



# The Edinburgh Gazette.

Published by Authority.

FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 2, 1838.

*Colonial-Office, Downing-Street, January 27, 1838.*

A DISPATCH has been received from Lieutenant-General Sir John Colborne, K. C. B. Commander of the Forces in Canada, dated 22d December 1837, of which and its enclosures, the following are extracts and copies:—

*Extract of a Dispatch from Lieutenant-General Sir John Colborne, K. C. B. to Major-General Lord Fitzroy Somerset, K. C. B. dated Head-quarters, Montreal, December 22, 1837.*

I HAVE the honour to transmit to you, with reference to my dispatches of the 13th and 15th instant, for the further information of the General Commanding in Chief, the details of the late movements of the troops acting against the rebels in this district. The habitans in arms between the Yamaska and the Richelieu having dispersed after the desertion of their leaders Wolfred Nelson, De Reveries, and Brown, I directed Major Reid, of the 32d regiment, to proceed to Saint John's with part of the force which had returned to Saint Charles from Saint Hyacinthe, and unite with the companies under Lieutenant-Colonel Hughes, assembled at that post, for the purpose of attacking the Acadians, who had a second time taken the field, and had crossed the Richelieu, and joined the insurgents under Bouchette, at Swanton, in the United States territory. Fortunately, however, the loyal population of the Messisquoi, and the Shefforel volunteers, routed the party before it had penetrated a mile into the township of Saint Armand; this vigilance of the Messisquoi militia enabled me to withdraw several companies from Saint John's, and to make arrangements for entering the county of the Lake of the Two Mountains, the strong hold of the rebels of Grand Brule, and Riviere du Chene.

I had received information, that the insurgents in that section of the country had assembled in greater force, and were more fully prepared for resistance, than in any other part of the district of Montreal. They had driven from their homes every loyal subject, and, pillaging an extensive tract, they provided for the reinforcements, which joined them from Vaudrevil, Terrebonne, and the neighbouring counties. Girod, (a foreigner), Chenier, Girouard, and De Mouchelle, the most able and active leaders of the revolt, had been for several weeks engaged in organizing the insurgents, and were in possession of all the resources of the county.

St. Eustache being the principal post, I assembled the disposable force under my command at St. Martin's on the 13th instant, and directed Major Townsend to march on the following day from Carilton, with a detachment of the 24th Regiment, and the volunteers of St. Andrews, towards Saint Benoit.

On the 14th I crossed the north branch of the Ottawa, three miles below St. Eustache, with two brigades and six field pieces, and the Montreal volunteer cavalry and rifle corps, while Captain Globinsky's company of volunteers attracted the attention of the rebels by marching a more direct route.

As the force, which had passed the river, approached St. Eustache, Colonel Maitland's brigade, consisting of the 32d and 83d regiments and the cavalry, moved in front of the town towards the St. Benoit road, followed by the second brigade, commanded by Lieutenant-Colonel Wetherall, and entered it at several points.

Major Jackson, commanding the Royal Artillery, with the Battery under his charge, opened a fire on

the church, and the houses occupied by the rebels Girod, and many of the rebels from St. Scholastique, abandoned the defence of the houses and walls, which they had previously occupied, on the approach of the troops; but the more determined of the rebels from St. Benoit, under Chenier, continued firing from the church and adjoining houses, till they were driven from them by the fire of the field pieces placed in front of the church by Major Jackson, and the advanced parties of the royal and 32d regiments and rifle corps, which had been posted under cover of the unoccupied houses.

The reports of the officers commanding brigades are annexed for the information of the General Commanding in Chief.

The troops left St. Eustache early on the 15th, and on the march to St. Benoit were met by delegates from the rebels, authorised to acquaint me that they were prepared to lay down their arms unconditionally.

On our arrival at St. Benoit, it was ascertained that all the rebel leaders had abandoned their deluded followers. I directed Colonel Maitland to proceed to St. Scholastique, with the 32d regiment and two field pieces, and the remainder of the troops to march by St. Eustache to Montreal.

