

55TH REGIMENT OF FOOT.

Taken in the Trenches, December 6, 1854.

Private Martin Graham
Michael Mahoney
Thomas Osburn
Jeremiah Reddy
William Sullivan

57TH REGIMENT OF FOOT.

Taken in the Trenches, December 24, 1854.

Serjeant James Connolly

Taken at Balaklava, December 24, 1854.

Private Hugh King

68TH REGIMENT OF FOOT.

Taken in the Trenches, January 13, 1855.

Serjeant William Cooper
Private William Adams

Taken on the March to Alma, September 19, 1854.

Private James Bywater

Taken in the Trenches, January 13, 1855.

Private John Clarke,
John Laurenson
James Menaugh

Taken in the Trenches, February 13, 1855.

Private Stephen Hayes

77TH REGIMENT OF FOOT.

Taken in the Trenches, October 11, 1854.

Private Christopher Border, wounded

Taken at Balaklava, December 3, 1854.

Private James McGuire

88TH REGIMENT OF FOOT.

Taken at Balaklava, May 17, 1855.

Private Thomas O'Brien

97TH REGIMENT OF FOOT.

Taken in the Trenches, November 25, 1854.

Private John Drury
Thomas Packer

Taken at Balaklava, November 27, 1854.

Private George Littlefield
Thomas Penton

Taken at Balaklava, December 30, 1854.

Private Patrick Delany

RIFLE BRIGADE.

Taken at Inkerman, November 5, 1854.

Colour-Serjeant George Noseley, wounded
Spanish Muleteer Augustus Selind

Prisoners of War left sick at Veronetz.

13TH LIGHT DRAGOONS.

Private — Dukes

68TH REGIMENT OF FOOT.

Private — Connor

*Prisoners of War left sick on the march from
Veronetz to Odessa.*

50TH REGIMENT OF FOOT.

Private Thomas Sinnott

*Deserters left at Veronetz.
Fifty-one.*

As far as I can ascertain from the men themselves, this Return is correct.

(Signed) EDWARD R. JAMES,
Lieut., Royal Engineers.

Enclosure 3.

Eupatoria,

SIR, *October 25, 1855.*

I HAVE the honour to report that the Allied Troops stationed here, under the command of General of Division D'Allonville, marched from Eupatoria on Monday morning the 22d instant.

The force advanced in two columns, the details of which are in the margin,* the one taking a northerly direction, and skirting towards the east of the Lake Susik Guiloie, until it arrived at the village of Karagurt; the other proceeding by the strip of land between that lake and the sea, to the town of Sak.

The Light Cavalry Brigade and troop of Horse Artillery, under my command, formed part of the first-mentioned column, which was commanded by General D'Allonville himself.

We marched at daybreak, and arrived at Karagurt (18 miles) about 4 P.M., when we bivouacked for the night, and which, before leaving, we destroyed.

When we had advanced within about three miles of this village we came in presence of a force of about twenty squadrons of Russian cavalry, who retired before us after some shots from the French Horse Artillery, which told with some effect.

On the evening of the 23d we proceeded, at daybreak, in a southerly direction, passing close to the village of Temesh, where we came in sight of a body of Russian cavalry, considerably superior in numbers to that we had seen the evening before, a strong force of guns, and, I believe, some battalions of infantry.

This body also retired before us, at a considerable distance, while we continued our advance to the village of Tuzla, on a rising ground to the left of which village General D'Allonville took up a position and offered battle, Captain Thomas's troop of Horse Artillery firing several rounds with precision, which were answered by the enemy without effect.

After waiting here for two hours, and seeing that the enemy were effecting a further retreat, General D'Allonville formed a junction with the column under Mushir Achmet Pasha, at the town of Sak, where we bivouacked, destroying the town and considerable Russian cantonments.

On the 24th instant, yesterday, we returned to Eupatoria by the sea coast road.

On the first day's march the French cavalry were in front, the English cavalry in support; the Turkish cavalry on our left flank. On the second day, the cavalry under my command were in advance, supported by the French cavalry, the Turkish cavalry on our left flank.

I have great satisfaction in stating that General D'Allonville expressed to me his approval of the

* 1ST COLUMN.—6 Ottoman battalions, 8 French battalions (de Failly). $\frac{1}{2}$ the Bashi Bozouks, 4 Ottoman squadrons, 1 Ottoman battery (Montée), 2 French batteries (Montées); "Ambulance Active" for 80 wounded, under the orders of Mushir Achmet Pasha.

2D COLUMN.—4 Ottoman battalions, 2 French battalions, $\frac{1}{2}$ the Bashi Bozouks, 12 Ottoman squadrons, 12 French squadrons, 10 British squadrons, 6 pieces of Horse Artillery of each nation; "Ambulance Active" for 80 wounded, under the orders of the General Commander-in-Chief (Superieur).