



The Edinburgh Gazette

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FRIDAY, DECEMBER 22, 1922.

At the Court at Buckingham Palace, the 14th day of December 1922.

PRESENT,

The KING's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS there was this day read at the Board a Memorial from the Right Honourable the Lords Commissioners of the Admiralty, dated the 8th day of December 1922 (C.W. 11958/22), in the words following, viz.:—

“Whereas by Section 3 of the Naval and Marine Pay and Pensions Act, 1865, it is enacted, *inter alia*, that all pay, pensions and other allowances in the nature thereof, payable in respect of services in Your Majesty's Naval or Marine Force to a person being or having been an Officer, Seaman, or Marine therein shall be paid in such manner and subject to such restrictions, conditions and provisions as are from time to time directed by Order in Council:

“And whereas Your Majesty was graciously pleased by Your Order in Council, bearing date the 22nd day of January 1920, to provide, *inter alia*, that Sub-Lieutenants of the Engineering Branch should be paid at the rate of 13s. per day:

“And whereas we are of opinion that Acting Sub-Lieutenants who have been selected to specialise in Engineering and who possess the necessary qualifications should be paid at the same rate:

“We beg leave humbly to recommend that Your Majesty may be graciously pleased, by

Your Order in Council, to approve of such Acting Sub-Lieutenants being granted pay at the rate of 13s. a day.

“The Lords Commissioners of Your Majesty's Treasury have signified their concurrence in this proposal.”

His Majesty, having taken the said Memorial into consideration, was pleased, by and with the advice of His Privy Council, to approve of what is therein proposed.

And the Right Honourable the Lords Commissioners of the Admiralty are to give the necessary directions herein accordingly.

ALMERIC FITZROY.

At the Court at Buckingham Palace, the 14th day of December 1922.

PRESENT,

The KING's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS there was this day read at the Board a Memorial from the Right Honourable the Lords Commissioners of the Admiralty, dated the 8th day of December 1922 (N. 3771/22), in the words following, viz.:—

“Whereas by Section 3 of the Naval and Marine Pay and Pensions Act, 1865, it is enacted, *inter alia*, that all pay, pensions, or other allowances in the nature thereof payable in respect of services in Your Majesty's Naval

or Marine Force to a person being, or having been, an Officer, Seaman, or Marine therein, shall be paid in such manner and subject to such restrictions, conditions and provisions as are from time to time directed by Order in Council:

“ And whereas by Your Majesty’s Order in Council, dated the 17th May 1920, it was approved, *inter alia*, that the revised rates of pay therein sanctioned for Petty Officers, Non-Commissioned Officers, and Men of Your Majesty’s Navy should be applicable to equivalent ratings of the Royal Naval Reserve:

“ And whereas it has become necessary to fix the precise relative rank of Chief Enginemen and Enginemen of the Royal Naval Reserve with ratings of the Royal Navy, for purposes of pay:

“ We beg leave humbly to recommend that Your Majesty may be graciously pleased, by Your Order in Council, to sanction the grant of relative rank and pay to Chief Enginemen and Enginemen of the Royal Naval Reserve as stated in the following Schedule.

“ The Lords Commissioners of Your Majesty’s Treasury have signified their concurrence in these proposals.

“ SCHEDULE.

“ 1. Chief Enginemen, R.N.R., to rank with Chief Stokers or Mechanics, R.N., and to receive pay when undergoing training or called up for actual service at the following rates, viz. :—

	Per Diem.
	<i>s. d.</i>
On being rated	9 0
After 3 years’ mobilised service as such	9 6

“ 2. Enginemen, R.N.R., to rank on entry with Stoker Petty Officers, R.N., of 4 years’ seniority, and to receive pay when undergoing training or called up for actual service at the following rates :—

	Per Diem.
	<i>s. d.</i>
On being rated	7 10
After 3 years’ mobilised service as such	8 2

“ 3. Chief Enginemen and Enginemen, R.N.R., also to receive payment of Machinery Allowance at the rate of 6d. a day when placed in charge of the machinery of small craft, the indicated horse-power or brake horse-power of which exceeds 100.

“ 4. Chief Enginemen and Enginemen enrolled in the Royal Naval Reserve before the 1st April 1921, to continue to be paid, when undergoing training or called up for actual service during the period of their current enrolment, at the rates of 9s. 5d. and 8s. 5d. per diem respectively.”

His Majesty, having taken the said Memorial into consideration, was pleased, by and with the advice of His Privy Council, to approve of what is therein proposed.

And the Right Honourable the Lords Commissioners of the Admiralty are to give the necessary directions herein accordingly.

ALMERIC FITZROY.

At the Court at Buckingham Palace, the 14th day of December 1922.

PRESENT,

The KING’s Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS in pursuance of the powers conferred on Him by the Treaty of Peace Act, 1919, His Majesty in Council was pleased to make the Treaty of Peace Order, 1919, and the various Orders amending the said Order:

And whereas it is expedient that the said Order as amended (hereinafter referred to as the principal Order) should be further amended in manner hereafter appearing:—

Now, therefore, His Majesty, by and with the advice of His Privy Council, is pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, as follows:—

1. In sub-paragraph (b) of paragraph (xvii.) of Article I of the principal Order, after the words “ and shall ” there shall be inserted the words “ whether any particulars have already been furnished or not,” after the words “ such particulars ” there shall be inserted the words “ or further particulars,” for the word “ thereto ” there shall be substituted the words “ to any property right or interest subject to the charge of which the Custodian has notice, whether in accordance with this paragraph, the Trading with the Enemy Acts, 1914 to 1918, or otherwise,” and after the words “ Custodian may ” there shall be inserted the words “ from time to time.”

2. The following paragraph shall be inserted after sub-paragraph (cccc) of paragraph (xvii.) of Article 1 of the principal Order:—

“(ccccc). The provisions of sub-sections (3) and (4) of section four and of section eight of the Trading with the Enemy (Amendment) Act, 1916, shall apply to the transfer by the Custodian of shares, stock or other securities of which he is the registered proprietor in pursuance of paragraph (c), as if such shares, stock or securities were securities belonging to an enemy or enemy subject in respect of which a vesting Order under the Trading with the Enemy Acts, 1914 to 1918, had been made.”

3. This Order may be cited as the Treaty of Peace Order (Amendment) Order, 1922, and shall be included amongst the Orders which may be cited together as the Treaty of Peace Orders, 1919 to 1922.

ALMERIC FITZROY.

CENTRAL CHANCERY OF THE ORDERS OF KNIGHTHOOD.

St. James’s Palace, S.W.,

19th December 1922.

The KING has been graciously pleased to give orders for the following promotion in the Most Honourable Order of the Bath, for valuable services rendered in the Field with the Waziristan Force, 1920-1921. To be dated 23rd October 1921:—

To be an Additional Member of the Military Division of the Second Class, or Knights

Commanders, of the said Most Honourable Order:—

Maj.-Gen. Torquhil George Matheson, C.B.,
C.M.G.

CENTRAL CHANCERY OF THE ORDERS
OF KNIGHTHOOD.

*St. James's Palace, S.W.,
19th December 1922.*

The KING has been graciously pleased to give orders for the following promotions in, and appointments to, the Most Excellent Order of the British Empire, for valuable services rendered in the Field with the Waziristan Force, 1920-1921. To be dated 23rd October 1921:—

To be a Knight Commander of the Military Division of the said Most Excellent Order:—

Col. (T./Maj.-Gen.) Walter Stewart Leslie,
C.B., C.M.G., D.S.O., A.D.C., I.A.

To be Commanders of the Military Division of the said Most Excellent Order:—

Col. (T./Col. on the Staff) Charles Richard Bradshaw, I.A.

Lt.-Col. & Bt. Col. (T./Col. Comdt.) Oswald Cuthbert Borrett, C.M.G., D.S.O., A.D.C., King's Own R.

Maj. Charles Cobb, O.B.E., S. & T. Corps, I.A.

Maj. (T./Lt.-Col.) George Craster, D.S.O., O.B.E., 6th Cav., I.A.

Maj. (A./Lt.-Col.) Edward Gardiner Fowler, R.A.

Col. (T./Col. Comdt.) Granville George Loch, C.M.G., D.S.O.

Maj. & Bt. Lt.-Col. Llewellyn Isaac Gethin Morgan-Owen, C.M.G., D.S.O., S. Wales Bord.

Col. (T./Col. on the Staff) Alexander Rolland, D.S.O., R.E.

