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INDIA BOARD, March 21, 1849.

THE following Despatches, relating to military operations in the Punjab, have been received at the East India House:—

The Adjutant-General of the Army to the Secretary with the Governor-General.

Camp, Chillianwalla, January 23, 1849.

I have the honour, by direction of His Excellency the Right Honourable the Commander-in-Chief, to transmit, for the information of the Right Honourable the Governor-General of India, a copy of a despatch of the 7th instant, from Major-General W. S. Whish, C. B., commanding the Mooltan field force, and of the detailed reports which accompanied it, of the assault upon that city on the 2d instant; and I am to add, that his Excellency has instructed me to communicate to the Major-General his cordial approval of the arrangements ordered for the attack, which appear to have been made with a spirit and gallantry highly creditable to the officers and troops of every arm employed.

Major-General W. S. Whish, C. B., Commanding Mooltan Field Force, to the Adjutant-General of the Army.

Camp, Mooltan, January 7, 1849.

Having now received the report of the Bombay column, during the assault of the city, on the 2d instant, I have the honour of forwarding that received from Brigadier Markham on the 3d instant, and associating with it the letter of this date received from Brigadier the Honourable H. Dundas, C. B., commanding the Bombay division of the field force, both of which I shall be obliged by your submitting to the Right Honourable the Commander-in-Chief.

The steady advance of both columns under their respective commanders, Brigadier Stalker, C. B., and Brigadier Markham (which, as regarded that under the latter, was but temporarily checked from the necessity of entering the city by the left

breach) ensured the early realization of what each had been directed to aim at, and by sunset the city was in complete possession of our gallant troops, whose conduct throughout was remarkable for humanity to the unarmed inhabitants they occasionally met, and not less so for the severity with which the opposition of the enemy was overcome from street to street, many of which were narrow and intricate, and several barricaded.

In the letters accompanying, the gallantry and good services of various officers are particularized, and, on the fall of the citadel, it will be my pleasing duty to take up that strain regarding many. It will, however, be better timed now to mention the spirited proposition on the 1st instant of Lieutenant-Colonel Franks, C. B., to escalate the citadel during the assault of the city, provided I placed 500 of each regiment of the 1st brigade under his command. After due consideration of this suggestion, I deemed it most eligible to forego it, as I had not time to examine into the difficulties that might have attended it; nor would the hour fixed for the assault have been auspicious, unless I had deferred it till dawn of the 3d.

Brigadier Stalker has brought to Brigadier Dundas's notice the conduct of Colour-Serjeant J. Bennett, 1st Fusiliers, on the 2d instant, and I cannot forbear my testimony to the joyful feelings which it excited in myself, and officers of the staff around me, when noticing his planting the British standard in the crest of the breach, and maintaining it there, in the midst of the musketry fire of the enemy, until the troops had passed.

The troops of the Bombay column suffered much from an explosion, during the night, of a magazine in the city.

I beg to enclose casualty lists, of which the total of each column is as follows:—

Bengal Division—3 European rank and file, and 1 native rank and file, killed; 3 European officers, 1 serjeant, 17 rank and file, and 6 native rank and file, wounded.

Bombay Division—4 European rank and file, and 22 native rank and file, killed; 8 European officers, 4 serjeants, 51 rank and file, and 2 native officers, 5 havildars, 121 rank and file, wounded; 1 native rank and file missing.

Total—7 European rank and file, and 23 native rank and file, killed; 11 European officers, 5 serjeants, 78 European rank and file, and 2 native officers, 5 havildars, and 127 native rank and file, wounded; 1 native rank and file missing.

Grand Total—Killed 30, wounded 218, missing 1. Total 249.

Names of Officers Wounded.

Bengal Column.

H. M.'s 32d Foot—Captain J. D. C. Smyth, slightly wounded; Captain C. T. King, slightly wounded.

Engineers—Lieutenant Garforth, M.B., dangerously wounded.

Bombay Column.

1st Fusiliers—Captain R. W. Leith, dangerously wounded; Lieutenant W. Gray, dangerously wounded; Lieutenant E. Dansey, wounded; Lieutenant G. E. Herne, wounded; Second Lieutenant E. A. Law, wounded.

4th Rifles—Lieutenant T. S. Warden, wounded.

19th N. I.—Ensign J. Gordon, wounded.

Engineers—Lieutenant J. A. Fuller, wounded.

Brigadier F. Markham, Commanding 2d Brigade of Infantry, Mooltan Field Force, to Major-General W. S. Whish, C.B., Commanding the Mooltan Field Force.

Camp, Mooltan, January 3, 1849.

I have the honour to report, for your information, that, according to division orders, at one o'clock on the 2d, I proceeded with the brigade under my command to the Munde Awa, the point of rendezvous with the left column. At two o'clock we received orders to move to the Delhi Gate, from whence the assault was to be made. At a quarter past three o'clock, a salvo being fired from the Delhi Gate battery (the signal agreed upon for the assault), the leading companies of Her Majesty's 32d regiment under Captain Smyth, commanding the grenadier company, moved on to storm the breach. Upon passing the broken ground and ruined out-works of the gate under a heavy fire of match-locks, they descended a deep hollow, and found, to their surprise, the city wall in front, about 30 feet in height, unbreached, and totally impracticable, being fairly concealed from view, from the nature of the ground, until directly upon it.

Captain Smyth immediately, and with great judgment and promptitude, decided upon retiring, and rejoined the column, with the loss of several men, which loss, however, would have been very seriously increased, both to the leading companies and the column, had there been any hesitation on his part.

I proceeded at once to the breach at the Khoonee Boorj, which I found had already been entered by the left column, and made our way down the ramparts and streets on our right to the Delhi Gate, and from thence to that part of the city close to the Dowlut Gate, and directly in front of the fort.

The enemy offered considerable opposition in the narrow streets, and on the ramparts, which were ingeniously barricaded; but the troops carried all before them, and before dark that part of the city was in our possession, and we connected our posts with those thrown out from the left column.

For Colonel Brooke, Major Lloyd, and Captain Lloyd, in command of regiments, and to all under my command, both officers and men, I have to

return my thanks for their steadiness and prompt obedience throughout to my orders.

To Major Napier, of the Engineers, who accompanied me, I am deeply indebted for the very valuable service he rendered me throughout the afternoon.

Return of Casualties, &c. in 2d Infantry Brigade (Bengal division), on the 2d January, 1849.

Camp, Mooltan, January 3, 1849.

Her Majesty's 32d Regiment—3 rank and file, killed; 2 European officers, 1 serjeant, 1 drummer, 16 rank and file wounded.

49th Native Infantry—1 rank and file wounded.

72d Native Infantry—1 rank and file killed; 5 rank and file wounded.

Captains J. D. Smyth and C. T. King, Her Majesty's 32d Regiment, wounded.

Total—4 killed; 26 wounded.

Brevet-Major H. B. Edwardes, C.B., to Major-General W. S. Whish, C.B., Commanding Mooltan Field Force.

Beegee Bagh, January 3, 1849.

I have the honour to report that, in conformity with your instructions to create a diversion on the south and west of the city, preparatory to the storm of the breaches by the regular force, Lieutenant Lake threw out a large skirmishing party directly in his front, and close up to the Pak Gate, General Cortlandt another on the left of the Daoodpootras, and I a third on the left of General Cortlandt's, thus opening a smart fire nearly down to the Bohur Gate, and securing the attention of a large portion of the enemy's soldiers on the walls. In front of the village of Darra, I also moved out a large body of cavalry, and a troop of horse artillery, while the remainder and main body of the infantry were in reserve at the Beegee Bagh, and See-dee-loll-ke-Bed.

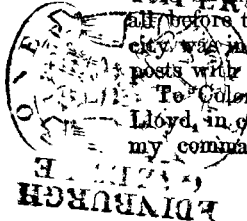
2. At about half-past one P.M. the Daoodpootras, under direction of Lieutenant Lake, and my own and General Cortlandt's, under direction of Lieutenant Young, of the Engineers, Mr Hugo James, and Mr Quin, opened their fire from the most advanced suburbs, and drew a smart return from the ramparts, and the gun on the Mootee bastion. This was kept up until the advance of the British to the breach, and was, I trust, of service in distracting the enemy's attention.

3. When the city was completely in your possession, Lieut. Lake and I withdrew our men to their respective posts; but subsequently, on being applied to by Major Scott, of the Bombay Engineers, Lieutenant Lake occupied the Pak Gate with Daoodpootras, and a small party from the company of the 3d Bombay Native Infantry, which was on duty at See-dee-loll. The vigilance of this detachment of Daoodpootras, while in charge of the gate, I was myself a witness to, at night, when I visited the post with Lieutenant Lake, and it did great credit to irregular troops.

4. After withdrawing our skirmishers, I ordered the cavalry from Darra to make a patrol to the westward, and they succeeded in intercepting a part of the enemy's infantry, who had escaped from the city, twenty of whom they killed, when the rest surrendered, and were disarmed.

5. I cannot conclude this report without bringing to your notice the zeal of Lieutenant Pollock, Assistant Resident, and Mr McMahon, a volunteer; the former joined his corps, hearing it was in the storming party at the Delhi Gate breach, and the latter volunteered to accompany Captain Smyth, who led the right assault.

NEWSPAPER



Brigadier the Hon. H. Dundas, C. B., Her Majesty's 60th Rifles, commanding Bombay Column, Mooltan Field Force, to Brevet Captain G. P. Whish, Assistant Adjutant-General, Bengal Column.

Camp, Mooltan, January 7, 1849.

I have the honour to forward the report of Brigadier Stalker, C. B., commanding the 2d brigade Bombay division, which was engaged in storming the city of Mooltan on the afternoon of the 2d instant.

The brigade, formed into three columns, as directed in the instructions from the Assistant Adjutant-General, assembled in rear of the Munde Awa, and, about 3 p.m. moved down to storm the left trench at the angle of the Khoonee Boorj.

The storming party, headed by Captain Leith of the 1st Bombay Fusiliers, speedily mounted the breach, but, on arriving at the summit, found some difficulty in descending, the enemy having retrenched the breach, and dug deep ditches, into which several of the leading men and officers fell. The obstacles to the advance of the party having been overcome, the column, having succeeded in passing the trench, pushed on to the ramparts and streets of the town through a very narrow passage, by the aid of some scaling ladders placed against a house by a party of Bengal sappers, under Lieutenant Oliphant. I regret to state that, soon after mounting the breach, Captain Leith was severely wounded, and Lieutenant Gray, taking command of the party, moved to the right towards the Delhi Gate, to clear away obstacles between the breach and that point at which it was intended the Bengal column should enter.

