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TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 2, 1858.

DOWNING-STREET, January 28, 1858.

THE Queen has been pleased to appoint the Right Honourable George Augustus Constantine Phipps, commonly called the Earl of Mulgrave, to be Lieutenant-Governor of the Province of Nova Scotia.

WHITEHALL, January 29, 1858.

The Queen has been pleased to constitute and appoint William Thomas Robinson, Esq., to be Major in the Artillery Company of London, in the room of Joseph Haythorne Reed, Esq., resigned.

DUBLIN CASTLE, January 26, 1858.

Her Majesty's Letters-Patent have passed the Great Seal of Ireland for the undermentioned Appointments, viz.—

James O'Brien, Esq., to be one of the Justices of Her Majesty's Court of Queen's Bench, in the room of Mr Justice Moore, deceased ;

Jonathan Christian, Esq., to be one of the Justices of Her Majesty's Court of Common Pleas, in the room of Mr Justice Jackson, deceased ; and,

Henry George Hughes, Esq., to be Her Majesty's Solicitor-General for Ireland, in the room of Jonathan Christian, Esq.

INDIA BOARD, January 28, 1858.

The following papers have been received at the East India House :—

No. 1.

GENERAL ORDER BY THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL OF INDIA IN COUNCIL.

Fort-William, December 24th, 1857.

No. 1649 of 1857.

The Right Honourable the Governor-General in Council is pleased to direct the publication of the accompanying Despatches lately received from the Head-quarters of the Army.

These papers contain accounts of the safe conveyance of the women and children, sick and wounded, of the garrison of Lucknow, across the Ganges ; of the resistance by Major-General Windham to a well-organized and desperate attack on his position at Cawnpore by a large body of

rebels ; and of the subsequent defeat and utter rout of the insurgents by the troops under the immediate direction of his Excellency the Commander-in-Chief.

Throughout these operations all branches of the service vied with each other in enhancing the glorious name which the contests of the last few months have secured for the British Army in India.

As regards the operations of the 6th, the masterly guidance of the Commander-in-Chief has been scarcely less conspicuous at Cawnpore than it was at Lucknow : each disposition and movement of his forces fitting into one complete and effective scheme, proof against all disturbance by the chances of the day of battle. General Sir Colin Campbell has added largely to the heavy claim which he holds upon the gratitude and confidence of the Government, and of the soldiers whom he leads to victory. In two hours the camp of the rebels was reached and taken, and their rout complete ; seventeen guns, and a large amount of stores and ammunition falling into the hands of the British Force.

His Lordship in Council desires to record his appreciation of the admirable manner in which Brigadier-General Hope Grant, C.B., has executed the duties of his division, and particularly of his exertions in pursuit of the enemy on the 6th, and his operations on the 8th and 9th of December, on which occasion he took fifteen of the enemy's guns without the loss of one man.

On this, as on every occasion in which danger was to be faced and difficulty overcome, Captain Peel, R.N., commanding the Naval Brigade, was foremost in intrepidity and resource.

Lieutenant Vaughan and the other officers and men of H.M.S. Shannon are worthy of their brave commander ; and it is a pleasure to the Governor-General in Council to declare his warm admiration of their conduct.

The Governor-General in Council very cordially concurs in the praise so justly bestowed by the Commander-in-Chief on the general officers commanding divisions, on Major-General Mansel, chief of the staff, and on all the officers of the general staff in all its branches, and the principal staff, and officers commanding brigades and



ments, troops and batteries. In the commendation given by his Excellency to officers of every arm of the service, the Governor-General in Council most heartily joins.

To all officers, non-commissioned officers, and men, engaged in the defence of Cawnpore, or in the attack on the enemy's position, the Governor-General in Council offers his cordial thanks for their gallantry and good service to the State.

It will be his pleasing duty to take the first opportunity of bringing their merits to the favourable notice of Her Majesty's Government, and of the Honorable Court of Directors.

R. J. H. BIRCH, Colonel,
Secretary to the Government of India,
in the Military Department.

No. 2.

The Commander-in-Chief to the Governor-General.

Head-Quarters, Camp, Cawnpore,
My LORD. December 2, 1857.

IN accordance with the instructions of your Lordship, arrangements were finally made with Sir James Outram, that his division, made up to four thousand (4000) strong of all arms, should remain in position before Lucknow.

This position includes the Post of Alumbagh, his standing camp, of which the front is fifteen hundred (1500) yards in the rear of that post, and the bridge of Bunnee, which is held by four hundred (400) Madras sepoy, and two (2) guns.

On the 27th I marched with Brigadier-General Grant's division, all the ladies and families who had been rescued from Lucknow, and the wounded of both forces, making in all about two thousand (2000) people, whom it was necessary to carry, and encamped the evening of that day a little beyond Bunnee Bridge.

The long train did not reach completely and file into camp until after midnight.

When we arrived at Bunnee, we were surprised to hear very heavy firing in the direction of Cawnpore. No news had reached me from that place for several days; but it appeared necessary, whatever the inconvenience, to press forward as quickly as possible.

The march accordingly re-commenced at 9 A.M. the next morning, and shortly afterwards I received two or three notes in succession,—first, announcing that Cawnpore had been attacked; secondly, that General Windham was hard pressed; and thirdly, that he had been obliged to fall back from outside the city into his entrenchment.

The force was accordingly pressed forward, convoy and all, and was encamped within three miles of the Ganges, about three hours after dark, the rear guard coming in with the end of the train some twenty-four hours afterwards.

I preceded the column of march by two or three hours, and reached the entrenchment at dusk, where I learnt the true state of affairs.

The retreat of the previous day had been effected with the loss of a certain amount of camp equipage, and shortly after my arrival it was reported to me that Brigadier Carthew had retreated from a very important outpost.

All this appeared disastrous enough, and the next day the city was found to be in possession of the enemy at all points.

It had now become necessary to proceed with the utmost caution to secure the bridge.

All the heavy guns attached to General Grant's division, under Captain Peel, R.N., and Captain Travers, R.A., were placed in position on the left bank of the Ganges, and directed to open fire and keep down the fire of the enemy on the bridge.

This was done very effectually, while Brigadier Hope's brigade, with some field artillery and cavalry, was ordered to cross the bridge and take position near the old dragoon lines.

A cross fire was at the same time kept up from the entrenchment, to cover the march of the troops.

When darkness began to draw on, the artillery parks, the wounded, and the families, were ordered to file over the bridge; and it was not till 6 o'clock P.M., the day of the 30th, that the last cart had cleared the bridge.

The passage of the force, with its incumbrances, over the Ganges, had occupied thirty hours.

The camp now stretches from the dragoon lines in a half circle round the position occupied by the late General Sir Hugh Wheeler, the Foot Artillery lines being occupied by the wounded and the families.

A desultory fire has been kept up by the enemy on the entrenchment and the front of the camp since this position was taken up, and I am obliged to submit to the hostile occupation of Cawnpore until the actual despatch of all my incumbrances towards Allahabad has been effected.

However disagreeable this may be, and although it may tend to give confidence to the enemy, it is precisely one of those cases in which no risk must be run.

I trust, when the time has arrived for me to act with due regard to these considerations, to see the speedy evacuation of his present position by the enemy.

In the meantime, the position taken up by Brigadier-General Grant's Division, under my immediate orders, has restored the communications with Futtehpore and Allahabad, as had been anticipated. The detachments moving along the road from these two places have been ordered to continue their march accordingly.

Major-General Windham's Despatch, relating to the operations conducted under his command, is inclosed.

In forwarding that document, I have only to remark that the complaint made by him in the second paragraph, of not receiving instructions from me, is explained by the fact of the letters he sent, announcing the approach of the Gwalior force, not having come to hand.

The first notice I had of his embarrassment was the distant sound of cannonade, as above described.

All the previous reports had declared that there was but little chance of the Gwalior Contingent approaching Cawnpore.

I have, &c.,
C. CAMPBELL, General,
Commander-in-Chief.

P.S.—Annexed is a Return of Casualties from the 29th ultimo to this date.

No. 3.

Major-General C. A. Windham to the Commander-in-Chief.

SIR, Cawnpore, November 30, 1857.

IN giving an account of the proceedings of the force under my command before Cawnpore during the operations of the 26th, 27th, 28th, and 29th instant, I trust your Excellency will excuse the hasty manner in which it is necessarily drawn up, owing to the constant demands upon me at the present moment.

Having received, through Captain H. Bruce, of the 5th Punjaub Cavalry, information of the movements of the Gwalior Contingent, but having

received none whatever from your Excellency for several days from Lucknow, in answer to my letters to the Chief of the Staff, I was obliged to act for myself.

I therefore resolved to encamp my force on the canal, ready to strike at any portion of the advancing enemy that came within my reach, keeping at the same time my communications safe with Cawnpore.

Finding that the Contingent were determined to advance, I resolved to meet their first division on the Pandoo Nudde. My force consisted of about 1,200 bayonets, and 8 guns and 100 mounted Sowars. Having sent my camp equipage and baggage to the rear, I advanced to the attack in the following order:—

Four companies of the Rifle Brigade, under Colonel R. Walpole, followed by four companies of the 88th Connaught Rangers, under Lieutenant-Colonel E. H. Maxwell, and four light 6-pounder Madras guns, under Lieutenant Chamier; the whole under the command of Brigadier Carthew, of the Madras Native Infantry.

Following this force was the 34th Regiment, under Lieutenant-Colonel R. Kelly, with four 9-pounder guns; the 82d Regiment in reserve, with spare ammunition, &c.

I had given directions, in the event of the enemy being found directly in our front, and if the ground permitted, that Brigadier Carthew should occupy the ground to the left of the road, and that Lieutenant-Colonel Kelly, with the 34th, divided into wings, and supported by his Artillery, should take the right. It so happened, however, that this order, on our coming into action, became exactly inverted by my directions, in consequence of a sudden turn of the road. No confusion however was caused. The advance was made with a complete line of skirmishers along the whole front, with supports on either side, and a reserve in the centre.

The enemy, strongly posted on the other side of the dry bed of the Pandoo Nudde, opened a heavy fire of artillery from siege and field guns; but such was the eagerness and courage of the troops, and so well were they led by their officers, that we carried the position with a rush, the men cheering as they went; and the village, more than half a mile in its rear, was rapidly cleared. The mutineers hastily took to flight, leaving in our possession two 8-inch iron howitzers and one 6-pounder gun.

In this fight my loss was not severe; but I regret very much that a very promising young officer, Captain H. H. Day, 88th Regiment, was killed.

Observing, from a height on the other side of the village, that the enemy's main body was at hand, and that the one just defeated was their leading division, I at once decided on retiring to protect Cawnpore, my entrenchments, and the bridge over the Ganges. We accordingly fell back, followed, however, by the enemy, up to the bridge over the canal.

On the morning of the 27th, the enemy commenced their attack, with an overwhelming force of heavy artillery. My position was in front of the city. I was threatened on all sides, and very seriously attacked on my front and right flank. The heavy fighting in front, at the point of junction of the Calpee and Delhi roads, fell more especially upon the Rifle Brigade, ably commanded by Colonel Walpole, who was supported by the 88th Regiment and four guns (two 9-pounders, two 24-pounder howitzers) under Captain D. S. Greene, Royal Artillery, and two 24-pounder guns, manned by seamen of the Shannon, under Lieutenant Hay, R.N., who was twice wounded. Lieutenant-Colonel

John Adye, Royal Artillery, also afforded me marked assistance with these guns.

In spite of the heavy bombardment of the enemy, my troops resisted the attack for five hours, and still held the ground, until, on my proceeding personally to make sure of the safety of the fort, I found, from the number of men bayoneted by the 88th Regiment, that the mutineers had fully penetrated the town; and having been told that they were then attacking the fort, I directed Major-General Dupuis, R.A., (who, as my Second-in-command, I had left with the main body,) to fall back the whole force into the fort, with all our stores and guns, shortly before dark.

Owing to the flight of the camp followers at the commencement of the action, notwithstanding the long time we held the ground, I regret to state, that in making this retrograde movement, I was unable to carry off all my camp equipage and some of the baggage. Had not an error occurred in the conveyance of an order issued by me, I am of opinion that I could have held my ground at all events until dark.

I must not omit, in this stage of the proceedings, to report that the flank attack was well met, and resisted, for a considerable time, by the 34th Regiment under Lieutenant-Colonel Kelly, and the Madras Battery under Lieutenant Chamier, together with that part of the 82d Regiment which was detached in this direction under Lieutenant-Colonel D. Watson.

In retiring within the entrenchments, I followed the general instructions issued to me by your Excellency, conveyed through the Chief of the Staff, namely, to preserve the safety of the bridge over the Ganges, and my communications with your force, so severely engaged in the important operation of the relief of Lucknow, as far as possible. I strictly adhered to the defensive.

After falling back to the fort, I assembled the superior Officers on the evening of the 27th, and proposed a night attack, should I be able to receive reliable information as to where the enemy had assembled his artillery.

As, however, I could obtain none (or, at all events, none that was satisfactory,) I decided—

Firstly.—That on the following day Colonel Walpole, Rifle Brigade, should have the defence of the advanced portion of the town on the left side of the canal, standing with your back to the Ganges. The details of the force upon this point were as follow:—

5 companies Rifle Brigade, under Lieutenant-Colonel C. Woodford.

2 companies of the 82d Regiment, under Lieutenant-Colonel Watson.

4 guns (two 9-pounders, and two 24-pounder howitzers,) under Captain Greene, R.A.

(Two of these guns were manned by Madras gunners, and two by Seikhs.)

Secondly.—That Brigadier N. Wilson, with the 64th Regiment, was to hold the fort, and establish a strong picquet at the Baptist Chapel on the extreme right.

Thirdly.—That Brigadier Carthew, with the 34th Regiment, under Lieutenant-Colonel Kelly, and four Madras guns, should hold the Bithoor road in advance of the Baptist Chapel, receiving support from the picquet there, if wanted.

Fourthly.—That, with the 88th Regiment under Lieutenant-Colonel Maxwell, I should defend the portion of the town nearest the Ganges on the left of the canal, and support Colonel Walpole if required.

The fighting on the 28th was very severe. On the left advance, Colonel Walpole, with the Rifles, supported by Captain Greene's battery, and part

of the 82d Regiment, achieved a complete victory over the enemy, and captured two 18-pounder guns.

The glory of this well-contested fight belongs entirely to the above-named companies, and artillery.

It was owing to the gallantry of the men and officers, under the able leading of Colonel Walpole, and of my lamented relation, Lieutenant-Colonel Woodford, of the Rifle Brigade (who, I deeply regret to say, was killed,) and of Lieutenant-Colonel Watson, 82d, and of Captain Greene, R.A., that this hard contested fight was won and brought to so profitable an end. I had nothing to do with it, beyond sending them supports, and at the end of bringing some up myself.

I repeat that the credit is entirely due to the above-mentioned officers and men.

Brigadier Wilson thought proper, prompted by zeal for the service, to lead his regiment against four guns placed in front of Brigadier Carthew. In this daring exploit, I regret to say, he lost his life, together with several valuable and able officers. Major T. Stirling, 64th Regiment, was killed in spiking one of the guns, as was also that fine gallant young man, Captain R. C. McCrea, 64th Regiment, who acted as Deputy-Assistant Quartermaster-General to the force here. Captain W. Morphey, 64th Regiment (the Brigade Major), also fell at the same time. Our numbers were not sufficient to enable us to carry off the guns.

Captain A. P. Bowlby, now the Senior Officer of the 64th Regiment, distinguished himself, as did also Captain H. F. Saunders, of the 70th Regiment, who was attached to the 64th, and is Senior to Captain Bowlby, whose conduct he describes as most devoted and gallant; as was also that of the men of the regiment.

