandescent gas mantles.
 Ivory, vegetable.
 Jewellery of all descriptions.
 Jute, raw.
 Lawn mowers.
 Lacquered wares.
 Leather, dressed and undressed, and manufactures of leather other than belting.
 Linen, yarns and manufactures of.
 Lobsters, canned.
 Machine tools and parts thereof, excluding small tools.
 Machinery, agricultural and dairy.
 Matches.
 Mats and matting.
 Mops.
 Moss litter.
 Motor cars, chassis, motor cycles, and parts and accessories of motor cars and motor cycles (other than tyres).
 Musical instruments (including gramophones and pianolas and other similar instruments), and accessories and component parts and records therefor.
 Oilcloth.
 Painters' colours and pigments.
 Paper and cardboard (including strawboard, pasteboard, millboard, and woodpulp-board) and manufactures of paper and cardboard.
 Paper, materials for the manufacture of, including wood-pulp, esparto grass, and linen and cotton rags.
 Perfumery and toilet preparations.
 Photographic apparatus.
 Pictures, prints, engravings, photographs and maps.
 Plated and gilt wares.
 Revolvers and pistols.
 Salmon, canned.
 Salt.
 Sewing machines.
 Silk and artificial silk, manufactures of, not including yarns.
 Silver, manufactures of, other than silver watches and silver watch cases.
 Skins and furs, manufactures of.
 Soap.
 Soya beans.
 Spirits and strong waters, of all kinds.
 Stereoscopes.
 Stones and slates.
 Stoves and ranges.
 Straw envelopes for bottles.
 Straw plaiting.
 Sugar, articles and preparations containing, used for food (except condensed milk).
 Tanning extracts, the following, viz.:—
 Chestnut, quebracho, hemlock, oak and mangrove extracts.
 Tea.

Tobacco, unmanufactured and manufactured (including cigars and cigarettes).
 Tomatoes.
 Toys, games and playing cards.
 Typewriters.
 Vacuum cleaners.
 Vegetables, canned, bottled, dried and preserved, and pickles.
 Wine.
 Wood and timber of all kinds, hewn, sawn or split, planed or dressed.
 Woollen and worsted manufacturers of all kinds except yarns.
 Wringers and mangles.
 Yeast.

Provided always, and it is hereby declared, that this prohibition shall not apply to any such goods which are imported under licence given by or on behalf of the Board of Trade, and subject to the provisions and conditions of such licence.

This Proclamation may be cited as the Prohibition of Import (Consolidation and Amendment) Proclamation, 1917.

Given at Our Court at Buckingham Palace, this Thirtieth day of March, in the year of our Lord One thousand nine hundred and seventeen, and in the Seventh year of Our Reign.

GOD SAVE THE KING.

BY THE KING.

A PROCLAMATION

FOR PROHIBITING THE IMPORTATION INTO THE UNITED KINGDOM, EXCEPT UNDER LICENCE, OF ALL FOREIGN COINS OTHER THAN GOLD AND SILVER COINS.

GEORGE R.I.

WHEREAS by Section two of the Customs Amendment Act, 1886, We are empowered from time to time to make and when made to revoke a Proclamation prohibiting the importation into Our United Kingdom of such coins coined in a foreign country as are in that behalf specified in such Proclamation:

And whereas by Our Proclamation made the twenty-fifth day of March, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-seven, We did prohibit the importation into Our United Kingdom of all coins coined in any foreign country other than gold or silver coins:

And whereas it is expedient that Our said Proclamation should be revoked, and that the importation into the United Kingdom of such coins coined in a foreign country as are hereinafter specified should be prohibited:

Now, therefore, We, by and with the advice of Our Privy Council, in pursuance of the said Act and of all other powers enabling Us in that behalf, do hereby proclaim, direct and ordain as follows:—

1. Subject as hereinafter provided, all coins coined in any foreign country other than gold or silver coins are prohibited to be imported into Our United Kingdom:

Provided always, and it is hereby declared, that the foregoing prohibition shall not extend to any coins which are imported under and in compliance

with the terms of any special or general licence issued by the Minister of Munitions.

2. Our said Proclamation of the twenty-fifth day of March, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-seven, is hereby revoked.

3. This Proclamation shall not affect the provisions of the Prohibition of Import (Consolidation and Amendment) Proclamation, 1917.

4. This Proclamation may be cited as "The Foreign Coins (Importation Prohibition) Proclamation, 1917," and shall come into operation on the Thirtieth day of March, 1917.

Given at Our Court at Buckingham Palace, this Thirtieth day of March, in the year of our Lord One thousand nine hundred and seventeen, and in the Seventh year of Our Reign.

GOD SAVE THE KING.

At the Court at Buckingham Palace, the 30th day of March 1917.

PRESENT,

The KING's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS by an Order in Council dated the twenty-eighth day of November nineteen hundred and fourteen, His Majesty was pleased to make Regulations (called the "Defence of the Realm Regulations"), under the Defence of the Realm Consolidation Act, 1914, for securing the public safety and the Defence of the Realm:

And whereas the said Act has been amended by the Defence of the Realm (Amendment) Act, 1915, the Defence of the Realm (Amendment) (No. 2) Act, 1915, and the Munitions of War Act, 1915:

And whereas the said Regulations have been amended by various subsequent Orders in Council:

And whereas it is expedient further to amend the said regulations in manner hereinafter appearing:

Now, therefore, His Majesty is pleased, by and with the advice of His Privy Council, to order, and it is hereby ordered, that the following amendments be made in the said regulations:—

1. After Regulation 2A the following regulation shall be inserted:—

"2AA. Where with a view to increasing the supply of coal it appears to the Board of Trade that it is expedient that any railway, tramway, or other facilities for transport from a colliery should be provided, the Board of Trade may take possession of any land and construct and maintain thereon such works as may be necessary for the purpose."

2. In Regulation 2M, after paragraph (g), the following paragraphs shall be inserted:—

"and—

(h) Where, in the opinion of the Board, any land is injured or is likely to be injured by any such neglect on the part of the proprietor or occupier of any other land in relation to the maintenance of banks or the cleansing of channels as is mentioned in section fourteen of the Land Drainage Act, 1847, and subject to, and after the expiration of seven days from, the service of such notice as is required by that section, exercise such

powers of executing all necessary works and recovering the expenses thereof as are by that section conferred on the proprietor or occupier of any land which is injured by any such neglect, and for any such purpose enter on any land without any warrant or authority; and

"(i) By notice served on the occupier or person in control of any dam, mill, lock, sluice, weir, or other obstruction of the flow of water in any river or stream, require such occupier or person to keep open any mechanical appliance by which the flow of water is regulated during such times and in such manner as the Board, having regard to the use by such occupier or person of the obstruction and of the water thereby impounded, consider to be necessary or desirable for the prevention of floods or for the draining of land adjoining or near the river or stream."

In subsection (9) of the same regulation, after the word "regulation," there shall be inserted the words "except paragraphs (h) and (i) of subsection (1)."

At the end of the same regulation there shall be inserted the following subsections:—

"(10) With a view to increasing food production by the conservation or improvement of grazing land, the occupier of any land in Scotland shall be entitled, after due notice in writing to the owner of such land and to the owner of any woodlands adjoining such land, or to their respective agents or factors, and with due care to prevent damage to any woodlands on or adjoining such land, to 'make muirburn' or set fire to any heath or muir within the boundaries of such land, at any time or times between 1st October and 30th April when the same would otherwise be unlawful or be in contravention of the lease or other contract affecting the land: Provided that nothing herein contained shall affect any duty to comply with any regulation, order or instruction in regard to the use, display or ignition of lights or fires, in force for the time being.

"(11) Any notice under this regulation may be served on the person to whom it is to be given, either personally or by leaving it for him at his last known place of abode, or by sending it through the post in a registered letter addressed to him there."

3. For Regulation 2r down to the end of paragraph (a) of subsection (1) the following provision shall be substituted:—

"2r.—(1) The Board of Agriculture and Fisheries may, with a view to preventing or reducing injury to crops or trees or wastage of pasturage by game birds hares or rabbits, or to securing for the food supply of the country any migratory kind of wild bird,

"(a) take or authorise such action as, in the opinion of the Board, may be necessary for such purpose, or delegate to any body the powers conferred by this paragraph as respects any locality."

In the same regulation, after the word "hares," wherever it occurs, there shall be inserted the words "or rabbits."

4. The following amendments shall be made in Regulation 4l:—

In paragraph (a), after the words "calculated to deceive," there shall be inserted the words "or any miniature or other represen-

tation of any such decoration or medal, or any brooch or personal ornament designed to imitate any such decoration or medal."

