



# The Edinburgh Gazette.

**Published by Authority.**

**TUESDAY, JANUARY 30, 1855.**

WAR-DEPARTMENT, January 24, 1855.

**H**IS Grace the Duke of Newcastle has this day received a Despatch, of which the following is a copy, addressed to His Grace by Field-Marshal the Lord Raglan, G.C.B.

*Before Sevastopol,  
January 6, 1855.*

MY LORD DUKE,

THE weather has been so bad since I wrote to your Grace on the 2d instant, that I have not yet been able to disembark the 39th, with a view of encamping the Regiment, and it still remains on board the Golden Fleece, in the harbour.

The ground is thickly covered with snow, though not very deep.

All my endeavours are directed to the speedy disembarkation and getting up of the huts, which have now arrived in considerable numbers, and the establishment of the depôt of provisions, which I alluded to in my last Despatch, near headquarters, which I am now enabled to do, with the assistance of the 18th and 39th Regiments, the first encamped near Balaklava, the last still sleeping on board the Golden Fleece.

There has been no movement on the part of the enemy.

I enclose a Return of the casualties that have arisen up to the 4th instant

I have, &c.,

RAGLAN.

*His Grace the Duke of Newcastle,  
&c. &c. &c.*

WAR-OFFICE, January 24, 1855.

THE Right Honourable the Secretary-at-War has received from His Grace the Duke of Newcastle the following list of Casualties amongst the Non-commissioned Officers and Privates in the Forces under the command of Field-Marshal the Lord Raglan, G.C.B., from the 29th of December 1854 to the 7th of January 1855, both days inclusive.

*Return of Casualties from 29th to 30th December.*

1st Royal Regiment of Foot—2 rank and file, wounded.

19th Regiment—1 rank and file, wounded.

38th Regiment—1 rank and file, wounded.

47th Regiment—2 rank and file, wounded.

Total—6 rank and file, wounded.

J. B. BUCKNALL ESTCOURT,  
Adjutant-General.

*Nominal Return of Non-commissioned Officers and Men Wounded, from the 29th to 30th December 1854, inclusive.*

WOUNDED.

29th December.

19TH REGIMENT OF FOOT.

1912 Corporal Edward Black, severely

30th December.

1ST REGIMENT OF FOOT.

2249 Lance-Corporal Benjamin Norman, slightly

2215 Private Isaac Parker, severely

38TH REGIMENT OF FOOT.

2969 Lance-Corporal Joseph Bell, severely

47TH REGIMENT OF FOOT.

2211 Private Joseph Marshal, severely

3095 Thomas Govan, severely

J. B. BUCKNALL ESTCOURT,  
Adjutant-General.

*Return of Casualties from 31st December 1854 to 4th January 1855.*

1st Regiment of Foot—1 rank and file, killed ;  
1 rank and file, wounded.

9th Regiment—1 rank and file, wounded.

21st Regiment—1 rank and file, killed.

41st Regiment—1 rank and file, wounded.

44th Regiment—1 rank and file, wounded.

47th Regiment—2 rank and file, wounded.

49th Regiment—1 rank and file, wounded.

57th Regiment—1 serjeant, 2 rank and file, killed ; 2 rank and file, wounded ; 1 rank and file, missing.

62d Regiment—2 rank and file, wounded.

68th Regiment—1 rank and file, killed.

95th Regiment—1 rank and file, wounded.

1st Battalion Rifle Brigade—6 rank and file, wounded.

Total—1 serjeant, 5 rank and file, killed ;  
18 rank and file, wounded ; 1 rank and file, missing.

J. B. BUCKNALL ESTCOURT,  
Adjutant-General.

*Nominal Return of Non-commissioned Officers and Men Killed, from 31st December 1854 to 4th January 1855, inclusive.*

**KILLED.**

31st December.

21ST REGIMENT OF FOOT.

2196 Private David Reily

1st January 1855.

1ST REGIMENT OF FOOT.

3387 Private Thomas Walker

57TH REGIMENT OF FOOT.

1947 Serjeant John Kyle  
2313 Private Robert Walsh  
2594 Martin Ryan

2d January 1855.

68TH REGIMENT OF FOOT.

2851 Private John Wright  
J. B. BUCKNALL ESTCOURT,  
Adjutant-General.

*Nominal Return of Non-commissioned Officers and Men Wounded and Missing, from 31st December 1854 to 4th January 1855, inclusive.*

**WOUNDED.**

31st December.

9TH REGIMENT OF FOOT.

3268 Private Stephen Monaghan, severely

95TH REGIMENT OF FOOT.

2300 Private James Thorley, slightly

1st January 1855.

1ST REGIMENT OF FOOT.

2971 Private Henry Dow, slightly

57TH REGIMENT OF FOOT.

1404 Private John Herbert, severely  
1618 Thomas Traynor, slightly

2d January 1855.

47TH REGIMENT OF FOOT.

3147 Private Patrick Flanery, severely  
2217 Joseph McMahon, severely

49TH REGIMENT OF FOOT.

3556 Private Michael Kenney, severely

1ST BATTALION RIFLE BRIGADE.

3267 Corporal Ishmael Reid, severely  
3688 Private Charles Baker, severely  
2682 Walter Eagle, severely  
2971 Thomas Bartley, severely  
3672 John Jones, severely  
2679 Josiah Wood, severely

3d January 1855.

41ST REGIMENT OF FOOT.

2609 Private John Farmer, severely

4th January 1855.

44TH REGIMENT OF FOOT.

2513 Private Patrick Hullohan, slightly

62D REGIMENT OF FOOT.

2998 Private Thomas Fitzgerald, slightly  
3649 William Collins, severely

**MISSING.**

1st January 1855.

57TH REGIMENT OF FOOT.

2912 Private Charles Clarke  
J. B. BUCKNALL ESTCOURT,  
Adjutant-General.

*Return of Casualties from 5th to 7th January 1855, inclusive.*

1st Regiment of Foot—1 serjeant, 2 rank and file, wounded.

21st Regiment—2 rank and file, wounded.

38th Regiment—1 rank and file, wounded.

47th Regiment—2 rank and file, killed; 1 rank and file, wounded.

55th Regiment—1 rank and file, killed.

89th Regiment—1 rank and file, wounded.

1st Battalion Rifle Brigade—2 rank and file, killed.

Total—5 rank and file, killed; 1 serjeant, 7 rank and file, wounded.

J. B. BUCKNALL ESTCOURT,  
Adjutant-General.

*Nominal Return of Non-commissioned Officers and Men Killed, from 5th to 7th January 1855, inclusive.*

**KILLED.**

5th January 1855.

47TH REGIMENT OF FOOT.

2932 Private Eugene Griffin  
2285 Thomas H. Spiller

1ST BATTALION RIFLE BRIGADE.

3450 Private William Borrowdale  
1940 James Graham

6th January 1855.

55TH REGIMENT OF FOOT.

3272 Private Patrick Bourke  
J. B. BUCKNALL ESTCOURT,  
Adjutant-General.

*Nominal Return of Non-commissioned Officers and Men Wounded, from 5th to 7th January 1855, inclusive.*

**WOUNDED.**

5th January 1855.

21ST REGIMENT OF FOOT.

2403 Private Michael Cavery, slightly  
3302 James McCallum, slightly

89TH REGIMENT OF FOOT.

3186 Private James Muley, slightly

7th January 1855.

1ST REGIMENT OF FOOT.

2812 Lance-Serjeant Michael Kanavan, slightly  
2992 Private Thomas Mullins, slightly  
3375 John Moran, slightly

38TH REGIMENT OF FOOT.

3542 Private William Frawley, severely

47TH REGIMENT OF FOOT.

3074 Private Michael Cormick, slightly

J. B. BUCKNALL ESTCOURT,  
Adjutant-General.

Erratum in the London Gazette Extraordinary of  
Sunday, November 12, 1854.

In Lieutenant-General Sir De Lacy Evans's report to Field-Marshal Lord Raglan, of the 27th of October 1854,—For, "to Lieutenant-Colonels Woodham and Hemlin we are under the greatest obligation,"—Read, "to Lieutenant-Colonels Wodehouse and Hamley we are under the greatest obligation.

ADMIRALTY, January 25, 1855.

THE following Despatch and Enclosures have been received from Rear-Admiral Sir James Stirling, Commander-in-Chief of Her Majesty's Ships and Vessels on the East India and China Station:—

ON THE REPRESSION OF PIRACY.

*Winchester, at Hong Kong,  
November 25, 1854.*

SIR,

In the fourth paragraph of my general letter, Number 78, of the 9th instant, I had the honour to report the existing necessity for rigorous measures in regard to piracy in this neighbourhood, complaints and representations on the subject of which were addressed to me daily, either by the local government or private persons; and I now beg leave to state the course I adopted for the repression of that evil.

2. In the first instance I requested Mr Robertson, the Acting Superintendent of Trade, to call upon the Viceroy of Canton to take certain measures for the capture and detention of the numerous vessels engaged in the business of robbery upon the waters within the Imperial jurisdiction, but the Viceroy candidly admitted his want of force. I then requested Mr Robertson to inform His Excellency that if he would send a mandarin of rank, instructed to co-operate with me upon this service, and would direct and authorise him to visit and examine every port and place upon the coast known or suspected to be haunts of pirates, and every vessel of a suspicious character, I would provide for the safety of this officer and any junk accompanying him, and give him the aid and support of British vessels-of-war in the search; and that I felt assured, with the legal sanction afforded by an Imperial officer's presence, and his acquaintance with localities and persons, a stop might be put to an evil which threatened to increase, if unopposed, to a most destructive extent.

3. To this proposal the Viceroy gave a hearty assent. (Enclosure No. 1.) I accordingly despatched a steamer to the Bogue, and on the 5th instant she brought back the mandarin commanding the station, and a war junk. In the meanwhile

I had directed Captain O'Callaghan to take charge of the intended operations under orders, copies of which are hereunto annexed; but before I proceeded to report the proceedings of Captain O'Callaghan, after the mandarin arrived, I beg to place before their Lordships the following circumstances.

4. The Governor of Macao, whose acquaintance I have long had the satisfaction to enjoy, made me a cordial offer of all the aid he could afford; the American Commodore placed a steam-vessel, the Queen, at my disposal; the leading native merchants at Canton transmitted to Messrs Russell and Company 5,000 dollars, to be used as I might see occasion; an opulent Chinese trader chartered two steamers of the Peninsular and Oriental Company to accompany any expedition I might send; and the Lieutenant-Governor of Hong Kong gave every assistance in his power. These concurrent acts, I trust, will satisfy their Lordships of the necessity for action; and, accordingly, while waiting for the arrival of the mandarin, on the 3d instant, I despatched Lieutenant Charles Fellowes with the boats of the Winchester and Spartan, the latter under Lieutenant Wray Palliser, both of whom have been so often previously reported as having been most creditably engaged in such enterprises, to enquire into a robbery committed that same day in one of the channels leading to the harbour. Lieutenant Fellowes's report of proceedings I have herewith the honour to lay before their Lordships; and I venture to hope the entire success of that operation, and the very judicious and gallant conduct evinced by Lieutenant Fellowes, and the excellent behaviour of all who were employed under him, may meet with their Lordships' approbation.

5. On the evening of the 4th instant, Lieutenant Preble, of the American Navy, in command of the Queen, arrived, and informed me he had been fired upon by a squadron of piratical junks not far from this anchorage; and Captain O'Callaghan, who had been made aware of that circumstance, informed me he was then blockading that squadron and awaiting my instructions. I accordingly despatched a reinforcement to the place, as described in the margin,\* and on the following day I had the satisfaction to receive the accompanying report of the entire success of Captain O'Callaghan and his force, in the destruction of all the piratical junks in the Bay of Tyho. In that report high commendation is given to Lieutenants Fellowes, Palliser, and Montgomerie (the latter of whom was highly distinguished at the Shanghai conflict in April last). It may here be added that soon after our squadron left the Bay of Tyho, an imperial squadron entered it, and having landed part of their people, they captured 60 pirates, whom they carried to the Bogue, and 48 of them having been convicted on the evidence of the other 12, were sentenced for execution.

6. On the 17th instant Captain O'Callaghan and his vessels returned to this place, and having received orders, copy of which is herewith annexed, he put to sea and proceeded on the service indicated, the importance of which may be estimated when I say that for the last four years Coulan has been the principal stronghold of the pirates in this neighbourhood. Captain O'Callaghan's proceedings at that place are fully described in his accompanying report, and in a private narrative, published in the "Friend of China," of which I beg to annex a copy. My task is therefore limited to requesting, in the strongest possible terms, the attention of their Lordships to the skilful

\* Barracouta, and the boats of the Winchester and Spartan.

and judicious manner in which the service was conducted by the officer commanding, Captain O'Callaghan, and to the zealous, steady, and gallant support he received from Commanders Parker and Woolcombe, and from the officers commanding the Portuguese lorchas, and the American steamer; and from Lieutenants Charles Fellowes, Wray Palliser, J. E. Montgomerie, H. W. Fox, R. N., and C. W. Burton, R. M., and from the gentlemen commanding the two Peninsular and Oriental steamers, and from all the officers, seamen, and marines employed, with only one solitary instance of inebriety, amidst a profusion of spirits.

7. Captain O'Callaghan's further proceedings, on leaving Coulan, are detailed in his Report annexed (Enclosure No. 8); and I beg in conclusion to express the satisfaction I feel at the successes thus achieved, and that I shall continue to avail myself while here of every opportunity to carry out the views and intentions, thus happily so far successful, in repressing the depredations which threatened the very existence of this colony, and of all commerce on the coasts adjacent.

I have, &c.

Js. STIRLING,

Rear-Admiral and Commander-in-Chief.

*The Secretary of the Admiralty,  
London.*

Enclosure No. 1.

*The Imperial Commissioner Yeh Ming Shin to  
Mr Consul Robertson.*

YEH, Imperial High Commissioner, Governor-General of the two Kwang Provinces, &c., &c., makes this declaration in reply.

On the 13th day of the 9th month (3d November), I received your representation to the following effect. [Here are quoted the principal portions of Mr Robertson's letter of the date named.] With respect to the pirates who infest the river, I have to state that for some time past I have kept a fleet of several hundred vessels cruising against them and guarding exposed points. You mention that Sir James Stirling, the Admiral of your honourable Nation, has arrived at Hong Kong, accompanied by war steamers, and you request that a vessel may be despatched to co-operate with them in searching for and destroying pirates. I have, in compliance with this, sent directions to the Commandant on the Ta-Pang Station to proceed on the service described, with a naval force; and I now reply to acquaint you with the same.

A Declaration.

To the British Consul Robertson.

Hienfung, 4th year, 9th month, 14th day (4th November 1854.)

True translation.

(Signed) M. C. MORRISON, Interpreter.

True Copy.

(Signed) J. HYNDMAN.

Enclosure No. 2.

*Winchester, at Hong Kong,  
October 31, 1854.*

SIR,

HAVING received from his Honour the Lieutenant-Governor of this Colony, and also from Mr Robertson, Acting-Superintendent of Trade in this quarter, representations setting forth the very serious and alarming extent to which piratical depredations have been recently carried on in this neighbourhood, it becomes necessary to take such

effectual measures as may be in my power to apply to the correction of this evil.

It is therefore my intention to employ you in H. M. steam-ship under your command, together with such further force as may be from time to time required, upon that service. You will accordingly apply yourself with all possible assiduity to obtain from the proper quarters correct information in regard to the haunts and habits, resources, and general condition of those who devote themselves to these criminal practices; and with this view you will use your own judgment as to visiting any place or anchorage within 100 miles of this port, as you may deem expedient, keeping me informed of your motions, and communicating with me, if possible, before you engage in any operation of importance.

I have arranged already with his Honour the Lieutenant-Governor to afford you any aid you may desire in pilots and otherwise; and I send you herewith a letter addressed to his Excellency the Governor of Macao, who has given assurances that he will afford his valuable assistance in the prosecution of this service.

Following up the general instructions herein given, you will, as soon as the Encounter shall be ready, proceed to Macao, and from thence to any part of the coast in this vicinity you may deem expedient, for the purpose of reconnoitring.

On Saturday next, the 4th proximo, you will rejoin me at this anchorage, by which time I expect important communications on the subject from the Viceroy at Canton.

I need scarcely remind you, in the execution of this service, of the necessity of conforming to the 8th article, page 23, chapter 10, of the standing printed orders of this station, or that it is absolutely necessary to distinguish between acts of piracy committed in view upon the high sea upon British subjects, and acts of robbery within the waters and jurisdiction of China, by Chinese upon their fellow-subjects. In the former case you have full authority to interfere, but in the latter case the right and duty of interference belongs to the authorities of China, to whom our aid may be given to a reasonable extent.

I am, &c.

(Signed) Js. STIRLING.

*Captain G. W. D. O'Callaghan,  
H. M. Steam ship Encounter.*

Enclosure No. 3.

*H. M. Ship Winchester, Hong Kong,  
November 4, 1854.*

SIR,

I HAVE the honour to lay before you the enclosed letter from Lieutenant Fellowes, reporting the proceedings of the force employed against pirates in the boats of Her Majesty's ships Winchester and Spartan, under his command, on the 2d instant.

