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DOWNING STREET, SEPTEMBER 4, 1807.

Dispatches, of which the following are copies and extracts, have been received by the Viscount Castlereagh, one of his Majesty's principal secretaries of state, from Admiral Gambier and Lieutenant-General the Right Honourable Lord Cathcart, K. T. the commanders of his Majesty's naval and military forces in the Baltic sea :

Prince of Wales, in the Sound, off Wibeck, Aug. 16, 1807.

MY LORD,

I have the honour to inform your Lordship, that Lieutenant-General Lord Cathcart joined me, off Elsinour, on the 12th instant. every disposition being made for the disembarkation of the army, this service was intended to be carried into execution on the morning of the 14th, but the wind not allowing the transports to move towards Copenhagen, it was not till last evening that I arrived off Wibeck, a village situated about midway between Elsinour and Copenhagen, and at this place the army was disembarked this morning without the smallest opposition.

I have the honour to transmit herewith a copy of the proclamation which Lieutenant General Lord Cathcart and myself have determined to issue on this occasion.

I have the Honour to be, &c.

(Signed) J. GAMBIER.

Viscount Castlereagh, &c. &c. &c.

By the Commanders in Chief of his His Majesty's Forces by Sea and by Land.

Whereas the present treaties of peace, and the changes of government and of territory acceded to, and by so many foreign powers, have so far increased the influence of France on the continent of Europe, as to render it impossible for Denmark, though it desires to be neutral, to preserve its neutrality, and absolutely necessary

for those who continue to resist the French aggression, to take measures to prevent the arms of a neutral power from being turned against them.

In this view the king cannot regard the present position of Denmark with indifference, and his Majesty has sent negociators with ample powers to his Danish Majesty, to request in the most amicable manner such explanations as the times require, and a concurrence in such measures as can alone give security against the further mischiefs which the French meditate through the acquisition of the Danish navy.

The King our royal and most gracious master has therefore judged it expedient to desire the temporary deposit of the Danish ships of the line in one of his Majesty's ports.

This deposit seems to be so just, and so indispensably necessary under the relative circumstances of the neutral and belligerent powers, that his Majesty has further deemed it a duty to himself and to his people, to support his demand by a powerful fleet, and by an army amply supplied with every preparation necessary for the most determined and active enterprize.

We come, therefore, to your shores, inhabitants of Zealand, not as enemies, but in self defence, to prevent those who have so long disturbed the peace of Europe from compelling the force of your navy to be turned against us.

We ask deposit, we have not looked to capture; so far from it, the most solemn pledge has been offered to your government, and is hereby renewed, in the name, and at the express command, of the King our Master, that if our demand is amicably acceded to, every ship belonging to Denmark shall, at the conclusion of a general peace, be restored to her in the same condition and state of equipment as when received under the protection of the British flag.

It is in the power of your government by a

word to sheath our swords, most reluctantly drawn against you; but if, on the other hand, the machinations of France render you deaf to the voice of reason, and to the call of friendship, the innocent blood that will be spilt, and the horrors of the besieged and bombarded capital, must fall on your own heads, and on those of your cruel advisers.

His Majesty's seamen and soldiers when on shore, will treat Zealand, as long as your conduct to them permits it, on the footing of a province of the most friendly power in alliance with Great Britain, whose territory has the misfortune to be the theatre of war.

The persons of all those who remain at home, and who do not take a hostile part, will be held sacred.

Property will be respected and preserved, and the most severe discipline will be enforced.

Every article of supply furnished or brought to market will be paid for at a fair and settled price; but as immediate and constant supplies, especially of provisions, forage, fuel, and transport, are necessary to all armies, it is well known that requisitions are unavoidable, and must be enforced.

Much convenience must arise to the inhabitants, and much confusion and loss to them will be prevented, if persons in authority are found in the several districts to whom requisitions may be addressed, and through whom claims for payment may be settled and liquidated.

If such persons are appointed, and discharge their duty without meddling in matters which do not concern them, they shall be respected, and all requisitions shall be addressed to them through the proper channels and departments of the navy and army; but as forbearance on the part of the inhabitants is essential to the principal of these arrangements, it is necessary that all manner of civil persons should remain at

Price Sixpence.



their respective habitations; and any peasants or other persons found in arms, singly or in small troops, or who may be guilty of any act of violence, must expect to be treated with rigour.

