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FRIDAY, JUNE 15, 1855.

WAR-DEPARTMENT, June 13, 1855.

CRD PANMURE has this day received four Despatches and their Enclosures, of which the following are Copies, addressed to His Lordship by Field-Marshal the Lord Raglan, G.C.B.—

Before Sevastopol,

MY LORD,

May 29, 1855.

SIR EDMUND Lyons's Telegraphic Despatch of the 25th, which was forwarded from hence on the morning of the 27th, and one from me that immediately followed, will have informed your Lordship that the Allied Expedition to Kertch reached its destination on the morning of the 24th, and the troops having landed without delay, and the war-steamers drawing little water having pushed on towards Kertch and Enikali, that all the objects in contemplation were accomplished in twenty-four hours without any resistance on the part of the enemy, who blew up the fortifications on both sides of the passage and retired, thus leaving us masters of the Sea of Azov, to be speedily occupied by a French and English flotilla.

I have now the honour to lay before you a copy of the report of Lieutenant-General Sir G. Brown, commanding the Allied troops; and in congratulating your Lordship, which I do most cordially, on the complete success of the operation, I have the greatest satisfaction in drawing your attention to the promptitude with which the disembarkation was effected, to the efficient measures taken by the Lieutenant-General to ensure his position and attain the objects in view, and to the just tribute which he pays in his interesting narrative to the judicious arrangements of Admirals Bruat and Sir E. Lyons, and to the zeal and energy displayed by the Officers and Men of the Allied Fleets in carrying them out under their vigilant superintendence, as well as to the cordial co-operation and assistance of General Dantemarre, commanding the French Division, and Reschid Pasha, commanding the Turkish troops.

I have not received any further advices from Sir G. Brown or Sir E. Lyons.

Nothing material has occurred in front of the new position taken up by the Allies on the morning of the 25th. The enemy have made no movement from the high ground towards the advance, but

they have displayed a considerable force to-day on the Inkerman heights.

Convoys continue to arrive on the north side of Sevastopol.

I enclose a Return of Casualties to the 27th instant.

A further portion of the Sardinian Contingent has arrived, under General La Marmora's brother, the details of which I have not yet received.

I have, &c.,

RAGLAN.

The Lord Panmure, &c., &c., &c.

Enclosure 1.

Yeni Kali, May 25, 1855.

MY DEAR LORD RAGLAN,

THE Expedition to this place so far has proved entirely successful, and we have got possession of all we proposed without striking a blow, and almost without firing a shot.

On leaving the anchorage off Sevastopol on the 22d, the night became so foggy that the fleet made but little progress towards its destination, but the whole of the ships and steamers reached the rendezvous, four leagues off Cape Takli, soon after daylight on the morning of the 24th, when it was speedily determined to run at once in for the spot at which, as your Lordship is aware, it was originally proposed to disembark, and which is a fine smooth bay, round a low point running out immediately under the village of Kazatch Bouroun.

The water in the Straits is so shallow that large ships cannot ascend higher than about three miles from this spot, but the steamers and vessels in which the whole of the British infantry and artillery were embarked, could get at least a mile nearer to it.

All the vessels got as high up as the depth of water would permit, and came to an anchor about eleven, when the English and French troops began to get into the boats and small steamers which were assigned to them, towed them to the shore, and the gun-boats and smaller warsteamers were stationed to scour the beach and protect the disembarkation.

pieces of light artillery following us along the shore, no opposition was made to the disembarkation, and the first of the troops reached the shore at ten o'clock, which, as soon as they were formed, were pushed on to occupy the village on the rising ground bordering the marshy plain on which they landed, for the purpose of covering the which they landed, for the purpose of covering the remainder of the disembarkation. As they were the most numerous, and as your Lordship had done so on a former occasion, I placed the French on the right, and the British troops on the left, intending to hold the Turkish Contingent in reserve.

Soon after the disembarkation had commenced, several loud explosions were heard, and it was soon discovered that the enemy had blown up the soon discovered that the enemy had blown up the magazines of all his batteries on Cape St Paul, and was retiring by the road leading to Theodosia or Kaffa. It therefore became exceedingly desirable that I should advance to occupy the ridge, of which the cape is the continuation; but as only a few of the Turkish troops had got leaded and but little of the artillow. landed, and but little of the artillery, I contented myself by requesting General Dantemarre to patrol to the cape and towards Kertch, and took up the best position I could find for the security of the troops and the protection of the disembarkation of all the necessary materiel and horses during the night, just before dark-which, in an open steppe, where we were exposed to the attacks of cavalry, was an operation of some difficulty.

In the course of the evening several more loud explosions were heard, and it was soon discovered that he had also blown up and abandoned the whole of his works here, and along the coast be-tween this and Kertch, and spiked all the guns. He had also set fire to and destroyed some large corn magazines in Kertch, as well as two steamers in the harbour; and the Cossacks, as usual, burnt all the forage and farm-houses in their way,

As soon as the batteries on Cape St Paul were abandoned, or soon before, some of the smaller warsteamers were enabled to round Cape Ackbouroun, and enter the Bay of Kertch, when they engaged and endeavoured to cut off some of the enemy's steamers attempting to escape into the Sea of Azof. They succeeded, I believe, in capturing a small one; but the other two managed to get through.

The disembarkation of horses, guns, and materiel went on during the whole night, under the zealous and active superintendence of Rear-Admiral Houston Stewart and Captain Sir Thomas Pasley; but, with all this, there was a good deal to be done at daylight this morning, and I was ultimately compelled to proceed with only three of the guns of the Turkish Contingent, and without any of their officers' horses.

Under the circumstances, however, I considered it imperative to proceed, and the whole force marched off their ground at six this morning, the French in contiguous columns, followed by their artillery; the British in echelons of columns, covering their flank, and their own artillery and baggage; and the Turkish troops in contiguous columns of battalions, covering the rear of the whole, until they approached the propingts of Kertch, when the whole of the proper broke into an ordinary column of route. The four of Kertch is clean, and remarkably with the greatest regularity and without the project disorder; subsequently the day became ALEP!

TATALLE HORIGINICA

Although we had observed some six or eight excessively hot, and the march being a long one, the men suffered greatly from fatigue and want of water, which was only to be found at occasional We managed to get in here, however, by one o'clock, where we were soon after visited by the three Admirals, and found a large squadron of small steamers and gun-boats ready to proceed into the Sea of Azof, under the command of Captain Lyons, of the Miranda.

> The result of these operations, besides the opening of the passage into that sea, and the destruction of the enemy's works, has been the capture of upwards of fifty of his guns, many of them of the largest calibre and the best construction; and if the enterprize has, from circumstances, not added greatly to the glory of Her Majesty's arms, it has, as already stated, so far been attended by complete success.

> That success, however, is mainly to be attributed to the judicious arrangements of Admirals Bruat and Sir E. Lyons, and to their indefatigable attention in carrying them out, as well as to the able and willing assistance they have received from the Captains and other Officers of the French and British navy under their respective commands; nor must I omit to mention the invariable and willing assistance I have on all occasions received in the course of this service from General Dantemarre, commanding the French Division, and from Reschid Pasha, commanding the Sultan's

> I omitted to state that in passing through Kertch this morning, observing that an iron foundry there had been employed in the manufacture of shot and shells, as well as in casting Minié bullets, I caused it to be destroyed, with all its new and expensive machinery.

> > Your's, &c., G. BROWN.

F. M. the Lord Raglan, G.C.B., &c., &c., dec.

Enclosure 2.

Return of Casualties from the 25th to the 27th of May 1855, inclusive.

3d Regiment of Foot-1 rank and file, wounded.

4th Foot-3 rank and file, wounded.

14th Foot—1 rank and file, wounded.
18th Foot—1 officer, wounded.
34th Foot—1 officer, wounded.
38th Foot—1 rank and file, wounded.

39th Foot—1 rank and file, wounded.
41st Foot—1 rank and file, killed; 4 rank and file, wounded.

47th Foot—I rank and file, wounded. 48th Foot—I rank and file, wounded.

49th Foot-1 rank and file, wounded.

77th Foot—1 rank and file, killed. 88th Foot—1 rank and file, wounded.

2d Battalion Rifle Brigade-1 rank and file,

killed. Royal Sappers and Miners-1 rank and file, wounded.

Total-4 rank and file, killed; 1 Officer, 16 rank and file, wounded.

> J. B. BUCKNALL ESTCOURT, Adjutant-General.

Enclosure 3.

Nominal Return of Officers who have been Wounded, from the 25th to the 27th May 1855, been

WOUNDED.

25th May 1855.

34TH REGIMENT OF FOOT. Captain James Maxwell, severely

> J. B. BUCKNALL ESTCOURT. Adjutant-General.

Enclosure 4.

Nominal Return of Non-Commissioned Officers and Privates Killed, from the 25th to the 27th May 1855, inclusive.

KILLED.

25th May 1855.

77TH REGIMENT OF FOOT. 3286 Private Alfred Dodd

2D BATTALION RIFLE BRIGADE. 2891 Corporal W. O. Smith

26th May 1855.

18TH REGIMENT OF FOOT. 2715 Private John Lynch

41st REGIMENT OF FOOT. 2161 Corporal John Lee J. B. BUCKNALL ESTCOURT, Adjutant-General.

Enclosure 5.

Nominal Return of Non-Commissioned Officers and Privates Wounded, from the 25th to the 27th of May 1855, inclusive.