I have, &c.

(Signed) THOMAS WILSON, Captain.

*His Excellency Rear-Admiral Sir James  
Stirling, Commander-in-Chief.*

*H. M. Ship Winchester, Hong Kong,  
November 3, 1854.*

SIR,

I HAVE to report the return of the boats of Her Majesty's ships Winchester and Spartan, which you did me the honour to place under my command on the evening of the 1st instant, and the result of their proceedings.

The boats being manned and armed, and officered as follows :—

*Winchester's Launch*—Lieutenant Charles Fellowes; Mr Gilmore, midshipman; Mr Stuart, assistant-surgeon;

*2d Barge*—Lieutenant J. Bushnell; Hon. H. D. Lascelles, midshipman;

*Pinnace*—Mr F. Robinson, midshipman;

*Spartan's Barge*—Lieutenant Palliser; Mr Grove, midshipman;

*Pinnace*—Mr Oliver, mate;

left the *Winchester* at 5.30 P.M. of the 1st instant, and proceeded to the Throat Gates of Capsingmoon Passage; overhauled two boats off the Island of Makwan, on their way to Hong Kong, whose cargoes had that day been removed by some pirates; at 10 P.M. anchored for the night off Pilang Bay.

At daybreak on the morning of the 2d instant weighed, and observing some boats at anchor off the village in Pilang Bay, proceeded to examine, and found two of them to be Hong Kong passage-boats, whose crews reported three boats then on the beach to belong to pirates, and the village, which consisted of six houses, apparently store-houses, to be their stronghold; sent the police constable on shore with the informers to examine these houses, in which portion of the property lost by informants was found; restored the same to them, burnt the houses, and destroyed the boats, three in number.

At 7 A.M., at the request of the informants, stood towards Castle Peak Bay. As we opened the land observed four large junks in the offing, and one small Hong Kong boat making towards us; on nearing our boats the latter reported the four junks to be pirates, who had just robbed them of all their property. I desired one of the crew to come into the launch and accompany the boats for the purpose of giving evidence against these junks. They now made for Tynmoon Bay, sailing, and pulling a number of oars, the boats in full chase; they succeeded in entering the bay before our boats could overtake them, and running two of them on shore at separate points; their crews landed and received us with a sharp fire of musketry and wall pieces from the rocks; having dispersed them from their positions, I ordered Lieutenant Bushnell and Mr Oliver to go in and bring out the junks, and with the remaining three boats proceeded to the head of the bay; received the fire from one Hong Kong fast-boat lying alongside of another, took both of them, and left the four vessels anchored in the centre of the bay, clear of the enemy's fire, under charge of Mr Oliver; proceeded with the remainder of the boats up a small creek, the *Winchester's* second barge, Lieutenant Bushnell, leading, closely followed by the *Spartan's* barge, Lieutenant Palliser; the launch, drawing too much water, grounded several times, and I considered it more prudent, with a falling tide, to send her out of the creek, and taking the *Winchester's* pinnace, followed the two barges, which had now pushed up as far as the water would allow, and grounding, received a sharp fire of musketry from the pirates concealed behind the rocks, they having placed themselves there in strong position, from which they were soon driven by the two boats' crews; then landed, finding it impossible to get the pinnace up far enough to make use of her gun. I landed under fire of musketry from the rocks on the opposite side of the creek, accompanied by Mr Stuart, assistant-surgeon, and five men, and joined the other two boats' crews under Lieutenants Palliser and Bushnell, ordering the pinnace at the same time to move down the creek into deep water. The pirates had time,

unfortunately, to remove all valuables and munitions of war from the two junks found here, which were burnt without delay. In the meanwhile a large junk of about 200 tons hove in sight, and steering towards our former prizes fired a shot at them, Mr Oliver returned the fire immediately, and joined by Gilmore in the launch, chased and drove her on shore, having exchanged several shots with her. The crew jumped overboard and swam to the shore, leaving the mangled bodies of several of their number lying about the deck. The boats now boarded her and found several guns, gingalls, stink-pots, &c. Mr Gilmore endeavoured to bring the vessel off shore, but not being able to succeed, took the guns out of her and blew her up.

The tide having fallen so much as to leave the two barges high and dry up the creek, I ordered Lieutenant Palliser to take such steps as to secure his party against surprise from the enemy, which he did by landing the gun from the *Winchester's* barge to keep them in check, fancying they had some idea of coming down again towards the boats. No further annoyance, however, was attempted, and I returned to the former prizes for the purpose of examining their cargoes. The two first taken contained the greater portion of the property lost by the informers, which I restored to them, and allowed them to put the same into one of the two Hong Kong fast-boats taken, which, from want of evidence, I did not consider it my duty to detain; the other three junks were burnt, making in all nine piratical vessels destroyed, the stronghold of the pirates razed to the ground, from forty to fifty men killed, bringing away nine guns and seven gingalls.

I cannot close this without expressing my high sense of the conduct of the officers and men under my command; and the zeal displayed was so universal that I cannot particularize any one.

I have, &c.,

(Signed) CHARLES FELLOWES,  
Senior Lieutenant.

H. E. Rear-Admiral Sir James Stirling,  
Commander-in-Chief.

Enclosure No. 4.

H.M.S. *Encounter*, Hong Kong,  
November 4, 1854.

SIR,

IN compliance with your orders of the 31st ultimo, I have the honour to inform you that I arrived at Macao on the morning of the 1st instant, and the same day waited on his Excellency the Governor.

From him I learned that the piratical fleet infesting this neighbourhood were supposed to be partly at Coulan, in the Island of Tyloo, and partly at Moto, up the Broadway River; that he had been applied to by an inferior mandarin to assist in their destruction, but had declined doing so unless applied to by an officer of higher rank. He very kindly offered to place at your disposal a schooner and lorchas, the former but lightly armed with a few small guns, the latter with four 12-pounder carronades, one 25 cwt. 32-pounder, and one 17 cwt. 32-pounder carronades.

On consulting with him, and with the view of any future operations being undertaken, I came to the conclusion that it would be inadvisable to visit any portion of the West Coast this time, but confine myself to the islands in the neighbourhood of Hong Kong, where, should there be any portion of the piratical fleet, they would no doubt retire to their strongholds at Coulan, or up the Broadway

River, where his Excellency has promised to have a good look-out kept on them, and their movements watched.

I remained at Macao the whole of the 2d, in order that I might have the benefit of any further information his Excellency might be able to obtain, and which he was endeavouring to do.

On the evening of that day, at 7-30, a small American steam-vessel, the Queen, tender I imagine to the United States' frigate Macedonian, arrived, and Lieutenant Prebles, her commander, informed me he had been engaged with a piratical force of ten junks, at Tyho, in the Island of Lantao; that on his approaching the bay with his ensign and pendant flying, they had, without the slightest provocation, opened fire upon him, which he returned, but not considering his vessel of sufficient force to engage them closely with a prospect of carrying them, he had come to ask my aid. I informed him of the nature of my orders, and that under them it was not in my power to make any attack on them, but that I would go down and endeavour to blockade them until I had communicated with you, as it was not improbable from the communication you were in with the Chinese authorities it might be in your power to give me more freedom of action. Accordingly, at 10-30 P.M. I weighed and proceeded under steam to Tyho, where I arrived at daylight on the 3d. The piratical vessels were seen moored close in shore, some portion up a creek. Lieutenant Prebles told me he should go and have a shot at them. I said I could only look on, and hoped he would do nothing to compel me to interfere. He opened fire, which was promptly returned by two well-directed shots from one of the junks. He then returned, and at my request proceeded to Hong Kong to inform you of the affair, and also to take a note from me on the subject.

The Queen returned at 4 P.M., with the boats of Her Majesty's ship Spartan in tow; and Lieutenant Prebles told me he was certain it was your intention I should attack the pirates, but had no written communication from you on the subject. As the day was drawing to a close, and only two hours' day-light remaining, I trust I only anticipated the tenor of your written orders (conveyed to me by Commander Parker, Her Majesty's ship Barracouta, which vessel arrived about an hour after the Queen,) by commencing operations at once, as Lieutenant Prebles had no hesitation in identifying the junks as those that had fired on him the previous evening without provocation.

A few shot and shell from the Encounter, at a range of 1,800 yards, speedily dislodged the pirates both from the junks and the houses in their vicinity, otherwise their position would have rendered a boat-attack somewhat hazardous;—as it was, on the boats reaching them they were found deserted, and under the direction of Lieutenant Fellowes, with the boats of the Winchester, and also those of the Encounter and Spartan, the latter commanded respectively by Lieutenants Montgomerie and Palliser, were burnt, their guns having previously been taken out. I am happy to have it in my power to express my entire satisfaction with the manner in which those officers carried out my orders,—a copy of which I have the honour to enclose.

The gratitude, however, of the poor people of Tyho is unbounded; and although I am fully aware it is no part of my duty to protect the subjects of the Emperor of China, yet it is gratifying to find we are borne out in our acts by their testimony.

These marauders have been levying contributions on Tyho, and driving the population from it

since their arrival. No doubt they had much property on board their junks, but this was removed during the day; I trust, however, they will not benefit by it, as I understand the people of Tyho drove them from its vicinity during the night. I did not think it advisable to search the town for either property or the persons of the pirates, fearing that mistakes might be made, and innocent people suffer for the guilty. I therefore weighed this morning at ten, and have now the honour to report my arrival.

The number of junks destroyed are nineteen, armed with some twenty-five guns of various calibre, of from 12 to 3-pounds. They had abundance of ammunition, and the usual supply of stink-pots, &c.

I am, &c.

(Signed) G. O'CALLAGHAN,  
Captain.

Rear-Admiral Sir James Stirling, Knt.  
Commander-in-Chief.

#### Sub-Enclosure to Enclosure No. 4.

##### MEMORANDUM.

*Encounter, Tyho, November 3, 1854.*

No boarding until it is well ascertained the crews are out of the junks.

A party of seamen may be landed to take possession of the houses in the vicinity of the junks.

Great care is to be taken that no innocent party suffer; and bear in mind the village is not piratical.

(Signed) G. O'CALLAGHAN,  
Captain.

*The Officer in command of boats.*

#### Enclosure No. 5.

By Sir JAMES STIRLING, Knt.  
&c., &c., &c.

PURSUANT to an arrangement entered into with the Viceroy of Canton, the Commandant of the Ta-Pang station, a mandarin of rank arrived this morning with two war-junks, for the purpose of co-operating with Her Majesty's naval force in the repression of piracy in the channels and upon the coasts adjacent to this colony. The importance of that officer's presence upon that service you will readily comprehend on reference to my extant instructions of the 31st ultimo; and you will perceive that his presence will not only justify you in acting as an aid and support to him in the execution of his duty in the search for and apprehension of pirates within the waters or upon the shores subject to Chinese jurisdiction, but that his knowledge of the people and places will very much facilitate the service in question.

The plan which I have accordingly arranged with the Commandant is, that in the first instance he shall proceed to Coulan, in the Island of Tyloo, with the view of examining that locality, which is understood to be a haunt of pirates, and where it is supposed some portions of the cargoes plundered from the Mary Anna and Caldera may be found, and very important information be obtained; and to ensure his safety and augment his means while executing that service, I have determined on employing you in command of a force sufficiently large to give full effect to that arrangement.

You will accordingly take under your direction and command, in addition to the Encounter, Her Majesty's steam-sloop Barracouta and Styx, the launch of the Winchester, and a boat from the Spartan, and it is understood you will be accompanied by two steamers hired by native merchants now resident in this colony, some of whom will

proceed in them to identify property heretofore taken from them by the pirates.

You will also be accompanied by the United States' hired war steamer, the *Queen*, under command of Lieutenant Prebles, whom Captain Abbott has placed at my disposal for the purpose of rendering aid in this service, and for conveying certain American merchants who have goods to reclaim.

It is unnecessary to give you detailed instructions in this case, as the objects aimed at, in conjunction with the local circumstances, will be your best instruction upon your arrival at Tyloo; but I am very anxious to impress upon you that while I desire to detect, apprehend, and bring to punishment any persons who may have been engaged in acts of piracy, and to bring them to trial before the proper Courts, I deprecate conflicts between our force and any bodies of such persons, except they be justified by self-defence; and therefore, while you are to afford the Commandant full aid, support, and security in the performance of his duties before-mentioned, you are to avoid any acts of hostility and violence uncalled for and unjustified by the circumstances in which you may be placed.

The Lieutenant-Governor having acceded to my request for the services of Mr Caldwell, the chief of the police of Hong Kong, and having directed him to accompany you upon the expedition, I do not doubt you will derive advantage from his presence.

So soon as the port and town of Coulan shall have been visited in the manner aforesaid, you will detach the *Barracouta* to me with intelligence, and proceed with the other vessels to the mouth of the *Broadway* and await further orders.

Given, &c., at Hong Kong, the 11th November 1854.

(Signed) JAS. STIRLING.

*George W. D. O'Callaghan, Esquire,  
Captain of H.M. Steamship Encounter.*

By Command of the Rear-Admiral.

(Signed) M. I. CURRIE,  
Secretary.

Enclosure No. 6.

*Her Majesty's Ship Encounter, off Concock,  
November 11, 1854.*

Sir,

In pursuance of your orders, I have the honour to inform you that I took in tow, off Green Island, two junks of His Imperial Majesty the Emperor of China, on board of one of which was the mandarin alluded to in your letter of the 11th instant. Her Majesty's ship *Styx* having joined, I proceeded on my way to Tyloo by way of Lantao.

It blew hard during the night, with considerable sea on, and consequently we were forced to go very slowly on account of the vessels in tow. By 6 A.M. of the 12th it blew a fresh gale, dead off shore (Her Majesty's steam-sloop *Barracouta* joined us at this time), and I was truly glad to steam for the first sheltered bay I could reach. Both junks broke adrift; the first was picked up by Her Majesty's steam-sloop *Styx*, by signal, and the other we got hold of again ourselves, at the risk of a boat which I was forced to lower, and could not hoist up again; she, however, got hold of the junk, and we succeeded in towing them into shelter between Tymong and Concock. We had mistaken the latter island for Tyloo, our pilots proving ignorant of this part of the coast. No time however was lost by this, as it would have been impossible for boats to have acted to the N.E. of that island.

On rounding Concock we observed three armed junks at anchor, who immediately commenced

throwing overboard their guns and removing their cargoes. I sent for Mr Caldwell and the mandarin, who came on board; the latter declared them to be pirates. I told him I could not act upon a mere assertion of this kind, but that any steps he might think proper to take in ascertaining the fact, I would support him; I accordingly ordered Lieutenant Fellowes to take his own boat, together with the boats of the *Encounter*, *Barracouta*, and *Styx*, commanded respectively by the First Lieutenants of those ships, and support the officers and men sent by the mandarin, in the execution of their duty; I also requested Mr Caldwell to accompany them, with any of the parties who might wish to go, for the purpose of identifying their lost property. Lieutenant Prebles, of the United States Navy, in command of the chartered steam-vessel *Queen*, volunteered to cover the boats, which service I accepted.

The boats being deserted, and a portion of the property (or rather sails of *Caldera*) being found, those junks were destroyed.

After this I proceeded in the *Peninsular* and *Oriental Company's* steam-vessel *Canton*, and reconnoitered the Bay of Coulan, where I found a large assembly of junks and a considerable battery, about 5 P.M. His Most Catholic Majesty's naval *lorcha Amazon* appeared in sight, and on opening the bay was fired upon. Having satisfied myself of the position, I closed up our own ships, and sending a party of marines and an armed boat on board the *Canton* and *Charles Forbes* (also of the *Peninsular* and *Oriental Company's* Service), and on board the *Queen*, desired Lieutenant Fellowes to undertake the blockade of that bay during the night, which he most effectually did. During a reconnoitre early in the morning by Lieutenant Fellowes in his launch, he was repeatedly fired upon, but acting strictly in accordance with my orders, did not return the fire.

I moved Her Majesty's ship under my command into two and a half fathoms, at daylight, and having made my arrangements to support the mandarin in a search for property, &c., and also with a due regard to the safety of those under my command, I had the armed boats and a party of 100 small arm men towed up to the bay; and having entered into a communication with the mandarin, and he having appointed certain officers to proceed in the search of Coulan and the junks there, for plundered property, I sent the above-named force to support the imperial officers. The boats, under the command of Commander Parker, consisting of the launch of the *Winchester*, the paddle-box boats and pinnaces of the *Barracouta* and *Styx*, and also the pinnace of the *Spartan*—the officers therein I have noted in the margin\*—the marines and small arm men, with a field-piece and rocket party, the whole under the command of Commander Woolcombe; the marines of the ships under Lieutenant Burton, R.M., and the latter party under Lieutenant Montgomerie, senior Lieutenant of the *Encounter*, assisted by Mr Butler, mate. The moment these boats left they were fired upon; I then directed the Portuguese *lorcha* and the United States' chartered steam-

\* *Winchester*—Lieutenant Fellowes, Mr Gilmore.  
*Spartan*—Lieutenant Palliser, Mr Saratt.  
*Barracouta's* Pinnace—Lieut. Collingwood, Mr Keats.  
*Starboard Paddle-box Boat*—Mr Wing.  
*Port Paddle-box Boat*—Mr Brown, mate; Mr Tully, master's assistant.  
*Styx's* Pinnace—Lieutenant Graves.  
*Starboard Paddle-box Boat*—Mr Hanson.  
*Port Paddle-box Boat*—Mr Inglis, Master, Mr Mayne, second master.

vessel to cover the boats, and I cannot express myself too highly of the conduct of the former in the admirable manner in which he took his little vessel into action, and the beautiful precision of his fire. I am not less indebted to Lieutenant Prebles for his exertions, and he has always shewn an anxious desire to aid me in every way.