The good results of these movements have been proved by the return of the peasantry to their usual occupations, and the disappearance of armed parties of the rebels.

It is scarcely possible to suppose that the loyal and peaceable subjects whose property had been pillaged, and who had so recently suffered from the outrages committed by the rebels of Grand Brule and the Riviere du Chene, a population of the worst character, could be prevented, on being li-



berated from their oppressors, from committing acts of violence at St. Benoit.

The several departments under my orders have at this critical period, by their great exertions, enabled me to assemble the troops promptly.

I have to assure the General Commanding in Chief, that from the time that the rebels appeared in position, no opportunity has been lost in attacking them constantly, as soon as a sufficient force could be collected to march against them, without exposing or leaving unprotected the important stations of Montreal, Chambly, St. John's, and Sorel.

I have received on every occasion, a zealous assistance from the Deputy Adjutant-General Lieutenant-Colonel Eden, and the Deputy Quartermaster-General Colonel Gore, and the officers of my personal staff, and from Captain Foster, Royal Engineers, and Majors Jackson and Macbean, Royal Artillery, and the respective officers.

The Commissary-General has by his able arrangement, greatly facilitated the movement of the troops in this district, and of the reinforcements on the march from New Brunswick.

On my return from the county of the Lake of the Two Mountains, I ordered part of the 24th regiment to proceed in sleighs, to Kingston and Toronto. I find, however, from my reports from Toronto, that the loyal Upper Canadians are fully prepared to defend their institutions, and to ensure the preservation of public peace, without the aid of Her Majesty's troops.

I cannot close this dispatch without mentioning that all the corps of volunteers of Montreal have occasionally taken the duties of this garrison, and thus enabled me to leave the town under their protection.

From the reports and communications from every district, order has been restored.

Montreal Barracks, Lower Canada,  
SIR, December 20, 1837

I have the honour to report to your Excellency the course of proceedings of the 1st brigade under my command, consisting of the 32d regiment, commanded by Brevet Major Reid, and the 83d regiment, commanded by Lieutenant-Colonel the Honourable Henry Dundas.

The troops having assembled at St. Martin's on the 13th instant, on the morning of the 14th the 1st brigade took the advance of the troops to be employed under your Excellency against the rebels assembled in force at St. Eustache. We left Saint Martin's at eight A. M., and about eleven o'clock crossed the river, on the ice, without opposition, about half a league below St. Eustache: the light company of the 32d regiment, with two guns, under the command of Major Jackson, Royal Artillery, covering the advance of the troops. On our near approach, the rebels were seen crossing the ice in divisions, to an Island opposite the town, when orders were given by your Excellency for the two guns to open a fire upon them, which had the effect of making them retire back into the town.

The brigade again advanced, in the same order, and the guns took up a position and opened a fire from the church, as I perceived, with my glass, that they appeared to occupy the church in considerable force. The guns still continued to cannonade the church. I then, agreeable to the directions of your Excellency, changed direction to the right with the brigade, the 32d regiment leading, covered by its light company, and followed by the 83d regiment, under the command of Lieutenant-Colonel the Honourable Henry Dundas; with a view of securing the roads and bridges from the opposite side of the town, leading to the Grand Brule Road, where it was supposed that the rebels would eventually make a stand; the troops, at this movement, were within musket shot of the town, and found the greatest

