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FRIDAY, AUGUST 23, 1850.

At the Court at Buckingham-Palace, the 14th day of August 1850,
PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS by an Act passed in the Session of Parliament holden in the twelfth and thirteenth years of the reign of Her present Majesty, intituled "An Act to amend the laws in force for the encouragement of British Shipping and Navigation," it is amongst other things enacted, that no goods or passengers shall be carried from one part of any British possession in Asia, Africa, or America, to another part of the same possession, except in British ships: provided always, that if the Legislature or proper legislative authority of any such British possession shall present an Address to Her Majesty, praying Her Majesty to authorize or permit the conveyance of goods or passengers from one part of such possession to another part thereof, in other than British ships, it shall be lawful for Her Majesty, by an Order in Council, so to authorize the conveyance of such goods or passengers, as the case may be, in such terms and under such conditions as to Her Majesty may seem good;

And whereas an Address has been presented to Her Majesty by the Court of Policy of the Colony of British Guiana, praying that Her Majesty will be graciously pleased to authorize and permit the conveyance of goods and passengers from any part of the said colony to any other part thereof, in steamers or other vessels, of whatever build the same may be, and owned by subjects of any Nation, in terms of amity and alliance with Her Majesty;

Now therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of Her Most Honourable Privy Council, and in pursuance of the authority vested in Her as aforesaid, doth order, and it is hereby ordered, that it shall be lawful to employ steamers or other vessels, of whatever build the same may be, and by the subjects of whatever Nation, (being a Nation in terms of amity with Her Majesty) the same may be owned, in the conveyance of goods and passengers from any part of the said colony to any other part of the same.

And the Right Honourable the Lords Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury, and the Right Honourable Earl Grey, one of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, are to give the necessary directions herein, as to them respectively shall appertain.

C. C. GREVILLE.

At the Court at Buckingham-Palace, the 14th day of August 1850,
PRESENT,

The QUEEN's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS there was this day read at the Board a Report from the General Board of Health, dated the twenty-third day of July one thousand eight hundred and fifty, in the words following; that is to say:—

"To the Queen's Most Excellent Majesty.

"We, the General Board of Health, appointed for the purposes of the Public Health Act, 1848, have, in pursuance of the provisions of that Act, upon the petition of not less than one-tenth of the inhabitants rated to the relief of the poor of and within that part of the parish of Bangor known as the Parliamentary borough of Bangor, in the county of Carnarvon, and within the boundaries of the said borough, as fixed for the purposes of an Act passed in the second and third years of the reign of King William the Fourth, intituled, 'An Act to settle and describe the divisions of counties, and the limits of cities and boroughs, in England and Wales, in so far as respects the election of members to serve in Parliament,' (the number of the said petitioners greatly exceeding thirty in the whole,) directed George Thomas Clark, Esq. a Superintending Inspector appointed for the purposes of the said Public Health Act, to visit the said borough, and to make public inquiry, and to examine witnesses as to the sewerage, drainage, and supply of water, the state of the burial grounds, the number and sanitary condition of the inhabitants, and as to any local Acts of Parliament in force within such borough, for paving, lighting, cleansing, watching, regulating, supplying with water, or improving the said borough, or having relation to the purposes of the said Public Health Act; also as to the natural drainage, areas, and the existing municipal, parochial, or other local boundaries, and the boundaries which might be most advantageously adopted for the purposes of that Act;

"And the said Superintending Inspector, having previously given the notices directed by the said Public Health Act, proceeded upon the said inquiry in the manner directed by that Act, and hath reported in writing to the said Board upon the several matters with respect to which he was directed to inquire, and upon certain other matters