Brigadier Carthew, of the Madras Native Infantry, had a most severe and strong contest with the enemy, from morning till night; but I regret to add that he felt himself obliged to retire at dark.

During the night of the 28th instant the enemy occupied the town, and on the morning of the 29th commenced bombarding my entrenchments with a few guns, and struck the Bridge of Boats several times.

The guns mounted in the fort were superior in number to those of the enemy, and were well-manned, throughout the day, by the officers, non-commissioned officers, and men of the Royal Artillery, seamen of the Shannon, Madras and Bengal gunners and Seikhs.

The chief out-work was occupied by the Rifle Brigade, and in the course of the afternoon, by your Excellency's instructions, they were advanced, and gallantly drove the mutineers out of that portion of the city nearest to our works, under the command of Lieutenant-Colonel Fyers, who was supported by Colonel Walpole.

Throughout the short period I have had the temporary command of this division, I have received, both in the field and elsewhere, the most important assistance from Captain H. Bruce, 5th Punjaub Cavalry. Without him I should have been at a great loss for reliable information, and although I am aware that your Excellency is not ignorant of his abilities, courage, and assiduity, I think it my duty to make this mention of his service to the country.

Pressed as I am by the operations now going forward, I am not able to specify the services of every individual who has assisted me, where all have behaved so well. I have no Staff of my own except Captain Roger Swire, of the 17th Foot, my Aide-de-Camp, who has behaved with his usual zeal and courage.

I therefore hope I may be allowed to thank, through your Excellency, the under-mentioned officers, for the great services they have voluntarily rendered me during this trying time:—

Major-General J. E. Dupuis, C.B., Commanding Royal Artillery in India, Lieutenant-Colonel John Adye, C.B., Assistant Adjutant-General, Royal Artillery.....	} Specially.
Lieutenant-Colonel H. D. Harness, Commanding Royal Engineers.....	
Major Norman McLeod, Bengal Engineers.....	

Lieutenant-Colonel John Simpson, 34th Regiment.

Senior Surgeon R. C. Elliot, C. B., Royal Artillery.

Captain John Gordon, 82d Regiment.

Captain Sarsfield Greene, Royal Artillery.

Captain Smyth, Bengal Artillery.

There are several other officers in addition, who I fortunately found detained here *en route* to join your Excellency's force, and I beg to submit their names also, viz:—

Captain R. G. Brackenbury, 61st Regiment.

Lieutenant Arthur Henley, 52d Light Infantry.

Lieutenant Valentine Ryan, 64th Regiment.

Captain Ellis Cunliffe, 1st Bengal Fusiliers.

Lieutenant E. H. Budgen, 82d Regiment (to whom I gave the command of the 100 mounted Sowars.)

Captain C. E. Mansfield, 33d Regiment.

Lieutenant P. Scratchley, Royal Engineers.

Lieutenant W. C. Milne, 74th Bengal Native Infantry.

I beg to inform your Excellency that I have called for nominal returns of the killed and wounded, and I have also directed all officers commanding corps, regiments, and batteries, &c., to forward to me the names of any officers, non-commissioned officers, or soldiers, who may have especially distinguished themselves by gallantry in the field, which shall be forwarded to your Excellency without delay.

In conclusion, I hope I may be permitted to express my sincere thanks to all the regimental officers, non-commissioned officers and men, for the zeal, gallantry, and courage with which they have carried out my orders during the four days of harassing actions which have successively taken place in the defence of this important strategic centre of present operations.

I beg to forward the enclosed Despatch, which I have received from Major-General Dupuis, and I have called upon the various officers commanding corps, &c., to forward me the names of any officers they may wish to recommend, which I will send to your Excellency as soon as I receive them.

I have, &c.,

C. A. WINDHAM, Major-General.

No. 4.

Major-General Dupuis to Major-General C. A. Windham, C. B., Commanding the Cawnpore Division.

SIR, Cawnpore, November 30, 1857.

WITHOUT entering into any detail of the operations carried on by the force under your command, on the 26th, 27th, 28th, and 29th inst., which I consider unnecessary, as you were present the whole time, yet I feel it my duty to bring to your notice the excellent conduct of the officers, non-commissioned officers and men, both of the Royal and Bengal Artillery, whom you placed under my command.

Lieutenant Oliver, R. A., who was in command of a hastily equipped battery of two 9-pounders and two 24-pounder howitzers, manned by a few Royal Artillery and Bengal Gunners, and some Seikhs, did his best to bring his guns into action on the first day's operations on the Pandoo River; yet, from his extreme inexperience, I thought it better to place my Aide-de-Camp, Captain Sarsfield Greene, R. A., in command, and I beg to bring to your notice the admirable manner in which he directed and fought the guns at the close of the day.

On the 27th he supported the Rifle Brigade and the 88th Connaught Rangers, and, as our force retired, he assisted to protect the retreat. Again, on the 28th, he supported Colonel Walpole and the Rifle Brigade, on the advance on the left, and assisted materially in the capture of two 18-pounder guns. On the 29th he commanded four guns in the fort. Lieutenant Chamier, of the Madras Artillery, who commanded six light guns, performed his duties entirely to my satisfaction, particularly on the 28th, when he was attached to the force under Brigadier Carthew.

I beg also to bring to your consideration the conduct of Lieutenant-Colonel John Adye, my Assistant Adjutant-General, who volunteered on the night of the 27th, and brought from the centre of the town a 24-pounder gun, which had been left behind in the retreat, in consequence of its having been jammed in one of the narrow streets. (This officer was assisted by Captains Austen and Bradford, of the Bengal Artillery.) On the 29th he again volunteered and took command of the same gun, (manned by a few sailors and Madras gunners,) and placed it in position to protect the canal, where it proved of good service during the day. I beg also to testify to the willing exertions of Senior Surgeon R. C. Elliot on all occasions.

I have, &c.,
J. E. DUPUIS, Major-General,
Commanding Royal Artillery in India.

No. 5.

The Commander-in-Chief to the Governor-General.

Head-Quarters, Camp, Cawnpore,
December 10, 1857.

MY LORD,
I HAVE the honour to report to your Lordship, that late on the night of the 3d instant, the convoy, which had given me so much anxiety, including the families and half the wounded, was finally despatched, and on the 4th and 5th the last arrangements were made for consigning the remainder of the wounded in places of safety, while a portion of the troops was withdrawn from the entrenchments to join the camp.

On the afternoon of the 5th, about 3 P.M., the enemy attacked our left picquets with artillery, and showed infantry round our left flank.

A desultory fire was also begun on our picquets in the General Gung, which is an old bazaar of very considerable extent along the canal, in front of the line occupied by the camp.

These advanced positions had been held since our arrival by Brigadier Greathed's brigade, with great firmness, the Brigadier having displayed his usual judgment in their arrangement and support. On two or three occasions he had been supported by Captain Peel's heavy guns and Captain Bouchier's field battery, when the artillery of the enemy had annoyed him, and the general front of the camp.

After two hours of cannonading the enemy retired on the afternoon in question.

Arrangements were then made for a general attack on him the next day.

His left occupied the old cantonment, from which General Windham's post had been principally assailed. His centre was in the city of Cawnpore, and lined the houses and bazaars overhanging the canal, which separated it from Brigadier Greathed's position, the principal streets having been afterwards discovered to be barricaded.

His right stretched some way beyond the angle formed by the grand trunk road and the canal, two miles in rear of which the camp of the Gwalior Contingent was pitched, and so covered the Calpee road. This was the line of retreat of that body.

In short, the canal, along which were placed his centre and right, was the main feature of his position, and could only be passed in the latter direction by two bridges.

It appeared to me if his right were vigorously attacked that it would be driven from its position, without assistance coming from other parts of his line, the wall of the town, which gave cover to our attacking columns on our right, being an effective obstacle to the movement of any portion of his troops from his left to right.

Thus the possibility became apparent of attacking his division in detail.

From intelligence received before and after the action, there seems to be little doubt that, in consequence of the arrival of four regiments from Oude, and the gathering of various mutinous corps which had suffered in previous actions, as well as the assemblage of all the Nana's followers, the strength of the enemy now amounted to about 25,000 men, with all the guns belonging to the Contingent, some (36) thirty-six in number, together with a few guns belonging to the Nana.

Orders were given to General Windham, on the morning of the 6th, to open a heavy bombardment at 9 A.M. from the intrenchment in the old cantonment, and so induce the belief in the enemy that the attack was coming from the General's position.

The camp was struck early, and all the baggage driven to the river side under a guard, to avoid the slightest risk of accident.

Brigadier Greathed, reinforced by the 64th Regiment,* was desired to hold the same ground opposite the centre of the enemy, which he had been occupying for some days past, as above mentioned, and at 11 A.M. the rest of the force, as per margin,† was drawn up in contiguous columns, in rear of some old cavalry lines, and effectually masked from the observation of the enemy.

The cannonade from the entrenchment having become slack at this time, the moment had arrived for the attack to commence.

The cavalry and horse artillery having been sent to make a detour on the left, and across the canal by a bridge a mile and a half further up, and threaten the enemy's rear.

The infantry deployed in parallel lines fronting the canal.

* Brigadier Greathed's Brigade.—H. M.'s 8th Foot; H. M.'s 64th Foot; 2d Punjaub Infantry.

† Artillery Brigade.—Two Troops Horse Artillery; three Light Field Batteries; Guns of the Naval Brigade; Heavy Field Battery Royal Artillery.

Cavalry Brigade.—H.M.'s 9th Lancers; Detachments 1st, 2d, and 5th Punjaub Cavalry, and Hodson's Horse.

4th Infantry Brigade.—H.M.'s 53d Regiment; H.M.'s 42d and 93d Highlanders; 4th Punjaub Rifles.

5th Infantry Brigade.—H.M.'s 23d Fusiliers; H.M.'s 32d Regiment; H.M.'s 82d Regiment.

6th Infantry Brigade.—2d and 3d Battalion Rifle Brigade; Detachment H.M.'s 38th Foot.

Engineer Brigade.—Royal Engineers and Detachments, Bengal and Punjaub; Sappers and Miners attached to the various Brigades of Infantry.

Brigadier Hope's Brigade was in advance, in one line, Brigadier Inglis's Brigade being in rear of Brigadier Hope.

At the same time, Brigadier Walpole, assisted by Captain Smith's field-battery of Royal Artillery, was directed to pass the bridge immediately to the left of Brigadier Greathed's position, and to drive the enemy from the brick-kilns, keeping the wall of the city for his guide.

The whole attack then proceeded, the enemy quickly responding from his proper right, to the fire of our heavy and field artillery.

Good use was made of these guns by Captain Peel, C.B., R.N., and the Artillery Officers under Major-General Dupuis, C.B., R.A., Brigadier Crawford, R.A., and Major Turner, B.A.

The Sikhs of the 4th Punjaub Infantry thrown into skirmishing order, supported by H.M.'s 53d Foot, attacked the enemy in some old mounds and brick-kilns to our left with great vigour.

The advance then continued with rapidity along the whole line, and I had the satisfaction of observing in the distance that Brigadier Walpole was making equal progress on the right.

The canal bridge was quickly passed, Captain Peel leading over it with a heavy gun, accompanied by a soldier of H. M.'s 53d, named Hannaford.

The troops which had gathered together, resuming their line of formation with great rapidity on either side as soon as it was crossed, and continuing to drive the enemy at all points, his camp being reached and taken at one P.M., and his rout being complete along the Calpee road.

I must here draw attention to the manner in which the heavy 24-pounder guns were impelled and managed by Captain Peel and his gallant sailors.

Through the extraordinary energy and goodwill with which the latter have worked, their guns have been constantly in advance throughout our late operations, from the relief of Lucknow till now, as if they were light field pieces, and the service rendered by them in clearing our front has been incalculable. On this occasion there was the sight beheld of 24-pounder guns advancing with the first line of skirmishers.

Without losing any time, the pursuit with cavalry, infantry, and light artillery was pressed with the greatest eagerness to the fourteenth milestone on the Calpee road, and I have reason to believe that every gun and cart of ammunition, which had been in that part of the enemy's position which had been attacked, now fell into our possession.

I had the satisfaction of accompanying the troops engaged in the pursuit, and of being able to bear witness to their strenuous endeavours to make the most of the success which had been achieved.

When I passed the camp and went forward on the Calpee road, Major-General Mansfield was desired by me to make arrangements for the attack of the position called the Subadar's Tank, which extended round the left rear of the enemy's position in the old cantonments. As this operation was a separate one, I beg to enclose, for your Lordship's consideration, the Major-General's own narrative.

The troops having returned from the pursuit at midnight on the 6th, and their baggage having reached them on the afternoon of the next day, Brigadier General Grant was detached in pursuit on the 8th, with the cavalry, some light artillery, and a brigade of infantry, with orders to destroy public buildings belonging to the Nana Sahib at Bithoor, and to press on to Serai Ghât, twenty-five miles from hence, if he had good tidings of the retreating enemy. This duty was

admirably performed by the Brigadier-General, and he caught the enemy when he was about to cross the river with his remaining guns.

The Brigadier-General attacked him with great vigour, and by the excellent disposition he made of his force, succeeded in taking every gun the enemy possessed, without losing a single man. I have the pleasure to enclose the Brigadier-General's report for your Lordship's perusal.

It now remains for me to bring to your Lordship's notice the officers who have distinguished themselves during the series of operations which have occurred under my own eyes, since this field force left the neighbourhood of Lucknow.

I have a particular pleasure in again bringing to your Lordship's notice the zeal and great ability with which Major-General W. R. Mansfield, chief of the staff, has conducted the very important duties of his high position, and of my obligations to him for the most valuable assistance he has afforded me during the whole of the recent operations. I desire also to call your Lordship's attention to the able and distinguished manner in which he conducted the troops placed under his orders, after the enemy's centre had been divided, to the attack of their strong position at the Subadar's Tank, and to recommend to your Lordship's favourable consideration the names of the officers who assisted him.

I have to thank Brigadier-General Hope Grant, C.B., very particularly, for the admirable manner in which he has conducted the duties of the force, and more particularly for his exertions on the 6th December, and the capital operations he performed on the 8th and 9th. The Brigadier-General speaks in the highest terms of his divisional and personal staff, viz., Captain W. Hamilton, Deputy-Assistant Adjutant-General; Lieutenant F. S. Roberts, Deputy-Assistant Quartermaster-General; Captain the Honourable A. H. Anson, Aide-de-Camp; Lieutenant C. W. Havelock, Extra Aide-de-Camp; and Captain H. M. Wilson, Deputy Judge Advocate General.

I have the greatest satisfaction in bringing to your Lordship's notice Brigadiers Greathed, the Honourable A. Hope, Walpole, and Inglis. These officers have all exerted themselves to the utmost, and have fully justified my expectations. They desire to record their obligations to the officers commanding corps in their respective brigades, and to their brigade staff, as follows:—

Captain Hinde, Her Majesty's 8th Regiment; Lieutenant-Colonel Wells, Her Majesty's 23d Fusiliers; Major Lowe, Commanding Her Majesty's 32d Regiment; Lieutenant-Colonel Kelly, Her Majesty's 38th Regiment; Lieutenant-Colonel Thorold, Her Majesty's 42d Highlanders; Colonel Faber, Her Majesty's 53d Regiment; Major Bingham, Her Majesty's 64th Regiment; Lieutenant-Colonel Hale, Her Majesty's 82d Regiment; Lieutenant-Colonel Leith Hay, Her Majesty's 93d Highlanders; Lieutenant-Colonel Horsford, 3d Battalion Rifle Brigade; Lieutenant-Colonel Fyers, 2d Battalion Rifle Brigade; Captain Green, Commanding 2d Punjaub Infantry; Lieutenant W. C. L. Ryves, Commanding 4th Punjaub Rifles; Captain J. M. Bannatyne, Brigade Major 3d Brigade; Captain J. H. Cox, Brigade Major 4th Brigade; Captain Lightfoot, Brigade Major 5th Brigade; Lieutenant C. A. Barwell, Brigade Major 6th Brigade.