difficulty in their advance, owing to the ruggedness of the ploughed fields, the depth of snow, and the strong fences they had to break through, they exerted themselves for this purpose with the greatest energy; and, having taken possession of the roads and bridges, succeeded in taking a number of prisoners, who were running in great confusion from the town. My object being here accomplished, I left detachments of the 83d to secure these places, and pushed in advance with the whole of the 32d regiment towards the church, and occupied houses close to it on that side of the town. After remaining there some time, firing on the rebels in the church, I found myself obliged to withdraw from that advanced situation, as the regiment was then unavoidably exposed to the fire of our own artillery from the opposite side of the town, as well as that of the rebels, but detached the grenadiers, 1st and 2d companies, to favourable positions, to intercept any of the rebels attempting to escape from the church; and which answered effectually, as, upon the taking of that building, a number of the rebels fell under the fire of part of these companies. On an attack like this upon a town, much remains with the individual superintendance of commanding officers of battalions, and, about this time, the 83d regiment were, by your Excellency's orders, directed to enter the town in another direction, in support of the 2d battalion of the royal regiment; fortunately we experienced no loss, owing to the favourable cover afforded the troops by the number of houses in this neighbourhood; the 32d regiment had only one man severely wounded.

I beg leave to recommend to your notice Brevet Major Reid, who commanded the 32d regiment the greater part of the day, my time being necessarily occupied in command of the brigade. The soldiers conducted themselves with steadiness and coolness, and shewed great forbearance to the captured rebels. The church being soon taken, and the town in possession of the troops under your Excellency, and quartered there for that night, the brigade marched with the remainder of the division the following morning to St. Benoit, a distance of twelve miles from St. Eustache, and meeting no opposition, entered the town, and remained there for that night. On the morning of the 16th, in obedience to your Excellency's orders, I marched to St. Scholastique, with two guns, under the command of Captain Howell, Royal Artillery, and the 32d regiment. On my approach to the town I was met by the inhabitants of it with white flags; they surrendered up to me their arms and ammunition. I remained in this village for the night, and marched the following morning to St. Therese, where I halted for the night of the 17th; at this place also a number of arms were surrendered to me by the inhabitants. In the course of the evening I received information that W. H. Scott, of St. Eustache, one of the rebel chiefs, was concealed in a farm-house about five miles from the village.

I immediately dispatched five of the cavalry who were attached to me in pursuit of him, and I am happy to say they succeeded in taking him prisoner.

The measure of your Excellency, in directing this force to march through this part of the country, appeared to me to have the most beneficial effect in restoring good order and tranquilizing the minds of the people.

On the morning of the 18th I marched to St. Martin's, on my return to Montreal, where I arrived the following day, at one o'clock.

I have the honour to be, &c.

JOHN MAITLAND, Lieut.-Col.  
commanding the 32d Regiment,  
Col. commanding 1st Brigade.

His Excellency Lieutenant-General Sir John Colborne, K. C. B. and G. C. H. Commanding the Forces, &c. &c. &c.

SIR, Montreal-Barracks, Dec. 21, 1837

In obedience to the orders of the Lieutenant-General commanding, I have the honour to report the progress of the brigade under my command, comprised as per margin,\* in the operations against St. Eustache and St. Benoit.

The brigade assembled at St. Martin on the 13th instant.

On the following morning, the 14th, Globinsky's Volunteers were detached on the upper road to St. Eustache, the woods bordering on which were occupied by some picquets of the rebels, and which the volunteers drove in or dispersed.

The other troops of the brigade proceeded with the rest of the force by the La Rose-road, crossing the Ottawa on the ice, about three miles below the village of St. Eustache.

At about six or seven hundred yards from Saint Eustache the artillery were found in position, battering the church and adjoining houses.

I was here directed to follow the 1st Brigade, which was making a detour of the village for the purpose of cutting off the retreat of the rebels by the St. Benoit Road; but on arriving opposite the centre of the village, I was directed to enter it, which I did, and having advanced up the main street, occupying the most defensible houses, and meeting with no opposition, I reported the circumstance to the Lieutenant-General, who desired me to detach an officer to bring up the artillery; in executing this duty the officer was driven back by a fire from the church, and the artillery entered the village by the rear, and opened their fire on the church door, at the distance of 280 yards, while some companies of the Royal Regiment and the rifles occupied the houses nearest to the church; after about an hour's firing, and the church doors remaining unforced, a party of the Royal Regiment assaulted the Presbytery, killed some of its defenders, and set it on fire.