I had given my directions to Commanders Parker and Woollcombe as to the landing of the men and the covering of the landing; they were most ably and gallantly carried out under a fire of a battery of twenty guns of various calibre from 12 to 6-pounders. The battery being silenced, Commander Parker landed, and taking command of the whole force proceeded to endeavour to capture some of the piratical force; in the execution of this duty he had to encounter a small battery of seven guns, where the fugitives made a stand, but it was soon carried. I called upon the mandarin officer to declare what junks he considered piratical, and also if any portion of the houses should be destroyed; he declared the whole of the junks as such, and pointed out what portion of the houses he considered should be destroyed; accordingly forty-eight masted junks were set on fire. It would have taken a week to get them afloat.

The property found was a case of Instruments belonging to the master of the Caldera, also a chest of Tea. I have also further indication of their having plundered either American or English vessels.

In the performance of this service the boats had to land the men under great natural obstacles, and a fire of twenty guns kept up for half-an-hour. It was ably and well done by the officers aforementioned; I am perfectly satisfied with their conduct.

The loss on our side was one American seaman killed; on the part of the pirates fifty. Eight Chinese were captured, but whether pirates or not remains to be proved.

I now send the Barracouta, in accordance with your orders. Commander Parker will afford you any further details. I proceed to-morrow, Tuesday, the 14th instant, off the Broadway. Should it be your intention to carry out operations up that river, I deem it requisite to have a further force for landing, as I cannot leave the ships at twenty miles' distance with so few hands as I did to-day; and, Sir, I have further to state that I consider it quite impracticable to suppress piracy on this coast without a recourse to decided hostilities.

The amount of guns taken and destroyed is thirty-eight, a greater portion of which are on board the mandarin's junk. The largest gun destroyed is a 32-pounder.

I have, &c.,

(Signed) G. O'CALLAGHAN,  
Captain.

Rear-Admiral Sir James Stirling, Knt.,  
Commander-in-Chief.

Enclosure No. 8.

Her Majesty's Steam-ship Encounter,  
SIR, Hong-Kong, November 17, 1854.

I HAVE the honour to inform you, in continuation of my last letter of proceedings and report of the Affair at Coulan, that I so far altered my plans as to remain at that place the whole of the 14th instant, for the purpose of making a further search for lost property, and if possible taking prisoners.

For this purpose I communicated with the mandarin, who said he had been about to propose

the subject to me, but thought we had already done so much that he did not like to do so, but that he would send an officer with fifty men; this he did, and I directed Lieutenant Montgomerie, senior lieutenant of this ship, to support him with a party of thirty marines of the Encounter and Styx, and thirty small arm men of the former. The marines were commanded by Lieutenant Burton, R.M.; and Lieutenant Montgomerie was assisted by Lieutenant Fox and Mr Hardinge, midshipman; the whole were embarked on board the Peninsular and Oriental steam-vessel Charles Forbes; and Lieutenant Fellowes was directed to superintend and cover their landing, if required, with the Winchester's launch.

My orders were ably and steadily carried out; but from the great difficulty of getting through the country, and want of knowledge of it, the parties only succeeded in making five prisoners, whom I have delivered to the mandarin.

At 3 A.M. of the 15th, I weighed, and at 8 o'clock fell in with the Barracouta; and having made myself acquainted with your further instructions, proceeded with the squadron up the Broadway, to within eight miles of Moto. At daylight the next morning I embarked in the Peninsular and Oriental Company's steam-vessel Canton, taking with me Mr Raymond, Master of the Encounter, and Mr Sarratt, second Master of the Spartan, to ascertain the possibility of the squadron being brought higher up if required. I take this opportunity of bringing to your notice the former officer, who has had some arduous duty to perform, of which he has acquitted himself to my entire satisfaction. I also had with me the Winchester's launch and ten marines, and an imperial officer from the mandarin. At Moto there are no imperial authorities, and not obtaining any satisfactory information, I proceeded off Yut-Kok, where were lying nineteen armed junks; with these I communicated, and ascertained they were chartered vessels for the protection of Hong-Shan, and were in charge of an Imperial Officer. This officer afterwards came on board, and informed me that Aw-ung, the pirate chief, he believed to be at Chun-Kok, and that the mandarin of Hong-Shan was endeavouring to persuade him to join the Imperial forces; from other sources I was informed he had done so, and I understood that the mandarin at Canton had also been making overtures to him to the same effect. His force was said to be about forty junks.

I considered it highly important that these facts should be clearly ascertained, and accordingly proceeded up a branch of the Broadway river, to the N.W. This has never been visited before, and I have desired Mr Raymond, master, to draw up a report of it. We anchored abreast a small fort at the village of Woo-chun, opposite Ngoi-hoi, about thirty-five miles from Moto; here the Chinese who lost so much property ascertained that Aw-ung, with thirty junks, had gone up to Macao Fort, and been received by the Imperial officers. Twenty rebel rowing-boats came down upon us, with not less than 100 men in each; but on their being made aware of what was the object of our visit, immediately came to anchor. I was unable to rejoin the squadron that night, the pilot declining to go on after dark; but at 7.30 this morning I did so, and then, in obedience to your orders, directed the Barracouta to Hong-Kong by the Capsingmoon, and having ascertained it was the mandarin's desire to return to the Bogue, I directed the Styx on that service, and taking in tow the Portuguese lorch myself, proceeded down the river. The hired steam-vessels of the Penin-



sular and Oriental Company's service, and the United States' chartered steam-vessel *Queen*, parted company.

Thus the squadron you did me the honour to place under my command was broken up, and it only now remains for me to state how perfectly satisfied I am with all. The greatest good feeling has existed among officers and men. To Commander Scarmihia, of the Portuguese lorch *Amazon*, to Lieutenant Prebles, in command of the United States' chartered vessel *Queen*, my best thanks are due for their zealous and gallant co-operation with Her Majesty's ship under my command. From Commanders Parker and Woolcombe I have received every assistance; and it is to them and the officers already mentioned as forming their respective divisions, and with the active assistance alluded to above in carrying out my views and wishes, that the expedition owes its success. For Lieutenant Fellowes, senior lieutenant of your flag ship, I beg to assure you I cannot say too much in his praise—always ready and willing for anything. Lieutenant Palliser, of Her Majesty's ship *Spartan*, has also given me much satisfaction, and I regret to say he is now suffering from his exertions. Lieutenant Montgomerie, senior lieutenant of my own ship, is an officer in whom I can place the greatest confidence, and I selected him in consequence for the peculiar and difficult duty of searching for the pirates at Coulan, in the execution of which there was so much danger of the innocent suffering. I also, when I thought it was my duty to quit my ship, felt at my ease knowing he was on board. Mr Raymond and the other master of the squadron deserve credit for the manner in which the ships have been navigated in water very often not a foot more than they drew.

In conclusion, I must further beg to call your attention to the very steady conduct of the respective ships' companies; there was a great quantity of spirits in some of the junks, yet I heard of but one case of drunkenness. The service has been attended with considerable fatigue, which has been borne most cheerfully, and I trust you may feel it in your power to recommend those employed to the favourable consideration of the Lords Commissioners of the Admiralty.

I beg to enclose a statement of the services performed since the 2d instant; also Mr Raymond's remark on the N.W. branch of the River Broadway.

Mr Percy Earl, master's assistant of this ship, formed one of the party in the attack of Coulan on the 13th instant; his name was unintentionally omitted in my report.

I have, &c.,  
G. O'CALLAGHAN,  
Captain.

*Statement of service performed by the Crews of Her Majesty's ships Encounter, Barracouta, and Styx, and the launch of the Winchester, and pinnace of the Spartan, between the 2d and 17th November 1854.*

At Ty-Ho. The whole of the junks, 17 in number, were destroyed; 6 guns taken by Winchester's boat, delivered to Marshal of Admiralty Court at Hong Kong; 7 guns taken by Spartan's boat, disposed of in like manner; 2 guns taken and retained by the United States' chartered steam-vessel *Queen*; and 10 guns destroyed with the junks and sunk. Number of pirates killed unknown. From 50 to 60 prisoners taken by the Chinese authorities.

At COULAN and the neighbourhood, 50 junks destroyed; also two batteries, mounting 20 and 7 guns respectively; 17 guns taken by the Chinese authorities, and 6 by the *Queen*; 27 guns sunk and destroyed, being too heavy to embark without considerable waste of time; 15 guns thrown overboard by the pirates themselves from 3 junks off Cow-Kok; and from 50 to 60 pirates killed; 4 prisoners (13 were taken, 9 of whom either have been or are to be released by the mandarin).

Totals.—67 junks burnt, being in such positions that it would have taken a very long time, and would have been attended with considerable exposure and fatigue to have removed them.

90 guns taken or destroyed.

50 to 60 pirates killed.

54 to 60 prisoners, as above stated.

The whole of the junks were capable of having crews of from 20 to 40 men each; allowing therefore an average of 30 men for each junk, there would not have been less than 2,000 pirates, of whom 115 may be said to be either taken or killed. A large quantity of ammunition was also destroyed.

G. O'CALLAGHAN, Captain.

In consideration of the above services the following promotions have this day taken place:—

Lieutenant Charles Fellowes to the rank of Commander.

Mr William Ormonde Butler, Mate, to the rank of Lieutenant.

WAR-DEPARTMENT, January 27, 1855.

HIS Grace the Duke of Newcastle has received a Despatch, of which the following is a copy, addressed to His Grace by Field-Marshal the Lord Raglan, G.C.B. :—

*Before Sevastopol,*

MY LORD DUKE, *January 13, 1855.*

THE weather continues very severe, and to-day it blows a gale of wind, with drifting snow.

Although I have not received the official report from the officer commanding the 4th Division, the officer of the Quartermaster-General's department, whose duty it is to visit the advanced posts at daylight, has brought in an account of a sortie made by the Russians in the course of last night upon our right and left attack, the enemy advancing under protection of a heavy cannonade along the Woronzow road and the ravine on our extreme left.

The enemy succeeded in driving in the troops in the advanced trench, which was not re-occupied until the reserves were brought forward from the second parallel.

A party in pits on the right of the advanced trench, consisting of 1 serjeant and 13 rank and file, are missing, and 1 officer and 36 privates are stated to be wounded.

The time for the despatch of the mail being at hand, I am very sorry that I shall not be able to send your Grace to-day a more accurate statement of this affair.

I inclose a Return of casualties between the 8th and 11th.

Great progress is making in disembarking and issuing to the troops vast quantities of warm clothing of all descriptions; and I believe I may assert that every man in this Army has received a second blanket, a jersey frock, flannel drawers, and socks, and some kind of winter coat, in addition to the ordinary great-coat.

The provision of fuel is still a great difficulty.

Every effort is making, and with tolerable success, in landing and putting up the huts; their great weight (2½ tons each) is a serious obstacle to their conveyance to the camp, with our limited transport. Each hut requires three stripped artillery waggons, with from 8 to 10 horses each, or 180 men.

Much sickness continues to prevail.  
I have, &c.

RAGLAN.

*His Grace the Duke of Newcastle,  
&c., &c., &c.*

WAR-OFFICE, January 27, 1855.

THE Right Honourable the Secretary-at-War has received from His Grace the Duke of Newcastle the following List of Casualties amongst the Non-commissioned Officers and Privates in the Forces under the command of Field-Marshal the Lord Raglan, G.C.B., from the 8th to the 11th January 1855, both days inclusive.

*Return of Casualties from 8th to 11th January  
1855.*

4th Regiment of Foot—1 rank and file, killed;  
2 rank and file, wounded.  
19th Regiment—1 rank and file, wounded.  
21st Regiment—1 serjeant, 1 rank and file, killed;  
1 rank and file, wounded.  
23d Regiment—1 rank and file, killed.  
30th Regiment—2 rank and file, killed.  
38th Regiment—1 rank and file, wounded.  
44th Regiment—1 rank and file, wounded.  
46th Regiment—1 rank and file, killed; 1 rank  
and file, wounded.  
49th Regiment—1 serjeant, killed.  
55th Regiment—1 rank and file, wounded.  
57th Regiment—1 rank and file, wounded.  
88th Regiment—1 rank and file, killed; 1 rank  
and file wounded.  
90th Regiment—1 rank and file, wounded.  
97th Regiment—1 rank and file, wounded.  
Total—2 serjeants, 7 rank and file, killed;  
12 rank and file, wounded.

J. B. BUCKNALL ESTCOURT,  
Adjutant-General.

*Nominal Return of Non-commissioned Officers and  
Privates Killed, from 8th to 11th January 1855,  
inclusive.*

KILLED.

8th January 1855.

4TH REGIMENT OF FOOT.

3248 Private John Green

9th January 1855.

21ST REGIMENT OF FOOT.

2291 Serjeant William Ryan  
2353 Private Hugh McNamara

30TH REGIMENT OF FOOT.

3664 Private John Bowles  
2650 Patrick Enright

10th January 1855.

23D REGIMENT OF FOOT.

3837 Private Josiah Painting

46TH REGIMENT OF FOOT.

2975 Private Thomas Kelly

49TH REGIMENT OF FOOT.

2318 Serjeant David Sharman

11th January 1855.

88TH REGIMENT OF FOOT.

2720 Corporal John Houlihon  
J. B. BUCKNALL ESTCOURT,  
Adjutant-General.

*Nominal Return of Non-commissioned Officers and  
Privates Wounded, from 8th to 11th January 1855,  
inclusive.*

WOUNDED.

8th January 1855.

4TH REGIMENT OF FOOT.

3187 Private James M'Mahon, severely  
1860 William Richards, severely

44TH REGIMENT OF FOOT.

3239 Private John Burns, slightly

88TH REGIMENT OF FOOT.

1026 Private John Walsh, slightly

90TH REGIMENT OF FOOT.

3256 Private Michael Nevin, slightly

9th January 1855.

21ST REGIMENT OF FOOT.

3725 Private Charles Creed, slightly

57TH REGIMENT OF FOOT.

3305 Private Patrick Hynes, severely

97TH REGIMENT OF FOOT.

2443 Private James Duffy, severely; omitted on  
3d January.

10th January 1855.

46TH REGIMENT OF FOOT.

3281 Private Alfred Phillips, slightly

55TH REGIMENT OF FOOT.

1776 Private William Larrett, slightly

11th January 1855.

19TH REGIMENT OF FOOT.

3251 Private Daniel Hawkins, slightly

38TH REGIMENT OF FOOT.

3493 Private Dennis Donovan, severely

J. B. BUCKNALL ESTCOURT,  
Adjutant-General.

DOWNING-STREET, January 25, 1855.

The Queen has been pleased to appoint Adolphe Autard de Bragard, Esq. to be District Magistrate for the Island of Mauritius; Edward Bullock Andrews, Esq. to be Colonial Secretary for Her Majesty's Forts and Settlements on the Gold Coast; and James Caulfield, Esq. to be Treasurer for the Island of Ceylon.

*Board of Trade, Whitehall,  
January 24, 1855.*

The Right Honourable the Lords of the Committee of Privy Council for Trade and Plantations have received, through the Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, a copy of a Despatch from Her Majesty's Chargé de Affaires in Morocco, reporting the following concessions in favour of commerce, viz. :—

1. A reduction of 30 okeats in the export duty on washed wool, which will now be 90 okeats per 100 lbs.; and of 20 okeats in that on uncleaned wool, which will now be 60 okeats for 100 lbs.

2. A reduction of 10 okeats in the export duty on olive oil, which will now be 60 okeats for 100 lbs.

3. Permission for the tribes of Shedna, Haba, and Een Toja to bring skins, the produce of those Provinces, to the Mogador Market, on payment of 1 okeat per skin to Government.

4. Permission to sell calf skins on payment of 40 okeats per 100 lbs.

*Board of Trade, Whitehall,  
January 24, 1855.*

The Right Honourable the Lords of the Committee of Privy Council for Trade and Plantations have received, through the Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, a copy of a Despatch from Her Majesty's Consul at Lisbon, enclosing a Decree of the Portuguese Government, allowing the free importation of wheat, Indian corn, barley, rye, and oats, till the end of June next, through all the ports of continental Portugal.

*Board of Trade, Whitehall,  
January 24, 1855.*

The Right Honourable the Lords of the Committee of Privy Council for Trade and Plantations have received, through the Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, a copy of a Despatch from Her Majesty's Consul at Lisbon, enclosing copy of a Notice issued by the Board of Health at that place, declaring the Ports of Sardinia, from the 5th December last, the Port of Barcelona, from the 9th December, the Port of London, from the 26th, and the Ports of Cadiz and Gibraltar, from the 28th December, to be "clean."

