

or any portion of the shores or banks, of any port, harbour, or haven of this Kingdom, from which the Commissioners for executing the office of Lord High Admiral of the United Kingdom for the time being shall find it necessary for the protection of such port, harbour, or haven, or the works thereof, by order, under their hands, or the hand of their Secretary, and published in the London Gazette, shall prohibit the taking or removing of such shingle or ballast upon pain of forfeiting for every such offence the sum of ten pounds.

And whereas we, as Commissioners for executing the Office of Lord High Admiral of the United Kingdom, have found it necessary for the protection of the harbour and port of Exeter, in the county of Devon, to prohibit the taking or removing of any ballast or shingle from the shores or banks at the back of a place called the Warren Sand, on the south side of the channel of the River Exe, between two posts erected about 900 feet apart, and from the shores or banks on the north side of the channel of the River Exe, between two posts erected about 5100 feet apart. And we do therefore hereby order that no person or persons shall take or remove any ballast or shingle from such shores or banks, or any portion of such shores or banks aforesaid.

Given under our hands this 27th of November 1857.

ALEX. MILNE,
THOS. GEO. BARING,

Two of the Commissioners for executing the Office of Lord High Admiral of the United Kingdom.

NOTICE TO MARINERS.

(No. 44.) SCOTLAND—NORTH-WEST COAST.

THE Commissioners of Northern Lighthouses have given notice, that on and after the 10th day of November 1857, lights would be exhibited from lighthouses recently erected as follows:—

Fixed Red Light at Ru Ushenish, South Uist.

Ru Ushenish light-tower stands on the easternmost headland on the east side of the Island of South Uist, in the Hebrides, and would exhibit a dioptric or refracting *fixed red* light of the first order, at an elevation of 176 feet above high water, which should be visible from the deck of a vessel in clear weather at a distance of 18 miles. The tower is 39 feet high from the base to the top of the lantern, and coloured white.

Flashing Light at South Rona.

South Rona lighthouse is a tower of masonry 41½ feet high and painted white, erected on a peak at the north-east point of the Island of South Rona, between the west coast of Ross-shire and the Isle of Skye.

The light is a catadioptric or reflecting holo-photal *white* light of the second order, emitting a *flash* every 12 seconds, at an elevation of 222 feet above high water, and which may be seen in clear weather at a distance of about twenty miles.

Fixed Light at Kyle Akin, Loch Alsh.

A lighthouse has been erected on a point of rock covered at high-water spring tides, projecting from the western extremity of Gillean Island or Eilean Dool, at the western entrance of the narrows leading to Loch Alsh.

The light is an azimuthal condensing *fixed* light, appearing *white* in the fairway of the Inner Sound or Sound of Applecross to the southward as far as Paba Island, and also in the fairway of Loch Alsh.

From Paba Island to the south-ward, and east-ward along the shore of Skye to the south of the fairway of Loch Alsh, and to the north eastward of the fairway of the Inner Sound, it appears as a *red* light.

To the northward of the fairway of Loch Alsh the light is not to be seen.

The light is at an elevation of 53 feet above high water, and visible in clear weather 10 miles distant.

The light-tower stands at about 53 yards seaward of high-water mark, spring tides, and is connected with Gillean Island by a bridge of five spans. It is built of masonry, 69½ feet in height, and coloured white.

By Command of their Lordships,
JOHN WASHINGTON, Hydrographer.

Hydrographic Office, Admiralty, London,
10th November 1857.

This notice affects the following Admiralty Charts:—Scotland, West Coast, sheet 7, No. 2475; Northern part of the Sound of Raasay and Inner Sound, No. 2570; Kyle Akin, No. 1846. Also British Islands Lights List, Nos. 185, 180, and 181.

NOTICE TO MARINERS.

(No. 45.) SCOTLAND—NORTH-WEST COAST.

The Commissioners of Northern Lighthouses have given notice, that on and after the 10th day of November 1857, the following lights would be exhibited from recently erected lighthouses:—

Fixed Light at Isle Ornsay, Sleat Sound.

Ornsay light-tower stands on a low point at the south-eastern extremity of the Island of Ornsay, in Sleat Sound or Sound of Skye, and from it would be exhibited an azimuthal condensing light, *white, fixed*, 58 feet above the sea at high water, and visible in clear weather at a distance of 12 miles. The tower is of masonry, 63 feet in height, and coloured white.

Fixed light in the Sound of Mull.

A lighthouse has been erected on a small rock at Ru na Gall, on the south shore of the Sound of Mull, Argyllshire, and about a mile to the northward of Tobermory.

The light is an azimuthal condensing *fixed* light, appearing *red* to the northward out to sea; *green* towards the New rocks, Red rocks, and Stirk rocks; and *white* to the southward in the Sound of Mull. It is at an elevation of about 55 feet above high water, and should be seen from the deck of a small vessel in clear weather at a distance of about 12 miles.

The light-tower is 63 feet high, built of masonry, and painted white. It stands at about 50 yards seaward of high-water mark, and is connected with the shore by a bridge of two spans.

By Command of their Lordships,
JOHN WASHINGTON, Hydrographer.

Hydrographic Office, Admiralty, London,
10th November 1857.

This notice affects the following Admiralty Charts:—Scotland, West Coast, Sheet 7, No. 2475; Sleat Sound, No. 2496; and Sound of Mull, No. 2155. Also British Islands Lights List, Nos. 182 and 185.