Owing to his knowledge of the ground I requested Major-General Windham to remain in command of the entrenchment, the fire of which was a very important feature in the operations of the 6th December, although I felt and explained to General Windham that it was a command hardly worthy of an officer of his rank. He gave me

every satisfaction, and I have to thank him accordingly.

I must particularly notice the exertions of Captain H. W. Norman, Assistant Adjutant-General of the Army; of Captain Herbert Bruce, Deputy Quartermaster-General; and of Captain J. H. Smyth, Bengal Artillery, the latter of whom had been requested by me to take command of the artillery in the entrenchment, as a special duty.

Captain Smyth has rendered other great and valuable services since he left Calcutta, of which I have not had an opportunity before of recording my approval.

I desire also to bring to your Lordship's favourable notice the officers on the General Staff, or belonging to the Personal Staff of myself or Major-General Mansfield, viz., Captain H. R. Garden, Assistant Quartermaster-General; Lieutenant G. Allgood, and Captain T. A. Carey, Deputy Assistants Quartermaster-General; Captain G. C. Hatch, Deputy Judge-Advocate General of the Army; Captain Sir David Baird, Bart., my first Aide-de-Camp; Captain J. Metcalfe, Interpreter; Lieutenant W. O. Lennox, Royal Engineers; Captain W. Rudman, Acting-Assistant Adjutant-General, Her Majesty's Forces; Lieutenant Hope Johnstone, Deputy-Assistant Adjutant-General to the Chief of the Staff; Lieutenant F. M. Alison, and Captain Forster, my Aides-de-Camp; and Captain Mansfield and Lieutenant D. M. Murray, Aide-de-Camp and Extra Aide-de-Camp to the Chief of the Staff.

To the crew of Her Majesty's ship Shannon, and to the Royal and Bengal Artillery, my thanks are alike due; but more particularly to Captain Peel, C.B., Royal Navy; to Brigadier Crawford, Royal Artillery, and to Major Turner, Bengal Horse Artillery. I cannot refrain from again drawing your Lordship's most marked attention to the very distinguished merits of the last-named (Major Turner).

As is always the case in the three services, the batteries and troops were manœuvred with remarkable dexterity.

Captain Peel has brought to my favourable notice Lieutenant Vaughan, Royal Navy, and I should much wish that this recommendation may be known at the Admiralty; and Brigadier Crawford has expressed his obligations to his Brigade-Major, Captain H. L. G. Bruce, Bengal Artillery, and has mentioned with marked distinction all the officers holding commands, viz., Captain Travers, Commanding Royal Artillery; Captains Remington and Blunt, Commanding Troops of Bengal Horse Artillery; Captains Middleton and Smith, Royal Artillery; and Captain Bouchier, Bengal Artillery, Commanding Light Field Batteries; Captain Longden, Royal Artillery, Commanding a heavy battery; and Lieutenant Bridge, commanding two guns, Madras Horse Artillery.

Major-General Dupuis, C.B., Royal Artillery, commanding the artillery during the action, in consequence of his accidental presence in camp, and I beg to thank him for his exertions, as well as those of his Staff, viz., Lieut-Colonel Adye, C.B., R.A., Assistant-Adjutant-General, and Captain Greene, R.A., Aide-de-Camp.

Colonel Harness, Royal Engineers, was also present in the same manner, and accompanied me throughout the action.

General Grant has also brought to my notice the distinguished conduct of Brigadier Little, commanding the cavalry, as also of Officers commanding corps in that Brigade, and its Staff Officers, viz. —

Major Ouvry, 9th Lancers; Lieutenant Watson, 1st Punjaub Cavalry; Lieutenant Probyn, 2d

Punjaub Cavalry; Lieutenant Younghusband, 5th Punjaub Cavalry; Lieutenant H. Gough, Hodson's Horse; and Captain H. A. Sarel, Major of Brigade.

During the pursuit of the 6th, and the operation of the 9th, the cavalry maintained that high character for dash and perseverance, which have distinguished them since they took the field, in the numerous engagements of their long campaign.

I desire also to mention Major Payne, of the 53d Regiment, whom I saw performing very valuable service during the first advance on the 6th instant.

I must not allow this opportunity to pass without bearing my testimony to the unwearied zeal and assiduity of the Superintending Surgeon, Doctor J. C. Brown, Bengal Artillery, which have never flagged for an instant, and have been of the greatest use to the force in the field from the time when the troops first took the field, before going to Delhi.

I beg to recommend him most particularly to your Lordship's favourable consideration.

Annexed are returns of killed and wounded, and of captured ordnance, as well as a sketch of the ground.

I have, &c.,
C. CAMPBELL, General,
Commanding-in-Chief.

No. 6.

Major-General W. Mansfield to the Commander-in-Chief.

Head-Quarters, Camp, Cawnpore,
December 10th, 1857.

SIR,

IN obedience to your Excellency's instructions, when I left your side after the capture of the enemy's camp, on the afternoon of the 6th December, I proceeded to make the arrangements for taking the position called the Subadar's Tank, in rear of the enemy's left, and about a mile and a half in a direct line from the entrenchment through the old cantonments.

Before advancing, measures were taken for the safe guard of the captured camp, Colonel Kelly, with a wing of 38th Foot, being placed in position for that purpose, in addition to the 23d Regiment, which had already been left there by your Excellency.

These two regiments repelled an attack in the course of the afternoon, and took two guns from the enemy.

The 93d Highlanders, who had been placed on the Grand Trunk Road, beyond the camp to the left, at the time that your Excellency gave the orders for pressing the pursuit of the enemy along the Calpee Road, were now, at 2 P.M., beginning to suffer from the enemy's guns, which were in position about one thousand yards in their front, in the enclosures between them and the Tank.

They were advanced a short distance with Captain Middleton's Field Battery, R.A., which answered the enemy's guns, until the Rifle Brigade under Brigadier Walpole, and the heavy field battery under Captain Longden, R.A., could be brought up.

In the course of half an hour this had taken place, and the heavy field battery pushed along the road intersecting the Great Trunk Road about a mile to the left of the enemy's camp, and leading directly to the old cantonment.

The Rifles were extended in skirmishing order some (300) three hundred yards on each side of the road, slightly in advance of the heavy guns, the Highlanders being kept in reserve.

These arrangements having been made, the advance took place, and the enemy began to give way immediately, successive positions being taken up, and a rapid fire maintained by Captain Longden and Captain Middleton, of the R.A., the Rifles passing through the enclosures to the right, and the broken ground to the left of the road, with much spirit, under the able directions of Brigadier Walpole.

On the entrance of the village being reached, which may be distinguished as the soldier's burial-ground, although the enclosures were still held to a certain degree by the enemy, it appeared to me expedient to push the field battery through the village at a gallop, and take position in the plain, with the tank on the right, the infantry being desired to press forward as fast as they could.

This was done very well by Captain Middleton, R.A., and he had the satisfaction of firing at the enemy's guns as they disappeared along the Bithoor road, whilst the Rifles were still running up to his support.

The position was then fairly occupied. Brigadier Hope coming up with the reserve of Highlanders and taking charge of the picquets which were thrown out on the line of the enemy's retreat.

About 4 P.M., the position which had been taken was attacked by artillery, brought by the enemy from the old cantonment.

These guns might have been taken; but I refrained from giving the necessary order, being aware that it was contrary to your Excellency's wish to involve the troops among the inclosures and houses of the old cantonment; and that, if the slightest advance had been made in that quarter, it would have been necessary, at whatever loss, to make no stop till the entrenchment should have been reached.

When Captain Longden's and Captain Middleton's batteries had almost succeeded in silencing the enemy's fire, the position was attacked by some guns of the enemy from the broken ground of the plain on exactly the opposite side.

They could not be seen, except by their smoke.

They were, however, answered quickly, and all the men and field hospital, &c., having been put under tolerable cover, no harm was suffered by the troops in consequence of this attack.

At dusk I had the satisfaction of seeing large bodies of the enemy's infantry and cavalry move round to the west of the position about a mile distant, in full retreat.

It not being possible to communicate with your Excellency after sunset, the position taken up being almost isolated, and, as reported to me, there being considerable numbers of the enemy still in occupation of the town and old cantonment, the picquets all round the position were slightly strengthened, and the troops bivouacked by their arms.

Everything having been quiet through the night, the Highlanders were withdrawn the next morning, and replaced by the 38th Foot, under your Excellency's orders.

My thanks are eminently due to Brigadier Walpole, who commanded the advance, and Brigadier Hope, commanding the reserve; to Captains Middleton and Longden, commanding the batteries of artillery, and to my Aide-de-Camp, Captain Mansfield, who was of the greatest use to me till he was unfortunately severely wounded, after the guns had passed the village.

Captain Herbert Bruce, Deputy Quartermaster-General, whose merits are so highly considered by your Excellency, distinguished himself very much

by his knowledge and appreciation of the ground, and was the cause of my being able to direct the troops with tolerable certainty.

The Brigadiers report very highly on the conduct of the officers commanding corps, viz:—

Lieutenant-Colonel A. S. L. Hay, 93d Highlanders.

Lieutenant-Colonel Horsford, 3d Battalion, Rifle Brigade.

Brevet-Lieutenant-Colonel Fyers, 2d Battalion, Rifle Brigade.

I have, &c.

W. R. MANSFIELD, Major-General,
Chief of the Staff.

No. 7.

Brigadier-General Hope Grant to Major-General Mansfield, Chief of the Staff.

SIR, Camp, Serai Ghât, December 11, 1857.

At mid-day on the 8th instant, having received his Excellency the Commander-in-Chief's orders, through you, to march to Bithoor, and, if I thought it advisable, or heard of any of the rebels' guns being at Serai Ghât, a ferry about twenty-five miles above Cawnpore, on the Ganges, to proceed there, I started with the force named in the margin,* and from what I could learn on the road I had reason to believe that a certain number of guns had been taken to this Ghât. Towards evening I halted the force, and directed the men to have their dinners. I then proceeded on to Soorajpore,—a village on the road within three miles of Serai Ghât, where I halted the force until daylight. I then collected the baggage, and had it placed in a safe spot, covered by a portion of artillery, cavalry, and infantry.

I moved the remainder within about two miles of the Ghât, when I proceeded to reconnoitre with a party of the 9th Lancers, and found on the banks of the river a force assembled, and horsemen, and sepoy with baggage, moving down towards the spot. I immediately ordered up the cavalry and guns; but the road under the banks of the river was of such a dangerous nature from the quicksands, that the heavy 9-pounders of Captain Middleton's Battery, drawn by tired horses, ran great risks of being altogether stopped, and it was only through the hard exertions and praiseworthy conduct of Captain Middleton, Lieutenant Millman, in command of the battery, and the men, that the guns were got through. An 18-pounder of the enemy was here discovered fixed in the quicksand. 2 guns of the field battery having got over this difficulty, and on to the dry bank of the river, soon got into position; and, under a very severe fire from 13 of the rebels' guns, Lieutenant Millman brought his guns into play. Soon after, Captain Remington's troop galloped up, and took up a most admirable position, covered by the bank

	Men.	Guns.
*1st Troop 1st Brigade Horse	83	5
Artillery ...	...	...
7th Company 14th Battalion	139	6
Royal Artillery ...	...	...
9th Lancers ...	327	...
5th Punjaub Cavalry ...	85	...
Hodson's Horse ...	109	...
<i>4th Brigade.</i>		
42d Highlanders ...	403	...
53d Foot ...	413	...
93d Highlanders ...	806	...
4th Punjaub Rifles ...	332	...
	1,954	
Sappers ...	100	2
Total ...	2,797	11

of a ditch, opening on the enemy a flanking fire, which, together with the remainder of the field battery, now came up in half an hour's time, completely silenced the enemy's fire, and put them in full retreat.

A force of the rebels' cavalry upon this came up to try and take our guns; but the 9th Lancers, under Major Ouvry, the 5th Punjaub Horse, under Lieutenant Younghusband, and Hodson's Horse, under Lieutenant Gough, the whole commanded by Brigadier Little, advanced upon them, drove them away, and Lieutenant Younghusband, who was sent out in pursuit with his men, cut up some 80 or 90 stragglers, and took three standards.

The movement of our cavalry towards the rear of the enemy, no doubt had the effect of hurrying their retreat from their guns; but the ground was of such a nature as to prevent the possibility of getting at them before they had got under cover of trees and houses.

The infantry brigade, under Brigadier the Honorable Adrian Hope, was of great use in supporting the advance of the cavalry; but before they reached the ground the enemy were in retreat.

As soon as possible, I sent up the Sikh infantry to secure the guns, and am happy to say 14 brass guns and one 18-pounder, with limbers, waggons, &c., and a large quantity of ammunition, were taken.

The success was complete, and I am truly grateful to God, and happy to say, though the fire of grape from the enemy was most severe and well-placed, falling amongst the artillery like hail, I had not a single man even wounded, and only one horse of Captain Middleton's battery killed. It was truly marvellous and providential. 13 guns, most of them 9-pounders and 24-pounder howitzers, were playing with grape on the gallant artillery, and with round shot upon the cavalry, the former within about 500 yards—and his Excellency is well aware with what precision these rebels fire their guns—yet not one single man was wounded.

I gave directions at once to remove everything from the spot, and the Highlanders, 53d Regiment, and Sikhs, with a most praiseworthy zeal and activity, brought off all the guns, waggons, &c., from the quicksands, beyond which they had been placed. The troops had been marching since 1 o'clock on the 8th, with occasional halts; and the moving in of the guns to a position I had taken up for them within about three-quarters of a mile of the camp, was not accomplished till dusk the following day. They had little to eat or drink for nearly twenty-four hours; but there was not a complaint.

I beg to request you will lay the names of the undermentioned Officers before his Excellency the Commander-in-Chief:—Captain Middleton, who commanded the whole of the artillery, rendered the greatest services both in the action and in the moving of the guns; Lieutenant Millman, who commanded the battery; Captain Remington, who worked his guns admirably, and who was most zealous in giving every assistance to Captain Middleton; Brigadier A. Little, to whom I was much indebted for his cavalry support to the guns, and for the way in which he brought his force to the front on the advance of the enemy;—

Major Ouvry, commanding the 9th Lancers, a most active and zealous Officer;—

Lieutenant Younghusband, commanding 5th Punjaub Cavalry, and Lieutenant Gough, commanding Hodson's Horse; to all of whom my thanks are due for the very able way in which they commanded their regiments;—

Lieutenant Malcolm, commanding the Royal Engineers, and Lieutenant Forbes, commanding

the Bengal Engineers, who, with their men, executed the work entrusted to them with great ability and zeal;—

Brigadier the Honorable A. Hope, commanding the Infantry Brigade, was of the greatest possible assistance, and behaved with his usual well-known gallantry;—

Lieutenant-Colonel Thorold, commanding 42d Highlanders; Colonel Faber, commanding 53d Regiment; Lieutenant-Colonel Leith Hay, commanding 93d Highlanders; and Captain Ryves, commanding 4th Punjaub Infantry;—

My thanks are also due to these Officers for the able manner in which they commanded their regiments:—Captain McLeod, 42d Highlanders, commanding the rear guard; Lieutenant Smith, commanding two 9-pounder guns, who performed the duties entrusted to them to my satisfaction. Captain Anderson, ex-commissariat officer, whose duties were very severe, and Captain Carey, Deputy Assistant Quartermaster General, were most attentive and zealous. Captain Sarel, Brigade-Major of Cavalry, Captain Cox, Brigade-Major of Infantry, deserve my warmest approbation. Captain the Honorable G. A. Anson, my Aide-de-Camp, afforded me on this, as on every other occasion, the greatest assistance. Lieutenant Havelock, Extra Aide-de-Camp, was very useful. Brigadier the Honorable A. Hope talks in the highest strains of Lieutenant A. Butter, 93d Highlanders, his Acting Aide-de-Camp. Captain Bruce, head of the Intelligence Department, rendered me very great assistance in procuring information regarding the movements of the enemy.