DUBLIN CASTLE, January 22, 1855.

The Lord Lieutenant has been pleased to approve of the appointment of James Barry, Esq. of Ballyclough, being appointed a Deputy Lieutenant for the County of Cork.

DUBLIN CASTLE, January 20, 1855.

The Lord Lieutenant has been pleased to approve of the appointment of Thomas Tobin, Esq. to be a Deputy Lieutenant for the County of Cork.

WAR-OFFICE, January 26, 1855.

1st Regiment of Foot.

To be Ensigns, without purchase.

George Deane, gent. Dated 25th January 1855.

John Heron Maxwell, gent. Dated 26th January 1855.

4th Foot—Henry Arthur Blake, gent. to be Ensign, without purchase. Dated 26th January 1855.

7th Foot—Henry Kerr, gent. to be Ensign, without purchase. Dated 26th January 1855.

9th Foot—Henry George Hunt Grubbe, gent. to be Ensign, without purchase. Dated 26th January 1855.

11th Foot—Captain Philip Philpot, from the 74th Foot, to be Captain, vice Drew, appointed to the 94th Foot. Dated 26th January 1855.

14th Foot—Captain Martin Petrie, from the Royal Newfoundland Companies, to be Captain. Dated 26th January 1855.

Arthur Molony, gent. to be Ensign, without purchase. Dated 26th January 1855.

17th Foot.

To be Ensigns, without purchase.

Serjeant-Major John Lee. Dated 24th January 1855.

Francis Hartwell, gent. Dated 25th January 1855.

George Daniel Webber, gent. Dated 26th January 1855.

18th Foot—Lieutenant G. A. Elliot to be Captain, without purchase. Dated 26th January 1855.

Robert Isaac Adamson, gent. to be Ensign, without purchase. Dated 26th January 1855.

19th Foot—Robert Conolly Martin, gent. to be Ensign, without purchase. Dated 26th January 1855.

20th Foot—Edward Augustus Patrickson, gent. to be Ensign, without purchase. Dated 26th January 1855.

23d Foot—Lieutenant Geo. Phipps Prevost, from the 30th Foot, to be Lieutenant. Dated 26th January 1855.

Francis M. Hall Dare, gent. to be Ensign, without purchase. Dated 26th January 1855.

28th Foot—Lieutenant William Gordon Shute to be Captain, without purchase. Dated 26th January 1855.

James William Kingsley, gent. to be Ensign, without purchase. Dated 26th January 1855.

30th Foot—Lieutenant A. H. Williamson to be Captain, without purchase. Dated 26th January 1855.

Lieutenant J. C. N. Stevenson to be Captain, by purchase, vice Brevet Lieutenant-Colonel Stevenson, who retires. Dated 26th January 1855.

Ensign Henry L'Estrange Herring, from the 11th Foot, to be Lieutenant, without purchase, vice Prevost, appointed to the 23d Foot. Dated 26th January 1855.

Ensign H. D. Erskine to be Lieutenant, by purchase, vice J. C. N. Stevenson. Dated 26th January 1855.

Serjison Hyde Smith, gent. to be Ensign, by purchase, vice Erskine. Dated 25th January 1855.

Thomas Elwyn, gent. to be Ensign, without purchase. Dated 26th January 1855.

33d Foot—Richard Radcliffe Twining, gent. to be Ensign, by purchase. Dated 25th January 1855.

Lestock Reid Forbes, gent. to be Ensign, without purchase. Dated 26th January 1855.

34th Foot—Captain A. G. Shawe, from the 70th Foot, to be Captain. Dated 26th January 1855.

Henry Lampen, gent. to be Ensign, without purchase. Dated 26th January 1855.

35th Foot—Ensign A. J. Revell to be Lieutenant, without purchase, vice Spratt, promoted in the 93d Foot. Dated 26th January 1855.

38th Foot—Lieutenant J. C. Vaughan to be Captain, without purchase. Dated 26th January 1855.

Robert Johnston Stansfeld, gent. to be Ensign, without purchase. Dated 26th January 1855.

#### 39th Foot.

To be Ensigns, without purchase.

Lieutenant Henry Lionel Nicholls, from the 2d Somerset Militia. Dated 24th January 1855.

Thomas Reginald Gosselin, gent. Dated 25th January 1855.

Francis Henry Chambers, gent. Dated 26th January 1855.

41st Foot—Lieutenant Edward Every to be Captain, without purchase, vice Hunt, deceased. Dated 11th January 1855.

Brevet-Major James Conolly, from half-pay Unattached, to be Captain, without purchase. Dated 26th January 1855.

Lieutenant G. H. Page, from the 58th Foot, to be Captain, without purchase. Dated 26th January 1855.

Ensign R. E. Maude to be Lieutenant, without purchase, vice Every. Dated 11th January 1855.

49th Foot—Captain Lachlan Hector Gilbert Maclean to be Major, without purchase, vice Glazbrook, whose promotion on the 22d December 1854 has been cancelled. Dated 22d December 1854.

Brevet-Major James Wells Armstrong to be Major, without purchase, vice Maclean, whose promotion on the 29th December 1854 has been cancelled. Dated 29th December 1854.

To be Captains, without purchase.

Lieutenant Fanshawe William Gostling, vice Glazbrook, died of his wounds. Dated 19th December 1854.

Lieutenant Edward Le Marchant, vice Armstrong. Dated 29th December 1854.

Lieutenant William Watts Corban, vice Gostling, whose promotion on the 29th December has been cancelled. Dated 29th December 1854.

Brevet-Major B. P. Browne, from half-pay Unattached, repaying the difference. Dated 26th January 1855.

To be Lieutenants, without purchase.

Ensign Thomas Fox Eustace, vice Le Marchant. Dated 29th December 1854.

Ensign Harry Denham T. Savary, vice Corban. Dated 29th December 1854.

To be Ensigns, without purchase.

Robert Francis Burrowes, gent. vice Savary, promoted. Dated 25th January 1855.

Robert Hall Spratt, gent. Dated 26th January 1855.

50th Foot—Captain Edward Joseph Thackwell, from the 48th Foot, to be Captain. Dated 26th January 1855.

55th Foot—Arthur Sibley Young, gent. to be Ensign, without purchase. Dated 26th January 1855.

57th Foot—Lieutenant Thomas William John Lloyd, from the 59th Foot, to be Captain, without purchase. Dated 26th January 1855.

58th Foot—Ensign Dawson Townley to be Lieutenant, without purchase, vice Page, promoted in the 41st Foot. Dated 26th January 1855.

60th Foot—Surgeon John Harry Ker Innes, from the 56th Foot, to be Surgeon, vice Boyes, promoted on the Staff. Dated 26th January 1855.

62d Foot—Captain Charles Fitz-Roy Neynoe, from half-pay Unattached, to be Captain. Dated 26th January 1855.

John Manners Kerr, gent. to be Ensign, without purchase. Dated 25th January 1855.

Lorenzo G. Dundas, gent. to be Ensign, by purchase. Dated 26th January 1855.

63d Foot—Captain John Woodford, from half-pay Unattached, to be Captain, repaying the difference. Dated 26th January 1855.

66th Foot—Ensign Allred Trigge to be Lieutenant, by purchase, vice Paget, promoted. Dated 26th January 1855.

68th Foot—Captain James Spratt, from the 93d Foot, to be Captain, without purchase. Dated 26th January 1855.

Francis Gordon Digge Watson, gent. to be Ensign, by purchase. Dated 26th January 1855.

71st Foot—Lieutenant C. J. H. Howard, from the 1st or King's Own Staffordshire Militia, to be Ensign, without purchase. Dated 31st December 1854.

Frederick Harding Anson Hamilton, gent. to be Ensign, by purchase. Dated 25th January 1855.

William Mark Miller Fortescue, gent. to be Ensign, without purchase. Dated 26th January 1855.

74th Foot—Captain Adam Campbell, from the 94th Foot, to be Captain, vice Philpot, appointed to the 11th Foot. Dated 26th January 1855.

Ensign Colin Hugh Thomson, from the 29th Foot, to be Ensign, vice Woodall, promoted. Dated 26th January 1855.

77th Foot—Lieutenant W. B. C. A. Parker, from the 78th Foot, to be Captain, without purchase. Dated 26th January 1855.

Lieutenant Henry Alfred Macdonald, from the 16th Foot, to be Captain, without purchase. Dated 26th January 1855.

88th Foot—Lieutenant John Edward Riley to be Captain, without purchase. Dated 26th January 1855.

89th Foot—Lieutenant Charles Heycock to be Captain, without purchase. Dated 26th January 1855.

Marcus Antonius Waters, gent. to be Ensign, without purchase. Dated 26th January 1855.

90th Foot—Lieutenant G. J. Wolseley to be Captain, without purchase, vice Purnell, promoted. Dated 26th January 1855.

Ensign Percy Julius Deverill to be Lieutenant, without purchase, vice Wolseley. Dated 26th January 1855.

94th Foot—Captain Francis Barry Drew, from the 11th Foot, to be Captain, vice Campbell, appointed to the 74th Foot. Dated 26th January 1855.

Lieutenant A. C. Elliot, from the 18th Foot, to be Lieutenant, vice Coast, appointed Paymaster of the Rifle Brigade. Dated 26th January 1855.

To be Ensigns, without purchase.

Ensign Poltimore Ridgway, from the 58th Foot. Dated 25th January 1855.

Francis Hamilton Elliot, gent. Dated 26th January 1855.

Rifle Brigade—Hector Stewart Vandeleur, gent. to be Ensign, by purchase. Dated 26th January 1855.

2d West India Regiment—Lieutenant Robert Scott to be Captain, without purchase, vice Harpur, who retires upon full-pay. Dated 26th January 1855.

Ensign Milner Burleigh to be Lieutenant, without purchase, vice Scott. Dated 26th January 1855.

#### BREVET.

Major-General Sir Henry Somerset, K. C. B., to have the local rank of Lieutenant-General while serving on the Staff of the Army in the East Indies. Dated 26th January 1855.

Brevet-Colonel William Freke Williams, half-pay Unattached, and Brevet-Colonel Randal Rumley, Lieutenant-Colonel of the Provisional Depot Battalion at Parkhurst Barracks, to have the local rank of Brigadier-General while employed upon the Staff of the Army at Malta. Dated 26th January 1855.

#### To be Majors in the Army.

Captain John Woodford, of the 63d Foot. Dated 28th June 1838.

Captain Charles Fitz-Roy Neynoe, of the 62d Foot. Dated 9th November 1846.

Captain Michael Goold Adams, half-pay Unattached, employed on a special service. Dated 11th November 1851.

Captain John Harpur, on retired full-pay of the 2d West India Regiment, the rank being honorary only. Dated 26th January 1855.

#### To be Lieutenant-Colonels in the Army.

Brevet-Major B. P. Browne, of the 49th Foot. Dated 11th November 1851.

Brevet-Major John Woodford, of the 63d Foot. Dated 11th November 1851.

Brevet-Major Charles Fitz-Roy Neynoe, of the 62d Foot. Dated 20th June 1854.

To be Colonel in the Army, the rank being honorary only.

Brevet-Lieutenant-Colonel William Slater, retired full-pay, from a Provisional Depot Battalion. Dated 26th January 1855.

#### STAFF.

##### To be Paymasters of Depot Battalions.

Paymaster John Wheatley, from 42d Foot. Dated 26th January 1855.

Paymaster Alexander Fair, from 59th Foot. Dated 26th January 1855.

#### HOSPITAL STAFF.

##### To be Surgeons of the First Class.

Staff-Surgeon of the First Class Francis Sievwright, from half-pay, vice Dartnell, promoted. Dated 26th January 1855.

Surgeon Charles Robert Boyes, M.D., from the 60th Foot, vice Thom, deceased. Dated 26th January 1855.

Acting Assistant-Surgeon Henry Browne Fisher, of the 82d Foot, has been superseded. Dated 26th January 1855.

Assistant Staff-Surgeon John Collis Browne, M.D., from half-pay, to be Assistant-Staff-Surgeon, vice Webb, promoted in the 51st Foot. Dated 26th January 1855.

#### MEMORANDA.

The promotion of Surgeon Robert Joynt Gordon Grant, from the 9th Light Dragoons, to the Staff, and the appointment of Surgeon J. H. Ker Innes, from the 56th Foot, to the 9th Light Dragoons, as stated in the Gazette of the 12th instant, have been cancelled.

The designation of Lieutenant Stephens, of the 2d Regiment of Life Guards, is "Henry John Townsend Stephens *Townsend*," and not Henry John Townsend Stephens, he having been permitted to assume the name of Townsend in addition to, and after that of Stephens.

The promotion of Cornet Shafto, of the Royal Horse Guards, as stated in the Gazette of 5th January 1855, is to a Lieutenancy *by purchase*, and not *without purchase*, as previously stated.

The Christian names of Ensign Rooper, of the 38th Foot, are *Frederick* James, and not *Francis* James, as previously stated.

The Christian name of Brevet-Major Fleming, on retired full-pay, of the Royal Artillery, is Arthur.

#### ADMIRALTY, January 23, 1855.

The following promotions, dated the 22d instant, have this day taken place consequent on the decease, on the 20th instant, of Rear-Admiral of the White Sir John Hill:—

Rear-Admiral of the Blue William James Hope Johnstone to be Rear-Admiral of the White.

Captain Honourable Frederic William Grey, C.B. to be Rear-Admiral of the Blue.

Retired Captain Charles Gordon has been promoted to the rank of Retired Rear-Admiral, on the terms proposed in the London Gazette of 1st September 1846, but without increase of half-pay.

Commission signed by Her Majesty the Queen.  
East Kent Regiment of Militia.

Frederick George Whitehead, Esq. late Captain, in the 42d Regiment, to be Adjutant, vice Winter, who retires. Dated 19th December 1854.

Commission signed by Her Majesty the Queen.  
Kent Militia Regiment of Artillery.

George Parker, gent. to be Quartermaster. Dated 6th January 1855.

Commission signed by the Queen.  
4th or Duke of Lancaster's Own (Light Infantry)  
Royal Lancashire Militia.

Lieutenant John Ireland Blackburne, 30th Madras Native Infantry, to be Paymaster. Dated 9th December 1854.

Commissions signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Leicester.  
Leicestershire Militia.

Ensign Charles Dawson Barwell to be Lieutenant. Dated 9th January 1855.

Alfred Godfrey Black to be Ensign. Dated 9th January 1855.

Commission signed by the Vice-Lieutenant of the County of Surrey.

1st Regiment of the Royal Surrey Militia.

To be Lieutenants.

Arthur Holme Sumner, gent. Dated 19th October 1854.

Gilbert De Lacy Lacy, gent. Dated 19th October 1854.  
Joseph Whitmore, gent. Dated 19th October 1854.

2d Regiment of the Royal Surrey Militia.  
To be Lieutenant.

Tempest Graham, gent. Dated 19th October 1854.

3d Regiment of the Royal Surrey Militia.  
To be Lieutenant.

John Austen Moultrie, gent. Dated 19th October 1854.

Commissions signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Derby.

2d Regiment of Derbyshire Militia.

William Henry Frederick Cavendish, Esq. to be Lieutenant-Colonel. Dated 25th January 1855.  
The Right Honourable Spencer Compton, Lord Cavendish, to be Major. Dated 25th January 1855.

Commissions signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County Palatine of Durham.

1st or South Durham Regiment of Militia.

John Haversfield, Esq. late Captain, 43d Foot to be Captain, vice Cookson, promoted in the Durham Militia Artillery. Dated 22d January 1855.

William Atcheson to be Lieutenant, vice Skinner, deceased. Dated 22d January 1855.

John Potts, gent. to be Assistant-Surgeon. Dated 22d January 1855.

Commissions signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Suffolk.

West Suffolk Regiment of Militia.

Ninian Craig, Esq. to be Captain. Dated 17th January 1855.

Alfred Trimmer, gent. to be Ensign. Dated 10th January 1855.

East Suffolk Regiment of Militia Artillery Corps.  
William Leathes, gent. to be Second Lieutenant. Dated 20th January 1855.

John Nathaniel Gower, gent. to be Second Lieutenant. Dated 22d January 1855.

John Gurteis Paske, gent. to be Second Lieutenant. Dated 23d January 1855.

Commission signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Buckingham.

Royal Bucks King's Own Militia.

John Gosling Paine, gent. to be Assistant-Surgeon, vice Scobell, promoted.

[The following appointment is substituted for that which appeared in the Gazette of 9th January 1855.]

Commissions signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Banff.

Inverness, Banff, Elgin, and Nairn 76th Regiment of Militia.

William James Whyte, M.D., to be Lieutenant. Dated 2d January 1855.

Commissions signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Roxburgh.

Dumfries, Roxburgh, and Selkirk Regiment of Militia.

Lieutenant George James Lennox to be Captain, vice Scott, resigned. Dated 22d January 1855.

James Strachan, gent. to be Ensign, vice Gilfillan. Dated 24th January 1855.

Commissions signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County Palatine of Lancaster.

6th Regiment of Royal Lancashire Militia.

Lieutenant-Colonel Mathias, late 62d Foot, to be Major. Dated 18th January 1855.