In paragraph (c), after the word "supplies," there shall be inserted the words "or offers to supply," and after the words "as aforesaid" there shall be inserted the words "or any such representation, brooch, or ornament as aforesaid."

At the end of the same regulation, after the words "against these regulations," there shall be inserted the following proviso:—

"Provided that nothing in this regulation shall be deemed to prohibit the wearing or supply of ordinary regimental badges, or any brooch or ornament representing the same."

ALMERIC FITZROY.

At the Court at Buckingham Palace, the 30th day of March 1917.

PRESENT,

The KING's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS by the Aliens' Restriction (Consolidation) Order, 1916 (hereinafter referred to as "the principal Order"), His Majesty, in exercise of the powers conferred by the Aliens Restriction Act, 1914, has been pleased to impose restrictions on aliens, and to make various regulations for carrying these restrictions into effect:

And whereas the principal Order has been extended and amended by subsequent Orders in Council, and it is expedient further to amend the provisions of the principal Order in manner hereinafter appearing:

Now, therefore, His Majesty is pleased, by and with the advice of His Privy Council, to order, and it is hereby ordered, as follows:—

The following Article shall be substituted for Article 25 of the principal Order:—

25.—(1) A Chief Officer of Police, if so authorised by general or special order of a Secretary of State, may direct that any premises within his jurisdiction which, in his opinion, are used for the sale of refreshments to be consumed on the premises, or as a place of public resort or entertainment, or as a club, and—

(a) are frequented by alien enemies; or

(b) are frequented by undesirable aliens; or

(c) are in the occupation or control of an alien, and are conducted in a disorderly or improper manner, or in a manner prejudicial to the public safety;

shall be kept closed, either altogether or during such hours or for such purposes as may be required by him; and if any premises are kept open in contravention of any such direction, the occupier or person having control of the premises shall be deemed to have acted in contravention of this Order.

(2) Where any premises have been closed under this Article, the occupier or person having control of the premises shall not occupy or control any other premises which are used for the sale of refreshments or as a place of public resort or entertainment or as a club, without the consent of the Chief Officer of Police for the district in which the premises are situate.

(3) Any constable, if authorised by the Chief

Officer of Police, may, for the purpose of enforcing the provisions of this Article, enter, if necessary by force, and search or occupy any premises to which an order under this Article relates.

ALMERIC FITZROY.

At the Court at Buckingham Palace, the 30th day of March 1917.

PRESENT,

The KING's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS under section four of the New Ministries and Secretaries Act, 1916, it is provided, amongst other things, that the Food Controller appointed under that Act is to have such powers or duties of any Government department or authority, whether conferred by statute or otherwise, as His Majesty may by Order in Council transfer to him or authorise him to exercise or perform concurrently with or in consultation with the Government department or authority concerned:

Now, therefore, His Majesty is pleased, by and with the advice of His Privy Council, to order, and it is hereby ordered, as follows:—

1. The powers of the Board of Trade under section six of the Output of Beer (Restriction) Act, 1916, as amended by section four of the Output of Beer (Restriction) Amendment Act, 1916, are hereby transferred to the Food Controller.

2. This Order may be cited as the Food Controller (Transfer of Powers) Order, 1917.

ALMERIC FITZROY.

At the Court at Buckingham Palace, the 30th day of March 1917.

PRESENT,

The KING's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS by Section 2 of the New Ministries and Secretaries Act, 1916, it was enacted as follows:—

There shall be transferred to the Minister of Labour the powers and duties of the Board of Trade under the enactments mentioned in the Schedule to this Act, and the Minister of Labour shall have such other powers and duties of the Board of Trade or of any other Government Department or authority, relating to labour or industry, whether conferred by statute or otherwise, as His Majesty may by Order in Council transfer to him, or authorise him to exercise or perform concurrently with or in consultation with the Government Department or authority concerned:

And whereas the powers and duties of the Board of Trade under the enactments mentioned in the Schedule to the last-recited Act which were, under the provisions of Section 14 (2) of that Act transferred to the Minister of Labour were, by Order in Council dated the 10th day of January 1917, transferred as from the date thereof:

And whereas it has been made to appear to His Majesty that the powers and duties of the

Board of Trade under the enactments referred to in the Schedule to this Order should be transferred to the Minister of Labour:

Now, therefore, His Majesty is pleased, by and with the advice of His Privy Council, to order, and it is hereby ordered, that the powers and duties of the Board of Trade under the enactments referred to in the Schedule to this Order shall be transferred to the Minister of Labour, and such transfer shall take effect as from the Thirtieth day of March 1917.

ALMERIC FITZROY.

THE SCHEDULE.

Munitions of War Act, 1915, Section 4, Sub-section (3).

Munitions of War (Amendment) Act, 1916, Section 8.

At the Court at Buckingham Palace, the 30th day of March 1917.

PRESENT,

The KING's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS by the Summer Time Act, 1916, as amended by the Time (Ireland) Act, 1916, it is provided that during the prescribed period in each year in which the former Act is in force the time for general purposes is to be one hour in advance of Greenwich Mean Time; and it is further provided that His Majesty may, in any year subsequent to the year 1916, by Order in Council made during the continuance of the present War, declare the former Act to be in force during that year, and in such case the prescribed period for that year shall be such period as may be fixed by Order in Council:

Now, therefore, His Majesty is pleased, by and with the advice of His Privy Council, to declare, and it is hereby declared, that the Summer Time Act, 1916, as so amended as aforesaid, shall be in force during the year 1917, and the prescribed period in that year shall be from two o'clock in the morning Greenwich Mean Time on Sunday the 8th day of April, until two o'clock in the morning Greenwich Mean Time on Monday the 17th day of September.

ALMERIC FITZROY.

At the Court at Buckingham Palace the 30th day of March 1917.

PRESENT,

The KING's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS there was this day read at the Board a Memorial from the Right Honourable the Lords Commissioners of the Admiralty, dated the 20th day of March 1917, in the words following, viz.:—

“Whereas by Section 3 of the Naval and Marine Pay and Pensions Act, 1865, it is enacted, *inter alia*, that all pay, pensions, or other allowances in the nature thereof, payable in respect of services in Your Majesty's Naval or Marine Force to a person being or having been an Officer, Seaman, or Marine

therein, shall be paid in such manner, and subject to such restrictions, conditions, and provisions, as are from time to time directed by Order in Council:

"And whereas under existing Regulations Senior Allowance at the rate of 1s. 6d. per day is payable to the Lieutenant performing executive duties at Bermuda, so long as a Depot Ship is stationed at that port, the Officer being regarded as Senior Lieutenant of the Ship:

"And whereas a Depot Ship is not now stationed at Bermuda, but these duties continue to be performed by the Senior Lieutenant at the Royal Naval Barracks, Bermuda:

"We beg leave humbly to recommend that Your Majesty may be graciously pleased, by Your Order in Council, to sanction the payment of Senior Allowance at the rate of 1s. 6d. per day to the Senior Lieutenant at the Royal Naval Barracks, Bermuda, as from the 1st June 1915, on condition that the Allowance will not be payable concurrently with an Allowance to the Senior Lieutenant of a Depot Ship, should one again be stationed at Bermuda.

"The Lords Commissioners of Your Majesty's Treasury have signified their concurrence in this proposal."

His Majesty, having taken the said Memorial into consideration, was pleased, by and with the advice of His Privy Council, to approve of what is therein proposed. And the Right Honourable the Lords Commissioners of the Admiralty are to give the necessary directions herein accordingly.

ALMERIC FITZROY.

At the Council Chamber, Whitehall, the 30th day of March 1917.

By the Lords of His Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council.

WHEREAS His Majesty has been pleased, in exercise of the power in that behalf conferred on Him by Section one, sub-section one, of the Trading with the Enemy (Extension of Powers) Act, 1915, by divers Proclamations, and in particular by a Proclamation dated the 23rd day of May 1916, entitled "The Trading with the Enemy (Statutory List) Proclamation, 1916, No. 3," to prohibit all persons or bodies of persons, incorporated or unincorporated, resident, carrying on business, or being in the United Kingdom from trading with any of the persons or bodies of persons mentioned in the List contained in the last mentioned Proclamation:

And whereas by Section one, sub-section two, of the said Act, it is provided that any List of persons and bodies of persons, incorporated or unincorporated, with whom such trading is prohibited by a Proclamation under the said Act may be varied or added to by an Order made by the Lords of the Council on the recommendation of a Secretary of State, such List as so varied or added to being in the last mentioned Proclamation referred to as the "Statutory List":

And whereas the List contained in the last mentioned Proclamation has been varied and added to by subsequent Orders of Council:

And whereas there was this day read at the Board a recommendation from the Secretary of

State for Foreign Affairs to the following effect:—

That the "Statutory List" of persons and bodies of persons, incorporated or unincorporated, with whom trading is prohibited, should be further amended by the variation and addition of the names set forth in the Schedule hereto.