I have, &c.,
HOPE GRANT, Brigadier-General,
Commanding Force.

No. 8.

Return of Ordnance, Ammunition Waggons, Ammunition, &c., captured on the 9th of December 1857, at Serai Ghât.

Camp, Serai Ghât, December 10, 1857.

ORDNANCE.

Brass—Eight 9-pounder guns, three 12-pounder howitzers, two 24-pounder howitzers, and one native gun.

Iron—One 18-pounder gun.

Total 15 pieces of Ordnance.

AMMUNITION WAGGONS.

Six for 9-pounder guns, one for 12-pounder howitzers, two for 24-pounder howitzers, one for 18-pounder guns, one 9-pounder waggon body, and four store carts.—Total 15.

AMMUNITION (ROUNDS OF).

540 for 9-pounder guns, 90 for 12-pounder howitzers, 100 for 24-pounder howitzers, and 12 for 18-pounder guns.—Total rounds, 742.

SHOT, WITHOUT POWDER.

150 for 6-pounder guns, 80 for 9-pounder guns, 70 for 24-pounder howitzers, and 10 for 18-pounder guns.—Total 310.

W. W. MIDDLETON, Captain

Commanding

H. W. NORMAN, Captain

Assistant Adjutant-General



No. 9.

Return of Casualties of the Field Force under the Command of General Sir Colin Campbell, G.C.B., Commander-in-Chief, from the 3d to the 8th December (inclusive), 1857.

Head-Quarters, Camp, Cawnpore,
December 1, 1857.

WITH HEAD QUARTERS, STAFF.

1 subaltern, killed; 1 field officer, 1 captain, wounded.

NAVAL BRIGADE.

Marines and Seamen of Her Majesty's ship Shannon—1 serjeant, 2 rank and file, wounded.

ENGINEERS.

Royal Engineers, Bengal and Punjaub Sappers—1 rank and file, wounded.

ARTILLERY.

Royal Artillery, Bengal Artillery, Madras Artillery—2 rank and file, 4 troop horses, killed; 1 captain, 1 serjeant, 16 rank and file, 4 troop horses, wounded; 3 troop horses, missing.

CAVALRY BRIGADE.

Her Majesty's 9th Lancers—1 officer's and 4 troop horses, killed; 1 rank and file, 3 troop horses, wounded; 2 troop horses, missing.

1st Punjaub Cavalry—1 rank and file, killed; 1 captain, 3 troop horses, wounded.

2d Punjaub Cavalry—1 rank and file, 4 troop horses, killed; 3 rank and file, 2 troop horses, wounded.

5th Punjaub Cavalry—1 serjeant, 1 rank and file, killed; 1 troop horse, wounded; 2 troop horses, missing.

3D INFANTRY BRIGADE.

Her Majesty's 8th Regiment—1 subaltern, killed; 2 rank and file, wounded.

Her Majesty's 64th Regiment—2 rank and file, wounded.

2d Punjaub Infantry—2 rank and file, wounded.

4TH INFANTRY BRIGADE.

Her Majesty's 42d Highlanders—1 rank and file, killed.

Her Majesty's 53d Regiment—1 staff, 8 rank and file, wounded.

Her Majesty's 93d Highlanders—1 rank and file, killed; 1 subaltern, 2 serjeants, 9 rank and file, wounded.

4th Punjaub Rifles—5 rank and file, wounded.

5TH INFANTRY BRIGADE.

Her Majesty's 23d Fusiliers—1 rank and file, killed; 2 subalterns, 1 rank and file, wounded.

Her Majesty's 82d Regiment—1 rank and file, killed.

6TH INFANTRY BRIGADE.

Her Majesty's 38th Regiment—1 rank and file, wounded.

Her Majesty's 2d Battalion Rifle Brigade—1 rank and file, killed; 1 subaltern, 1 serjeant, 7 rank and file wounded.

Her Majesty's 3d Battalion Rifle Brigade—1 field officer, 11 rank and file, wounded.

Total—2 subalterns, 1 serjeant, 10 rank and file, 1 officer's and 12 troop horses, killed; 2 field officers, 3 captains, 4 subalterns, 1 staff, 5 serjeants, 71 rank and file, 13 troop horses, wounded; 7 troop horses, missing.

H. W. NORMAN, Captain,
Assistant Adjutant-General of the Army.

No. 10.

List of Officers Killed.

STAFF.

Lieutenant C. J. Salmond, 7th Light Cavalry, Orderly Officer to Brigadier-General Grant.

3D INFANTRY BRIGADE.

Lieutenant T. M. Vincent, H. M.'s 8th Regiment.

List of Officers Wounded.

STAFF.

Major-General W. R. Mansfield, Chief of the Staff, slightly.

Captain J. W. Mansfield, Aide-de-Camp to Chief of the Staff, severely.

ARTILLERY.

Captain C. S. Longden, Royal Artillery, slightly.

CAVALRY.

Captain Forbes, 1st Punjaub Cavalry, slightly.

4TH INFANTRY BRIGADE.

Lieutenant and Adjutant J. MacNeill, H. M.'s 53d Regiment, severely.

Lieutenant H. C. Stirling, H. M.'s 93d Highlanders, severely (since dead).

5TH INFANTRY BRIGADE.

Ensign C. J. Wrench, H. M.'s 23d Fusiliers, severely (accidentally).

Ensign A. Grahame, H. M.'s 23d Fusiliers, severely (accidentally).

6TH INFANTRY BRIGADE.

Ensign Dyce, H. M.'s 2d Battalion Rifle Brigade, severely.

Lieutenant-Colonel A. H. Horsford, H. M.'s 2d Battalion Rifle Brigade, slightly.

H. W. NORMAN, Captain,
Assistant Adjutant-General of the Army.

No. 11.

Return of Ordnance, Ammunition Waggons, &c., captured on the 6th of December 1857, at Cawnpore.

Camp, Cawnpore,
12th December 1857.

ORDNANCE.

Brass—Nine 9-pounder guns, two 24-pounder howitzers, and two 5½-inch mortars.

Iron—One 18-pounder gun, and three 8-inch mortars.

Total—17 guns captured.

AMMUNITION WAGGONS, &c.

Nine 9-pounder ammunition waggons, one 24-pounder howitzer ammunition waggon, one 24-pounder howitzer spare carriage, one 9-pounder spare carriage, ten store carts, one devil cart with gun, two 18-pounder limbers.

Total—25 ammunition waggons, &c., captured.

An immense quantity of shot, shell, and ammunition, of all kinds, was also taken, of which no detailed account can at present be rendered.

W. CRAWFORD, Brigadier,
Commanding Artillery.

No. 12.

Nominal List of Non-Commissioned Officers and Privates of the East India Company's 3d Bengal European Regiment, who have been either Killed or have Died, since the commencement of the outbreak in India, in the month of May 1857.

Fort Agra, December 1, 1857.

- 979 Private Robert Frazier, died in hospital at Agra, 27th May 1857.
- 322 } Private John Conway, died in hospital at
- 376 } Agra, 26th June 1857.
- 1119 Private James Johnson, died in hospital at Agra, 26th June 1857.
- 20 Private Edmond Burke, killed in action near Agra, 5th July 1857.
- 63 Private John Gibson, killed in action near Agra, 5th July 1857.
- 1117 Private Charles Girard, killed in action near Agra, 5th July 1857.
- 26 Private James Fitzsimmons, killed in action near Agra, 5th July 1857.
- 860 Private Thomas Parke, killed in action near Agra, 5th July 1857.
- 541 Private Patrick Phillips, killed in action near Agra, 5th July 1857.
- 2020 } Private William Black, killed in action
- 141 } near Agra, 5th July 1857.
- 634 Private Michael Kennedy, killed in action near Agra, 5th July 1857.
- 187 Private James Marsh, killed in action near Agra, 5th July 1857.
- 1131 Private Francis Nolan, killed in action near Agra, 5th July 1857.
- 289 Private Michael Curley, killed in action near Agra, 5th July 1857.
- 273 Private John Dunnovan, killed in action near Agra, 5th July 1857.
- 165 Private William Roche, killed in action near Agra, 5th July 1857.
- 182 Private James Collins, killed in action near Agra, 5th July 1857.
- 1568 } Serjeant Michael Ryan, killed in action
- 140 } near Agra, 5th July 1857.
- 796 } Private Thomas Crilly, killed in action near
- 81 } Agra, 5th July 1857.
- 1075 Private Thomas Clarke, killed in action near Agra, 5th July 1857.
- 2250 } Colour-Serjeant William May, killed in
- 378 } action near Agra, 5th July 1857.
- 1003 Private John Connolly, killed in action near Agra, 5th July 1857.
- 1477 } Private Michael Connors, killed in action
- 439 } near Agra, 5th July 1857.
- 475 Private Patrick Jackson, killed in action near Agra, 5th July 1857.
- 473 Private Richard Jenkins, killed in action near Agra, 5th July 1857.
- 465 Private Patrick Quilty, killed in action near Agra, 5th July 1857.
- 1138 Private John Stewart, killed in action near Agra, 5th July 1857.
- 750 Private James Browne, killed in action near Agra, 5th July 1857.
- 37 } Private John Clare, killed in action near
- 314 } Agra, 5th July 1857.
- 669 Private Edwin Fletcher, killed in action near Agra, 5th July 1857.
- 1125 Private Cornelius Murphy, killed in action near Agra, 5th July 1857.
- 540 Private Samuel B. Parke, killed in action near Agra, 5th July 1857.
- 66 } Colour-Serjeant Daniel McGrath, died from
- 308 } the effects of fatigue in the field, 5th July 1857.

- 2183 } Private James McMahon, died in hospital
- 142 } at the fort of Agra, on the 5th July 1857, from the effects of wounds received in action on that day.
- 227 Private Hugh Wilson, died in hospital at the fort of Agra, on the 5th July 1857, from the effects of wounds received in action on that day.
- 276 Private Charles Hall died in hospital at the fort of Agra, on the 5th July 1857, from the effects of wounds received in action on that day.
- 268 Private James Crowe, died in hospital at the fort of Agra, on the 5th July 1857, from the effects of wounds received in action on that day.
- 1079 Private Henry Edwards, died in hospital at the fort of Agra, on the 5th July 1857, from the effects of wounds received in action on that day.
- 178 Private Morthy Brodin, died in hospital at the fort of Agra, on the 6th July 1857, from the effects of wounds received in action on the 5th July 1857.
- 416 } Private John Plater, died in hospital at
- 382 } the fort of Agra, on the 7th July 1857, from the effects of wounds received in action on the 5th July 1857.
- 1134 Private William Pitkin, died in hospital at the fort of Agra, 11th July 1857.
- 689 Private Patrick Manning, died in hospital at the fort of Agra, on the 13th July 1857, from the effects of wounds received in action on the 5th July 1857.
- 1127 Private James McChain, died in hospital at the fort of Agra, on the 16th July 1857, from the effects of wounds received in action on the 5th July 1857.
- 845 Private James Lawler, died in hospital at the fort of Agra, on the 4th August 1857, from the effects of wounds received in action on the 5th July 1857.
- 650 Private Michael Dunnovan, died in hospital at the fort of Agra, 5th August 1857.
- 167 Private William Scott, died in hospital at the fort of Agra, on the 7th August 1857, from the effects of wounds received in action on the 5th July 1857.
- 231 Private Thomas Wright, died in hospital at the fort of Agra, 9th August 1857.
- 398 Private John McCarthy, died in hospital at the fort of Agra, 17th August 1857.
- 584 Private William Murray, died in hospital at the fort of Agra, 18th August 1857.
- 461 Private Owen Murray, died in hospital at the fort of Agra, 20th August 1857.
- 1037 Private William Armstrong, killed in action near Allyghur, 24th August 1857.
- 668 Private Nicholas Fitzgerald, killed in action near Allyghur, 24th August 1857.
- 846 Private Patrick Leving, killed in action near Allyghur, 24th August 1857.
- 478 Private Peter Lynch, died in hospital at the fort of Agra, 29th August 1857.
- 344 Private Charles Waites, died in hospital at the fort of Agra, 29th August 1857.
- 1023 Private John M'Watt, died in hospital at the fort of Agra, 30th August 1857.
- 22 Serjeant John Boles, died in hospital at the fort of Agra, 5th September 1857.
- 633 Private James Leahy, died in hospital at the fort of Agra, on the 10th September, from the effects of wounds received in action near Allyghur, 24th August 1857.
- 1084 Private Peter Grennan, died in hospital at the Fort of Agra, 18th September 1857.

- 746 Private Thomas McDonnell, died at the convalescent dépôt, Landour, 5th September 1857.
- 68 Private William Nelson, died in hospital at the fort of Agra, 5th October 1857.
- 754 } Private Peter Barry, died in hospital at
135 } the Fort of Agra, on the 8th October 1857,
from the effects of wounds received in action
on 5th July 1857.
- 1088 Private George Highstead, died in hospital at the fort of Agra, 28th October 1857.
- 821 Private Michael Donaghey, died in hospital at the fort of Agra, 29th October 1857.
- 415 Private Frederick Gray, died in hospital at the fort of Agra, 6th November 1857.
- 510 Private Jeremiah McGrath, died in hospital at the fort of Agra, 8th November 1857.
- 962 Private William Secars, died in hospital at the fort of Agra, 8th November 1857.
- 297 Private Patrick Foley, died in hospital at the fort of Agra, 18th November 1857.
- 1068 Private William M'Cletchie, died in hospital at the fort of Agra, 22d November 1857.

WM. RIDDELL, Lieutenant-Colonel,
Commanding 3d Bengal European Regiment.

—
No. 13.

General H. C. Van Cortland, C.B., Commanding Hurriannah Field Force, to Lieutenant-Colonel J Macpherson, Military Secretary to Chief Commissioner.

SIR, Camp, Hansee, November 23, 1857.

I HAVE the honor to forward, for the information of the Chief Commissioner, copy of a report by Captain Stafford, commanding a detachment of my force, regarding the action of the 16th instant, at Narnoul, under Lieutenant-Colonel Gerrard, with the Joudhpoor mutineers and other rebels.

The whole of the troops, and especially the cavalry, seem to have behaved remarkably well. The enemy were completely defeated, and the whole of their guns taken.

Captain Bloomfield was left unwell at Kanond, and the command of the 23d Punjaub Infantry devolved on Lieutenant Hunt, in this engagement.

I have, &c.,

H. C. VAN CORTLAND,
Commanding Hurriannah Field Force.

—
No. 14.

Captain Stafford,

SIR, Camp, Narnool, November 18, 1857.

FOR the information of Captain J. P. Caulfield commanding moveable column,* I have the honor to report the part which the force under my immediate command took in the engagement of the 16th instant, at Narnoul, with the Joudhpoor Legion and other rebels.

2. When we had passed the village of Nusseerpoor, about a quarter of a mile from the enemy's

* Punjab Mounted Police, 70 sabres; Esakhel Horse, 90 sabres; Towannah, 90 sabres; Artillery, 4 six-pounders; 23d Punjaub Infantry, 500 bayonets; Putteeala Infantry, 260 bayonets.

position, the force, in obedience to Lieutenant-Colonel J. G. Gerrard's orders, advanced at deploying distance, 23d Punjaub Infantry on the right, guns in the centre, and Putteeala Infantry on the left, the cavalry being on the extreme left.