Maj. (T./Lt.-Col.) Guy Montgomery Routh, D.S.O., R.G.A.

Maj. Ralph Henry Hammersley Smith, O.B.E., 14th Lrs., I.A.

To be Officers of the Military Division of the said Most Excellent Order:—

Capt. (T./Maj.) William Moore Cameron, M.B., R.A.M.C.

Capt. (T./Maj.) Alexander Bainbridge Craddock, 2nd Rajput L. Inf., I.A.

Maj. (T./Lt.-Col.) Herbert Greenfield, R.A.V.C.

Capt. (T./Maj.) Gordon West Hodgen, M.B.E., 123rd Rif., I.A.

Lt. (T./Maj.) Charles Lewis Kilcoin, R.E. Supply. List.

Maj. (A./Lt.-Col.) Charles George Marshall Plumer, 61st Pnrs., I.A.

Maj. A./Lt.-Col.) William Henry Roberts, D.S.O., M.C., R.E.

Capt. (T./Maj.) Frederic Hugh Rust, S. & T. Corps, I.A.

Maj. George Herbert Young, 38th Dogras, I.A.

To be Members of the Military Division of the said Most Excellent Order:—

Jemadar Akram Khan, 82nd Punjabis, I.A.

Capt. (T./Maj.) Ralph Whitley Brander, S. & T. Corps, I.A.

Lt. (T./Capt.) Richard Freeman Colwill, 1/6th Jat. L. Inf., I.A.

Capt. Charles Singleton Conder, R.A.V.C.

Lt. & Asst. Commy. Arthur John Coward, Ind. Misc. List.

T./Capt. Daulat Ram Bhalla, I.M.S.

Rev. Earnest Hale Dunkley, Prob. Chapln., Eccles. Estab., Bengal.

Jemadar Harkabir Thapa, 2/6th Gurkha Rif., I.A.

Subadar-Maj. Harku Thapa, Bahadur, 6th Gurkha Rif., I.A.

Rev. Hubert William Francis Janssen, R.C. Chapln.

Subadar Jitbahadur Rana, 2/6th Gurkha Rif., I.A.

Subadar Kirpal Singh, 82nd Punjabis, I.A.

Subadar Mahtab Khan, 2/113th Inf., I.A.

Ressaidar Malik Khan Muhammad Khan, 39th Horse, I.A.

Jemadar Nadar Khan, Transp. Corps, I.A.

Capt. Howard Alan Pattinson, M.C., 9th Inf., I.A.

Capt. (T./Maj.) Leslie Francis Powell, I.A., attd. R.E.

Subadar Raja Gopal, 61st Pnrs., I.A.

Lt. & Asst. Commy. John Rose, I.O.D.

Capt. James Joseph Salt, 4th Rajputs, I.A.

Capt. John Robert Seal, I.A.R.O.

Subadar Seoraj Pun, 2/6th Gurkha Rif., I.A.

Lt. (A./Maj.) John Francis Dawes Steedman, M.C., R.E.

Sen. Sub. Asst. Surg., 2nd Class, Sundar Singh, I.M. Dept.

Capt. John Ernest Thomas, 26th Punjabis, I.A.

Capt. Andrew Edmund Wernicke, 29th Punjabis, I.A.

CENTRAL CHANCERY OF THE ORDERS
OF KNIGHTHOOD.

*St. James's Palace, S.W. 1,
19th December 1922.*

The KING has been graciously pleased to give orders for the following appointments to the Most Excellent Order of the British Empire for valuable services rendered in connection with operations in Waziristan, 1920-1921. To be dated the 23rd October 1921:—

To be Members of the Civil Division of the said Most Excellent Order:—

Allan Gordon Grant, Esq., M.C., Executive Engineer, Tank.

Edward James Donnelly, Esq., Manager, Dairy Farms, Wazirforce.

Lieutenant Khan Sahib Faqir Hussain, Deputy Assistant Director, Postal Services, Wazirforce.

CENTRAL CHANCERY OF THE ORDERS
OF KNIGHTHOOD.

*St. James's Palace, S.W. 1,
19th December 1922.*

ORDER OF THE BRITISH EMPIRE.

The following correction to an appointment to the Most Excellent Order of the British Empire is notified:—

(London Gazette, dated 1st January 1919,
page 65.)

For Lieut. Francis Edmund Gibson, R.F.A.,
Read Lieut. Francis Edmund Gibson, R.F.A.
(S.R.).

*Lord Chamberlain's Office,
Buckingham Palace,
19th December 1922.*

1. The Lord Chamberlain announces that ladies already presented at Court who wish to be summoned to attend or to make presentations during the coming year are requested to make written application to the Comptroller, Ceremonial Department, St. James's Palace, S.W. 1, on the 1st January next, but not before that date.

2. A lady attending may present one lady, for whom she must be responsible, in addition to her daughter or daughter-in-law. The names of ladies to be presented should be forwarded by the lady who wishes to make the presentation when she sends in her own name.

3. A lady presented for the first time can only present her daughter or daughter-in-law on the occasion when she is presented.

4. No applications can be received from ladies who wish to be presented. Their names must be forwarded by the ladies who wish to make the presentations.

5. Ladies may be accompanied to Court by their husbands if the latter have been presented. Ladies who wish to be accompanied by their husbands should state the fact in their applications, and they should also state if the ladies they desire to present wish to be accompanied by their husbands. Once the summons has been issued, the amending of a summons card in order to include a lady's husband can only be permitted under the most exceptional circumstances.

6. Summonses are issued to ladies about three weeks before the date on which their attendance is required, and should it not be convenient for a lady to attend on the date indicated, it will be open to her to make her excuses to the Lord Chamberlain in writing, when her name can, if desired, and if possible, be transferred to another list.

7. Details with regard to dress for both ladies and gentlemen will be issued with the summons cards.

It is urgently requested that all applications will be made strictly in accordance with the above Regulations.

CROMER,
Lord Chamberlain.

*Lord Chamberlain's Office,
Buckingham Palace,
14th December 1922.*

The KING has been graciously pleased, on the nomination of the Earl of Clarendon, the Captain, to make the following appointments to His Majesty's Body Guards of the Honourable Corps of Gentlemen-at-Arms:—

Lieutenant-Colonel Henry Morris Pryce-Jones, D.S.O., M.V.O., M.C., Reserve of Officers, late Coldstream Guards, in the room of Lieutenant-Colonel Christopher Middlemass Davidson, M.V.O., deceased.

Colonel (Honorary Brigadier-General) Robert Harvey Kearsley, C.M.G., D.S.O., Retired Pay, late 5th Dragoon Guards, in the room of Lieutenant-Colonel Charles Ferguson Campbell, C.I.E., O.B.E., promoted.

Whitehall, 16th December 1922.

The KING has been pleased, by Letters Patent under the Great Seal of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, bearing date the 15th instant, to appoint Sir Haviland Walter de Sausmarez to the Office of Bailiff of the Island of Guernsey, in the room of Sir Edward Chepmell Ozanne, K.B.E., resigned.

*Factory Department, Home Office.
16th December 1922.*

The Chief Inspector of Factories gives notice that, in consequence of the resignation of Dr. C. C. Philip, an appointment as Certifying Surgeon under the Factory and Workshop Acts at Gatehouse, in the county of Kirkcudbright, is vacant.

*Downing Street,
1st December 1922.*

The KING has been pleased to approve of the retention of the title of "Honourable" by Auguste Tessier, Esq., lately a Judge of the Superior Court of the Province of Quebec, Dominion of Canada.

*Downing Street,
19th December 1922.*

The KING has been pleased to approve of the re-appointment of Emanuel Henry Cummings, Esq., to be an Unofficial Member of the Legislative Council of the Colony of Sierra Leone.

*Board of Trade.
Department for the Administration of
Hungarian Property,
Cornwall House,
Stamford Street,
London, S.E. 1,
7th December 1922.*

Under and by virtue of the powers conferred upon the Clearing Office and the Administrator

by Article 1 (xiv.) of the Treaty of Peace (Hungary) Orders, 1921-1922, I hereby prescribe the 31st (thirty-first) day of March 1923 as the final date by which proofs by British nationals of debts due to them by Hungarian nationals, or of pecuniary obligations of the Hungarian Government under Article 231 of the Treaty of Trianon, and other claims by British nationals against the Hungarian Government with the payment of which the property, rights, and interests within His Majesty's Dominions or Protectorates belonging to nationals of the former Kingdom of Hungary at the date when the said Treaty came into force (not being property, rights, or interests acquired under any general licence issued by or on behalf of His Majesty), and the net proceeds of their sale, liquidation, or other dealings therewith are charged by Article 1 (ix.) of the above-mentioned Orders in Council must be made upon the prescribed forms and lodged with this Department, in order to rank for payment of the first Dividend to be declared by me out of the above-mentioned property, rights, and interests belonging to nationals of the former Kingdom of Hungary.