John Hickinbotham Chambers, Esq. late 46th Foot, to be Captain. Dated 19th January 1855.

Henry Gore Booth, Esq. late Scots Fusiliers, to be Captain. Dated 20th January 1855.

Francis John Tyssen Amiel, late 73d Foot, to be Captain. Dated 22d January 1855.

John Copley Wray, Esq. to be Captain. Dated 23d January 1855.

Arthur James Netterville, Esq. late 12th Foot, to be Captain. Dated 24th January 1855.

Commission signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Middlesex.

2d or Edmonton Royal Rifle Regiment of Middlesex Militia.

Henry Musgrave Fuller, gent. to be Ensign. Dated 20th January 1855.

Commissions signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Northampton.

Northamptonshire Militia.

Tamworth Ferrars, Esq. to be Lieutenant. Dated 30th December 1854.

Spencer Ley Greaves, gent. to be Lieutenant, vice William Kerr, resigned. Dated 17th January 1855.

Joseph Gabbett, gent. to be Ensign, vice Spencer Ley Greaves, promoted. Dated 18th January 1855.

William Montagu Leeds, Esq. to be Lieutenant. Dated 19th January 1855.

Commission signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Stafford.

Queen's Own Royal Regiment of Staffordshire Yeomanry Cavalry.

Serjeant-Major George Henry Davis to serve as Adjutant, with the rank of Cornet. Dated 23d December 1854.

Commission signed by the Governor and Captain of the Isle of Wight.

Isle of Wight Militia Artillery Corps.

Percival Frederick Spear, gent. to be Second Lieutenant. Dated 20th January 1855.

[This Article is substituted for that which appeared in the Gazette of Friday the 5th instant.]

Commission signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Stafford.

1st Regiment of King's Own Staffordshire Militia.  
George William Henry Holyoake, gent. to be Ensign. Dated 23d December 1854.

The following Commissions have been granted in the Cork City Militia Regiment:—

Andrew Jordaine Wood, Esq. to be Lieutenant-Colonel. Commission dated 4th January 1855.

Robert Tresilian Belcher, Esq. to be Ensign, vice Corless Hawkes, resigned. Commission dated 6th January 1855.

GEORGE FOOTT, Clerk of the Peace,  
City of Cork.

Commissions in the Leitrim Rifle Regiment of Militia, signed by the late Earl of Leitrim, as Lieutenant of said County:—

Theophilus Clements, Esq. to be Captain, vice Acheson O'Brien, Esq. resigned. Commission dated 27th December 1854.

John Johnston, Esq. to be Lieutenant, vice H. L. Montgomery, Esq. resigned. Commission dated 26th December 1854.

ALEXANDER FARIS, Clerk of the Peace,  
County Leitrim.

Commissions signed by the Right Honourable William Frederick Fownes Tighe, Lieutenant of the County of Kilkenny:—

Anthony Pack to be Ensign, vice Richard Pack, resigned. Commission dated 27th November 1854.

Robert Cane to be Ensign, vice Michael Aylmer, promoted. Commission dated 23d December 1854.

Francis Robert Sandys to be Ensign, vice Paul Helsham Hunt, promoted. Commission dated 26th December 1854.

James Gildea Newton to be Surgeon. Commission dated 8th November 1854.

KENNY PURCELL, Clerk of the Peace for the  
County of Kilkenny.

The Right Honourable William Frederick Fownes Tighe to be Colonel of the Kilkenny Militia, vice Colonel the Marquess of Ormonde, deceased. Commission dated 8th January 1855.

KENNY PURCELL, Clerk of the Peace for the  
County of Kilkenny.

Commissions signed by the Vice-Lieutenant of the County of Mayo.

South Mayo Rifle Regiment of Militia.

Samuel Percy Lea, Captain Unattached, to be Captain, vice Sir William O'Malley, resigned. 23d December 1854.

Dominick E. Browne to be Lieutenant, vice Martin Kirwan, deceased. 23d December 1854.

John Bruen Rutledge to be Lieutenant, vice Denis O'Connor, deceased. 26th December 1854.

Charles Henry Bingham to be Lieutenant, vice Charles George Mahon, resigned. 27th December 1854.

Robert Cecil Kearney to be Ensign, vice Robert Bodkin, resigned. 23d December 1854.

Henry Thomas Cuffe to be Ensign, vice G. G. O'Higgins, resigned. 26th December 1854.

Frederick George Moore to be Ensign, vice Andrew Browne, resigned. 27th December 1854.

Arthur B. Mitchell to be Ensign, vacant Ensigncy. 28th December 1854.

North Mayo Regiment of Militia.

Alfred W. Knox to be Lieutenant, vice James Rennick, deceased. 1st January 1855.

Charles Lionel Fitzgerald to be Lieutenant, vice Henry O'Malley, resigned. 2d January 1855.

Robert Verschoyle to be Lieutenant, vice Vignoles, emigrated. 3d January 1855.

Denis Jackson to be Lieutenant, vice Robert Hovendon, resigned. 4th January 1855.

William Ormsby to be Ensign, vice Francis Little, deceased. 1st January 1855.

NEAL DAVIS, Clerk of the Peace for the  
County of Mayo.

Peace Office, Castlebar,  
20th January 1855.

Commissions signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Waterford.

Waterford Militia Regiment of Artillery.

Captains—

William Charles Wyse, Esq. 13th November 1854.

Gerard Noel Bolton, Esq. 23d November 1854.

Ensign—

Pierse Drew, Esq. 19th December 1854.

W. J. DENNEHY, Clerk of the Peace.  
County Peace Office, Waterford,  
19th January 1855.

#### TREASURY WARRANT.

WHEREAS by an Act passed in the fourth year of the reign of Her present Majesty, intituled "An Act for the regulation of the duties of postage," certain scales of weight and rates of postage were fixed and made chargeable and payable upon, for, or in respect of letters, newspapers, Parliamentary proceedings, and printed papers, transmitted and forwarded by the Post, and various regulations were made for facilitating the transmission of such letters and papers by the Post; and by the same Act powers are given to the Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury, by Warrant under their hands, to alter and fix any of the rates of postage therein mentioned.

And whereas further powers are given to the Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury by an Act passed in the eleventh year of the reign of Her present Majesty, intituled "An Act for giving further facilities for the transmission of letters by Post, and for the regulating the duties of postage thereon, and for other purposes relating to the Post-office."

And whereas by a Warrant under the hands of two of the Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury, dated the 29th day of January 1852, it was ordered and directed that packets consisting of books, publications, or works of literature or art, might be transmitted by the Post within the United Kingdom, subject to the several regulations and rates therein contained.

And whereas it is expedient that the said Warrant should be repealed, and that such other regulations should be made respecting the conveyance of certain packets sent by the Post as are hereinafter contained.

1. Now we, the Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury, in exercise of the powers vested in us in and by the said before-mentioned Acts, or either of them, and of all other powers enabling us in this behalf, do, by this Warrant (under the hands of two of us the said Commissioners, by the authority of the Statute in that case made and provided), order and direct that the said Warrant of the 29th day of January 1852, and the several orders, directions, regulations, and rates of postage therein mentioned and set forth, shall cease and determine, and shall be, and the same are, hereby repealed and revoked. Nevertheless, no Treasury Warrant repealed by the said Warrant of the 29th day of January 1852, shall be revived by this Warrant.

2. And we do further order and direct that all packets consisting of books, publications, or works of literature or art, posted in the United Kingdom, may be transmitted by the Post within the United Kingdom, subject to the several regulations and rates hereinafter contained; that is to say:—

On every such packet, if not exceeding one pound in weight, there shall be charged and taken one uniform rate of postage of sixpence.

And on every such packet, if exceeding one pound and not exceeding two pounds in weight, there shall be charged and taken one uniform rate of postage of one shilling.

And for every additional one pound in weight of any such packet, above the weight of two pounds, there shall be charged and taken an additional rate of postage of six pence, and every fraction of such additional pound shall be charged as an additional pound.

3. And we further order and direct that no such packet which in length, or breadth, or width shall exceed the dimensions of two feet, shall be forwarded by the Post under the provisions aforesaid.

4. And we further order and direct that the postage of all such packets as aforesaid shall in every case be paid at the time of the same being posted, not in money, but by being duly stamped with the proper postage-stamp or stamps affixed thereto, which stamp or stamps shall in every case be affixed or appear on the outside of every such packet, near the address or direction, and shall be of the value or amount of the postage-duty payable thereon, under or by virtue of this Warrant, unless any such packet be sent from any department or office in or connected with the public service of Her Majesty which shall keep a postage-account with the General Post-Office in London, in which case the same shall be forwarded post-paid, and the postage thereof shall be charged in such postage-account.

5. And we further order and direct that the terms "books, publications, or works of literature or art" herein used, shall, for the purposes of this Warrant, mean and include all books, whether printed, written, or plain, publications or compilations, whether in print or in manuscript, almanacks, prints, maps, whether on paper or canvas or cloth, and whether printed or written, and any description of paper, parchment, or vellum, whether printed, written upon, or plain, together with any binding, mounting, or covering of, or upon, or belonging to any book or publication or work, or any portion thereof, or of or belonging to any paper, parchment, or vellum, and any cases or rollers of prints or maps, book-markers, pencils, pens, or other articles usually appertaining to any such book, publication, or work, paper, parchment, or vellum, or necessary for its safe transmission, and that every such packet shall be sent open at the ends or sides, and either without a cover, or in a cover or envelope open at the ends or sides, and that there shall be no letter, either closed or open, nor any enclosure, sealed or otherwise, closed against inspection, sent in or with any such packet, nor shall there be any letter, or any communication in the nature of a letter, written or printed, on the cover or envelope of any such packet.

6. And in order to prevent any obstacles to the due and regular transmission of letters by the Post, we further direct that it shall be lawful for any officer of the Post-Office to delay the transmission of any packet posted or forwarded by the Post under the provisions of this Warrant, for the space of twenty-four hours after the time at which the same ought to be despatched in due course of the Post, or (at his option) until the dispatch of the mail next after that by which the same ought in due course of the Post to be forwarded by him.

7. And we further direct that the transmission of the packets aforesaid, under this present Warrant, shall be restricted to such as shall be sent by the Post between places within the United Kingdom, and by the Post of any post-town in the

United Kingdom, and that nothing herein contained shall be construed to extend or interfere with, or in anywise to affect the transmission by the Post of printed votes and proceedings of Parliament, nor of British newspapers or other British publications which are allowed to pass by the Post between places within the United Kingdom under the newspaper privilege, nor shall this present Warrant be construed to extend to any packet sent by the Post between the United Kingdom and places beyond the seas.

8. And we further order and direct that if any packet, or the cover and envelope of any packet, sent, or tendered, or delivered in order to be sent by the Post, under the provisions of this present Warrant, shall not be open at the ends or sides, or shall in length, or breadth, or width, exceed the dimensions of two feet, or if there shall be any letter, or any communication in the nature of a letter, written or printed on any such cover or envelope, every such packet shall and may be detained and opened, and, at the option of the Postmaster-General, shall be either returned or given up to the sender thereof, or be given up to the person to whom it shall be addressed, or be forwarded to the place of its destination; and every such packet, on being so returned, given up, or forwarded, shall be chargeable with a postage of double the amount of postage to which it would have been liable as a letter if the postage had been paid by stamps when posted, and such double postage may be either paid by the sender or be charged to the person to whom such packet shall be forwarded.

9. And we do further order and direct that if any packet sent, or tendered, or delivered in order to be sent by the Post, under the provisions of this Warrant, shall contain any letter, whether closed or open, or any enclosure, sealed or otherwise closed against inspection, every such letter or enclosure may be taken out by any officer of the Post-Office, and forwarded to the address on the packet, charged not only with the full rates of postage as an unpaid letter, but also with a further and additional rate of sixpence; and the remainder of the packet, if duly prepaid by stamps, may be forwarded to the place of its address without any extra charge.

10. And we do further order and direct that if any packet sent, or tendered, or delivered in order to be sent by the Post, under the provisions of this Warrant (any such packet sent from any department or office in or connected with the public service of Her Majesty which shall keep a postage-account with the General Post-Office in London, and the postage thereof being charged in such account, only excepted), shall be posted, having thereon, or affixed thereto a stamp or stamps, the value of which shall be less in amount than the rate of postage to which such packet would be liable under and by virtue of the several regulations, orders, directions, and conditions hereinbefore contained, but equal in amount to the single rate of postage which would be chargeable under this Warrant if such packet did not exceed one pound in weight, every such last-mentioned packet shall be forwarded, charged with the amount of the difference between the value of such stamp or stamps so being thereon, or affixed thereto, and the postage to which such packet would be liable as aforesaid, together with a further and additional rate of sixpence; but if any such packet shall be posted without having thereon or affixed thereto a postage stamp, or having thereon or affixed thereto a postage stamp or stamps, the value of which shall be less in amount than the single rate of postage chargeable under this Warrant, every such last-mentioned packet



shall, and may be detained and opened at any place in the United Kingdom, and, at the option of the Postmaster-General, shall be dealt with, and be chargeable in like manner as is hereinbefore directed with respect to any packet not open at the ends or sides, or exceeding in length, or breadth, or width, the dimensions of two feet.

11. And we do hereby further order and direct that the terms and expressions used in this Warrant shall be construed to have the like meaning in all respects, as they would have had if inserted in the said Act passed in the fourth year of the reign of Her present Majesty.

12. And we do further direct that this Warrant shall come into operation on the first day of March next.

13. Provided lastly, and we do hereby declare and direct that it shall be lawful for the Commissioners for the time being of Her Majesty's Treasury, or any two of them, by Warrant under their hands, at any time hereafter to alter or repeal any of the rates hereby fixed or altered, or the regulations hereby made, and to make and establish any new or other rates or regulations in lieu thereof, and from time to time to appoint at what time the rates that may be payable are to be paid.

Whitehall, Treasury-Chambers, the twenty-third day of January one thousand eight hundred and fifty-five.

ALFRED HERVEY.  
W. E. GLADSTONE.

#### TREASURY WARRANT.

WHEREAS by an Act passed in the fourth year of the reign of Her present Majesty, intituled "An Act for the regulation of the duties of postage," certain scales of weight and rates of postage were fixed and made chargeable and payable upon, for, or in respect of letters, newspapers, Parliamentary proceedings, and printed papers transmitted and forwarded by the Post, and various regulations were made for facilitating the transmission of such letters and papers by the Post.

And whereas by the said Act powers were given to the Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury, from time to time, and at any time thereafter by Warrant under their hands, to alter and fix any of the rates of British postage or inland postage, payable by law on the transmission by the Post of Foreign or Colonial letters or newspapers, or of any other printed papers, and to subject the same to rates of postage according to the weight thereof, and a scale of weight to be contained in such Warrant, and from time to time, by Warrant as aforesaid, to alter or repeal any of such altered rates, and make and establish any new or other rates in lieu thereof, and from time to time, by Warrant as aforesaid, to appoint at what time the rates which may be payable are to be paid; and the power thereby given to alter and fix rates of postage is extended to any increase or reduction, or remission of postage.

And whereas by an Act passed in the eleventh year of the reign of Her present Majesty, intituled "An Act for giving further facilities for the transmission of letters by Post, and for the regulating the duties of postage thereon, and for other purposes relating to the Post-Office," the provision fixing the maximum weight of letters to be sent by the Post, in the first-mentioned Act, is repealed; and in order to prevent packets of an unwieldy bulk or an inconvenient size being transmitted by the Post, power is given to the Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury, at any time or times thereafter, by Warrant under their hands, to fix the maximum weight of letters to be

sent by the Post, and from time to time to repeal or revoke such maximum weight, wholly or in part, and declare any other maximum of weight in lieu thereof; and it is provided that all letters shall be forwarded, conveyed, and delivered by the Post in conformity with any such Warrant, and also in conformity with, and under, and subject to all such orders, conditions, limitations, regulations, and restrictions as to the form, size, or dimensions thereof, whether in proportion to the weight or otherwise, as the Postmaster-General, with the consent of the Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury, shall from time to time direct. And by the said Act power is also given to the Postmaster-General to collect and receive the Foreign and Colonial postage charged or chargeable on any letters sent by the Post; and also, with the consent of the Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury, to require the postage, British, Colonial, or Foreign, of any letters sent by the Post, to be pre-paid, either in money or in stamps, as he may think fit, on the same being put into the Post-Office; and also, with such consent, to abolish or restrict the pre-payment in money of postage on letters sent by the Post, either altogether or on certain letters, and to require the pre-payment thereof to be in stamps, and also to refuse to receive or send by the Post any letters tendered contrary to any regulations thereby made. And it is also declared and enacted that in all cases in which the British postage chargeable on any letters sent by the Post shall exceed the sum of one penny, the Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury may, by Warrant under their hands, reduce such postage to any other rate of postage they may from time to time think fit. And also, that the Postmaster-General may, if he shall think fit, (with the consent of the Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury,) allow any printed words, writing, or marks (in addition to the direction,) to be put on any printed newspapers or other printed papers sent by the Post, or on the covers thereof, and that any such newspapers, or other printed papers shall from thenceforth be forwarded either free of postage or subject to such rates of postage as the Postmaster-General, with the consent of the Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury, shall from time to time direct. And it is also declared and enacted that the Postmaster-General, and any officer of the Post-Office, may detain any letters which shall be posted or sent by the Post contrary to the regulations of that Act, or the first-mentioned Act, or contrary to any regulations made under the authority of that Act, or of the first-mentioned Act, or contrary to the regulations of any Treasury Warrant to be issued under or by virtue of that Act, or which had been or should be issued under or by virtue of the first-mentioned Act, and open such letters, and either return them to the senders thereof or forward them to the places of their destination, charged in either case with such rates of postage as the Postmaster-General, with the consent of the Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury, shall from time to time direct.