The smoke soon enveloped the church, and the remainder of the battalion advanced; a straggling fire opened upon them from the Seigneur's house, forming one face of the square, in which the church stood, and I directed the Grenadiers to carry it, which they did, killing several, taking many prisoners, and setting it on fire.

At the same time part of the battalion, led by Major Gagy, Provincial Assistant Quartermaster-General, and commanded by Major Warde, entered the church by the rear, and drove out and slew its garrison and set the church on fire: 118 prisoners were made in these assaults.

Lieutenant Ormsby's conduct was very conspicuous; Major Gagy was severely wounded, and the Royal Regiment had one man killed, and four wounded; and no other casualty occurred in the brigade.

On the morning of the 15th, Globinsky's corps was left at St. Eustache, in charge of prisoners and the remainder of the brigade, with the force under his Excellency's orders, marched to St. Benoit, where no opposition was offered.

On the 17th the brigade returned to Montreal, bringing with it the prisoners.

I have the honour to be, &c.

G. W. WETHERALL, comd.  
2d Batt. the Royal Regt.

The Deputy Quartermaster-General, &c. Montreal.

Return of Killed and Wounded of the Troops under the Command of His Excellency Lieutenant-General Sir John Colborne, K. C. B. and G. C. H. in the Operation against St. Eustache, on the 14th December 1837.

Montreal, December 20, 1837.

Royal Artillery—1 corporal, 2 privates, wounded. 2d Batt. 1st or Royal Regt.—1 private killed; 4 privates wounded. 32d Regt.—1 private wounded. Total—1 private killed; 1 corporal, 7 privates, wounded. N. B. Major B. C. A. Gagy, Provincial Assistant-Quartermaster-General, was also severely wounded.

JOHN EDEN, Dy. Adj. Gen.

\*2d Battalion the Royal Montreal Rifles, Globinsky's Volunteers.

Lord Chamberlain's-Office, January 30, 1838.

NOTICE is hereby given, that Her Majesty will hold Levees at St. James's-Palace, on Wednesday the 14th, and on Wednesday the 21st days of February next, at two o'clock.

BY COMMAND OF HER MAJESTY.

Notice is hereby given, that all persons having Petitions or Addresses to present to Her Majesty at the Levee, are to write on two cards, with their names, a statement of the object of such Petitions or Addresses, and of the persons from whom they come; one card to be delivered to the Page in the Ante-room, and the other to the Lord in Waiting, who will read its contents, at the time of presentation to Her Majesty; and that, on these occasions, no other statement is to be addressed to Her Majesty.

WESTMINSTER, January 26, 1838.

This day, the Lords being met, a message was sent to the Honourable House of Commons by the Gentleman Usher of the Black Rod, acquainting them, that *The Lords, authorized by virtue of a Commission under the Great Seal, signed by Her Majesty, for declaring Her Royal Assent to two Acts agreed upon by both Houses, do desire the immediate attendance of the Honourable House in the House of Peers to hear the commission read; and the Commons being come thither, the said Commission, empowering the Lord Archbishop of Canterbury, the Lord High Chancellor of Great Britain, and several other Lords therein named, to declare and notify the Royal Assent to the said Acts, was read accordingly, and the Royal Assent given to*

An Act to enable Her Majesty to grant an annual sum to Her Royal Highness Victoria Maria Louisa Duchess of Kent.

And one private Act.

BUCKINGHAM-PALACE, January 27, 1838.

This day had audience of Her Majesty, the Baron de Munchhausen, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary from the King of Hanover, to deliver his credentials:—

To which he was introduced by Lord Viscount Palmerston, Her Majesty's Principal Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, and conducted by Sir Robert Chester, Knt. Master of the Ceremonies.

DOWNING-STREET, January 29, 1838.

The Queen has been graciously pleased to nominate and appoint Lieutenant-General Sir John Colborne, Knight Commander of the Most Honourable Military Order of the Bath, to be a Knight Grand Cross of the said Order.