Major Mignan, with the 1st column, moved to the left, clearing the ramparts, while the columns under Major Mant and Major Honner, pushing for the centre of the town, established themselves in the grain market.

The narrowness of the streets rendered the preservation of regular formation impossible, the enemy was followed up by the troops in the best mode in which they could move, and without giving him time to halt, until the town was completely carried, and the several columns established; the left having succeeded in reaching the Lahore Gate.

Brigadier Stalker speaks most highly of the conduct of the troops, and nothing can be more honourable to their character than the humanity and kind treatment shown by them towards the unoffending inhabitants.

I have great pleasure in bringing to the notice of the Major-General the conduct of Major Mignan, commanding 1st Fusiliers; Major Mant, commanding 19th Regiment; and Brevet-Major Honner, commanding the 4th N. I. (Rifles). Brigadier Stalker also reports most favourably of the conduct of Major Hobson, 1st Fusiliers, and of the assistance he received from Captain Tapp, Deputy Assistant Adjutant-General, who was unfortunately wounded in capturing a gun; Captain Hart, Major of Brigade, Lieutenant Pollexfen, Deputy Assistant Quartermaster-General, and Lieutenant Henry, of the 19th Regiment N. I., Postmaster to the Division. To the commanding engineer, Major Scott, every praise is due for his untiring exertions during the operation; as well as to the several officers of that corps employed with the Bombay Division. The conduct of Captain Leith, Lieutenants Dansey, Daly, Gray, and Mules, is particularly noticed by Brigadier Stalker. I am sorry to add that Lieutenant Gray was severely wounded after entering the

town, and lost his right arm. Lieutenants Dansey, Herne, and Law are also among the wounded, as also Lieutenant Warden, of the 4th Rifles, and Ensign Gordon, of the 19th Regiment N. I.

Several acts of gallantry have been brought to my notice, particularly on the part of Colour-Sergeant Bennett, of the 1st Fusiliers, which I shall take an opportunity of reporting to the proper quarter.

The suburbs between the Delhi Gate and the left breach were occupied by picquets from the 1st brigade, under Major Dennis, 60th Rifles—a company of the 60th Rifles, under Captain Douglas, being stationed in the houses opposite the breach, in the "Khoonee Boorj," to cover the advance of the storming party, and two companies, under Captains Young and Sibthorpe, to cover the advance of the Bengal column.

Returns of casualties are herewith inclosed.

Brigadier Stalker, C. B., commanding 2d Infantry Brigade, Bombay Column, to the Assistant Adjutant-General, Bombay Column, Mooltan Field Force.

Camp before Mooltan, January 7, 1849.

I do myself the honour to report, for the information of Brigadier the Honourable H. Dundas, C. B., commanding the Bombay Column, Mooltan field force, that on the afternoon of the 2d of January, the brigade under my command was formed in the order laid down for them under cover, within about two hundred yards of the breach, the approach to which was fully exposed to a fire from musketry and zumbooruks.

The column gained the top of the breach at about $\frac{1}{4}$ past 3 p.m. with much regularity, under a very galling fire, but, when they reached the summit, found themselves in a sort of enclosure, from which there was but one regular exit, by a narrow lane on the right, and over a low house into the "Khoonee Boorj."

The enemy had excavated a trench parallel to the breach, which contracted the space still more; the nature of the ground, therefore, rendered it utterly impossible to preserve any regular formation; and the officers pushed on with the men nearest them, to carry out, as far as possible, the instructions to advance in three columns. The column was detained nearly twenty minutes by the obstacles at the top of the breach. The leading column of three companies of the Fusiliers, having lost their commander, Captain Leith, who was dangerously wounded soon after crossing the breach, pushed down the lane to the right, under Lieutenant Gray, and was in part the cause of the enemy abandoning the "Khoonee Boorj." It fortunately happened that two short ladders were procured and placed by Bengal Sappers, under Lieutenant Oliphant, against the house on the left, just as the enemy found their communication with the town threatened; they were therefore obliged to defend both the lane and the tower, and their resistance was consequently less energetic. As soon as the ladders were placed, the column which had to advance by the ramparts to the south, pushed its way along for some distance, but fortunately followed the retreating enemy along one of the streets, which eventually led them to the end of the town, near the Lahore Gate. A company being left at this point, the column returned into the streets nearest the ramparts to the Bohur Gate, where it remained during the night, as it was known that the Pak Gate was in possession of the Bengal 72d, and a company of the 4th Rifles was sent back to the Hurun Gate. During the night one of the enemy's powder magazines,

close to the gateway, blew up, burying several of our men in the ruins. It was impossible to guard against such an accident—indeed it is only surprising it was the only one on the south side; for the enemy's ammunition was lying about in great quantities, and there was nothing to distinguish their magazines from the other houses. In the morning Lieutenants Pollard and Maxwell, with the Bengal sappers, removed a considerable quantity of powder from another magazine, close to a burning house, and threw it over the wall, where it exploded without doing any mischief.

The proceedings of the other column were similar; they all pushed quite through the town, left parties in advance posts, and retired to more open ground in the centre of the town.

When the left column, which was intended to go by the ramparts, and leave guards at the gates, had struck into the town, an application was made to Colonel Dundas, who sent two companies of Her Majesty's 60th Rifles, to hold the gates.

The other columns had however exceeded their instructions; for a company of the 72d Bengal Native Infantry had crossed the town, and obtained possession of the Pak, and the road to the Hurun Gates, before the 60th Rifles arrived.

The Pak Gate was cleared during the night by the Bengal Sappers, the Hurun Gate by the Bombay Sappers, and the Bohur Gate was nearly opened, when the explosion took place, which rendered it impossible to go on. It was opened next morning by the Bengal Sappers.

It is quite impossible to say where the Engineer officers were: the troops were so scattered by the narrow lanes that there were no distinct columns. The only real guide was to follow the retreating enemy, which was done. Not only are the ramparts so incomplete as to render a passage round them by a column of men quite impracticable, but the parts which are complete were, at the time of the assault, crossed by traverses, and cut up by small trenches.

The night closed before the communication between the different bodies could be effected, but by morning the troops were in communication with each other.

It is to be regretted that we had not a couple of hours daylight, as we should then have probably avoided the explosion of the magazine, but the town was as completely cleared of the enemy by dark as it is at the present moment.

The steady and well-directed fire of Her Majesty's 60th Rifles kept down that of the enemy very considerably, while the troops were approaching the breach, and a discharge of grape thrown on the top of the breach by Lieutenant Keir, Bombay Artillery, just over the heads of the Fusiliers, as they advanced, was of the utmost advantage to us; but when the top was gained, and our men became mingled with the enemy, the fate of the day depended on the steadiness and courage of the Fusiliers, and both men and officers answered nobly to the call.

Where all behaved so well, and the operations were on such an extended scale, it would be impossible for me to particularize each act of gallantry. I would therefore beg to refer the brigadier commanding the division to the report of officers commanding regiments and posts, and merely mention such as came under my notice.

The gallantry of the following officers was conspicuous: Captain Tapp, Deputy Assistant Adjutant-General, attached to my staff, who was wounded in capturing a gun on our first entering the town, whereby I was early deprived of his valuable assistance.

Captain Leith, 1st Fusiliers, commanding the storming party, who was very severely wounded; and Lieutenants Daly and Mules, 1st Fusiliers. I would also bring to special notice the conduct of Colour-Serjeant John Bennett, 1st Fusiliers, who volunteered to accompany the storming party, and rushing up the breach, planted the Union Jack on its crest—standing beside it until the whole brigade had passed. The colour and staff are riddled with balls.

I beg to mention the names of Major Mignan, commanding 1st Fusiliers; Major Mant, commanding 19th Regiment Native Infantry; Major Honner, commanding 4th Rifles; and Major Hobson, 1st Fusiliers; all of whom exerted themselves to the utmost, and were most successful in their different arrangements.

To Major Scott, Commanding Engineer, I am particularly indebted for his able assistance and untiring zeal throughout the operations.

My best thanks are also due to the following engineer officers, for the zeal and activity they displayed in the different duties on which they were employed:

Captain Abercrombie and Lieutenant Taylor, and other officers of the Bengal Engineers, whose names I am unfortunately unable to give.

Lieutenants Kendall and Berthon, of the Bombay Sappers, and 2d Lieutenants Playfair and Fuller of the same corps.

To the following officers temporarily attached to my staff my best thanks are due:

Lieutenant Pollexfen, Deputy Assistant Quarter-Master General:

Lieutenant Henry, Postmaster to the force.

I am much indebted to my Major of Brigade, Captain Hart, for the able and zealous assistance he afforded me in his arduous office throughout the operations.

I have the greatest pleasure in bearing testimony to the humanity and forbearance of the troops under my command. Not a single instance of wanton cruelty or ill treatment of the peaceable inhabitants of the town has been brought to my notice.

List of Killed, Wounded, and Missing, in the 2d Infantry Brigade, on the 2d January 1849.

Camp, Mooltan, January 3, 1849.

1st Bombay European Regiment Fusiliers—4 rank and file, killed; 5 European officers, 4 serjeants, 1 drummer, 49 rank and file, wounded.

4th Regiment Native Infantry (Rifles)—8 rank and file, killed; 1 European officer, 1 native officer, 2 havildars, 4 band men, 35 rank and file, wounded.

19th Regiment Native Infantry—4 rank and file killed; 1 European officer, 3 havildars, 33 rank and file, wounded. Total of all ranks—16 killed; 139 wounded.

List of European officers Killed, Wounded, and Missing, in the 2d Infantry Brigade, on the 2d January 1849.

Camp, Mooltan, January 3, 1849.

1st Fusiliers—Captain R. W. D. Leith and Lieutenant W. Gray, dangerously; suffered amputation of an arm each; Lieuts. E. Dansey and G. Herne, slightly; 2d Lieut. E. A. Law, slightly; wounded.

4th Rifles—Lieut. T. S. Warden, wounded by a bullet in the shoulder.

19th Regiment Native Infantry—Ensign J. Gordon, wounded severely.

FOSTER STALKER, Brigadier Commanding 2d Infantry Brigade, Bombay Column, Mooltan Field Force.

Casualty Return of the Engineer Staff and Bombay Sappers and Miners, at the Storm of the City of Mooltan, on the 2d January 1849.

Camp near Mooltan, January 4, 1849.

Engineer Staff—1 Lieutenant wounded.
Sappers and Miners—10 privates, killed; 1 corporal, 1 native officer, 2 havildars, 3 naicks, 1 bugler, 43 privates, wounded; 1 private missing.

