



The Edinburgh Gazette

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TUESDAY, DECEMBER 27, 1921.

CENTRAL CHANCERY OF THE ORDERS OF KNIGHTHOOD.

*St. James's Palace, S.W. 1,
23rd December 1921.*

The KING has been graciously pleased to signify His Majesty's intention of conferring a Baronetcy of the United Kingdom on Sir Robert Francis Dunnell, K.C.B., J.P., for services rendered to the Ministry of Transport.

The KING has been graciously pleased to signify His Majesty's intention of conferring the honour of Knighthood on the following for services rendered to the Ministry of Transport:—

Charles Frederick Higham, Esq., M.P.
Henry Allen Holden Steward, Esq.

*Chancery of the Order of
Saint Michael and Saint George,
Downing Street,
22nd December 1921.*

The KING has been graciously pleased to give directions for the following appointment to the Most Distinguished Order of Saint Michael and Saint George:—

To be an Ordinary Member of the Third Class or Companions of the said Most Distinguished Order:—

Charles Henry Harper, Esq., O.B.E., Chief Commissioner of Ashanti, Gold Coast Colony.

*Lord Chamberlain's Office,
Buckingham Palace,
23rd December 1921.*

The KING has been graciously pleased to appoint the Reverend Frederick Waldegrave Head, M.C., M.A., to be a Chaplain to His Majesty, in the room of the Reverend Canon Edward Arthur Burroughs, M.A., appointed to be Dean of Bristol.

INTEREST ON PRE-PAID EXCESS PROFITS DUTY.

The Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury hereby give notice that, under the powers conferred on Them by Section 54 of the Finance Act, 1916, They have determined that as from the 30th December 1921, until further notice, the rate of interest to be allowed under the provisions of that Section on sums deposited by any person with the Commissioners of Inland Revenue for the purpose of satisfying any Excess Profits Duty shall be 3 per cent. per annum.

TENDERS FOR LOANS ON TREASURY BILLS.

1. The Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury hereby give notice that Tenders will be received at the Chief Cashier's Office at the Bank of England on Friday, the 30th December

1921, at 1 o'clock, for Treasury Bills, to be issued under the Treasury Bills Act, 1877; the National Debt Act, 1889, and the War Loan Acts, 1914 to 1919, to the amount of £60,000,000.

2. The Bills will be in amounts of £5,000 or £10,000. They will be dated at the option of the Tenderer on any date from Tuesday, the 3rd January, 1922, to Saturday, the 7th January 1922, inclusive, and will be payable at three months after date.

3. The Bills will be issued and paid at the Bank of England.

4. Each Tender must be for an amount not less than £50,000, and must specify the date on which the Bills required are to be dated and the net amount per cent. (being an even multiple of one penny) which will be given for the amount applied for. Separate Tenders must be lodged for Bills of different dates.

5. Tenders must be made through a London Banker, Discount House or Broker.

6. The persons whose Tenders are accepted will be informed of the same not later than the following day, and payment in full of the amounts of the accepted Tenders must be made to the Bank of England by means of Cash or a Banker's Draft on the Bank of England, not later than two o'clock (Saturday twelve o'clock) on the day on which the relative Bills are dated.

7. In virtue of the provisions of Section 26 of the Finance Act, 1915, Members of the House of Commons are not precluded from tendering for these Bills.

8. The Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury reserve the right of rejecting any Tenders.

Treasury Chambers,
23rd December 1921.

Whitehall, December 21, 1921.

Letters Patent have passed the Great Seal of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland for the creation of the undermentioned Baronets:—

Cotts, Sir William Dingwall Mitchell, Bt., K.B.E., of Coldharbour Wood, in the Parish of Rogate, in the County of Sussex.

Sutherland, Sir Arthur Munro, Bt., K.B.E., of Dunstanburgh Castle, in the Parish of Embleton, in the County of Northumberland.

Sykes, Sir Charles, Bt., K.B.E., of Kingsknowes, in the Burgh of Galashiels, in the County of Selkirk.

Newson, Sir Percy Wilson, Bt., of Framlingham, in the County of Suffolk.

Isherwood, Sir Joseph William, Bt., of Raggles Wood, in the Parish of Chislehurst, in the County of Kent.

Mount, Sir William Arthur, Bt., C.B.E., of Wasing, in the County of Berks.

Renwick, Sir George, Bt., of Newminster Abbey, in the County of Northumberland.

Lacy, Sir Pierce Thomas, Bt., of Ampton, in the County of Suffolk.

Noble, Sir William Joseph, Bt., of West Denton Hall, in the Parish of Newburn, in the County of Northumberland.

Hulton, Sir Edward, Bt., of Downside, in the Parish of Leatherhead, in the County of Surrey.

Vestey, Sir Edmund Hoyle, Bt., of Shirley, in the Borough of Croydon, in the County of Surrey.

Beckett, The Honourable Sir William Gervase, Bt., of Kirkdale, in the North Riding of the County of York.

Fraser, Sir John Malcolm, Bt., of Cromarty, and of Vale Avenue, in the Metropolitan Borough of Chelsea.

Edwards, Sir John Bryn, Bt., of Treforis, in the County of Glamorgan.

Cain, Sir Charles Alexander, Bt., of The Node, in the Parish of Codicote, in the County of Hertford.

Alexander, Sir Douglas, Bt., of Edgehill-Stamford, in the State of Connecticut, United States of America.

Berry, Sir William Ewert, Bt., of Long Cross, in the County of Surrey.

Catto, Sir Thomas Sievwright, Bt., of Peterhead, in the County of Aberdeen.

Esplen, Sir John, Bt., K.B.E., of Hardres Court, in the County of Kent.

Coates, Sir William Frederick, Bt., of Haypark, in the City of Belfast, Lord Mayor of the said City.

Roll, Sir James, Bt., of Wanstead, in the County of Essex, late Lord Mayor of the City of London.

The Home Secretary gives notice that, in pursuance of Section 2 (1) of the Employment of Women, Young Persons and Children Act, 1920, he has made an Order authorising the employment of two women of 18 years of age and over as attendants at the Langland Street Sub-Station of the Kilmarnock Corporation Electricity Supply, Greenholm Street, Kilmarnock, on two day-shifts, on condition that, subject to their convenience, neither of the women shall be employed in Shift II. in consecutive weeks.

Whitehall,
22nd December 1921.

*Board of Trade,
Great George Street,
London, S.W. 1,
20th December 1921.*

Notice is hereby given, in accordance with Section 1, Sub-section 7, of the Non-Ferrous Metal Industry Act, 1918 (7 & 8 Geo. 5, Ch. 67), and No. 11 of the Statutory Rules and Orders No. 265 of 1918) Non-Ferrous Metal Industry), that licences under the Non-Ferrous Metal Industry Act have been granted by the Board of Trade to the undermentioned companies, firms or individuals:—

Anglo-Continental Metals Limited, 5 Bishopsgate, London, E.C.2.
Jones, Thomas James, National Provincial Bank Buildings, Cowell Street, Llanely.
Nobel Industries Limited, Nobel House, Buckingham Gate, London, S.W. 1.

TRADE BOARDS ACTS, 1909 AND 1918.

MACHINE-MADE LACE AND NET FINISHING TRADE.

PROPOSAL TO VARY GENERAL MINIMUM TIME-RATES FOR LEARNERS.

In accordance with the Regulations made under Section 18 of the Trade Boards Act, 1909, by the Minister of Labour and dated 31st October 1918, the Lace Finishing Trade Board established under that Act for certain branches of the Machine-made Lace and Net Finishing Trade, as defined in the Regulations made by the Board of Trade and dated 16th March 1914, hereby give notice, as required by Section 3 (5) of the Trade Boards Act, 1918, that they propose to vary the General Minimum Time-Rates for Learners at present effective and set out in the Schedule to their Notice L. (8) dated 12th October 1921, the proposed variation being as shown in the Schedule set out below.

SCHEDULE.

PROPOSED VARIATION OF GENERAL MINIMUM TIME-RATES FOR LEARNERS.

For the Trade of Machine-made Lace and Net Finishing, including the Finishing of those Hair Net, Veilings and Quillings which are the Product of Plain Net Machines, but excluding the Finishing of all other Products of Plain Net Machines.

GENERAL MINIMUM TIME-RATES AT PRESENT EFFECTIVE.

PART I.

Learners as Defined in Part II. of this Schedule.

(1) Learners not working on Frame Clipping :—

	LEARNERS COMMENCING AT				
	Under 14 years of age.	14 and under 15 years of age.	15 and under 16 years of age.	16 and under 17 years of age.	17 and under 18 years of age.
	Per week. <i>s. d.</i>	Per week. <i>s. d.</i>	Per week. <i>s. d.</i>	Per week. <i>s. d.</i>	Per week. <i>s. d.</i>
During 1st six months of employment ...	10 0	10 0	12 0	12 0	12 0
" 2nd " " ...	12 0	12 0	14 0	16 0	20 0
" 3rd " " ...	14 0	14 0	16 0	20 0	—
" 4th " " ...	16 0	16 0	18 0	24 0	—
" 5th " " ...	18 0	18 0	21 0	—	—
" 6th " " ...	20 0	20 0	24 0	—	—
" 7th " " ...	22 0	22 0	—	—	—
" 8th " " ...	24 0	24 0	—	—	—

(2) Learners working on Frame Clipping :—

	LEARNERS COMMENCING AT			
	Under 15 years of age.	15 and under 16 years of age.	16 and under 17 years of age.	17 and under 18 years of age.
	Per week. <i>s. d.</i>	Per week. <i>s. d.</i>	Per week. <i>s. d.</i>	Per week. <i>s. d.</i>
During 1st six months of service ...	10 0	12 0	13 0	13 0
" 2nd " " ...	12 0	16 0	18 0	20 0
" 2nd year of service ...	16 0	20 0	23 0	—

The General Minimum Time-Rates for Learners are weekly rates based on a week of 48 hours, but they shall be subject to a proportionate increase or decrease according as the number of hours of employment in any week is more or less than 48.

(2) Learners working on Frame Clipping :—

	LEARNERS COMMENCING AT			
	14 and under 15 years of age.	15 and under 16 years of age.	16 and under 17 years of age.	17 and under 18 years of age.
	Per week. <i>s. d.</i>	Per week. <i>s. d.</i>	Per week. <i>s. d.</i>	Per week. <i>s. d.</i>
During the 1 st six months of service ...	8 0	9 0	10 0	10 0
„ 2 nd „ „ ...	9 0	12 0	14 0	16 0
„ 2 nd year „ „ ...	12 0	16 0	19 0	—

The General Minimum Time-Rates for Learners are weekly rates based on a week of 48 hours, but they shall be subject to a proportionate increase or decrease according as the number of hours of employment in any week is more or less than 48.

In reckoning the period of employment for the purpose of determining the General Minimum Time-Rate applicable to a Learner, previous experience in any section of the trade covered by this Notice must be included except (1) that experience in finishing Hair Nets shall be included only in cases where the worker is employed in that section of the trade, and (2) in the Hair Net section of the trade no experience except in finishing Hair Nets shall be included.