E. S. GREY,
Administrator.

The War Office,
19th December 1922.

The KING has been graciously pleased to approve of the undermentioned rewards for distinguished service rendered in the Field with the Waziristan Force, 1920-1921. To be dated 23rd October 1921:—

To be Brevet Colonel.

Lt.-Col. B. U. Nicolay, 4/3rd Gurkha Rif., I.A.

Awarded the Distinguished Service Order.

Lt.-Col. John Duncan Grant, V.C., 13th Rajputs, I.A.

Maj. Willoughby Lugard Hogg, 3rd Brahmans, I.A.

Capt. (A./Maj.) Harry Sylvanus Lickman, R.G.A.

Maj. Gordon Steuart Low, R.A.

Capt. (A./Maj.) Walter Francis Morrogh, M.C., Leinster R. and M.G.C.

Maj. (A./Lt.-Col.) Cyril Penrose Paige, C.I.E., 109th Inf., I.A.

Awarded the Military Cross.

Lt. Francis Joseph Dillon, R.G.A.

Capt. Thomas Matthew Morton, 4/3rd Gurkha Rif., I.A.

Lt. (A./Capt.) John Graham Parry, 3/11th Gurkha Rif., I.A.

Capt. Henry Everton Robertson, 2/61st Pnrs., I.A.

Capt. Edward Horace Whitford-Hawkey, 16th Cav., I.A.

The War Office,
19th December 1922.

The KING has been graciously pleased to award the Royal Red Cross to the undermen-

tioned, in recognition of valuable nursing services rendered with the Waziristan Force, 1920-1921. To be dated 23rd October 1921:—

Awarded the Royal Red Cross, Second Class.

Miss Norah Fullerton, temp. Nursing Service.

The War Office,
19th December 1922.

The KING has been graciously pleased to approve of the undermentioned rewards for distinguished service in connection with military operations in Southern and Western Darfur, 1921:—

To be dated 13th July 1922.

To be Brevet Lieutenant-Colonel.

Maj. S. T. Grigg, D.S.O., M.C., W. York. R. (attd. Egyptian Army).

To be Brevet Major.

Capt. W. Hunt, O.B.E., M.C., M.B., R.A.M.C. (attd. Egyptian Army).

Awarded the Military Cross.

Capt. Robert Alfred Colville, Camerons (attd. Egyptian Army).

War Office,
19th December 1922.

His Majesty the KING has been graciously pleased to approve of the undermentioned reward for distinguished service in the Field (Khurdistan):—

Awarded the Military Cross.

Lt. Henry Robinson Swinburn, 15th Sikhs, I.A.

During the retirement at Rania Plain on the 1st September 1922, when the rearguard platoon of his regiment was hard pressed, he reinforced them with the only other platoon available, and charged the enemy with the bayonet, inflicting heavy casualties, and improving the situation generally. He was wounded shortly after, but continued to encourage his men.

Lieutenant Swinburn has commanded his company with marked success, resource and energy under difficult circumstances.

War Office,
19th December 1922.

His Majesty the KING has been graciously pleased to approve of the award of the Military Medal to the undermentioned for bravery in the Field with the Waziristan Force, India:—

THE SOMERSET LIGHT INFANTRY.

5662089 L./Sjt. Gaines, F.C., 2nd Bn. (Sturminster Newton).

For bravery and devotion to duty. On the 6th April 1921, in action near Sirak, whilst acting as linesman, notwithstanding

the large amount of wire cut by the enemy, this non-commissioned officer succeeded in keeping Headquarters in touch with the forward posts. He carried the line forward for one and a half miles beyond operation Headquarters to the end of his sector, being sniped most of the time from both sides of the valley. He was unable to take his cable mule with him owing to the enemy fire and had to return three times to bring up more cables.

Throughout the operations he performed his duty with great courage and devotion.

MACHINE GUN CORPS.

7809816 Sjt. Hayto, J. W. H., 6th Coy. (Leicester).

For bravery and devotion to duty. On the 6th April 1921, on Picquet Hill, near Michan Baba, when in charge of two Vickers guns, he displayed great bravery and coolness under sniping fire, and by bringing heavy fire to bear on the enemy for over four hours was responsible for the casualties known to have been inflicted. He has always displayed a high sense of devotion to duty.

7812053 Pte. Deeley, J. W., 6th Coy. (Birmingham).

For bravery and devotion to duty. On the 6th April 1921, when employed with a Vickers gun near Michan Baba, he brought heavy fire to bear on the enemy for five hours and showed exceptional skill and coolness in the handling of his gun, and complete disregard of personal danger, being largely responsible for the casualties known to have been inflicted on the enemy.

War Office,
19th December 1922.

His Majesty the KING has been graciously pleased to approve of the award of a Bar to the Military Medal to the undermentioned for bravery in the Field (North Russia):—

ROYAL FUSILIERS.

133400 Cpl. A. Burns, M.M., 45th Bn. (To be dated 22nd January 1920.) M.M. gazetted 14th December 1916.

His Majesty the KING has been graciously pleased to approve of the award of the Military Medal to the undermentioned for bravery in the Field with the British Armies in France and Flanders:—

LIVERPOOL REGIMENT.

87970 Pte. Rogers, H., 1/6th Bn. (T.F.) (Poplar). (To be dated 7th October 1918.)

His Majesty the KING has been graciously pleased to approve of the award of the Meritorious Service Medal to the undermentioned in recognition of valuable services rendered with the British Forces in Iraq:—

THE DEVONSHIRE REGIMENT.

7808332 Sjt. Hawkes, J., 2nd Bn. (Beenham, Reading). (To be dated 7th February 1921.)

War Office,
19th December 1922.

The following are among the Decorations and Medals awarded by the Allied Powers at various dates to the British Forces for distinguished service rendered during the War of 1914-19:—

His Majesty the King has given unrestricted permission in all cases to wear the Decorations and Medals in question.

DECORATIONS CONFERRED BY
HIS MAJESTY THE KING OF THE
BELGIANS.

Médaille de l'Ordre de la Couronne.

en Or.

S/1502 Acting Staff Serjeant-Major Newlove Bulmer, M.B.E., Royal Army Service Corps (Selby).

S/269 Staff Serjeant-Major Harry Faint, D.C.M., Royal Army Service Corps (Battersea, S.W.).

en Argent.

22329 Serjeant Sidney Edward Pittock, Royal Engineers ("E" Harwich).

21805 Staff Serjeant Arthur Frederick Sutton, Royal Engineers ("E" Clonmel).

DECORATION CONFERRED BY
THE GOVERNMENT OF THE CZECHO-
SLOVAK REPUBLIC.

Croix de Guerre.

Lieutenant-Colonel James Walker, D.S.O., V.D., Australian Imperial Force.

DECORATIONS CONFERRED BY
THE PRESIDENT OF THE FRENCH
REPUBLIC.

Médaille des Epidémies.

en Argent.

Honorary Captain and Chaplain Germain Gauvreau, Canadian Forces.

en Bronze.

Temporary Captain Thomas Ernest Hincks, M.B., Royal Army Medical Corps.

DECORATIONS CONFERRED BY
HIS LATE MAJESTY ALEXANDER,
KING OF THE HELLENES.

Order of the Redeemer.

Officer.

Lieutenant-Colonel Nathaniel John Crawford Rutherford, D.S.O., M.B., Royal Army Medical Corps.

Order of King George I.

Officer.

Captain Hugh George Hobson, O.B.E., M.C., Royal Army Medical Corps.

PART I.—*continued.*

TONGUE PUMPING.

BUTCHERS' OR PORK BUTCHERS' WORK IN PREPARING MEAT FOR SAUSAGES OR "SMALLS."

BRINING VEGETABLES FOR PICKLING.

MAKING EXTRACT OF MEAT.

PROPOSED GENERAL MINIMUM TIME-RATES.