WOUNDED.

25th May 1855.

4TH REGIMENT OF FOOT.

1120 Private Cornelius O'Brien, slightly Henry Johnson, severely 2815 3492 Edward Brady, dangerously

39TH REGIMENT OF FOOT. 3458 Private Thomas Golloghy, slightly

41st REGIMENT OF FOOT.

3476 Private Christopher Ferguson, dangerously

Henry Jackson, severely 3178 William Mulachy, slightly 2786 3513 Allan McAlpine, slightly

47TH REGIMENT OF FOOT. 2499 Private John Powell, severely

26th May 1855.

3D REGIMENT OF FOOT. 3020 Private William Barnett, severely

49TH REGIMENT OF FOOT. 3294 Private William Hall, slightly

88TH REGIMENT OF FOOT. 3205 Private John O'Hara, severely

ROYAL SAPPERS AND MINERS. 627 Private George Clubb, slightly

27th May 1855.

14TH REGIMENT OF FOOT. 3471 Private Robert Dillon, severely

38TH REGIMENT OF FOOT. 2313 Lance-Serjeant John Simins, severely

48TH REGIMENT OF FOOT. 2468 Private Walter Lawlor, slightly

> J. B. BUCKNALL ESTCOURT, Adjutant-General.

> > Before Sevastopol,

My Lord,

May 29, 1855.

I HAVE the honour to transmit to your Lordship a letter from the Inspector-General of Hospitals, with the Weekly Return of Sick to the 26th instant.

Cholera is, I hope, on the decline, but it is still prevalent to a certain extent. Captain King, of the 32d, a fine young man who was much esteemed, fell a victim to it yesterday.

It has also occasioned some death in the Sar-dinian Contingent, three cases of which ended fatally on the voyage from Genoa to Balaklava.

I have, &c., RAGLAN.

The Lord Panmure, &c., &c., &c.

Enclosure.

Before Sevastopol, May 28, 1855.

My Lord, THE enclosed Weekly State of Sick to the 26th instant, I am glad to say, shows an improvement in the sanitary condition of the Army. The cases of cholera which have been admitted during the week have been of a milder character, and the mortality from that disease has been much less; but it has extended to the Sardinian Contingent, to the men of the Land Transport Corps, and to the shipping in the harbour of Balaklava; and from these sources, the admissions and deaths in the general hospital there have been considerably increased; no fewer than eighteen out of the twentyfive casualties which occurred there having taken place amongst these extra patients. In future I will have the extra patients excluded from the Weekly State, and shown separately; but as I cannot get fresh Returns made out in time for the post on the present occasion, I have deducted the numbers from the General Return.

The admissions to strength during the present week have been in the ratio of 4.20 per cent.; and the deaths to strength, 0.27 per cent. Last week they were 4.53, and 0.47, respectively.

week, but diarrhea has been slightly on the increase; and it has been noticed that many convalescent from fever have been seized, in some of whom the disease has run on to cholera, and terminated fatally.

In the Artillery cholera is abating, and many of the cases of fever under treatment are of a mild character, and in the left attack all are described as

doing well.

In the Cavalry Division fever has been the prevalent complaint, and four casualties have occurred -two from fever, one from disease of the liver, and one from cholera, in a man of the 10th Hussars, who died after an illness of eleven hours.

The 1st Royal Dragoons have only two slight cases of ulcer under treatment in hospital, and the regiment has been remarkably healthy for some

time past.

Ist Division.—The Highland Brigade embarked for service at Kertch on the 22d instant, leaving 198 sick behind, all of whom are improving daily.

In the Brigade of Guards, eight cases of cholera have occurred, four of which have had a fatal termination, and there has been a tendency to bowel complaints, particularly amongst the convalescents from fever.

In the 2d Division a marked improvement has taken place in the health of the men during the No admission from cholera has taken place for forty-eight hours; and of the 16 remaining under treatment, Dr Wood, the Superintending Surgeon, thinks all have a fair chance of recovery.

In the 3d Division there has been an increase of mortality, arising chiefly from cholera. Fever cases appear on the decline; but there seems to be an alliance between them and the diarrheal cases, which have been rather on the increase during the week.

The Surgeon of the 44th Regiment objects to the summer clothing, on account of its being of a linen texture, and thinks woollen would have been better; but it appears to be approved of by the generality of the Regimental Medical Officers of the Division, as well as by the Medical Staff.

In the 4th Division cholera has declined considerably. Last week the deaths from the disease were 48, this week 14. In the 17th Regiment fever prevails to a greater extent than in any other corps

in the Division.

In the Light Division cholera is also on the decrease, and the cases that present themselves are of a milder character.

I have, &c., J. HALL, Inspector-General of Hospitals.

Field-Marshal Lord Raglan, G.C.B., Commanding-in-Chief.

> Before Sevastopol, June 2, 1855.

My Lord, THE reports which have been received from Kertch since I had the honour of writing to your Lordship on the 29th May, are of the most satisfactory character.

Five vessels, laden with corn, had come into Kertch in ignorance of the capture of the place, and

had fallen into the hands of the Allies.

The French and English squadron had appeared before Berdiansk, and the enemy in consequence destroyed four of their war-steamers, and considerable depôts of corn.

They then exchanged a cannonade with the Russian forts at Arabat, and were so fortunate as

Fevers have been less numerous during the to blow up a magazine with shells; and since, Captain Lyons, R. N., of the Miranda, has performed a most successful operation upon Genitschi. The Russian authorities of the town having refused to deliver up the Government depôt of corn, and ninety vessels, having on board supplies for their army in the Crimea, Captain Lyons bombarded the place with his squadron, and having driven the troops out of it, he landed the Sailors and Marines, and destroyed all the stores and the

shipping.

This brilliant and decisive success marks the resolution and daring of Captain Lyons, and fortunately was accomplished with no other loss than

that of one man wounded

Admiral Sir Edmund Lyons states, that in no longer a period than four days the squadron has destroyed 241 vessels, employed exclusively in transporting provisions to the Crimea, besides four war-steamers, and six millions of rations of flour

I beg leave to offer your Lordship my warmest congratulations on these important occurrences.

I have nothing of interest to report to your Lordship from hence, except that some more detachments of Sardinian troops have arrived.

A battery has arrived off the harbour.

I enclose the Return of Casualties to the 31st ultimo.

I have, &c.,

RAGLAN.

The Lord Panmure, &c., &c., &c.

Enclosure 1.

Return of Casualties from the 28th to the 31st of May 1855, inclusive.

2d Battalion, 1st Regiment of Foot-1 rank and file, killed.

3d Foot—1 rank and file, killed; 1 Officer, 2 rank and file, wounded.

4th Foot-1 rank and file, killed; 2 rank and file, wounded.

7th Foot—1 rank and file, wounded.

17th Foot—1 serjeant, 1 rank and file, wounded. 18th Foot—3 rank and file, wounded.

28th Foot-1 rank and file, wounded.

34th Foot—1 rank and file, wounded. 44th Foot—1 rank and file, wounded.

47th Foot-1 rank and file, killed; 2 rank and file, wounded. 48th Foot—1 rank and file, killed; 3 rank and file,

wounded.

49th Foot-1 rank and file, killed; 3 rank and file, wounded.

57th Foot—1 rank and file, killed. 62d Foot—1 rank and file, killed; 1 rank and file,

68th Foot-1 serjeant, wounded; 1 rank and file, missing.
77th Foot—2 rank and file, killed; 1 rank and file,

wounded.

88th Foot—1 rank and file, wounded.
90th Foot—1 rank and file, wounded.

97th Foot-I rank and file, killed.

2d Battalion, Rifle Brigade-1 Officer, 1 rank and file, wounded.

Royal Artillery-2 rank and file, wounded.

Total—11 rank and file, killed; 2 Officers, 2 serjeants, 27 rank and file, wounded; 1 rank and file, missing.

> J. B. BUCKNALL ESTCOURT. Adjutant-General.

Enclosure 2.

Nominal Return of Officers who have been Wounded, from the 28th to the 31st May 1855, inclusive.

WOUNDED.

28th May 1855.

3D REGIMENT OF FOOT. Captain W. Pownall, slightly

31st May 1855.

2D BATTALION RIFLE BRIGADE. Lieutenant F. C. Playne, severely

> J. B. BUCKNALL ESTCOURT, Adjutant-General.

Enclosure 3.

Nominal Return of Non-Commissioned Officers and Privates Killed, from the 28th to 31st of May 1855, inclusive.

KILLED.

28th May 1855.

2D BATTALION, 1ST REGIMENT OF FOOT. 3383 Private John Wyves

48TH REGIMENT OF FOOT. 3276 Private William McManus

49TH REGIMENT OF FOOT. 3103 Private Michael Dowde

62D REGIMENT OF FOOT. 2592 Private Patrick Fitzgerald

29th May 1855.

77TH REGIMENT OF FOOT. 2711 Private George Woodward

30th May 1855.

47TH REGIMENT OF FOOT. 3361 Private John Thompson

77TH REGIMENT OF FOOT. 3344 Private Thomas Murphy

31st May 1855.

3D REGIMENT OF FOOT.

3077 Private John Dolan

4TH REGIMENT OF FOOT. 3558 Private Thomas Russell

57th Regiment of Foot. 3095 Private Daniel Dunn

97TH REGIMENT OF FOOT.