And whereas the Postmaster-General hath, with the consent of the Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury, and the Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury have at various times since the passing of the said two before-mentioned Acts, and in pursuance and in exercise of the powers reserved to them thereby, by divers Warrants under their hands, made and given certain orders, directions, and regulations, relating to the weight, size, and dimensions, and to the rates of postage in conformity with, and under and subject

to which, certain printed papers and Parliamentary proceedings therein respectively mentioned were to be, and are transmitted by the Post, and it is expedient that such Warrants, and such orders, directions, regulations, and rates, should be altered, repealed, and revoked, and that other Orders, directions, regulations, and rates should be made and given, and consolidated and incorporated in one Warrant.

1. Now we, the Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury, in exercise of the powers reserved to us in and by the said two before-mentioned Acts, or either of them, and of all other powers enabling us in this behalf, do by this Warrant (under the hands or two of us, the said Commissioners, by the authority of the Statute in that case made and provided), order and direct that the several Warrants and parts of Warrants mentioned and set forth in the Schedule A to this Warrant annexed, and the several orders, directions, regulations, and rates of postage in such several Warrants and parts of Warrants respectively mentioned and set forth, shall cease and determine, and shall be, and the same are hereby respectively repealed and revoked.

2. And we do further order and direct that all packets consisting of books, publications, or works of literature or art, whether British, Colonial, or Foreign, and all packets consisting of printed votes and proceedings of the Imperial Parliament or the Colonial Legislatures, may be transmitted by the Post between any part of the United Kingdom and any part of the several places mentioned and set forth in the Schedule B to this Warrant annexed; and that all such respective packets shall be so transmitted in conformity with, and under and subject to the several regulations, orders, directions, and conditions hereinafter mentioned and contained; and that, as respects certain of the said places in the said Schedule B mentioned, such transmission may also be by the routes mentioned against such places in such Schedule; and that the single rate of postage for the transmission thereof shall be that which is mentioned and set forth against the said places respectively, in the said Schedule B; and that all such respective packets so transmitted shall be subject to the several progressive and additional rates of postage hereinafter mentioned; that is to say:—

On every such packet so transmitted, under the provisions of this Warrant as aforesaid, if not exceeding half a pound in weight there shall be charged, taken, and paid for the transmission thereof respectively as aforesaid, the uniform single rate of postage which is mentioned and set forth against the said places respectively, in the said Schedule B.

And on every such packet exceeding half a pound in weight, there shall be charged, taken, and paid progressive and additional rates of postage as follows; that is to say:—

On every such packet, if exceeding half a pound and not exceeding one pound in weight, two rates of postage.

And on every such packet, if exceeding one pound and not exceeding two pounds in weight, four rates of postage.

And on every such packet, if exceeding two pounds and not exceeding three pounds in weight, six rates of postage.

And for every additional one pound in weight of any such packet above the weight of three pounds, there shall be charged, taken, and paid, two additional rates of postage, and every fractional part of such additional pound shall be charged as an additional

pound in weight, and each progressive and additional rate chargeable under this clause shall be estimated and charged at the sum which any such packet would be charged with under this Warrant, if not exceeding half a pound in weight.

No such packet, which in length, or breadth, or width shall exceed the dimensions of two feet, shall be forwarded by the Post under the provisions aforesaid.

No such packet posted in the United Kingdom addressed to the East Indies or New South Wales, or posted in the East Indies or New South Wales addressed to the United Kingdom, exceeding the weight of three pounds, shall be forwarded by the Post under the provisions aforesaid.

The terms "books, publications, or works of literature or art" in this Warrant used, shall, for the purposes of this Warrant, mean and include all books, whether printed, written, or plain; publications or compilations, whether in print or in manuscript, almanacks, prints, maps, whether on paper or canvas or cloth, and whether printed or written, and any description of paper, parchment, or vellum, whether printed, written upon, or plain, together with any binding, mounting, or covering of, or upon, or belonging to any book, or publication, or work, or any portion thereof, of or belonging to any paper, parchment, or vellum, and any cases or rollers of prints or maps, book markers, pencils, pens, or other articles usually appertaining to any such book, publication, or work, paper, parchment, or vellum, or necessary for its safe transmission; and that every such packet shall be sent open at the ends or sides, and either without a cover, or in a cover or envelope open at the ends or sides, and that there shall be no letter, either closed or open, nor any enclosure, sealed or otherwise closed against inspection, sent in or with any such packet, nor shall there be any letter, or any communication in the nature of a letter, written or printed, on the cover or envelope of any such packet.

Upon every packet transmitted by the Post, under the authority of this Warrant, between the United Kingdom and the several places mentioned and set forth in the said Schedule B, which shall be posted in the United Kingdom, the postage thereof shall be paid at the time of the same being posted, not in money, but by being duly stamped with the proper postage stamp or stamps affixed thereto, which stamp or stamps shall in every case be affixed or appear on the outside of every such packet, near the address or direction, and shall be of the value or amount of the postage-duty payable thereon under or by virtue of this Warrant, unless any such packet be sent from any department or office in or connected with the public service of Her Majesty which shall keep a postage account with the General Post-Office in London; in which case the same shall be forwarded, post-paid, and the postage thereof shall be charged in such postage-account; and upon every such packet which shall be posted in any of the Colonies respectively mentioned and set forth in the said Schedule B to this Warrant annexed, the postage thereof shall be paid at the time of the same being posted.

3. And in order to prevent any obstacles to the due and regular transmission of letters by the Post, we do further order and direct that it shall be

lawful for any officer of the Post-office to delay the transmission of any packet posted or forwarded by the Post under the provisions of this Warrant, either for the space of twenty-four hours after the time at which the same ought to be dispatched in due course of the Post, or (at his option) until the dispatch of the mail next after that by which the same ought in due course of the Post to be forwarded by him.

4. And we do further order and direct that nothing hereinbefore contained shall be construed to interfere with or affect the transmission by the Post of printed newspapers or other printed publications which are allowed to pass by the Post under the newspaper privilege.

5. And we do further order and direct that if any packet sent, or tendered, or delivered in order to be sent by the Post, under the provisions of this Warrant, posted in the United Kingdom addressed to the East Indies or New South Wales, or posted in the East Indies or New South Wales addressed to the United Kingdom, shall exceed the weight of three pounds, or if any packet sent, or tendered, or delivered in order to be sent by the Post under the provisions of this Warrant, between the United Kingdom and the several places mentioned and set forth in the said Schedule B, shall in length, or breadth, or width, exceed the dimensions of two feet, or if the postage of any such packet, posted in any of the Colonies respectively mentioned in the said Schedule B, to this Warrant annexed, shall not be duly and properly paid when posted, or if any packet, or the cover or envelope of any packet sent, or tendered, or delivered in order to be sent by the Post, under the provisions of this Warrant, shall not be open at the ends or sides, or if there shall be any letter, or any communication in the nature of a letter, written or printed on any such cover or envelope, every such respective packet shall and may be detained and opened, and, at the option of the Postmaster-General, shall be either returned or given up to the sender thereof, or be given up to the person to whom it shall be addressed, or be forwarded to the place of its destination; and every such packet on being so returned, given up, or forwarded, shall be chargeable with a postage of double the amount of postage to which it would have been liable as a letter if the postage had been paid when posted, and such double postage may be either paid by the sender or be charged to the person to whom such packet shall be forwarded.

6. And we do further order and direct that if any packet sent, or tendered, or delivered in order to be sent by the Post, under the provisions of this Warrant, between the United Kingdom and the several places mentioned and set forth in the said Schedule B, shall contain any letter, whether closed or open, or any enclosure, sealed or otherwise closed against inspection, every such letter or enclosure may be taken out by any officer of the Post-Office and forwarded to the address on the packet, charged not only with the full rates of postage equal in amount to the single rate of postage which would be chargeable under the said Schedule on a packet not exceeding half a pound in weight, and the remainder of the packet, if the postage be duly paid when posted, may be forwarded to the place of its address without any extra charge.

7. And we do further order and direct that if any packet sent, or tendered, or delivered in order to be sent by the Post, under the provisions of this Warrant, respectively between the United Kingdom and the several places mentioned and set forth in the said Schedule B (any such packet sent from any department or office in or connected with

the public service of Her Majesty, which shall keep a postage-account with the General Post-Office in London, and the postage thereof being charged in such account, only excepted,) shall be posted in the United Kingdom, having thereon or affixed thereto a stamp or stamps, the value of which shall be less in amount than the rate of postage to which such packet would be liable under and by virtue of the several regulations, orders, directions, and conditions hereinbefore contained, but equal in amount to the single rate of postage which would be chargeable under the said Schedule, if such packet did not exceed half a pound in weight, every such last-mentioned packet shall be forwarded charged with the amount of the difference between the value of such stamp or stamps so being thereon or affixed thereto, and the postage to which such packet would be liable as aforesaid, together with a further and additional rate of postage, equal in amount to the single rate of postage which would be chargeable under the said Schedule on a packet not exceeding half a pound in weight; but if any such packet shall be posted in the United Kingdom without having thereon or affixed thereto any postage stamp, or having thereon or affixed thereto a postage stamp or stamps, the value of which shall be less in amount than the single rate of postage chargeable under the said schedule, every such last-mentioned packet shall and may be detained and opened at any place in the United Kingdom, and, at the option of the Postmaster-General, shall be dealt with and chargeable in like manner as is hereinbefore directed with respect to any packet not open at the ends or sides, or exceeding in length, or breadth, or width, the dimensions of two feet.

8. And we do further order and direct that nothing herein contained shall be construed to extend to any packets sent through France, or any other Foreign Country, to which a transit rate of postage would be payable thereon.

9. And we do further order and direct that the Postmaster-General shall and may have and exercise the option of sending any packets hereby authorized to be sent by the Post under the provisions aforesaid, either by packet-boat or by private ship, at the same rate of postage as by packet-boat, when and as he shall think fit.

10. And we do further order and direct that the term "by the Post," used in this Warrant, or in any Schedule hereto annexed, shall, as to the sea conveyance, include the conveyance by any British or Colonial packet-boat, and also by private ship, when sent by the Postmaster-General, in accordance with the provision last hereinbefore contained, and the option thereby given to the Postmaster-General; and that the term "East Indies" used in this Warrant, or in any Schedule hereto annexed, shall be construed to mean every port or place in Asia within the limits of the charter of the East India Company (China, Hong Kong, Ceylon, the Mauritius, Java, Borneo, and Australia excepted), and that the several other terms and expressions used in this Warrant or in any Schedule hereto annexed, shall be construed to have the like meaning in all respects as they would have had if inserted in the said Act passed in the fourth year of the reign of Her present Majesty.

11. And we do further order and direct that the Commissioners for the time being of Her Majesty's Treasury may, by Warrant under their hands, or the hands of any two of them, at any time hereafter, alter, repeal, or revoke any of the rates of postage hereby fixed or altered, or any of the orders, directions, regulations, and conditions hereby made, and may make and establish any

new or other rates, orders, directions, regulations, and conditions in lieu thereof, and from time to time appoint at what time the rates which may be payable are to be paid.

12. And we do further order and direct that this Warrant shall come into operation on the first day of March next.

*SCHEDULES to which the above Warrant refers.*

SCHEDULE A.

Treasury Warrants, and parts of Treasury Warrants, containing orders, directions, regulations, conditions, and rates of postage repealed and revoked.

Date of Warrant.	Extent of Repeal.
19th December 1850	The whole.
2d June 1851	The whole.
11th August 1851	The whole.
30th January 1852	The whole.
6th February 1852	The whole.
24th April 1852	The whole.
6th May 1852	The whole.
18th January 1853	The whole.
24th January 1853	The whole.
9th March 1853	The whole.
12th July 1853	The whole.
25th July 1853	The whole.
17th September 1853	The whole.
5th November 1853	So much thereof and of the orders, directions, regulations, and conditions therein contained, as relate to the transmission by Post of printed books, printed magazines, printed reviews, and printed pamphlets, and the rates of postage chargeable thereupon.
31st December 1853	The whole.
15th March 1854	So much thereof and of the rates of postage, orders, directions, regulations, and conditions therein contained, as relate to the transmission by the Post of printed publications of votes or proceedings of the Imperial Parliament or the Colonial Legislatures.
21st March 1854	So much thereof and of the rates of postage, orders, directions, regulations, and conditions therein contained, as relate to the transmission by the Post of printed publications of votes or proceedings of the Imperial Parliament or the Colonial Legislatures.
13th April 1854	The whole.
21st June 1854	So much thereof and of the rates of postage, orders, directions, regulations, and conditions therein contained, as relate to the transmission by the Post of printed votes and proceedings of the Imperial Parliament or the Colonial Legislatures.

Date of Warrant.	Extent of Repeal.
1st July 1854	So much thereof and of the rates of postage, orders, directions, regulations, and conditions therein contained, as relate to the transmission by the Post of printed votes and proceedings of the Imperial Parliament or the Colonial Legislatures.
28th September 1854	So much thereof and of the rates of postage, orders, directions, regulations, and conditions therein contained as relate to the transmission by the Post between the United Kingdom and New South Wales, of printed votes and proceedings of the Imperial Parliament or the Colonial Legislatures.

SCHEDULE B.

Places between any part of which, and any part of the United Kingdom, packets consisting of books and publications, or works of literature or art, whether British, Colonial, or Foreign, and printed publications of votes or proceedings of the Imperial Parliament or the Colonial Legislatures, may be transmitted by the Post, and the single rates of postage chargeable and payable for the transmission thereof, under the regulations and conditions mentioned and prescribed in the foregoing Treasury Warrant; and also the routes by which they may be transmitted, respectively, between the United Kingdom and certain of the said places, or to or from the said United Kingdom from or to certain of the said places.

Canada - - -	Sixpence
Prince Edward Island	Sixpence
Bermuda - - -	Sixpence
St Helena - - -	Sixpence
The Gold Coast in	
Africa - - -	Sixpence
Antigua - - -	Sixpence
Grenada - - -	Sixpence
Berbice - - -	Sixpence
Demerara - - -	Sixpence
Trinidad - - -	Sixpence
Carriacou - - -	Sixpence
Tobago - - -	Sixpence
Montserrat - - -	Sixpence
Nevis - - -	Sixpence
Tortola - - -	Sixpence
Dominica - - -	Sixpence
St Kitts - - -	Sixpence
St Lucia - - -	Sixpence
St Vincent - - -	Sixpence
Jamaica - - -	Sixpence
Bahamas - - -	Sixpence
Honduras - - -	Sixpence
Malta - - -	Sixpence
Gibraltar - - -	Sixpence
Ionian Islands - - -	Sixpence
East Indies - - -	Eightpence
Ceylon - - -	Eightpence
Mauritius - - -	Eightpence
Hong-Kong - - -	Eightpence

Direct by packet-boat, or through Egypt, so long as no transit rate of postage be payable thereon.

Nova Scotia - Sixpence  
 New Brunswick - Sixpence  
 Newfoundland - Sixpence  
 Barbadoes - Sixpence  
 New Zealand - Sixpence  
 New South Wales - Sixpence  
 South Australia - Sixpence  
 Cape Town, Cape of Good Hope - Sixpence

Island of Heligoland Sixpence { Direct, or via the territory of Ham-  
 burgh.

Whitehall, Treasury-Chambers, the twenty-third day of January one thousand eight hundred and fifty-five.

ALFRED HERVEY.  
 W. E. GLADSTONE.

GENERAL AVERAGE PRICE OF BRITISH CORN, per QUARTER,

Received in the Week ended January 20, 1855.

Wheat.	Barley.	Oats.	Rye.	Beans.	Pease.
s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.
72 2-981	33 7-900	28 11-116	45 3-076	45 7-486	42 9-119

AGGREGATE AVERAGE OF SIX WEEKS.

Wheat.	Barley.	Oats.	Rye.	Beans.	Pease.
s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.
73 1	34 1	27 7	46 7	47 2	45 6

Published by Authority of Parliament,

HENRY FENTON JADIS,  
 Comptroller of Corn Returns.

Board of Trade, Corn Department.