3. The force was soon directed to deploy, and the advance was ordered. After two of the enemy's guns were taken, the advance still continued in the same order, until we came to the dry bed of the river. Lieutenant G. G. Pearse, commanding cavalry of the Hurriannah force, was, I much regret to say, here wounded in two places, and the command devolved upon Lieutenant R. A. Hamilton. The guns being unable to cross the nullah, they diverged to the right, and took up a position near the Horse Artillery guns, whilst the 23d Punjaub Infantry and Putteeala Infantry, in company with the 1st Fusiliers, crossed and advanced towards the enemy's camp, which was soon taken, two guns falling into our possession. By order of Captain Caulfield, the infantry under my command returned to where our guns were in position. Some time after this, and when the rebels had returned to their camp, and commenced firing round shot at us with one of the guns which had been previously taken, I was directed to re-occupy the camp with two companies of the 1st Fusiliers and two companies of the 23d Punjaub Infantry; some cavalry, with which Lieutenant Hamilton was, having been despatched to the left, to follow up the mutineers when routed. The camp was attacked in flank, and the gun which had been annoying us was gallantly charged and taken by the 1st Fusiliers, led by Lieutenant Warner. The guns were ordered to be removed, and the infantry was directed to remain in the enemy's camp. I was (*sic*) returned to where the remainder of my force was, and shortly afterwards the serai was taken possession of.

4. My very best thanks are due to all, but more especially to Lieutenants Pearse and Hamilton, commanding the cavalry; Lieutenant Hunt, commanding 23d Punjaub Infantry, and Lieutenant Halcott, commanding Artillery, and whose gunners, lately embodied, behaved remarkably well. My thanks are also due to Sub-Assistant-Surgeon P. A. Minus, in medical charge, for his attention to the wounded.

5. Lieutenant Hunt makes favorable mention of Lieutenant Chatterton, Officiating Adjutant 23d Punjaub Infantry; and Lieutenant Hamilton brings to notice the gallant conduct of Ressaldars Ubdoola Khan, Esakhel Horse; Allum Khan, Towannah Horse; and Shere Mahomed Khan, Mounted Police. Ressaldar Allum Khan's conduct deserves special commendation; for, when the enemy returned to their camp, he took up a position near a temple, and retained it until a reinforcement was brought up, when I saw him there myself. It was here that the Towannahs lost many horses. Lieutenant Halcott reports as follows on the conduct of Serjeant-Major J. H. Jackson, and I have much pleasure in bearing testimony to it:—"I much wish to call your attention to the assistance rendered me by Serjeant-Major J. H. Jackson throughout the day, assistance peculiarly valuable in consequence of my being myself an infantry officer."

6. I beg to enclose a return of killed and wounded.

W. J. F. STAFFORD, Captain,
Commanding Detachment Hurriannah
Field Force.

No. 15.

Return of Killed and Wounded in the Detachment Hurrianah Field Force, in the action of the 16th November 1857, fought at Narnoul.

Punjab Mounted Police—7 horses killed; 1 rank and file wounded.

Kankhel Horse—2 rank and file, 1 horse, killed; 1 European Officer,* 2 rank and file, wounded; 2 horses missing.

Towannah Horse—3 horses killed; 3 rank and file wounded.

Artillery—2 rank and file, 1 bullock, wounded.

23d Punjauh Infantry—1 rank and file killed; 1 jemadar, 2 havildars, 7 rank and file, wounded.

Total—3 rank and file, 16 horses, killed; 1 European Officer, 1 jemadar, 2 havildars, 15 rank and file, 1 bullock, wounded; 2 horses missing.

W. J. F. STAFFORD, Captain,
Commanding Detachment Hurrianah
Field Force.

*Board of Trade, Whitehall,
January 29, 1858.*

The Right Honourable the Lords of the Committee of Privy Council for Trade and Plantations have received, through the Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, a copy of a Despatch from Her Majesty's Chargé d'Affaires at Tangier, reporting that a Decree has been issued by the Sultan of Morocco, prohibiting the exportation of wool from that country.

*Board of Trade, Whitehall,
January 29, 1858.*

The Right Honourable the Lords of the Committee of Privy Council for Trade and Plantations have received, through the Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, a copy of a Despatch from Her Majesty's Consul at Saint Petersburg, reporting that the following modifications have been made in the Russian tariff:—

Cotton pillow cases will be charged with the same duty as the cloth with which they are made.

Coverlets of all kinds, made of tissues not sewn, although hemmed, will be charged with the same duty as the materials of which they are composed. All kinds of sewn coverlets, quilted or wadded, will have to pay a duty of 35 per cent. ad val.

Wooden nails for boots, and dross (scoria) of copper, will be admitted free.

Olive oil imported in vessels of earthenware, tin, &c., except that imported in barrels, will be charged a duty of 2 roubles 40 copecs per pood.

Sea bears' skins, imported under the name of sea dogs' skins, must be specified in the bill of entry as sea bears' skins, and as such, pay 60 copecs per lb. duty.

ADMIRALTY, January 28, 1858.

Admiral of the Blue Sir Edward Tucker, K.C.B., has been appointed to receive a pension of £150 a year, as provided by Her Majesty's Order in Council of 25th June 1851, vacant by the death of Vice-Admiral Sir John Coode, K.C.B., and the name of Admiral Sir Edward Tucker has been removed to the Reserved Half-pay List accordingly; and, in consequence of this

* Name of European Officer wounded, Lieutenant G. G. Pearce, commanding cavalry.

removal, the following promotions, to date from the 20th instant, have this day taken place:

Vice-Admiral Charles Gordon, C.B., on the Reserved Half-pay List, to be Admiral on the same last.

Vice-Admiral of the Red Henry Hope, K.C.B., to be Admiral of the Blue.

Vice-Admiral of the White Sir George Rose Sartorius to be Vice-Admiral of the Red.

Vice-Admiral of the Blue Sir Houston Stewart, K.C.B., to be Vice-Admiral of the White.

Rear-Admiral of the Red George Frederick Rich to be Vice-Admiral of the Blue.

Rear-Admiral of the White Robert Lambert Baynes, C.B., to be Rear Admiral of the Red.

Rear-Admiral of the Blue Sir James Clark Ross to be Rear-Admiral of the White.

Captain the Honourable Edward Howard to be a Rear-Admiral on the Reserved Half-pay List.

Captain Alexander Milne to be Rear-Admiral of the Blue.

The undernamed Officers on the Retired List have also been promoted to be Retired Rear-Admirals on the terms proposed in the London Gazette of the 1st September 1846, without increase of pay:—

Captain Edward Chappell,

Captain John Monday.

WHITEHALL, January 22, 1858.

The Lord Chancellor has appointed Th Andrews, of Bagshot and Chobham, Gentleman, to be a Commissioner to administer oaths in the High Court of Chancery in England.

WHITEHALL, January 4, 1858.

The Right Honourable Sir Alexander Edmund Cockburn, Kut., Lord Chief Justice of Her Majesty's Court of Common Pleas, at Westminster, has appointed Thomas Mingaye Golding, of Walsham-Le-Willows, in the county of Suffolk, Gentleman, to be one of the Perpetual Commissioners for taking the acknowledgments of deeds to be executed by married women, under the Act passed for the abolition of fines and recoveries, and for the substitution of more simple modes of assurance, in and for the county of Suffolk.

Commission signed by the Queen.

2d or Edmonton Royal Rifle Regiment of Middlesex Militia.

Serjeant-Major George Keetles to be Quartermaster, from the 18th November 1857. Dated 12th December 1857.

Commission signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Middlesex.

3d or Royal Westminster Light Infantry Regiment of Middlesex Militia.

Ensign Frederick Alfred Stone to be Lieutenant, vice Gifford, resigned. Dated 11th January 1858.

Commission signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Forfar.

Forfar and Kincardine Regiment of Militia Artillery.

Second Lieutenant Edward Alfred Webster to be First Lieutenant, vice Neill William Snodgrass Kennedy, promoted. Dated 16th January 1858.

Commission signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Lincoln.

Royal North Lincoln Militia.

Henry William Coyne, gent. to be Ensign. Dated 23d January 1858.

County of Louth Regiment of Militia.

William Thomas Cormick, gent. to be Ensign, vice Francis Thomas Burke, resigned. Commission dated 22d December 1857.

THOMAS BOURNE, Clerk of the Peace.

Monaghan or 121st Regiment of Militia.

The following Commission has been signed by the Right Honourable Lord Rossmore, Lieutenant of the County of Monaghan, viz. —

Matthew B. Naughton, gent. to be Ensign, vice Robert Thomson, appointed to the 97th Foot. Date of Commission 21st January 1858. Dated this 25th day of January 1858.

MAURICE PEPPARD WARREN LEWIS, Clerk of the Peace for the County of Monaghan.

Henry Tozer, of No. 3, Dean Street, Soho, Middlesex, tin plate worker and japanner, and of No. 3, Cranbourne Street, Leicester Square, Middlesex, milliner. Thomas Berris, of Gun Street, Reading, Berks, licensed victualler.

John Dales, of Pimlico, Westminster, Middlesex, and of Louth, Lincoln, builder.

Charles Hitchman, of Warwick, licensed victualler. William Riley and William Tomkinson Riley, of Millfield Works and Regent Works, Bilston, Highfields Works, Sedgley, and Bentley Works, Walsall, Stafford, ironmasters, coalmasters, fire brick makers, and provision dealers.

John Cook, of Birmingham, Warwick, spirit merchant. Henry Baker, of Nottingham, lace manufacturer.

Samuel Holland Briggs, late of Nottingham, lace manufacturer, now prisoner for debt in the Town Gaol of Nottingham aforesaid.

Thomas Horsfall and John Horsfall, of Shipley, York, machine makers.

Matthew Brown and John Brown, both of Bradford, York, wool-staplers, and carrying on business in copartnership under the firm of Matthew Brown and Company.

James France, of Brownhill, Cartworth, Kirkburton, York, woollen cloth manufacturer.

Bernard Theodore Pechmann, of Liverpool, Lancaster, merchant.

BANKRUPTS
FROM THE LONDON GAZETTE.

BANKRUPTCIES AWARDED.

- ✓ Cranbrook John Whitnall, of High Street, Canterbury, Kent, tailor and draper.
- ✓ William Wood, of Milton-next-Gravesend, Kent, builder and undertaker.
- ✓ Edward John Williams, of Upper East Smithfield, Middlesex, shipowner.
- ✓ James Freshwater, of No. 44, Poultry, London, tea dealer and grocer, trading under the style or firm of James Freshwater & Company.
- ✓ David Waddington Ambler, of Tunstall, Stafford, draper.
- ✓ Robert Cooke, of Liverpool, Lancaster, hatter.
- ✓ Henry Scott, of Elsworth, Cambridge, draper, grocer, and baker.

GENERAL AVERAGE PRICE OF BRITISH CORN, per QUARTER,

Received in the Week ended January 23, 1858.

Wheat.		Barley.		Oats.		Rye.		Beans.		Peas.	
s.	d.	s.	d.	s.	d.	s.	d.	s.	d.	s.	d.
48	9 8/45	37	6 8/36	22	4 4/80	32	0	39	4 3/27	39	5 7/21

AGGREGATE AVERAGE OF SIX WEEKS.

Wheat.		Barley.		Oats.		Rye.		Beans.		Peas.	
s.	d.	s.	d.	s.	d.	s.	d.	s.	d.	s.	d.
48	3	36	7	22	6	33	0	39	6	40	1

Published by Authority of Parliament,
HENRY FENTON JADIS,
Comptroller of Corn Returns.
Board of Trade, Corn Department.

BANK OF ENGLAND.

AN ACCOUNT, pursuant to the Act 7th and 8th Victoria, cap. 32, for the Week ending on Wednesday the 27th day of January 1858.

ISSUE DEPARTMENT.

<p>Notes issued, £. 29,083,340</p> <hr/> <p style="text-align: right;">£29,083,340</p>	<p style="text-align: right;">£</p> <p>Government Debt, 11,015,100</p> <p>Other Securities, 3,459,900</p> <p>Gold Coin and Bullion, ... 14,608,340</p> <p>Silver Bullion,.....</p> <hr/> <p style="text-align: right;">£29,083,340</p>
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Dated the 28th day of January 1858.

M. MARSHALL, Chief Cashier.

BANKING DEPARTMENT.

<p style="text-align: right;">£.</p> <p>Proprietors' Capital..... 14,553,000</p> <p>Reserve..... 3,701,136</p> <p>Public Deposits, (including Exchequer, Savings' Banks, Commissioners of National Debt, and Dividend Accounts)..... 3,248,893</p> <p>Other Deposits..... 18,175,558</p> <p>Seven Day and other Bills..... 865,487</p> <hr/> <p style="text-align: right;">£40,544,074</p>	<p style="text-align: right;">£.</p> <p>Government Securities (including Dead Weight Annuity)..... 9,287,580</p> <p>Other Securities..... 21,047,480</p> <p>Notes 9,418,630</p> <p>Gold and Silver Coin..... 790,384</p> <hr/> <p style="text-align: right;">£40,544,074</p>
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Dated the 28th day of January 1858.

M. MARSHALL, Chief Cashier.

AN ACCOUNT of the Importations and Exportations of Bullion and Specie registered in the Week ended 27th January 1858.

Countries from which Imported.	Imported into the United Kingdom.					
	GOLD.			SILVER.		
	Coin.	Bullion.	Total.	Coin.	Bullion.	Total.
	Ounces.	Ounces.	Ounces.	Ounces.	Ounces.	Ounces.
Hansetowns	16,478	...	16,478	...	...	...
Belgium	1,661	...	1,661	6,000	46,000	52,000
France	5,660	...	5,660	18,240	175,800	194,040
Portugal	5,400	...	5,400	48,376	3,045	46,421
United States	32,205	4,719	36,924	44,556	...	44,556
South America and West Indies	2,623	29,041	31,664	6,596	112,859	119,455
Other Countries	1,001	...	1,001	17,326	...	17,326
...
...
...
...
...
Aggregate of the Importations } registered in the Week ... }	65,028	33,760	98,788	136,094	337,704	473,798
Approximate Value of the said } Importations computed at the rates specified below ... }	£	£	£	£	£	£
	247,948	118,160	366,103	34,178	92,868	127,046
Rates of Valuation, per ounce	£ s. d. 3 15 0 to 3 17 10½	£ s. d. 3 10 0	...	s. d. s. d. 5 0¼ to 5 1½	s. d. 5 6	...

Countries to which Exported.	Exported from the United Kingdom.							
	GOLD.				SILVER.			
	Coin.		Bullion.	Total.	Coin.		Bullion.	Total.
British.	Foreign.	British.			Foreign.			
	Ounces.	Ounces.	Ounces.	Ounces.	Ounces.	Ounces.	Ounces.	
Hansetowns .....	...	718	...	718	...	160	...	160
Holland .....	...	140	120	260	...	1,600	65,000	66,600
France .....	...	4,400	3,800	8,200	...	10,600	...	10,600
Portugal	694	795	...	1,489	...	...	...	...
United States	1,185	...	...	1,185	...	...	...	...
Other Countries .....	...	50	...	50	...	...	...	...
Aggregate of the Exportations } registered in the Week ... }	1,879	6,103	3,920	11,902	...	12,360	65,000	77,360
Approximate Value of the said } Exportations computed at the rates specified below ... }	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£
	7,316	23,141	13,720	44,177	...	3,103	17,875	20,978
Rates of Valuation, per ounce	£ s. d. 3 17 10½	£ s. d. 3 15 10	3 10 0	...	...	s. d. 5 0¼	s. d. 5 6	...

