

stannic chloride; mercury; asphalt; mineral pitch; pitch; tar, including wood-tar, wood-tar oil; benzol, toluol, xylo, solvent naphtha, phenol (carbolic acid), cresol, naphthalene and their mixtures and derivatives; aniline and its derivatives; glycerine; dioxide of manganese; oxalic acid and oxalic acid salts.

(4) Cannon barrels, gun mountings, limbers, munition wagons, field kitchens and bakeries, supply wagons, field forges, searchlights, searchlight accessories and their component parts.

(5) Range-finders and their component parts.

(6) Binoculars, telescopes, chronometers, nautical and artillery instruments of all kinds.

(7) Clothing and equipments of a recognisably military character.

(8) Saddle, draught and pack animals, suitable at present or in the future for use in war.

(9) All kinds of harness of a distinctively military character.

(10) Articles of camp equipment and their component parts.

(11) Armour plates.

(12) Steel and iron wire; barbed wire, as well as implements for fixing and cutting the same.

(13) Sheets, tinned or galvanised.

(14) Warships and other vessels of war, as well as component parts of such a nature that they can be used only on a vessel of war; ship plates and ship construction steel.

(15) Submarine sound-signalling apparatus.

(16) Airships and aeroplanes of all kinds and their component parts, together with accessories, articles and materials for use in connection with aerial navigation; goldbeaters' skin.

(17) Photographic articles.

(18) Tools and appliances designed exclusively for the manufacture and repair of arms and war material.

(19) Lathes, machinery and tools used in the manufacture of munitions of war.

(20) Electrical articles designed for use in war, and their constituent parts.

(21) Mining timber, including undressed and partly dressed timber for mining purposes, rattan, bamboo, cork, including cork flour.

(22) Coal and coke, including pitch coke and petrol coke.

(23) Flax, hemp, jute, ramie, esparto grass, cocoa-nut fibre, kapok, vegetable fibres and yarns and rope-strands made therefrom.

(24) Wool and animal hair of all sorts; the same in its various stages of manufacture up to and including yarn, and the waste products of manufacture.

(25) Raw cotton, linters, cotton waste, cotton yarns, cotton goods, rags, waste and artificial cotton.

(26) Barrels and tanks of all kinds and their component parts.

(27) Gold, silver, paper money, securities, negotiable trade papers, every kind of cheque, draft, order of payment, dividend coupons, interest and annuity certificates, letters of credit, of transfer and of advice, notifications of credit and debit or other documents which, whether in themselves or on completion or by virtue of any operation on the part of the recipient, empower, confirm or effect the transfer of sums of money, credits or securities.

(28) Rubber tyres for motor vehicles, as well as all articles and materials used specially in manufacturing or repairing rubber tyres.

(29) Rubber (including crude rubber, waste

rubber, reclaimed rubber, rubber solution, rubber cement, or any other preparation containing rubber), balata and guttapercha, as well as the following kinds of rubber—viz., Borneo, Guayule, Jelutong, Palembang, and all other materials containing rubber; besides articles which are made in whole or in part of rubber.

(30) Mineral oils (including shale oils, petroleum, benzine, naphtha, gasoline).

(31) Lubricants.

(32) Tanning material of all kinds, including quebracho wood and the extracts used in tanning.

(33) Hides of cattle, buffaloes and horses; hides of calves, pigs, goats and wild animals; and leather, dressed or undressed, if suitable for use in saddlery, harness, military boots and military clothing; beltings, hydraulic leather and pump leather.

(34) The following ores—Tungsten ores, molybdenite, manganese ore, nickel ore, chrome ore, zinc ore, lead ore, hæmatite iron ore, pyrites (crude and calcined), copper ores, cadmium ore, vanadium ore and cobalt ore.

(35) Aluminium, its alloys and compounds, argillaceous earth, bauxite.

(36) Arsenic and antimony, and their compounds.

(37) Felspar, borax, boracic acid and other boric compounds, borax-bearing earths and minerals (borax-lime and boraxite).

(38) The following metals:—Tungsten, molybdenum, vanadium, nickel, selenium, cobalt, hæmatite pig iron, manganese and its alloys, copper and its alloys, tin, lead, zinc; cadmium and its alloys; zirconium, cerium, thorium and their alloys and compounds; oxide of zirconium, monazite sand; platinum, osmium, ruthenium, rhodium, palladium, iridium and their alloys and compounds.

(39) Alloys of iron (ferro compounds), including tungsten, manganese, vanadium and chrome iron.

(40) Insulating material, raw and manufactured.

(41) Silk of all kinds and silk stuffs; silk cocoons; artificial silk and goods made therefrom.

(42) All kinds of wax; sebacic acid.

(43) Quillaya bark.

(44) Talc, emery, corundum, carborundum and all other polishing materials, natural and artificial, and articles prepared therefrom. Diamonds for industrial purposes.

(45) Albumen.

(46) Glass and glass articles of every kind. All kinds of bottles.

(47) Lime, chalk, chloride of lime, lead powder, soda and caustic soda.

(48) Strontium and barium salts.

(49) Bone charcoal.

(50) Graphite of all sorts whether in lumps or ground; graphite crucibles and the shards thereof, Atcheson's graphite, electrodes and fragments thereof.

23. *The following articles and materials suitable for warlike as well as for peaceful purposes shall be considered as contraband of war under the designation conditional contraband:—*

(2) Forage and all kinds of feeding stuffs for animals; oil seeds, nuts and kernels; animal, fish and vegetable oils and fats, excluding those suitable as lubricants, and not including volatile oils; yeast.