Now, therefore, Their Lordships, having taken the said recommendation into consideration, are pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that the same be approved.

Whereof the Right Honourable Arthur James Balfour, one of His Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, the Controller of the Foreign Trade Department, and all other persons whom it may concern, are to take notice and govern themselves accordingly.

ALMERIC FITZROY.

SCHEDULE.

ADDITIONS TO LIST.

ARGENTINA AND URUGUAY.

Adhemar, Maison L. (see Kündig & Company).
Adler & Las, Calle Mejico 937, Buenos Aires, Argentina.
Barbe, Anacleto, Buenos Aires, Argentina.
Bentos, José S., Buenos Aires, Argentina.
Delgado, Julian R., Bahia, Camarones, Patagonia, Argentina.
Kündig & Company (Maison L. Adhemar), Cangallo 901 (corner of Suipacha 202), Buenos Aires, Argentina.
Latté, Curt, & Company, Calle Alberti 40, Buenos Aires, Argentina.
Lingenfelder, Carlos (of Banco Aleman Transatlantico), Buenos Aires, Argentina.
Mengers & Company, Calle Tacuari 483, Buenos Aires, Argentina.

BRAZIL.

Gomes, O., & Company, Rua da Alfandega 49, Rio de Janeiro.
Müller, Paul, & Company (late Müller, Costa & Company), Rua da Alfandega 90, Rio de Janeiro.
Stupakoff & Company, Rua Sao Bento 7, Sao Paulo.

CHILE.

Allgemeine Elektrizitäts Gesellschaft, Santiago & Valparaiso.
Constandie Riadi, E. & S., Santiago.
Derpich & Sobrino, Mejillones.
Hawliceck, O., Valparaiso.
Smits Brothers, Santiago.
Valdes, Julio R., Iquique.

COLOMBIA.

Isaac Hermanos, Honda, Girardot, Ibague & Circasia.
Sanclimente, Ismael, Buenaventura & Cali.

ECUADOR.

Santander, José, Guayaquil.
Tijon, Julio, Esmeraldas.

NETHERLANDS.

Automobiel Maatschappij "Zuid Holland," Goudschesingel 6, Rotterdam.
Bankinstelling, "Holland," N.V. (see "Holland" Bankinstelling).

Boest Gips & Van Der Leyé, Rijnhaven Z.Z. 20, Rotterdam.
 Bremér, P. H., Kerkstraat 307, Amsterdam.
 Caan & Heumann, Daendelstraat 13, The Hague.
 Dekkers, Z. W. C. (Partner of Erhardt & Dekkers).
 Docter Gebrs., Beverwijk Mills, Beverwijk.
 Dreiholz & Company, Gebrs., Kostverlorenvaart 44 & Kruislaan, Watergraafsmeer, Amsterdam; & Rotterdam.
 Erhardt & Dekkers, O.Z. Leuvehaven 28, Rotterdam.
 "Holland" Bankinstelling, N.V., Hofweg 11, The Hague.
 Klatzer & Company, Keizersgr. 205, Amsterdam.
 Lecomte, Jules, & Company, Zuidblaak 50, Rotterdam.
 Mahler, Henry G., Leuvehaven 139, Rotterdam.
 Miranda (De) & Boekman, Rokin 65/69, Amsterdam.
 Neumann, M. B., & Company, Brouwersgr. 53, Amsterdam.
 Okon Firma, Jos., Oliver Van Noordstraat 12, & Post Box 552, Rotterdam.
 Plagemann & Company, Maliestr. 19 (formerly Kortenaerstr. 14), Rotterdam.
 Reiniger, Gebbert & Schall A/G., Stationstr. 12, Utrecht.
 Schomburg, G., & Söhne A. G. (Bureau Voor Nederland en Indie), Anna Paulownstraat, The Hague.
 Schroeder, B. (of Vogemann's Transport Company), Boompjes 39, Rotterdam.
 Vlemmingsfirma, Th., Nieuwendijk, Geldrop.
 Vogemann's Transport Company, Boompjes 39, Rotterdam.
 Vries, S. I. De, Warmoesstr. 142-146, Beurstr. 65-67, Beursplein 13-17, Prinsengr. 128 & Utrechtschestr. 56, Amsterdam; Nieuwsteeg, Hoorn; & Enkhuisen.
 Zuid Holland, Automobiël Maatschappij, Goudschesingel 6, Rotterdam.

NETHERLAND EAST INDIES.

Bakx, A., Belawan, Sumatra.
 Bierman, E., Macassar.
 Corné, W., Macassar.
 Geelen, F., Sourabaya.
 Grabau, W. J., Sourabaya.
 "Juliana," Thee Distributie Maatschappij, Batavia.
 Kohlrusch (or Kohlrosch), L., Samarinda.
 Liem Bie Kiang, Bandjermasin.
 Maas, L., Emmahaven, Padang, Sumatra.
 Oost Indische Exploitatie en Handel Maatschappij, Macassar.
 Reinenberg, T. W., Sourabaya, Gang Matjan Peneleh.
 Roos, Arie, Sourabaya & Samarang.
 Schreuder, W., Sibolga, Sumatra.
 Schutter, H., Batavia.
 Soesboom, Jan, Palmenlaan 45, Sourabaya.
 Stroer, Ch. N., & Cie., Sourabaya.
 Thee Distributie Maatschappij "Juliana," Batavia.
 Viefhaus, E. F. W., Samarang.

NORWAY.

Kvie, Karl, Langesgt. 8, Stavanger.
 Lie, Johan, A/S, østervaag 26, Stavanger.

PERU.

Ferreteria (La) Espanola, Trujillo.
 Vidaurrazaga, Eduardo, Trujillo.

SPAIN.

Behrendt, Jorge, Plaza de la Salesas 10, Madrid.
 Contreras, Cristobal, San Isidro 27, Granada.
 Geschwind (or Gschwind), Frederico, Plaza de Bilbao 2, Madrid.
 Ideal Gallego, Corunna.
 Lopez, Josefa, Calle Conde de Benomar 11, Seville.
 Montañola, Antonio, Tarragona.
 Rubli, Paul, Madrid.
 Ungebauer, Rudolf, Las Palmas, Grand Canary.

SWEDEN.

Rundt, Jorden, Tidningskontoret, Kungsgatan 2, Stockholm.
 Tidningskontoret, Jorden Rundt (see Rudt, Jorden).
 Westerberg, Joseph, Stort. 4, Malmö.

REMOVALS FROM LIST.

ARGENTINA AND URUGUAY.

Agence Stigler, Montevideo, Uruguay.

COLOMBIA.

Matos, Vicente, Barranquilla.

NETHERLANDS.

Tragbar, C. W., Oudeschans 13, Amsterdam.

NETHERLAND EAST INDIES.

Spiegel (H.), Handel (Winkel) Maatschappij, Samarang.

SPAIN.

Haasenstein & Vogler, Rambla Capuchinos 15, Barcelona.

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA.

Schmidt, Paul (of Rubber & Guayule Agency, Inc.).

VENEZUELA.

Pineda & Jeda, La Guayra.
 Pineda, Joviniario, Maracaibo.
 Rossi, Jesus Belloso, Maracaibo.

VARIATIONS IN LIST.

Corrections in the names and alterations in and additions to addresses of the persons or firms whose names have been already published on the respective dates shown in the margin, are made as under:—

BRAZIL.

22 Aug. 1916. Holdun, Maxim, Caixa 35, Manaos.
 2 Mar. 1917. Lichtenfels, Bernardo (alias Brandao), Avenue Centrale 57, Rio de Janeiro.
 2 Mar. 1917. Brandao (see Lichtenfels, Bernardo).
 2 June 1916. Naschold, Ricardo, & Company, Rua Henrique Dias 57, Sao Paulo.

NORWAY.

18 July 1916. Eugöens Sardine Company, A/S, Engöen.

SPAIN.

8 Dec. 1916. Romero, Manuel,
should read

Romero Gimenez, Manuel.

Gimenez, Manuel Romero (see Romero Gimenez,
Manuel).

NOTE (1).—All persons or firms resident, carrying on business or being in the United Kingdom are prohibited from having any dealings with any of the persons or firms mentioned in this List, or in any List issued under the Trading with the Enemy (Statutory List) Proclamation, 1916, No. 3. A List consolidating all previous Lists was published on the 16th February 1917 (The Consolidating List No. 19a), which together with Lists No. 20, 21 and 22 of the 2nd, 16th and 23rd March 1917, respectively, and the List herewith annexed contains all the names which up to this date are included in the Statutory List.