The government of his Danish Majesty having hitherto refused to treat this matter in an amicable way, part of the army has been disembarked, and the whole force has assumed a warlike attitude; but it is as yet not too late for the voice of reason and moderation to be heard.

Given in the Sound, under our hands and seals this 16th day of August, 1807.

(Signed) JAMES GAMBIE.
CATHCART.

Extract of a Letter from Lieutenant-General Lord Cathcart to Lord Castlereagh, dated Head Quarters at Hellerup, before Copenhagen, August 22, 1807.

I have inclosed a journal of the operations of the army from the 14th, in the morning, together with a return of the casualties which have occurred, except those of the cavalry, which are not considerable, but have not been transmitted.

Head-Quarters, Hellerup, before Copenhagen,
22d August 1807.

Journal of the Army under the Command of Lieutenant-General Lord Cathcart, from the Morning of the 14th August 1807.

August 14th.—The fleet between Elsinour and Helsingberg—calms and contrary winds—transports assembled by brigades, each under the charge of one of his Majesty's ships.

15th. The fleet worked up to Vedbeck, the reserve anchoring nearest the shore, covered by the Surveillante, and by several gun-brigs and bomb's. Major-General Spencer's brigade under convoy of Admiral Essington, with a division of the fleet, anchored higher up the Sound to make a diversion.

Coast reconnoitered, and disposition made for landing.

16th. The reserve landed at five in the morning, with the ordnance of a light brigade, and occupied the heights. The remainder of the infantry followed with the ordnance of another light brigade. A squadron of the 1st light dragoons, horses for the two brigades of artillery, and for the staff, were also disembarked. A flag of truce was received from Major-General Pyemen, Commander in Chief in Copenhagen, requesting passports for their highnesses the two princesses of Denmark, nieces to his Danish Majesty, to go from Copenhagen to Colding, which were granted.

In the evening, the army marched by their left in three columns by Nerun to Lyngbyl; the centre by Hermitage and Fortuna to Jagersborg, the left by the coast to Charlottenberg, and lay upon their arms.

17th. At day-break the army marched by their right in three columns to invest the town. The left column established a post at Bagerne's mill, and extended from Frøborg to Emdrup. That from Jagersborg by Gladsacks and Vanloes to Fredericksberg, extending to the sea on the right, and towards Falconergard on their left. The reserve from Lyngbyl marched by Bangede and Emdrup, and occupied the space between the two other divisions. Two brigades of the King's German legion remained at Charlottenfurd to cover the disembarkation of the cavalry and park of artillery.

Major-General Spencer's brigade landed at Skoreshard, and marched into their post on the left of the line. All the divisions giving piquets

to the rear to prevent surprise from the country. Head-quarters established at Hellerup. Transports assembled at Skoreshard, where the cavalry commenced disembarking. Princesses of Denmark came out of the city on their route to Colding, and were received with the honours due to their rank by the brigade of guards, near the palace of Fredericksberg.

The piquets of the left towards the town were attacked about noon:—at the same time the enemy's gun-boats towed out of the harbour, and cannonaded the left of the line with grape and round-shot. The piquets drove in and pursued the enemy, and resumed their posts, part of the line having advanced to sustain them. His Majesty's gun-brigs and bombs having been towed as near the harbour as they could, opened a fire at a considerable distance upon the enemy's gun-boats, which, after a long cannonade, retired into the harbour.

18th. At daybreak the gun-boats renewed the attack upon the gun-brigs, trusting to the superior weight of their guns. The latter having, during the night, exchanged their carronades for eighteen pounders, the gun-boats retired, but advanced again with increased numbers. A brigade of nine pounders, from the park, having been brought to the mill, took them in flank, upon which they turned their fire to the lines, and, after cannonading for some time, were driven in, together with their field-pieces, which advanced upon the road.

Engineers tools, &c. &c. having been disembarked, a work was begun at the mill, and considerable progress was made. The same day the cavalry moved to their quarters at Charlottenberg, Jagersborg, and Vanloes, with piquets in the country, and a chain of posts, supported by the 1st battalion of the King's German legion from Lorgenfree and Kollekolle, under the direction of Brigadier-General V. D. Decken.