It shall be optional to the employer to place the Learner on piece-rates during this period of learnership.

PART II.

For the purpose of this Notice the following definitions of Learners shall apply :—

I. Learners not working on frame clipping are persons who—

- (a) Are definitely and effectively employed in the practical learning of the trade and have not been definitely employed in learning the trade more than four years ;
- (b) Are under 18 years of age ;
- (c) Are working in a warehouse and regularly engaged upon work other than Clipping, Scolloping, Drawing or Roving. Provided that, for the purposes of this Notice, the expression "Drawing" shall not include Warp Drawing during the first twelve months of a Learner's employment, if the Trade Board are satisfied that there is an intention to afford the worker reasonable facilities subsequently to learn other processes ;
- (d) Hold a certificate from the Trade Board issued on an application made at the commencement of the employment or within such period thereafter as the Trade Board may in any case or class of cases allow. Provided always that in granting or withholding such certificate the Trade Board may take into consideration whether, having regard to the number of Learners employed in any factory or Workshop or under any journeyman or worker, the Learner proposed to be certificated has a reasonable prospect of receiving due instruction. Provided also that any certificate may be withdrawn if the Trade Board consider that the conditions of employment have ceased to be such as would have originally justified the grant thereof.

II. Learners working on frame clippings are persons who

- (a) Are definitely and effectively employed

in the practical learning of this branch of the trade and have not been definitely employed more than two years ;

- (b) Are under 18 years of age ;
- (c) Are working on frame clipping in either a warehouse or a workshop ;
- (d) Hold a certificate from the Trade Board issued on an application made at the commencement of the employment or within such period thereafter as the Trade Board may in any case or class of cases allow. Provided always that in granting or withholding such certificate the Trade Board may take into consideration whether, having regard to the number of Learners employed in any factory or workshop or under any journeyman or worker, the Learner proposed to be certificated has a reasonable prospect of receiving due instruction. Provided also that any certificate may be withdrawn if the Trade Board consider that the conditions of employment have ceased to be such as would have originally justified the grant thereof.

The Trade Board will consider any objections to the above Proposal to Vary which may be lodged with them within two months from the 24th December 1921. Such objections should be in writing and signed by the person making the same (adding his or her full name and address), and should be sent to the Secretary of the Lace Finishing Trade Board, 7 11 Old Bailey, London, E.C. 4.

It is desirable that the objections should state precisely, and so far as possible with reasons, what is objected to.

Dated this twentieth day of December 1921.

Signed by Order of the Trade Board,

F. POPPLEWELL, Secretary.

Office of Trade Boards,
7-11 Old Bailey, London, E.C. 4.

TRADE BOARDS ACTS, 1909 AND 1918.

SACK AND BAG TRADE BOARD (GREAT BRITAIN).

PROPOSAL TO FIX MINIMUM RATES OF WAGES FOR MALE WORKERS AND FOR CERTAIN CLASSES OF FEMALE WORKERS.

In accordance with Regulations made under Section 18 of the Trade Boards Act, 1909, by the Minister of Labour, and dated 31st October 1918, the Trade Board established in Great Britain under the Trade Boards Act, 1918, for the Sack and Bag Trade as specified in the Trade Boards (Sack and Bag) Order, 1920, hereby give notice, as required by Section 3 (5) of the Trade Boards Act, 1918, that they propose to fix General Minimum Time-Rates and Overtime Rates for Male Workers, and notwithstanding anything contained in the provisions of their Notice of Proposal to Fix S.B. (1) issued by the Trade Board and dated 7th December 1921, General Minimum Time-Rates, Piece-Work Basis Time-Rates and Overtime Rates for Certain Classes of Female Workers, as shown in the Schedule set out below.

SCHEDULE.

PART I.

PROPOSED GENERAL MINIMUM TIME-RATES FOR MALE WORKERS.

	Proposed General Minimum Time-Rate.
SECTION I.—Male Workers of 21 years of age and over who are employed as:—	
Superintendents of Packing Presses (Hand or Machine) or Press	} 1s. 4½d. per hour.
Foremen (Hand or Machine)	
Setters-Up and Operators of Branding Machines	

Provided that Workers entering the trade for the first time at or over the age of 21 years, and employed on the operations performed by the above-mentioned classes of workers, may be employed for a period not exceeding six months at the General Minimum Time-Rate of 1s. 4d. per hour.

Proposed General
Minimum Time-Rates.SECTION II. All Male Workers other than those specified in Section I.
above:—

	s. d.
Workers of 21 years of age and over	1 1½ per hour.
„ 20 and under 21 years of age	0 11 „
„ 19 „ 20 „	0 9 „
„ 18 „ 19 „	0 8 „
„ 17 „ 18 „	0 7 „
„ 16 „ 17 „	0 5½ „
„ 15 „ 16 „	0 4 „
„ under 15 years of age	0 3½ „

Provided that workers, other than workers of 21 years of age and over of the classes specified in Section I. of this Part of this Notice, entering the trade for the first time at or over the age of 18 years may be employed for a period not exceeding two months at a General Minimum Time-Rate which is less by ½d. per hour than the General Minimum Time-Rate applicable under the above scale.

PART II.

PROPOSED GENERAL MINIMUM TIME-RATE FOR CERTAIN CLASSES OF FEMALE WORKERS.

Proposed General
Minimum Time-Rate.

SECTION I.—Female Workers of 18 years of age and over who are employed as:—

Examiners of Mended Work	} 8d. per hour.
Allocators	
Forewomen	
Hand Sewers on Heavy Twill Sacks and Bags of 10 porter and upwards	
Selectors or Graders of Mixed Loads	
Setters-up on Branding Machines	

Provided that workers entering the trade for the first time at or over the age of 18 years and employed on the operations performed by the above-mentioned classes of workers may be employed for a period not exceeding six months at a General Minimum Time-Rate of 7½d. per hour.

SECTION II.—All Female Workers other than workers of 18 years of age and over of the classes specified in Section I. of this Part of this Notice, entering the trade for the first time at or over 16 years of age may be employed for a period not exceeding two months at a General Minimum Time-Rate which is less by ½d. per hour than the General Minimum Time-Rate applicable under the Scale set out in Part I. of the Schedule to the Notice S.B. (1) above referred to.

PART III.

PROPOSED PIECE-WORK BASIS TIME-RATES FOR CERTAIN CLASSES OF FEMALE WORKERS.

All Female Workers employed as :—

Proposed Piece-Work
Basis Time-Rate.

Examiners of Mended Work	} 9d. per hour.
Allocators	
Forewomen	
Hand Sewers on Heavy Twill Sacks and Bags of 10 porter and upwards.	
Selectors or Graders of Mixed Loads	
Setters-up on Branding Machines	

In the case of Female Workers of the Classes specified above employed on Piece-Work, each Piece-Rate paid must be such as would yield, in the circumstances of the case, to an ordinary worker, not less than 9d. per hour.

PART IV.

OVERTIME RATES FOR MALE WORKERS AND FOR CERTAIN CLASSES OF FEMALE WORKERS (ALL AGES).

SECTION I. In accordance with Section 3 (1) (c) of the Trade Boards Act, 1918, the Trade Board have proposed to declare in their Notice of Proposal S.B. (1) dated 7th December 1921, the Normal Number of Hours of Work in the trade to be as follows :—

In any Week	48
On any Day (other than Saturday)	9
On Saturday	5

Provided that all hours worked by a worker on Sunday and on Customary Public and Statutory Holidays shall be regarded as Overtime, to which the Overtime Rates shall apply.

SECTION II. The Trade Board Propose to Fix Minimum Rates for Overtime in respect of all hours worked by Male Workers and by the Classes of Female Workers specified in Part II. of this Notice in excess of the proposed declared normal number of hours of work as follows :—

(A) For all Male Workers and for the Classes of Female Workers specified in Part II. of this Notice employed on Time-Work :

- (1) For the first two hours of Overtime on any day except Sundays and Customary Public and Statutory Holidays, the Overtime Rate shall be One-and-a-Quarter times the General Minimum Time-Rate otherwise applicable, i.e., Time-and-a-Quarter.
- (2) For Overtime after the first two hours' Overtime on any day, except Sundays and Customary Public and Statutory Holidays, the Overtime Rate shall be One-and-a-Half times the General Minimum Time-Rate otherwise applicable, i.e., Time-and-a-Half.
- (3) For all time worked on Sundays and Customary Public and Statutory Holidays, the Overtime Rate shall be Twice the General Minimum Time-Rate otherwise applicable, i.e., Double-Time.
- (4) For all hours worked in any week in excess of 48 the Overtime Rate shall be One-and-a-Quarter times the General Minimum Time-Rate otherwise applicable, i.e., Time-and-a-Quarter, except in so far as higher Overtime Rates are payable under the provisions of paragraphs (2) and (3) of Sub-Section (A) of this Section.

The Overtime Rates shall be payable where on any day (not being a Sunday or a Customary Public or Statutory Holiday) the number of hours worked exceeds nine, or, in the case of Saturday, exceeds five, notwithstanding that the number of hours worked in the week does not exceed 48.

Provided that where it is or may become the established practice of an employer to require attendance only on five days a week, the Overtime Rates shall only be payable on such days after 9½ hours have been worked.

(B) For the Classes of Female Workers specified in Part II. of this Notice employed on Piece-Work :

Workers employed on Piece-Work shall receive in respect of each hour of Overtime worked, in addition to Piece-Rates, each of which would yield, in the circumstances of the case, to an Ordinary worker, not less than the Piece-Work Basis Time-Rate applicable, a sum equivalent to One-Quarter of the appropriate Piece-Work Basis Time-Rate, One-Half of the appropriate Piece-Work Basis Time-Rate, or the appropriate Piece-Work Basis Time-Rate, according as the Overtime Rate which would have been payable under the provisions of Sub-Section (A) of this Section if the worker had been employed on Time-Work were Time-and-a-Quarter, Time-and-a-Half or Double-Time respectively.

NOTE.—The hours which Female Workers, Young Persons and Children are allowed to work are subject to the provisions of the Factory and Workshop Acts and to the Employment of Women, Young Persons and Children Act, 1920.

PART V.

The above Proposed Minimum Rates of Wages shall apply, subject to the provisions of the Trade Boards Acts, to all Male Workers in Great Britain, and to the Classes of Female Workers in Great Britain specified in Part II. of the Schedule to this Notice, in respect of all time during which they are employed in any branch of the trade specified in the Trade Boards (Sack and Bag) Order, 1920, and set out in Part IV. of the Schedule to the Trade Board's Notice S.B. (1) dated 7th December 1921.

PART VI.

The above Proposed Minimum Rates of Wages shall be paid clear of all deductions other than deductions under the National Insurance Act, 1911, as amended by any subsequent enactments or deductions authorised by any Act to be made from wages in respect of contributions to any Superannuation or other Provident Fund.

The above rates are Minimum Rates, and do not prevent the payment of higher rates of wages.