European Officer Wounded.

Engineer Staff—2d Lieutenant J. A. Fuller, wounded.

Major-General W. S. Whish, C.B., Commanding Mooltan Field Force.

Camp, Mooltan, January 21, 1849.

In my letter of the 19th instant, I mentioned having had another messenger from Dewan Moolraj, with a note requesting permission to send a confidential agent to me. In reply, I desired his unconditional surrender at 8 A.M. next day; and when I received the answer from Major Edwardes to sign and send, I took occasion to notice emphatically to the messenger, that I should confine to the guard any men that brought any documents or message from the Dewan, who were not authorized to the above effect. Nothing transpired regarding it yesterday, and I issued the orders for making the assault, at both breaches, at daylight this morning. The counterscarp on the city side not having, however, been blown in, as was calculated upon, I postponed the attack until 6 A.M. to-morrow. However, at 11 A.M. to-day, just as Major Edwardes had called to speak on matters connected with our march hence, the vakeel who had waited on me on the 9th instant, Dia Bux, came under a guard from our picquets, with a letter from the Dewan to each of us, the purport of which was, that he required assurance of his life, and that the females of his family should not be disgraced. I said in reply that, regarding the former, I had only authority to require the Dewan's unconditional submission to the justice of the British Government, and that no stipulation was necessary regarding the latter; for women and children, as a matter of course, would not be molested. Dia Bux then said his master would certainly come in, and suggested 9 A.M. to-morrow for the time of his doing so; but I could not agree to so late an hour. I told him the fire of all my batteries would continue until 5 o'clock to-morrow morning, and that the Dewan must, at latest, present himself and garrison at the Dowlut gate of the city at sunrise, where arrangements would be ready to facilitate their surrender, and to afford protection to their families.

I will, in conclusion, venture my opinion, that the Dewan is now sincere in his desire to submit. His followers are leaving him in large numbers, and our cavalry took prisoners about 300, who stole from the citadel last night; but, if it prove otherwise, I shall have nothing to regret in having attended to a third reference from him for the sake of humanity, and for the welfare of my troops; and the only difference it will make in my arrangements will be, that the assault on the citadel will commence an hour later, and be equally attended, under Providence, with, I trust, complete success.

Major-General Whish, C.B., to the Adjutant-General of the Army.

Camp, Mooltan, January 23, 1849.

Although I have in due course taken leave to bring to the notice of the Right Honourable the

Commander-in-Chief from time to time the services rendered by the allied troops under Major Edwardes, C.B., Assistant Resident, as I am about to part with that officer, whose willing and valuable aid I have frequently experienced since our first encamping before Mooltan, I will venture upon a brief recapitulation of what has been done by the forces under him and Lieutenant Lake, Engineers, respectively. The latter officer having had unassisted charge of the contingent of the Nawab of Bahawalpore, until he was wounded on the 12th of September last, when he was for a month relieved by Lieutenant Taylor, 11th Light Cavalry, Assistant Resident, who was prevented from continuing during the siege by a chivalrous expedition he undertook to recover our captives from Peshawur. General Van Cortlandt commanded the regular regiments and artillery of the Durbar, and, as far as came under my observation, executed an arduous trust, under occasionally critical circumstances, with much judgment and zeal. Lieutenant Lumsden, Assistant Resident, with a detachment of the guide corps, performed useful service for the two months he was in the allied camp. Lieutenant Pollock, 49th Regiment Native Infantry, Assistant Resident, has more than once distinguished himself at the head of a detachment during the siege, and joined his corps for the storm of the city on the 2d instant. Lieutenant Young, Engineers, had charge of the Irregular Sappers and Miners, and, under the orders of Major Scott, Chief Engineer, Bombay division, was eminently useful on the line of attack on the city side. Dr Cole has been, as usual, foremost in the cause of humanity; and, after attending to his own sick, a very large hospital of the wounded of the enemy experienced the benefit of his skill and care.

Before I conclude this brief notice of the officers attached to the allied forces that, exclusive of, on various occasions, having been successfully engaged with the enemy, maintained our communication with the Sutlej and Chenab, and furnished escorts for our supplies, &c., I beg to notice two gentlemen, at present non-military, who have done good service, Messrs Hugo James and McMahon, volunteers; the former having joined Major Edwardes in the hot season, and thence done duty with three companies of infantry that he had raised and drilled; the latter having joined early last month, and on the 29th ultimo distinguished himself, when the enemy twice unsuccessfully attacked the troops commanded by Major Edwardes and Lieutenant Lake, by cutting down the leader of the Sikh infantry in single combat, and by joining the storming column of Brigadier Markham, in the assault of the city on the 2d instant.

As the detachment of Bombay troops under Major Hallet, consisting of 5 troops of Scinde Horse (under Lieutenants Malcolm and Merewether), Captain Turnbull's light field battery, and 3d regiment native infantry, joined me a fortnight before the main body, and performed during that time most useful service, I beg to acknowledge my obligations to Major Hallet for the same.

Major-General Whish to the Adjutant-General.

Camp, Mooltan, January 23, 1849.

In the haste of despatching to you my letter of yesterday's date, I had not leisure to examine the fair copy previous to signature. I find to-day a clerical error in the omission of Major Day's (of Artillery) name immediately before that of Brevet-Major Blood, in the fifth paragraph thereof, which I shall be obliged by your causing to be corrected,

previous to its transmission to higher authority, should such a measure be deemed suitable.

The Adjutant-General of the Army to the Secretary
with the Governor-General.

Camp, Chillianwalla, January 28, 1849.

By direction of the Commander-in-Chief, I have the honour to enclose, for the information of the Governor-General of India, a copy of a despatch of the 22d* instant from Major-General W. S. Whish, C. B., commanding the Mooltan Field Force, reporting the surrender, on the morning of that day, of the garrison and citadel of Mooltan.

I am further to add for communication to his Lordship, that on the receipt of this despatch his Excellency was pleased to issue to the army of the Punjaub an order (a copy of which is herewith transmitted) expressive of his sense of the great services thus brought to a brilliant and successful termination by the Major-General and the admirable troops under his command.

General Orders to the Army of the Punjaub.

*Head-Quarters, Camp, Chillianwalla,
January 26, 1849.*

The officer commanding the artillery will be so good as to direct a royal salute to be immediately fired from the heavy guns in honour of the capture of Mooltan by the British Force, under command of Major-General W. S. Whish, C. B., on the morning of the 22d instant.

The Right Honourable the Commander-in-Chief most heartily congratulates Major-General W. S. Whish, and the brave officers and troops under his command, on the very important success their intrepidity, valour, and exemplary discipline have thus achieved.

Commander Powell, I. N., commanding the Indus Flotilla, to the Commodore commanding the Indian Navy.

Camp before Mooltan, January 11, 1849.

Since the despatch of my letter, dated the 3d instant, announcing the fall of the city of Mooltan, I have the honour to report that the siege has been carried on against the fort, and that our batteries are now within one hundred and eighty yards of the ditch : in one of these, mounting seven 18-pounders, the officers and men of the Indian Navy were employed on the 9th, when unfortunately the fascines, of which the lower part of the battery was formed, took fire by the bursting of one of the enemy's shells ; every exertion was made by Lieutenant Berthon, and the officers and men under his command, to extinguish it, but without avail, and it became necessary to move the guns out of the battery into the trench, when the enemy opened a very heavy fire of all arms on them, and I regret to state the men, as per enclosed casualty return, were wounded, and Mr. Elder, Acting Master, had his foot crushed by one of the guns, but he is not seriously hurt.

2. It is also my painful duty to report the death of Alexander Johnstone, Quartermaster, who died yesterday a little after noon, of the wounds he received in the morning : this is the same man who was slightly wounded on the 31st ultimo, and had gallantly returned to duty : the rest of the wounded I am glad to say are doing well.

* Gazette of March 9th, p. 237.

3. The Comet and Conqueror steamers are still above Mooltan, stopping all water communication. The former vessel will be despatched to Kurrachee in a day or two for Lady Lawrence and her party.

4. The Napier and Meteor are stationed off Raj-Ghaut, protecting the bridge and pontoon boats, also those the siege train came up in ; and the Meeanee is towing up commissariat grain boats to the same Ghaut. The Planet also arrived there yesterday, with two 10-inch mortars, 630 shells, and 44 bales of clothing ; she is now having a few repairs made good, and will be held ready for service down river.

5. It is not yet decided what portion of this force is to go to the north-east after the fall of the fort, and I am afraid the flotilla will be able to afford it but very little assistance beyond protecting the boats, and that only to the junction of Jhelum, as the water is lower than I have ever seen it.

List of Killed and Wounded of the Indian Navy during the Siege of the City and Fortress of Mooltan.

Camp, near Mooltan, January 11, 1849.

Alexander Johnstone, Quartermaster, slightly wounded, December 31, from musket shot ; discharged, January 2.

Henry Sandford, A. B., severely wounded, January 2, from musket shot.

John Chandlor, A. B., severely wounded, January 9, from musket shot.

Henry Jones, A. B., wounded severely, January 9, from musket shot.

Alexander Johnstone, Quartermaster, wounded from a shell, January 10 ; since dead.

George Elder, Acting Master, slight contusion from gun wheel, January 9.

J. MACKENZIE,
Assistant-Surgeon Indus Flotilla.

Commander Powell, of the Indus Flotilla, to the Commodore Commanding the Indian Navy.

Mooltan, January 25, 1849.

(Extract.)

I have great pleasure in reporting the occupation of the fort of Mooltan, by the troops under Major-General Whish, C. B., on the morning of the 22d ; the Dewan Moolraj, during the night of the 21st, when both breaches had been made practicable, having agreed to an unconditional surrender of himself and garrison, who laid down their arms on the glacis, and marched out at 9:30 A. M. on that date.

During the latter part of the siege, the officers and seamen of the Indian Navy were constantly employed in a battery within the city, in two watches, under Senior Lieutenant Berthon, and Mr. Acting Master Davis, and the services of all have been very handsomely acknowledged by Brigadier Leeson, commanding the artillery.

The Meteor and Comet steamers left Raj-Ghaut on the 14th and 16th instant, for Sinder, the former to bring up treasure from Sukkur, and the latter, with a number of wounded officers, for Kurrachee, where she is to receive on board Lady Lawrence and party, and bring them to Bukree, at the junction of the Sutlej and Chenab Rivers.