Additions to and variations in these Lists will be published at intervals approximately of two weeks.

The Lists are published in the London Gazette and reproduced in the Board of Trade Journal, and separate copies of all Lists may be obtained at a small cost from the Superintendent of Publications, His Majesty's Stationery Office, Imperial House, Kingsway, W.C.

NOTE (2).—Where a person or firm mentioned in the List has more than one address in the same country, all dealings in that country with such person or firm are prohibited, even in cases where one only of the addresses is specifically mentioned.

NOTE (3).—Trading is prohibited under the Trading with the Enemy Proclamations of 25th June and 10th November 1915 with any person or firm of enemy nationality resident or carrying on business in China, Siam, Persia, Morocco, Liberia or Portuguese East Africa. Persons or firms in the United Kingdom are therefore prohibited from trading with any person or firm of enemy nationality in any of those countries, even though such person or firm is not mentioned by name in the Statutory List.

NOTE (4).—In order to minimise as far as possible any inconvenience which may be caused to British traders by the dislocation of export trade owing to the inclusion in the Statutory List of a former connection, the Foreign Trade Department is collecting and classifying the names of non-enemy firms who may be able to act as substitutes for firms mentioned in the Statutory List. A considerable amount of information is already available at the Foreign Trade Department, and it is in many cases possible to suggest the names of satisfactory substitutes without the necessity of referring the matter abroad. The Department is, however, prepared on application to inquire of His Majesty's Representatives abroad for the names of suitable substitutes. When the applicant wishes this done by telegraph he is required to undertake to pay the cost of telegraphic correspondence. It would greatly facilitate the work of the Foreign Trade Department if applicants in making inquiries would specify the particular trade or trades for which substitutes are required.

NOTE (5).—The Statutory List for each country is telegraphed, on the day of issue, to His Majesty's Representative in that country, who is instructed

to notify accordingly British Consular Officers, to whom persons abroad should apply for information as to names on the List. Persons and firms in the United Kingdom with agencies or branches abroad would, however, be well advised to furnish such agencies or branches with issues of the List as they appear. The Lists for all countries in Central or South America are also telegraphed to His Majesty's Ambassador at Washington, who transmits them to H.M. Consul-General at New York and to other centres in the United States likely to be interested.

At the Council Chamber, Whitehall, the 30th day of March 1917.

By the Lords of His Majesty's Most
Honourable Privy Council.

WHEREAS it is provided by Section 2 of the Customs (Exportation Prohibition) Act, 1914, that any Proclamation or Order in Council made under Section 8 of the Customs and Inland Revenue Act, 1879, as amended by the Act now in recital, may, whilst a state of war exists, be varied or added to by an Order made by the Lords of the Council on the recommendation of the Board of Trade:

And whereas it is provided by Section 2 of the Customs (Exportation Restriction) Act, 1914, that any Proclamation made under Section 1 of the Exportation of Arms Act, 1900, may, whether the Proclamation was made before or after the passing of the Act now in recital, be varied or added to, whilst a state of war exists, by an Order made by the Lords of the Council on the recommendation of the Board of Trade:

And whereas by a Proclamation, dated the 10th day of May 1916, and made under Section 8 of the Customs and Inland Revenue Act, 1879, and Section 1 of the Exportation of Arms Act, 1900, and Section 1 of the Customs (Exportation Prohibition) Act, 1914, the exportation from the United Kingdom of certain articles to certain or all destinations was prohibited:

And whereas by subsequent Orders of Council the said Proclamation was amended and added to in certain particulars:

And whereas there was this day read at the Board a recommendation from the Board of Trade to the following effect:—

That the Proclamation, dated the 10th day of May 1916, as amended and added to by subsequent Orders of Council, should be further amended by making the following amendments in and additions to the Schedule to the same:—

(1) That the following headings should be deleted:—

- (c) Anchors and chain cables;
- (b) Binnacles;
- (c) Boots and shoes, other than heavy boots for men;
- (b) Boots, heavy, for men;
- Chemicals, etc., the following:—
 - (c) Citric acid;
 - (c) Lead, white;
 - Tanning extracts, the following:—
 - (A) Chestnut extract;
 - (A) Oakwood extract;
 - (A) Valex;
 - (A) Valonia;

(B) Other extracts and substances for use in tanning;

(B) Compasses for ships, and component parts thereof;

(B) Electros for printing purposes, composed of lead, antimony or copper;

(C) Gloves made wholly or partly of leather;

Insulating materials, the following:—

(C) Lead, oxides of;

(A) Jute padding;

Leather and leather goods of the following descriptions:—

(C) Chamois, glacé kid, morocco, persians, roans, and seal-leather;

(B) Leather belting, hydraulic leather, pump leather and picking bands;

(C) Leather, bookbinding;

(C) Leather, enamelled, japanned or varnished;

(A) Leather, sole;

(B) Leather suitable for military clothing;

(A) Leather suitable for saddlery, harness or military boots;

(C) Leathers suitable for textile machinery, except leather belting and picking bands;

(C) Leather, not otherwise prohibited;

Metals and ores, the following:—

(B) Lead (except pig lead), alloys of lead, solder containing lead, and manufactures of lead or its alloys, not otherwise prohibited;

(A) Lead, pig;

(B) Nautical instruments;

(B) Quercitron bark extract;

(C) Rattans;

Shipbuilding materials, the following:—

(C) Diesel and other internal combustion engines for marine propulsion, and component parts of such engines;

(C) Iron and steel castings and forgings for hulls and machinery of ships;

(C) Sectional materials for shipbuilding;

(C) Ships' auxiliary machinery.

(2) That the following headings should be added:—

(A) Anchors and chain cables;

(A) Binnacles;

(A) Boots and shoes with soles or uppers of leather;

(C) Boots and shoes, not otherwise prohibited;

Chemicals, etc., the following:—

(C) Aloes;

(B) Barium peroxide;

(C) Cascara sagrada;

(B) Citric acid;

(B) Hydrogen peroxide;

(C) Jalap;

(A) Lead compounds, and mixtures containing lead compounds;

(C) Rhubarb (medicinal);

(C) Senega;

(A) Compasses for ships, and component parts thereof;

(B) Gloves made wholly or partly of leather;

(B) Jute padding;

Leather and leather goods of the following descriptions:—

(A) Leather;

(B) Leather belting, hydraulic leather, pump leather and leather manufactures suitable for textile machinery;

Metals and ores, the following:—

(A) Lead, lead alloys, and manufactures of lead or of lead alloys;

(A) Nautical instruments;

(A) Needles for boot-making machines;

Provisions and victuals which may be used as food for man:—

(C) Chicory;

(A) Rattans;

Shipbuilding materials, the following:—

(A) Engines for use on board ship (including Diesel and other internal combustion engines for marine propulsion) and component parts of such engines;

(A) Iron and steel castings and forgings for hulls and machinery of ships;

(A) Machinery for steam ships and component parts thereof;

(A) Sectional materials for shipbuilding;

(A) Ships' auxiliary machinery;

(A) Ships' telegraphs and component parts thereof;

(A) Steering gear and component parts thereof;

(A) Tanning extracts and substances for use in tanning.

(A) Winches;

(A) Windlasses.

Now, therefore, Their Lordships, having taken the said recommendation into consideration, are pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that the same be approved.

Whereof the Commissioners of His Majesty's Customs and Excise, the Director of the War Trade Department, and all other persons whom it may concern, are to take notice and govern themselves accordingly.

ALMERIC FITZROY.

*Lord Chamberlain's Office,
St. James's Palace, S. W.,*

24th March 1917.

The KING has been pleased to appoint Major-General Sir George John Younghusband, K.C.M.G., K.C.I.E., C.B., to be Keeper of the Jewel House, Tower of London, in the room of General Sir Arthur Singleton Wynne, G.C.B., resigned.

THE GRAND PRIORY OF THE ORDER OF THE HOSPITAL OF ST. JOHN OF JERUSALEM IN ENGLAND.

Chancery of the Order,

St. John's Gate,

Clerkenwell, London, E.C.,

28th March 1917.

The KING has been graciously pleased to sanction the following promotions in and appointments to the Order of the Hospital of St. John of Jerusalem in England:—

As Knights of Justice (from Knights of Grace).

The Earl Beauchamp, K.G., K.C.M.G.
Colonel Edward Douglas Browne-Syngé-Hutchinson, V.C., C.B.

As Knights of Grace.

Sir Francis Henry May, K.C.M.G., LL.D.
 Major Walter Sydney Masterman.
 Colonel George Henry Barefoot, C.B., C.M.G.,
 L.R.C.P.Ed., A.M.S.
 William Ellis Hume-Williams, K.C., M.P.
 Sir Ernest Michael Clarke.