The Trade Board will consider any Objections to the above proposal to Fix which may be lodged with them within two months from 24th December 1921. Such Objections should be in writing and signed by the person making the same

(adding his or her full name and address), and should be sent to The Secretary of The Sack and Bag Trade Board (Great Britain), 7-11 Old Bailey, London, E.C. 4.

It is desirable that the Objections should state precisely, and so far as possible with reasons, what is objected to.

Dated this 20th day of December 1921.

Signed by Order of the Trade Board.

F. POPPLEWELL, Secretary.

Office of Trade Boards,
7 11 Old Bailey, London, E.C. 4.

TRADE BOARDS ACTS, 1909 AND 1918.

DRESSMAKING AND WOMEN'S LIGHT CLOTHING TRADE BOARD (ENGLAND AND WALES).

PROPOSAL TO VARY MINIMUM RATES OF WAGES FOR FEMALE WORKERS IN THE RETAIL BESPOKE DRESSMAKING BRANCH OF THE TRADE.

In accordance with Regulations made under Section 18 of the Trade Boards Act, 1909, by the Minister of Labour, and dated 31st October 1918, the Trade Board established in England and Wales under the Trade Boards Act, 1918, and the Trade Boards (Women's Clothing) Order, 1919 (as varied by the Trade Boards (Shirtmaking) Order, 1920) for Dressmaking and the Making of Women's Light Clothing as defined in the Regulations made by the Minister of Labour and dated 24th November 1919, hereby give notice, as required by Section 3 (5) of the Trade Boards Act, 1918, that they Propose to Vary the General Minimum Time-Rates, Piece-Work Basis Time-Rates and Overtime Rates for Female Workers employed in the Retail Bespoke Dressmaking branch of the Trade, set out in the Schedule to their Notice W.D. (6) dated 8th July 1921, and effective under an Order of the Minister of Labour dated 7th July 1921, that so, in lieu of such Minimum Rates of Wages, the General Minimum Time-Rates, Piece-Work Basis Time-Rates and Overtime Rates for Female Workers employed in the Retail Bespoke Dressmaking branch of the Trade shall be as set out in the Schedule below.

The Minister of Labour has given his consent to the issue of this Notice of Proposal.

SCHEDULE.

PART I.

PROPOSED VARIATION OF GENERAL MINIMUM TIME-RATES FOR FEMALE WORKERS IN THE RETAIL BESPOKE DRESSMAKING BRANCH OF THE TRADE (AS DEFINED IN PART V. OF THIS SCHEDULE).

SECTION I.—General Minimum Time-Rates at present in force :—

- | | |
|---|-----------|
| (1) Fully qualified or senior bodice, skirt, gown, or blouse hands, that is, workers of 21 years of age and over :— | Per hour. |
| (a) Who have fulfilled the learnership conditions set out in paragraph 4 (c) below, and have not had less than three years' subsequent experience in the retail bespoke dressmaking branch of the trade; and | |
| (b) Who take bodices, skirts, gowns or blouses direct from the fitter in any establishment in which a fitter who does no making up is employed, and make them up without supervision other than the general supervision of the fitter or of the workroom foreman or forewoman | 10½d. |
| (2) Qualified or junior bodice, skirt, gown or blouse hands, that is, workers of 19 years of age and over :— | |
| (a) Who have fulfilled the learnership conditions set out in paragraph 4 (c) below, and have had not less than one year's subsequent experience in the retail bespoke dressmaking branch of the trade; and | |
| (b) Who take bodices, skirts, gowns or blouses direct from the fitter in any establishment in which a fitter who does no making up is employed, and make them up under the supervision of the fitter or the workroom foreman or forewoman | 9½d. |
| (3) (i) All other female workers (except learners and home-workers) employed in the retail bespoke dressmaking branch of the trade | 8½d. |
| (ii) Homeworkers employed in the retail bespoke dressmaking branch of the trade | 8½d. |

(4) Learners (as defined in Part IV.) :—

Learners commencing employment in the Retail Bespoke Dressmaking Branch of the trade at :—

	14 and under 15 years of age.		15 and under 16 years of age.		16 years of age and over.	
	Column I.		Column II.		Column III.	
	Per week of 48 hours.	Per hour.	Per week of 48 hours.	Per hour.	Per week of 48 hours.	Per hour.
During the 1st six months of employment in the R-tail Bespoke Dressmaking Trade	s. d. 6 0	d. 1½	s. d. 7 0	d. 1½	s. d. 8 0	d. 2
During 2nd " " " " " " " " " " " "	8 "	"	11 0	2½	15 0	3½
" 3rd " " " " " " " " " " " "	11 "	2½	15 0	3½	22 0	5½
" 4th " " " " " " " " " " " "	14 0	3½	20 0	5	29 0	7¼
" 5th " " " " " " " " " " " "	17 6	4½	24 0	6	—	—
" 6th " " " " " " " " " " " "	21 0	5½	29 0	7½	—	—
" 7th " " " " " " " " " " " "	25 0	6½	—	—	—	—
" 8th " " " " " " " " " " " "	29 0	7½	—	—	—	—

- (a) The General Minimum Time-Rate for Learners under 14 years of age shall be 6s. per week of 48 hours, i.e., 1½d. per hour, and from the age of 14 years they shall be entitled to the amounts shown in Column I. above as if they had commenced at 14.
- (b) The advances to be given to Learners shall become due as from the first Monday in January and July of each year, the Learner being entitled to her first advance from the first Monday in January or July, as the case may be, provided that she has been in the trade at least three months.
- (c) A Learner shall cease to be a Learner, and be entitled to the full General Minimum Time-Rate applicable to workers other than Learners under Paragraph 3 of this Section, upon the fulfilment of the conditions appropriate to her as set out below :—

Age of Entering upon Employment and Conditions.

Under 15 years of age, the completion of not less than 3 years' employment in the retail bespoke dressmaking branch of the trade, and the attainment of the age of 18 years.

15 and under 16 years of age, the completion of not less than 3 years' employment in the r-tail bespoke dressmaking branch of the trade, and the attainment of the age of 18 years.

16 years of age and over, the completion of 2 years' employment in the retail bespoke dress-making branch of the trade.

Provided that in determining the age of entry and the length of employment all service prior to the age of 14 shall be disregarded.

SECTION II.—General Minimum Time-Rates Proposed :—

	Scale A. Per hour.	Scale B. Per hour.	Scale C. Per hour.
(i) Bodice, Skirt, Gown or Blouse hands, that is, Workers of 20 years of age and over, who :—			
(a) have completed four years as Learners, apprentices, and/or improvers in the Retail Bespoke Dressmaking Branch of the Trade and have had not less than 2 years' subsequent employment in the Retail Bespoke Dressmaking Branch of the Trade; and			
(b) take Bodices, Skirts, Gowns or Blouses direct from the fitter and make them up without supervision other than the general supervision of the fitter or the workroom foreman or forewoman	d. 8½	d. 9½	d. 9¾
	Scale A. Per hour.	Scale B. Per hour.	Scale C. Per hour.
(ii) All other female workers (except learners) in the Retail Bespoke Dressmaking Branch of the Trade :—			
(a) Workers other than Homeworkers	d. 7	d. 7½	d. 8
(b) Homeworkers	d. 7	d. 7½	d. 8
(iii) Learners (as defined in Part IV. of this Schedule and employed under the conditions therein stated) :—			

	Scale A.		Scale B.		Scale C.	
	Per Week of 48 hours.		Per hour.		Per Week of 48 hours.	
	s.	d.	d.	s.	d.	d.
During 1st year of employment in the Retail Bespoke Dressmaking Branch of the Trade	5	0	1½	6	0	1½
„ 2nd „ „	10	0	2½	12	0	3½
„ 3rd „ „	16	0	4	18	0	5
„ 4th „ „	22	0	5½	25	0	6½

- (a) The advances to be given to learners shall become due on the completion of each 12 months' employment in the Retail Bespoke Dressmaking branch of the trade.
- (b) A learner shall cease to be a learner and be entitled to the General Minimum Time-Rate applicable to workers other than learners on the completion of 4 years' employment in the Retail Bespoke Dressmaking branch of the trade.

PART II.

PROPOSED VARIATION OF PIECE-WORK BASIS TIME-RATES FOR FEMALE WORKERS IN THE RETAIL BESPOKE DRESSMAKING BRANCH OF THE TRADE (AS DEFINED IN PART V. OF THIS SCHEDULE).

SECTION I.—*Piece-Work Basis Time-Rates at present in force* :—

	Per hour.
(1) Fully qualified bodice, skirt, gown or blouse hands as defined in Part I., Section I.	
(1) above	11½
(2) Qualified bodice, skirt, gown or blouse hands as defined in Part I., Section I.	
(2) above	10½
(3) (i) All other Female Workers (except homeworkers) employed in the Retail Bespoke Dressmaking Branch of the Trade	9½
(ii) Homeworkers employed in the Retail Bespoke Dressmaking Branch of the Trade	9½

SECTION II.—*Piece-Work Basis Time-Rates Proposed* :—

	Scale A. Per hour. d.	Scale B. Per hour. d.	Scale C. Per hour. d.
(i) Female Workers of the class specified in paragraph (1) of Section II. of Part I. of this Schedule	9½	10½	10½
(ii) All other Female Workers employed in the Retail Bespoke Dressmaking Branch of the Trade :—			
(a) Workers other than Homeworkers	8	8½	9
(b) Homeworkers	8	8½	9

In the case of all Workers of the classes specified in this Part of this Schedule employed on Piece-Work, each Piece-Rate paid shall be such as would yield, in the circumstances of the case, to an Ordinary Worker not less than the appropriate Piece-Work Basis Time-Rate as set out above.

In determining whether any Piece-Rate satisfies the above-mentioned condition, regard must be had only to the earnings of ordinary workers, *i.e.*, workers of ordinary skill and experience in the class of work in question, and not to the earnings of workers of less than ordinary skill and experience *e.g.*, learners and infirm workers.

PART III.

PROPOSED VARIATION OF OVERTIME RATES FOR FEMALE WORKERS EMPLOYED IN THE RETAIL BESPOKE DRESSMAKING BRANCH OF THE TRADE (AS DEFINED IN PART V. OF THIS SCHEDULE).

SECTION I.—In accordance with Section 3 (1) (c) of the Trade Boards Act, 1918, the Trade Board have declared the normal number of hours of work in the Trade to be as follows :—

In any week	48
On any day other than Saturday, Sunday and Customary Public and Statutory Holidays	9

Provided that all hours worked by a worker on Sundays and Customary Public and Statutory Holidays and hours worked on Saturday (subject to the provisions set out below) shall be regarded as Overtime, to which the Overtime Rates shall apply.

SECTION II.—The Minimum Rates for Overtime in respect of hours worked by a worker of the classes specified in Parts I. and II. of this Schedule in excess of the declared normal number of hours shall be as follows :

A.—For workers employed on Time-Work :
(1) On any day other than Saturday, Sunday and Customary Public and Statutory Holidays :—

(a) For the first two hours of Overtime, One-and-a-Quarter Times the General Minimum Time-Rate otherwise applicable, *i.e.*, Time-and-a-Quarter.