WHITEHALL, January 30, 1838.

The Queen has been pleased to direct letters patent to be passed under the Great Seal, appointing Andrew Henry Lynch, Esq. to be one of the Masters in Ordinary of the High Court of Chancery, in the room of George Boone Roupell, Esq. deceased.

**BANKRUPTS**

FROM THE LONDON GAZETTE.

Robert Archer, late of Ingram-court, Fenchurch Street, London, but now of Arundel Street, Strand, Middlesex, wine merchant.  
Edward Curtis, of Newman's-row, Lincoln's-inn-fields, Middlesex, tailor.

Samuel Skinner, late of Greenham, Thatcham, Berks, brewer.

Christopher Hayes the younger, of Liverpool, Lancaster, ship-builder and block-maker.

Elizabeth Clegg, late of Belfield-hall, afterwards of Moor-house, and now of Waithland, Rochdale, Lancaster, cotton-spinner and flannel-manufacturer.

George Haines, of Kilsby, Northampton, grocer and draper.

Cecil Evans, of Spout-lane, near Wellington, Salop, corn-factor.

William Fowler, of Aston-juxta Birmingham, Warwick, brickmaker and victualler.

An Account of the aggregate Amount of Notes circulated in England and Wales, by Private Banks and by Joint Stock Banks and their Branches, distinguishing Private from Joint Stock Banks, between the 30th September and the 30th December 1837.—From Returns directed by 3 and 4, W. IV, c. 83.

Private Banks	£7,043,470
Joint Stock Banks	3,826,665
	<hr/>
	£10,870,135

John Wood

Stamps and Taxes, January 29, 1838.

**PRICE HALF-A-CROWN.**

This day is Published,

By FRASER & CO., 54, NORTH BRIDGE; LUMSDEN & SON, Glasgow; AND SMITH, ELDER, & CO., and H. WASHBOURNE, London;

THE ORIGINAL EDINBURGH ALMANAC, OR UNIVERSAL SCOTS & IMPERIAL REGISTER, FOR 1838;

WITH A COMPLETE KALENDER OF FESTIVALS AND ANNIVERSARIES, TIDE TABLES, AND A SERIES OF ASTRONOMICAL TABLES, &c (Containing upwards of 600 Pages.)

IN preparing THE EDINBURGH ALMANAC for 1838, the Proprietors have spared neither labour nor expense. While it includes every accustomed list of general interest and utility, all of which have been derived from authentic sources, it will be found to contain various new features, which cannot fail greatly to add to its Value as a MANUAL of UNIVERSAL REFERENCE. The Proprietors therefore encourage the hope, that the exertions they have made to render the Work worthy of the advanced intelligence of the times, will secure for it a greater degree of public favour and success, than can be awarded to any new and untried publication of the same kind.

To the NOBILITY and GENTRY, it is recommended by the Amplitude of its information regarding the Peerage and Baronetage, Houses of Parliament, &c.—To the ARMY and NAVY, by the number of New and Additional Lists of those Services—particularly the MEDICAL and COMMISSARIAT Departments—besides extended Information of the INDIAN ARMIES, with New TABLES of PAY reduced to BRITISH CURRENCY.—To the CLERGY, by the extent and accuracy of its Information on Subjects connected with the Church, the New List of EXTENDED CHURCHES—the various Dissenting Communities—the Universities and Schools—the Religious—Benevolent—and Literary Institutions, &c.—GENTLEMEN of the LAW will find in its pages some *Exclusive Information relative to the Courts and Law Bodies*, as well as Ample Lists of the various Practitioners in Town and Country.—To BANKERS, it is equally useful, from containing not only all the accustomed information regarding Scottish Banks in Town and Country, but a list of all the Branch Banks established in Britain since 1826, by the Bank of England, &c.—To the MERCHANT, MANUFACTURER, and AGRICULTURIST, it furnishes much Important and Accurate Information, in the various Departments in which they are respectively interested, besides other valuable Branches of Information.