Since the withdrawal of the Comet, the Conqueror has been employed above Mooltan, stopping all communication by the river ; but as this is no longer required by the Assistant-Resident, orders were sent yesterday directing Mr. McLaurin to drop down to the junction of the Ravee, and

assist in making a bridge of boats over that river. The boats in charge of Mr. Acting Second Master Somerville left Raj-Ghaut this morning, accompanied by the Meeanee steamer, with the engineer officers and a company of sappers, who are to make the bridge.

The Planet steamer is still at Raj-Ghaut, where she has been employed with the Napier for some time past in guarding the fleet of boats, with Government stores on board, and preventing the enemy crossing the river. The Satellite, Assyria, and Nimrod steamers have been chiefly employed in Lower Sindh, under the orders of Senior Lieutenant Drought, who, as well as all the officers in charge of the tenders and their crews, together with the other officers and men of the flotilla, have evinced the greatest zeal in the performance of the arduous duties which have devolved on them, during the recent move of the Bombay division to Mooltan; and I beg to submit the enclosed copy of a letter from Brigadier the Honourable H. Dundas, C.B., conveying his thanks to myself and the officers and men, whose services he did me the honour of accepting, which will be duly communicated to them.

Colonel the Hon. H. Dundas, Commanding the Bombay Column of the Mooltan Force, to Captain Powell, I. N., Commanding Detachment of Seamen, serving with the Force, before Mooltan.

Camp, Mooltan, January 25, 1849.

The operations before Mooltan having been brought to a successful termination, I have the honour to request you will accept for yourself, and convey to the officers and seamen under your command, my thanks for the assistance you so willingly rendered, and the service they gallantly rendered, in serving the batteries, and sharing the fatigues which devolved on the artillery, with the order and intrepidity so truly characteristic of the British sailor.

General Order by the Governor-General of India.

Ferozepore, February 1, 1849.

The Governor-General, having received a despatch reporting the surrender, on the morning of the 22d instant, of the citadel and garrison of Mooltan, directs that, together with other despatches relating to the operations against the city and fort, it shall be published for the information of the army, and of the people of India.

The capture of this important fortress, which, during a protracted period, has resisted the powerful armament brought against it, and has been defended with gallantry and endurance, is a just subject of congratulation to the Government of India, and to the Army.

The Governor-General desires to convey to Major-General Whish, C.B. his warmest thanks for the valuable service which has thus, under Providence, been rendered to the Government by the united forces which he commands, for the steady, and skilful, and successful prosecution of a siege, which, at comparatively small loss to ourselves, has inflicted most heavy loss upon the enemy, and has utterly destroyed his strongest fortress.

Brigadier Cheape, C.B., the Chief Engineer of the army, is entitled to the best thanks of the Governor-General for the zeal and ability with which he has fulfilled the important duty intrusted to him, and in the discharge of which he has been well supported by Major Napier, Chief Engineer of the Bengal division, and Major Scott, Chief Engineer of the Bombay division of the force.

To Brigadier Markham, whose services have been conspicuous, to Brigadier Salter, and to Brigadier Hervey, the Governor-General tenders his warm acknowledgments.

To Brigadier the Honourable H. Dundas, C.B., commanding the Bombay division, to Brigadier Capon, and Brigadier Stalker, the best thanks of the Governor-General are due, for the ready and effective assistance they have rendered upon all occasions, as well in the attack upon the suburbs on the 27th of December, as in the assault of the city, which their troops were the first to enter, and in all the subsequent operations of the siege.

To Major Garbett and to Major Leeson, commanding the artillery of the Bengal and Bombay divisions, to Commander Powell, of the Indian Navy, and to the heads of the various departments, the Governor-General offers his thanks.

And to all the troops of each division, European and Native, to the officers, non-commissioned officers, and men, the Governor-General renders his hearty thanks for the gallantry, perseverance, skill, and discipline, which they have displayed throughout the service on which they have been employed.

With equal cordiality the Governor-General offers his best thanks to Major Edwardes, C.B., with the irregular force under his orders, and to Lieutenant Lake, who has commanded the forces of our Ally, the Nawab of Bahawalpore. The Governor-General congratulates these officers on their having been enabled, with their native troops, to witness, in the capture of Mooltan, the complete vindication of the supremacy of British power, which, during the past summer, their own gallantry and enterprize so materially contributed to sustain.

The Governor-General will have the utmost satisfaction in bringing the services of the force at Mooltan, under the favourable consideration of Her Majesty's Government and the Honourable East India Company.

A salute of 21 guns has been ordered to be fired at every principal station of the army in India.

The Adjutant-General of the Army, to the Secretary with the Governor-General.

(Extract.)

Camp, Chillianwalla, January 30, 1849.

By direction of the Commander-in-Chief, I have the honor to enclose, for the information of the Governor-General of India, a copy of a despatch of the 21st instant, from Brigadier-General H. M. Wheeler, C.B., commanding the Punjab division and Jullundur field force, reporting the success of his operations against the rebel Ram Sing.

Brigadier-General H. M. Wheeler, C.B., Commanding Jullundur Field Force, to the Adjutant-General of the Army.

(Extract.)

Camp, Puttankote, January 21, 1849.

On the 8th instant, I marched from Puttankote with my whole force, excepting the 4th Regiment Native Infantry, and a resallah of irregular cavalry, which I sent under the command of Lieutenant-Colonel D. Downing up the bed of the Chukkee river, to take post at the opposite end of the Dulla mountain, where I had ascertained that the ascent was more facile than near Shahpore. At Shahpore I found that a range of hills was to be crossed to reach Dulla-hill, and I hoped to be able to take the troops up the bed of the Ravee, and thus avoid it: on examination it was found that

the fords were too deep, with a violent stream, and I was compelled to turn my attention to a gorge which crossed the intervening hill.

This presented great difficulties for guns, but in three days a practicable road was made under the skilful and indefatigable exertions of Captain J. R. Oldfield, Field Engineer, admirably aided by Lieutenant M. J. Turnbull, 7th Light Cavalry, Brigade Quartermaster, and I had the extreme pleasure of seeing the whole of the artillery pass it and descend into the valley, under the mountain of Dulla.

I take this opportunity of expressing my high opinion of both these officers, to whom I am greatly indebted for aiding me in my reconnoissances, and obtaining information.

On reaching the valley, the positions of the enemy were found to be admirably chosen, and I at once saw that a direct attack was out of the question, more particularly as they showed in great strength.

The 12th, 13th, and 14th, were passed in reconnoitering and obtaining information, and I must acknowledge my obligations to Mr. J. Lawrence, Mr. P. S. Melvill, Lieutenants Lumsden and Hodson, who aided me most cordially.

On the evening of the 14th, I made the following arrangements:—

Lieutenant Hodson, (Lieutenant Lumsden having sprained his ankle) with his corps of guides, to move at noon on the 15th up the right bank of the Ravee, recross the river and move up to a high peak of the mountain, visible from my camp; with him went 400 rank and file, 3d Regiment Native Infantry. I at the same time wrote to Lieutenant-Colonel Downing, that my arrangements were definitively settled, and that the sound of my heavy guns was to be the signal for him to co-operate and attack the enemy's position; but that, as it was possible (owing to the intervening hills), he might not hear them, he was not to delay his ascent beyond 8 o'clock A. M. of the 16th.

Another column was formed of the Head Quarters, 3d Regiment Native Infantry, and a party of the 2d Irregular Cavalry, (Captain Jackson having volunteered the services of his corps, dismounted) under Lieutenant Swinton, second in command, the whole under Major Butler, commanding 3d Regiment Native Infantry.

Mr Lawrence, on joining me, brought with him a party of the 16th Irregular Cavalry and 1st Sikh Local Infantry, the former the Head-Quarters and sixty sowars, the latter under Lieutenant J. Peel, second in command, one hundred and fifty-two; the whole under the command of Captain W. W. Davidson of the former, who volunteered for his sowars to act on foot.

These were formed into another column to join that under Major Butler, when he passed that point of the hill where it ascended. Lieutenant Hodson quitted camp at 12 noon on the 15th, and at 2 P. M. rain began to fall, slightly at first, but it increased and poured all night, and fell more or less until past 1 P. M. of the next day. This so greatly interfered with his progress, the road being a most difficult path over cliffs, and the Ravee having swollen, he was unable to reach his post until noon on the 16th, instead of 6 P. M. on the 15th as reckoned on. Of this he could give me no intimation in consequence of the weather preventing any one from coming round, and the occupation of the mountain by the enemy equally preventing any one from coming across.

All were ready in my camp at 8 A. M., and, although it poured, moved off in capital spirits to be ready to ascend at the signal.

Lieutenant-Colonel Wilson has written so modestly of the artillery, that it is my duty to state, that his own exertions, and that of all under him, were most zealous and successful. Captain Sissmore and Burnett deserve the greatest credit for getting up 24-pound howitzers and mortars, on steep shoulders of the hill, and bringing them to act on the positions of the enemy: these officers have, on every occasion, elicited my praise, and I beg most strongly to recommend them to the favourable consideration of Lord Gough.

The column under Major Butler carried out my wishes with great coolness and courage, and I am indebted to that officer for the judgment which he evinced, and which was crowned with complete success.

The enemy has lost severely; thirty-five bodies were counted, and many more must have fallen on different parts of the hill, which have not been seen. Of their wounded I know nothing.

Major Fisher and Captain Jackson, with the mounted portion of their corps, followed me up the mountain, where, I'll venture to say, cavalry never were before, in the hope of being able to pursue the enemy when beaten, but did not reach in time.

I have had on this, as indeed on every other occasion, the most hearty and cheerful aid from the staff of all grades, the whole of whom accompanied me.

I received the most cordial aid in all points from Mr Lawrence and Mr Melvill, and am most grateful to those gentlemen.

I am, in a word, pleased with all, and of all ranks, who were under my personal command.

Ram Sing's party is utterly broken up for the present, and he has recrossed the Ravee with two followers.

Return of Killed and Wounded in the Force commanded by Brigadier-General H. M. Wheeler, C. B., in the Assault and Capture of the Heights of Dulla, on January 16, 1849.

3d Regiment N. I.—1 sepoy slightly wounded.
2d Regiment Irregular Cavalry—1 sowar killed; 1 sowar severely, and 1 slightly wounded.

16th Regiment Irregular Cavalry—Captain Commanding, Captain W. W. Davidson, severely wounded, bullet in the right hand; 1 native officer, severely wounded; 1 sowar severely, and 2 slightly wounded.