19th. The works carried on by parties of six hundred men, relieved every four hours. The gun-boats attacked at daybreak, but were driven off by the field pieces which were now protected. Some of the pipes were discovered which convey fresh water to the town from Emdrup. The frigates and gun-brigs having a favourable breeze, took their station near the entrance of the harbour, within reach of throwing shells into the town.

Four twenty four-pounders were brought into the battery at the mill. Great progress was made in the work at that place, and in a howitzer battery in the rear of it, with traverses and cover for the men.

Brigadier-General Decken surprised and took the post of Frederickswork, commanded by a major, aid-de-camp to the crown prince, who capitulated with 850 men and officers, with a foundery and depot of cannon and powder.

The king's household, with part of his Danish majesty's wardrobe, plate, wine, and books were suffered to come out of the town to follow his Majesty, (who has withdrawn to Colding), passports having been requested.

Some gentlemen residing in the district of Copenhagen, and in the bailiwicks towards Elsinour, having offered their services to accept the office of magistrates and superintendants of police in their respective districts, under the commander of the forces, an order was made for that purpose, and sent to be printed and published, and a commission was given, in reference to a proclamation printed and published in German and Danish on the day of disembarkation.

20th. Farther progress made in the works.

More ordnance landed and mounted. A patrol on the left having reported that a body of cavalry, with a corps of infantry in their rear, had been seen in front of Roeskilde, Colonel Røeden sent a squadron to reconnoitre them, which found them assembled near that place, and immediately charged and put them to flight, leaving 16 or 18 men killed, and taking 3 prisoners and 29 horses.

The dragoons pursued the enemy to the gates of Roeskilde, where they were received by a heavy fire infantry, and returned to their quarters.

The admiral came to head-quarters in the morning, and returned to his ship.

21st. Lord Rosslyn's corps disembarked in the north part of Keoge bay, with two batteries of artillery, sending round the remaining transports to Skoreshard. A strong patrol of cavalry and infantry was sent to cover his landing.

Progress made in cutting off the water. Further arrangements made with gentlemen of the country. Passport granted to Prince Frederick Ferdinand of Denmark and his preceptor.

Notice given that no more passports can be granted:—at the same time a recommendation urged to the commanding general, to consider the dreadful consequences of making a capital city of such extent stand a siege and bombardment like an ordinary fortress. Great advance made in perfecting the works already in progress which cover our left.

A trench pushed forward, and a new battery erected three hundred yards in advance. Brigadier-General Macfarlane's brigade landed at Skoreshard—Great progress made in landing the battery train and stores for the siege—Fascines made for a new battery on the right. These works being completed will take the enemy's line of advanced posts in reverse, and will cover and secure the advance of the army to a new position.

(Signed) CATHCART.

General Return of Casualties from the Landing of the Troops in the Island of Zealand, on the 16th to the 21st of August 1807.

Royal Artillery—1 officer, 1 rank and file, 2 horses killed; 4 horses wounded.

1st Batt. 92d—1 rank and file killed.

2d Batt. 95th—1 rank and file wounded.

1st Batt. 82d—1 officer killed; 1 officer wounded.

1st Batt. 43d—1 rank and file wounded.

Total—2 officers, 2 rank and file, 2 horses killed; 1 officer, 1 rank and file, 4 horses wounded.

Names of Officers killed—Lieutenant Lyons, of the Royal Artillery.

Ensign Dixon, of the 1st Batt. 82d.

Name of Officer wounded—Captain Hastings, of the 1st Batt. 82d.

Prince of Wales, off Copenhagen,
August 20, 1807.

MY LORD,
I have the honour to transmit to your Lordship a copy of the translation of an edict, published by the General in Chief of the Danish army, which has been transmitted to me by Charles Fenwick, Esq. his Majesty's consul-general at Elsinour.

I have the honour to be, &c.

J. GAMBIE.

Viscount Castlereagh, &c. &c. &c.

TRANSLATION.

Hostilities having commenced on the part of the English, I hereby declare, in virtue of the highest authority, that all English property be laid under sequestration, which each and every one is accordingly enjoined to report the English property of what kind or nature soever to the police, who will make the further necessary arrangements. Any one who conceals, or

does not fulfill this order, will be considered as a traitor to the country.

(Signed) PEYMAN.

Copenhagen, August 16, 1807.

MY LORD,

Prince of Wales, off Copenhagen,
August 21, 1807.