(b) For Overtime after the first two hours of Overtime, One-and-a-Half Times the General Minimum Time-Rate otherwise applicable, *i.e.*, Time-and-a-Half.

Provided that where it is the established practice of an employer only to require attendance on five days a week, the Overtime Rates specified in paragraphs A (1) (a) and A (1) (b) of this Section shall not be payable on any day

(other than Saturday, Sunday and Customary Public and Statutory Holidays) until the number of hours worked exceeds $9\frac{1}{2}$ and $11\frac{1}{2}$ respectively.

(2) On Saturday in respect of :—

(a) That class of Worker who customarily attends on six days a week :—

For all overtime worked after the first five hours One-and-a-Half Times the General Minimum Time-Rate otherwise applicable, *i.e.*, Time-and-a-Half.

NOTE.—During the first five hours worked on Saturday the Minimum Rate applicable for this class of worker is the appropriate General Minimum Time-Rate set out in Part I. of the Schedule to this Notice.

(b) That class of Worker who customarily attends on five days a week :—

(i) For the first two hours of Overtime, that is to say, for the first two hours worked on Saturday, One-and-a-Quarter Times the General Minimum Time-Rate otherwise applicable, *i.e.*, Time-and-a-Quarter.

(ii) For Overtime after the first two hours of Overtime One-and-a-Half Times the General Minimum Time-Rate otherwise applicable, *i.e.*, Time-and-a-Half.

(3) On Sundays and customary Public and Statutory Holidays :—

For all time worked, Twice the General Minimum Time-Rate otherwise applicable, *i.e.*, Double-Time.

NOTE. The Overtime Rates set out in Sub-Sections (1) (2) and (3) of this Section are payable as provided above, in respect of all hours of Overtime worked on any day, notwithstanding that the number of hours worked in the week does not exceed 48.

(4) Where it is, or may become, the established practice of an employer to require attendance on Sunday instead of Saturday, the Minimum Rates for Overtime as set out in this Section shall apply to workers in like manner as if in the provision of this Schedule as to Overtime the word "Saturday" were substituted for "Sunday" and the word "Sunday" for "Saturday."

(5) For all hours worked in any week in excess of 48 : One-and-a-Quarter Times the General Minimum Time-Rate otherwise applicable, *i.e.*, Time-and-a-Quarter, except in so far as higher Overtime Rates are payable under the provisions of paragraphs (1) (b) (2) (a), (2) (b) (ii) and (3) of this Section.

Provided that where it is the established practice of an employer to require attendance only on alternate Saturdays, the Overtime Rate shall not be payable in the week on which attendance on Saturday is required until 50 hours have been worked.

B.—For Workers employed on Piece-Work : All Female Workers in the Retail Bespoke Dressmaking Branch of the Trade employed on Piece-Work shall receive in respect of each hour of overtime worked, in addition to Piece-Rates, each of which would yield, in the circumstances of the case, to an Ordinary Worker not less than the Piece-Work Basis Time-Rate applicable :—

(a) An amount equal to One-Quarter of the appropriate Piece-Work Basis Time-Rate ;

(b) An amount equal to One-Half of the appropriate Piece-Work Basis Time-Rate ; or

(c) An amount equal to One-Half of the appropriate Piece-Work Basis Time-Rate according as the Overtime Rate which would have been payable under the provisions of paragraph (A) of this Section, if the worker had been employed on Time-Work, were :—

(a) Time-and-a-Quarter,

(b) Time-and-a-Half, or

(c) Double-Time, respectively.

SECTION III.—Notwithstanding anything contained in Sections I. and II. of this Part of this Schedule, in the application of the above Overtime Rates to Workers who customarily attend on six days a week, any other day, not being Sunday, may be substituted for Saturday as the weekly short day, and in such case the provisions of Sections I. and II. above shall apply in like manner as if in such provisions "Saturday" were substituted for such short day, and such short day were substituted for "Saturday."

NOTE.—The hours which Female Workers, Young Persons and Children are allowed to work are subject to the provisions of the Factory and Workshop Acts, and of the Employment of Women, Young Persons and Children Act, 1920.

PART IV.

DEFINITIONS OF AREAS, LEARNERS AND HOME-WORKERS.

For the purpose of this Notice the following definitions shall apply :—

SECTION I.—The proposed rates set out in the respective Scales A, B and C in Parts I. and II. of this Schedule shall apply as follows :—

Scale A.—(a) To all areas administered by Rural District Councils and (b) to all areas administered by Municipal Borough Councils and Urban District Councils which according to the most recent Census had a population of less than 10,000 ; but so as in neither case to apply to any area within the Metropolitan Police District.

Scale B.—To all areas other than those to which Scales A and C apply.

Scale C.—To the area comprising the City of London and the Metropolitan Police District.

SECTION II.—A Female Learner is a worker who :—

(a) Is employed by an employer who provides her with reasonable facilities for practically and efficiently learning one of the branches of the Retail Bespoke Dressmaking Branch of the trade carried on by the employer, or the various processes involved in the making of any of the articles specified in the definition of that Branch of the trade set out in Section II. of Part V. of this Schedule ; and

(b) Has received a certificate or has been registered in accordance with rules from time to time laid down by the Trade Board and held subject to compliance with conditions specified in this Section, or has made application for such certificate or registra-

tion, which has been duly acknowledged and is still under consideration. Provided that the certification or registration of a Learner may be cancelled if the other conditions of learnership are not complied with.

Provided that an employer may employ a Female Learner on her first employment without a certificate or registration for a probation period not exceeding four weeks, but in the event of such Learner being continued thereafter at her employment, the probation period shall be included in her period of learnership.

SECTION III.—A Homemaker is a worker who works in her own home or in any place not under the control or management of the employer.

PART V.

APPLICABILITY OF MINIMUM RATES.

SECTION I. Subject to the provisions of the Trade Board Acts the respective proposed minimum rates set out in this Schedule shall apply to all female workers in England and Wales in respect of all time during which they are employed in the Retail Bespoke Dressmaking branch of the trade defined in Section II. below :—

SECTION II.—The Retail Bespoke Dressmaking Branch of the Trade is that branch of the Dressmaking and Women's Light Clothing trade specified in the Regulations made by the Minister of Labour dated 24th November 1919 (as varied by the Trade Boards (Shirtmaking) Order, 1920) as set out below, in which the Employer supplies the garment direct to the individual wearer and employs the worker direct.

The trade specified in the above-mentioned Regulations is as follows :—

Those branches of the Women's Clothing Trade that are engaged in the making of Non-Tailored Garments, namely, the making from textile or knitted fabrics of (a) non-tailored wearing apparel (other than handkerchiefs) worn by women and girls, or by children without distinction of sex, or (b) boys' ready-made washing suits or sailor suits, where carried out in association with or in conjunction with the making of garments to be worn by women or girls or by children without distinction of sex ;

including :

(1) All operations or process of cutting, making, or finishing by hand or machine of dresses, non-tailored skirts, wraps, blouses, blouse-ropes, jumpers, sports-coats, neckwear, tea-gowns, dressing-gowns, dressing-jackets, pyjamas, under-clothing, underskirts, aprons, overalls, nurses' and servants' caps, juvenile clothing, baby-linen, or similar non-tailored articles ;

(2) The making of field bonnets, sun-bonnets, boudoir caps or infants' millinery, where carried on in association with or in conjunction with the making of any of the articles mentioned in paragraph (1) above ;

(3) (a) The altering, repairing, renovating or re-making of any of the above-mentioned articles ;

(b) The cleaning of any of the above-mentioned articles, where carried on in association with or in conjunction with the altering, repairing, renovating or re-making of such garments ;

(4) All processes of embroidery or decorative needlework where carried on in association with or in conjunction with the making, altering, repairing, renovating, or re-making of such articles other than hand embroidery or hand drawn-thread work on articles made of linen or cotton or of mixed linen and cotton ;

(5) The following processes if done by machine : Thread-drawing, thread-clipping, top-sewing, scalloping, nickelling and paring ;

(6) Laundering, smoothing, folding, ornamenting, boxing, packing, warehousing or other operations incidental to or appertaining to the making, altering, repairing, renovating or re-making of any of the above-mentioned articles ;

But excluding :—

(a) The making of knitted articles ; the making of underclothing, socks and stockings, from knitted fabrics ; and the making from knitted fabrics of articles mentioned in paragraphs (1) and (2) above, where carried on in association with or in conjunction with the manufacture of the knitted fabrics ;

(b) The making of gloves, spats, gaiters, boots, shoes and slippers ;

(c) The making of headgear, other than the articles mentioned in paragraph (2) above ;

(d) The branches of trade covered by the Trade Boards (Corset) Order, 1919 ;

(e) The making of rubberised or oilskin garments ;

(f) The making of women's collars and cuffs and of nurses' stiff washing belts where carried on in association with or in conjunction with the making of men's or boys' shirts or collars ;

(g) Warehousing, packing and other similar operations carried on in shops mainly engaged in the retail distribution of articles of any description that are not made on the premises ;

And excluding also :—

(h) Any processes or operations included in the Appendix to the Trade Boards (Shirtmaking) Order, 1920.

The Trade Board will consider any Objections to the above Proposals which may be lodged with them within two months from the 23rd day of December 1921. Such Objections should be in writing and signed by the person making the same (adding his or her full name and address), and should be sent to The Secretary, The Dressmaking and Women's Light Clothing Trade Board (England and Wales), 7-11 Old Bailey, London, E.C.4.

It is desirable that the Objections should state precisely, and, so far as possible, with reasons, what is objected to.

Dated this twenty-second day of December 1921.

Signed by Order of the Trade Board.

F. POPPLEWELL, Secretary.

Office of Trade Boards,
7 11 Old Bailey, London, E.C. 4.

- (i) The General Minimum Time-Rate for Learners under 14 years of age shall be 6s. per week of 48 hours, or 1½d. per hour, and from the age of 14 years they shall be entitled to the amounts shown in Column I. above as if they had commenced at 14.
- (ii) The advances to be given to Learners shall become due as from the first Monday in January and July of each year, the Learner being entitled to her first advance from the first Monday in January or July as the case may be, provided that she has been in the trade at least three months.
- (iii) A Learner shall cease to be a Learner, and be entitled to the full General Minimum Time-Rate applicable to workers other than Learners, upon the fulfilment of the conditions appropriate to her as set out below :—

Age of Entering upon Employment and Conditions.

Under 15 years of age, the completion of not less than 3 years' employment in any branch of the trade other than Retail Bespoke Dressmaking and the attainment of the age of 18 years.

15 and under 16 years of age, the completion of not less than 2 years' employment in any branch of the trade other than Retail Bespoke Dressmaking and the attainment of the age of 18 years.

16 and under 21 years of age, the completion of 2 years' employment in any branch of the trade other than Retail Bespoke Dressmaking.