As Ladies of Grace.

Emma, Miss Molyneux.
 Ruth Eveline, Miss Darbyshire, R.R.C.
 The Lady Margaret MacRae.
 The Lady Nunburnholme.
 The Countess of Dundonald.
 Mary Eleanor, Mrs. Gwynne Holford.

Scottish Office, Whitehall,

30th March 1917.

The KING has been pleased, on the recommendation of the Secretary for Scotland, to appoint Mr. Thomas Trotter, Sheriff-Substitute of Caithness, to be a member of the Appeal Tribunal for the Sheriffdom of Caithness, Orkney, and Shetland under the Military Service Acts, 1916.

DEFENCE OF THE REALM.

ORDER of the Secretary for Scotland, dated March 29th, 1917, under Regulation 11 of the Defence of the Realm Regulations, amending the Lights (Scotland) Order of the 25th August 1916.

In pursuance of the power conferred on me by Regulation 11 of the Defence of the Realm Regulations, I hereby revoke paragraph (6) of the Lights (Scotland) Order of the 25th August 1916 (which deals with the drawing down of blinds in Railway Carriages), and the said Order shall have effect accordingly as from the date hereof.

L. S.

ROBERT MUNRO,
 His Majesty's Secretary for
 Scotland.

Scottish Office, Whitehall,
 29th March 1917.

Foreign Office,

28th March 1917.

The Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs has received from the Belgian Government the text of a declaration, which was published on the 19th March 1917, of which the following is a translation:—

An order of the German Governor, dated 29th August 1916, prescribes, in violation of the principles of international law, the forced liquidation of certain concerns in the parts of Belgium occupied by the enemy.

Further, according to reliable information, the German Government have ordered certain establishments to hand over to the Reichsbank the balances of current accounts standing in the names of French and British nationals.

Belgian legislation, in which are incorporated the Hague Conventions, recognises neither the validity of the powers given by the occupying

authorities to the sequestrators named by them for the purposes of liquidating nor the validity of the actual liquidations themselves. Consequently, after the liberation of the country, persons adversely affected by any abuse which the sequestrators or other authorities concerned with the liquidation may make of their powers, will have a legal remedy against such authorities or sequestrators and against their estates.

All agreements or juridical acts involving anything beyond mere custody and maintenance will be liable to be annulled. The same applies to any alienation of real or personal property, transfers of credit, and in general to all acts disposing of property.

Representatives, domiciled outside of the occupied parts of Belgium, of Belgian or foreign firms or companies placed under sequestration by the German authorities would run the risk of incurring, besides civil claims against them, the infliction of the penalties provided for by the law of 10th December 1916, if they should carry out instructions given them by sequestrators or other authorities concurred in a liquidation.

In denouncing to neutral and allied Powers these latest abuses of the German occupation, the Belgian Government beg them to warn their nationals against the possible legal consequences of entering into any transactions with agents whose powers are not valid.

Foreign Office (Foreign Trade Dept.),

30th March 1917.

LIBERIA.

The following name is removed from the List of persons and bodies of persons to whom articles to be exported to Liberia may be consigned:—
 Stevens, A. B.

Ministry of Food,

29th March 1917.

THE MALT (RESTRICTION ON SHIPPING) ORDER,
 21ST MARCH 1917.

Statutory Rule and Order, 1917, No. 259,
 price 1d. net, post free 1½d.

THE SWEDES (PRICES) ORDER, 21ST MARCH 1917.

Statutory Rule and Order, 1917, No. 260,
 price 1d. net, post free 1½d.

THE FOOD (CONDITIONS OF SALE) ORDER,
 21ST MARCH 1917.

Statutory Rule and Order, 1917, No. 261,
 price 1d. net, post free 1½d.

Notice is hereby given that the above-named Orders have been made by the Food Controller, and that copies of the Orders and of all other Orders made by the Food Controller, printed as Statutory Rules and Orders, and receivable in evidence under the Documentary Evidence Acts, can be purchased at the prices stated, through any bookseller or directly from H.M. Stationery Office, at the following addresses:—
 Imperial House, Kingsway, London, W.C. 2;
 37 Peter Street, Manchester; 1, St. Andrew's Crescent, Cardiff; 23 Forth Street, Edinburgh; or E. Ponsonby, Ltd., 116 Grafton Street, Dublin.

ORDER OF THE BOARD OF AGRICULTURE AND FISHERIES.

(DATED 29TH MARCH 1917.)

The Board of Agriculture and Fisheries, by virtue and in exercise of the powers vested in them under the Diseases of Animals Acts, 1894 to 1914, and of every other power enabling them in this behalf, do order, and it is hereby ordered, as follows:—

Application of Sheep (Double Dipping) Order of 1914.

1.—(1) The provisions of the Sheep (Double Dipping) Order of 1914 (hereinafter referred to as "the principal Order") are hereby applied to the Area described in the First Schedule hereto, subject to the modifications contained in this Order.

(2) While this Order remains in operation, sheep in the Area described in the First Schedule hereto shall be exempt from the provisions of Article 3 of the Sheep Dipping (Scotland and North of England) Order of 1915 so far as they relate to dipping within the first prescribed dipping period.

Modification of Part I. of the Principal Order.

2. Part I. of the Principal Order shall, in its application to the Area described in the First Schedule hereto, be read and have effect as if paragraph (3) of Article 2 of that Order were omitted.

Period Prescribed as Double Dipping Period.

3. The dates between which all sheep in the Area described in the First Schedule hereto are to be dipped within the Area by the owner or person in charge of the sheep under and in accordance with Part II. of the Principal Order, are hereby fixed to be the nineteenth day of July and the twenty-first day of August in each year.

Modification of Part II. of the Principal Order.

4. Part II. of the Principal Order shall, in its application to the area described in the First Schedule hereto, be read and have effect as if paragraphs (2) and (3) of Article 5 and Article 6 were omitted, and as if the following paragraph were inserted in Article 5:—

"(2) The dippings shall be carried out on such dates, at such dipping places, and in such manner as shall be required by a Notice signed by an Inspector of the Board or of the Local

Authority, and served by post or otherwise on the owner or person in charge of the sheep referred to in the Notice."

Revocation.

5. The Order described in the Second Schedule hereto is hereby revoked.

In witness whereof the Board of Agriculture and Fisheries have hereunto set their Official Seal this twenty-ninth day of March, nineteen hundred and seventeen.



W. H. CHAMBERLAIN,
Authorised by the President.

FIRST SCHEDULE.

Area referred to in this Order.

An area comprising such portion of the county of Inverness as lies within the following boundary (and including any roads forming that boundary):—

Commencing at a point near Dalroy, where the Nairn and Inverness county boundary crosses the road leading from Cawdor to Craggie and proceeding in a south-westerly direction along that road to its junction with the Strathnairn road and Craggie; thence continuing in a south-westerly direction along that road to its junction with the road leading to Inverness, near Dalvourn Bridge; thence in a northerly direction along that road *via* Balnafoich Bridge to the western boundary of the parish of Daviot and Dunlichity; thence in a southerly direction along the parish boundary to where it crosses the Farr and Fort Augustus road near Milton; thence in a south-westerly direction along that road *via* Whitebridge Hotel to a point where it crosses the river Tarff near Fort Augustus; thence in a south-easterly direction along that river and the Allt Coire na Ceire Burn to the Pass of Corrieyairack; thence in an easterly direction along the Pass to the southern boundary of the parish of Boleskine and Abertarff; thence continuing in an easterly direction along the southern boundaries of the parishes of Boleskine and Abertarff, and Moy and Dalarossie, and part of the western boundary of Alvie, to a point where it crosses the Raitts Burn; thence in a southerly direction along the said burn to its confluence with the River Spey; thence in a north-easterly direction along that river to the boundary between the counties of Elgin or Moray and Inverness; thence in a north-westerly direction along the latter county boundary to the point of commencement.

SECOND SCHEDULE.

Order Revoked.

No.	Date.	Subject.
9835	1917. 26 February	Application of Part I. of the Sheep (Double Dipping) Order of 1914 to an Area in Inverness-shire.

Copies of the above Order can be obtained on application to the Secretary, Board of Agriculture and Fisheries, 4 Whitehall Place, London, S.W. 1.

CURRENCY NOTES.

(4 & 5 Geo. V., cc. 14 and 72.)

I.—ISSUE ACCOUNT.