1st Regiment Sikh Local Infantry—Lieutenant Second in Command, Lieutenant J. Peel, dangerously wounded, since dead; 1 Jemadar, 2 sepoy, killed; 1 havildar, 4 sepoy slightly, 1 naick, 3 sepoy severely, 2 sepoy dangerously wounded.

Total—4 killed; 20 wounded.

N. B.—Cornet Christie, 7th Light Cavalry, killed.

General Order by the Right Honourable the Governor-General of India.

Camp, Mukkoo, January 24, 1849.

The Governor-General having received from the Commander-in-Chief in India a despatch, dated the 16th instant, directs that it shall be published for the information of the Army and of the People of India.

In this despatch, His Excellency reports the successful operation of the troops under his immediate command on the afternoon of the 13th instant, when they attacked and defeated the Sikh Army under the command of Rajah Shere Sing.

Notwithstanding great superiority in numbers, and the formidable position which he occupied, the enemy, after a severe and obstinate resistance, was driven back, and retreated from every part of his position in great disorder, with much slaughter, and with the loss of twelve pieces of Artillery.

The Governor-General congratulates the Commander-in-Chief on the Victory thus obtained by the Army under his command; and, on behalf of the Government of India, he desires cordially to acknowledge the gallant services which have been rendered on this occasion by his Excellency the Commander-in-Chief, the Generals, the officers, non-commissioned officers and soldiers of the army in the field.

The Governor-General offers his thanks to Major-General Sir Joseph Thackwell, K. C. B. and K. H. for his services; and to Brigadier White for his conduct of the brigade of cavalry on the left.

Major-General Sir W. Gilbert, K. C. B., and Brigadier-General Campbell, C. B., are entitled to the special thanks of the Governor-General, for the admirable manner in which they directed the divisions under their orders.

To Brigadier Mountain, C. B. and to Brigadier Hoggan, the Governor-General tenders his acknowledgments for the gallant example they offered in the lead of their men; and to them, to Brigadier Godby, C. B., and Brigadier Pennycuik, C. B., for their able conduct of their respective brigades.

The warm thanks of the Governor-General are due to Brigadier-General Tennant, commanding the artillery division, to Brigadier Brooke, C. B., and Brigadier Huthwaite, C. B., for their direction of the operations of that distinguished arm, and for the effective service which it rendered.

To the heads of the various departments, and to the officers of the general and personal staff, whose services are acknowledged by the Commander-in-Chief, the Governor-General offers his thanks.

The Governor-General deeply regrets the loss of Brigadier Pennycuik, C. B., and of the gallant officers and men who have honourably fallen in the service of their country.

It has afforded the Governor-General the highest gratification to observe that the conduct of the troops generally was worthy of all praise.

The Governor-General indeed, is concerned to think that any order, or misapprehension of an order could have produced the movements, by the right brigade of cavalry, which his Excellency the Commander-in-Chief reports.

To the Artillery, European and Native, to the Cavalry on the left, and to the European and Native Infantry, the Governor-General offers his hearty thanks; especially to those corps, European and Native, which his Excellency reports to have acted, under trying circumstances, with a gallantry worthy of the greatest admiration.

The Governor-General will have sincere satisfaction in bringing the services of this Army under the favourable notice of Her Majesty's Government and the Honourable East India Company.

A salute of 21 Guns has been ordered to be fired from every principal Station of the Army in India.

The Governor-General repeats to the Commander-in-Chief and to the Army, the assurance of his

cordial thanks; and expresses his confident belief that the Victory which, under Divine Providence, they have won, will exercise a most important influence on the successful progress of the war in which they are engaged.

By order of the Right Honourable th^o
Governor-General of India.

H. M. ELLIOT, Secretary to the
Government of India, with the
Governor-General.

The Secretary with the Governor-General to the
Adjutant-General of the Army.

Ferozepore, January 31, 1849.

1. I am directed to acknowledge the receipt of his Excellency the Commander-in-Chief's despatches, dated the 5th, 10th, and 16th ultimo, reporting the particulars of an action with the enemy at Sadoolapoor, and the passage of the Chenab by Major-General Sir Joseph Thackwell, K. C. B.

2. The Governor-General regrets to find that he inadvertently omitted to issue instructions founded on a Minute which he had recorded on the subject of the despatches under acknowledgment.

3. His Lordship begs to congratulate the Commander-in-Chief on the success of the measures which he adopted for effecting the passage of the Chenab, and to convey to him the assurance of his satisfaction with, and his best thanks for the judicious arrangements by which he was enabled, with comparatively little loss, to carry into execution his plans for the passage of that difficult river, and for compelling the retreat of the Sikh army from the formidable position which they occupied on its further bank, after they had been engaged and beaten back by the forces under Major-General Sir Joseph Thackwell.

4. The result of his Excellency's movements, in driving the Sikh army from their entrenchments, and forcing them to retire to the other extremity of the Dooab, was of much importance.

5. The Governor-General offers his best thanks to Major-General Sir Joseph Thackwell for his successful direction of the force under his command, and for the dispositions by which he compelled the enemy to retire, and ultimately to quit the ground he had occupied.

6. The Governor-General tenders his best thanks to Brigadier-General Campbell for the able assistance which he rendered to Major-General Sir Joseph Thackwell, and to Lieutenant-Colonel Grant for the powerful and effective use which he made of the artillery under his command.

7. The Governor-General has had much gratification in observing the terms in which the Commander-in-Chief has spoken of the army under his command in the field; and he concurs with his Excellency in bestowing upon them the praise which is their due.

Errata in the Gazette of March 9, page 234.

For 19th Bombay Fusiliers, read 1st Bombay Fusiliers.

For Superintendent of Brigades, read Superintendent of Bazaars.

For Major Jackson, read Major Leeson.

At the Council-Chamber, Whitehall, the 27th day of March 1849.

By the Lords of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council.

Whereas by an Act, passed in the last Session of Parliament, intituled "An Act to renew and amend an Act of the tenth year of Her present Majesty, for the more speedy removal of certain nuisances, and the prevention of contagious and epidemic diseases," after reciting that it is expedient that when any part of the United Kingdom shall appear to be threatened with, or affected by any formidable epidemic, endemic, or contagious disease, measures of precaution should be taken with promptitude, according to the exigency of the case, it is enacted that in Great Britain, the Lords and others of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, or any three or more of them (the Lord President of the Council, or one of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State being one), may, by Order or Orders to be by them from time to time made, direct that the provisions in the said Act contained for the prevention of epidemic, endemic, and contagious diseases, be put in force in Great Britain, or in such parts thereof, or in such places therein, respectively, as in such Order or Orders respectively may be expressed, and may from time to time, as to all or any of the parts or places to which any such Order or Orders may extend, and in like manner revoke or renew any such Order, and, subject to revocation and renewal as aforesaid, every such Order shall be in force for six calendar months, or for such shorter period as in such Order shall be expressed :

And whereas, on the 28th day of September 1848, an Order was made by the Lords and others of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, reciting that the United Kingdom appeared to be threatened with a formidable epidemic disease, and that a case had arisen for putting in force the provisions of the said Act, and directing, in pursuance and exercise of the powers so vested in them as aforesaid, that the provisions in the said hereinbefore recited Act contained for the prevention of epidemic, endemic, and contagious diseases, be put in force throughout the whole of Great Britain, immediately from and after the date of the said Order : and it was further directed, that such Order should continue in force for six calendar months from and after the date thereof :

And whereas certain parts of the United Kingdom are at present affected by a formidable epidemic disease, and it is expedient that the said Order be renewed ; now, therefore, it is hereby directed by the Lords and others of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council (of whom the Most Honourable the Lord President of the Council is one), in pursuance and exercise of the powers so vested in them as aforesaid, that the said Order of the 28th day of September 1848, be, and the same is hereby renewed for a period of six calendar months from and after the date of this present Order.

C. C. GREVILLE.

CROWN-OFFICE, March 26, 1849.

MEMBER returned to serve in this present PARLIAMENT.

County of Derby.

Southern Division.

William Mundy, of Markeaton, in the County of Derby, Esq. in the room of Edward Miller Mundy, Esq. deceased.

At the Court at Buckingham Palace, March 23, 1849.

CHAPTER of the Most Noble Order of the Garter.

A Chapter of this Most Noble Order having been summoned for this day, the Knights Companions hereafter named, in their mantles and collars, assembled in the green drawing-room, viz.—

The Duke of Wellington, the Marquess of Exeter, the Duke of Richmond, the Marquess of Lansdowne, the Marquess of Salisbury, the Duke of Cleveland, Earl de Grey, the Marquess of Abercorn, the Marquess Camden, the Marquess of Hertford, the Duke of Bedford, and the Duke of Norfolk, attended by the following Officers, viz.—

The Lord Bishop of Winchester, Prelate ; the Lord Bishop of Oxford, Chancellor ; the Honourable and Reverend George Neville-Grenville, Dean of Windsor, Register ; Sir Charles George Young, Knt. Garter Principal King of Arms ; and Sir Augustus William James Clifford, Bart. Gentleman Usher of the Black Rod.

At three o'clock the Knights Companions were called over by Garter (when Her Majesty and His Royal Highness the Prince Albert having passed into the Throne-Room,) they proceeded with the Officers of the Order, for the Green Drawing-Room, into the Throne-Room.

The Sovereign being seated in Her Chair of State, and His Royal Highness Prince Albert at the table, on the right hand of Her Majesty, the other Knights Companions took their respective places at the table, the Prelate standing on the right hand of the Sovereign, the Chancellor on the left hand, the Register, Garter, and Black Rod at the end of the table.

The Chancellor then signified to the Chapter Her Majesty's royal will and pleasure that the two vacant stalls in the Royal Chapel of Saint George at Windsor be filled ; and as by the Statutes, none but a Knight can be elected, the Right Honourable Frederick Earl Spencer was introduced by Garter and Black Rod, and knighted by Her Majesty with the Sword of State, when his Lordship having kissed the Sovereign's hand, retired.

The Knights Companions then proceeded to the election, and the suffrages having been collected by the Chancellor, were by him presented to the Sovereign, who commanded him to declare, and he accordingly did declare, that the Right Honourable George William Frederick Earl of Clarendon had been duly elected a Knight of the Most Noble Order of the Garter.

Then by the Sovereign's command, his Lordship was received at the door of the Chapter-Room by the Dukes of Bedford and Norfolk, the two junior Knights Companions present, and conducted between them to Her Majesty, preceded by Garter (bearing the ensigns of the Order upon a crimson velvet cushion,) and by Black Rod. The Earl of Clarendon kneeling near the Sovereign, Garter on his knee presented the Garter, and Her Majesty, assisted by His Royal Highness Prince Albert and the Duke of Wellington, the two senior Knights Companions present, buckled it on his Lordship's left leg, the Chancellor pronouncing the usual admonition.