3487 Private James Pond

J. B. BUCKNALL ESTCOURT, Adjutant-General. Enclosure 4.

Nominal Return of Non-Commissioned Officers and Privates Wounded, from the 28th to 31st May 1855, inclusive.

WOUNDED.

28th May 1855.

18TH REGIMENT OF FOOT.

2369 Private Owen Sweeny, severely

48TH REGIMENT OF FOOT.

2445 Private Thomas Walsh, slightly
 2612 James Harris, slightly

62D REGIMENT OF FOOT. 3205 Private Patrick Early, severely

2D BATTALION, RIFLE BRIGADE. 4084 Private George Pitt, dangerously

29th May 1855.

3D REGIMENT OF FOOT.

2367 Private Edmund Day, slightly

17TH REGIMENT OF FOOT.

1420 Serjeant George Biddulph, slightly

2380 Private Andrew Nicholson, slightly

28TH REGIMENT OF FOOT.

3483 Private Samuel Mountain, slightly

34TH REGIMENT OF FOOT.

3818 Private James Willox, slightly

47TH REGIMENT OF FOOT. 2823 Private Denis McDonald, slightly

68TH REGIMENT OF FOOT.

1522 Colour-Serjeant James Whelan, severely

88TH REGIMENT OF FOOT. 3563 Private George Smith, slightly

30th May 1855.

4TH REGIMENT OF FOOT.

2198 Lance-Serjeant John Good, dangerously

1112 Private Robert Norris, severely

47TH REGIMENT OF FOOT.

3306 Private James Ward, severely

48TH REGIMENT OF FOOT.

3211 Private Joseph Ismay, slightly

77TH REGIMENT OF FOOT.

2625 Private George Greneway, slightly

ROYAL ARTILLERY.
Gunner and Driver, William Evans, severely

31st May 1855.

3D REGIMENT OF FOOT. 3262 Private John Mitchell, slightly

7TH REGIMENT OF FOOT. 3270 Private Thomas Graham, severely

18TH REGIMENT OF FOOT.
2997 Corporal Dennis Murphy, slightly
3664 Private Peter Hughes, slightly

44TH REGIMENT OF FOOT. 2133 Private John McManus, severely

49TH REGIMENT OF FOOT.

2839 Private John Braughall, severely 2465 Patrick Madden, slightly 2014 James Atherton, slightly

90TH REGIMENT OF FOOT. 2992 Private William Sizer, dangerously

ROYAL ARTILLERY.
1433 Gunner Samuel Burton, slightly

J. B. BUCKNALL ESTCOURT, Adjutant-General.

Enclosure 5.

Nominal Return of Non-Commissioned Officers and Privates Missing, from 28th to 31st May 1855, inclusive.

MISSING.

30th May 1855. 68TH REGIMENT OF FOOT. 2304 Private Robert Wooley

> J. B. BUCKNALL ESTCOURT, Adjutant-General.

Enclosure 6.

A Return of Casualties in the Royal Naval Brigade, before Sevastopol, during the week ending 2d June 1855.

WOUNDED.

28th May 1855.

William Davey, Ord., Queen, slightly

29th May 1855.

James Legg, A.B., Rodney, severely

Total-2 wounded.

(Signed) STEPHEN LUSHINGTON, Captain Commanding Naval Brigade.

The Military Secretary to H. E. Lord Raglan, Commander-in-Chief.

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Before Sevastopol,

My Lord, June 2, 1855.

I have the honour to lay before your Lordship a letter from the Inspector-General of Hospi-

tals, containing a Return of the admissions and deaths from cholera up to the 1st instant.

The admissions from the Divisions in front have become so few that there is some reason to feel confident that the cholera will subside amongst the troops below as rapidly as it has done elsewhere; but still its existence in the Army is a matter of the deepest regret, as well as of much anxiety.

I have, &c.,

RAGLAN.

The Lord Panmure, &c., &c., &c.

Enclosure.

Before Sevastopol,

My Lord,

June 2, 1855.

I HAVE the honour to enclose a Return of admissions and deaths from cholera, from the 26th May to the 1st June inclusive, by which your Lordship will observe that the Divisions in front, where the disease first made its appearance and proved most fatal, have become healthier, and the complaint has attacked the Sardinian Contingent, the English and native drivers of the Land Transport Corps, and, within the last eight-and-forty hours, the brigade of Guards encamped on the heights near Balaklava. As yet the Cavalry Division has nearly been free from it, which is a remarkable circumstance, as it occupies a sheltered valley near Kadikoi.

In the Guards it was noticed that the attacks were confined to the newly arrived recruits, and to men who had been employed either on duty or fatigue in Balaklava.

Yesterday the admissions were fewer, and the cases that presented themselves of a milder character; and I hope the epidemic will pass off, as it appears to be doing in front, for the present.

I have, &c.,

J. HALL, Inspector-General of Hospitals.

Field-Marshal Lord Raylan, G.C.B., Commanding-in-Chief.

ADMIRALTY, June 13, 1855.

DESPATCHES, of which the following are copies, have been received from Rear-Admiral Sir Edmund Lyons, Bart., G.C.B., Commander-in-Chief of Her Majesty's Ships and Vessels in the Mediterranean and Black Sea.

SNAKE'S ENGAGEMENT WITH RUSSIAN STEAMERS.

Royal Albert, Straits of Kertch, June 2, 1855.

Sir,

In my letter of the 26th ult., No. 398, I had the pleasure of bringing under the notice of the Lords Commissioners of the Admiralty the gallant, able, and successful way in which Lieutenant Henry F. McKillop had conducted Her Majesty's steam gunvessel Snake, under his command, on the day the Allied Forces obtained possession of the Straits of Kesteb

2. I have now to request you to lay before their Lordships the enclosed copy of a letter which I have received from Lieutenant McKillop, reporting his proceedings on that day; and their Lordships will observe that he speaks in high terms of

his officers and ship's company, and particularly so of Mr Nathaniel B. Herbert, Second Master, and Mr Sydney E. Wright, Assistant-Paymaster in charge.

I am &c.,

EDMUND LYONS, (Signed) Rear-Admiral and Commander-in-Chief.

The Secretary of the Admiralty, London.

(REPORTING ENGAGEMENT.)

Her Majesty's Ship Snake, off Enikale, 24th May 1855. SIR,

I HAVE the honour to inform you that in obedience to your signal granting me permission to intercept a Russian war-steamer, that I proceeded into Kertch Bay, exchanging shots with the batteries at Akbourno in passing.

I succeeded in cutting off the steamer and engaging her, but not until she had placed herself under the protection of the forts of Enikale; after a sharp fire on both sides, for three-quarters of an hour, I was fortunate in succeeding in setting her on fire with Lancaster shells, from which she blew up—the crew with difficulty getting away. She had apparently soldiers on board. During this engagement the forts at Enikale hulled the ship, and kept up a well-directed and continuous fire the whole time, which was returned with apparent good effect, with our heavy shell.

Three steamers also came down from the entrance (to the Sea of Azoff) and opened fire on us with very long range guns, their shot fre-quently passing over us at about 4,000 yards. I continued to engage the batteries and steamers after the arrival of the ships sent up to my assistance, until recalled by signal from the Miranda.

The whole of the sailing vessels standing towards the sea of Azov were intercepted, and afterwards captured; two steamers also intercepted in Kertch Bay, were blown up by their own crews, and a gun-boat sunk.

The batteries along the coast, which fired upon us whilst chasing the steamer, also were blown up.

I should feel I was neglecting my duty unless I mentioned the zealous and creditable manner in which the officers and crew performed their duties; being very short handed rendered working the guns for so many hours a work of great labour.

I beg to recommend for your favourable con-

sideration Mr N. B. Herbert (Second Master in charge), who with much skill conducted the ship through the intricate and comparatively unknown passage, under the guns of Akbourno, and inside

the shoal of Enikale, without any accident.

I am equally indebted to Mr Sydney E. Wright, Assistant-Paymaster (an officer of long and meritorious service), for his assistance as a volunteer executive, who, with Dr Roche and Mr George Wilson (Senior Engineer), manned and worked the 12-pounder howitzer, sinking a gun-boat.

I am happy that no casualties occurred, and the Snake received but little damage, one shot through the mizen rigging, carrying it away, and one through the hull at the water-line.

I am, &c.,

H. F. M'KILLOP, (Signed) Lieutenant and Commander.

Rear-Admiral Sir Edmund Lyons, Bart., G.C.B., Commander-in-Chief.

OPERATIONS IN THE SEA OF AZOF.

Royal Albert, Straits of Kertch, June 2, 1855.

SIR, I HAVE the honour to transmit to you herewith, copies of two letters that have been addressed to me by Captain Edmund M. Lyons, of the Miranda, in which he reports the proceedings of the Allied Steam-squadrons under his orders, during the first four days of their appearance in the Sea of Azof.

In that short space of time the squadrons forced the enemy to run on shore, burn to the water's edge, and abandon four steamers of war, under the command of Rear-Admiral Wolff; they bombarded Arabat, and blew up the powder magazine, and they destroyed 246 merchant vessels, which were employed in the conveyance of supplies to the Russian Army in the Crimea, as well as immense magazines of corn and flour at Berdiansk and Genitchesk, containing at least two months' rations for an army of one hundred thousand men.