Lately Published,

THE SCOTTISH POCKET ALMANAC,

Price Threepence.

To be had as above, and of all Booksellers.

**NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN,**

THAT in the process of Ranking and Sale of the estates of Rue-Fourmerkland and Others, in the County of Dumfries, at the Instance of Mrs. ELIZABETH CORRIE or HARKNESS, Relict of the deceased William Harkness, late in Holeslein, with concurrence of John Archibald Murray, Esquire, Her Majesty's Advocate for Her Majesty's interest, against WILLIAM WELSH, of Rue, and Others,—Lord Fullerton, Ordinary, by Interlocutor dated the 1st day of February current, appointed the Creditors who had produced, or might produce their respective interests and grounds of debt against the common-debtor, the said William Welsh, or his estate, accompanied with oaths of verity thereon, to meet by themselves or their doers properly authorised, within the office of Thomas Bruce, one of the Depute-Clerks of Session, and Clerk to the process, upon Monday the 26th day of February current, at two o'clock afternoon, and then and there to elect and choose a fit person to be appointed by the Lord Ordinary, Common-Agent, to conduct and carry on the foresaid process of Ranking and Sale and division of the price and proceeds among the Creditors, to the final end and conclusion thereof upon the common expense; and appointed intimation of the meeting to be made by the Minute-Book, and once in the Edinburgh Gazette, immediately after the date of the said Interlocutor.

THOMAS RANKEN, S. S. C. Agent.

Edinburgh, February 2, 1838.

INTIMATION IS HEREBY GIVEN, that ANDREW M'EWAN, Accountant in Glasgow, Trustee on the sequestrated estate of the Company carrying on business in Glasgow, under the Firm of DANIEL ROSS and COMPANY, and in London, under the Firm of STIRLING, ROSS, and COMPANY, Merchants and Commission Agents, and Charles Stirling, late in London, presently residing in Glasgow, the only Partner resident in Great Britain, as an individual, has presented a Petition to the Court of Session for authority to make up a scheme of division of the realised funds of the said Company's estate, and to pay an accelerated dividend to the creditors ranked upon the estate, upon the 28th day of February next, in terms of Act of Parliament.—Of which Petition, the Lords of Council and Session, of this date, ordered intimation to be given in the minute of the said Court, and in the Edinburgh Gazette for eight days.

J. A. BURNES, S.S.C. Agent in the Sequestration.

Edinburgh, February 1, 1838.

**NOTICE**

TO THE CREDITORS ON

The Sequestrated Estates of JAMES OGILVIE and COMPANY, Commission-Agents in Edinburgh, and James Boag, residing in Edinburgh, Partner of that Company.

CHARLES M. BARSTOW, Accountant in Edinburgh, Trustee on the said sequestrated estates, with consent of the Commissioners thereon, hereby calls a meeting of the Creditors of the said James Ogilvie and Company, and James Boag, to be held within the Royal Exchange Coffee-House, Edinburgh, on Friday the 16th day of February current, at one o'clock afternoon, to receive an offer of composition.

WM. BOWIE CAMPBELL, W. S. Agent.

February 2, 1838.

**NOTICE**

TO THE CREDITORS OF

BUCHANAN & YOUNG, Merchants in Glasgow, and of John Morgan, Merchant, lately of Carthagena de Colombia, Alexander Buchanan, and James Young, as Partners of said Company, and as Individuals.

HENRY BROCK, Accountant in Glasgow, Trustee on said sequestrated estates, hereby intimates, that on the 1st of March next, he will pay a dividend of 2s. 9d. per pound on those claims lodged by Creditors who were too late for the first dividend.

Glasgow, January 31, 1838.