21 years of age and over, the completion of 1 year's employment in any branch of the trade other than Retail Bespoke Dressmaking.

Provided that in determining the age of entry and the length of employment, all service prior to the age of 14 shall be disregarded.

(b) General Minimum Time-Rates Proposed :

Learners commencing employment in any branch of the trade, other than Retail Bespoke Dressmaking, at :—

14 and under 16 years of age. 16 years of age and over.

	Column I.		Column II.	
	Per week of 48 hours.	Per hour.	Per week of 48 hours.	Per hour.
During 1st six months of employment after the age of 14 in any branch of trade other than Retail Bespoke Dressmaking	s. d.	d.	s. d.	d.
During 2nd	5 0	1½	6 0	1½
" 3rd	8 0	2	12 0	3
" 4th	12 0	3	19 0	4½
" 5th	15 0	3¾	27 0	6¾
" 6th	18 0	4½	—	—
" 7th	21 0	5¼	—	—
" 8th	24 0	6	—	—
" 9th	27 0	6¾	—	—

- (i) The General Minimum Time-Rate for Learners under 14 years of age shall be 6s. per week of 48 hours, or 1½d. per hour, and from the age of 14 years they shall be entitled to the amounts shown in Column I. above, as if they had commenced at 14.
- (ii) The advances to be given to Learners in any branch of the trade other than Retail Bespoke Dressmaking shall become due as from the first Monday in January and July of each year, the Learner being entitled to her first advance from the first Monday in January or July, as the case may be, provided she has been in the trade at least 3 months.
- (iii) A Learner shall cease to be a Learner, and be entitled to the full General Minimum Time-Rate applicable to Workers other than Learners, upon the fulfilment of the conditions appropriate to her as set out below :—

Age of Entry upon Employment and Conditions.

Under 16 years of age, the completion of not less than 2 years' employment in any branch of the trade other than Retail Bespoke Dressmaking, and the attainment of the age of 18 years.

16 years of age and over, the completion of not less than 2 years' employment in any branch of the trade other than Retail Bespoke Dressmaking.

PART II.

PROPOSED VARIATION OF PIECE-WORK BASIS TIME-RATES FOR FEMALE WORKERS EMPLOYED IN THE WHOLESALE MANUFACTURING BRANCH OR IN ANY BRANCH OF THE TRADE OTHER THAN RETAIL BESPOKE DRESSMAKING.

SECTION I.

Piece-Work Basis Time-Rate at Present in Force.

- (a) Workers other than Homeworkers, 9½d. per hour.
 (b) Home-workers (as defined in Part IV. of this Schedule), 9½d. per hour.

Piece-Work Basis Time-Rate Proposed.

- (a) Workers other than Homeworkers, 8½d. per hour.
 (b) Homeworkers (as defined in Part IV. of this Schedule), 8½d. per hour.

SECTION II.

In the case of all Workers of the classes specified in this Part of this Schedule employed on Piece-Work, each Piece-Rate paid shall be such as would yield, in the circumstances of the case, to an Ordinary Worker, not less than the appropriate Piece-Work Basis Time-Rate as set out above.

In determining whether any Piece-Rate satisfies the above-mentioned condition, regard must be had only to the earnings of ordinary workers, *i.e.*, workers of ordinary skill and experience in the class of work in question and not to the earnings of workers of less than ordinary skill and experience, *e.g.*, learners and infirm workers.

PART III.

PROPOSED VARIATION OF OVERTIME RATES FOR FEMALE WORKERS IN THE WHOLESALE MANUFACTURING BRANCH OR IN ANY BRANCH OF THE TRADE OTHER THAN RETAIL BESPOKE DRESSMAKING (ALL AGES).

SECTION I.—In accordance with Section 3 (1) (c) of the Trade Boards Act, 1918, the Trade Board have declared the Normal Number of Hours of Work in the Trade to be as follows:—

In any week	48
On any day other than Saturday, Sunday and Customary Public and Statutory Holidays	9

Provided that all hours worked by a worker on Sundays and Customary Public and Statutory Holidays and hours worked on Saturday (subject to the provisions set out below) shall be regarded as Overtime, to which the Overtime Rates shall apply.

SECTION II.—The Minimum Rates for Overtime in respect of hours worked by a worker of the classes specified in Parts I. and II. of this Schedule in excess of the declared normal number of hours shall be as follows:—

A. For Workers employed on Time-Work:—

- (1) On any day other than Saturday, Sunday and Customary Public and Statutory Holidays:—

- (a) For the first two hours of Overtime, One-and-a-Quarter Times the General Minimum Time-Rate otherwise applicable, *i.e.*, Time-and-a-Quarter.
 (b) For Overtime after the first two hours of Overtime, One-and-a-Half Times the General Minimum Time-Rate otherwise applicable, *i.e.*, Time-and-a-Half.

Provided that where it is the established practice of an employer only to require attendance on five days a week, the Overtime Rates specified in paragraphs A (1) (a) and A (1) (b) of this Section shall not be payable on any day (other than Saturday, Sunday and Customary Public and Statutory Holi-

days) until the number of hours worked exceeds 9½ and 11½ respectively.

- (2) On Saturday in respect of:—
 (a) That class of worker who customarily attends on six days a week:—

For all Overtime worked after the first five hours, One-and-a-Half Times the General Minimum Time-Rate otherwise applicable, *i.e.*, Time-and-a-Half.

NOTE.—During the first five hours worked on Saturday the Minimum Rate applicable for this class of worker is the appropriate General Minimum Time-Rate set out in Part I. of the Schedule to this Notice.

- (b) That class of worker who customarily attends on five days a week:—

(i) For the first two hours of Overtime, that is to say, for the first two hours worked on Saturday, One-and-a-Quarter Times the General Minimum Time-Rate otherwise applicable, *i.e.*, Time-and-a-Quarter.

(ii) For Overtime after the first two hours of Overtime, One-and-a-Half Times the General Minimum Time-Rate otherwise applicable, *i.e.*, Time-and-a-Half.

- (3) On Sundays and Customarily Public and Statutory Holidays:—

For all time worked, Twice the General Minimum Time-Rate otherwise applicable, *i.e.*, Double-Time.

NOTE.—The Overtime Rates set out in Sub-Sections (1), (2) and (3) of this Section are payable as provided above, in respect of all hours of Overtime worked on any day, notwithstanding that the number of hours worked in the week does not exceed 48.

- (4) Where it is, or may become, the established practice of an employer to require attendance on Sunday instead of Saturday, the Minimum Rates for Overtime as set out in this Section shall apply to workers in like manner as if in the provisions of this Schedule as to Overtime the word "Saturday" were substituted for "Sunday" and the word "Sunday" for "Saturday."

(5) For all Hours Worked in any Week in Excess of 48 :—

One-and-a-Quarter Times the General Minimum Time-Rate otherwise applicable, i.e., Time-and-a-Quarter, except in so far as higher Overtime Rates are payable under the provisions of paragraphs (1) (b), (2) (a), (2) (b) (ii) and (3) of this Section.

Provided that where it is the established practice of an employer to require attendance only on alternate Saturdays, the Overtime Rate shall not be payable in the week on which attendance on Saturday is required until 50 hours have been worked.

B.—For Workers employed on Piece-Work :—

All female Workers of the classes specified in Parts I. and II. of this Schedule employed on Piece-Work shall receive in respect of each hour of Overtime Worked, in addition to Piece-Rates, each of which would yield, in the circumstances of the case, to an Ordinary Worker not less than the Piece-Work Basis Time-Rate applicable :

- (a) An amount equal to One Quarter of the appropriate Piece-Work Basis Time-Rate.
- (b) An amount equal to One-Half of the appropriate Piece-Work Basis Time-Rate, or
- (c) An amount equal to the full amount of the appropriate Piece-Work Basis Time-Rate,

according as the Overtime Rate, which would have been payable under the provisions of paragraph (A) of this Section, if the worker had been employed on Time-Work, were—

- (a) Time-and-a-Quarter,
- (b) Time-and-a-Half, or
- (c) Double-Time, respectively.

SECTION III. Notwithstanding anything contained in Sections I. and II. of this Part of this Schedule, in the application of the above Overtime Rates to Workers who customarily attend on six days a week, any other day, not being Sunday, may be substituted for Saturday as the weekly short day, and in such case the provisions of Sections I. and II. above shall apply in like manner as if in such provisions "Saturday" were substituted for such short day, and such short day were substituted for "Saturday."

NOTE.—The hours which Female Workers, Young Persons and Children, are allowed to work are subject to the provisions of the Factory and Workshop Act, and of the Employment of Women, Young Persons and Children Act, 1920.

PART IV.

For the purpose of this Notice the following Definitions shall apply :—

SECTION I.—A Female Learner is a worker who :—

- (a) Is employed by an employer who provides her with reasonable facilities for practically and efficiently learning one of the branches of the trade as carried on by the employer, or the various processes involved in the making of any of the articles specified in the definition of the trade set out in Part V. of this Schedule ; and
- (b) Has received a certificate or has been registered in accordance with rules from time to time laid down by the Trade Board, or has made application for such certificate or registration, which has been duly acknow-

ledged and is still under consideration. Provided that the certification or registration of a Learner may be cancelled if the other conditions of learnership are not complied with.

Provided that an employer may employ a Female Learner on her first employment without a certificate or registration for a probation period not exceeding four weeks, but in the event of such Learner being continued thereafter at her employment the probation period shall be included in her period of learnership.

SECTION II.—A Homeworker is a worker who works in her own home or in any place not under the control or management of the employer.

SECTION III. The Retail Bespoke Dress-making Branch of the Trade is that branch of the Dress-making and Women's Light Clothing trade specified in the Regulations made by the Minister of Labour dated 24th November 1919 (as varied by the Trade Boards (Shirtmaking) Order, 1920), as set out below, in which the employer supplies the garment direct to the individual wearer and employs the worker direct.

PART V.

APPLICABILITY OF MINIMUM RATES.