	For a period of 3 months from the date on which the proposed variation takes effect.				As from the termination of a period of 3 months from the date on which the proposed variation takes effect.					
	Per week of 48 hours.		<i>i.e.</i>	Per hour.		Per week of 48 hours.		Per hour.		
	s.	d.		s.	d.	s.	d.	s.	d.	
Workers under 15 years of age	10	0	<i>i.e.</i>	0	2½	10	0	<i>i.e.</i>	0	2½
„ of 15 and under 16 years of age ...	13	6	„	0	3¾	13	6	„	0	3¾
„ 16 „ 17 „	18	0	„	0	4½	18	0	„	0	4½
„ 17 „ 18 „	23	0	„	0	5¾	23	0	„	0	5¾
„ 18 „ 19 „	27	0	„	0	6¾	27	0	„	0	6¾
„ 19 „ 20 „	31	0	„	0	7¾	30	0	„	0	7½
„ 20 „ 21 „	35	0	„	0	8¾	33	0	„	0	8¼
„ 21 „ 22 „	38	0	„	0	9½	37	0	„	0	9¼
„ 22 „ 23 „	42	0	„	0	10½	41	0	„	0	10¼
„ 23 „ 24 „	46	0	„	0	11½	44	0	„	0	11
„ 24 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER ...	50	0	„	1	0½	48	0	„	1	0

The General Minimum Time-Rates set out in this Section are payable in the case of a worker under 24 years of age (other than a worker employed for seasonal work), subject to the proviso that such a worker is employed under conditions which in the circumstances of the case afford a reasonable prospect of advancement to the General Minimum Time-Rate of 50s. per week of 48 hours during the period of three months from the date on which the proposed variation takes effect (and 48s. per week of 48 hours as from the termination of that period of three months). Otherwise the General Minimum Time-Rate payable shall be 50s. per week of 48 hours during the said period of three months (and 48s. per week of 48 hours as from the termination of the said period of three months) irrespective of age.

In the case of a worker employed for seasonal work, the General Minimum Time-Rate payable shall be that applicable according to the worker's age.

SECTION II.:

FEMALE WORKERS other than those specified in Section I. (b) of this Part of this Schedule:—

PROPOSED GENERAL MINIMUM TIME-RATES.

Workers under 15 years of age	2½d. per hour, <i>i.e.</i> , 10s. 0d. per week of 48 hours.
„ of 15 and under 16 years of age ...	3¾d. „ „ 13s. 6d. „ „
„ 16 „ 17 „	4½d. „ „ 18s. 0d. „ „
„ 17 „ 18 „	5¾d. „ „ 23s. 0d. „ „
„ 18 YEARS OF AGE AND OVER ...	6¾d. „ „ 27s. 0d. „ „

(1) The General Minimum Time-Rates set out in this Section are payable in the case of a worker under 18 years of age (other than a worker employed for seasonal work), subject to the proviso that such a worker is employed under conditions which in the circumstances of the case afford a reasonable prospect of advancement to the General Minimum Time-Rate of 27s. per week of 48 hours. Otherwise the General Minimum Time-Rate payable shall be 27s. per week of 48 hours, irrespective of age.

In the case of a worker employed for seasonal work, the General Minimum Time-Rate payable shall be that applicable according to the worker's age.

(2) In the case of a worker (other than a worker employed for seasonal work) who enters the trade for the first time at the age of 15 years or over and who cannot suitably be employed on piece-work the Proposed General Minimum Time-Rate payable during her first three months of employment in the trade shall be 3s. per week less than the Proposed General Minimum Time-Rate which would otherwise be applicable, and during her second three months of employment in the trade shall be 1s. 6d. per week less than the Proposed General Minimum Time-Rate which would otherwise be applicable, in accordance with the provisions of this Section.

PART II.

PROPOSED PIECE-WORK BASIS TIME-RATES.

SECTION I.:	Proposed
	Piece-Work Basis Time-Rate.
(a) All Male Workers; and	Per hour.
(b) Female Workers when employed in any of the occupations specified in Section I. (b) of Part I. of this Schedule	s. d. 1 2½

In the case of workers employed on Piece-Work, each Piece-Rate paid must be such as would yield, in the circumstances of the case, not less than 1s. 2½d. per hour to an ordinary worker.

	Proposed Piece-Work Basis Time-Rate.
SECTION II. :	Per hour.
All Female Workers other than those specified in Section I. (b) of Part I. of this Schedule	s. d. 0 7¼

In the case of workers on Piece-Work, each Piece-Rate paid must be such as would yield, in the circumstances of the case, not less than 7¼d. per hour to an ordinary worker.

PART III.

PROPOSED OVERTIME RATES FOR MALE AND FEMALE WORKERS (ALL AGES).

Overtime Rates calculated on the Proposed Minimum Rates set out in Parts I. and II. of this Schedule, in the manner set out in Part III. of the Schedule of the Notice F (9) issued by the Trade Board, and dated 7th July 1922, shall apply in substitution for the rates set out in Parts I. and II. of this Schedule in respect of all hours worked in excess of the number of hours which, as set out in Part III. of the Schedule of the Notice, dated 7th July 1922, the Trade Board have declared to be the normal number of hours of work in the trade.

PART IV.

SECTION I. :

The above proposed Minimum Rates of Wages shall apply subject to the provisions of the Trade Boards Acts and to the proviso to Section II. of this Part of this Notice to all workers in Great Britain in respect of all time during which they are employed in any branch of the trade specified in the Trade Boards (Sugar Confectionery and Food Preserving) Order, 1913, as varied by the Trade Boards (Grocery and Provisions) Order, 1920, excluding the covering and filling of biscuits, wafers and cakes with chocolate or sugar confectionery.

SECTION II. :

The Trade referred to in Section I. above, to which the Minimum Rates of Wages set out in this Schedule apply, is as follows :—

The making of Sugar Confectionery, Cocoa, Chocolate, Jam, Marmalade, Preserved Fruits, Fruit and Table Jellies, Meat Extracts, Meat Essences, Sauces and Pickles; the preparation of Meat, Poultry, Games, Fish, Vegetables and Fruit for sale in a preserved state in tins, pots, bottles and similar receptacles; the processes of wrapping, filling, packing and labelling in respect of articles so made or prepared, *excluding* the covering and filling of biscuits, wafers and cakes with chocolate or sugar confectionery; and *excluding* also certain processes or operations which form part of the Grocery and Provisions Trade as defined for the purpose of the application of the Trade Boards Acts.

Provided that, notwithstanding anything contained in this Schedule the above Minimum Rates shall *not* apply to Clerks, Salesmen, Saleswomen, Travellers, Engineers, Carpenters, Vanmen, Watchmen, Outside Messengers, Cleaners of Premises, Timekeepers, or to any other workers whose work stands in a relationship to the trade similar to that of the foregoing excluded classes.

NOTE.—The employment of Female Workers, Young Persons and Children is subject to the provisions of the Factory and Workshop Acts and to the Employment of Women, Young Persons and Children Act, 1920.

The Trade Board will consider any Objections to the above Proposals to Vary which may be lodged with them within two months from 26th December 1922. Such Objections should be in writing and signed by the person making the same (adding his or her full name and address), and should be sent to The Secretary of the Sugar Confectionery and Food Preserving Trade Board (Great Britain), 1 Whitehall Gardens, London, S.W. 1.

It is desirable that the Objections should state precisely, and so far as possible with reasons, what is objected to.

Signed by Order of the Trade Board,

F. POPPLEWELL,
Secretary.

Dated this twenty-sixth day of December 1922.

Office of Trade Boards,
1 Whitehall Gardens, London, S.W. 1.

TRADE BOARDS ACTS, 1909 AND 1918.

STAMPED OR PRESSED METAL WARES TRADE BOARD (GREAT BRITAIN).

MINIMUM RATES OF WAGES (AS VARIED) FOR CERTAIN CLASSES OF MALE WORKERS.

Effective as from 1st January 1923.*

(except in the case of the General Minimum Time-Rates marked thus † and the Piece-Work Basis Time-Rates and Overtime Rates based thereon which became effective as from 2nd September 1922).

* NOTE.—Should this date not correspond with the beginning of the period for which wages are paid by an employer who pays wages at intervals not exceeding seven days, the rates shall become effective as from the beginning of the next full pay period, but in no case later than 7th January 1923.

For Male Workers *other than* Workers who are employed as Braziers, Burnishers, Drop-Stampers, Dippers, Dippers who are also Bronzers, or as Annealers or Polishers:

General Minimum Time-Rates.