Garter next presented in like manner the Ribband and George, and Her Majesty, assisted as before, put the same over his Lordship's left shoulder, the Chancellor pronouncing the admonition. The Earl then again kissed Her Majesty's

hand, and having received the congratulations of each of the Knights Companions, retired.

The Chapter then proceeded to a second election, and the suffrages having been collected by the Chancellor, were by him presented to the Sovereign, when the Right Honourable Frederick Earl Spencer was by Her Majesty's command declared duly elected; and his Lordship was introduced and invested with the Garter, and the Ribband and George, with the like ceremonies.

The Chapter being ended, Garter, by Her Majesty's command, again called over the Knights Companions, who, with the Officers of the Order, retired from the presence of the Sovereign with the usual reverence.

At the Court at Buckingham Palace, March 23, 1849.

The Queen, as Sovereign of the Most Noble Order of the Garter, has been graciously pleased, by letters patent under Her royal sign manual and the great seal of the Order, bearing date this day, to dispense with all the statutes and regulations usually observed in regard to Installation, and to grant unto the Right Honourable George William Frederick Earl of Clarendon and the Right Honourable Frederick Earl Spencer, Knights of the said Most Noble Order, and duly invested with the ensigns thereof, full power and authority to exercise all rights and privileges belonging to a Knight Companion of the Most Noble Order of the Garter, in as full and ample a manner as if they had been formally installed, any decree, rule, or usage to the contrary notwithstanding.

DUCHY OF CORNWALL,

SOMERSET-HOUSE, March 20, 1849.

The Queen has been pleased to direct letters patent to be passed in the name and on behalf of His Royal Highness the Prince of Wales, for the appointment of James Robert Gardiner, Esq. Barrister-at-Law, to discharge the duties of Surveyor-General of the Duchy of Cornwall, in the room of Lord De L'Isle, resigned.

The Queen has also been pleased to direct letters patent to be passed for the appointment of Joshua Wigley Bateman, Esq. to discharge certain of the duties, not otherwise provided for, attached to the office of Receiver-General of the Duchy of Cornwall, lately held by Sir Henry Wheatley, Bart.

COUNCIL CHAMBER,

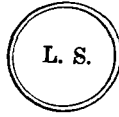
Dublin Castle, March 24, 1849.

This day the Privy Council assembled, when the Right Honourable Francis Blackburne, Chief Justice of Her Majesty's Court of Queen's Bench in Ireland, was sworn a Lord Justice of Ireland.

Whereas, by date the fifteenth day of January, one thousand eight hundred and forty-nine, We, the General Board of Health, issued an Order "applicable to the Parochial Board for the management of the Poor in the Barony Parish, Glasgow," in consequence of the prevalence of epidemic cholera in the said parish; and whereas, We have been informed that the disease has now entirely subsided in the said parish, We, the

General Board of Health, do hereby revoke the said Order, and all the directions and regulations therein contained.

Given under our hands, and under the seal of the General Board of Health, this twenty-sixth day of March one thousand eight hundred and forty-nine.



(Signed)

ASHLEY.
EDWIN CHADWICK.
T. SOUTHWOOD SMITH.

WHITEHALL, March 21, 1849.

The Lord Chancellor has appointed William Stephens Hays, of Cheltenham, in the County of Gloucester, Gent. to be a Master Extraordinary in the High Court of Chancery.

BANKRUPTS

FROM THE LONDON GAZETTE.

BANKRUPTCIES AWARDED.

- Richard John Goss, of the Rising Sun, Sidney Street, Stepney, Middlesex, victualler.
- John Edmunds Curtis, of Newport Pagnel, Bucks, printer and bookseller.
- James Reid, of the Edgeware Road, Middlesex, and of Bexley Heath, Woolwich, Rochester, Chatham, and Maidstone, Kent, draper.
- Thomas Nunn, of Colchester, Essex, coal merchant.
- Henry Williams, of Park Place, Kennington Cross, Surrey, ironmonger and smith.
- John Redington, of Moreton, Essex, miller.
- Thomas Manders, of High Row, Knightsbridge, Saint Margaret, Westminster, Middlesex, victualler.
- Henry Dunk, of the Brook, Chatham, Kent, timber merchant.
- Alexander Burn Callander, of No. 15, Mincing Lane, London, corn factor.
- John Baskerville, of Ludlow, Salop, linen draper.
- James Cooper, of Newcastle-under-Lyme, Stafford, small-ware dealer and haberdasher.
- Edwin Bannister, of Abbott's Bromley and Hill Redware, Stafford, harness maker.
- Robert Roberts, of Toxteth-park, near Liverpool, Lancaster, grocer and builder.
- Joseph Forrester, of Whitehaven, Cumberland, mercer and draper.
- Joshua Sim, of Cocker mouth, Cumberland, Joseph Sim, of Braithwaite, Cumberland, and Daniel Sim, of Braithwaite aforesaid, woollen manufacturers, carrying on business at Braithwaite aforesaid, under the firm of Joshua Sim and Sons.

NOTICE

TO THE CREDITORS OF

WILLIAM and THOMAS MITCHELL, Lochmaben.

A State of ranking of the claims lodged by the Creditors, with an account of the intromissions of the Trustees on the estate, and a final scheme of division of the funds realized, have been prepared by the Trustees, and will lie at the Office of William Richardson, Writer in Lockerbie, for the inspection of all concerned, for a month from this date, when, if no objections are stated, the dividend will be paid.

March 27, 1849.

NOTICE.

ALL Persons having claims against the late HUGH M'INDOE, Contractor, Alexandria, will please lodge Notes of the same, with affidavits to the verity thereof, in the hands of Mrs MARGARET GLEN, his Widow, residing in Alexandria, within one month from this date,—March 20, 1849.

NOTICE.

IN obedience to a Remit from the Lords Spiritual and Temporal in Parliament assembled, all parties concerned in a Petition of James Wilkinson Gordon, son of THOMAS GORDON, Esquire of Cairness and Buthlaw, in the County of Aberdeen, deceased, and of John Leith, Captain in the Royal Navy, and others, the assumed surviving and acting Trustees of the said deceased Thomas Gordon, are appointed to appear before Lord Mackenzie in Scotland, and Lord Ivory in Scotland, or in their absence, or in the absence of either of them, before Lord Medwyn in Scotland, and Lord Murray in Scotland, within the house of Lord Medwyn, No. 17, Ainslie Place, Edinburgh, on Wednesday the 11th day of April next, at one o'clock afternoon, when they will be heard for their interest, in a Bill for authorising the said Trustees to sell the Estate of Cairness and others, and to apply the price thereof in payment of the debts and burdens affecting the same, and for laying out the residue of the price in the purchase of other Lands to be entailed, in terms of the Trust Deed of Settlement by the said Thomas Gordon, and for other purposes.

MARTIN & ROSS, W.S.
35, Great King Street.

Edinburgh, March 29, 1849.

NOTICE

TO THE CREDITORS OF

JOHN TAYLOR & SON, and JOHN TAYLOR and JOHN TAYLOR, Junior, both Shipbuilders and Carpenters in Peterhead, and of John Taylor, Senior, and John Taylor, Junior, both Shipbuilders and Carpenters there, the Individual Partners of the Copartnery carried on by them, under the Firms of John Taylor and Son, and John Taylor and John Taylor, Junior.

WILLIAM ALEXANDER, Solicitor in Peterhead, Trustee on the sequestrated estates of the said John Taylor and Son, and John Taylor and John Taylor, Junior, both Shipbuilders and Carpenters in Peterhead, and of John Taylor, Senior, and John Taylor, Junior, both Shipbuilders and Carpenters there, the Individual Partners of the Copartnery carried on by them, under the said Firms of John Taylor and Son, and John Taylor and John Taylor, Junior, hereby intimates, that accounts of his intromissions with the funds of the Copartnery, and John Taylor, Senior's estates, brought down to the 12th current, and states of the funds recovered and of those outstanding as at the same date, have been made up, examined, and audited by the Commissioners on said estates, in terms of the Statute: That he has examined the claims of the several Copartnery Creditors who have lodged their oaths and grounds of debt on or before the said 12th instant, and completed lists of those entitled to be ranked on the funds of said Copartnery estate; and that a dividend will be paid to those Creditors of John Taylor and Son, whose claims have been admitted by the Trustee, at the Office of Keith Forbes, Solicitor in Peterhead, on Monday the 14th day of May next; farther, that the Commissioners have postponed payment of a dividend from the estate of the said John Taylor, Senior, till the recurrence of another stated period, and that they have also dispensed with the Trustee sending to the said Creditors of John Taylor, Senior, circulars containing a copy or abstract of the funds belonging to his estate. There were no effects belonging to the Bankrupt, John Taylor, Junior, available to his estate.—Of all which Notice is hereby given, in terms of the Statute.

WILLM. ALEXANDER, Trustee.

Peterhead, March 26, 1849.

HENRY KERR, Agent, Edinburgh, Trustee on the sequestrated estate of JOHN DAWSON, Manufacturer in Alva, hereby intimates, that an account of his intromissions with the funds of the estate, brought down from 22d November 1848 to 22d current, and state of the funds recovered and outstanding as at the same date, have been made up, and examined by the Commissioners, in terms of the Statute, and that the Commissioners have postponed the declaration of a dividend until the next Statutory period, and have dispensed with the sending of notices to the Creditors.

HENRY KERR, Trustee.

Edinburgh, 53, Albany Street,
March 29, 1849.

NOTICE

TO SUCCESSORS IN THE

Sequestration of the Estates of the Deceased ALEXANDER COPLAND, of Rhonepark, Merchant at Cross-michael Kirk, in the Stewartry of Kirkcudbright.