Captain Lyons is justly and deeply sensible of what he owes to the cordial and efficient co-operation of Captain Sédaiges, and our Allies, acting under the orders of that distinguished officer; nor is he less sensible of, or less grateful for, the able support he has received from every one in the British squadron under his own imme-

4. I beg leave to recommend to their Lordships' particular notice the mention which Captain Lyons makes of the very important services rendered by the boats of the squadron on several occasions, under the command of that active, zealous, and excellent officer, Lieutenant J. F. C. Mackenzie of the Miranda, as well as of the gallant and successful exploit of Lieutenant Cecil W. Buckley of the Miranda, Lieutenant Hugh T. Burgoyne of the Swallow, and Mr John Roberts, Gunner of the Ardent, which was productive of the most important results.

I am, &c., EDMD. LYONS, (Signed) Rear-Admiral and Commander-in-Chief.

Her Majesty's Ship, Miranda, off Arabat, Sea of Azoff, May 28, 1855.

I HAVE the honour to inform you that on hauling down your flag on the afternoon of the 25th, I proceeded with the steam-vessels under my orders named in the margin," and the French steamer, Lucifer, towards Berdiansk; at dark we stopped for the French steamers, Megere, Brandon, and Fulton. These having joined at 3 A.M. on the 26th, we all went on in company; at 3.30 P.M. on that day, we anchored off the light-house, on the spit at Berdiansk, in such a position as to command the harbour and beach and a large number of merchant vessels; I then sent the boats of the squadrons under Commander Sherard Osborn, accompanied by the boats of the French ships, to destroy these vessels, as well as some lying about 4 miles off, and a store-house; all this was completed by dark. During this time steamers of the two squadrons were chasing and destroying vessels in other directions.

At daylight of the 27th I weighed with the ships under my orders, accompanied by the four French steamers, and anchored off the town of Berdiansk, the Miranda in 15 feet, and the gun-boats in proportionally less water, in a position

^{*} Vesuvius, Curlew, Swallow, Stromboli, Medina, Wrangler, Viper, Lynx, Recruit, Arrow, Snake, Beagle.

which effectually commanded the town and beach. Here we found run on shore and burnt to the water's edge, and abandoned, the four steamers of war which had escaped from Kertch, under the command of Rear-Admiral Wolff, whose flag was flying in the Moloditz. I now landed the smallarm men and marines of the squadron under Commander Lambert of the Curlew, accompanied by those of the French ships, with orders to destroy all shipping and Government stores, but to respect private property. This was done without molestation, although we had information that 800 Cossacks, with guns, were at Petroskoi, five miles Many vessels were destroyed, and corn stores to the estimated value of £50,000. An 8-inch 62-cwt. gun was also recovered from the wreck of one of the Russian steamers, and is now on board the Miranda.

Immediately the boats returned, the squadrons weighed for Arabat; I at the same time detached the Swallow and Wrangler to Genitchesk, to command the entrance to the Putrid Sea, and the Curlew to cruize between Krivaia Spit and Sand Island, and thus prevent vessels escaping us by

getting up the Don.

3. On the morning of the 28th we arrived off Arabat, and engaged the fort (mounting 30 guns), for an hour and a half, at the end of which time a shell blew up the enemy's magazine; the ships having been ordered to keep at shell range, and being well-handled, had only one casualty, the chief engineer of the Medina being slightly wounded by a splinter; the French senior officer's ship received two shots in the hull, but fortunately no one was hurt. The enemy must have lost many men, from the precision with which the shells burst in his works, independently of that caused by the explosion.

The Commanders of the vessels employed* deserve every credit for the skilful manner in which they manœuvred their vessels in a very strong breeze and shoal water, without a single accident; and I may be permitted to say none were more distinguished than our gallant Allies. The large garrison at Arabat rendering any attempt at landing out of the question, I now proceeded for Genitchesk, parting with a regret from Captain de Sédaiges and his squadron, who left at the same time for Kertch. I take this opportunity of mentioning the efficient, cordial, and hearty co operation I received on every occasion from M. de Sédaiges and the ships under his orders, and my hope that it may again be my good fortune to have him for my

colleague.

4. The allied squadrons have destroyed upwards of 100 vessels during the three days they have been in this sea, principally laden with provisions for the Russian army in the Crimea; had we sent these vessels in as prizes we should have lost much valuable time, and not been able to effect so many captures. The active and zealous way in which the officers and ships' companies perform their duties, and the cheerful manner in which they suffer this pecuniary loss, for the benefit of the service, will, I trust, meet with your approbabation.

I have, &c.,

(Signed) E. M. LYONS, Captain.

Sub-Enclosure to No. 1. Name of Officer slightly Wounded, off Arabat, on the 28th May 1855, belonging to Her Majesty's

steam-vessel Medina.

Mr W. H. Houghton, Assistant-Engineer, First Class.

(Signed) E. M. LYONS. Captain and Senior Officer.

Her Majesty's ship Miranda, off the town Sir, of Genitchesk, May 29, 1855.

I HAVE the honour to inform you that I arrived here shortly after dark last night, with Her Majesty's ships under my orders, and joined the Swallow and Wrangler, which ships had already destroyed or captured all the vessels in this neighbourhood outside the Straits of Genitchesk; but a very great number had passed the Straits, which are only fifty yards wide, and are commanded by the low cliffs on which the town is built, and were moored inside under the cliff.

At six o'clock this morning, I sent Commander Craufurd with a flag of truce, to demand the im-mediate surrender of all these vessels, and of the immense corn stores for the supply of the army in the Crimea, and of all Government property of every description; stating that if these terms were complied with I would spare the town and respect private property, but that if not the inhabitants were immediately to leave the town.

Commander Craufurd was met by an officer, of apparently high rank, who refused to accede to these terms, saying that any attempt to land or to

destroy the vessels would be resisted.

The enemy at this time had six field-pieces in position, and with about 200 men with them, and visible from the mast-head, drawn up behind the town, a battalion of infantry, besides Cossacks.

Having allowed till nine A.M., for the reconsideration of the refusal to deliver up the vessels and stores, and receiving no answer, I at that time hauled down the flag of truce, and placed the steamers as near to the town and the passage in to the Putrid Sea as the depth of the water would allow, but they were only able to approach within long range. Seeing that if the enemy, who had removed his guns from their former position, could place them in the town, so as to command the passage, and that if he could place his infantry in a similar manner, it would be impossible for the boats to pass the channel and destroy the vessels and stores, I directed the ships to shell the town, which they did so effectually that the boats, as per enclosure, under the command of Lieutenant J. F. C. Mackenzie, got safely through the passage, and set fire to the shipping (73 in number), and This service was ably performed the corn stores. by Lieutenaut Mackenzie, and the boats returned without accident.

4. The wind having shifted about two hours after the boats came off, some of the corn stores did not catch fire; conceiving the destruction of this corn, as well as of some more distant vessels in so favourable a position for supplying the Russian armies in the Crimea, to be of the utmost importance, I sent the boats again, commanded and officered as before, although I was aware that from the enemy having had time to make preparations, it would be a hazardous enterprize. The ships accordingly resumed their fire upon the town, and the boats proceeded. Lieutenant Cecil W. Buckley, of this ship; Lieutenant Hugh T. Burgoyne, of the Swallow; and Mr John Roberts, gunner of the Ardent, volunteered to land alone and five the stores; this offer I are land alone and fire the stores; this offer I ac-

[•] Vesuvius, Commander S. Osborne; Stromboli, Commander C. P. Coles; Ardent, Lieutenant W. Horton; Medina, Lieutenant H. B. Beresford; Viper, Lieutenant W. Armytage; Lynx, Lieutenant C. M. Aynsley; Recruit, Lieutenant G. F. Day; Arrow, Lieutenant W. K. Jolliffe; Snake, Lieutenant H. F. McKillop; Beagle, Lieutenant W. N. W. Hewett.

cepted, knowing the imminent risk there would | Swallow. be in landing a party in presence of such a superior force, and out of gun-shot of the ships. This very dangerous service they most gallantly performed, narrowly escaping the Cossacks, who all but cut them off from their boat; at the same time Lieutenant Mackenzie pushed on and burned the remaining vessels, the enemy opening a fire from four field-guns and musketry, placed almost within point blank range of the boats. Everything being now effectually accomplished, the boats returned. Although several of them were struck by grape and case shot, most fortunately only one man was slightly wounded. Lieutenant Mackenzie speaks in high terms of the coolness and excellent behaviour of all employed under his orders; and I trust I may be allowed to bring to your notice the conspicuous merit of Lieutenaut Mackenzie himself on this occasion, when more than ninety vessels, and also corn for the Russian army of the value of £100,000 were destroyed, owing to his gallantry and ability, with so trifling a loss as one man slightly wounded.

Since the squadron entered the Sea of Azoff, four days ago, the enemy has lost four steamers of war, 246 merchant vessels, also corn and flour magazines to the value of at least £150,000. I have, &c.,

(Signed)

E. M. LYONS,

Captain.

A List of Boats under the Command of Lieutenant J. F. C. Mackenzie, at Genitchesk, on the 29th day of May 1855.

Miranda.

Pinnace—One 12-pounder howitzer, with small arms for boat's crew. Cecil W. Buckley, Lieutenant. Benjamin Crabbe, Assistant-Surgeon.

Wm. H. Lilley, additional Boatswain. 2d Cutter-Small arms for boat's crew. John Liddell, Midshipman. Henry Cooper, additional Boatswain.