Being of opinion that the service on which his Majesty's forces at the island of Zealand are employed renders it highly expedient that all neutral trade therewith should be for the present suspended, I have judged it my duty to issue an order, (of which I have the honour to transmit your Lordship a copy), declaring the said islands, and others contiguous thereto, together with the passage of the Great Belt, to be in a state of close blockade, and directing that all neutral vessels persisting to enter into the said islands and passage, after receiving due notice thereof, shall be detained and sent to me at this anchorage, intending that such vessels shall not be allowed to pursue their respective voyages until the circumstances of the islands shall permit them to do so, consistently with the object of the present service.

I have the honour to be, &c.

J. GAMBIER.

Viscount Castlereagh, &c. &c. &c.

By James Gambier, Esq. Admiral of the Blue, and Commander in Chief of a Fleet of His Majesty's Ships and Vessels employed on a particular service.

Whereas I have judged it expedient, in conducting the operations of his Majesty's fleet under my command against Copenhagen, to surround the island of Zealand, and the other islands contiguous thereto, with his Majesty's ships, in order to prevent reinforcements or supplies of any kind whatsoever from being thrown into the said islands, I do hereby declare them, as well as the passage of the Great Belt, (extending from a bank or shoal named Hasteen's ground, to the south-east end of the island of Femeren), to be in a state of close blockade, and do also hereby direct the flag officers, captains, and commanders of the said ships, to give notice thereof to any neutral vessels they may find going into any of the ports of the said islands, or into the passage aforesaid, and to require them to desist therefrom; and in case any neutral vessels, after receiving such notice, shall attempt to enter into any port or place of the said islands, or into the passage aforesaid, the said flag-officers, captains, and commanders are hereby authorized and required to detain such vessels, and leaving their respective masters and a proportion of their crews on board to assist in navigating them, put a careful petty officer, with as many seamen as may be necessary into them respectively, and send them to me at this anchorage.

Given under my hand on board the Prince of Wales, off Copenhagen, August 21, 1807.

J. GAMBIER.

By command of the admiral,

JOS. TROUNSELL.

ADMIRALTY-OFFICE, SEPTEMBER 5, 1807.

Copy of a letter to the Hon. William Wellesley Pole, Secretary of the Admiralty, from James Gambier, Esq. Admiral of the Blue, and Commander in Chief of his Majesty's Ships and vessels in the Baltic, dated Prince of Wales, in the Sound, August 16, 1807.

SIR,

I beg you will inform the Lords Commissioners of the Admiralty, that I yesterday morning quitted the anchorage off Elsinour, and in the

evening arrived with the fleet and transports off Wibeck, a village about midway between that place and Copenhagen, where the army was this morning disembarked, without opposition.

I have the honour to be, &c.

JAMES GAMBIER.

Copy of a Letter from Admiral Gambier, Commander in Chief of a Squadron of his Majesty's Ships and Vessels employed on a particular service, to the Hon. William Wellesley Pole, dated on board the Prince of Wales, off Copenhagen, August 19, 1807.

SIR,

The hostile preparations of the Danish government being far advanced, I thought it proper to order the Defence and Comus to put to sea in pursuit of the Danish frigate, which, as I informed you in my letter of the 14th instant, had quitted Elsinour roads in the night between the 12th and 13th.

I have now to request you will lay before the Lords Commissioners of the Admiralty a copy of a letter which I have received from Captain Ekins of the Defence, and one from Captain Heywood to him, stating his having come up with and obtained possession of the said frigate.

When the inequality of force between the two ships is considered, with the trifling injury sustained by the Comus, it will appear unnecessary for me to make any comment on the bravery and skill which must have been displayed by Captain Heywood, his officers, and ship's company.

I have the honour to be, &c.

J. GAMBIER.

Fredericksoarn—26 twelve-pounders on the main-deck; 4 six-pounders, and 6 twelve-pounder carronades, on the quarter-deck and fore-castle; and 227 men.

Comus—22 nine-pounders on the main-deck; 8 twenty-four-pounder carronades, and 2 nine-pounder carronades, on the quarter-deck and fore-castle; and 145 men.

Defence, Scarw Light-House, S. $\frac{1}{2}$. E. 10 or 12 Miles, Saturday, 1 P. M. August 15, 1807.