	£	s.	d.	Total cancelled up to 21st March 1917, inclusive—	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
Total issued up to 21st March 1917, inclusive—										
£1 notes	398,196,405	0	0	£1 notes	297,832,923	0	0			
10/- notes	131,172,483	10	0	10/- notes	102,332,814	0	0			
Currency notes certificates	36,410,000	0	0	Currency notes certificates	22,570,000	0	0			
Issued during the week ended 28th March 1917—				Cancelled during the week ended 28th March 1917—						
£1 notes	4,057,075	0	0	£1 notes	2,940,113	0	0			
10/- notes	1,367,217	0	0	10/- notes	1,190,260	0	0			
Currency notes certificates	710,000	0	0	Currency notes certificates	360,000	0	0			
				TOTAL				427,226,110	0	0
				Outstanding—						
				£1 notes	101,480,444	0	0			
				10/- notes	29,016,626	10	0			
				Currency notes certificates	14,190,000	0	0			
								144,687,070	10	0
TOTAL	£571,913,180	10	0	TOTAL				£571,913,180	10	0

II.—BALANCE SHEET.

	£	s.	d.	Advances—	£	s.	d.
Notes outstanding	130,497,070	10	0	Scottish and Irish Banks of Issue			
Certificates outstanding	14,190,000	0	0	Other Bankers	3,399,000	0	0
				Post Office Savings Bank			
				Trustee Savings Banks	250,500	0	0
Investments Reserve Account	5,000,567	13	4	Currency Note Redemption Account—			
				Gold Coin and Bullion	28,500,000	0	0
				Government Securities	110,668,151	14	1
				Balance at the Bank of England	6,869,986	9	3
TOTAL	£149,687,638	3	4	TOTAL	£149,687,638	3	4

Treasury Chambers, 29th March 1917.

JOHN BRADBURY, Secretary to the Treasury.

DEFENCE OF THE REALM (CONSOLIDATION) REGULATIONS, 1914. ORDER,
dated the 27th day of March 1917.

By virtue of the powers conferred upon them by the Defence of the Realm Consolidation Act, 1914, and the Defence of the Realm Regulations, and of all other powers and authorities them thereunto enabling, the Lords Commissioners for executing the Office of Lord High Admiral of the United Kingdom, do hereby order that from and after the 10th April 1917 all ships (save those which are hereafter excepted) shall while navigating in any part of the pilotage district stated below for the purpose of entering, leaving, or making use of any port in such district be under the pilotage of a pilot appointed by the Senior Naval Officer of such district or of a Master or Mate possessing a pilotage certificate for such district granted by the Senior Naval Officer, and shall not be obliged to employ any other pilot. If any such ship is not under pilotage as hereby required, after a pilot appointed as aforesaid has offered to take charge, her Master shall be guilty of an offence against the Defence of the Realm (Consolidation) Regulations, 1914.

Where this Order has effect Section 633 of the Merchant Shipping Act, 1894, shall apply and the Pilotage Act, 1913, shall not apply. This Order, which shall come into operation on the 10th April 1917, shall not apply to (a) ships belonging to His Majesty; (b) British ships trading regularly to the port of Stornoway; (c) British fishing vessels and other British vessels employed in connection with the Fishing Industry.

Nothing herein contained shall impose on the Lords Commissioners of the Admiralty any liability for any loss or damage occasioned by any act or default of any Pilot appointed by the Senior Naval Officer.

PILOTAGE DISTRICT.

To the Northward of a line drawn due West (true) from Southern extremity of Holm Island to Mainland.

(Signed) LIONEL HALSEY.

(Signed) CECIL BURNEY.

War Office,
30th March 1917.

ORDER BY THE ARMY COUNCIL.

SOLE AND UPPER LEATHER PRODUCED IN THE UNITED KINGDOM.

In pursuance of the powers conferred on them by the Defence of the Realm Regulations, the Army Council hereby give notice that it is their intention to take possession of all Sole and Upper Leather of the Classes specified in the Schedule hereto annexed, which is now in stock in the United Kingdom whether in the finished state or in course of production, and of all Sole and Upper Leather of the same classes which can be produced from the date hereof until further notice.

If after this Notice any person having control of any such leather without the consent of the Army Council sells, moves, or secretes such leather, or deals with it in any way contrary to any condition imposed in any Licence, Permit, or Order that may be granted in respect thereof he shall be guilty of an offence against the Defence of the Realm Regulations.

Applications for permission to sell or move such Leather should be addressed to the Director of Army Contracts, Imperial House, Tothill Street, Westminster, S.W.

By Order of the Army Council.

R. H. BRADE.

SCHEDULE.

Leather produced from all classes of Hides, British or imported:—

1. Vegetable tanned Bends of 6 lb. and upwards.
Vegetable tanned Butts of 12 lb. and upwards.
Vegetable tanned Backs of 16 lb. and upwards.
Vegetable tanned $\frac{1}{2}$ -Backs of 8 lb. and upwards.
Vegetable tanned Sides of 12 lb. and upwards.
2. Chrome Tanned Bends, Butts, and Racks having a substance of 7 iron and upwards.
3. Vegetable Tanned Shoulders of 6 iron and upwards on the cut edge.
4. Kip Butts of $1\frac{1}{2}$ mm. substance and upwards.
5. Kip Sides of any finish except semichrome.
6. Vegetable Grained upper leathers of $1\frac{1}{2}$ mm. substance and upwards.
7. Chrome Upper Leather of $1\frac{1}{2}$ mm. substance and upwards.
8. Upper Leathers of $1\frac{1}{2}$ mm. substance and upwards; manufactured by any other process which has been approved by the Chief Inspecting Officer.

INTIMATION is hereby given that DAME EMILY ELIZA STEELE GORDON CATHCART, widow of Sir Reginald Archibald Edward Cathcart of Carlton, Baronet, has presented a Petition to the Lords of Council and Session (First Division, Junior Lord Ordinary,—Mr. Paterson, Clerk), in terms of the Entail Acts and relative Acts of Sederunt, for an Order ordaining Ivo David Cathcart-Walker-Heneage of Carlton, Heir of Entail in possession of the Entailed Lands and Estates of CARLTON, KILLOCHAN, and others, in the County of Ayr, to grant in favour of the Petitioner a Bond and Disposition in security for sums expended by the said Sir Reginald Archibald Edward Cathcart on improvements on said Estates.

Date of Interlocutor ordering intimation, 29th March 1917.

SKENE, EDWARDS, & GARSON, Agents for Petitioner.

5 Albyn Place, Edinburgh,
30th March 1917.

INTIMATION is hereby given that DAME EMILY ELIZA STEELE GORDON CATHCART, widow of Sir Reginald Archibald Edward Cathcart of Carlton, Baronet, has presented a Petition to the Lords of Council and Session (First Division, Junior Lord Ordinary,—Mr. Paterson, Clerk), in terms of the Entail Acts and relative Acts of Sederunt, for an Order ordaining John Cathcart Christie, Heir of Entail in possession of the Entailed Lands of WATERHEAD, DRUMCALLANDER, RIGG, and others, in the County of Ayr, to grant a Bond and Disposition in security in favour of the Petitioner for sums expended by the said Sir Reginald Archibald Edward Cathcart on improvements on said Estates.

Date of Interlocutor ordering intimation, 29th March 1917.

SKENE, EDWARDS, & GARSON, Agents for Petitioner.

5 Albyn Place, Edinburgh,
30th March 1917.

Estate of the deceased Charles Gerson,

To the Creditors and other Persons interested in the Succession of the Deceased CHARLES GERSON, Wholesale and Retail Confectioner and Tobacconist, 44 London Street, Glasgow.

A PETITION has been presented to the Court of Session (Bill Chamber,—Mr. Paterson, Clerk) by James Wilson, 4 Orcadia, Craigmore, Rothesay, Retired Bank Agent; H. Finestone, Wholesale Jeweller and Hardware Merchant, 10 Royal Terrace, Queen's Drive, Crosshill, Glasgow; J. M'Andrew Waddell, 36 Oswald Street, Glasgow; John James Auld, Bank Agent, 32 St. Enoch Square, Glasgow; J. S. Fry & Sons Limited, Chocolate and Cocoa Manufacturers, Bristol; The Don Confectionery Company Limited, Bridge Street, Sheffield; and James Keiller & Sons Limited, Preserve Manufacturers, Dundee, Creditors to the amount required; and Mrs. Rebecca Polonsky or Gerson, residing at 2 Beechwood Terrace, Shawlands, Glasgow, widow of the said deceased Charles Gerson; and Morris Gerson, Shipping and Tourist Agent, 16 Queen Street, Glasgow, his son, having an interest in the succession of the said deceased Charles Gerson,—the Executrix appointed by the said deceased Charles Gerson not accepting or acting,—praying under the Bankruptcy Act, 1913 (3 & 4 George V., Sec. 163), for the appointment of a Judicial Factor upon said Estate; and which Petition will be again moved in the Court on or after the 18th day of April 1917. Of all which Notice is hereby given.