	Operative only from 1st January 1923 up to and including 28th February 1923.	Operative as from 1st March 1923.
Male Workers of 21 years of age and over	Per Hour. 11½d.	Per Hour. 11d.
Male Workers under 21 years of age...	According to age. (See Section I. of Part I. of the Schedule below).	

Piece-Work Basis Time-Rates.

15 per cent above the appropriate General Minimum Time-Rates.

Overtime Rates.

See Section III. of Part I. of the Schedule below.

The Rates in full as legally enforceable are set out in detail in the Schedule below.

SCHEDULE.

PART I.

GENERAL MINIMUM TIME-RATES, PIECE-WORK BASIS TIME-RATES AND OVERTIME RATES (AS VARIED) FOR ALL MALE WORKERS OTHER THAN WORKERS WHO ARE EMPLOYED AS BRAZIER, BURNISHERS, DROP-STAMPERS, DIPPERS, DIPPERS WHO ARE ALSO BRONZERS, OR AS ANNEALERS OR POLISHERS, AS DEFINED IN THE SCHEDULE TO THE TRADE BOARD'S NOTICE Q. (20).

SECTION I.—

General Minimum Time-Rates.

Operative only from 1st January 1923, up to and including 28th February 1923:—

- Workers of 21 years of age and over, 11½d. per hour.
- Workers of 20 and under 21 years of age, 9½d. per hour.
- Workers of 19 and under 20 years of age, 8½d. per hour.
- Workers of 18 and under 19 years of age, 7d.† per hour.
- Workers of 17 and under 18 years of age, 5¾d. per hour.
- Workers of 16 and under 17 years of age, 4¾d. per hour.
- Workers of 15 and under 16 years of age, 3¾d. per hour.
- Workers under 15 years of age, 3d.† per hour.

Operative as from 1st March 1923:—

- Workers of 21 years of age and over, 11d. per hour.
- Workers of 20 and under 21 years of age, 9d. per hour.
- Workers of 19 and under 20 years of age, 8d. per hour.
- Workers of 18 and under 19 years of age, 7d.† per hour.
- Workers of 17 and under 18 years of age, 5½d. per hour.
- Workers of 16 and under 17 years of age, 4½d. per hour.
- Workers of 15 and under 16 years of age, 3½d. per hour.
- Workers under 15 years of age, 3d.† per hour.

SECTION II.—

Piece-Work Basis Time-Rates (All Ages).

The Piece-Work Basis Time-Rate for each class of Male Workers specified above shall be 15 per cent. above the appropriate General Minimum Time-Rate for such class, as set out in Section I. of this Part of this Schedule.

NOTE.—In the case of all Male Workers employed on Piece-Work, each Piece-Rate paid must be such as would yield, in the circumstances of the case, not less than the appropriate Piece-Work Basis Time-Rate to an ordinary worker, *i.e.*, a worker of ordinary skill and experience in the class of work in question.

SECTION III.—

Overtime Rates (All Ages).

(i) In accordance with Section 3 (i) (c) of the Trade Boards Act, 1918, the Trade Board have declared the normal number of hours of work in the trade to be as follows:—

In any week	47
On Saturday	4½

Provided that all hours worked on Sundays and on Statutory Holidays shall be regarded as Overtime to which the Overtime Rates shall apply.

(ii) The Minimum Rates for Overtime in respect of hours worked by a worker, whether employed on time-work or on piece-work in excess of the declared normal number of hours shall be as follows:—

(a) For all hours worked on Sundays and Statutory Holidays the Overtime Rate shall be twice the Minimum Rate otherwise applicable, *i.e.*, Double-Time.

(b) For all hours worked in excess of four-and-a-half on Saturday, the Overtime Rate shall be One-and-a-half times the Minimum Rate otherwise applicable, *i.e.*, Time-and-a-Half, notwithstanding that the total number of hours worked in the week does not exceed 47.

(c) For all hours worked in excess of 47 in any week the Overtime Rate shall be Time-and-a-Quarter for the first two hours and Time-and-a-Half thereafter, except in so far as higher Overtime Rates are payable under the provisions of Sub-Sections (a) and (b) of this Section.

PART II.

SECTION I.—The above Minimum Rates of wages apply, subject to the provisions of the Trade Boards Acts, to all Male Workers other than workers who are employed as Braziers, Burnishers, Drop-Stampers, Dippers, Dippers who are also Bronzers, or as Annealers or Polishers, in respect of all time during which they are employed in Great Britain in any branch of the trade specified in the Trade Boards (Stamped or Pressed Metal Wares) Order, 1919.

SECTION II.—The Trade as specified in the above-mentioned Order is as follows:—

The manufacture from metals (other than precious metals) by the process of cold stamping or cold pressing (including cutting or piercing) of cabinet fittings, window fittings, curtain accessories, stationers' sundries, drapers' sundries, fittings for gas or electric light, fittings for suit-cases or handbags or purses, buckles, eyelets, ferrules, labels, collar studs, tie-clips, thimbles, photograph frames, stamped chains, bells, fancy nails (excluding the shanks), parts of safety razors (excluding the blades), parts of braces or suspenders, corset steels or busks, whistles, tin-openers, medals or any similar articles or metal parts of such articles;

Including:—

(a) The operations of annealing, hardening, barrelling, polishing, bronzing, nickelling, lacquering, japanning, non-vitreous

enamelling; tinning or assembling, where these operations are carried on in association with or in conjunction with the manufacture of such stamped or pressed metal articles;

(b) The operations of carding, boxing, packeting, labelling, weighing, packing, warehousing or despatching, where these operations are incidental to or appertaining to the manufacture of such stamped or pressed metal articles;

But Excluding:—

(a) The operations specified in the Trade Boards (Hollow-ware) Order, 1913;

(b) The making of buttons or any operations incidental thereto;

(c) The making of coffin furniture or any operations incidental thereto;

(d) The making of pins, hairpins, hooks and eyes, hair-curlers, snap fasteners or safety pins or any operations incidental thereto;

(e) The making of steel pens and the making of stationers' metal sundries or other similar metal articles when carried on as a subsidiary branch of work in association with or in conjunction with the making of steel pens, so as to provide a common or interchangeable form of employment for the workers;

(f) The minting of coinage of the realm;

(g) The process of hand-embossing.

PART III.

SECTION I.—The above Minimum Rates of Wages must be paid clear of all deductions other than deductions under the National Insurance Act, 1911, as amended by any subsequent enactments, or deductions authorised by any Act to be made from wages in respect of contributions to any Superannuation or other Provident Fund.

SECTION II.—The above Minimum Rates of Wages are without prejudice to workers who are earning higher rates of wages or to agreements made or that may be made between employers and workers for the payment of wages in excess of these minimum rates of wages.

Signed by Order of the Trade Board and in pursuance of Orders of the Minister of Labour dated 8th August 1922 and 18th December 1922 respectively, confirming the variations made by the Trade Board and set out above and specifying the dates provided in this Notice, as the dates from which they should become effective.

This twenty-first day of December 1922.

F. POPPLEWELL,
Secretary.

Office of Trade Boards,
1 Whitehall Gardens, London, S.W. 1.

NOTE.—The employment of young persons and/or children is subject to the provisions of the Factory and Workshops Acts; the Education Act, 1918; and the Employment of Women, Young Persons and Children Act, 1920.

TRADE BOARDS ACTS, 1909 AND 1918.

STAMPED OR PRESSED METAL WARES TRADE BOARD (GREAT BRITAIN).

MINIMUM RATES OF WAGES (AS VARIED) FOR FEMALE WORKERS.

This Notice sets out the Minimum Rates of Wages for certain Classes of Female Workers, as Varied by the Trade Board and confirmed by an Order of the Minister of Labour, dated 18th December 1922, together with the Minimum Rates for all other Female Workers (as set out in the Schedule to the Trade Board's Notice Q. (15), dated 7th June 1922), which are not affected by the variation and which remain in operation.

The Minimum Rates of Wages set out in the Schedule below are effective as follows:—

- (1) The General Minimum Time-Rates and Piece-Work Basis Time Rates marked † and the Overtime Rates based thereon, as from 15th January 1922;
- (2) All the other Minimum Rates as from 1st January 1923.*

* Should this date not correspond with the beginning of the period for which wages are paid by an employer who pays wages at intervals not exceeding seven days, the rates shall become effective as from the beginning of the next full pay period, but in any case not later than 7th January 1923.

General Minimum Time-Rates.