SIR,

As the superior sailing of the Comus, in very light winds, has given Captain Heywood, his officers, and ship's company, an opportunity to distinguish themselves particularly by a very gallant action with an enemy greatly exceeding their force, I can therefore only regret the late arrival of the Defence, for the means that might otherwise have been afforded me of preventing the bloodshed which has resulted from it, though happily on the part of the enemy only. The crew of the Danish frigate considerably outnumbering the Comus's, I have thought it my duty to receive one hundred of them into this ship. Inclosed I transmit you Captain Heywood's letter.

I have the honour to be, &c.

CHARLES EKINS.

To Admiral Gambier, &c. &c.

His Majesty's Ship Comus, off Marstrand, August 15, 1807.

SIR,

I arrived within hail of the Danish frigate you gave me directions to chase and detain, at 12 o'clock last night, and repeatedly desired that she would submit to detention by this ship, but she refusing, and making all sail from us, I found it necessary to have recourse to arms; after having received a shot from her stern-chace-gun, we closed with her, and a smart action commenced, which continued about 45 minutes, when the two ships falling on board each other, the boarders, headed by Lieutenant G. E. Watts, assisted by Lieutenant Hood Knight, very gallantly boarded on her bow, and finally took possession of her.

All under my command conducted themselves in the bravest manner throughout the contest; and I feel happy to report only one person wounded. The loss of our opponent, (which proved to be His Danish Majesty's frigate Fredericksoarn, carrying 36 guns, 12-pounders, on her main-deck, and 226 men), was much more considerable, being 12 killed and 20 wounded, several mortally.

I have the honour to be, &c.

E. HEYWOOD.

Captain Charles Ekins, Defence.

WHITEHALL, SEPTEMBER 5, 1807.

The King has been pleased to nominate and appoint Sir John Stuart, Bart. to be one of the Barons of His Majesty's Court of Exchequer in Scotland, in the room of Sir John Dalrymple, Bart. resigned.

The King has also been pleased to nominate, constitute, and appoint Sir George Abercrombie, Bart. to be Clerk for the Admission of Notaries, in Scotland, in the room of Sir John Stuart-Bart. resigned.

WAR-OFFICE, SEPTEMBER 1, 1807.

Royal West India Rangers—Lieut. John Boyton, from the 89th foot, to be Lieutenant, vice Redmond, who exchanges.

Royal Regiment of Malta—Lieut. Albert Turretin, from the 27th foot, to be Captain of a company, vice Testaferrata, who resigns.

3d Garrison Battalion—Cornet William Nolan, from the 18th Light Dragoons, to be Ensign, vice Gibbs, who exchanges.

5th—Lieut. Robert Cockerell, from the 2d Dragoon Guards, to be Lieutenant, vice Scott, who exchanges.

Newfoundland Fencibles—T. Allsop, gent. to be Ensign, vice Bulger, who resigns. Edward Enright, gent. to be Ensign, vice Charlton, appointed to the 15th foot.

Barrack Artificer Company—Second Lieut. William Jones to be First Lieutenant, vice Barber, deceased. Serjeant Alexander Campbell, from the 42d foot, to be Second Lieutenant, vice Jones.

Brevet.—Captain James Burke, of the 2d foot, to be Major in the army.

STAFF.—David Allan, gent. to be an Assistant Commissary of Stores, Provisions, and Forage, to the forces.

HOSPITAL STAFF.—William Irvine, M. D. from half-pay, to be Physician to the forces.

The King's German Legion.

2d Light Battalion—Gentleman Cadet Earl Ludwig Barrins to be Ensign, vice Tuyll, promoted in Watteville's regiment.

2d Battalion of the Line—Lieut. Fred. Baron Hoderberg to be Adjutant, vice Langrehr, who resigns. Ensign Frederick Wessell, from the 5th battalion, to be Lieutenant, vice Hoderberg.

4th—Ensign Christian Backmeister to be Lieutenant, vice Schlestag, superseded, being absent without leave. Cadet Serjeant Frederick William Kreith to be Ensign, vice Reinhold, promoted.

6th—Cadet Serjeant Christian Fedden to be Ensign, vice Ruman, deceased.

MEMORANDUM.

The appointment of Hospital-Mate J. C. Heyne to be Assistant-Surgeon in the 68th foot, vice Cole, promoted, as stated in the Gazette of the 10th November 1803, has not taken place.

SEPTEMBER 5, 1807.