AN ACCOUNT pursuant to the Act 8 and 9 Vict., cap. 38, of the Amount of BANK NOTES authorized by Law to be Issued by the several Banks of Issue in SCOTLAND, and the Average Amount of Bank Notes in Circulation, and of Coin held during the four weeks ending Saturday the 16th day of January 1858.

Name and Title as set forth in Licence.	Name of the Firm.	Head Office or Principal Place of Issue.	Circulation authorized by Certificate.	Average Circulation during four Weeks ending as above.			Average Amount of Coin held during four Weeks ending as above.		
				£5 and upwards.	Under £5.	Total.	Gold.	Silver.	Total.
Bank of Scotland	{ The Governor and Company of the Bank of Scotland	Edinburgh	£ 300485	168400	312942	481342	300008	18678	318686
Royal Bank of Scotland	Royal Bank of Scotland	Edinburgh	183000	156405	234445	390850	333288	18329	351617
British Linen Company	British Linen Company	Edinburgh	438024	197836	329432	527269	261317	21964	283281
Commercial Bank of Scotland	Commercial Bank of Scotland	Edinburgh	374880	184322	328204	512526	270478	25209	295688
National Bank of Scotland	National Bank of Scotland	Edinburgh	297024	146860	253040	399900	174030	25812	199842
Union Bank of Scotland	Union Bank of Scotland	Edinburgh	454346	193367	352729	546096	241831	26896	268728
Edinburgh and Glasgow Bank	Edinburgh and Glasgow Bank	Edinburgh	136657	55592	77742	133334	25658	6654	32312
Aberdeen Town and County Banking Company	{ Aberdeen Town and County Banking Company	Aberdeen	70133	42090	75163	117253	58452	4392	62844
North of Scotland Banking Company	North of Scotland Banking Company	Aberdeen	154319	75686	100723	176409	58161	9227	67388
Dundee Banking Company	Dundee Banking Company	Dundee	33451	14175	24713	38888	43593	2518	46111
Eastern Bank of Scotland	Eastern Bank of Scotland	Dundee	33636	14374	22432	36806	22682	2428	25111
Western Bank of Scotland	{ Western Bank of Scotland, the Greenock Bank, the Dundee Union Bank, the Paisley Commercial Bank, and Ayrshire Banking Company	Glasgow	337938	102742	96204	198946	65075	2915	67990
Clydesdale Banking Company	Clydesdale Banking Company	Glasgow	104028	87732	115449	203182	149227	17008	166235
City of Glasgow Bank	City of Glasgow Bank	Glasgow	72921	63893	66406	130300	88080	27031	115111
Caledonian Banking Company	Caledonian Banking Company	Inverness	53434	20713	51307	72021	29285	6978	36263
Central Bank of Scotland	Central Bank of Scotland	Perth	42933	18477	36949	55426	29587	4045	33633

I hereby certify, that each of the Bankers named in the above Return, who have in Circulation an Amount of Notes beyond that authorised in their Certificate, with the exception of
 this Return relates. have held an amount of Gold and Silver Coin, not less than that which they are required to hold during the period to which

Dated this 28th day of January 1858.

J. MICHAEL, Officer of Stamp Duties.

STATIONS OF THE BRITISH ARMY on the 1st FEBRUARY 1858.

Where two Places are mentioned, the last named is that at which the Depôt of the Regiment is Stationed.

CAVALRY.

- 1st Life Guards, Regent's Park.
- 2d Ditto, Hyde Park.
- Royal Horse Guards, Windsor.
- 1st Dragoon Guards, Madras—Canterbury.
- 2d Ditto, Bengal—Canterbury.
- 3d, Bombay—Canterbury.
- 4th, Manchester.
- 5th, York.
- 6th, Bengal—Maidstone.
- 7th, Kurrachee—Canterbury.
- 1st Dragoons, Dublin.
- 2d (Greys), Dublin.
- 3d Light, Newbridge.
- 4th, Aldershott.
- 6th, Aldershott.
- 7th Hussars, Bengal—Canterbury.
- 8th Hussars, Bombay—Canterbury.
- 9th Lancers, Bengal—Maidstone.
- 10th Hussars, Sheffield.
- 11th Hussars, Hounslow.
- 12th Lancers, Madras—Maidstone.
- 13th Light Dragoons, Newbridge.
- 14th Ditto, Bombay—Maidstone.
- 15th Hussars, Norwich.
- 16th Lancers, Piershill.
- 17th Do. Bombay—Canterbury.

MILITARY TRAIN.

- 1st Battalion, Shorncliffe.
- 2d Do. Bengal.
- 3d Do. Woolwich.
- 4th Do. Curragh Camp.
- 5th Do. Woolwich.
- 6th Do. Aldershott.
- Depôt—Horfield Barracks.

FOOT GUARDS.

- Grenadier Guards, (1st Battalion) St George's Barracks.
- Do. (2d Battalion) Wellington Barracks.
- Do. (3d Battalion) Tower of London.
- Coldstream Guards, (1st Battalion) Wellington Barracks.
- Do. (2d Battalion) Dublin.
- Scotch Fusilier Guards, (1st Battalion) Portsmouth.
- Do. (2d Battalion) Windsor.

INFANTRY.

- 1st Foot, (1st Battalion) Bengal—Colchester.
- (2d Battalion) Gibraltar—Perth.
- 2d, (1st Battalion) Cape of Good Hope—Deal.
- (2d Battalion) Shorncliffe.
- 3d, (1st Battalion) Corfu—Limerick.
- (2d Battalion) Canterbury.
- 4th, (1st Battalion) Mauritius—Deal.
- (2d Battalion) Newport (Monmouthshire).
- 5th, (1st Battalion) Bengal—Colchester.
- (2d Battalion) Newcastle.
- 6th, (1st Battalion) India—Parkhurst.
- (2d Battalion) Preston.
- 7th, (1st Battalion) Bengal—Chatham.
- (2d Battalion) Preston.
- 8th, (1st Battalion) Bengal—Chatham.
- (2d Battalion) Buttevant.
- 9th, (1st Battalion) Sunderland—Limerick.
- (2d Battalion) Yarmouth.
- 10th, (1st Battalion) Bengal—Chatham.
- (2d Battalion) Mullingar.
- 11th, (1st Battalion) New South Wales—Fermoy.
- (2d Battalion) Exeter.
- 12th, (1st Battalion) Tasmania—Deal.
- (2d Battalion) Cape of Good Hope—Parkhurst.
- 13th, (1st Battalion) Bengal—Fermoy.
- (2d Battalion) Winchester.
- 14th, (1st Battalion) Malta—Fermoy.
- (2d Battalion)
- 15th, Aldershott—Isle of Wight.
- 16th, Curragh Camp—Templemore.
- 17th, Quebec—Limerick.
- 18th, Bombay—Chatham.
- 19th, Bengal—Chatham.
- 20th, Bengal—Chatham.
- 21st, Malta—Perth.
- 22d, Sheffield—Winchester.
- 23d, Bengal—Chatham.
- 24th, Bengal—Chatham.
- 25th, Gibraltar—Pembroke.
- 26th, Bermuda—Walmer.
- 27th, Bengal—Chatham.
- 28th, Malta—Fermoy.
- 29th, Bengal—Chatham.
- 30th, Dublin—Isle of Wight.

- 31st, Gibraltar—Pembroke.
- 32d, Bengal—Chatham.
- 33d, Bombay—Fermoy.
- 34th, Bengal—Colchester.
- 35th, Bengal—Chatham.
- 36th, Manchester—Athlone.
- 37th, Bengal—Colchester.
- 38th, Bengal—Colchester.
- 39th, Quebec—Templemore.
- 40th, Melbourne—Belfast.
- 41st, Jamaica—Walmer.
- 42d, Bengal—Aberdeen.
- 43d, Madras—Chatham.
- 44th, Madras—Colchester.
- 45th, Cape of Good Hope—Parkhurst.
- 46th, Corfu—Templemore.
- 47th, Portsmouth—Fermoy.
- 48th, Gibraltar—Fermoy.
- 49th, Barbadoes—Walmer.
- 50th, Ceylon—Parkhurst.
- 51st, Bombay—Chatham.
- 52d, Bengal—Chatham.
- 53d, Bengal—Chatham.
- 54th, Bengal—Colchester.
- 55th, Dublin—Jersey.
- 56th, Bombay—Colchester.
- 57th, Malta—Fermoy.
- 58th, New Zealand—Belfast.
- 59th, Hong Kong—Athlone.
- 60th, (1st Battalion) Bengal—Colchester.
- Do. (2d Battalion) Cape of G. Hope—Winchester.
- Do. (3d Battalion) Madras—Colchester.
- Do. (4th Battalion) Winchester.
- 61st, Bengal—Chatham.
- 62d, Nova Scotia—Birr.
- 63d, Nova Scotia—Birr.
- 64th, Bengal—Chatham.
- 65th, New Zealand—Belfast.
- 66th, Madras—Colchester.
- 67th, Plymouth—Athlone.
- 68th, Madras—Fermoy.
- 69th, Madras—Fermoy.
- 70th, Bengal—Chatham.
- 71st, Bombay—Stirling.
- 72d, Bombay—Aberdeen.
- 73d, Cape of Good Hope—Jersey.
- 74th, Madras—Aberdeen.
- 75th, Bengal—Chatham.
- 76th, Dublin—Birr.
- 77th, New South Wales—Jersey.
- 78th, Bengal—Aberdeen.
- 79th, Bengal—Aberdeen.
- 80th, Ceylon—Pembroke.
- 81st, Bengal—Chatham.
- 82d, Bengal—Chatham.
- 83d, Bombay—Chatham.
- 84th, Bengal—Chatham.
- 85th, Cape of Good Hope—Pembroke.
- 86th, Bombay—Chatham.
- 87th, Bengal—Chatham.
- 88th, Bengal—Colchester.
- 89th, Bombay—Fermoy.
- 90th, Bengal—Chatham.
- 91st, Cephalonia—Pembroke.
- 92d, Bombay—Stirling.
- 93d, Bengal—Aberdeen.
- 94th, Bengal—Chatham.
- 95th, Bombay—Fermoy.
- 96th, Aldershott—Isle of Wight.
- 97th, Bengal—Colchester.
- 98th, Bengal—Chatham.
- 99th, Aldershott—Fermoy.
- Rifle Brigade, (1st Battalion), Glasgow—Winchester.
- Ditto, (2d Battalion), Bengal—Colchester.
- Ditto, (3d Battalion), Bengal—Colchester.
- Ditto, (4th Battalion), Chichester.
- Royal Engineers, Brompton, Kent.
- Medical Staff Corps, Brompton, Kent.

COLONIAL REGIMENTS.

- 1st West India Regiment, Bahamas—Chatham.
- 2d, Ditto, Jamaica—Chatham.
- 3d, Ditto, Demerara—Chatham.
- Ceylon Rifle Regiment, Ceylon.
- Cape Mounted Riflemen, Cape of Good Hope.
- Royal Canadian Rifle Regiment, Kingston, Canada.
- Royal Newfoundland Veteran Companies, Newfoundland.
- Royal Malta Fencibles, Malta.
- St Helena Regiment, St Helena.
- Gold Coast Corps, Gold Coast.

NEWSPAPER



EDINBURGH GAZETTE

EMBODIED MILITIA REGIMENTS as at 1st FEBRUARY 1858.

ENGLISH.

Bedford,—Aldershott.
 Berkshire,—Aldershott.
 Cheshire, (2d),—Aldershott.
 Devon (South),—Waterford.
 Gloucestershire (North),—Dublin.
 Kent (East),—Woolwich.
 Lancashire (4th),—Aldershott.
 ... Artillery,—Portsmouth.
 Leicester,—Cork.
 Lincoln (North),—Portsmouth.
 Middlesex (4th),—Athlone.
 ... (5th),—Cork.
 Norfolk, West,—Chester.
 Northampton,—Plymouth.

Nottingham,—Aldershott.
 Oxford,—Woolwich.
 Shropshire,—Dublin.
 Stafford (1st),—Edinburgh.
 ... (2d),—Devonport.
 Surrey (1st),—Clonmel.
 Sussex,—Dover.
 Tower Hamlets,—Newry.
 Warwick (2d),—Aldershott.
 West York (1st),—Shorncliffe.
 ... (2d),—Portsmouth.
 ... (3d),—Aldershott.
 Wiltshire,—Portsmouth.
 Worcestershire,—Curragh Camp.

SCOTCH.

Aberdeen,—Dublin.
 Dumfries,—Aldershott.
 Forfar and Kincardine Artillery,—Dundalk.

Lanark (2d),—Kilkenny.
 Stirling,—Fort-George.

IRISH.

Antrim Rifles,—Dover.
 Cork (North) Rifles,—Shorncliffe.
 Donegal,—Aldershott.
 Down (North) Rifles,—Shorncliffe.
 ... (South),—Aldershott.
 Dublin City,—Aldershott.
 Fermanagh,—Aldershott.

Kerry,—Tralee.
 Louth,—Aldershott.
 Limerick County,—Aldershott.
 Roscommon,—Aldershott.
 Tyrone Fusiliers,—Hamilton.
 Waterford Artillery,—Falmouth.
 Wexford,—Aldershott.

THE AVERAGE PRICE OF BROWN OR MUSCOVADO SUGAR,

The Produce of the British Possessions in AMERICA, Computed from the RETURNS made in the Week ending the 26th day of January 1858,

Is Twenty-eight Shillings and Two Pence Three Farthings per Hundred Weight;

Exclusive of the Duties of Customs paid or payable thereon, on the Importation thereof into GREAT BRITAIN;

THE AVERAGE PRICE OF BROWN OR MUSCOVADO SUGAR,

The Produce of the MAURITIUS, Computed as above, and Exclusive of Duty,

Is Twenty-six Shillings and Three Pence Three Farthings per Hundred Weight;

THE AVERAGE PRICE OF BROWN OR MUSCOVADO SUGAR,

The Produce of the EAST INDIES, Computed as above, and Exclusive of Duty,

Is Sixteen Shillings and Two Pence Farthing per Hundred Weight;

The AVERAGE PRICE of the three foregoing Descriptions of SUGAR jointly,

Computed as above, and Exclusive of Duty,

Is Twenty-seven Shillings and Eight Pence Three Farthings per Hundred Weight.

By Authority of Parliament,

HENRY BICKNELL,

Clerk of the Grocers' Company.

Grocers'-Hall, January 29, 1858.

COUNTY OF HADDINGTON.

IN pursuance of the provisions of the 110th Section of the Act 20th and 21st Victoria, cap. 71, entitled 'An Act for the Regulation of the Care and Treatment of Lunatics, and for the Provision, Maintenance, and Regulation of Lunatic Asylums in Scotland,' the Prison Board of the County of Haddington, at a meeting specially called by public advertisement, in terms of the said section, and held within the County Buildings, Haddington, the 29th day of January current, Resolved that the said County shall be SEVERED from the District of which, by the said Act, it forms part, and be a separate District in itself.—Of which Resolution publication is hereby made, in terms of the Act, by

HENRY M. DAVIDSON,

Clerk to Prison Board.

Haddington, January 29, 1858.

NOTICE.

ALL Persons having Claims against Mrs FLORA MACDONALD or CLARK, who died at 8, St James' Street, Glasgow, on the 22d day of July 1857, are requested to lodge notes thereof, with vouchers, in the hands of her Executor-nominate, Mr Archibald Pollock, at Messrs Lamond & MacLuckie's Writing-Chambers, 36, St Vincent Place, Glasgow, in order to the same being paid; certifying to all concerned, that on the 22d day of February 1858, the Executor will divide the residue, in terms of the deceased's settlement.