- Female Workers of 18 years of age and over employed as Polishers or as Drop Stampers—7½d., 8½d., or 9½d. per hour, according to length of experience.
- Female Workers of 18 years of age and over employed as Hand-Brush-Japanners who are capable of finishing all classes of work, Hand-Brush-Lacquerers who are capable of finishing all classes of work, Blow-Pipe-Braziers or Solderers using ordinary Hand-Iron or Blow-Pipe with bar solder—6½d., 7½d., or 8½d. per hour, according to length of experience.
- All other Female Workers of 18 years of age and over—7d. per hour.†
- All other Female Workers under 18 years of age—According to age and occupation. (See Part I. of the Schedule below.)

Piece-Work Basis Time-Rates.

- All Female Workers employed as Polishers or as Drop Stampers—10½d. per hour.
- All Female Workers employed as Hand-Brush-Japanners who are capable of finishing all classes of work, Hand-Brush-Lacquerers who are capable of finishing all classes of work, Blow-Pipe-Braziers or Solderers using ordinary Hand-Iron or Blow-Pipe with bar solder—9½d. per hour.
- All other Female Workers of 18 years of age or over—Sd. per hour.†
- All other Female Workers under 18 years of age—According to age. (See Section III. of Part II. of the Schedule below.)

Overtime Rates.—See Part III. of the Schedule below.

The Rates in full as legally enforceable are set out in detail in the Schedule below.

SCHEDULE.

PART I.

GENERAL MINIMUM TIME-RATES.

SECTION I.—For Female Workers who are employed as Polishers or as Drop Stampers, while so employed:—

- (a) Workers of 18 years of age and over:—

	Per hour.
During first 12 months of employment after the age of 18	8½
After completion of 12 months of employment after the age of 18	9½
Provided that, in the case of Female Workers entering the branches of the trade specified in this Section for the first time at or over the age of 18 years, the General Minimum Time-Rate applicable during the first two months of employment shall be	7½
- (b) Workers of 17 and under 18 years of age ... 7½
- Workers of 16 and under 17 years of age ... 6½
- Workers of 15 and under 16 years of age ... 5½
- Workers under 15 years of age ... 4½

SECTION II.—For Female Workers who are employed as Hand-Brush-Japanners and are capable of finishing all classes of work, Hand-Brush-Lacquerers who are capable of finishing all classes of work, Blow-Pipe-Braziers or Solderers using ordinary Hand-Iron or Blow-Pipe with Bar Solder, while so employed:—

- (a) Workers of 18 years of age and over:—

	Per hour.
During first 12 months of employment after the age of 18	7½
After completion of 12 months of employment after the age of 18	8½
Provided that, in the case of Female Workers entering the branches of the trade specified in this Section for the first time at or over the age of 18 years, the General Minimum Time-Rate applicable during the first two months of employment shall be	6½
- (b) Workers of 17 and under 18 years of age ... 6½
- Workers of 16 and under 17 years of age ... 5½
- Workers of 15 and under 16 years of age ... 4½
- Workers under 15 years of age ... 3½

at the earliest opportunity. Though badly concussed by a 5.9 inch bursting within a few feet of him, he still continued at duty. His fearlessness at all times was a fine example to all ranks.

T./Capt. (A./Maj.) William Thomas Wilson, M.C., 256th Tunnlg. Coy., R.E.

For conspicuous devotion to duty at Bellenlise on September 30th, 1918, when he supervised the removal of mines and traps from the Bellenlise-Magny Tunnel. With great foresight he arranged for the return of the German engineer to start the lighting plant and forced him to disclose the locations of the mines and firing circuit. When these had been discovered and rendered harmless, he cleared the tunnel and, at great personal risk, forced the driver to start the engine, despite protests that there might be other mines connected to it. By his coolness and disregard of danger he set a fine example to his men.

Maj. and Bt. Lt.-Col. (T./Lt.-Col.) Hugh Kennedy Woods, S. Lan. R., secd. 9th Bn. Tank Corps.

For conspicuous gallantry and devotion to duty north of St. Quentin on September 29th, 1918. He personally deployed his tanks and directed them on to their objectives. It was largely due to his personal gallantry and efforts that the tank attack was successfully launched and obtained such excellent results. He has fought his battalion in previous actions and during the operations in question with conspicuous success.

T./Capt. (A./Maj.) Thomas Forbes Young, M.C., 64th Field Coy. R.E.

On the River Lys at Cuerne on the night of October 16th/17th, 1918, for conspicuous gallantry and devotion to duty. He commanded the field company which was entrusted with the task of throwing bridges across the river to enable an infantry brigade to cross and secure a bridgehead. He first made a reconnaissance of the river bank and later, despite heavy shelling, brought up his equipment and constructed two bridges. Again, on the night of the 19th/20th, thanks to his coolness and ability, a bridge and two ferries were constructed under heavy trench mortar and machine-gun fire, and the brigade enabled to cross.

Lt.-Col. James Younger, 14th Bn. R. Highrs., T.F.

For conspicuous gallantry and devotion to duty. During the operations at Moislains on September 2nd, 1918, when a strong enemy counter-attack was developed and a heavy barrage put down by them, he at once went forward through the barrage and steadied and reorganised the battalion. He was severely wounded in doing so, but continued to command until relieved. He behaved most gallantly.

CANADIAN FORCE.

Maj. Edwin Godfrey Phipps Baker, M.C., 47th Bn. Can. Infy., West. Ont. R.

For conspicuous gallantry in front of Inchy-en-Artois during the operations September 27th/29th, 1918. He commanded his battalion

in heavy fighting on two successive days, and by his personal example and splendid leadership inspired the officers and men of his command. In particular, on the night of September 28th, when it was necessary to again use his battalion in restoring the situation, he led his unit in the attack, defeating the enemy and restoring our line in advance of the position previously held. Throughout the operations his work was of the highest order.

Maj. William Edgar Davis, 11th Bn. Can. Rail. Troops.

For conspicuous gallantry and devotion to duty on August 21st, 1918, whilst in charge of a detachment near Bucquoy. He made reconnaissances of the lines in forward areas to be reconstructed under shell and machine gun fire, and carried out this work under very difficult conditions. Prior to the operations he superintended the reconstruction of the main light railway line through to Bucquoy, after making skilful surveys almost up to the front line trenches. He rendered most valuable service, and at all times has shown complete disregard for personal safety.

Lt. James Moore Dunwoody, D.C.M., Fort Garry Horse.

In the action at the Bois de Gattigny on October 9th, 1918, he was sent with his troop to ride down enemy machine guns on the right flank of the position at P.25a. In order to draw their fire and if possible to capture their machine guns, thus enabling the right flank of the enemy's position to be turned, he rode with his troops over 2,000 yards constantly under machine gun fire, and while he and a number of his troop became casualties, he succeeded in driving the enemy from the guns, of which about fifteen were captured. This officer's great gallantry and determination prevented heavy casualties and by silencing the machine guns at this point made a continuation of the advance possible.

Maj. Orvil Ard Elliott, C.A. Dent. Corps, attd. 5th Can. Fld. Amb.

At Neuville Vitasse, Wancourt, Cherisy, from August 26th to 29th, 1918. For marked gallantry and devotion to duty. As the infantry advanced, he followed up closely and although many times he was forced to pass through heavy enemy barrages he kept in close touch with the battalions and kept establishing collecting posts as far forward as possible. He was the direct means of saving many lives and throughout the operations his untiring efforts and disregard for his personal safety were a constant source of inspiration to those about him.

Maj. Charles James Ingles, 20th Bn. Can. Infy., 1st Cent. Ont. R.

For conspicuous gallantry and determined leadership. On the morning of August 26th he handled his company with great skill and daring, working forward under heavy machine-gun and artillery fire and taking his objective. On two occasions he organised parties to clean out enemy machine-gun nests that were impeding the advance. He was wounded in the arm but insisted in remaining with his company during the afternoon and night, defend-

ing a portion of the line subject to counter-attack. His example was an inspiration to all ranks.

Capt. John Robertson Stewart Lough, M.C., 72nd Bn. Can. Infy., Brit. Col. R.

For conspicuous gallantry and determined leadership during operations before Cambrai from September 27th to October 1st, 1918. He was in charge of a company only numbering sixty during the attack on Sancourt and Blecourt. He mopped-up the village and sent to the rear over 200 prisoners out of Sancourt alone; and captured an additional 80 prisoners in Blecourt. Later, he organized his men in defensive posts and reported to battalion headquarters the position, not only of his own posts but also that of the company on his left. His reports throughout were remarkably clear and of the greatest value.