6th Regiment of Dragoons—Cornet Robert Harris to be Lieutenant, by purchase, vice Fytche, who retires.

14th Regiment of Light Dragoons—Cornet Houston Wallace to be Lieutenant, by purchase, vice Harrison, who retires.

19th—Major the Hon. J. B. O'Neill, from Major-General Champagne's regiment, to be Major, vice Henry, who exchanges.

20th—Thomas Richardson, gent. to be Cornet, by purchase, vice Hunter, promoted.

1st Regiment of Foot—To be Ensigns—Captain J. C. Stephens, from the Herefordshire Militia. Lieut.

William Morse, from ditto. Lieut. John McCarthy, from ditto.

3d—Lieut. William Ratcliffe, from the East Kent Militia, to be Ensign. Lieut. Charles Jackson, from the West Essex Militia, to be Ensign.

7th—Charles Shee, gent. to be Lieutenant, without purchase, vice West, appointed to the 4th Garrison Battalion.

9th—Lieut.-Col. John Cameron, from the 7th West India regiment, to be Lieutenant-Colonel, without purchase.

To be Lieutenants—Ensign John Ackland. Ensign John Read. Ensign Richard Dale. Ensign Nicholas Wodehouse. Ensign William Burn. Ensign George Gunning.

To be Ensigns—Lieut. Badham Thornhill, from ditto, vice Ackland. Ensign Henry Davis, from ditto, vice Read. Ensign Henry Sheppard, from the Leicestershire Militia, vice Wodehouse. Ensign R. Clancy, from the Berkshire Militia, vice Burn.

10th—Ensign Rodney Sims to be Lieutenant, without purchase. Lieut. James D'Alton, from the West Essex Militia, to be Ensign, vice Sims.

11th—To be Ensigns—Lieut. Isaac Richardson, from the North Devon Militia. Lieut. Cosmo Cameron, from the East Middlesex Militia. Ensign James Pridham, from the North Devon Militia. Ensign Patrick O'Connor, from ditto.

14th—Ensign Thomas Hall to be Lieutenant, without purchase, vice Mayo, promoted. Ensign William Fellowes, from the Royal Bucks Militia, to be Ensign, vice Hall.

20th—Ensign Philip Wodehouse to be Lieutenant, without purchase, vice M'Coy, appointed to the 41st foot. Captain George Hatch, from the East Middlesex Militia, to be Ensign, without purchase, vice Sumner, promoted.

23d—Lieut. D. O'Kearney, from the Royal Carnarvon Militia, to be Second Lieutenant. Ensign Thomas Jones, from the Royal Denbigh Militia, to be ditto.

24th—Ensign Morton Slaney to be Lieutenant, without purchase. Lieut. John Rope, from the East Norfolk Militia, to be Ensign, vice Slaney.

37th—Ensign George C. Hicks to be Lieutenant, without purchase. Lieut. Thomas Coulthard, from the North Hants Militia, to be Ensign, vice Hicks.

38th—To be Lieutenants—Ensign Patrick M'Leod, vice Hewitt, promoted in the 61st foot. Ensign John Peddie, vice Tiddeman, promoted in the Royal West India Rangers. Ensign C. A. M'Guchin. Ensign Joseph Broomfield. Ensign S. B. Soundwith.

To be Ensigns—Lieut. Edward Jordan, from the Staffordshire Militia, vice M'Leod. Ensign John Best Morris, from ditto, vice Peddie. Lieut. John Miller, from the Cheshire Militia, vice M'Guchin. Lieut. George Henry Richardson, from ditto, vice Broomfield. Lieut. Charles Hall, from ditto, vice Soundwith.

40th—Ensign William Toole to be Lieutenant. Ensign John F. Gray to be ditto. Captain John H. Clarke, from the 2d Somerset Militia, to be Ensign, vice Toole. Lieut. William Goddard, from the 2d Somerset Militia, to be ditto, vice Gray. Ensign James Arthur O'Harra, from ditto, to be Ensign.

41st—Lieut. Edward M'Coy, from the 20th foot, to be Lieutenant, without purchase, vice Fitzgerald, who retires.

48th—Ensign Thomas Stroude to be Lieutenant, without purchase, vice Fitzgerald, superseded.