MENZIES, BRUCE LOW, & THOMSON, W.S.,
23 York Place, Edinburgh, Agents for
the Petitioners.

3rd April 1917.

To the Creditors and other Persons interested in the Succession of the Deceased WILLIAM CHARLES STEDMAN, Solicitor, Jedburgh.

I JOHN STUART GOWANS, Chartered Accountant, Edinburgh, Judicial Factor upon the Estates of the said deceased William Charles Stedman, hereby intimate that I have prepared and lodged in Court (Bill Chamber,—Mr. Paterson, Clerk) a State of Funds and Scheme of Division of the said Estates, to be considered and approved of by the Court, of which all concerned are hereby required to take notice.

J. STUART GOWANS, Judicial Factor.

33 Charlotte Square, Edinburgh,
3rd April 1917.

THE "BELLANOCH" STEAMSHIP COMPANY
LIMITED (in Voluntary Liquidation).

NOTICE is hereby given, in pursuance of Section 195 of the Companies (Consolidation) Act, 1908, that a General Meeting of the Members of the above-named Company will be held within the Registered Office of the Company, 135 Buchanan Street, Glasgow, on Friday the 4th day of May 1917, at 11 o'clock forenoon, for the purpose of laying before the Meeting an account, prepared by the Liquidator, showing the manner in which the winding up has been conducted and the property of the Company disposed of, and of hearing any explanation that may be given by him; as also, in pursuance of Section 222 of said Act, for the purpose of considering, and if so resolved, of passing the following Extraordinary Resolution:—

"That the books and papers of the Company be disposed of by the Liquidator in such way as he may see fit."

CHARLES KER, Liquidator.

115 St. Vincent Street, Glasgow,
30th March 1917.

THE "BELLENA" STEAMSHIP COMPANY
LIMITED (in Voluntary Liquidation).

NOTICE is hereby given, in pursuance of Section 195 of the Companies (Consolidation) Act, 1908, that a General Meeting of the Members of the above-named Company will be held within the Registered Office of the Company, 135 Buchanan Street, Glasgow, on Friday the

4th day of May 1917, at 11 o'clock forenoon, for the purpose of laying before the Meeting an account, prepared by the Liquidator, showing the manner in which the winding up has been conducted and the property of the Company disposed of, and of hearing any explanation that may be given by him; as also, in pursuance of Section 222 of said Act, for the purpose of considering, and if so resolved, of passing the following Extraordinary Resolution:—

"That the books and papers of the Company be disposed of by the Liquidator in such way as he may see fit."

CHARLES KER, Liquidator.

115 St. Vincent Street, Glasgow,
30th March 1917.

THE "BELLAURA" STEAMSHIP COMPANY
LIMITED (in Voluntary Liquidation).

NOTICE is hereby given, in pursuance of Section 195 of the Companies (Consolidation) Act, 1908, that a General Meeting of the Members of the above-named Company will be held within the Registered Office of the Company, 135 Buchanan Street, Glasgow, on Friday the 4th day of May 1917, at 11 o'clock forenoon, for the purpose of laying before the Meeting an account, prepared by the Liquidator, showing the manner in which the winding up has been conducted and the property of the Company disposed of, and of hearing any explanation that may be given by him; as also, in pursuance of Section 222 of said Act, for the purpose of considering, and if so resolved, of passing the following Extraordinary Resolution:—

"That the books and papers of the Company be disposed of by the Liquidator in such way as he may see fit."

CHARLES KER, Liquidator.

115 St. Vincent Street, Glasgow,
30th March 1917.

THE "BELLENDEN" STEAMSHIP COMPANY
LIMITED (in Voluntary Liquidation).

NOTICE is hereby given, in pursuance of Section 195 of the Companies (Consolidation) Act, 1908, that a General Meeting of the Members of the above-named Company will be held within the Registered Office of the Company, 135 Buchanan Street, Glasgow, on Friday the 4th day of May 1917, at 11 o'clock forenoon, for the purpose of laying before the Meeting an account, prepared by the Liquidator, showing the manner in which the winding up has been conducted and the property of the Company disposed of, and of hearing any explanation that may be given by him; as also, in pursuance of Section 222 of said Act, for the purpose of considering, and if so resolved, of passing the following Extraordinary Resolution:—

"That the books and papers of the Company be disposed of by the Liquidator in such way as he may see fit."

CHARLES KER, Liquidator.

115 St. Vincent Street, Glasgow,
30th March 1917.

NOTICE.

THE BUCCLEUCH TERRA COTTA COMPANY
LIMITED, in Liquidation.

NOTICE is hereby given that, in pursuance of Section 195 of the Companies Consolidation Act, 1908, a Meeting of the Shareholders of the above-named Company will be held within the Offices of Thomson M'Lintock & Co., C.A., 149 West George Street, Glasgow, on Saturday the fifth day of May 1917, at twelve o'clock noon, for the purpose of receiving the Liquidator's final Report on the winding up.

WILLIAM M'LINTOCK, Liquidator.

THE FRASERBURGH GAS COMPANY LIMITED,
having its Registered Office at No. 35 Frithside Street,
Fraserburgh, Scotland (in Liquidation).

NOTICE is hereby given, in pursuance of Section 195 of the Companies (Consolidation) Act, 1908, that a General Meeting of the Members of the above-named Company will be held within the Registered Office of

the Company at No. 35 Frithside Street, Fraserburgh, on Monday the twenty-first day of May 1917, at twelve o'clock noon, for the purpose of having an account laid before them, showing the manner in which the winding up has been conducted and the property of the Company disposed of, and of hearing any explanation that may be given by the Liquidators, and also of determining by Extraordinary Resolution the manner in which the books, accounts, and documents of the Company, and of the Liquidators thereof, shall be disposed of.

Dated the second day of April 1917.

WM. M'CONNACHIE, Liquidator.
J. BLACKHALL, Liquidator.

JAMES MILNE, Solicitor, Fraserburgh,
Witness to the above Signatures of
W. M'Connachie and J. Blackhall,
Liquidators.

THE Estates of JOHN PETERS, Hotel Keeper, Argyll Hotel, Lochgilphead, were Sequestered on 29th March 1917, by the Sheriff of Argyll at Dunoon.

The first Deliverance is dated 8th March 1917.

The Meeting to elect the Trustee and Commissioners is to be held at 3 o'clock afternoon, on Wednesday, 11th day of April 1917, within the Faculty Hall, St. George's Place, Glasgow. A Composition may be offered at this Meeting; and to entitle Creditors to the first Dividends their oaths and grounds of debt must be lodged on or before the 29th day of July 1917.

All future advertisements relating to this Sequestration will be published in the Edinburgh Gazette alone.

A. R. MACKENZIE, Writer, 7 Gilmour Street, Paisley, Agent.

SEQUESTRATION of WM. WIGFIELD & SONS, Aerated Water Manufacturers, Coatbridge, and Alexander Wigfield and Thomas Wigfield, both residing at Corswall Street, Coatbridge, the Individual Partners thereof, as such Partners, and as Individuals.

AS Trustee on the above Sequestered Estates, I hereby intimate that a Meeting of the Creditors will be held within my Chambers, 113 St. Vincent Street, Glasgow, on Wednesday, 11th instant, at 12 o'clock noon, to consider an offer of Composition made by the Bankrupts.

J. MUNN ROSS, C.A., Trustee.

113 St. Vincent Street, Glasgow,
2nd April 1917.

AS Trustee on the Sequestered Estates of ANDREW CAMERON, Carting Contractor, Broadford, Tarland, in the County of Aberdeen, I hereby call a Meeting of the Creditors in the Sequestration, to be held within the Chambers of Messieurs Stewart & Murray, Advocates, 22 Bridge Street, Aberdeen, on Friday the 20th day of April 1917, at three o'clock afternoon, to consider as to an application to be made for my discharge as Trustee.

PATRICK STRACHAN, Trustee.

East Town, Tarland, 29th March 1917.

SEQUESTRATION of P. MASINO & COMPANY, Electrical Engineers, 22 Haddington Place, Edinburgh, and of P. Masino, sole Partner thereof.

THE Trustee hereby calls a Meeting of Creditors, to be held within the Chambers of Messrs. Walker & White, C.A., 30 St. Andrew Square, Edinburgh, on Friday, 27th April 1917, at twelve o'clock noon, to consider as to an application to be made for his discharge.

J. KER GOALEN, C.A., Trustee.

Edinburgh, 3rd April 1917.