A Petition having been presented to Lord Robertson, Ordinary officiating on the Bills, at the instance of Joseph Black, Merchant at Balmacellan Kirk, in the said Stewartry of Kirkcudbright, a Creditor to the extent required by law of the said Alexander Copland, lately residing at Crossmichael Kirk aforesaid, now deceased, praying for sequestration of his estates, his Lordship, upon the 21st day of February last, granted warrant to cite Agnes Copland, Spouse of William Welsh, Overseer of the Kirkmabreck Granite Quarry, in said Stewartry of Kirkcudbright, the eldest lawful Child of the said deceased Alexander Copland, and the said William Welsh, her Husband, for his interest, Alexander Copland, Sailor, at present at Sea, or elsewhere furth of Scotland, Margaret Copland, residing at Cross-michael, in the said Stewartry of Kirkcudbright, James Copland, Sailor, at present at Sea, or elsewhere furth of Scotland, and Sarah Copland, William Copland, and Euphemia Copland, all residing at Crossmichael aforesaid, the other Children of the said deceased Alexander Copland, the Successors of the said deceased Alexander Copland, and the Tutors and Curators of such of the said Successors as are Pupils or Minors, if they any have, for their interest, to appear in Court, within twenty-one days after citation, to shew cause why sequestration of the estates of the said deceased Alexander Copland should not be awarded, in terms of the Statute. The said Successors, and the Tutors and Curators of such of them as are Pupils or Minors, if they any have, for their interest, having been duly cited to appear accordingly, and no appearance having been made, Lord Wood, Ordinary officiating on the Bills, upon the 29th day of March current, ordered Intimation of the foresaid warrant to be published in the Edinburgh Gazette, and of new ordained the Successors of the said deceased Alexander Copland to appear within a farther space of twenty-one days from the date of publication of the said Intimation, to shew cause why sequestration of the estates of the said deceased Alexander Copland should not be awarded, in terms of the Statute, to which Mrs Sarah Barbour or Copland, his Widow, residing at Crossmichael Kirk aforesaid, has consented.

DAVID WELSH, W.S.
7, Northumberland Street.

Edinburgh, March 30, 1849.

NOTICE

TO THE CREDITORS OF

GEORGE ARMSTRONG, Tea Dealer and Commission Merchant in Edinburgh.

NOTICE is hereby given to the Creditors of the said George Armstrong, that he has applied by Petition to the Lord Ordinary officiating on the Bills, with the requisite concurrence of his Creditors, to be finally discharged of all debts contracted by him before the date of his sequestration on the 14th day of February 1848, and that his Lordship, on the 29th instant, ordered Intimation thereof to be made in the Edinburgh Gazette, in terms of the Statute 2 and 3 Victoria, cap. 41.

JOHN PATERSON, S.S.C. Agent.

Edinburgh, March 30, 1849.

NOTICE.

THE Trustee on the sequestrated estates of the GARTNESS IRON COMPANY, and of James Paterson, William Robb, and John Henry Stewart, partners of that Company, and as individuals, hereby intimates, that his accounts with the Company's estate have been audited and approved by the Commissioners, and these accounts, with states of funds and assets of the estate, and schemes of ranking of, and division among the Creditors, lie in the Office of John Fleming, Accountant, 21, St Vincent Place, Glasgow, for one month from this date, for the inspection of the Creditors. Farther, that on Monday the 14th day of May next, the Trustee will there pay an equalizing dividend to such of the Creditors ranked, as had not lodged their claims in time for the first dividend, and a final dividend to the whole Creditors ranked on the Company's estate.—All in terms of the Statute.

WM. JOHNSTON, Trustee.

STEELE & DOUIE,
Agents in the Sequestration.

Glasgow, March 27, 1849.



THE Estates of the Company carrying on Business at Waterton Mills, Stoneywood, Parish of Newhills and County of Aberdeen, under the Name of THOMAS JAFFREY, as a Company, and Thomas Jaffrey, Farmer and Paper Manufacturer, Waterton Mills, Stoneywood, Parish of Newhills and County of Aberdeen, and Andrew Jaffray, Paper Manufacturer, Waterton Mills aforesaid, and Coach Proprietor and Farmer at Raxton, Parish of Tarves and County aforesaid, as Partners thereof and as Individuals, were sequestrated on the 28th day of March 1849.

The first deliverance is dated the said 28th March 1849.

The meeting to elect an Interim Factor or separate Interim Factors is to be held at one o'clock afternoon, on Saturday the 7th day of April next, within the Lemon Tree Tavern, Aberdeen; and the meeting to elect the Trustee, or separate Trustees, or Trustees in succession and Commissioners, is to be held at one o'clock afternoon, on Tuesday the 1st day of May next, within the same place.

A composition may be offered at this latter meeting; and to entitle Creditors to the first dividend, their oaths and grounds of debt must be lodged on or before the 29th day of September 1849.

All future Advertisements relating to this sequestration will be published in the Edinburgh Gazette alone.

HUNTER, BLAIR, & COWAN, W.S.
7, York Place, Agents.

Edinburgh, September 29, 1849.

THE Estates of PETER ROBERTSON, Farmer and Grazier at Knock, in the Parish of Renfrew, were sequestrated on 28th March 1849.

The first deliverance is dated the 28th March 1849.

The meeting to elect Interim Factor is to be held at two o'clock afternoon, on Friday the 6th April 1849, within the Saracen's Head Inn, Paisley; and the meeting to elect the Trustee and Commissioners is to be held at two o'clock afternoon, on Friday the 4th May 1849, within the Saracen's Head Inn, Paisley.

A composition may be offered at this latter meeting; and to entitle Creditors to the first dividend, their oaths and grounds of debt must be lodged on or before the 28th September 1849.

All future Advertisements relating to this sequestration will be published in the Edinburgh Gazette alone.

ALEX. NAIRNE,
7, Pitt Street, Edinburgh, Agent.

THE Estates of JOHN CAMPBELL, Distillers' Agent and Merchant in Glasgow, were sequestrated on 23th March 1849.

The first deliverance is dated 23th March 1849.

The meeting to elect Interim Factor is to be held at one o'clock afternoon, on Monday the 9th day of April 1849, within the Albion Tavern, 74, Argyle Street, Glasgow; and the meeting to elect the Trustee and Commissioners is to be held at one o'clock afternoon, on Monday the 30th day of said month of April 1849, within the same place.

A composition may be offered at this latter meeting; and to entitle Creditors to the first dividend, their oaths and grounds of debt must be lodged on or before the 29th September 1849.

All future Advertisements relating to this sequestration will be published in the Edinburgh Gazette alone.

GEO. GRAY, W. S. Agent,
Chambers, 25, North Bridge.

THE Estates of THOMAS THOMSON HANNA, Merchant in Glasgow, were sequestrated on the 28th day of March 1849.

The first deliverance is dated 28th March 1849.

The meeting to elect Interim Factor is to be held on Tuesday the 10th day of April 1849, at one o'clock afternoon, within M'Intyre's Tavern, Brunswick Place, Glasgow; and the meeting to elect Trustee and Commissioners is to be held at one o'clock afternoon, on Wednesday the 9th day of May 1849, within the same place.

A composition may be offered at this latter meeting; and to entitle Creditors to the first dividend, their oaths and grounds of debt must be lodged on or before the 28th day of September 1849.

All future Advertisements relating to this sequestration will be published in the Edinburgh Gazette alone.

JOHN PATTISON, W.S. Agent,
39, London Street, Edinburgh.

ERRATUM in last Gazette.—In the Sequestration of MATHEW PATON, Wright and Smith in Greenock, the meeting for the election of Trustee and Commissioners will be held on Monday the 7th May, in place of the 4th May, as stated in the Notice.

THE Estates of WILLIAM GRANT, Farmer, Cattle Dealer, and Banker, residing at Ruthven, in the Parish of Kirkmichael, and County of Banff, were sequestrated on the 29th day of March 1849.

The first deliverance is dated the 29th day of March 1849.

The meeting to elect an Interim Factor is to be held at 12 o'clock noon, on Tuesday the 10th day of April 1849, within Murray's Inn in Dufftown, in the County of Banff; and the meeting to elect the Trustee and Commissioners is to be held at 12 o'clock noon, on Tuesday the 1st day of May 1849, within Murray's Inn in Dufftown, in the County of Banff.

A composition may be offered at this latter meeting; and to entitle Creditors to the first dividend, their oaths and grounds of debt must be lodged on or before the 29th day of September 1849.

All future Advertisements relating to this sequestration will be published in the Edinburgh Gazette alone.

JOFF & JOHNSTON, Agents,
30, Albany Street, Edinburgh.

SEQUESTRATION of the Company carrying on business as Merchants and Commission Agents in Glasgow, under the Firm of D. G. MACLELLAN and COMPANY; in Montreal, Canada East, under the Firm of WILLIAM MACLELLAN and COMPANY; and in London, Canada West, under the Firm of MACLELLAN & COMPANY, as a Company, and William MacLellan, Merchant and Commission Agent, residing in Glasgow, as a Partner thereof, and as an Individual.

THOMAS CARMICHAEL ORR, Merchant in Glasgow, has been elected Trustee on the estates, and Alexander Barnhill, Merchant in Glasgow, Robert Walker, one of the Partners of Walker, Son, and Company, Manufacturers, Paisley, and Walter Laing, one of the Partners of Dicksons and Laings, Merchants in Glasgow, have been elected Commissioners. The examination of the Bankrupt will take place within the Sheriff-Clerk's Office, Glasgow, on Monday the 16th day of April next, at 12 o'clock noon. The Creditors will meet within the Writing-Chambers of Messrs Steele and Douie, No. 6, South Hanover Street, Glasgow, on Thursday the 3d day of May next, at one o'clock afternoon.

T. C. ORR, Trustee.
STEELE & DOUIE,
Agents in the Sequestration.

Glasgow, March 29, 1849.

SEQUESTRATION of ANDREW FAIRBAIRN, Grocer, and Tea, Wine, and Spirit Merchant in Portobello.

JOHN CARR BEADIE, Merchant in Leith, has been elected Trustee on the estate, and Samuel Mitchell, Merchant, Dalkeith, John Livingstone, Merchant, Musselburgh, and George Burn, Merchant, Edinburgh, have been elected Commissioners. The examination of the Bankrupt will take place in the Sheriff's Office, County Buildings, Lawnmarket, Edinburgh, on Friday the 13th day of April next, at 12 o'clock noon. The Creditors will meet in Paxton's Rooms, Royal Exchange, Edinburgh, on Saturday the 28th day of said month, at ten o'clock forenoon. At the meeting for the election of Trustee and Commissioners, an offer of composition was made by the Bankrupt, which was entertained, and it will be decided upon at the above meeting to be held on the 28th day of April.—Of all which Notice is hereby given, in terms of the Statute.

J. C. BEADIE, Trustee.

Leith, March 29, 1849.

SEQUESTRATION of JOHN CAMERON,
Printer in Dingwall.

JOHN MACIVER, Agent in Dingwall for the Caledonian Banking Company, has been elected Trustee on the estate, and Charles Munro, Merchant in Dingwall, James Keith, Bookseller there, and William Urquhart, Grocer there, have been elected Commissioners. The examination of the Bankrupt will take place within the Sheriff-Court-House, Dingwall, on Tuesday the 10th day of April next, at 12 o'clock noon. The Creditors will meet within the Caledonian Hotel, Dingwall, on Thursday the 26th day of April next, at one o'clock afternoon.