To be Ensigns—Lieut. Thomas Broderidge, from the East Middlesex Militia, vice Stroude. Lieut. William Dahman, from ditto. Ensign Le Barte, from the West Suffolk Militia.

50th—Captain A. B. Vilant, from the Royal Staff Corps, to be Captain of a company, without purchase, vice Goddard, appointed to the 7th Royal Veteran Battalion. Ensign John Erasmus Spier, from the East Kent Militia, to be Ensign.

51st—Lieutenant Robert Shaw, from the 3d West York Militia, to be Ensign.

52d—Lieut. Thomas Elliott, from the Royal Berkshire Militia, to be Ensign.

53d—Ensign William Harrington, to be Lieutenant, without purchase. Lieut. Edward Barlow, from the Montgomeryshire Militia, to be Ensign, vice Harrington.

54th—Lieut. William Hutson to be Captain of a company, by purchase, vice Cairnes, who retires.

56th—To be Lieutenants—Ensign Boscawen. Ensign William Edwards. Ensign Robert M'Lelland.

To be Ensigns—Lieut. Edmund Tubbs, from the 1st Surrey Militia, vice Boscawen. Lieut. William Woulds, from the 2d Surrey Militia, vice Edwards. Lieut. J. H. Vincent, from the 1st Surrey Militia, vice M'Lelland.

57th—To be Ensigns—Lieut. James Veitch, from the West Middlesex Militia. Lieut. Peter M'Dougall, from ditto. Lieut. George Beale, from the East Middlesex Militia. Lieut. George Cocke, from the West Middlesex Militia.

60th—Lieut. John Bader, from half-pay of the 15th foot, to be Lieutenant, repaying the difference.

61st—Ensign Edward William A. Hay to be Lieutenant, without purchase, vice Holt, appointed to the 99th foot. Lieut. James Weatherley, from the Durham Militia, to be Ensign.

62d—Ensign William Bellingham to be Lieutenant, without purchase, vice Coghlan, appointed to the 7th West India regiment. Lieut. Charles Robinson, from the North Hants Militia, to be Ensign, vice Bellingham.

NOTICE

TO THE CREDITORS OF

GEORGE DOUGLAS PARK, Ironmonger in Glasgow.

WILLIAM CUTHBERTSON, merchant in Glasgow, Trustee on the said George Douglas Park's sequestrated estate, hereby intimates, that at the first meeting of the said Creditors, after the last public examination of the bankrupt, held at Glasgow upon the 3d September current, the said George Douglas Park made a proposal of a composition to his Creditors, which was acceded to by all those present at said meeting. The Trustee, therefore, appoints another meeting, to be held in the writing-office of Robert M'Clure, writer in Glasgow, upon Tuesday the 29th September current, at 2 o'clock afternoon, for the purpose of deciding on the offer of composition.

TO THE CREDITORS OF

JAMES HOPE STEWART, Merchant, Perth.

A MEETING of the Creditors of the said James Hope Stewart is to be held within the Hammerman's Tavern in Perth, upon Monday, the 22th September current, at 12 o'clock noon, for the purpose of determining with respect to the disposal of the outstanding debts by public auction.

Perth, September 8, 1807.

TO THE CREDITORS OF

WALLACE & CO. Tanners at Newbridge, near Aberdeen.

ALEXANDER BREBNER of Lairney, merchant in Aberdeen, Trustee on the sequestrated estate of the saids Wallace & Co. hereby intimates, that a state of the bankrupts funds, and a scheme of division thereof, will lie open in his hands, for the inspection of the Creditors, till Monday, the 13th day of October ensuing, when a dividend will be paid at his house, on the Quay of Aberdeen.

Aberdeen, September 8, 1807.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

AT a meeting of the Creditors of **RATTRAY MILLER & CO.** merchants in Edinburgh, and the individual partners of that concern, held within John's Coffeehouse, Edinburgh, upon Tuesday, the 18th of August last, being the next lawful day after the bankrupts second examination, they made an offer to their Creditors of a composition of 2s. 6d. per pound on the amount of their debts, on condition of a discharge of these, prior to the sequestration, being granted them, which the Creditors present agreed to. The Trustee, therefore, hereby intimates, that another meeting of said Creditors is to be held at the above place, at 12 o'clock noon, upon the 7th day of October next, for the purpose of finally deciding on said offer of composition.

September 10, 1807.