LAMOND & MACLUCKIE.

Glasgow, January 30, 1858.

ROBERT M'OWAN, Accountant in Glasgow, Trustee on the sequestrated estates of W. & T. KERR, Wrights and Builders in Glasgow, and of William Kerr and Thomas Kerr, both Wrights and Builders in Glasgow, the only Individual Partners of that Company, as such Partners, and as Individuals, hereby intimates, that accounts of his intrusions with the funds of the estates, and also of the funds belonging to the estate, brought down to the 16th ultimo, have been examined and approved of by the Commissioners, and that they have postponed payment of any dividend till the next statutory period, and authorised the Trustee to dispense with sending circulars to the Creditors.

ROB. M'OWAN, Trustee.

Glasgow, February 1, 1858.

ROBERT FORRESTER, Trustee on the sequestrated estates of JAMES HERBERTSON & BROTHERS, Wrights and Builders in Glasgow, and James Herbertson and Thomas Herbertson, the Individual Partners of that Company, hereby intimates, that his accounts up to the 16th current have been audited and approved of by the Commissioners; and that the payment of a dividend has been postponed till the next statutory period, and circular letters to the Creditors dispensed with.

ROBERT FORRESTER, Trustee.

Glasgow, January 30, 1858.

JAMES SMITH, Accountant in Glasgow, Trustee on the sequestrated estate of ALEXANDER WADELLE SHANKS, of Barbeggs, in the Parish of Cumbernauld, sometime Manufacturer and Commission Agent in Glasgow, and lately residing at Barbeggs aforesaid, now deceased, hereby intimates, that an account of his intrusions with the funds of the estate, brought down to the 12th instant, and state of funds to the same date, have been made up and examined by the Commissioners, who have postponed a dividend, and dispensed with circulars to the Creditors.

JAMES SMITH, Trustee.

20, Buchanan Street,
 Glasgow, January 29, 1858.

THE Estates of JAMES GRAY, Contractor and Saw-Miller, sometime residing in Dundee, now at Four-Mile House, in the County of Forfar, were sequestrated on the 29th day of January 1858, by the Sheriff of Forfarshire.

The first deliverance is dated the 29th day of January 1858.

The meeting to elect the Trustee and Commissioners is to be held at 11 o'clock forenoon, on Thursday the 11th day of February 1858, within the Royal Hotel, Dundee.

A composition may be offered at this meeting; and to entitle Creditors to the first dividend, their oaths and grounds of debt must be lodged on or before the 29th day of May 1858.

A Warrant of Protection against Arrest or Imprisonment for Civil Debt, until the meeting of Creditors for the election of Trustee, has been granted to the Bankrupt.

All future Advertisements relating to this sequestration will be published in the Edinburgh Gazette alone.

JAMES MILLER, Agent,
No. 16, Dock Street, Dundee.

THE Estates of BRYCE & FERGUSON, Manufacturers, Dunfermline, as a Company, and of James Bryce and John Ferguson, Manufacturers there, the Individual Partners of the said Company, as Partners thereof, and as Individuals, were sequestrated on the 29th day of January 1858, by the Sheriff of the County of Fife.

The first deliverance is dated 29th January 1858.

The meeting to elect the Trustee, or separate Trustees and Commissioners, is to be held on Wednesday the 10th day of February 1858, at one o'clock afternoon, within Milne's New Inn, Dunfermline.

A composition may be offered at this meeting; and to entitle Creditors to the first dividend, their oaths and grounds of debt must be lodged on or before the 27th day of May 1858.

A Warrant of Protection against Arrest or Imprisonment for Civil Debt, until the meeting of the Creditors for the election of Trustee, has been granted to the Bankrupts, James Bryce and John Ferguson.

All future Advertisements relating to this sequestration will be published in the Edinburgh Gazette alone.

HENRY BARDNER, Agent,
Writer, Dunfermline.

THE Estates of JAMES CALDER, Draper in Brechin, were sequestrated on the 29th January 1858, by the Sheriff of Forfarshire.

The first deliverance is dated the 29th January 1858.

The meeting to elect the Trustee and Commissioners is to be held at 12 o'clock noon, on Tuesday the 9th day of February 1858, within the Commercial Hotel, Brechin.

A composition may be offered at this meeting; and to entitle Creditors to the first dividend, their oaths and grounds of debt must be lodged on or before the 29th May 1858.

All future Advertisements relating to this sequestration will be published in the Edinburgh Gazette alone.

J. L. GORDON, Brechin, Agent.

THE Estates of JOHN PERRATT, Leather Merchant, and Grocer and Spirit-Dealer in Port-Glasgow, were sequestrated on the 29th day of January 1858 years, by the Sheriff of the County of Renfrew.

The first deliverance is dated the 29th day of January 1858 years.

The meeting to elect the Trustee and Commissioners is to be held at 12 o'clock noon, on Thursday the 11th day of February 1858 years, within the Argyle Inn, Port-Glasgow.

A composition may be offered at this meeting; and to entitle Creditors to the first dividend, their oaths and grounds of debt must be lodged on or before the 29th day of May 1858.

A Warrant of Protection against Arrest or Imprisonment for Civil Debt, until the meeting of Creditors for the election of Trustee, has been granted to the Bankrupt.

All future Advertisements relating to this sequestration will be published in the Edinburgh Gazette alone.

ARCH. MACCALLUM, Writer, Port-Glasgow,
Agent.

THE Estates of WILLIAM LANG, Commission Merchant in Glasgow, as a Partner of the Firm of WILLIAM LANG & COMPANY, Gum Manufacturers and Commission Agents in Glasgow, and as an Individual, were sequestrated on the 1st day of February 1858, by the Sheriff of Lanarkshire.

The first deliverance is dated the 1st day of February 1858.

The meeting to elect the Trustee and Commissioners is to be held at 12 o'clock noon, on Wednesday the 10th day of February 1858, within the Faculty Hall, Saint George's Place, Glasgow.

A composition may be offered at this meeting; and to entitle Creditors to the first dividend, their oaths and grounds of debt must be lodged on or before the 1st day of June 1858.

A Warrant of Protection has been granted to the Bankrupt, till the meeting for election of Trustee.

All future Advertisements relating to this sequestration will be published in the Edinburgh Gazette alone.

JAS. MURDOCH, Agent,
48, West Nile Street; Glasgow.

THE Estates of WILLIAM GOW, Dyer, Mile End, Glasgow, as the sole Partner of the Firm of WILLIAM GOW & COMPANY, Dyers there, as sometime a Partner of the Firm of CHARLES STEWART & COMPANY, also Dyers there, and as an Individual, were sequestrated on the 1st day of February 1858, by the Sheriff of the County of Lanark.

The first deliverance is dated the 1st February 1858.

The meeting to elect the Trustee and Commissioners is to be held at one o'clock afternoon, on the 8th day of February 1858, within the Faculty Hall, Saint George's Place, Glasgow.

A composition may be offered at this meeting; and to entitle Creditors to the first dividend, their oaths and grounds of debt must be lodged on or before the 1st day of June 1858.

A Warrant of Protection has been granted to the Bankrupt.

All future Advertisements relating to this sequestration will be published in the Edinburgh Gazette alone.

GEO. BLACK, Agent,
46, West George Street, Glasgow.

THE Estates of ALEXANDER TURNBULL, Miller, Provan Mill, by Glasgow, were sequestrated on the 1st February 1858, by the Sheriff of Lanarkshire.

The first deliverance is dated 1st February 1858.

The meeting to elect the Trustee and Commissioners is to be held at two o'clock afternoon, on Monday the 8th day of February 1858, within the Faculty Hall, St George's Place, Glasgow.

A composition may be offered at this meeting; and to entitle Creditors to the first dividend, their oaths and grounds of debt must be lodged on or before the 1st day of June 1858.

A Warrant of Protection has been granted to the Bankrupt.

All future Advertisements relating to this sequestration will be published in the Edinburgh Gazette alone.

T. C. YOUNG, Agent, Glasgow.

THE Estates of ANDREW GUTHRIE, Boot and Shoemaker, and Leather Merchant, Kirkgate, Leith, were sequestrated on the 2d day of February 1858, by the Sheriff of the County of Edinburgh.

The first deliverance is dated the same day.

The meeting to elect the Trustee and Commissioners is to be held at two o'clock afternoon, on Wednesday the 10th day of February 1858, within the New Ship Hotel, Shore, Leith.

A composition may be offered at this meeting; and to entitle Creditors to the first dividend, their oaths and grounds of debt must be lodged on or before the 2d day of June 1858.

A Warrant of Protection has been granted to the Bankrupt, till the meeting of Creditors for election of Trustee.

All future Advertisements relating to this sequestration will be published in the Edinburgh Gazette alone.

T. B. FERRIS, W.S., Agent,
6, Nelson Street, Edinburgh.

✓ THE Estates of the Late WILLIAM FRATER, Billiard Room Keeper, No. 17, South St Andrew Street, Edinburgh, and also in Perth and Stirling, and lately residing in No. 9, Rose Street, Edinburgh, were sequestrated on 1st February 1858, by the Court of Session.

The first deliverance is dated 1st February 1858.

The meeting to elect the Trustee and Commissioners is to be held on Tuesday the 9th day of February 1858, at three o'clock afternoon, within the Crown Hotel, Princes Street, Edinburgh.

A composition may be offered at this meeting; and to entitle Creditors to the first dividend, their oaths and grounds of debt must be lodged on or before the 1st day of June 1858.

The Sequestration has been remitted to the Sheriff-Court of Edinburghshire.

All future Advertisements relating to this sequestration will be published in the Edinburgh Gazette alone.

JNO. M. JUNNER, S.S.C., Agent,
6, North St David Street, Edinburgh.

NOTICE.

A Petition has been presented to the Lord Ordinary officiating on the Bills, for THOMAS MOWBRAY, Commission Agent, Edinburgh, Trustee on the sequestrated estate of JOHN MACDONALD, residing in Musselburgh, an Individual Partner of the Western Bank of Scotland, for Recal of the Sequestration of the said John Macdonald.—Of which Intimation is hereby given, in terms of the Statute, and of an Interlocutor of the Lord Ordinary to that effect, dated 2d February 1858.

PATRICK PAUL, S.S.C.,
Petitioner's Agent.

SEQUESTRATION of WILLIAM KILPATRICK, Flesher and Cattle-Dealer, Rothesay, in the County of Bute.

ANDREW RUTHERGLEN, Accountant in Glasgow, has been elected Trustee on the estate; and John Lockhart, Cattle Salesman, Glasgow, Hugh MacDougall, Farmer, Bute, and John Beith, Seed Merchant in Rothesay, have been elected Commissioners. The examination of the Bankrupt will take place in the Sheriff-Court-House, Rothesay, on Tuesday the 9th day of February current, at 12 o'clock noon. The Creditors will meet in the Bute Arms Hotel, Rothesay, on Friday the 19th day of February current, at one o'clock afternoon. At the meeting for the election of Trustee, the Bankrupt made offer of a composition, with security, which was unanimously entertained, and it will be decided upon at the meeting of Creditors to be held as above mentioned, after the examination of the Bankrupt.

WM. FERGUSON, W.S., Agent for Trustee,
1, Dundas Street, Edinburgh.

February 2, 1858.

SEQUESTRATION of JAMES MILN, Flaxspinner, Dundee.

FREDERICK RENNY, Merchant in Dundee, has been elected Trustee on the estate; and William Webster, Merchant, Dundee, George Jameson, Merchant, Dundee, and William Warden Renny, Merchant in Dundee, one of the Partners of the Firm of Hill & Renny, Merchants in Dundee, have been elected Commissioners. The examination of the Bankrupt will take place in the Sheriff-Court-House, Dundee, on Friday the 12th day of February current, at 11 o'clock forenoon. The Creditors will meet in the British Hotel, Dundee, on Monday the 22d day of February current, at 12 o'clock noon.

FRED. RENNY, Trustee.

Dundee, February 1, 1858.

SEQUESTRATION of ALEXANDER HUGH FINLAY, Commission Merchant in Glasgow.

ROBERT DOUIE, Writer in Glasgow, has been elected Trustee on the estate; and William Lyall, Inspector of Weights and Measures, Edwin Taylor Adams, Printseller, and John Morrison, Manufacturer, all in Glasgow, have been elected Commissioners. The examination of the Bankrupt will take place in the Sheriff's Chambers, County Buildings, Glasgow, on Friday the 12th day of February current, at 12 o'clock noon. The Creditors will meet in the Globe Hotel, George Square, Glasgow, on Wednesday the 24th day of February current, at 12 o'clock noon.

ROBERT DOUIE, Trustee.

Glasgow, February 1, 1858.

SEQUESTRATION of WILLIAM SUTHERLAND, Innkeeper and Merchant at Knockinnan, Latheronwheel, in the Parish of Latheron, and Shire of Caithness.

WILLIAM MILLER, Junior, Writer in Wick, has been elected Trustee on the estate; and James Henderson, Esquire of Bilbster, and Peter Reid, Bookseller, Pulteneytown, have been elected Commissioners. The examination of the Bankrupt will take place in the Sheriff-Court-House at Wick, on Tuesday the 9th day of February next, at noon. The Creditors will meet in Leith's Caledonian Hotel, Wick, on Friday the 19th day of February next, at two o'clock afternoon; and to entitle Creditors to the first dividend, their oaths and claims will require to be lodged in the hands of the Trustee on or before the 16th day of May next. At the meeting for the election of the Trustee the Bankrupt made offer of a composition to the Creditors on the whole debts, with security for payment thereof; which offer was unanimously entertained by the Creditors present, and will be decided upon at the meeting of Creditors to be held as above mentioned.

WILLIAM MILLER, Jr. Trustee.

Wick, January 30, 1858.

SEQUESTRATION of GEORGE and PETER ANDERSON, Solicitors, Inverness, as a Company, and George Anderson and Peter Anderson, Solicitors, Inverness, the Individual Partners of that Company, as Partners, and as Individuals.

ALEXANDER SIMPSON, Merchant, Inverness, has been elected Trustee on the estates; and James Macpherson, Solicitor in Inverness, Donald Fraser, Draper in Inverness, and William Smith, Bookseller, Inverness, have been elected Commissioners. The examination of the Bankrupts will take place in the Sheriff Court-House, Inverness, on Tuesday the 9th day of February next, at 12 o'clock noon. The Creditors will meet in the Caledonian Hotel, Inverness, on Saturday the 20th day of February next, at two o'clock afternoon.

ALEX. SIMPSON, Trustee.

Inverness, January 30, 1858.

SEQUESTRATION of DONALD MACARTHUR, Merchant, Inveraray.

WILLIAM JOHNSTONE, Accountant, Glasgow, has been elected Trustee on the estate; and Archibald Fraser, Spirit Merchant in Glasgow, George Lyall, of the Firm of Messrs Lyall & Kerr, Wholesale Grocers in Glasgow, and James Gemmil, Merchant, 48, Hutchison Street, Glasgow, have been elected Commissioners. The examination of the Bankrupt will take place in the Sheriff-Court-House at Inveraray, on Friday the 12th day of February next, at 12 o'clock noon. The Creditors will meet within the Office of Messrs M'Cubbin & Johnstone, Accountants, 16, Frederick Street, Glasgow, on Thursday the 25th day of February next, at two o'clock afternoon.

W. JOHNSTONE, Trustee.

Inveraray, January 30, 1858.

SEQUESTRATION of MURPHY & CUNNINGHAM, Stair Railers, and Cabinet and Chair Makers, Glasgow, as a Company, and Archibald Murphy, Robert Cunningham, and John Cumming, Stair Railers, and Cabinet and Chair Makers there, the Individual Partners of said Company, as such, and as Individuals.