Subject to the provisions of the Trade Boards Acts the respective proposed minimum rates of wages set out in this Schedule shall apply to all female workers in England and Wales in respect of all time during which they are employed in any branch other than Retail Bespoke Dress-making of the Trade specified in the Regulations made by the Minister of Labour, dated 24th November 1919 (as varied by the Trade Boards (Shirtmaking) Order, 1920), that is to say :—

Those branches of the Women's Clothing Trade that are engaged in the making of Non-Tailored Garments, namely, the making from textile or knitted fabrics of (a) non-tailored wearing apparel (other than handkerchiefs) worn by women and girls, or by children without distinction of sex, or (b) boys' ready-made washing suits or sailor suits, where carried out in association with or in conjunction with the making of garments to be worn by women or girls or by children without distinction of sex ;
including :—

(1) All operations or processes of cutting, making, or finishing by hand or machine of dresses, non-tailored skirts, wraps, blouses, blouse-ropes, jumpers, sports-coats, neckwear, tea-gowns, dressing-gowns, dressing-jackets, pyjamas, underclothing, underskirts, aprons, overalls, nurses' and servants' caps, juvenile clothing, baby-linen, or similar non-tailored articles ;

(2) The making of field bonnets, sun-bonnets, boudoir caps or infants' millinery, where carried on in association with or in conjunction with the making of any of the articles mentioned in paragraph (1) above ;

(3) (a) The altering, repairing, renovating or re-making of any of the above-mentioned articles ;

(b) The cleaning of any of the above-mentioned articles, where carried on in associ-

tion with or in conjunction with the altering, repairing, renovating, or re-making of such garments;

(4) All processes of embroidery or decorative needlework where carried on in association with or in conjunction with the making, altering, repairing, renovating or re-making of such articles, other than hand embroidery or hand drawn-thread work on articles made of linen or cotton or of mixed linen and cotton;

(5) The following processes if done by machine: thread-drawing, thread-clipping, top-sewing, scalloping, nickelling and paring;

(6) Laundering, smoothing, folding, ornamenting, boxing, packing, warehousing or other operations incidental to or appertaining to the making, altering, repairing, renovating or re-making of any of the above-mentioned articles;

but excluding:—

(a) The making of knitted articles; the making of underclothing, socks and stockings, from knitted fabrics; and the making from knitted fabrics of articles mentioned in paragraphs (1) and (2) above, where carried on in association with or in conjunction with the manufacture of the knitted fabrics;

(b) The making of gloves, spats, gaiters, boots, shoes and slippers;

(c) The making of headgear, other than the articles mentioned in paragraph (2) above;

(d) The branches of trade covered by the Trade Boards (Corset) Order, 1919;

(e) The making of rubberised or oilskin garments;

(f) The making of women's collars and cuffs and of nurses' stiff washing belts where carried on in association with or in conjunction with the making of men's or boys' shirts or collars;

(g) Warehousing, packing and other similar operations carried on in shops mainly engaged in the retail distribution of articles of any description that are not made on the premises;

and excluding also:—

(h) Any processes or operations included in the Appendix to the Trade Boards (Shirt-making) Order, 1920.

The Trade Board will consider any Objections to the above Proposals which may be lodged with them within two months from the 23rd day of December 1921. Such Objections should be in writing and signed by the person making the same (adding his or her full name and address), and should be sent to The Secretary, The Dress-making and Women's Light Clothing Trade Board (England and Wales), 7-11 Old Bailey, London, E.C. 4.

It is desirable that the Objections should state precisely, and, so far as possible, with reasons, what is objected to.

Dated this twenty-second day of December 1921.

Signed by Order of the Trade Board,

F. POPPLEWELL, Secretary.

Office of Trade Boards,
7-11 Old Bailey, London, E.C. 4.

UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE ACTS, 1920-1921.

DECISIONS OF THE HIGH COURT ON REFERENCES
MADE UNDER SECTION 10 (1) OF 1920 ACT.

Contributions Payable.

On the 20th December the Minister referred to the High Court for decision the questions whether persons employed as

Second hand on a private yacht.

Housemaid waitress and housemaid in a seaside Boarding House, which though not closed to visitors at any time of the year is occupied to its full capacity only at certain holiday seasons,

were or were not employed persons within the meaning of the Act of 1920.

The Judge held that the employment of the second hand on the yacht was not employment in domestic service, and was accordingly not excepted under paragraph (b) of Part II. of the First Schedule to Act of 1920. The employment of the housemaid-waitress was held to be employment in domestic service, but in a business carried on for the purposes of gain, and accordingly not excepted under the paragraph (b) referred to above. They were therefore required to be insured.

Consequently contributions under the Act are payable in respect of persons so employed.

Admiralty, 23rd December 1921.

The following decoration has been conferred by the President of the French Republic upon the undermentioned British Naval Officer in recognition of his services during the War:—

His Majesty the KING has given unrestricted permission to the Officer concerned to wear the decoration in question.

LEGION OF HONOUR.

Chevalier.

Cdr. Kenneth M. Bruce, D.S.O., R.N.

Civil Service Commission, December 23, 1921.

The Civil Service Commissioners hereby give notice, that Open Competitive Examinations of candidates for entry as Apprentices in His Majesty's Dockyards and as Artificer Apprentices in the Royal Navy will commence in London, Edinburgh, Dublin, Aberdeen, Glasgow, Portsmouth, Devonport, Chatham, Leeds, Pembroke, and Sheerness on the 11th April 1922.

No person will be admitted to compete from whom the Secretary of the Civil Service Commission has not received, on or before the 1st March 1922, an application, in the handwriting of the candidate, on a prescribed form, which may be obtained from the Secretary at once.

ORDER OF THE MINISTER
OF AGRICULTURE AND FISHERIES.

(DATED 22ND DECEMBER 1921.)

The Minister of Agriculture and Fisheries, by virtue and in exercise of the powers vested in him under the Diseases of Animals Acts, 1894 to 1914, and of every other power enabling him in this behalf, hereby orders as follows :—

Application of Part I. of the Sheep (Double Dipping) Order of 1920.

1. (1) Part I. (*Restriction on Movement of Sheep out of a Movement Area*) of the Sheep (Double Dipping) Order of 1920 is hereby applied to the Area described in the Schedule hereto, which shall be a Movement Area for the purposes of that Order.

Commencement.

2. This Order shall come into operation on the twenty-third day of January nineteen hundred and twenty-two.

In witness whereof the Official Seal of the Minister of Agriculture and Fisheries is herunto affixed this twenty-second day of December nineteen hundred and twenty-one.

L. S.

W. P. SMART,
Authorised by the Minister.

SCHEDULE.

An Area comprising :—
The County of Caithness ; and
In the County of Sutherland.
The parishes of Farr and Kildonan.

Copies of the above Order can be obtained on application to the Secretary, Ministry of Agriculture and Fisheries, 4 Whitehall Place, S.W. 1.

DESTRUCTIVE INSECTS AND PESTS
ACTS, 1877 AND 1907.

The Board of Agriculture for Scotland hereby give notice that they have revoked the Destructive Insects and Pests (Scotland) Order of 1921 and the Sale of Diseased Plants (Scotland) Order of 1921 made by them on the 11th November 1921, and published in the Edinburgh Gazette on the 15th November 1921.

CHAS. WEATHERILL, Secretary.

Board of Agriculture for Scotland,
29 St. Andrew Square,
Edinburgh, 24th December 1921.

PATENTS AND DESIGNS ACTS, 1907 AND 1919.

Restoration of Lapsed Patent under Section 20.

Notice is hereby given, that an Order was made on the 21st day of December 1921, restoring Patent No. 7260 of 1915, bearing date the 14th day of May 1915, and granted to Carl

Beindl for an invention entitled "An improved process for the production of hydrocyanic acid."

W. TEMPLE FRANKS,
Comptroller-General.

The Patent Office.

PATENTS AND DESIGNS ACTS,
1907 AND 1919.

Application for Restoration of Lapsed Patent under Section 20.

Notice is hereby given, that James Basnett Atherton has made application for the restoration of the Patent granted to him for an invention entitled, "Improvements in advertising apparatus," numbered 24592, and bearing date the 29th October 1913, which expired on the 29th October 1920, owing to the non-payment of the prescribed renewal fee.

Any person may give notice of opposition to the restoration by leaving Patents Form No. 17 at the Patent Office, 25 Southampton Buildings, London, W.C. 2, on or before the 21st day of February 1922.

W. TEMPLE FRANKS,
Comptroller-General.

PATENTS AND DESIGNS ACTS,
1907 AND 1919.

Application for Restoration of Lapsed Patent under Section 20.

Notice is hereby given, that James Basnett Atherton has made application for the restoration of the Patent granted to him for an invention entitled, "Improvements in advertising apparatus," numbered 20272, and bearing date the 31st August 1910, which expired on the 31st August 1920, owing to the non-payment of the prescribed renewal fee.

Any person may give notice of opposition to the restoration by leaving Patents Form No. 17 at the Patent Office, 25 Southampton Buildings, London, W.C. 2, on or before the 21st day of February 1922.

W. TEMPLE FRANKS,
Comptroller-General.

PATENTS AND DESIGNS ACTS,
1907 AND 1919.

Application for Restoration of Lapsed Patent under Section 20.

Notice is hereby given, that John Kiel Tullis has made application for the restoration of the Patent granted to him for an invention entitled, "Improvements in or relating to tanning," numbered 117922, and bearing date the 6th day of July 1917, which expired on the 6th day of July 1921, owing to the non-payment of the prescribed renewal fee.

Any person may give notice of opposition to the restoration by leaving Patents Form No. 17 at the Patent Office, 25 Southampton Buildings, London, W.C. 2, on or before the 21st day of February 1922.

W. TEMPLE FRANKS,
Comptroller-General.

COUNTY OF LANARK.

NOTICE is hereby given that the County Council of the County of Lanark have, in terms of Sub-Section 3 of Section 44 of the Local Government (Scotland) Act, 1894, as read along with Section 38 of the Public Health (Scotland) Act, 1897, as amended, given their consent to a Resolution by the District Committee of the Middle Ward approving of the formation of a Special Scavenging District, to include the Village of Stonehouse, to be known as the "Stonehouse Special Scavenging District," and adopting within the said Special Scavenging District the provisions contained in Sections 107 to 127 and 253 to 255, inclusive, of the Burgh Police (Scotland) Act, 1892, and Sections 23 and 24 of the Burgh Police (Scotland) Act, 1903, all as set forth in the advertisement of the Resolution of the District Committee, published in the Edinburgh Gazette of date 9th December 1921 and as the District is delineated upon a Map which may be seen at the Office of Mr. W. E. Whyte, O.B.E., Hamilton, Clerk to the District Committee of the Middle Ward.

Copies of the Resolutions of the District Committee of the Middle Ward and of the County Council may be seen in the hands of the Subscriber or of the District Clerk.

THOS. MUNRO, County Clerk.

County Offices, Hamilton,
22nd December 1921.

INTIMATION is hereby given that Sir JOHN LAWRENCE BAIRD, Baronet, of Ury, in the County of Kincardine, C.M.G., D.S.O., M.P., Heir of Entail in possession of the Entailed Lands and Estate of Ury and others, and of the Entailed Lands and Estate of Rickarton and part of Findlaystone and others, all situated in the County of Kincardine, has presented a Petition to the Lords of Council and Session (First Division, Junior Lord Ordinary.—Mr. Paterson, Clerk) in terms of the Act 11th and 12th Victoria, Chapter 36, and the other Entail Statutes and relative Acts of Sederunt, praying the Court to grant authority to the Petitioner to borrow on the security of the said Entailed Lands and Estates, and to charge the sum borrowed upon the fee and rents of said Entailed Lands and Estates.

Date of Interlocutor ordering Intimation, 23rd December 1921.

DUNDAS & WILSON, Petitioner's Agents.

16 St. Andrew Square, Edinburgh,
26th December 1921.

THE BRIDGE OF ALLAN MINERAL WELLS COMPANY LIMITED.