JOHN MACIVER, Trustee.

Dingwall, March 23, 1849.

SEQUESTRATION of WILLIAM STEWART, Merchant and Woollen and Linen Draper in Glasgow.

ROBERT SCOBIE, Accountant in Glasgow, has been elected Trustee on the estate, and John Black, Accountant in Glasgow, Sir James Campbell, Merchant there, and Walter Laing, Merchant there, have been elected

Commissioners. The examination of the Bankrupt will take place in the Sheriff-Court-House, Glasgow, on Thursday the 12th of April next, at 12 o'clock noon. The Creditors will meet in the Chambers of John Clark, Writer, 140, Buchanan Street, on Friday the 27th April, at 12 o'clock noon.

ROB. SCOBIE, Trustee.

SEQUESTRATION of WILLIAM MACKERSY, Writer to the Signet, and Banker and Builder in Edinburgh.

KENNETH MACKENZIE, Accountant in Edinburgh, has been elected Trustee on the estate, and James Rose, James Saunders Robertson, and William Cuthbertson, all Writers to the Signet, have been elected Commissioners. The examination of the Bankrupt will take place within the Sheriff's Office, County Buildings, Lawnmarket, Edinburgh, on Friday the 13th of April next, at 11 o'clock forenoon. The Creditors will meet in Dowell's Rooms, No. 18, George Street, Edinburgh, on Wednesday the 2d of May next, at two o'clock afternoon.

KENNETH MACKENZIE, Trustee.

Edinburgh, March 29, 1849.

NOTICE

TO THE CREDITORS ON

The Sequestrated Estates of the Most Noble GEORGE MARQUIS OF HUNTLY, Earl of Aboyne, Lord Strathaven and Glenlivet, and Banker, Insurance Broker, and Underwriter in Aberdeen.

DONALD LINDSAY, Accountant in Edinburgh, Trustee on the said sequestrated estates, hereby intimates, that a meeting of the Creditors will be held within the Royal Hotel in Aberdeen, on Tuesday the 17th day of April next, at 12 o'clock noon, to elect a Commissioner on the said sequestrated estates, in terms of the Statute, in room of Adam Longmore, Esquire, formerly in Coates Crescent, lately in Melville Street, Edinburgh, now deceased.

D. LINDSAY, Trustee.

Edinburgh, March 29, 1849.

THOMAS M'EWAN, Junior, Merchant at South Bridgend of Crieff, Trustee on the sequestrated estate of ANDREW CHRISTIE, Ironmonger and Grocer in Crieff, hereby intimates, that his accounts have been audited and approved of by the Commissioners, as brought down to the 14th instant, and that they have directed that no farther dividend shall be paid, and dispensed with circulars being sent to the Creditors. The Trustee farther intimates, that a general meeting of the Creditors will be held within the house of William Ferguson, Innkeeper in Crieff, on Tuesday the 24th day of April next, at 12 o'clock noon, to consider as to an application for his exoneration and discharge, in terms of the Statute.

THOS. M'EWAN, Junr., Trustee.

Bridgend, Crieff, March 27, 1849.

SEQUESTRATION of JOHN HARDIE, Corn Merchant, Borrowstoness, in the County of Linlithgow.

IN terms of resolution come to by the Commissioners on this estate, Notice is hereby given, that a meeting of the Creditors of the said John Hardie will be held within the Chambers of Mr John Fleming, Accountant, St Vincent Place, Glasgow, upon Wednesday the 18th day of April next, at two o'clock afternoon, for the purpose of taking into consideration the expediency of selling the Outstanding Debts due to the estate.

WM. JOHNSTON, Trustee.

ALEXR. MACDOWALL, Agent.

Glasgow, March 29, 1849.

ROBERT ANDERSON, Tallow Merchant, Leith, Trustee on the sequestrated estate of JOHN GREEN, Sharebroker and Dealer in Shares in Edinburgh, sometime a Partner of the late Firm of Green and Kinnear, Sharebrokers, Edinburgh, and also sometime a Partner of the late Firm of Green and Borthwick, Sharebrokers there, hereby intimates, that at the third general meeting of Creditors, held on the 27th current, the Bankrupt made an offer of composition on all debts due by him at the date of his sequestration, and also on the debts due by him at same date, as sometime a Partner of said late Firm of Green and Kinnear, and also as sometime a Partner of said late Firm of Green and Borthwick, and also to pay and provide for the expences attending the sequestration and the remuneration to the Trustee, with security: That the Creditors present at

said meeting having unanimously resolved that the offer and security should be entertained for consideration, Notice is hereby given, that another general meeting of Creditors will be held within Stevenson's Rooms, No. 5, George Street, Edinburgh, on Wednesday the 18th day of April next, at three o'clock afternoon, for the purpose of finally deciding on the Bankrupt's offer and the security proposed.

ROBERT ANDERSON, Trustee.

Leith, March 30, 1849.

SEQUESTRATION of DANIEL GILMOUR, Smith and Farmer at Gareloch-head, Dumbartonshire.

JOHN M'FARLANE, Farmer at Faslane, Dumbartonshire, Trustee of the sequestrated estate of the said Daniel Gilmour, hereby intimates, that at a general meeting of the Creditors held on the 26th instant, the Bankrupt made an offer of composition of Sixpence per pound on all debts due by him at the date of his sequestration, payable one month after the date of obtaining his discharge. The said Daniel Gilmour further offered to pay or provide for the expences of sequestration and Trustee's commission, in so far as not already paid, and offered for payment of said composition, John Frazer, Feuar in Helensburgh and at Gareloch-head, presently residing at Lochgoilhead: That the Creditors present at said meeting unanimously agreed to entertain said offer and security, and Notice is hereby given, that another general meeting of Creditors will be held within the Office of John Black and Son, Writers, Cathcart Street, Greenock, on Tuesday the 17th day of April next, at 11 o'clock forenoon, for the purpose of finally deciding on the Bankrupt's offer and security proposed.

JOHN M'FARLANE, Trustee.

JNO. BLACK & SON, Agents.

Greenock, March 29, 1849.

JAMES M'CLELLAND, Accountant in Glasgow, Trustee on the sequestrated estate of the Company sometime carrying on Business as Merchants in Glasgow, prior to the 31st day of December 1846, by William Gemmell and William Lyon M'Phun, under the Firm of GEMMELL BROTHERS & COMPANY, sequestrated on the 13th day of May 1848, hereby intimates, that an account of his intermissions with the funds of the estate, brought down to the 13th day of March current, and a state of the funds recovered and outstanding as at the same date, have been made up and examined by the Commissioners on said estate, in terms of the Statute. The Trustee farther intimates, that the Commissioners have resolved to postpone the declaration of any dividend from the said estate till the recurrence of another stated period for making a dividend, in terms of the Statute, and that they have dispensed with sending circulars to the Creditors.—Of all which Notice is hereby given, in terms of the Statute.

JAMES M'CLELLAND, Trustee.

Glasgow, March 29, 1849.

MICHAEL WILSHERE, Floor Cloth Manufacturer in Edinburgh, a Partner of the Firm of WILSHERE & PHELPS, Merchants and Warehousemen in Edinburgh, and as an Individual, with the concurrence of a majority in number, and four-fifths in value of the Creditors who have produced oaths in the sequestration of the estates of the said Company of WilsHERE & Phelps, and Michael WilsHERE and Joseph Phelps, as Partners of said Company, and as Individuals, has presented a Petition to the Lord Ordinary on the Bills, praying to be discharged of all debts and obligations contracted by him as a Partner of the said Company, and as an Individual, at the date of the said sequestration, upon the 24th September 1847; which Petition the Lord Ordinary has, by an Interlocutor dated 27th March current, appointed to be intimated in the Edinburgh Gazette, in terms of the Statute; and which Intimation is hereby made accordingly.

J. & J. MACANDREW, Agents.

Edinburgh, March 30, 1849.

ROBERT SWAN, sometime Victualler in Glasgow, and present Prisoner in the Jail or Prison of Glasgow, has presented a Petition to the Sheriff of Lanarkshire, craving liberation, interim protection, and decree of Cessio Bonorum; and his Creditors are hereby required to attend within the Sheriff-Clerk's Office here, upon the 1st day of May next, at 12 o'clock noon, when the Petitioner will appear for examination.

D. TAINSH, Fur's. Pror.

Glasgow, March 29, 1849.

NOTICE.

THE Firm of INGLIS & WILSON, carrying on Business at Hay Street and Adam's Square, Edinburgh, as Coach Makers, was this day DISSOLVED by mutual consent. William Inglis is authorised to receive and discharge all debts due to the Firm, and he will also pay all debts due by the Firm.

WILLIAM INGLIS.
WILLIAM WILSON.

THOS. BARRON, Witness.
JOHN J.A. PARKER, Witness.
Edinburgh, March 30, 1849.

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.

THE Copartnery Concern carried on by the Subscribers, as Drapers, in the Town of Lanark, has been this day DISSOLVED by mutual consent.

JOHN LAMBERTON.
ADAM TENNENT.
WILLIAM TENNENT.

ALLAN M'KENZIE, Witness.
JOHN TRAIN, Witness.
Paisley, March 24, 1849.

DISSOLUTION OF COPARTNERY.

Glasgow, March 7, 1849.
THE Concern carried on here by the Subscribers, the Sole Partners, as Spale Cutters, Fancy Box, and Congreve Match Manufacturers, under the Firm of C. F. PARSONS & CO. was DISSOLVED by mutual consent on the 1st day of January last.

The Subscribers, Charles F. Parsons and James Macnair, who will in future carry on the same Business in all its Branches, under the same Firm, are authorised to uplift and discharge all debts due to and by the Concern.

CHARLES F. PARSONS.
JAMES MACNAIR.
ROB. STUART.

G. J. M. RANKIN, Witness.
ROBERT PEEBLES, Witness.

Glasgow, March 27, 1849.
THE Subscriber has ceased to be a Partner of the UNION EXCHANGE COMPANY, Glasgow, having sold his Shares on the 24th December 1847.

JAMES KENNEDY.

JOHN BROWN GOURLAY, Witness.
HUGH KENNEDY, M. D. Witness.

N. B.—The Fees of all Notices must be paid in advance, and all Letters post-paid.

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••• *This Gazette is filed at the Offices of the London and Dublin Gazette.*

Friday, March 30, 1849.

Price One Shilling.