Vesuvius.-

Two Paddle-box Boats-One 24-pounder howitzer in each boat, with small

Herbert Campion, Senior Lieutenant. John H. Patterson, Surgeon. Shuldham Hill, Assistant Clerk. William Kirk, Boatswain.

Stromboli.-

Starboard Paddle-box Boat --- One 24pounder howitzer, with small arms for boat's crew.

John F. Ross, Lieutenant. John S. Adams, Assistant-Surgeon. Arthur K. Forde, Mate.

Port Paddle-box Boat --- One 24-pounder rocket tube, with rockets and small

Augustus H. Webb, Acting-Mate.

Ardent

1st Cutter—Small arms for crew. E. P. Bedwell, Acting 2d Master, only employed in second attack. One man slightly wounded.

2d Cutter-One 12-pounder rocket-tube, with rockets and small arms. J. Roberts, Gunner,

SIR.

Gig-One 12-pounder rocket tube, and small arms for boat's crew. Hugh T. Burgoyne, Lieutenant. E. M. LYONS (Signed) Captain and Senior Officer.

Name of one man Wounded at Genitchesk, on the 29th day of May 1855, belonging to Her Majesty's Steam-vessel Ardent.

William Walker, Captain maintop, received a contusion on left knee by a shrappell shell.

E. M. LYONS (Signed) Captain and Senior Officer.

NAVAL OPERATIONS IN THE STRAITS OF KERTCH.

Royal Albert, Straits of Kertch, May 30, 1855.

I HAVE the honour to trausmit to you, for the information of the Lords Commissioners of the Admiralty, a copy of a letter that has been addressed to me by Captain Lyons of the Miranda, recounting the measures he took for obliging the enemy to abandon his last hold in these Straits, and reporting his having entered the Sea of Azof, with the squadron I had placed under his orders.

I am, &c., EDMÚND LYONS, (Signed) Rear-Admiral and Commander-in-Chief.

To the Secretary of the Admiralty.

Her Majesty's Ship Miranda, at anchor. SIR, above Yenikale, May 25, 1855.

I HAVE the honour to inform you that having yesterday afternoon taken under my orders the ships named in the margin," I, in pursuance of your orders, passed the Straits of Kertch, and anchored for the night just out of gun shot of the batteries of Yenikale. At 7 P.M. the enemy blew up the magazines and these batteries with a tremendous explosion.

At 4 o'clock this morning I sent Mr George Williams, Master of this ship, to find and buoy a channel through the Straits on the Yenikale side; and I desired Lieutenant Armytage in the Viper to follow as near as possible, and endeavour to pass the Straits and get into a position to threaten the retreat of the Russian garrison of the forts on the Chesura Spit side of the Strait, by commanding the neck of the Spit; at the same time I sent Lieutenant Aynsley, in the Lynx, to pass round by the Taman Lake and take up a position to command the rear of the Russian forts. This service was ably performed by these officers, and on their obtaining the assigned positions, the enemy, as I had anticipated, exp'oded his magazines, abandoned his works, and made a precipitate retreat under the fire of the Viper's guns. Mr Williams now returned, having found and buoyed a 16 feet channel, and I immediately weighed, and with the vessels under my orders, proceeded through the Straits of Yenikale; thus we became complete masters of the Sea of Azof.

I have, &c.,
d) E. M. LYONS, Captain. (Signed) Rear-Admiral Sir Edmund Lyons, Bart., G.C.B.

^{*} Vesuvius, Curlew, Swallow, Stromboli, Ardent, Medina, Wrangler, Lynx, Recruit, Arrow, Viper, Snake, Beagle.

OPERATIONS IN THE STRAITS OF KERTCH.

Royal Albert, Straits. June 2, 1855.

In my letter, No. 398, of the 26th ult. stated that we had captured fifty of the enemy's guns. It now appears that more than a hundred guns have fallen into our hands in the different sea defences, many of them of heavy calibre, and remarkably well cast. Those which may not be required for the land defences which the Allied Armies are now constructing, will be shipped and

sent to England and France.

It has been ascertained from the Custom-House returns that the enemy, on evacuating Kertch on the 24th ultimo, destroyed 4,166,000 lbs. of corn and 508,000 lbs of flour. This quantity, taken together with what has been destroyed by the Allied Squadrons in the Sea of Azof, comprises nearly four months' rations for an army of a hundred thousand men; and it seems that shortly before our arrival the enemy had commenced sending towards Sevastopol daily convoys of about fifteen hundred waggons, each containing half a ton weight of grain or flour.

4. Sir George Brown confidently expects that by the 7th instant Enikalé will be in such a state of defence as fully to justify his leaving it in charge of the Ottoman troops now here, under the command of Hadji Reschid Pacha, and that the British and French forces will be at liberty to proceed to the attack of Anapa and Soujak Kaleh, in order to drive the enemy out of his last holds on

the coast of Circassia.

I am, &c.,

E. LYONS,

Rear-Admiral.

To the Secretary of the Admiralty.

FOREIGN-OFFICE, June 9, 1855.

The Queen has been pleased to approve of Mr Antoine Ernest Bresson as Consul at Gibraltar for the Emperor of the French.

The Queen has also been pleased to approve of Mr Carlos Crawford Dick as Vice-Consul at Glasgow for the Oriental Republic of the Uruguay.

> Board of Trade, Whitehall, June 12, 1855.

The Right Honourable the Lords of the Committee of Privy Council for Trade and Plantations have received, through the Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, a copy of a Despatch from Her Majesty's Minister at Rio de Janeiro, enclosing the translation of an extract from a report of the Head of the Pilotage Department of Rio Grande do Sul, relative to the state of the Bar at that Port, copies of which are subjoined.

(Copy.)

Rio de Janeiro,

April 13, 1855. My Lord, I HAVE the honour of transmitting herewith an extract, in copy and translation, from a report of the Head of the Pilotage Department of Rio Grande do Sul, relative to the state of the Bar at that Port, which has been communicated to me by the Brazilian Minister for Foreign Affairs, Viscount Abaeté. in a circular note, dated the 10th instant.

The information contained in this extract, and

Awhich his Excellency appears to wish should be made known to foreign commerce, relates to the fringlit of water which should not be exceeded by vessels frequenting the port of Rio Grande in the present state of the Bar.

In the same note Viscount Abaeté acquaints me that His Majesty the Emperor has sent Lieutenant-Colonel Jardin, of the Engineers, to Rio Grande, to study and propose the means which may be employed for satisfying the want experienced by that Province, of a permanent and accessible entrance to the vessels employed in commerce with it; and that the Imperial Government awaits the report of that officer in order to take measures which may tend to facilitate that commerce.

Having communicated to Viscount Abaeté, for the consideration of the Imperial Government, the copy of a letter transmitted to me by Mr Consul Vereker, which was addressed on the 15th ultimo to the President of the Province of Rio Grande do Sul, by the principal members of the consular body at that port, suggesting various ameliorations in the arrangements concerning the Bar, his Excellency has repeated to me in a note, dated the 11th instant, his above-mentioned statement relative to Colonel Jardin's mission, adding that he is persuaded that the latter officer will not fail to take into due consideration the measures proposed in that representation.

I have, &c.

(Signed) HENRY F. HOWARD. The Earl of Clarendon, K.G., dec., dec., dec.

(Copy.)

Extract from the Report of Lieutenant Rodrigo Antonio de Lamare, Harbour Master of the Port of Rio Grande de Sm. Pedro do Sul, respecting the Bar of that Port.

(Translation.)

"The only means of which the commercial body " can avail itself, until an improvement is effected "at the Bar, is that of employing vessels which do " not draw more than 14 to 15 palms " of water, "because the Bar when smooth, and at the full, "never exceeds 16 to $16\frac{1}{2}$ palms + depth of water, "and that is not always the case; whereas, when "the waters diminish, the quantity on the Bar is "reduced to 11 and 12 palms, besides which the rapidity of the flow and ebb is most extraordi-" nary, so that frequently the transition from very "low to high water on the Bar takes place in 15 " minutes."

Pontal, at the Bar of Rio Grande do Sul, 15th January 1855.

RODRIGO ANTONIO DE LAMARE, First Lieutenant in charge of the Pilotage of the Bar.

> Board of Trade, Whitehall, June 12, 1855.

THE Right Honourable the Lords of the Committee of Privy Council for Trade and Plantations have received a Despatch from Her Majesty's Consul at Rotterdam, inclosing a Notice to Mariners issued by the Netherland Minister of Marine, a translation of which is subjoined.

(Copy.)

Marine Department.

NOTICE TO MARINERS.

THE Minister of Marine hereby gives notice, that in consequence of the depth of water on the

* 10 ft. 6 inches to 11 ft. 3 inches. + 12 ft. to 12 ft. 41 inches. ‡ 8 ft. 3 inches to 9 ft.

Westplaat, situated between the beaconed channels of the mouths of the North and West Maese, having been found to equal the depth of water in those mouths, the following buoys will be taken up on the first suitable opportunity after the 15th of June next, namely :-

The white buoys, Nos. 1 and 2, of the North Maese, and the black buoys, Nos. 1, 2, and 3, of the West Maese, by which measure this whole expanse of water will become one channel.

The outer white buoy will then be situated about one and a half cable lengths to the N.W. of the spot where that of the West Maese now lies in these courses.

The steeple of Goedereede a handspike's length to the east of the large wood, and the steeple of Brielle two ships' lengths to the eastward of Oostvoorne; in bearing— Goedereede S.S.W.,

Brielle . . S.E. by E.,

in 50 palms' depth of water.