JOHN MANN, Accountant in Glasgow, has been elected Trustee on the estates; and John M'Elroy, Ironfounder in Glasgow, James Morton, Timber Merchant there, and James Papple, Tailor and Clothier there, have been elected Commissioners. The examination of the Bankrupts will take place in Mr Sheriff Smith's Chambers, Court-House, Glasgow, on Tuesday the 9th day of February current, at 12 o'clock noon. The Creditors will meet in the Trustee's Counting-house, No. 153, Queen Street, Glasgow, on Wednesday the 17th day of February current, at two o'clock afternoon.

JNO. MANN, Trustee.

NOTICE.

AS Trustee on the sequestrated estate of ALEXANDER DIEY, Coach Proprietor, Edinburgh, I hereby call a meeting of his Creditors to be held within my Chambers, 59, George Street, Edinburgh, on Thursday the 25th day of February 1858, at two o'clock P.M., to consider as to an application for my discharge as Trustee foresaid.

GEORGE MURRAY, Trustee.

NOTICE.

THOMAS DICKSON CURRIE, Tanner in Dumfries, Trustee on the sequestrated estate of **JOHN MOFFAT**, Tanner and Currier in Annan, hereby calls a meeting of the Creditors to be held within the Queensberry Arms Hotel, Annan, upon Tuesday the 9th day of February 1858, at 12 o'clock noon, for the purpose of electing a Commissioner in the room of James Dixon, Joiner, Annan, who declines to act.

THOMAS DICKSON CURRIE, Trustee.

Dumfries, January 30, 1858.

THE Trustee on the sequestrated estate of **CHARLES SEATON**, residing at Orchardfield, Leith Walk, Leith, hereby calls a general meeting of the Creditors of the said Charles Seaton to be held within the London Hotel, St Andrew Square, Edinburgh, on Friday the 26th day of February current, at three o'clock afternoon, to consider as to an application for his discharge as Trustee upon said estate.

R. CRAWFORD, Trustee.

Edinburgh, February 2, 1858.

WILLIAM ROSS GRANT, Solicitor in Inverness, Trustee on the sequestrated estate of **DONALD FRASER**, Junior, Ironmonger in Inverness, hereby intimates, that at a general meeting of Creditors held on the 27th day of January current, the Bankrupt made an offer of a composition of Twopence per pound (in addition to the dividends already paid,) on the whole debts due by him at the date of his sequestration, and to pay and provide for the expences at present owing, and that may still be incurred in the sequestration, on condition that he should be re-invested in his estate, and discharged of all such debts; and named John Fraser, Carpenter, Belladrum, security for payment of the same: That the Creditors present at the said meeting having unanimously resolved that the offer and security should be entertained for consideration, Notice is hereby given, that another general meeting of the Creditors will be held within the Office of Messrs Stewart & Rule, Solicitors, Church Street, Inverness, on Friday the 19th day of February next, at two o'clock afternoon, for the purpose of finally deciding on the Bankrupt's offer and the security proposed.

WM. R. GRANT.

Inverness, January 29, 1858.

NOTICE

TO THE CREDITORS IN

The Sequestration of **WILLIAM SMITH & COMPANY**, Manufacturers in Paisley, and of William Smith, Manufacturer there, sole Partner of that Company.

JOHN FLEMING, Accountant in Glasgow, Trustee on the sequestrated estate of the said William Smith & Company, and William Smith, hereby intimates, that his accounts have been again audited and approved of by the Commissioners; and that these, with states of funds and a scheme of ranking of the Creditors, will lie in his Office, No. 21, St Vincent Place, Glasgow, for one month from this date, for the inspection of the Creditors; and that on Friday the 19th day of March next, he will there pay an equalizing dividend to those Creditors whose claims were not lodged in time for the first dividend; and also a second dividend of Sixteen Shillings per pound to the whole Creditors on the estate whose claims have been lodged and shall be sustained by him, in terms of the Statute. This dividend, along with the one formerly paid, of Four Shillings per pound, make together Twenty Shillings per pound to the Creditors, exclusive of interest.

JOHN FLEMING, Trustee.

Glasgow, January 30, 1858.

DONALD LINDSAY, Accountant in Edinburgh, Trustee on the sequestrated estates of Messrs **CAMERON & CO.**, Papermakers, Springfield Mills, near Loanhead, and of James M'Murray, as a Partner of that Company, and as an Individual, hereby intimates, that accounts of his intrusions with the funds of the estates, brought down to the 16th instant, and states of the funds recovered and of those outstanding as at the same date, have been made up by him, and examined by the Commissioners on said estates, in terms of the Statute: That he has examined the claims of the several Creditors of the said Firm of Messrs Cameron & Co. who have lodged their oaths and grounds of debt on or before 16th instant, and completed lists of those Creditors entitled to be ranked on the funds of the said estate, and

also of those whose claims have been rejected in whole or in part; and that a dividend will be paid to those Creditors of the said Firm of Cameron & Company whose claims have been admitted by the Trustee, at his Office, No. 24, St Andrew Square, Edinburgh, on the 17th day of March next. Farther, that the Commissioners have postponed the payment of a dividend from the estate of the said James M'Murray until the recurrence of another statutory period, and dispensed with circulars being sent to the Creditors.—Of all which Notice is hereby given, in terms of the Statute.

D. LINDSAY, Trustee.

Edinburgh, January 30, 1858.

JOHN CHRISTIE FOULDS, Accountant in Glasgow, Trustee on the sequestrated estate of **HENRY LAING**, Merchant in Glasgow, hereby intimates, that an account of his intrusions with the funds of the estate, brought down to the 18th ultimo, and states of the funds recovered as at the same date, have been made up and examined by the Commissioners, in terms of the Statute: That he has examined the claims of the several Creditors who have lodged their oaths and grounds of debt on or before the 18th ultimo, and completed lists of those Creditors entitled to be ranked on the funds of the said estate, and also of those whose claims have been rejected in whole or in part. Farther, that an equalizing dividend will be paid to those Creditors who did not participate in the funds of the estate previously; and that a second and final dividend will be paid to those Creditors whose claims have been admitted by the Trustee, at his Counting-House, No. 64, Buchanan Street, Glasgow, on the 19th day of March next.—Of all which Notice is hereby given, in terms of the Statute.

JOHN C. FOULDS, Trustee.

Glasgow, February 2, 1858.

ARCHIBALD WOODSIDE, Accountant in Glasgow, Trustee on the sequestrated estate of **ALEXANDER DREW**, Contractor at Whiteinch, near Partick, hereby intimates, that an account of his intrusions with the funds of the estate, brought down to the 24th ultimo, shewing state of funds recovered and outstanding, which have been examined by the Commissioners, in terms of the Statute: That he has examined the claims of the several Creditors who have lodged oath and grounds of debt on or before the 24th ultimo, and completed list of those Creditors entitled to be ranked on the funds of the estate. Farther, that a dividend will be paid to the Creditors whose claims have been admitted by the Trustee, at his Counting-house, 112, West George Street, Glasgow, on the 25th day of March next.—Of all which Notice is hereby given, in terms of the Statute.

ARCHD. WOODSIDE, Trustee.

Glasgow, February 1, 1858,
112, West George Street.

In the Sequestration of **WILLIAM EADIE**, Ship Broker, Coal Fitter, and Commission Agent in Dundee.

WILLIAM MYLES, Accountant in Dundee, Trustee on said sequestrated estate, hereby intimates, that a state of the Bankrupt's estate, of the funds recovered by him, and of the property outstanding, and also an account of his intrusions, brought down to the 16th instant, have been made up, and examined and audited by the Commissioners on said estate, in terms of the Statute. Farther, that the Commissioners have postponed the declaration of a dividend till the recurrence of another statutory period.—Of all which Notice is hereby given, in terms of the Statute.

WM. MYLES, Trustee.

Dundee, January 30, 1858.

GEORGE SHERIFF, Cashier and Salesman, residing in Florence Place, Glasgow, Trustee on the sequestrated estate of the now deceased **WILLIAM CRAIG**, who resided at Kirkton, in the Parish of Neilston, and County of Renfrew, and who carried on Business in Glasgow as an Engineer and Machine Maker, under the Firm of **WILLIAM CRAIG & COMPANY**, of which Firm he was the sole Partner, hereby intimates, that an account of his intrusions with the funds of the estate, brought down to the 15th instant, and states of the funds recovered and of those outstanding as at the same date, have been made up and examined by the Commissioners, in terms of the Statute. The Commissioners postponed the payment of a dividend till the next statutory period, and dispensed with sending circulars to the Creditors. **Geo. SHERIFF**, Trustee.

Glasgow, January 29, 1858.

THE Firm of **ALLAN & DUNLOP**, Sharebrokers, carrying on Business at No. 4, St Andrew Square, Edinburgh, was **DISSOLVED** on 1st January 1858, by mutual consent.

ROBERT ALLAN.
ROBERT J. DUNLOP.

JOHN RAMSAY, Witness.
JAMES R. RHENIUS, Witness.

NOTICE.

THE Company or Firm of **ROBERTSON & HERRON**, Lime and Coal Agents at Crieff, Highlandman, and Muthil Stations of the Crieff Junction Railway, and at Auchterarder Station, on the Scottish Central Railway, was, of this date, **DISSOLVED** by the mutual consent of the Subscribers, the sole Partners thereof.

JOHN HERRON.
JOHN ROBERTSON.

THO. SOUTAR, Witness.
PETER STEWART, Witness.
Crieff, December 31, 1857.

NOTICE.

THE Company or Firm of **ROBERTSON & HERRON**, Lime and Coal Agents at Birnam Station, was, of this date, **DISSOLVED** by the mutual consent of the Subscribers, the sole Partners thereof.

PETER ROBERTSON.

G. M'CUCCOCH, Witness.
JAMES MALTMAN, Witness.

JOHN HERRON.

THO. SOUTAR, Witness.
PETER STEWART, Witness.
Crieff, December 31, 1857.

Leith, February 1, 1858.

THE Copartnership carried on between the late Mr John Story and the Subscriber Donald Munro Macandrew, under the Firm of **STORY, MACANDREW, & COMPANY**, Corn Factors and Merchants in Leith, of which they were the sole Partners, was **DISSOLVED** on 30th December last, in terms of their Contract, by the death of Mr Story on that date.

MARGARET STORY,
Sole Executrix of the Late **JOHN STORY.**
D. M. MACANDREW.

PAT. S. BEVERIDGE, S.S.C., Leith, Witness.
GEO. G. MACANDREW, Clerk, Leith, Witness.

WITH reference to the above, the Subscriber, **D. M. Macandrew**, respectfully intimates, that he continues to carry on the same Business under the old Firm of **STORY, MACANDREW, & Co.**, for his own behoof; and he begs to assure the friends of the late Company that no exertion shall be wanting on his part to promote their interests.

D. M. MACANDREW.

No. 17, Constitution Street,
Leith, February 1, 1858.

NOTICE.

THE Copartnership carried on for sometime by the Subscriber, **Robert Smith, Senior**, and by the late **Alexander Smith** and **Robert Smith, Jr.**, his Sons, as Plate and Gas Singers, at Nos. 29 and 31, North Albion Street, Glasgow, under the Firm of **ROBERT SMITH & COMPANY**, was **DISSOLVED** (1) by the retirement of the Subscriber, **Robert Smith, Senior**, on the 1st day of January 1847; (2), by the death of **Alexander Smith**, on the 8th day of July 1857; and (3), by the death of the remaining Partner, **Robert Smith, Jr.**, on the 3d day of November 1857, from which dates respectively the said Parties, or their Representatives, ceased to have any interest in the Business.

ROBERT SMITH, Sr.

ROBERT SMITH, } Executors of
WILLIAM LEWIS, } the deceased
JOHN BLANE, } **ROBERT SMITH, Jr.**
MOSES PROVAN,

Judicial Factor on the Estate of **ALEXANDER SMITH.**
DAVID GARDINER, Law Clerk, Glasgow, Witness.
HUGH JACKSON, Law Clerk, Glasgow, Witness.
Glasgow, January 30, 1858.

Glasgow, February 1, 1858.

NOTICE is Hereby Given, that the Concern carried on by the Subscribers, **Herman Levy Schwabe**, **Ludolph Schwabe**, and **Thomas Neilson**, as Merchants and Commission Agents in Glasgow, under the Firm of **SCHWABE & CO.**, of which Firm they were the sole Partners, was **DISSOLVED**, by mutual consent, on this 1st day of February 1858.

H. L. SCHWABE.
LUDOLPH SCHWABE.
THOMAS NEILSON.

HUGH MONCRIEFF, Witness.
WM. POLLOK, Witness.

WILLIAM WYLLIE, sometime Shoemaker in Stevenston, thereafter in Saltcoats, in the Parish of Stevenston, and County of Ayr, and present Prisoner in the Prison of Ayr, has presented a Petition to the Sheriff of Ayrshire for liberation, and interim protection, and decree of Cessio Bonorum. All his Creditors are hereby required to appear within the Court-house at Ayr, on Tuesday the 9th day of March 1858, at 12 o'clock noon, when the Petitioner will appear for public examination.

WILL. KILPATRICK, Petitioner's Agent.

Ayr, January 28, 1858.

ANDREW BERRY, Bootmaker, Nibbetston, Alford, presently in the Prison of Aberdeen, has presented a Petition to the Sheriff of Aberdeenshire craving liberation, interim protection, and decree of Cessio Bonorum; and the said Sheriff has fixed the 5th day of March next, at 12 o'clock noon, within the Court-house of Aberdeen for his examination, at which time and place all his Creditors are required to attend.

WILLIAM SPEID, Petitioner's Agent.

Aberdeen, February 1, 1858.

JOHAN SMITH, General Merchant, Bell's Quarry, in the County of Edinburgh, has presented a Petition to the Sheriff of the County of Edinburgh, craving decree of Cessio Bonorum; and his Creditors are hereby required to attend within the Sheriff's Chambers, County Buildings, Lawnmarket, Edinburgh, on the 8th day of March next, at 12 o'clock noon, when he will appear for examination.

JOHN ROBERTSON, Jr., S.S.C.,
7, Elder Street, Edinburgh, Agent.

Edinburgh, February 2, 1858.

NOTICE.

PATRICK O'NEILE, Druggist, Dundee, has presented a Petition to the Sheriff of the County of Forfar, praying for a warrant of interim protection against the execution of diligence, interim liberation if necessary, and decree of Cessio Bonorum; and his Creditors are hereby required to appear in Court, within the Sheriff-Court-house, Dundee, on Friday the 5th day of March next, at 11 o'clock forenoon, at which time and place the Petitioner will appear for public examination, in terms of the Sheriff's Deliverance on said Petition.—Of all which Notice is hereby given, in terms of said Deliverance.

ARCHD. PAUL,
Agent for the Petitioner.

Dundee, February 1, 1858.

JAMES REID, late Farmer at Whitehouse, near Blairgowrie, and presently a Prisoner in the Prison of Perth, has presented an application to the Sheriff of Perthshire for liberation, interim protection, and decree of Cessio Bonorum; and all his Creditors are hereby required to appear within the Sheriff-Court-Room in Perth, on Saturday the 6th day of March next, at 12 o'clock noon, when the Petitioner will appear for public examination.

ALEX. WILSON, Writer, Perth,
Agent for the Petitioner.

N.B.—The Fees of all Notices must be paid in advance, and all Letters post-paid.

Printed and Published at the Office, 13, North Bank Street, by **WILLIAM ALEXANDER LAURIE**,
Printer to The QUEEN'S MOST EXCELLENT MAJESTY.

* * * *This Gazette is filed at the Offices of the London and Dublin Gazette.*

Tuesday, February 2, 1858.

Price One Shilling and Sixpence

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