**NOTICE**

TO THE CREDITORS OF

EDWARD BOYD, Esq. of Mertonhall, Cattle-dealer in Wigtounshire.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a meeting of the Creditors of the said Edward Boyd will be held within the Royal Exchange Coffee-House, Edinburgh, upon Wednesday the 21st day of February current, at 2 o'clock afternoon, for the purpose of authorising the Trustee to conclude and carry through a Sale of the Lands of Culmalzie, the offer for which, approved of by the Commissioners, will be submitted to the meeting.

Edinburgh, February 2, 1838.

**NOTICE  
TO THE CREDITORS ON**

The Sequestrated Estate of JAMES GORDON, Esq. late Distiller at Aberlour, in the County of Banff.

WILLIAM GRANT, Accountant in Elgin, Trustee on the said sequestrated estate, hereby intimates, that the accounts of intromissions with the said estate have been audited and approved of by the Commissioners, and that states of the affairs, and a scheme of division of the funds belonging to the said estate, will lie at his counting-office in Elgin for the inspection of the Creditors, until Friday the 9th day of March next, immediately after which an equalizing dividend of Ten Shillings per pound will be paid to those Creditors whose claims were not lodged in time for the former dividend; and a second and final dividend to those Creditors who have been ranked, and have proved their claims in terms of the Bankrupt Statute.

Elgin, January 29, 1838.

**NOTICE**

TO THE CREDITORS OF  
THOMAS MILLER, Merchant, Ayr.

THE Trustee on the sequestrated estate of the said Thomas Miller hereby intimates, that his accounts were audited and docketed by the Commissioners at a meeting on the 25th ultimo; that the said accounts lie at his Chambers for the inspection of all concerned,—and that a final dividend has been authorised.

Ayr, February 1, 1838.

**NOTICE**

TO THE CREDITORS OF

JAMES LIVINGSTONE, Merchant in Newburgh.

THE Court of Session (First Division) on the Petition of Mrs. Christian Williamson or Livingstone, and Others, by Interlocutor of this date, appointed a meeting of the Creditors of the said James Livingstone to be held within the Old Signet Hall, Stevenson's Rooms, Royal Exchange, Edinburgh, upon Monday the 19th day of February current, at one o'clock afternoon, for the purpose of choosing a new Trustee on the said sequestrated estate, in room of John Marshall, Writer in Edinburgh, the former Trustee, removed, in terms of the 71st Section of the Statute.

THOMSON PAUL, W. S. Agent for the Petitioner.

Edinburgh, 5, Rutland Square,  
February 1, 1838.

A Petition has been presented to the Court of Session (First Division) for GEORGE SINCLAIR, Writer, Merchant, and Builder, in Glasgow, with consent of his Trustee, and of four-fifths in number and value of his Creditors, praying for a discharge of all debts contracted by him at or prior to 4th May 1835, the date of the sequestration.

Edinburgh, February 2, 1838.

**NOTICE.**

WILLIAM RICHMOND and COMPANY, Merchants, Glasgow, have applied to the Commissary of Fife, to be confirmed Executors-Creditor of the Deceased JOHN CAMPBELL, Grocer Hole-Kettle-Bridge.—Of which intimation is hereby given, in terms of the Statute 4, Geo. IV, c. 98, § 4, entitled, "An Act for the better granting of confirmations in Scotland."

St. Andrews, January 30, 1838.

**NOTICE.**

HUGH STEEL, Leather-Merchant in Glasgow, has applied to the Commissary of Argyle to be confirmed Executor-Creditor of the Deceased DONALD M'LERAND, or M'LAREN, Shoemaker at Stonefield.—Of which intimation is hereby given, in terms of the Statute.

CAMPBELL & WILSON, Agents.  
Inverary, January 29, 1838.

A Petition has been presented to the Court of Session for FORBES DICK, Tailor and Clothier in Edinburgh, with consent of the Trustee and nine-tenths of the Creditors in number and value ranked on the estate, for approval of the composition offered by him to his Creditors.—Of which intimation is hereby given to all the Creditors, in terms of the Statute, and interlocutor of Court.

Edinburgh, February 1, 1838.