THE AVERAGE PRICE OF BROWN OR MUSCOVADO SUGAR,

The Produce of the British Possessions in AMERICA, Computed from the RETURNS made in the Week ending the 23d day of January 1855,

Is Nineteen Shillings and Four Pence Farthing per Hundred Weight;

Exclusive of the Duties of Customs paid or payable thereon, on the Importation thereof into GREAT BRITAIN;

THE AVERAGE PRICE OF BROWN OR MUSCOVADO SUGAR,

The Produce of the MAURITIUS, Computed as above, and Exclusive of Duty,

Is Nineteen Shillings and Six Pence Three Farthings per Hundred Weight;

THE AVERAGE PRICE OF BROWN OR MUSCOVADO SUGAR,

The Produce of the EAST INDIES, Computed as above, and Exclusive of Duty,

Is Twenty-five Shillings and Five Pence per Hundred Weight;

The AVERAGE PRICE of the three foregoing Descriptions of SUGAR jointly,

Computed as above, and Exclusive of Duty,

Is Nineteen Shillings and Nine Pence Three Farthings per Hundred Weight.

By Authority of Parliament,

HENRY BICKNELL,  
 Clerk of the Grocers' Company.

Grocers'-Hall, January 26, 1855.

BANK OF ENGLAND.

AN ACCOUNT, pursuant to the Act 7th and 8th Victoria, cap. 32, for the Week ending on Saturday the 20th day of January 1855.

ISSUE DEPARTMENT.

	£		£
Notes issued, .....	25,509,215	Government Debt, .....	11,015,100
		Other Securities, .....	2,984,900
		Gold Coin and Bullion, .....	11,509,215
		Silver Bullion.....	—
	£25,509,215		£25,509,215

Dated the 25th day of January 1855.

M. MARSHALL, Chief Cashier.

BANKING DEPARTMENT.

	£		£
Proprietors' Capital .....	14,553,000	Government Securities (including	
Rest .....	3,259,537	Dead Weight Annuity).....	11,637,721
Public Deposits (including Exchequer,		Other Securities... ..	14,196,909
Savings' Banks, Commissioners of		Notes .....	5,463,595
National Debt, and Dividend		Gold and Silver Coin. ....	653,280
Accounts) .....	2,257,127		
Other Deposits .....	10,842,228		
Seven Day and other Bills .....	1,039,613		
	£31,951,505		£31,951,505

Dated the 25th day of January 1855.

M. MARSHALL, Chief Cashier.

AN ACCOUNT of the Total Quantities of each Kind of CORN, distinguishing Foreign and Colonial, Imported into the principal Ports of GREAT BRITAIN, (viz. London, Liverpool, Hull, Newcastle, Bristol, Gloucester, Plymouth, Leith, Glasgow, Dundee, and Perth,) with the Quantities entered therein for Home Consumption, and the Rates and Amount of Duty thereon, in the Week ended 17th January 1855.

SPECIES.	Quantities Imported into the Ports of Great Britain, enumerated above, (being those into which Corn is chiefly Imported).						Quantities Entered for Home Consumption, at the same Ports.						Amount of Duty received thereon.									Rates of Duty (Foreign and Colonial).											
	Foreign.		Colonial.		Total.		Foreign.		Colonial.		Total.		Foreign.			Colonial.			Total.			Corn and Grain of all sorts, per qr.	Meal and Flour of all sorts, per cwt.										
	Qrs.	Bus.	Qrs.	Bus.	Qrs.	Bus.	Qrs.	Bus.	Qrs.	Bus.	Qrs.	Bus.	Qrs.	Bus.	Qrs.	Bus.	Qrs.	Bus.	Qrs.	Bus.	Qrs.	Bus.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	s.	d.
Wheat and Wheat Flour .....	3767	15	118	1	3778	9	6	—	—	—	—	—	—	2040	11	1	7	15	0	2048	6	1											
Barley and Barley Meal .....	2553	4	—	—	2553	4	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	127	13	7	—	—	—	127	13	7											
Oats and Oat Meal .....	8751	4	30	0	8781	4	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	437	11	11	1	10	0	439	1	11											
Rye and Rye Meal .....	227	0	—	—	227	0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	11	7	0	—	—	—	11	7	0											
Pease and Pea Meal .....	489	1	—	—	489	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	24	9	5	—	—	—	24	9	5	1	0				0	4½				
Beans and Bean Meal .....	7001	5	—	—	7001	5	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	350	1	10	—	—	—	350	1	10											
Indian Corn and Indian Meal .....	10403	2	144	0	10547	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	520	3	10	7	4	0	527	7	10											
BuckWheat & Buck Wheat Meal..	12	2	—	—	12	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0	12	5	—	—	—	0	12	5											
Beer or Bigg.....	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—											
	67109	7	292	1	67402	0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	3512	11	1	16	9	0	3529	0	1											

NOTE.—The Quantities of Corn admitted to Home Consumption within the week, were identical with the quantities imported, shown in the preceding statement.

Office of the Inspector-General of Imports and Exports, Custom-House, London, 24th January 1855.

ALEX. C. FRASER,  
Assistant Inspector-General of Imports and Exports.

**BANKRUPTS**  
FROM THE LONDON GAZETTE.

**BANKRUPTCIES AWARDED.**

William Nehemiah Parsson, of Gravel Lane, Southwark, Surrey, millwright and engineer.  
 Archibald Nevison, of Darlington, Durham, hosier, Berlin-wool, and small-ware dealer.  
 George Hall, of York Street, Brighton, Sussex, upholsterer.  
 William Ludlow Palin, of Mortlake, Surrey, cooper, and of the Star and Garter, Putney, Surrey, licensed victualler.  
 John Richard West, of Sun Saw Mills, Canal Road, Kingsland, Middlesex, saw mill proprietor and dealer in hard wood.  
 Samuel Glover Fairbrother, of No. 31, Bow Street, Covent Garden, Middlesex, printer.  
 Richard Beck, of No. 39, Blackman Street, Southwark, Surrey, watch and clock maker, and dealer in jewellery.  
 George Smith, of Union Hall, Union Street, Southwark, hat and cap manufacturer.  
 Henry Phillips, of Bethnal Green Road, Middlesex, corn chandler and coal dealer.  
 Joseph Bradford, of Coventry, licensed victualler.  
 David Enoch Davies, of Pontypridd, Glamorgan, grocer and draper.  
 George Ward, of Bristol, victualler, and also of Clifton, lodging-house keeper.  
 Richard Callard, now residing at No. 20, Cumberland Street, Devonport, coach proprietor.  
 Walter Milligan, William Gandy, and George Gandy, of Bradford, York, staff merchants, carrying on business in partnership under the style or firm of Milligan, Gandy, and Co.  
 Samuel Garratt and Henry Buckley, both of Sand Mill, near Mottram, in Longdendale, Chester, innkeepers and farmers.  
 John Waidson, of Montgomery, innkeeper and draper.  
 John William Shaw, of Liverpool, Lancaster, passenger broker and trader.

**INTIMATION** is Hereby Given, that **DUNCAN M'IVER CAMPBELL**, Esquire, of **ASKNISH**, Heir of Entail in possession of the Entailed Lands of Barwillin and Kilbride, the Lands of Asknish, the three merk land of old extent of Barmlecaunich, the Lands of Upper Kaims, the Lands of Nether Kaims and Darinloch, the Lands of Kilmorie, Deuchernon, and Fernoch, Kinlochlean, and Others, all lying in the Sheriffdom of Argyll, under a Deed of strict Entail dated the 22d day of February 1797, and Deed of Supplement thereof annexed thereto, dated the 8th day of February 1800, and both recorded in the Register of Entails the 1st day of December 1810,—has presented a Petition to the Court of Session, (First Division, Mr Lindsay, Clerk,) in terms of the Act 11 and 12 Victoria, cap. 36, intituled 'An Act for the Amendment of the Law of Entail in Scotland,' and also in terms of the Act 16 and 17 Victoria, chapter 94, intituled 'An Act to extend the benefits of the Act of the 11th and 12th years of Her present Majesty for the Amendment of the Law of Entail in Scotland,' praying their Lordships to interpose their authority to a Contract of Excambion dated the 2d and 8th days of December 1854, entered into between the Petitioner and Neill Malcolm, Esquire, of Poltalloch, whereby the following parts and portions of the Lands contained in the foresaid Deed of Entail, viz.—All and Whole the twenty shilling land of Deuchernon, with houses, biggings, yards, orchards, tofts, crofts, annexis, connexis, dependencies, mosses, muirs, meadows, grazings, shealings, pasturages, woods, fishings, parts, pendicles, and pertinents of the same whatsoever, lying in the Barony and Parish of Glassrie, and Shire of Argyll; as also All and Whole the three merk land of old extent of Ulyziach or Uilla, with houses, biggings, yards, tofts, crofts, outsets, annexis, connexis, parts, pendicles,

and pertinents of the same whatsoever, lying in the Lordship of Glassrie, and Sheriffdom of Argyll; as also All and Whole the Lands of Craigmurrell, extending to a two merk land of old extent, with houses, biggings, yards, tofts, crofts, mosses, muirs, meadows, pastures, pasturages, annexis, connexis, parts, pendicles, and pertinents of the same whatsoever, lying in the Parish of Glassrie, and Shire of Argyll;—are excambied with the following Lands belonging to Neill Malcolm, and held by him in fee-simple, viz.—All and Whole the Lands of Carrick, and Island thereto belonging, the Park of Carrick, and Ferry of Ottar, and pertinents, all lying within the Barony of Innerlyne, and Sheriffdom of Argyll: On which Petition the following Interlocutor was pronounced:—'*Edinburgh, 18th January 1855.*—The Lords appoint this Petition to be intimated on the Walls and in the Minute-Book for fourteen days, and advertised in the *Edinburgh Gazette* and Newspapers mentioned in the Petition, in terms of the Statute; and further, grant warrant for serving the same on the persons mentioned in the prayer thereof, in terms of the Acts of Sederunt; and ordain them to lodge Answers thereto, if so advised, within fourteen days from the date of service, if within Scotland, and sixty days if furth thereof.

(Signed) 'DUN. M'NEILL, J.P.D.'

SMITH & KINNEAR,  
Petitioner's Agents.

Edinburgh, 29th January 1855,  
Chambers, 35, Queen Street.

**NOTICE.**

**ALEXANDER WHITE**, Silk Mercer and Draper, 123, Union Street, Aberdeen, has this day admitted into Partnership Mr **WILLIAM FAIRWEATHER**, and the Business will in future be conducted in all its branches under the designation of **WHITE, FAIRWEATHER, & CO.**

**ALEXANDER WHITE.**  
**WILLIAM FAIRWEATHER.**

**GEORGE FLEMING**, Witness.  
**JAMES L. DAVIDSON**, Witness.  
Aberdeen, January 9, 1855.

**THOMAS FRIER**, Farmer, Fans, in the County of Berwick, Trustee on the sequestrated estate of **WILLIAM SCOON**, formerly Cattle Dealer and Agent, Lothian Road, Edinburgh, hereby intimates, that an account of his intromissions with the funds of the estate, brought down to the 13th current, and states of the funds recovered and outstanding at the same date, have been made up by him, and examined by the Commissioners, in terms of the Statute; and that the Commissioners have postponed any farther dividend until the next statutory period, and have dispensed with any state of the affairs being sent to the Creditors.—Of all which Notice is hereby given, in terms of the Statute.

THOMAS FRIER, Trustee.

Fans, January 29, 1855.

**JOHN CHRISTIE FOULDS**, Accountant in Glasgow, Trustee on the sequestrated estates of **ROBERT TAIT, HAMPSON, & COMPANY**, Merchants and General Commission Agents in Glasgow, as a Company, and of Robert Tait, Merchant and General Commission Agent, Queen Street, Glasgow, and John Hampson, Merchant and General Commission Agent in Manchester, the Sole Individual Partners of that Company, as Partners, and as Individuals, hereby intimates, that an account of his intromissions with the funds of the estates, brought down to the 27th current, has been made up and examined by the Commissioners on said estates, in terms of the Statute; and further, that the Commissioners postponed the declaration of a dividend till the next statutory period, and dispensed with sending circulars to the Creditors.

JOHN C. FOULDS, Trustee.

Glasgow, January 29, 1855.

**T**HE Estates of JAMES FORU, Provision Merchant and Grocer in No. 12, North Saint Andrew Street, Edinburgh, were sequestrated on the 27th day of January 1855.

The first deliverance is dated the 27th day of January 1855.

The Lord Ordinary officiating on the Bills has appointed William Wood, Accountant in Edinburgh, Interim Factor on the said estate, and has granted a Protection to the Bankrupt against Arrest or Imprisonment for Civil Debt, until the meeting of the Creditors for the election of a Trustee.

The meeting to elect the Trustee and Commissioners is to be held on Friday the 9th day of February 1855, at two o'clock afternoon, within Messrs Dowells' & Lyon's Rooms, 18, George Street, Edinburgh.

A composition may be offered at this meeting; and to entitle Creditors to the first dividend, their oaths and grounds of debt must be lodged on or before the 28th day of May 1855.

All future Advertisements relating to this sequestration will be published in the Edinburgh Gazette alone.

ANDW. FYFE, S.S.C., Agent,  
15, Leopold Place, Edinburgh.

**T**HE Estates of JOHN SMITH, Draper, Cowcaddens Street, Glasgow, were sequestrated on the 29th day of January 1855.

The first deliverance is dated the same day.

The Lord Ordinary on the same day nominated and appointed Moncrieff Mitchell, Accountant, Glasgow, Interim Factor on the estate, and has granted Warrant of Protection to the said John Smith against Arrest or Imprisonment for Civil Debt, until the meeting of the Creditors for the election of a Trustee.

The meeting to elect the Trustee and Commissioners is to be held at one o'clock afternoon, on Monday the 12th day of February 1855, within the Globe Hotel, George Square, Glasgow.

A composition may be offered at this meeting; and to entitle Creditors to the first dividend, their oaths and grounds of debt must be lodged on or before the 29th day of May 1855.

All future Advertisements relating to this sequestration will be published in the Edinburgh Gazette alone.

CAMPBELL & SMITH, S.S.C., Agents,  
26, York Place, Edinburgh.

**T**HE Estates of ALEXANDER WHYTE & COMPANY, Merchants and Commission Agents in Glasgow, as a Company, and Alexander Whyte, Merchant and Commission Agent there, sole Partner of that Firm, as Partner thereof, and as an Individual, were sequestrated on the 30th day of January 1855.

The first deliverance is dated 30th January 1855.

The Lord Ordinary has appointed Archibald Woodside, Accountant in Glasgow, Interim Factor on the estates, and has granted Warrant of Protection to the said Alexander Whyte, sole Partner foresaid, against Arrest or Imprisonment for Civil Debt, until the meeting of the Creditors for the election of a Trustee.

The meeting to elect the Trustee and Commissioners is to be held on Wednesday the 14th day of February 1855, at two o'clock afternoon, within the Globe Hotel, George Square, Glasgow.

A composition may be offered at this meeting; and to entitle Creditors to the first dividend, their oaths and grounds of debt must be lodged on or before the 31st day of May 1855.

All future Advertisements relating to this sequestration will be published in the Edinburgh Gazette alone.

JOHN WALLS, S.S.C. Agent,  
9, London Street, Edinburgh.

**SEQUESTRATION** of DAWSON & AUTON, Colour Merchants in Leith, as a Company, and of Robert Auton, Colour Merchant there, sole surviving Partner of the said Company, as such Partner, and as an Individual.

**D**ONALD SINCLAIR GRANT, Merchant in Leith, has been elected Trustee on the estates; and Messieurs James Marshall, Merchant in Leith, Charles M'Kinlay, Merchant there, and Nicholas M'Leod, Merchant there, have been elected Commissioners. The examination of the Bankrupt, the said Robert Auton, will take place in the Sheriff-Court-house, Lawnmarket, Edinburgh, on Wednesday the 7th day of February next, at 12 o'clock noon. The Creditors will meet in the New Ship Hotel, No. 20, Shore, Leith, on Thursday the 15th day of February next, at one o'clock afternoon. At the meeting for the election of Trustee and Commissioners,

held 29th current, the Bankrupt, the said Robert Auton, made offer of a composition of Ten Shillings per pound upon the debts due by the Firm of Dawson & Auton as a Company, and himself, the sole surviving Partner thereof, as such Partner, and also as an Individual, at the date of the sequestration of their estates, payable as follows, viz. — Two Shillings per pound in cash immediately on their discharge, following on approval of the offer by the Lord Ordinary or the Sheriff; Two Shillings per pound, at three months; Two Shillings per pound, at six months; Two Shillings per pound, at nine months; and Two Shillings per pound, at twelve months, all from the 1st day of January 1855; and he also offered to pay and provide for the whole expences connected with the estate and sequestration, and the remuneration to the Interim Factor and Trustee; and he offered Mr James Murray, residing at No. 52, Albany Street, Edinburgh, and Mr James M'Donald, residing at Janefield Place, Leith, as securities for payment of the said composition, remuneration, and expences. The Creditors and mandatories for Creditors present at said meeting, unanimously agreed to entertain the said offer and security for consideration, and the same will be finally decided on at the said meeting of the Creditors to be held after the Bankrupt's examination.

D. S. GRANT, Trustee.

Leith, January 30, 1855.

In the Sequestration of THOMAS ROSS, Commission Agent in Glasgow, a Partner of the late Firm of Ross & MONTEITH, Manufacturers and Printers in Glasgow, and sole Partner of the Firm of THOMAS ROSS & COMPANY, Commission Agents in Glasgow.