Maj. Edward Liddell Middlemast, Fort Garry Horse.

On the morning of October 9th, 1918, he was in charge of advanced guard squadron of the regiment, and located the enemy with many machine guns in the Bois-du-Mont Aux-Villes and Bois-de-Gattigny. After successfully sizing up the situation and timing himself with the advancing infantry, he charged the wood with the sword around the enemy's right flank, killing large numbers and capturing approximately 200 prisoners and 20 machine guns. Although wounded in this charge, he, after having his wound dressed, resumed command of his squadron and did valuable work during the remainder of the day. He did splendid work.

Lt.-Col. Alexander Thomas Ogilvie, 14th Bde. Can. Fld. Arty.

For conspicuous gallantry and ability on September 2nd, 1918, near Vis-en-Artois. He manoeuvred his brigade from the extreme left of the corps front line into a forward position in support of the centre. He made a rapid reconnaissance of the new situation under heavy shell fire, and was in a position to cover the infantry with all his batteries before the former were in position to commence the attack. He was able, through his own reconnaissance and that of his F.O.O.'s to give the infantry brigadier much useful information, and throughout the day rendered very valuable support to the infantry.

Lt.-Col. Stanley Paulin, 11th Fld. Amb., Can. A.M.C.

He was in charge of the evacuation of the brigade wounded in the operations about Cambrai. For the five days of that battle he worked day and night with very little rest. He was always leading and directing his men, and by his splendid example was responsible for the wonderful work done by those under him. His work under heavy shell and machine gun fire was admirable.

Maj. Leslie Frank Pearce, M.C., 4th Bn. Can. M.G. Corps.

For conspicuous gallantry and ability to command at Bourlon and north of Cambrai, from September 27th/October 1st, 1918. Throughout the operation he displayed marked

skill in handling his batteries, particularly on October 1st, when he was sent forward with instructions to ensure the machine-gun defence of the ground which had been gained. He made personal reconnaissance under heavy fire and rapidly arranged excellent dispositions. That the brigade held its ground was as much due to his skill in handling his machine guns as to the stubbornness of the infantry defence.

Lt. Ebenezer Menzies Preston, M.M., 87th Bn. Can. Infy., Quebec R.

For most conspicuous gallantry at Bourlon, September 27th, 1918, Cambrai sector. He commanded one of the leading platoons of his company and as they approached the railway embankment they came under heavy machine-gun fire. He at once called for volunteers, and with two men crawled up to within bombing distance and then bombed and rushed the post. He killed two of the crew who had escaped the bombs and sent a third out as prisoner. In all, eight of the enemy were accounted for. His fine action enabled his company to continue the advance.

Maj. Eduard John Wilson Ryan, 102nd Bn. Can. Infy., 2nd Cent. Ont. R.

For conspicuous gallantry and able leadership in command of his battalion during the whole of the operation from September 2nd/5th, 1918, between Dury and the Canal du Nord. He led the battalion from the assembly point to the jumping-off place under a continuous barrage of shell and machine-gun fire, and when on arrival it was found that the battalions, through which this unit was to pass had been held up, he withdrew his men into immediate support; and afterwards carried out the relief in pitch darkness over an unknown area, going forward and personally directing the operation. On the following morning he advanced the battalion four miles to the west bank of the Canal du Nord, and finally cleared the enemy out of their last stronghold, a wood on the western bank.

Lt. Philip Boyd Stairs, Can. Fld. Arty., attd. T.M. Bty., 5th Can. Div. Arty.

For conspicuous gallantry and devotion to duty near Villers-les-Cagnicourt on September 2nd, 1918. He brought his mortar into action mounted upon a lorry, and engaged at short range enemy who were massing for a counter-attack. The whole of his crew being wounded and his mortar being subject to heavy fire from enemy guns firing over open sights, he kept it in action himself until a direct hit put it out and set the lorry on fire. Though he was wounded and there was ammunition on the burning lorry, he then climbed back, rescued his wounded crew, and attempted to extinguish the fire. During this time he was again wounded, but carried on until the ammunition exploded, destroying the lorry. He behaved most gallantly.

AUSTRALIAN IMPERIAL FORCE.

Lt. Henry Seymour Baker, 13th Bn. Aust. I.F.

During the advance on September 18th, 1918, near Le Verguier, N. of St. Quentin, he acted as right guide to his battalion, and despite the great difficulties caused

by fog and uncut wire and heavy machine gun and artillery fire, carried out his duties in a most gallant and skilful manner. On reaching the first objective he went ahead to reconnoitre, and located a large party of the enemy. He threw bombs at them and twenty surrendered. These he brought back with him, and then got together a party of men and again attacked the enemy, taking further prisoners. At the first objective he had received a painful wound in the leg but carried on right to the final objective. He behaved splendidly.

Lt. William Stanley Bennett, M.C., 10th Bn. Aust. Infy.

For most conspicuous gallantry near Villeret on September 18th, 1918. Whilst leading his platoon with the first wave he observed a nest of machine guns firing through our barrage and holding up our advance. He ran out ahead of his men into the barrage, worked his way round to the rear of the nest and shot five of the enemy with his revolver, made thirty men surrender and captured their five guns. Thanks to this fine action which was accomplished single handed under a hail of bullets, the advance was enabled to continue.

Maj. (T./Lt.-Col.) Alexander Kenneth Macenzie, M.C., 1st Bn. Aust. Infy.

In the attack on Hargicourt and subsequent operations, September 18th/21st 1918, in command of a battalion he showed great skill and gallantry in preparing the attack and during the advance. The attack was in every way successful and resulted in the capture of several hundred prisoners and some field guns. During the difficult period of holding the line he showed ability in disposing his troops, and his work was of the greatest value to the brigade during a delicate situation.

Maj. Leonard May, M.C., Aust. A.M.C., attd. 11th Bn. Aust. Infy.

During the attack near Villeret on September 18th, 1918, he displayed great gallantry and devotion to duty whilst attending to the wounded. In consequence of his excellent organisation for clearing the wounded he was able to keep in touch with the advance, constantly moving his aid post forward with the barrage, and maintaining liaison with the attacking companies throughout. He showed great disregard of danger under heavy artillery and machine-gun fire, and by his skill saved many lives.

Lt. John McLean, M.C., 42nd Bn. Aust. Infy.

On August 11/12th, 1918, during operations on the Somme, he, with a Lewis gun section attacked an enemy strong point north of Rosieres which was holding up the advance of a flank company, whose success meant the success of the line. With extraordinary gallantry he accounted for five enemy machine guns, two by himself, cleared the strong point, and enabled the flank company to continue their advance. Just before reaching his final objective he was wounded, but continued to control his platoon until the capture of the final position, and then superintended consolidation. His magnificent example of courageous conduct produced a great moral effect

on the whole of the attacking troops and did much to ensure his company's success. He did most splendid work.

Maj. William Robert Wadsworth, M.C., 14th Bn. Aust. Infy.

For conspicuous gallantry and valuable services near Ascension Wood, north of St. Quentin, on September 18th, 1918. He led his company with the greatest dash until the whole battalion was held up by intense machine-gun fire on the wire of the Hindenburg outpost line. At this stage he took charge of the battalion and displayed great tactical skill in manoeuvring the men to take the position on a flank. He constantly moved up and down the line supervising the action of the companies and showed a complete disregard for his own personal safety. Having successfully reorganised the battalion he, by a series of skilfully planned bombing attacks, succeeded in carrying the enemy line on a frontage of 1,400 yards.

NEW ZEALAND FORCE.

Capt. Patrick Augustine Ardagh, M.C., N.Z. Med. Co., attd. 1st Bn. Auck. R.

For conspicuous gallantry and devotion to duty during an attack east of Masnieres. Being forced to place his dressing station in a spot constantly shelled by the enemy for thirty-six hours, he continued to dress wounded while shells fell on the station. He attended, not only his own battalion wounded, but men of three other battalions, and worked continuously without sleep all the time. He displayed high courage and resource and was the means of saving many lives.

AWARDED A SECOND BAR TO THE MILITARY CROSS.

T./Capt. George Oliver Fairclough Alley, M.C., M.B., R.A.M.C., attd. 2nd Bn. R. Ir. Regt.