Somewhat to the N.W., on the so-called West-plant, a wreck buoy will be placed to indicate a sunk wreck, the masts of which remain about 15 palms below low water mark; the wreck buoy will be painted in black and white checks, in the following courses:

The steeple of Brielle in the easterly white spot of the high sand hill, and the high steeple of Delft, in a small wood to the east of Steilduin, in bearing S.W. 3 S. (Goedereede), S.E. 1 E. (Brielle), in 24 palms' depth of water,

And further, that the white buoy, No. 4, lying dry inside the shallow, will be placed 1½ cable lengths more to the S.S.W. in this course.

The steeple of Maasland a little to the north of the stone beacon, in 29 palms' depth of water.

In consequence of this change in the buoys the lights of the Maese will be so regulated as to illuminate the entire span of the horizon of this channel from nor:h to west, that being the situation of the black buoys lying from the north side to the N.W. W., whereas the white buoys are situated on the south side.

The bearings mentioned above have been taken by unadjusted compass, and the soundings at ordinary low water.

The Hague, 26th May 1855.

The Minister aforesaid. DE SMIT V. D. BROECKE. (Signed)

Commission signed by the Queen. 1st Regiment of the Royal Surrey Militia. Francis John Bellew, gent. to be Paymaster. Dated 26th March 1855.

Commission signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Stirling.

John Murray, Esq. to be Vice Lieutenant.

Commission signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Suffolk.

Hugh Edward Adair, Esq. to be Deputy Lieutenant. Dated 7th June 1855.

Commissions signed by the Vice-Lieutenant of the County of Perth.

William Smythe, Esq. to be Deputy Lieutenant. Dated 8th June 1855.

Regiment of Royal Perthshire Rifle Militia. Lieutenant David Robertson Williamson to be Captain. Dated 8th June 1855.

Joseph Cohlmann Smythe, late of the 62d Regiment of Foot, to be Lieutenant. Dated 8th June 1855.

Commissions signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the Tower Hamlets.

George Henry Money, Esq. to be Deputy Lieutenant.

King's Own Light Infantry Regiment of Militia. Lieutenant Coles Lewis Harris to be Captain, vice Webster, who retires.

Ensign John Robert Conway Hickson to be Lieu-

tenant, vice Cannon, who retires.
Ensign Alexander Milford Sutherland to be Lieutenant, vice Harris.

Commission signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Cardigan.

Royal Cardigan Militia. Jenkin Jones Thomas, gent. to be Ensign, vice Athelstan Owen Powell, resigned. Dated 7th June 1855.

Commission signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Anglesey.

Royal Anglesey Militia. Walter Hill, gent. to be Ensign. Dated 1st June 1855.

Commission signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Nairn.

76th or Inverness, Banff, Elgin, and Naira, Regiment of Militia.

William Ganders Walter, Esq. to be Ensign. Dated 7th June 1855.

Commission signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Northampton.

Northamptonshire Regiment of Militia. Philip Batty, gent. to be Ensign. Dated 7th June 1855.

Commissions signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Middlesex.

4th or Royal South Middlesex Regiment of Militia. William John Burford Standidge, gent. to be Ensign, vice Constable, promoted. Dated 7th June 1855.

5th or Royal Elthorne Light Infantry Regiment of Middlesex Militia.

Ensign Charles Jaquet to be Lieutenant, vice Pratt, resigned. Dated 31st May 1855.

Commissions signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County Palatine of Lancaster.

3d Regiment of the Duke of Lancaster's Own Militia.

Lieutenant Thomas Ellames Withington to be Captain, vice Strickland, resigned. Dated 8th June 1855.

Ensign George William Reade to be Lieutenant, vice Withington, promoted. Dated 8th June 1855.

Richard Carr, gent. to be Ensign, vice Sid-greaves, promoted. Dated 8th June 1855. Thomas James Eccles, gent. to be Ensign, vice Reade, promoted. Dated 9th June 1855.

Commission signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Stafford.

Rifle Regiment of King's Own Staffordshire Militia.

Frederick Henry Mainwaring, gent. to be Lieutenant, vice Turnor, appointed to the 68th Foot. Dated 7th May 1855.

Royal Aberdeenshire Regiment of Militia. George Robertson, gent. to be Lieutenant. Dated 2d June 1855.

Commissions signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the West Riding of the County of York, and of the City and County of the City of York.

2d Regiment (Light Infantry) of West York Militia.

Frederick Charles Ashworth, Esq. late 19th Foot, to be Captain. Dated 20th May 1855. Charles Guy Trafford, Esq. late 65th Regiment,

to be Captain. Dated 24th May 1855.

Ensign Joseph Laing to be Lieutenant. Dated 26th May 1855.

Ensign Edward George McDougall Ick to be Lieutenant. Dated 26th May 1855.

Augustus Romaine Grant de Vaux, gent. to be

Lieutenant. Dated 1st June 1855.

3d Regiment (Light Infantry) of West York Militia.

Michael Thunder, gent. to be Ensign. Dated 24th May 1855.

4th Regiment of West York Militia.

Thomas Garde Durdin, gent. to be Lieutenant, vice Cairness, resigned. Dated 4th June 1855. Charles Henry Stafford Jones, gent. to be Lieutenant. Dated 6th June 1855.

Arthur Cooper, gent. to be Ensign. Dated 6th

June 1855.

2d West Regiment of Yorkshire Yeomanry Cavalry.

William Horn, gent. to be Cornet, vice Clarke, promoted. Dated 24th May 1855.

Commissions signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Kent.

East Kent Regiment of Mounted Rifles. Loftus Leigh Pemberton, gent. to be Cornet, vice Briscoe, resigned. Dated 6th June 1855.

John Bridge, gent. to be Cornet. Dated 7th June 1855.

[This Article is substituted for that which appeared in the Gazette of the 5th instant.]

Commission signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Cumberland.

Royal Cumberland Regiment of Militia. George Anthony Harrison, Esq. Captain in the

East India Company's Service, to be Captain, vice Weston, resigned. Dated 12th May 1855.

BANKRUPTS FROM THE LONDON GAZETTE.

BANKRUPTCIES AWARDED.
Thomas Scully and Edward Scully, of Nos. 103 and 104,
Curtain Road, Shoreditch, Middlesex, wholesale cheesemongers.

William Strahan, Sir John Dean Paul, Baronet, and Robert Makin Bates, carrying on business in copart-nership at No. 217, Strand, Middlesex, as bankers, also carrying on business as navy agents, at No. 41, Norfolk Street, Strand aforesaid, under the style of Halford and Company.

Thomas Morse, late of No. 28, Little Newport Street, Newport Market, but now of No. 1, North Terrace, South Street, Grosvenor Square, Middlesex, wine and spirit merchant.

Commission signed by the Lord Lieutenaut of the County of Aberdeen.

County of Aberdeen.

County of Aberdeenshire Regiment of Militia.

County of Aberdeenshire Regiment of Militia.

County of Surrey Place, Old Kent Road, Surrey, oilman, and late of No. 7, Robson's Place, Kennington Road, Newington Butts, Surrey.

Hermann Briebach, of No. 17, Middlesex Street, Aldgate, London, and of No. 1, Mount Terrace, New Aldgate, London, and of No. 1, Mount Road, Whitechapel, Middlesex, baker.

William Davis, of No, 99, Great Hampton Street, Birmingham, Warwick, boot and shoe manufacturer.

Anthony Birch, of Birmingham, Warwick, grocer and

Henry Peaty, of Bristol, grocer.

James Waymouth, of Taunton, Somerset, stationer and dealer in toys.

Susan Lyons, of Tavistock ,Devon, draper, and dealer in ready-made clothes.

Charles Richards, of Wrexham, Denbigh, draper.

Orlando Thomas Newton, of Liverpool, Lancaster, spirit merchant and publican.

John Parker Hall, the Younger, of Liverpool, Lancaster, drysalter and shipowner, trading under the style or firm of J. P. Hall, Jr., and Co.

Joseph Jackson, of No. 5, Saint James Street, Liver-pool, Lancaster, draper, clothier, and hosier.

Albion Paris Dresser, of Manchester, Lancaster,

Alexander Peat, of Cooper Street, Manchester, Lancaster, boot and shoe manufacturer.

Isaac Mottershead, of Macclesfield, Chester, builder.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

MR DAVID BROWN, Shoemaker in Craigie, Ayrshire, having, on 7th instant, executed a Trust-Disposition of his whole means and estate, heritable and moveable, in favor of Messrs Thomas Nisbet, Leather Merchant in Kilmarnock, and John Stewart, Ironnoger there, for behoof of the whole Creditors, Intimation of

there, for behoof of the whole Creditors, Intimation of the same is hereby given.

All Parties having Claims against the estate are requested to lodge the same, properly vouched, in the hands of the said Trustees, or of James Henderson, Writer, Kilmarnock, their Agent, within fourteen days from this date. And all Parties indebted to the estate are requested to make payment to the Trustees or their Agent, of the sums due by them, within said period.