At an Extraordinary General Meeting of the above-named Company, duly convened, and held within the Registered Office of the Company, The North of Scotland and Town and County Bank Limited, Henderson Street, Bridge of Allan, on the seventh day of December 1921, the following Special Resolution was duly passed; and at a subsequent Extraordinary General Meeting of the said Company, also duly convened, and held at the same place on the twenty-third day of December 1921, the same Resolution was duly confirmed, viz:

"That the Company be wound up voluntarily, and that Robert Whyte, Solicitor, Stirling, be and he is hereby appointed Liquidator for the purposes of such winding up."

Dated this 24th day of December 1921.

ROBERT WHYTE, Secretary.

THE BRIDGE OF ALLAN MINERAL WELLS COMPANY LIMITED (in Voluntary Liquidation).

NOTICE is hereby given that a Special Resolution of the above-named Company was duly passed and confirmed on the 7th and 23rd December 1921 respectively, for the Voluntary Liquidation of the Company.

Notice is hereby given, pursuant to Section 188 of the Companies (Consolidation) Act, 1908, that a Meeting of the Creditors of the above-named Company will be held in the Liquidator's Office, No. 4 King Street, Stirling, on Wednesday, 11th January 1922, at 11

o'clock forenoon, for the purposes provided for in the said Section.

Dated the 24th day of December 1921.

ROBERT WHYTE, Liquidator of The Bridge of Allan Mineral Wells Co. Ltd.

M'BRIDE & GRAY LIMITED.

NOTICE is hereby given that, at an Extraordinary General Meeting of the Members of the above-named Company, duly convened, and held at 156 St. Vincent Street, Glasgow, in the County of the City of Glasgow, on the eighth day of December 1921, the following Special Resolutions were duly passed; and at a subsequent Extraordinary General Meeting of the Members of the said Company, also duly convened, and held at the same place on the twenty-sixth day of December 1921, the following Special Resolutions were duly confirmed:—

- (1) That M'Brice & Gray Limited be wound up voluntarily.
- (2) That Alexander Kyle Craig, Secretary, and Alexander M'Leod Wilson, Measurer, both of 156 St. Vincent Street, Glasgow, be and are hereby appointed Liquidators to conduct the winding up.
- (3) That for the purpose of assisting the Liquidators in the winding up of the affairs of the Company, Mr. Peter M'Brice and Mr. James Gray shall, for the period of three months from the date of confirmation of the Special Resolution to wind up voluntarily, continue in office as Managing Directors, with all the powers hitherto exercised by them as such, and shall receive salary and emoluments as at present.

ALEXANDER K. CRAIG, Secretary.

156 St. Vincent Street, Glasgow,
26th December 1921.

M'BRIDE & GRAY LIMITED (in Liquidation).

NOTICE is hereby given, pursuant to Section 188 (1) of the Companies (Consolidation) Act, 1908, that a Meeting of the Creditors of the above-named Company will be held within the Registered Office of the Company, 156 St. Vincent Street, Glasgow, on Thursday, twelfth January 1922, at four o'clock afternoon.

ALEXANDER K. CRAIG,

A. M. WILSON,

Joint Liquidators.

156 St. Vincent Street, Glasgow,
26th December 1921.

NOTE—This Meeting is being held to comply with the provisions of the Companies (Consolidation) Act, 1908. All the Creditors will be paid in full.

STEWART GALBRAITH & CO. LTD.

(in Voluntary Liquidation).

NOTICE is hereby given, pursuant to Section 188 of the Companies (Consolidation) Act, 1908, that a Meeting of Creditors of the above-named Company will be held within the Registered Office of the Company, Glen Nevis Distillery, Campbelltown, on Tuesday, 10th January 1922, at 3 o'clock afternoon.

JOHN U. C. KING, Chartered Accountant,
Liquidator.

37-40 Mark Lane, London, E.C. 3,
22nd December 1921.

M'DONALDS LIMITED (in Voluntary Liquidation).

NOTICE is hereby given, in pursuance of Sections 185 and 222 of the Companies (Consolidation) Act, 1908, that a General Meeting of M'Donalds Limited will be held within the Chambers of Messrs. Hourston & Macfarlane, Chartered Accountants, 114 West Campbell Street, Glasgow, on Tuesday the 31st day of January 1922, at 12 o'clock noon, for the purpose of laying before the Meeting an account of the winding up, made up by the Liquidator, showing how the winding up has been conducted and the property of the Company has been disposed of, and of giving any explanation; and

also for the purpose of determining, by Extraordinary Resolution, the manner in which the books, accounts, documents, and papers of the Company and of the Liquidator shall be disposed of.

JOHN J. D. HOURSTON, Liquidator.

114 West Campbell Street, Glasgow,
22nd December 1921.

The above Notice refers only to the original Company, whose Business was sold to the new Company presently carrying on business under the same name.

J. D. HOURSTON.

THE EASTERN GENERAL INSURANCE COMPANY LIMITED.

NOTICE is hereby given that a General Meeting of the Members of the above-named Company will be held at 2 Union Street, Dundee, on Wednesday the first day of February next, at 3 o'clock in the afternoon precisely, to receive the Liquidators' report, showing how the winding up of the Company has been conducted and its property disposed of, to hear any explanation that may be given by the Liquidators, and to pass a Resolution as to the disposal of the books, accounts, and other documents of the Company.

Dated this 22nd day of December 1921.

W. D. GRACIE,
BOYD M. M'CRAE,
Joint Liquidators.

A PETITION having been presented to the Sheriff of Lanarkshire at Glasgow, at the instance of William Glass, Sawmills, Comely park Street, Gallowgate, Glasgow, for Sequestration of the Estates of WILLIAM THOMSON, Springfield Farm, Bishopton, Glasgow, the Sheriff-Substitute, on the 23rd day of December 1921, granted Warrant for citing the said Debtor to appear in Court on an *audience* of seven days from the date of such citation, to show cause why Sequestration of his Estates should not be awarded; of all which Intimation is hereby given.

WEST, ANDERSON, & RANKIN, Solicitors,
180 Hope Street, Glasgow, Agents
for the Petitioner.

23rd December 1921.

A PETITION having been presented to the Sheriff of Aberdeen, Kincardine and Banff, at Banff, by W. Smith & Son Ltd., Seedsmen, 18 Market Street, Aberdeen, for Sequestration of the Estates of JOHN RENNIE, Broomhill, Newmill, Keith, the Sheriff of this date granted Warrant to cite the said John Rennie to appear in Court on an *audience* of seven days from the date of citation, to show cause why Sequestration of his Estates should not be awarded.

JAS. D. PATERSON, Solicitor, Banff,
Petitioner's Agent.

22nd December 1921.

THE Estates of THOMAS KEAY, Motor Engineer, King's Arms Garage, Hamilton, were Sequestered on 23rd December 1921, by the Sheriff of Lanarkshire.

The first Deliverance is dated 23rd December 1921.

The Meeting to elect the Trustee and Commissioners is to be held at 11 o'clock forenoon, on Tuesday, 3rd January 1922, within the Law Agents' Room, County Buildings, Hamilton. A Composition may be offered at this Meeting, and to entitle Creditors to the first Dividend their oaths and grounds of debt must be lodged on or before 24th April 1922.

All future advertisements relating to this Sequestration will be published in the Edinburgh Gazette alone.

J. CUNNINGHAM, KAY, & SON, Writers,
Bank of Scotland Chambers, Hamilton,
Agents.

23rd December 1921.

THE Estates of WILLIAM MERRYLEES, Tobacco-nist and Stationer, 13 Cathcart Street, Greenock, and residing at 43 Kely Street there, were Sequestered on the twenty third day of December nineteen hundred and twenty-one, by the Sheriff of Renfrew and Bute at Greenock.

The first Deliverance is dated the thirteenth day of December nineteen hundred and twenty-one.

The Meeting to elect the Trustee and Commissioners is to be held at twelve o'clock noon, on the fifth day of January 1922, within the Chambers of M'Ilraiths & Walker, Solicitors, 11 William Street, Greenock. A Composition may be offered at this Meeting.

The Sheriff has ordered that the Sequestration proceed as a Summary Sequestration.

The date on or before which Creditors must lodge their oaths and grounds of debt to entitle them to the first Dividend will be advertised in the Edinburgh Gazette Notice calling the second Meeting of Creditors.

All future advertisements relating to this Sequestration will be published in the Edinburgh Gazette alone.

R. STEUART WALKER, Agent.

11 William Street, Greenock,
23rd December 1921.

THE Estates of G. CUNNINGHAM, Carrier, 31 Hutcheson Street, Glasgow, were Sequestered on the 24th day of December 1921, by the Sheriff of Lanarkshire at Glasgow.

The first Deliverance is dated 6th December 1921.

The Meeting to elect the Trustee and Commissioners is to be held at twelve o'clock noon on Thursday the 5th day of January 1922, within the Faculty Hall, St. George's Place, Glasgow. A Composition may be offered at this Meeting.

The Sheriff has ordered that the Sequestration shall proceed as a Summary Sequestration in terms of the Bankruptcy Scotland Act, 1913.

The date on or before which Creditors must lodge their oaths and grounds of debt to entitle them to the first Dividend will be advertised in the Edinburgh Gazette Notice, calling the second Meeting of Creditors.

All future advertisements relating to this Sequestration will be published in the Edinburgh Gazette alone.

WM. CUTHBERT & KEVAN M'DOWALL,
Solicitors, 180 Hope Street, Glasgow,
Agents.

SEQUESTRATION OF JOHN CRAIGIE MARWICK,

Wholesale Confectioner, 20 and 22 Iona Street, Leith.

CHARLES JOHN MUNRO, Chartered Accountant in Edinburgh, has been elected Trustee on the Estate; and David H. Kay, Solicitor, Glasgow, Thomas Morrison, 194 Dalry Road, Edinburgh, and James M'Intosh, of Alexander M'Intosh & Sons Limited, Musselburgh, have been elected Commissioners. The Examination of the Bankrupt will take place within the Sheriff Court House, George IV. Bridge, Edinburgh, on Wednesday the 4th day of January 1922, at two o'clock afternoon. The Creditors will meet within the Chambers of Messrs. Romances & Munro, C.A., 50 Frederick Street, Edinburgh, on Thursday the 12th day of January 1922, at eleven o'clock forenoon, when an offer of Composition with security made and unanimously entertained for consideration at the first General Meeting of the Creditors in the Sequestration will be decided upon.

CHARLES J. MUNRO, C.A., Trustee.

Edinburgh, 27th December 1921.

SEQUESTRATION OF JOHN LEGGAT, Sawmiller, Dumbarton.

THE Trustee hereby calls a General Meeting of Creditors to be held in his Chambers, 167 West George Street, Glasgow, on Wednesday, 4th January 1922, at 2.15 o'clock afternoon, for the purpose of deciding what allowance be granted to the Bankrupt.

WM. SELKIRK, C.A., Trustee.

Glasgow, 23rd December 1921.

NOTICE OF DISSOLUTION.

