

to public inspection at the expiration of that period; and

“(b) In the case of trade marks, any trade mark the registration of which has been duly applied for in the country of origin may be registered under the Trade Marks Act, 1905.

“(4) The provisions of this Section shall apply only in the case of those Foreign States with respect to which His Majesty by Order in Council declares them to be applicable, and so long only in the case of each State as the Order in Council continues in force with respect to that State.

“(5) Where it is made to appear to His Majesty that the Legislature of any British Possession has made satisfactory provision for the protection of inventions, designs, or trade marks, patented or registered in this country, it shall be lawful for His Majesty, by Order in Council, to apply the provisions of this Section to that Possession, with such variations or additions, if any, as may be stated in the Order”:

And whereas by Section 103 of the Patents, Designs, and Trade Marks Act, 1883, as amended by Section 6 of the Patents, Designs and Trade Marks Act (Amendment) Act, 1885, and by Section 1 of the Patents Act, 1901, and since repealed by Section 98 of the said Patents and Designs Act, 1907, provisions were made to the same or like effect as those above set forth as contained in Section 91 of the last-mentioned Act; and by the said Section 98 it was provided that “this appeal shall not affect any Convention, Order in Council, Rule, or Table of Fees having effect under any enactment so repealed, but any such Convention, Order in Council, Rule, or Table of Fees in force at the commencement of this Act shall continue in force, and may be repealed, altered or amended, as if it had been made under this Act”:

And whereas it pleased Her late Majesty Queen Victoria to make an arrangement of the nature contemplated by the said Section 103, by and in virtue of a Declaration signed and sealed by Her Majesty's Ambassador at Paris, on the 17th March 1884, duly conveying the accession of Great Britain and Ireland to the International Convention and Protocol for the protection of Industrial Property, signed by representatives of certain Powers on the 20th March 1883, and duly ratified on the 6th June 1884, power being reserved to Her Majesty to accede thereafter to the provisions of the said Convention and Protocol on behalf of the Isle of Man, the Channel Islands, and any of Her Majesty's Possessions, which Declaration of Accession was duly accepted by the French Government on behalf of the Signatory Powers by and in virtue of a Declaration dated the 2nd April 1884:

And whereas on the 14th December 1900, at Brussels, an Additional Act was agreed upon between Her late Majesty Queen Victoria and the Heads of the Foreign Countries parties thereto for the purpose of modifying certain of the provisions of the said International Convention and the Protocol annexed thereto, the ratification of which Additional Act was duly effected:

And whereas by a Convention signed at Washington on the 2nd June 1911, His Majesty and

the Heads of the Foreign States named therein agreed to make certain modifications in and additions to the said Convention, dated 20th March 1883, as revised at Brussels on the 14th December 1900, the ratification of which Convention was duly effected by Great Britain and certain other States:

And whereas by various Orders in Council Her late Majesty Queen Victoria and His late Majesty King Edward VII. and His present Majesty have been pleased to declare that the hereinbefore mentioned provisions of the said Patents, Designs, and Trade Marks Act, 1883 (as amended), should apply to the several Foreign Countries named in the said Orders parties to the said Convention and Protocols:

And whereas the Serb-Croat-Slovene State has acceded to the said International Convention Protocol and Additional Act as revised at Washington on 2nd June 1911:

Now, therefore, His Majesty, in pursuance of the powers in Him vested by the above-recited provisions, and by and with the advice of His Privy Council, doth declare, and it is hereby declared, as follows:—

1. The provisions of Section 91 of the Patents and Designs Act, 1907, as amended by the Patents and Designs Act, 1914, and the Patents and Designs Act, 1919, shall apply to the Serb-Croat-Slovene State.

And it is hereby further declared that the Order in Council, dated the 26th day of June 1884, by which Order the provisions of Section 103 of the Patents, Designs and Trade Marks Act, 1883, were applied to Serbia amongst other Foreign Countries, shall be repealed, in so far as it relates to Serbia, as from the date of the coming into force of this Order.

2. This Order shall take effect from the 26th day of February 1921.

ALMERIC FITZROY.

Crown Office,
18th February 1921.

The KING has been pleased, by Letters Patent under the Great Seal bearing date the 18th February, to appoint:—

The Right Honourable Arthur Hamilton, Baron Lee of Fareham, G.B.E., K.C.B.;
Admiral of the Fleet Earl Beatty, G.C.B., O.M., G.C.V.O., D.S.O.;

Vice-Admiral Sir Henry Francis Oliver, K.C.B., K.C.M.G., M.V.O.;

Rear-Admiral Frederick Laurence Field, C.B., C.M.G.

Rear-Admiral the Hon. Algernon Douglas Edward Harry Boyle, C.B., C.M.G., M.V.O.;

Vice-Admiral Sir Osmond de Beauvoir Brock, K.C.B., K.C.M.G., K.C.V.O.;

Rear-Admiral Sir Alfred Ernle Montacute Chatfield, K.C.M.G., C.B., C.V.O.;

Richard William Alan, Earl of Onslow;

to be Commissioners for executing the Office of Lord High Admiral of the United Kingdom.