



The Edinburgh Gazette.

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TUESDAY, MARCH 9, 1858.

INDIA BOARD, March 1, 1858.

THE following Papers have been received at the East India House :—

No. 1.

The Commander-in-Chief to the Governor-General.

Head-Quarters, Fort Futteghurh,
My Lord, January 5, 1858.

I HAVE already had the honour to inform your Lordship by telegraph, of the various arrangements which have been made for the march of the force under my immediate command, up the Doab.

Having been obliged to part with much of my carriage to meet the wants of Major-General Sir J. Outram, G.C.B., in Oude, considerable delay was unavoidable at Cawnpore, after the action of the 6th.

The time, however, was not lost. A brigade under Brigadier the Honourable Adrian Hope was detached to Bithoor, where every vestige of the Nana Sahib's property was swept away ; and after very considerable exertion, much treasure recovered from the wells belonging to his former palace. The troops had worked hard at this duty, and it was not completed when it had become necessary for Brigadier Hope to close on me, subsequent to my march.

The 88th Foot was accordingly ordered out from Cawnpore, under Colonel Maxwell, C.B., to prosecute the researches which had already been attended by much success.

An order has been given to transfer the treasure so found to Mr Sherer, Civil Magistrate of Cawnpore.

Another brigade having been detached under Brigadier Walpole, to make a detour by Akbarpoo through Etawah to Mynpoorie, with orders to rejoin me on the Grand Trunk Road.

The effect of this movement has been excellent, and Captain Bradford, the officer whom I selected to act as a Special Commissioner, to accompany Brigadier Walpole's force, has been enabled to

shape out the police arrangements. He has punished some notorious malefactors, and disaffected districts, as shown by the various reports which have been forwarded to the Secretary of Government.

In consequence of the march of this column, it would appear that there has been a complete sweep of rebels and bad characters from the southern part of the Doab.

Brigadier Walpole joined me yesterday, at Futteghurh, and has received my entire approval for the able and judicious manner in which he has carried out the duty entrusted to him.

I am informed by the civil authorities that my protracted stay at Cawnpore was of much benefit, and I am convinced that, apart from any immediate military object, it is necessary for the re-establishment of authority, that the march of the troops should be deliberate. Time is thus afforded to the Magistrates and Special Commissioners to visit rebellious towns and villages, and again display to the people in an unmistakable manner, the resolution of your Lordship's Government to visit punishment on all those who have, during the last few months, set aside their allegiance.

Our movements have accordingly been regulated on this principle with reference to the day on which Brigadier Walpole was ordered to be at Mynpoorie, and the date of the probable arrival of Colonel Seaton's column from Delhi, at the same place.

Having completed my means of movement with the carts which had returned from Allahabad on the 23d December, after conveying the wounded to that station, I marched to Chowbepore on the 24th.

On the 28th, while the head-quarters and one brigade were advanced to Meerunka Serai, Major-General Windham, C.B., was detached with his remaining brigade to Futtiah, the Raja of that place had abandoned his fort the night before, and advanced from Cawnpore.

The fort was destroyed by the English, and several rebels, belonging to the village in the neighbourhood, were disposed of by the Magistrate.



Mr Power accompanied this brigade, and was enabled to make a good circuit round the country.

Measures were taken, from our several halting places, to destroy the country boats on the Ganges, in order to prevent interruption of the Doab from the Oude side of the river, when the troops should have moved on.

A considerable number were burnt, but it is probable that many may have escaped notice.

On the 31st December the leading brigades arrived at Goorsaugunge, Brigadier Greathed and Major-General Windham closing up, the one from the river in the evening, and the other from Futtiah the next day.

Early on the forenoon of the 1st January, Brigadier Hope was sent forward with two regiments to the Kallee Nuddee, to prevent the further destruction of the iron suspension bridge by the rebels. They disappeared on his approach, and the corps of Royal Engineers and Bengal Sappers, with a party of sailors, under Major Nicholson, Royal Engineers, set to work with great vigour, and worked day and night for the repair of the bridge, which had been very much injured.

I consider that Major Nicholson, and the officers and men under his command, deserve great credit for the unflagging industry, and real skill displayed on this occasion.