THE Partnership of HUNTER, HUTCHISON, ROSS, & COMPANY, Cork Merchants, 4 Miller Street, Glasgow, of which the Subscribers are the sole Partners, was DISSOLVED of mutual consent as at the 3rd day of December 1921, by the retiral therefrom of the Subscriber David Hutchison.

The Subscribers Hugh Wallace Hunter and Richard Ross will continue to carry on said Business under the name of HUNTER, ROSS, & COMPANY, and will collect all debts due to, and discharge all obligations undertaken by, the said dissolved Firm.

HUNTER, HUTCHISON, ROSS, & CO.
HUGH W. HUNTER.
DAVID HUTCHISON.
R. ROSS.

Witnesses to the Signatures of Hunter, Hutchison, Ross, & Co., Hugh Wallace Hunter, David Hutchison, and Richard Ross—

GLADSTONE MORRIS, Clerk, 74 Miller Street, Glasgow, Witness.
HAMILTON BATTLE, Cork Cutter, 74 Miller Street, Glasgow, Witness.

THE Business of Tinsmith, Gasfitter, Beam Scale and Weighing Machine Maker and Repairer, and Sheet Metal Worker, carried on by JAMES ORR MACNAB at six Old Sneddon Street, Paisley, has been sold, as at first September nineteen hundred and twenty-one, to Dugald Morrison Strachan, who has been Foreman with J. Orr Macnab for over eighteen years.

The Business has since said date and will continue to be carried on under the name of J. ORR MACNAB by the said Dugald Morrison Strachan, who will uplift all debts due to him and discharge the whole debts and liabilities of the Business from and after said date.

Done at Paisley, this twenty-third day of December nineteen hundred and twenty-one.

J. ORR MACNAB.

Witnesses to the Signature of the said James Orr Macnab—

T. DUN MACNAB, Writer, 29 High Street, Paisley.
C. COUSINS, Cashier, 29 High Street, Paisley.

D. M. STRACHAN.

Witnesses to the Signature of the said Dugald Morrison Strachan—

HAMILTON CRAWFORD, Writer, Paisley.
NORMAN J. GILCHRIST, Law-Clerk, 15 High Street, Paisley.

THE BANKRUPTCY ACT, 1914.

FROM THE LONDON GAZETTE.

RECEIVING ORDERS.

Austin Shoe Company, of and lately carrying on business at 59 Kenilworth Road, Old Ford, London, boot manufacturers.

B. V. Clerke (male), 63 Finsbury Pavement, London, chartered accountant.

John Hanneb Edgelow, 106 Strand, W.C., London, solicitor.

Sidney Fleming (trading as Fleming & Co.), 9 Shortlands Road, Shortlands, Kent, and of 47 Mark Lane, city of London, chemical manufacturer.

T. B. G. Foster (male), formerly residing at Clewer Manor House, Clewer, near Windsor, Berks, a member of Wells' Club, 24 Old Bond Street, W. 1, London, whose present residence Petitioning Creditor has been unable to ascertain, a domiciled Englishman.

Harry Gales, 38 Brick Lane, Bethnal Green Road, London, cloth merchant.

Robert Porson Hawes, 168 Gloucester Terrace, London, W. 2, solicitor.

Richard Ernest Hill, 29 Gwendwr Road, West Kensington, London

H. Lovell (male), carrying on business at 5A New Burlington Street, London, W. 1.

Albert Lyon, 257 St. John Street, Clerkenwell, E.G., clock dial painter.

Henry William Norris, 16 and 17 Devonshire Square, Bishopsgate, city of London, trading as H. Norris & Son, Export and Import Merchant, and Alma Farm, Highclere, Newbury, Berks, merchant and farmer.

Gerald Riviere, late of the Piccadilly Hotel, London, and the Hotel Victoria, London, but whose present residence, the Petitioning Creditor is unable to ascertain, a domiciled Englishman.

E. Roncari (male), 173 Brighton Road, London, carrying on business at 10 Great Newport Street, London, wine merchant.

Robert Leslie Wise, lately residing at 64 Worcester Road, Walthamstow, Essex, stationer; James George Marsden, lately residing at 30 Claremont Road, Walthamstow, Essex, stationer; and carrying on business at 10 New Union Street, city of London, in co-partnership under the style or firm of "The Perfect Manufacturing Company," as wholesale manufacturing stationers, bookbinders and pattern card makers.

Alfred John Hickman, Halse Grange, Brackley, in the county of Northampton.

John Hornby, The Three Travellers Inn, Shambles Street, Barnsley, Yorkshire, licensed victualler.

Frederick Thomas Folland, 66 High Street, Barnstaple, Devonshire, lately carrying on business also at 51 High Street, Barnstaple, fruit merchant.

William Reginald Summersby, residing at 2 Lansdowne Terrace, Bideford, and carrying on business at Lower Gunstone, Bideford, Devonshire, motor engineer.

H. Douglas and Company (a Firm), 239 Liscard Road, and 126 King Street, both in Wallasey, in the county of Chester, costumiers and furriers.

William Lake, residing at 45 Evesham Road, Headless Cross, Redditch, in the county of Worcester, and carrying on business at the back 63 Lodge Road, Redditch, haulier.

John Lister, 380 Bolton Road, Darwen, in the county of Lancaster, cycle maker.

Raymond G. Cox & Co., 32 Millergate, in the city of Bradford, merchants.

Tom U. Moore (a Firm), Worthington Street, in the city of Bradford, engineers.

Frederick Irwin Jacks, "Meadow Cottage," Flansham, Felpham, Sussex, poultry farmer.

J. H. Luby (male), 457 Fishponds Road, in the city and county of Bristol, engineer and motor-car dealer.

Margaret Elizabeth Larkin, residing at and carrying on business as E. Larkin & Son at 68 Leeds Road, Nelson, in the county of Lancaster.

Robert Odell, 8 Britannia Place, East Road, in the borough of Cambridge, job master and horse dealer.

John William Allcoat, residing at 516 Heath End Road, Nunceaton, in the county of Warwick, and carrying on business as a clothier at 516 Heath End Road, Nunceaton aforesaid, clothier and coal miner.

James Harry Allison, 34 Ainslie Street, Great Grimsby, late taxi-cab proprietor, now commercial traveller.

Harold Stevens, 31 Albert Street, Brigg, Lincolnshire, butcher.

Fred Mitchell, 6 Haighs Terrace, Oak Lane, Off Hanson Lane, Halifax, in the county of York, wringing machine repairer.

Orla Anders Sophus Jensen, residing at Aysgarth, Cliff Road, Hornsea, in the East Riding of the county of York, and carrying on business under the style or firm of Jensen & Co. at Pier Street, in the city and county of Kingston-upon-Hull, fruit merchant and importer.

James Kay, residing at 6 Albert Avenue, and carrying on business under the style or firm of James Kay & Co., at 4a Baker Street, both in the city and county of Kingston-upon-Hull, draper.

Arthur Moore, residing at 54 Southgate, Hornsea, in the East Riding of the county of York, and carrying on business under the style or firm of Elliot & Johnson at 4 Albion Street, in the city and county of Kingston-upon-Hull, manufacturers' agent and merchant.

James Priestley, 126 Cambridge Street, in the city of Leicester, clerk.

George Samuel Smith, residing at 20 Central Road, in the city of Leicester, lately residing and carrying on business at 78 Green Lane Road, Leicester, and also

- lately trading at the local markets, late confectioner and draper, now asylum attendant.
- Thomas James, 22 Bridge Street, Kington, in the county of Hereford, boot and shoe repairer, late hotel keeper.
- Frank Berry, residing and carrying on business at 116 Brunswick Street, Chorlton-on-Medlock, Manchester, in the county of Lancaster, greengrocer.
- Albert Edward Pearce, residing at 70 Meadow Street, Llanhilleth, and carrying on business at 69 Meadow Street, Llanhilleth, in the county of Monmouth, grocer.
- Abraham Blaskey, residing at 8 King Edward Avenue, and trading at 11 Market Street, both in Mansfield, Nottinghamshire, wall-paper merchant.
- Alfred Thomas More, Morecot Park Road, Abingdon, in the county of Berks, gentleman.
- Mary Alice Sumner (widow), residing at 6 Lord Street, Preston, in the county of Lancaster, and lately residing and carrying on business at 87 Lower Bank Road, Fulwood, near Preston aforesaid, at present of no occupation, formerly apartment housekeeper.
- Bernard George Kennard, Maylands, Tenterden, Kent, lately residing at Delville, Sutton-at-Hone, and carrying on business at Highcroft Nursery, Sutton-at-Hone, Kent, market gardener.
- George Willie Clarke, 82 Thorne Road, Doncaster, in the county of York, lately carrying on business at 13 Printing Office Street, Doncaster, in the county of York, and at 9 Cole Street, Scunthorpe, in the county of Lincoln, wholesale confectioner and pork butcher.
- William Henry Renton, 18 London Road, in the city of Sheffield, tobacconist.
- Joseph Carr, residing at 23 Jackson Street, Goole, and lately carrying on business at 101 Jackson Street, Goole, in the county of York, lately grocer and confectioner, but now out of employment.
- Albert John Willcox, residing and carrying on business at The Garage, Farnham Common, in the county of Bucks, motor and electrical engineer.

ORDERS ANNULLING, REVOKING, OR RESCINDING ORDERS.

- Frank Hucks, 75 Willington Road, Eastbourne, Sussex, lately residing at 2 Adelaide Road, Hampstead, and 44 Ampthill Square, Hampstead Road, both London, engineer.
- George Jackson, lately residing and carrying on business at 57 Battle Road, Erith, Kent, but whose present residence or place of business Petitioning Creditors are unable to ascertain, a domiciled Englishman, grocer and provision merchant.

NOTICE.

All Notices and Advertisements are inserted in the Edinburgh Gazette at the risk of the Advertiser.

SCALE OF CHARGES FOR ALL ADVERTISEMENTS IN THE EDINBURGH GAZETTE.

For 100 words and under	...	...	...	...	£0 15 0
Above 100 and not exceeding 150	...	...	...	...	1 2 6
" 150 " "	200	...	...	...	1 10 0
" 200 " "	250	...	...	...	1 17 6
" 250 " "	300	...	...	...	2 5 0
" 300 " "	350	...	...	...	2 12 6
" 350 " "	400	...	...	...	3 0 0
" 400 " "	450	...	...	...	3 7 6
" 450 " "	500	...	...	...	3 15 0
And 7s. 6d. extra for each additional 50 or part of 50 words.					
For each copy of the Gazette	...	...	...	...	1s. 6d.
Friendly Societies' Notices, each	...	...	...	...	7s. 6d.

The above Fees must be paid by affixing to the Notice Postage Stamps of as large value as possible.

Advertisements cannot be received or withdrawn after one o'clock on Tuesdays and Fridays.

The dues paid on withdrawn Advertisements cannot be returned.

All Letters must be Post Paid.

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Tuesday, December 27, 1921.

Price One Shilling and Sixpence.