AS Trustee on the Sequestered Estate of HUGH CRAWFORD, Engineer and Smith, 49 Thistle Street, Edinburgh, I hereby intimate that a Meeting of Creditors in the Sequestration will be held within my Chambers, 1 Charlotte Square, Edinburgh, upon Wednesday the 25th day of April 1917, at 11 o'clock forenoon,

to consider as to an application to be made for my discharge as Trustee.

J. B. BOLTON, Trustee.

1 Charlotte Square, Edinburgh,
3rd April 1917.

SEQUESTRATION of ITALO BONACCORSI, Italian Ice-Cream Merchant, now or lately carrying on business at 21 Watergate, Rothesay.

I, JAMES MACKINNON, Accountant, Rothesay, as Trustee on the above Sequestered Estates, hereby give notice that the Sheriff-Substitute has fixed the twelfth day of April 1917, at eleven o'clock forenoon, in the Sheriff Court House, Rothesay, as a Diet for hearing and disposing of objections to my discharge as Trustee.

JAMES MACKINNON, Trustee.

11 Albert Place, Rothesay,
30th March 1917.

In the SUMMARY SEQUESTRATION of FREMAN & COMPANY, 35 Hutcheson Street, Glasgow.

I, WILLIAM BRODIE GALBRAITH, Chartered Accountant, Glasgow, Trustee in said Summary Sequestration, hereby give notice, in terms of the Bankruptcy (Scotland) Act, 1913, that I have obtained from the Accountant of Court a Certificate that I am entitled to obtain my discharge, and that the Sheriff of Lanarkshire at Glasgow has fixed the 11th day of April 1917, at 10 o'clock forenoon, within the Summary Court, 117 Brunswick Street, Glasgow, as a Diet for hearing and disposing of objections to my discharge.

W. B. GALBRAITH, C.A., Trustee.

87 St. Vincent Street, Glasgow,
31st March 1917.

In the SUMMARY SEQUESTRATION of ENBICO CINGONELLI, residing at 95 Cambridge Street, Glasgow.

GEORGE HODGE, C.A., 135 Buchanan Street, Glasgow, hereby intimates that a Dividend will be paid at his Office, 135 Buchanan Street, Glasgow, on 11th May 1917; further, that the last day for lodging claims to participate in said Dividend is Wednesday, 25th April next.

GEO. HODGE, Trustee.

Glasgow, 28th March 1917.

SEQUESTRATION of DANIEL BOYD, Stockbroker, carrying on business at 90 Mitchell Street, Glasgow.

THE Trustee hereby intimates that an account of his intromissions with the funds of the Estate, brought down to 23rd March 1917, has been made up by him and examined and audited by the Commissioners, who have postponed the payment of a Dividend until the recurrence of another statutory period, and dispensed with circulars to the Creditors.

JOHN T. RANKIN, Trustee.

41 St. Vincent Place, Glasgow,
30th March 1917.

SEQUESTRATION of the Deceased JOHN BROWN BROWN MORISON of Murie, Perthshire, and Finnerlie, Kinross-shire, who resided at Murie House, Errol, Perth.

IN terms of Section 124 of the Bankruptcy (Scotland) Act, 1911, I hereby intimate that an account of my intromissions with the funds of the Estate, brought down to 29th March 1917, has been made up by me and audited and approved by the Commissioners, who have postponed the declaration of a Dividend till the recurrence of another statutory period.

JOHN CAMPBELL, Solicitor, Perth, Trustee.

5 St. John Street, Perth.

SEQUESTRATION of JAMES BALFOUR, 18 Reform Street, Dundee, and "The Clachan Bar," Shieldhill, Falkirk.

I JAMES BUTLER BOLTON, Chartered Accountant, Edinburgh, Trustee on the above Estate, hereby intimate that the Commissioners have postponed the declaration of a Dividend till the recurrence of another statutory period.

J. B. BOLTON, Trustee.

1 Charlotte Square, Edinburgh,
3rd April 1917.

THE Firm of THOMSON & M'EWEN, Painters, thirty-six Coburg Street, Glasgow, of which the Subscribers David Thomson and Edward M'Ewen were the sole Partners, has been **DISSOLVED** by mutual consent, by the retiral therefrom of the Subscriber David Thomson, as on the thirty-first day of March nineteen hundred and seventeen.

The Business will continue to be carried on by the Subscriber Edward M'Ewen on his own account, and under the same name of **THOMSON & M'EWEN**, and he is authorised to uplift all debts due to, and will discharge all liabilities due by, the said Firm.

DAVID THOMSON.

ROBERT T. SINCLAIR, 12 Miller Street,
Glasgow, Writer, Witness.

MAY PATERSON, 12 Miller Street, Glas-
gow, Typist, Witness.

Witnesses to the Signature of the said
David Thomson.

EDWARD M'EWEN.

GEO. J. CAMERON, 104 West Regent
Street, Glasgow, Writer, Witness.

JOHN GRAY, 104 West Regent Street,
Glasgow, Law-Clerk, Witness.

Witnesses to the Signature of the said
Edward M'Ewen.

Glasgow, 31st March 1917.

THE Firm of JAMES C. SMITH & CO., Clothiers and Boys' Outfitters, 63 Home Street, Edinburgh, of which the Subscribers were the sole Partners, has been **DISSOLVED** by the retiral of Mr. William M'Donald as at 31st inst. The Business will continue to be carried on under the same Firm name by the remaining Partners,

who will receive all debts due to, and discharge all obligations due by, the Firm as at said date.

Dated at Edinburgh, the 27th March 1917.

JAMES C. SMITH.

WILLIAM M'DONALD.

J. C. OSWALD.

WILLIAM GEDDES, Solicitor, 13 Rutland
Square, Edinburgh, Witness.

W. M. PAGE, S.S.C., 31 Queen Street,
Edinburgh, Witness.

Witnesses to the Signatures of all the
parties.

BANKRUPTS.

FROM THE LONDON GAZETTE.

RECEIVING ORDERS.

William Murray, 53 Malden Road, Kentish Town,
London, baker and confectioner.

Benjamin Thompson, Carrodock, 6 Langley Drive,
Wanstead, Essex, late motor engineer's sales manager,
now motor engineer inspector.

Frank Noel Walker, carrying on business under the
style or name of Frank Walker, 4 Northcote Terrace,
Undercliffe, in the city of Bradford, dental specialist.

Henry Parker, 36 Clarence Road, carrying on business at
Park Street, Horsham, Sussex, greengrocer.

Edward Kennett, Diamond Farm, Shepherdswell, near
Dover, in the county of Kent, farmer.

James Hiley Bryant, carrying on business as Bryant &
Sons, 14 Charles Street, Coity Fields, Bridgend,
in the county of Glamorgan, lately residing at 68
Nolton Street, Bridgend aforesaid, and carrying on
business at the same address, and at Derwen Street,
Bridgend aforesaid, fishmonger and fruiterer.

Harold Stanley Burmingham, Lion Hotel, Leintwardine,
in the county of Hereford, licensed victualler.

Hugh George, residing and carrying on business at
Bridge Street, Haverfordwest, wholesale and retail
confectioner.

George Henry Wrightson, 25 Washington Road, in the
city of Sheffield, formerly 184 Northfield Road,
Sheffield, and afterwards residing at 75 Blakeney
Road, Crookes, Sheffield aforesaid, bricklayer, formerly
draper and smallware dealer.

Harold Swithinbank, 132 Beeches Road, West Brom-
wich, in the county of Stafford.

St. E. L. John-Greaves, The Union Club Chambers,
in the city of Worcester, gentleman.

NOTICE.

All Notices and Advertisements are inserted in the Edinburgh Gazette at the risk of the Advertiser.

SCALE OF CHARGES FOR ALL ADVERTISEMENTS IN THE EDINBURGH GAZETTE.

For	100 words and under	...	...	...	...	£0	10	0
Above	100 and not exceeding 150	...	...	...	...	0	15	0
"	150	"	"	200	...	1	0	0
"	200	"	"	250	...	1	5	0
"	250	"	"	300	...	1	10	0
"	300	"	"	350	...	1	15	0
"	350	"	"	400	...	2	0	0
"	400	"	"	450	...	2	5	0
"	450	"	"	500	...	2	10	0
And 5s. extra for each additional 50 or part of 50 words.								
For each copy of the Gazette	...	...	...	...	...	...	9d.	
Friendly Societies' Notices, each	...	...	...	...	...	...	5s.	

The above Fees must be paid by affixing to the Notice Postage Stamps of as large value as possible.

Advertisements cannot be received or withdrawn after one o'clock on Tuesdays and Fridays.

The dues paid on withdrawn Advertisements cannot be returned.

All Letters must be Post Paid.

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