**Notices of Cessio Bonorum.**

**NOTICE**

TO THE CREDITORS OF

JOHN CORNER, late Fisherman in Pulteneytown, now residing there.

THE said John Corner hereby intimates, that he has presented a Petition to the Sheriff of Caithness under the Act 6 and 7. William IV, chapter 56, praying for interim protection against the execution of diligence, and for decret of Cessio Bonorum against his Creditors, and all the said Creditors are hereby required, in terms of the Sheriff-Substitute's warrant of 24th January current, to appear before the Sheriff of Caithness or his Substitute, within the Sheriff Court-house at Wick, upon Tuesday the 20th day of March next, being the diet assigned for the public examination of the said John Corner, and for further proceeding in the Petition, in terms of the Statute.

Wick, January 28, 1838.

**NOTICE.**

JAMES M-PHERSON, late Shoemaker in Campsie, now residing in Glasgow, has presented a Petition to the Sheriff of Lanarkshire, praying for the benefit of the process of Cessio Bonorum, and his Creditors are hereby required to appear in Court, within the Sheriff-clerk's office, 60, Stockwell Street, Glasgow, upon Monday the 5th March next, at one o'clock afternoon, when the Petitioner will appear for examination.

Glasgow, February 1, 1838.

Leith, February 2, 1838.

THE Subscriber ceased to be a Partner in the Business carried on here under the Firm of P. & C. WOOD, from the 3d September 1822.

Thomson Paul, Witness.  
T. Purvis Russell, Witness.

CHRIS. WOOD, Senr.

Leith, February 2, 1838.

THE Subscriber ceased to be a Partner in the Business carried on here, under the Firm of P. & C. WOOD, from the 3d September 1822.

Thomson Paul, Witness.  
T. Purvis Russell, Witness.

EDWD. WOOD.

Leith, February 2, 1838.

THE late Mr. Peter Wood, the Subscriber's Father, ceased to be a Partner in the Business carried on here, under the Firm of P. & C. WOOD, from the 6th July 1819.

CHRIS. WOOD, Senr. one of the Residuary Legatees of the late Mr. PETER WOOD.  
EDWD. WOOD, one of the Residuary Legatees of the late Mr. PETER WOOD.  
Thomson Paul, Witness.  
T. Purvis Russell, Witness.

Leith, February 2, 1838.

THE late Mr. Peter Wood, the Subscriber's Father, ceased to be a Partner in the Business carried on here, under the Firm of the LEITH ROPERIE COMPANY, from the 13th June 1826.

CHRIS. WOOD, Senr. one of the Residuary Legatees of the late Mr. PETER WOOD.  
EDWD. WOOD, one of the Residuary Legatees of the late Mr. PETER WOOD.  
Thomson Paul, Witness.  
T. Purvis Russell, Witness.

**NOTICE.**

THE Business carried on by the Subscribers here and in London, under the Firm of COATS, GREIVE, and COMPANY, was, on the 1st day of December last, DIS-SOLVED by mutual consent.

JAMES COATS.  
JAMES GREIVE.  
D. MACGREGOR.  
ANDW. COATES, Witness.  
WILLIAM COATS, Witness.  
Paisley, January 16, 1838.

QUEEN'S AND LORD TREASURER'S  
REMEMBRANCE'S OFFICE,  
EXCHEQUER CHAMBERS,  
Edinburgh, January 30, 1838.

NOTICE is hereby given to all concerned, that JAMES DOIG, Butler to Miss Spiers, Polmont Park, near Falkirk, has applied to the Lords Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury for a Gift of the estate of JANET DOIG, who died in the Royal Infirmary of Edinburgh, in the month of December last, which has fallen to the Crown by reason of Bastardy.

[All Letters must be post-paid.]

PRINTED AND PUBLISHED AT THE OFFICE, 5, NORTH BANK STREET, BY WILLIAM ALEXANDER LAWRIE, OF 11, GEORGE SQUARE.

FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 2, 1838.

Price Fivepence