NOTICE

TO THE CREDITORS OF

WALTER BLAIKIE, Cooper and Porter-Dealer in Leith.

THE Trustee on the sequestrated estate gives notice, that Walter Blaikie has, with concurrence of Creditors in number and value to the extent required by law, applied to the Court to be discharged of all debts contracted by him prior to the 23d November 1804, being the date of his sequestration.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Copartnership of **DAVID MOFFAT & CO.** Starch-makers in Musselburgh, was **DISSOLVED**, by mutual consent, in June 1805; and that all claims upon that Company have been settled by John Moffat.

September 9, 1807.

NOTICE

TO THE CREDITORS OF

JOHN CONNALL, Dealer in Grain at Mill of Broich.

ROBERT HALDANE, writer in Stirling, Trustee on the sequestrated estate of the said John Connall, hereby intimates, that at the meeting of Creditors, held at Stirling on the 28th day of August last, being the day after the second examination of the bankrupt, the said John Connall offered to pay a composition upon his whole debts, at the date of the sequestration of his effects, of 2s. 6d. in the pound, payable at six and fifteen months. And it being the opinion of the whole Creditors present, that from the state of the funds, the composition offered was reasonable, they recommended to the Trustee to appoint another meeting for the purpose of deciding upon the offer.

The Trustee, therefore, hereby appoints the said Creditors to meet in the house of James Sawers, vintner in Stirling, on Friday, the 2d day of October next, at 12 o'clock noon, for the purpose of deciding on the offer of composition. Of which this notice is given, in terms of the Statute.

N.B. In our last notice to these Creditors, of 9th instant, there was a mistake in the day of meeting, Friday, the 21st September instant, being inserted in place of Friday, the 2d October next, as now corrected.

September 7, 1807.

NOTICE

TO THE CREDITORS OF

WILSON & MOFFAT, Plumbers in Glasgow, and to the Creditors of the Individual Partners of that Company.

THAT, upon the application of the said Wilson & Moffat for a sequestration of their estate, with the concurrence of a Creditor to the extent required, by law, the Lord Justice-Clerk, Ordinary, of this date, sequestrated the whole estate, heritable and moveable, real and personal, belonging to the said Wilson and Moffat, both as a company and as individuals, and appointed the Creditors to meet within the writing-chamber of Hugh Mann, writer in Glasgow, upon Friday, the 18th current, at 2 o'clock afternoon, for the purpose of naming an Interim Factor; and at the same place and hour, on Friday, the 16th October next, for choosing a Trustee; and ordained intimation thereof to be made to all concerned.

September 10, 1807.

TO THE CREDITORS OF

JOSEPH LUKE, Merchant in Aberdeen.

AT a meeting of the Creditors, held at Aberdeen on the 4th current, being the day after the second examination of the said Joseph Luke, he made offer of a composition of 7s. 6d. per pound upon the debts due by him, with security, payable in four, eight, and twelve months from 1st October next. Alexander Webster, advocate in Aberdeen, the Trustee, therefore hereby gives notice, that another meeting of the Creditors will be held in his writing-chamber in Aberdeen, on Thursday, the 1st day of October next, at 12 o'clock noon, to decide on said offer of composition.

Aberdeen, September 5, 1807.

NOTICE

TO THE CREDITORS OF

JOHN FLETCHER, Vintner or Innkeeper at Invergowrie, Argyleshire.

UPON the application of a Creditor to the extent required by law, with consent of the said John Fletcher, the Lord Justice-Clerk, Ordinary officiating on the Bills, on the 8th day of September current, sequestrated the whole estate, heritable and moveable, real and personal, of the said John Fletcher, and appointed his Creditors to meet within the Inn at Criarlach, Strathfillan, upon Monday, the 21st day of September current, at 1 o'clock afternoon, for choosing an Interim Factor on the sequestrated estate; and to meet a second time, at the place above mentioned, on Monday, the 2th day of October next, at 1 o'clock afternoon, for electing a Trustee or Trustees in succession, as directed by the Statute.

TO THE CREDITORS OF

DAVID ARNOTT, Merchant, Perth.

A MEETING of the Creditors of the said David Arnott is to be held within the Hammerman's Tavern in Perth, upon Monday, the 28th September current, at 12 o'clock noon, for the purpose of determining with respect to the disposal of the outstanding debts by public auction.

Perth, September 8, 1807.