J. HENDERSON, Agent for the Trustees. Kilmarnock, June 12, 1855.

WILLIAM MYLES, Accountant in Dundee, Trustee on the sequestrated estate of JOHN CALMAN, Ship-Builder in Dundee, now deceased, hereby intimates, that an account of his intromissions with the funds of that an account of his intromissions with the funds of the estate, brought down to the 9th day of June current, has been audited and approved of, and a state of the funds recovered and of those outstanding belonging to the estate, as at the same date, has been examined by the Commissioners, in terms of the Statute. Farther, that the Commissioners have postponed the declaration of a dividend till the recurrence of another statutory period, and dispensed with sending circulars to the Creditors intimating this resolution, as provided by the Statute.—Of all which Notice is hereby given, in terms of the Statute.

WM. MYLES, Trustee.

Dundee, June 14, 1855.

JAMES GORDON, General Merchant in Inverness, Trustee on the sequestrated estates of MARIA HANNAY or HANNAH GRANT, residing at Lochletter, in the United Parishes of Urquhart and Glenmoriston, County of Inverness, now deceased, hereby intimates, that an account of his intromissions with the funds of the estate, brought down to the 22d ultimo, and a statement of the funds as outstanding at same date, have been made up by him, and examined and audited by the Commissioners on said estate, in terms of the Statute; and that the Commissioners have postponed the declaration of a dividend until the recurrence of the next statutory period for making a dividend, and also dispensed with sending circulars to the Creditors.—Of all which Notice is hereby given, in terms of the Statute. terms of the Statute. James Gordon, Trustee.

Inverness, June 2, 1855.

NTIMATION is Hereby Given, in terms of an Inter-locutor by the Lords of Council and Session, Commissioners for the Plantation of Kirks and Valuation of missioners for the Plantation of Kirks and Valuation of Teinds, dated the 13th day of June 1855, and pursuant to the Statute 7th and 8th Victoria, cap 44, that a Petition has been presented to their Lordships for, and in name of, Matthew Brown, Esquire, Sugar Refiner in Greenock, and Others, all contributors to the endowment of the Church and proposed new Parish, to be called the Gaelic Church and Parish of Greenock, praying their Lordships, in virtue of the powers conferred upon them by the Acts of Parliament therein recited, to enquire into the circumstances, and in order to the enquire into the circumstances, and in order to the better propagation of the Gospel and the spiritual edi-fication of the native Highlanders resident in the Town of Greenock and Suburbs thereof, to DECERN and APPOINT that religious instruction be communicated, and that the that religious instruction be communicated, and that the ordinances of religion should, in connection with the Church of Scotland, be dispensed in the Gaelic language in the said Gaelic Church or Chapel, to the natives of the Highlands or Islands of Scotland, resident in the Town and Suburbs of Greenock, at least during one of the diets for public worship of every Lord's Day; and to Decemn and appoint that the said Gaelic Church or Chapel, and the Congregation thereof, though the Members of such Congregation the scotlared over several Parishes he program into a separate Parish, without any territorial district being assigned to such Parish exclusively, to be called in all time coming The GAELIO CHURCH and PARISH of GREENOCK; and to SIND and DECLARE that the Minister and Elders of the wild Church and Parish ex to be corrected shell have and said Church and Parish so to be erected, shall have and enjoy the status, and all the powers, rights, and privileges of a Parish Minister and Elders of the Church of Scotland, but providing always that they shall have no right to exercise pastoral superintendence and discipline over persons who are not either Members of the Congregation of the said Gaelic Church, or of the Families of such Members; and to FIND and DECLARE that, upon the said Gaelic Church and Parish being so erected, in terms of the foregoing cravings, the patronage thereof shall be thereafter vested in the parties pointed out by the Eighth Article of the Constitution recited in the said Petition, granted to the Constitution recited in the said Petition, granted to the said Church by the General Assembly of the said Church of Scotland on the 2d day of June 1855; but always under reservation of the right of the Presbytery of the bounds to present to the said Church, june devolute, according to law, and as provided in the said Act of the 7th and 8th Victoria, cap. 44; and to Find, december and declaration in the premises, in terms of the foregoing cravings, or in such other terms as to their Lordships shall seem meet; as the said Petition in itself more fully bears. And Intimation is hereby further given, that, agreeably to the appointment in said Interlocutor, the Petitioners have lodged printed copies of the said Petition with the Session-Clerk of each of the three Parishes and Parish Churches of Greenock, viz.—the Old Parish or West Kirk, the Middle Kirk Parish, and the East Kirk Parish; and with the Minister of the said Gaelic Church of Greenock; as also with the Town-Clerk of the Burgh of Greenock, for the use of such parties interested as may apply for the same.

JOHN MARSHALL, S.S.C.,
Agent for the Petitioners.
HUGH DEMPSTER,
Writer, Greenock, Local Agent

22, Howe Street, Edinburgh, 13th June 1855.

Intimation is Hereby Given, in terms of an Interlocutor by the Lords of Council and Session, Commissioners for the Plantation of Kirks and Valuation of Teinds, dated the 13th day of June 1855, and pursuant to the Statute 7th and 8th Victoria, cap. 44, that a Petition has been presented to their Lordships for, and in name of William Brunton, Esquire, of Ladhope, and Others, all contributors to the endowment of the Church and proposed new Parish, quoad sacra, of Ladhope, situated within the Parish of Melrose, Presbytery of Selkirk, and County of Roxburgh, praying their Lordships, in virtue of the powers conferred upon them by the Acts of Parliament therein recited, to DECERN and ERECT the said Church of Ladhope into a Parish Church, in connection with the Church of Scotland, and to MARK OUT and DESIGNATE the District specially set forth in the said Petition, consisting of a portion of the said Parish of Melrose, or such other District as their Lordships shall see fit, as the District to betattached to the said Church of Ladhope quoad sacra; and to district quoad sacra from the said Parish

of Melrose, to which the same now belongs; and to ERECT such District into a Parish quoad sacra, in connection with the Church of Scotland, to be called the Church and Parish of Ladhope; and to find and declare that the Minister and Elders of the said Church and Parish so to be erected shall have and enjoy the status, and all the powers, rights, and privileges of a Parish Minister and Elders of the Church of Scotland; and to find and declare that, upon the said Church of Ladhope, and District to be attached thereto, being erected into a Church and Parish quoad sacra, in terms of the foregoing cravings, the patronage thereof shall be thereafter vested in the parties pointed out by the Eighth Article of the Constitution recited in the said Petition, granted to the said Church of Scotland on the 29th day of May 1854; but always under reservation of the right of the Presbytery of the bounds to present to the said Church, jure devolute, according to law, and as provided in the said Act of the 7th and 8th Victoria, cap. 44; and to find, decorate in the premises, in terms of the foregoing cravings, or in such other terms as to their Lordships shall seem meet; as the said Petition in itself more fully bears. And Intimation is hereby further given, that, agreeably to the appointment in said Interlocutor, the Petitioners have lodged printed copies of the said Petition with the Session-Clerk of the said Chapel of Ladhope, for the purpose of intimation to the said Chapel Minister, and for the use of such parties interested as may apply for them.

J. & F. ANDERSON, W. S., Agents for the Petitioners.

Edinburgh, June 14, 1855.

SEQUESTRATION of ROBERT CRUICKSHANKS, Grocer and Baker in Auchinairn, in the Parish of Cadder, and County of Lanark.

VILLIAM M'NIVEN, Merchant in Glasgow,
Trustee on the sequestrated estates of the said

WILLIAM M'NIVEN, Merchant in Glasgow, Trustee on the sequestrated estates of the said Robert Cruickshanks, hereby intimates, that the Bankrupt, Robert Cruickshanks, has made a second offer of composition of Six Shillings per pound upon all debts due by him at the date of the sequestration of his estates, payable by equal instalments at three and six months after his final discharge by the Court, and also to pay and provide for the expences attending the sequestration and the remuneration to the Trustee; and offered Robert Jackson, Farmer, Auchinairn aforesaid, as his security for payment of said composition, &c., which ofter is duly subscribed by the Bankrupt and his said proposed cautioner, and has been assented to in writing by nine-tenths in number and value of the whole Creditors ranked upon the estate. The Trustee therefore now calls a general meeting of the Creditors to be held within the Buck's Head Hotel, Argyle Street, Glasgow, on Monday the 25th day of June current, at 12 o'clock noon, for the purpose of finally deciding on said offer and the security proposed; also for the purpose of electing a Commissioner on the estates, in room of Mr James Alexander, Tea Merchant, Glasgow.—Of all which Notice is hereby given.

Wm. M'NIVEN, Trustee.

Glasgow, June 14, 1855.

In the Sequestration of HENRY BURNESS, Baker, Grocer, Spirit Dealer, and Trader in Montrose.

THE Trustee on the estate of the said Henry Burness hereby intimates to the Creditors, that the Sheriff of Forfarshire has authorised him to pay the first dividend from the estate on the 14th August next, being four months from the date of the sequestration; and to entitle the Creditors to that dividend, the Sheriff has ordained them to lodge their oaths and grounds of debt in the hands of the Trustee en or before the 14th July next.

John M'Kenzie, Trustee.

Montrose, June 12, 1855.

SEQUESTRATION of THOMAS WHITELAW, Junior, sometime Painter in Airdrie, now furth of Scotland.

JOHN MILLER, Accountant in Glasgow, has been elected Trustee on the estate, in room of Henry Shanks, Paint, Colour, and Varnish Manufacturer in Glasgow.

JNO, MILLER, Trustee.

Glasgow, June 14, 1855, 71, Queen Street. THE Estates of JAMES HOOD, Draper in Newmilns, Ayrshire, were sequestrated on the 13th day of June 1855.