**T**HE Trustee hereby calls a meeting of the Creditors on this estate, for the purpose of receiving an offer of composition from the Bankrupt,—the said meeting to be held in the Office of John Clark, Writer, 146, Buchanan Street, Glasgow, on Wednesday the 7th day of February 1855, at 12 o'clock noon.

J. WYLLIE GUILD, Trustee.

**A**S Trustee on the sequestrated estate of Miss JEAN FINDLAY, residing at No. 2, Buccleuch Street, Dumfries, deceased, I hereby call a meeting of the Creditors of the Bankrupt to be held in the Writing Chambers of Mr William Brown, 5, Assembly Street, Dumfries, on Monday the 26th of February next, at three o'clock afternoon, to consider as to an application for my discharge.

DAVID JENKINS, Trustee.

Dumfries, January 27, 1855.

#### NOTICE

TO THE CREDITORS OF

IVIE CAMPBELL, Sheep and Cattle Dealer, residing in Dalgig, in the County of Ayr.

**J**OHAN LOVE, Accountant in Ayr, Trustee on the sequestrated estate of the said Ivie Campbell, intimates, that he has made a final division of the funds of the said sequestrated estate, and he requests a meeting of the Creditors to be held within the Office of James Morton, Writer, 9, Wellington Square, Ayr, on Tuesday the 27th day of February 1855, at 12 o'clock noon, to consider as to an application for the discharge of the said John Love, the Trustee, and also for the discharge of the Representatives of the deceased John Morton, Cattle Dealer in Newmilns, and of the Representatives of the deceased Thomas Reid, Accountant in Ayr, the former Trustees on the said sequestrated estate.

JOHN LOVE, Trustee.

Ayr, January 26, 1855.

**D**ONALD SINCLAIR GRANT, Merchant in Leith, Trustee on the sequestrated estate of MILLER & ARTHUR, Oil and Colour Merchants, of the Scottish Colour and Varnish Works, Leith, hereby intimates, that accounts of his intrusions and states of the funds, brought down to the 14th current, have been made up and audited by the Commissioners, in terms of the Statute; that he has examined the claims of the several Creditors who have lodged their oaths and grounds of debt on or before the 15th current, and made up lists of the Creditors entitled to be ranked on the funds of the said estate, and also of those whose claims have been rejected in whole or in part. Farther, that an equalizing dividend to those Creditors of the said Miller and Arthur whose claims have been lodged since the second dividend was declared, and been admitted, also a third dividend to the whole Creditors of the said Miller and Arthur whose claims have been admitted, will be paid at his Counting-house, No. 8, Mitchell Street, Leith, on



the 15th day of March next.—Of all which Intimation is hereby made, in terms of the Statute.

D. S. GRANT, Trustee.

Leith, January 29, 1855.

**HENRY LECK**, Accountant in Glasgow, Trustee on the sequestrated estate of **GEORGE MURRAY**, Fleisher and Cattle Dealer in Glasgow, hereby intimates, that a former offer of composition having become ineffectual, the Bankrupt has made a new offer, as follows, viz.—To make payment of a composition of One Shilling and Sixpence per pound upon his debts at the date of the sequestration of his estates, payable by equal instalments at four, eight, and twelve months after his final discharge, and also to pay and provide for the expence attending the sequestration and the remuneration to the Trustee, with the security of James Murray, Clothier, Glasgow, for payment of the same; and that the said offer having been subscribed by the said proposed Cautioner, and having been agreed to by nine-tenths in number and value of all the Creditors ranked on the estate, a meeting of the Creditors will be held in the Glasgow Stock Exchange, National Bank Buildings, Queen Street, Glasgow, on Wednesday the 7th day of February next, at 12 o'clock noon, to decide on the said offer and the security proposed.

HENRY LECK, Trustee.

Glasgow, January 29, 1855.

**CHARLES CAIRNS**, Accountant in Glasgow, Trustee on the sequestrated estate of **GEORGE BUCHANAN**, Dealer in Shares in Glasgow, and residing there, hereby intimates, that an account of his intronmissions with the funds of the estate, brought down to the 10th current, and states of the funds recovered and of those outstanding as at same date, have been made up and examined by the Commissioners, in terms of the Statute: That he has examined the claims of the several Creditors who have lodged their oaths and grounds of debt on or before the 10th current, and completed lists of those Creditors entitled to be ranked on the funds of said estate. Farther, that a second dividend will be paid to those Creditors whose claims have been admitted by the Trustee, within the Trustee's Chambers, 57, West Nile Street, Glasgow, upon Monday the 12th day of March next; and that an equalizing dividend will at same time be paid to those Creditors whose claims have been lodged and sustained since the former dividend.—Of all which Notice is hereby given, in terms of the Statute.

CHAS. CAIRNS, Trustee.

57, West Nile Street,  
Glasgow, January 25, 1855.

#### NOTICE.

**WILLIAM DOUGLAS**, Writer in Inveraray, Trustee on the sequestrated estate of the Deceased **ROBERT FOGO**, Writer in Inveraray, hereby intimates, that an account of his intronmissions with the funds of the estate, brought down to the 13th January 1855, and states of the funds recovered and of those outstanding as at the same date, have been made up and examined by the sole Commissioner on said estate, in terms of the Statute: That he has examined the claims of the several Creditors who have lodged their oaths and grounds of debt, in terms of the Statutes, and has prepared a list of those Creditors entitled to be ranked on the funds of the said estate, and also of those whose claims have been rejected: That the other statutory requisites have also been complied with, and that a dividend will be paid to those Creditors whose claims have been, or may be, admitted by the Trustee, at his Writing-Chambers in Inveraray, on and after Wednesday the 14th day of March next.—Of all which Notice is hereby given, in terms of the Statutes.

WILLIAM DOUGLAS, Trustee.

Inveraray, January 27, 1855.

**JAMES M'CLELLAND**, Accountant in Glasgow, Trustee on the sequestrated estate of the Company sometime carrying on Business as Merchants in Glasgow, prior to the 31st day of December 1846, by **William Gemmell** and **William Lyon M'Phun**, under the Firm of **GEMMELL BROTHERS & COMPANY**, sequestrated on the 13th day of May 1848, hereby intimates, that an account of his intronmissions with the funds of the estate, brought down till the 13th day of January current, and a state of the funds recovered and outstanding as at the same date, have been made up by him, and examined and audited by the Commissioners on said estate, in terms of the Statute; and that the Creditors having

received Twenty Shillings in the pound of their debts, equalized as at the date of the sequestration, a dividend, in part payment of the interest accrued thereon since that date, will be paid at the Trustee's Office, No. 128, Ingram Street, Glasgow, upon Monday the 14th day of May next.

JAMES M'CLELLAND, Trustee.

Glasgow, January 27, 1855.

**JAMES M'CLELLAND**, Accountant in Glasgow, Trustee on the sequestrated estates of **GEMMELL BROTHERS & COMPANY**, Merchants in Glasgow, as a Company, and of **William Gemmell**, Merchant there, one of the Partners of said Company, as a Partner thereof, and as an Individual, hereby intimates, that an account of his intronmissions with the funds of the estate, brought down to the 15th day of January current, and a state of the funds recovered and outstanding as at the same date, have been made up by him, and examined and audited by the Commissioners on said estate, in terms of the Statute. The Trustee further intimates that the Commissioners have resolved to postpone the declaration of any dividend from the said estates till the recurrence of another stated period for making a dividend, in terms of the Statute, and that they have dispensed with sending circulars to the Creditors.

JAMES M'CLELLAND, Trustee.

Glasgow, January 27, 1855.

**DAVID M'CUBBIN**, Accountant in Glasgow, Trustee on the sequestrated estates of **BARCLAY & KENNEDY**, Plumbers, No. 41, Charlotte Street, Glasgow, as a Company, and of **James B. Barclay**, Plumber there, one of the Individual Partners of said Company, as a Partner thereof, and as an Individual, hereby intimates, that an account of his intronmissions with the funds of the estates, brought down to the 14th current, and states of the funds recovered and of those outstanding as at the same date, have been made up and examined by the Commissioners on said estates, in terms of the Statutes; and that the Commissioners have postponed payment of a dividend till next statutory period, and have dispensed with circulars to the Creditors.—Of all which Notice is hereby given, in terms of the Statutes.

DAV. M'CUBBIN.

Glasgow, January 29, 1855.

**DAVID M'CUBBIN**, Accountant in Glasgow, Trustee on the sequestrated estates of **JAMES B. BARCLAY & COMPANY**, Slaters and Plumbers, Main Street, Calton, Glasgow, as a Company, and of **James B. Barclay**, Slater and Plumber there, the only Individual Partner of said Company, as sole Partner thereof, and as an Individual, hereby intimates, that an account of his intronmissions with the funds of the estates, brought down to the 14th current, and states of the funds recovered and of those outstanding as at the same date, have been made up and examined by the Commissioners on said estates, in terms of the Statutes; and that the Commissioners have postponed payment of a dividend till next statutory period, and have dispensed with circulars to the Creditors.—Of all which Notice is hereby given, in terms of the Statutes.

DAV. M'CUBBIN.

Glasgow, January 29, 1855.

**JAMES STEVENSON**, Writer in Glasgow, Trustee on the sequestrated estate of **AUGUSTUS FRANCIS BEARD**, sometime Cotton Spinner in Glasgow, and Teacher of French there, now residing in Lanark, hereby intimates, that his account of intronmissions with the funds of the estate, brought down to the 15th instant inclusive, and state of the funds as at same date, have been made up and examined by the Commissioners, in terms of the Statute. Further, the Commissioners have authorised the Trustee to postpone the payment of a dividend till the next statutory period, and also to dispense with sending circulars to the Creditors.—Of all which Notice is hereby given, in terms of the Statute.

JAS. STEVENSON, Trustee.

Glasgow, January 27, 1855.

The Trustee on the sequestrated estate of **A. MUNRO & SON**, Drapers and Grocers in Tain, as a Firm, and **Donald Munro**, Draper and Grocer, residing at Nursery Place, Tain, the sole Partner of said Firm or Company, and as an Individual, hereby intimates, that the Commissioners have audited his accounts, postponed payment of a dividend, and dispensed with sending circulars to the Creditors.

JOHN C. REID, Trustee.

Glasgow, January 29, 1855.

**JOHN BLAIKIE**, Advocate in Aberdeen, Trustee on the sequestrated estates of **THOMAS ABERCROMBY DUFF**, of Haddo, hereby intimates, that he has made up his accounts and state of the funds as at 10th current. No further dividend authorized by the Commissioners.

**JOHN BLAIKIE**, Trustee.

Aberdeen, January 29, 1855.

**DAVID KINNEAR**, Accountant, Edinburgh, Trustee on the sequestrated estate of **JOHN WOOD**, Writer, lately residing in Edinburgh, now deceased, hereby intimates, that an account of his intrusions with the funds of the said estate, brought down to the 17th current, has been made up by him, and examined by the Commissioners, in terms of the Statute. Further, that they have postponed payment of a dividend until the next statutory period, and dispensed with sending circulars to the Creditors.—Of all which intimation is hereby given, in terms of the Statute.

**DAVID KINNEAR**, Trustee.

Edinburgh, January 30, 1855.

**NOTICE.**

**JOHN CRAWFORD**, Confectioner, High Street, Paisley, and present Prisoner in the Prison of Paisley, has presented a Petition to the Sheriff of Renfrewshire, craving liberation, interim protection, and decree of Cessio Bonorum; and the Sheriff has ordained the Petitioner to appear for examination within the Sheriff's Chambers, County Buildings, Paisley, on Saturday the 3d March next, at 11 o'clock forenoon, at which place and time the Petitioner's Creditors are hereby required to attend.

**ALLAN KIRKWOOD**, Agent.

Paisley, January 27, 1855.

**NOTICE TO CREDITORS.**

**THOMAS LECKIE**, Joiner in Denny, presently Prisoner in the Tolbooth of Stirling, has presented a Petition to the Sheriff of Stirlingshire, craving interim liberation from Prison, interim protection from diligence, and decree of Cessio Bonorum, and he has offered John Ferguson, Smith in Denny, as cautioner to the extent of One Hundred Pounds that he will attend for examination, and his Creditors are hereby required to attend within the Sheriff-Court-House in Stirling on the 5th day of March next, 1855, at ten o'clock forenoon, when the Petitioner will appear for examination.

**JAMES CHRYSTAL**, Procurator  
for the Petitioner.

Port Street, Stirling, January 27, 1855.

**NOTICE**

TO THE CREDITORS OF

**ROBERT CARSON MARTIN**, Innkeeper, residing in Castle-Douglas, in the Parish of Keltou, and Stewartry of Kirkcudbright, present Prisoner in the Tolbooth of Kirkcudbright.

**THE** said Robert Carson Martin has raised a Process of Cessio Bonorum against his Creditors before the Steward of the Stewartry of Kirkcudbright, and applied for liberation and interim protection against diligence; and Friday the 2d day of February next, at 11 o'clock forenoon, is fixed for his public examination, within the Steward Court-house at Kirkcudbright; and his Creditors are hereby required to attend time and place aforesaid.

**WILL. C. LOW**, Writer, Kirkcudbright,  
Agent for the Pursuer.

Kirkcudbright, January 27, 1855.

**GAVIN MUIRHEAD**, Wright, and Grocer and Spirit Dealer at Westneuck, Blantyre, and presently residing there, has presented a Petition to the Sheriff of Lanarkshire craving interim protection and decree of Cessio Bonorum; and his Creditors are hereby required to attend within the Sheriff-Clerk's Office here, on the 3d day of March next, at 12 o'clock noon, when the Petitioner will appear for examination.

**JOHN KERR**, Agent.

Glasgow, January 29, 1855.

**NOTICE** is Hereby Given, that **THOMAS PATERSON**, Farmer, Easter Blairskaith, near Milngavie, presently Prisoner in the Prison of Glasgow, applied of this date for the benefit of Cessio Bonorum to the Sheriff of Stirlingshire, who of same date directed intimation thereof to be given; and that the Petitioner's Creditors are required to appear in Court on Monday the 5th day of March next, at 12 o'clock noon, within the Sheriff-Court-House at Stirling; also that the Petitioner had applied for liberation and interim protection, against the granting of which Creditors will be heard.

Stirling, January 26, 1855.

North Berwick, January 29, 1855.

**THE** Business carried on by the Subscribers in North Berwick, under the Firm of **THE NORTH BRITISH FISHING COMPANY**, of which the Subscribers were the sole Partners, has this day been **DISSOLVED** by mutual consent.

The Subscriber, Mr John Jameson, Edinburgh, has been authorised to receive all debts due to, and to pay all debts due by the Company, and wind up the Concern.

**JOHN JAMESON.**

**THOMAS ANDERSON.**

**JOHN BLAIR.**

**JAMES BELL**, Carter, North Berwick, Witness.

**JAMES OGILVIE**, Grocer, North Berwick, Witness.

**DISSOLUTION OF COPARTNERSHIP.**

**NOTICE** is Hereby Given, that the Copartnership carried on by the Subscribers, as Engineers and Founders in Glasgow, under the Firm of **NEILSON & COMPANY**, was **DISSOLVED** by mutual consent upon the 31st day of December 1852 years.

**JAMES B. NEILSON.**

**COLIN CAMPBELL**, Witness.

**JAMES LAWSON**, Witness.

**WALTER NEILSON.**

**ALEXR. JOHNSTON**, Witness.

**ROBT. S. AIRMAN**, Witness.

Glasgow, July 31, 1854.

**NOTICE.**

**THE** Subscribers, Trustees and Executors of the Late **JOHN ABERCROMBY**, Merchant in Glasgow, ceased, on the 5th day of January 1854, to be Partners in **THE CLYDESDALE BANKING COMPANY**, having of that date transferred the Shares held by them therein.

**ALEX. ABERCROMBY.**

**ALLAN CARSWELL**, Senr.

**ANDW. S. OGLE.**

**JOHN FERGUSON, Jr.**, Writer, Glasgow, Witness.

**W. S. BORLAND**, Writer, Glasgow, Witness.

Glasgow, January 29, 1855.

**NOTICE.**

**THE** Subscriber ceased to be a Partner in the Firm carried on here under the name of **HARROW, M'INTYRE, & COMPANY**, Silk, Woollen, and Calico Printers, Collinslie, from and after the 8th day of January 1855.

**WILLIAM BACHOP.**

**DAVID SEMPLE**, Writer, Paisley, Witness.

**JOSEPH SHEARER**, Clerk, Paisley, Witness.

Paisley, January 29, 1855.

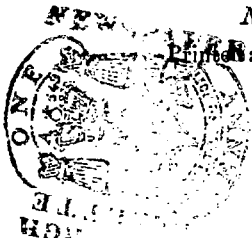
*N.B.—The Fees of all Notices must be paid in advance, and all Letters post-paid.*

Printed and Published at the Office, 13, North Bank Street, by **WILLIAM ALEXANDER LAURIE**,  
Printer to **THE QUEEN'S MOST EXCELLENT MAJESTY.**

*\*\* This Gazette is filed at the Offices of the London and Dublin Gazette.*

Tuesday, January 30, 1855.

Price One Shilling and Ninepence.



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