For conspicuous courage, energy and initiative during the operations on October 8th, 1918, in front of Niergnies. He followed up the battalion in the attack, dressing and evacuating wounded under heavy shelling, eventually establishing his aid post right forward in a section of trench in the rear of the front line. Here he dressed and evacuated wounded, not only of his own battalion and brigade but of battalions operating on the right and left flanks. Throughout the day he behaved splendidly and by his fine devotion to duty saved many lives.

(M.C. gazetted 4th June, 1917.)

(1st Bar gazetted 16th September, 1918.)

T./2nd Lt. Walter George Bailey, M.C., attd. 2nd Bn. Suff. R.

For conspicuous gallantry and devotion to duty at Seranvillers on October 8th, 1918. He assembled the troops, and afterwards with a few scouts moved forward with the attack. He cleared the village and, with four men, captured prisoners and machine guns. He reorganised men of the battalion who had lost their companies and then went out and ascertained the enemy's dispositions under very heavy machine-gun and shell fire. Greatly owing to his gallant and determined leadership all objectives were gained.

(M.C. gazetted 26th July, 1918.)

(1st Bar gazetted 2nd December, 1918.)

T./2nd Lt. Frederick William Cook, M.C., D.C.M., Suff. R., attd. 2nd Bn.

For conspicuous gallantry and initiative whilst in command of a company during the attack on Flesquieres and Ribecourt on September 27th, 1918. Seeing that a large gap had occurred on the right he promptly moved his company across the railway and filled the gap. He cleared the ground of all enemy as far as Ribecourt, although under heavy machine-gun fire and artillery fire with open sights. Later, in conjunction with other troops he cleared Ribecourt, and took over 200 prisoners. He did fine work.

(M.C. gazetted 26th July, 1918.)

(1st Bar gazetted 24th September, 1918.)

T./Capt. (A./Maj.) Daniel Douglas Pole Evans, M.C., D./112th Bde., R.F.A.

For conspicuous gallantry and skill under heavy enemy fire east of Epehy on September 12th, 1918, and two succeeding days. During these days he maintained the closest touch with an infantry battalion, and on every occasion that unit required artillery support he proceeded to the most advanced position possible, and regardless of enemy shell and machine-gun fire, so directed the fire of his battery as to be of the most assistance to the battalion. He set a fine example to all those serving under him.

(M.C. gazetted 24th September, 1918.)

(1st Bar gazetted 1st February, 1919.)

Lt. (A./Capt.) Charles Harold Hollis, M.C., 5th Bn. E. Surr. R., T.F., attd. 1/1st Bn. Camb. R.

For conspicuous gallantry and devotion to duty on August 28th, 1918, at Maltz Horn Farm Ridge. He led his company with great gallantry to the final objective. On arriving there he found a dangerous gap between his flank and the next unit. He thereupon returned through the hostile barrage and found that the missing company had lost all its officers, and had become greatly disorganised. He quickly reorganised the company and led them on to their objective, where he consolidated both companies. His coolness and initiative materially contributed to the success of the operation.

(M.C. gazetted 16th September, 1918.)

(1st Bar gazetted 1st February, 1919.)

2nd Lt. (A./Capt.) William Kay, M.C., 3rd Bn. Manch. R., attd. 2nd Bn.

For conspicuous gallantry and devotion to duty at Joncourt on October 2nd, 1918. He supervised the forming up of the battalion prior to zero hour under very heavy shell fire, and encouraged the men by his calm and collected manner. Later, when the battalion had suffered very heavy casualties, and the situation was obscure, he went out and reconnoitred the whole line and brought back exact dispositions and valuable information which led to new dispositions being made with a view to holding the line. In the evening he again led forward the ration party to the new line, and it was entirely due to his personal energy and zeal that the rations were delivered intact.

(M.C. gazetted 22nd April, 1918.)

(1st Bar gazetted 11th January, 1919.)

Lt. (T./Capt.) William John Knight, M.C., M.D., R.A.M.C., attd. 89th Fld. Amb.

During the operations East of Ypres from September 28th to October 3rd, 1918, he was in charge of the stretcher-bearers attached to a brigade. He led his bearers in the rear of the attacking infantry, dressing the wounded as they fell, and seeing that every case was carried away from the battlefield. During the whole of the advance he showed an utter contempt for danger, dressing the wounded under shell, machine-gun, and rifle fire. Later, when the advance came to a standstill, he established touch with all the regimental medical officers and personally conducted the evacuation of wounded from the R.A.P.'s. On many occasions he went forward with stretcher squads to bring back wounded to the R.A.P.'s. He displayed great gallantry throughout and did admirable work.

(M.C. gazetted 31st May, 1916.)

(1st Bar gazetted 18th February, 1918.)

Lt. (A./Capt.) Gordon Holmes Alexander MacMillan, M.C., 2nd Bn., A. & S. Highrs.

When the battalion advanced on the morning of October 10th, 1918, they came under exceptionally heavy shell fire crossing the high ground north-west of Le Cateau. The enemy's guns were firing chiefly over open sights. There were a large number of casualties, and momentarily the battalion became somewhat disorganised. He at once ran forward, and by his absolute fearlessness and gallant leadership was greatly instrumental in rallying the men and enabling the advance to be resumed. He led one of the front companies until it was reduced to six other ranks, and when the advance was held up, made his way back to battalion Headquarters over 600 yards of open country exposed to snipers, machine-gun fire and shelling, bringing a valuable report.

(M.C. gazetted 25th August, 1916.)

(1st Bar gazetted 26th July, 1917.)

Lt. Martin Munro, M.C., 2/4th Bn. Y. & L. R., T.F.

On September 27th, 1918, in front of Havrincourt, he led his company through a heavy enemy barrage, and assisted in the capture of Ribecourt. He led several sectional rushes under intense and close enemy machine-gun fire. Again on September 28th, 1918, in front of Marcoing, he led his company to their final objectives, under heavy enemy machine-gun fire, and point-blank fire from enemy field guns, capturing three field pieces and one heavy howitzer. Several enemy machine-guns were captured and subsequently turned on the enemy; and later, when the enemy made a determined counter attack he beat off the attack and afterwards consolidated his line.

(M.C. gazetted 4th February, 1918.)

(1st Bar gazetted 11th January, 1919.)

Rev. James Gilbert Paton, M.C., R. Army Chapl. Dept., attd. 2nd Bn. R. Innis. Fus.

For great courage and devotion to duty. During the attack upon Moorseele and Gullegem on October 14th and 15th, 1918, he never spared himself. He worked continuously through the operations, carrying in

NOTICE.

THE Firm of CRAWFORD, HERRON, & CAMERON, Writers, 104 West Regent Street, Glasgow, of which the Subscribers were the Partners, was, of mutual consent, DISSOLVED on 31st May 1919.

The Subscribers George Johnston Cameron, Hugh Herron, and John Henderson continue the Business at the same address under the same Firm name.

The Subscriber Robert Gibson will in the meantime carry on business at 104 West Regent Street, Glasgow, in his own name.

16th July 1919.

GEO. J. CAMERON.

HUGH HERRON.

JOHN HENDERSON.

A. WHITSON, Writer, Glasgow,
GEORGE WOUALL, Law Clerk, 77 St.
Vincent Street, Glasgow,

Witnesses to the Signature of George
Johnston Cameron, Hugh Herron,
and John Henderson.

ROBERT GIBSON.

JOHN BAIRD, Solicitor, Edinburgh,

A. WHITSON, Writer, Glasgow,

Witnesses to the Signature of Robert
Gibson.

BANKRUPTS.

FROM THE LONDON GAZETTE.

RECEIVING ORDERS.

Henry Frederick Adlard, 55 Banner Street, City Road, E.C. 1, printer.

Gordon Hewitt, carried on business at 81 Shaftesbury Avenue, in the county of London.

G. Seymour Higginson, of and lately carrying on business at 2 and 3 Union Mews, Great Portland Street, in the county of London, engineer.

Frank Hutchison, 6 Regency House, Warwick Street, in the county of London, dealer in pearls and diamonds.

Peter Van Meurs, 23 Upper Park Road, Hampstead, London.

J. Mackenzie O'Brien, 10 Rydal Road, Streatham, in the county of Surrey.

ADJUDICATION ANNULLED.

Charles Whatmore, 1 Ayr Street, Barrow-in-Furness, in the county of Lancaster, plater.

ADJUDICATION ANNULLED AND RECEIVING ORDER RESCINDED.

Sidney Lassman, 136 Brondesbury Park, Cricklewood, London, N.W., lately carrying on business at 291A Oxford Street, London, W., and workshop at 285 Oxford Street, London, W.

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