The first deliverance is dated the 13th day of June

The Lord Ordinary on the 13th day of June 1855 nominated and appointed James Thomson, Junior, Accountant in Glasgow, Interim Factor on the estate, and has granted Warrant of Protection to the said James Hood against Arrest or Imprisonment for Civil Debt, until the meeting of the Creditors for the election of a Trustee.

The meeting to elect the Trustee and Commissioners is to be held at one o'clock afternoon, on Wednesday the 27th day of June 1855, within the George Hotel,

Kilmarnock.

Kilmarnock.

A composition may be offered at this meeting; and to entitle Creditors to the first dividend, their oaths and grounds of debt must be lodged on or before the 13th day of October 1855.

All future Advertisements relating to this sequestration will be published in the Edinburgh Gazette alone.

J. W. & J. MACKENZIE, W.S.,

16, Royal Circus, Edinburgh, Agents.

SEQUESTRATION of HUGH MAIR, Boot, Shoe, and Leather Merchant, Shipper and Warehouseman, No. 30, Jamaica Street, Glasgow.

JAMES THOMSON, Junior, Accountant, Glasgow, has been elected Trustee on the estate; and Bryce Kerr Ramsey, Tanner and Currier, Beith, William Caldwell, one of the Partners of George Caldwell & Sons, Stationers and Printers, Paisley, and Alexander Spence, Shoemaker in Linlithgow, have been elected Commissioners. The examination of the Bankrupt will take place within the Sheriff's Chambers, Wilson Street, Glasgow, on Wednesday the 20th day of June current, at 12 o'clock noon. The Creditors will meet within the Chambers of Thomsons, Ritchie, & Craig, Accountants, 101, Miller Street, Glasgow, on Friday the 29th day of June current, at one o'clock afternoon.

James Thomson, Jr., Trustee. Glasgow, June 13, 1855.

Glasgow, June 13, 1855.

SEQUESTRATION of JAMES HALCROW JOHN-

SEQUESTRATION of JAMES HALCROW JOHN-SON, Merchant in Lerwick.

WILLIAM IRVINE, Merchant in Lerwick, has been elected Trustee on the estate; and William Brunton, Merchant in Edinburgh, Gilbert Harrison, Merchant in Lerwick, and Walter Baillie, of the Firm of Warrick & Baillie, Merchants in Leith, have been elected Commissioners. The examination of the Bankrupt will take place in the Sheriff-Court-Room here, on Thursday the 21st current, at one o'clock afternoon. The Creditors will meet in the Subscription Rooms, Lerwick, on Wednesday the 4th day of July next, at two o'clock P. M.

WILLIAM IRVINE. Trustee.

WILLIAM IRVINE, Trustee.

Lerwick, June 7, 1855.

SEQUESTRATION of DAVID DOUGLAS and JOHN BAIRD, Merchants in Edinburgh, the Individual Partners of the Company of Douglas & Barrd, Grocers, and Wine and Spirit Merchants in Edinburgh, and at Bradford, in England, as Partners of the said Company of Douglas & Baird, and as Individuals

duals.

WILLIAM HENRY LAWRIE, Merchant in Edinburgh, has been elected Trustee on the estates; and William Whitelaw, Brewer, Musselburgh, and James Aitchison Robertson, S.S.C., Edinburgh, have been elected Commissioners. The examination of the Bankrupts will take place within the Sheriff's Office, County Buildings, Lawnmarket, Edinburgh, on Thursday the 21st day of June 1855, at 12 o'clock noon. The Creditors will meet in Dowells & Lyon's Rooms, No. 18, George Street, Edinburgh, on Friday the 29th day of June 1855, at two o'clock afternoon.

WILLIAM HY. LAWRIE, Trustee.
Edinburgh, June 15, 1855.

Edinburgh, June 15, 1855.

SEQUESTRATION of JAMES HOOD, Ship Carpen-

ter, residing in Dunbar.

EORGE PURVES, Farmer, Little Pinkerton, has been elected Trustee on the estate; and Thomas Weatherly, Farmer, Linhead, Robert Hood, residing in Haddington, and John Stobie, Town-Clerk, Haddington, have been elected Commissioners. The examination of the Bankrupt will take place in the Sheriff Court-House, Haddington, on Wednesday the 20th day of June cur-Haddington, on Wednesday the 20th day of June cur-

rent, at 10 o'clock forenoon. The Creditors will meet within the Office of John Purves M'Watt, Writer, Haddington, on Thursday the 28th day of June current, at 12 o'clock noon.

George Purves, Trustee. Little Pinkerton, by Dunbar, June 13, 1855.

LEXANDER WEIR ROBERTSON, Chartered A LEXANDER WEIR ROBERTSON, Chartered Accountant in Edinburgh, Trustee on the sequestrated estate of GEORGE WILLIS, Clothier, residing in Edinburgh, sometime a Partner of the Firm of Willis & Williams, Clothiers, 'George Street, Edinburgh, and of George Willis & Company, Clothiers, Saint James' Street, London, hereby intimates, that his accounts have been made up to 12th instant, and audited by the Commissioners, and that a dividend has been postponed, and circulars to the Creditors dispensed with. The Trustee also hereby calls a meeting of the Creditors upon the said sequestrated estate to be held within The Trustee also hereby calls a meeting of the Creditors upon the said sequestrated estate to be held within his Chambers, No. 82, Great King Street, Edinburgh, upon Tuesday the 26th day of June current, at 12 o'clock noon, for the purpose of taking into consideration the present position of the estate.

ALEX. W. ROBERTSON, C.A., Trustee. Edinburgh, June 15, 1855.

NOTICE.

NOTICE.

A LEXANDER MACRAE, Junior, Merchant in A Dingwall, and presently Prisoner in the Prison of Glasgow, has presented a Petition to the Sheriff of the Counties of Ross and Cromarty, praying for liberation, interim protection from diligence, and decree of Cessio Bonorum. All his Creditors are hereby required to appear within the Court-House at Dingwall, on Tuesday the 17th day of July next, at noon, when the Petitioner will appear for examination. will appear for examination.

W. Moffat, Petitioner's Agent. Dingwall, June 12, 1855.

NOTICE.

NOTICE.

THE Subscribers, Mr Emanuel Halle and Mr Samuel Booth, have this 31st day of May 1855 retired from the Firm of HALLE & CO., Commission Merchants in Glasgow, carried on by them, along with the other Subscribers, Mr Samuel John Halle and Mr George Rogerson Goldie, being the whole Partners thereof. The Business will in future be carried on under the same Firm by the Subscribers, Mr Samuel John Halle and Mr George Rogerson Goldie.

E. HALLE.

E. HALLE. S. BOOTH.

A. ATKINSON, Witness,
WILLIAM HEWELL, Witness,
Witnesses to Signatures of E. Halle
and S. Booth.

S. J. HALLE. G. R. GOLDIE.

W. G. MILLER, Witness, John Alexander, Witness, Witnesses to Signatures of S. J. Halle

and G. R. Goldie.

NOTICE is Hereby Given, that the Company of FORSYTH & STEWART, Printers and Publishers, and Proprietors, Printers, and Publishers of the Newspaper called 'The Edinburgh News and Literary 'Chronicle,' was DISSOLVED by mutual consent on the 13th June current; and that all debts due by the Company will be paid, and all debts due to the Company will be collected by Mr Stewart.

Dated at Edinburgh, this 14th day of June 1855.

EBENEZER FORSYTH.

JOHN MURDOGH. S.S.C.. Witness.

John Murdoch, S.S.C., Witness. Wm. Duncan, S.S.C., Witness.

NOTICE.

Edinburgh, June 14, 1855. THE Subscriber, Mary Allan or Donaldson, now residing in St. Andrews, basely and ing in St Andrews, hereby intimates, that she ceased, from and after the year 1840, to have any interest in the Business carried on under the Firm of FIELD & ALLAN, Slaters and Glaziers, Frederick Street, Edinburgh.

MARY ALLAN or DONALDSON. James Grahame, Witness. John F. Grahame, Witness.

Glasgow, June 12, 1855.

THE Copartnery Concern which was carried on by
the Subscribers at Levenbank, as Turkey Red
Dyers and Calico Printers, and at Glasgow, as Merchants, under the Firm of A. ORR EWING & CO., was
DISSOLVED on the 1st day of June current, by expiry of their Contract.

ARCH. ORR EWING. WM. MILLER. P. M'CALLUM.

JOHN M'CLURE, Writer, Glasgow, Witness. JOHN M'INTYRE, Merchant's Clerk, Glasgow, Witness.

Aberdeen, June 2, 1855.

THE Copartnery carried on by the Subscribers (the sole Partners), under the Firm of OSWALD, GEORGE, & CO., Share and Insurance Brokers in Aberdeen, was this day DISSOLVED of mutual consent. The Partners continue Business on their Individual account—Mr Oswald at No. 30, and Mr George at No. 19, Marischal Street.

HENRY C. OSWALD. CHAs. GEORGE.

HUGH MACKENZIE, Witness. ALEXANDER DUNCAN, Witness.

N.B .- The Fees of all Notices must be paid in advance, and all Letters post-paid. Printed and Published at the Office, 13, North Bank Street, by WILLIAM ALEXANDER LAURIE, Printer to The Queen's Most Excellent Majesty.

* This Gazette is filed at the Offices of the London and Dublin Gazette.

Friday, June 15, 1855.

Price One Shilling.