The sailors were specially useful to Major Nicholson in the management of the ropes which replaced the broken part of the iron work of the suspension bridge.

On the morning of the 2d January I rode out, accompanied by the Chief of the Staff, to see if the bridge was ready for the advance of the column. Shortly after my arrival, while I was inspecting the work, which was nearly complete, I observed an unusual movement amongst the villagers in a village about half a mile to the right front of the bridge. It soon became evident that an attack was about to be made on the working parties.

The picquet, which had been placed on the enemy's side of the river to cover the working party, was quickly reinforced.

The picquets there, consisting of a wing of the 53d Regiment, skilfully laid out by Major Payn, of that corps, under the direction of Brigadier Hope, to the left and along the road.

The enemy attacked with guns and musketry, whilst the remainder of the 53d was passing the bridge in support, and the heavy guns were being advanced from the position in which they had originally been placed, to cover the working parties.

The right wing of the 93d Highlanders remained on the right bank of the Kallee Nuddee, in reserve.

A raking fire was quickly opened by Lieutenant Vaughan, of the Royal Navy, and Major Smith, Commanding a Field Battery, Royal Artillery.

It not appearing expedient to press the enemy till the remainder of the force should come up, for which orders were sent, the position now taken up by the 53d Regiment was secured, and the fire of the enemy kept down by our guns, but an advance was not permitted.

I may mention that the flanks had been secured when the bridge was first occupied, by the detachment of a wing of the Highlanders at Rowen, a village about three miles to the right, where there was a ford.

A patrol having been sent also on the previous day to destroy whatever boats might be found

for several miles up the Kallee Nuddee to the left of the bridge.

At 11 A.M. the main column from the old camp began to arrive, Brigadier Greathed's brigade leading.

At the same time it was observed that the enemy had got a heavy gun in position, which had not opened before about half past 2 P.M.; the 53d, supported by the 93d, advanced on the village to the right, which had already been evacuated in consequence of the fire brought upon it; whilst Brigadier Greathed marched along the left of it, the cavalry moving at a sharp pace, on the line of the enemy's retreat towards Futteghurh.

The retreat of the enemy soon became a rapid flight, considerable execution being inflicted by the Cavalry, under the immediate superintendence of Brigadier-General Grant and Brigadier Little; all the guns which had been opposed to us, viz.—(vide *Return*) eight in number, falling into our hands.

In this skirmish all the troops engaged behaved remarkably well, and the only fault I had to find, was with their too great eagerness for attack.

The rebels who were dispersed on this occasion, consisted of three or four Battalions, 41st and other corps of Native Infantry.

In the 41st the rebels had begun with much system to organize a second battalion, their recruits being dressed in a neat uniform.

Their route was complete, and it is said, apparently on good authority, that the fugitives who escaped have made for Bareilly.

The camp was pitched late in the evening on the road to Futteghurh, five miles from the Kallee Nuddee, where I had the pleasure of meeting Colonel Seaton, who had ridden over from Bewer to report the arrival of his force and convoy in person.

He was directed to make certain arrangements with the latter, and to close on Futteghurh, after being joined by Brigadier Walpole.

A very large stock of grain was ordered to be sent to Cawnpore, to ease that district, and lighten the labours of the Commissariat, for the supply of Sir James Outram.

On the 3d I marched on Futteghurh, which had been deserted after the defeat of the previous day, by all the followers of the Nawab.

The flight of the rebels was so rapid that they had no time to complete the destruction of the Government property. It is with the utmost satisfaction I have to inform your Lordship of the very large amount of stores, of the most valuable description, belonging to the late Gun and Clothing Agencies, which have been saved to the State.

A notorious malefactor, one Najir Khan, was seized with his guns in the town.

I caused this to be done by the inhabitants, under fear of punishment on themselves. He was executed at the principal gate, on the 4th instant.

Mr Power, Civil Service, has applied to me to sanction the appointment of Mr Capper, Civil Service, to assist him in the Futteghurh district.

Mr Power represents his new assistant as a man of much experience in these districts, and acquainted with the people.

I have therefore ventured to give the sanction required, subject to your Lordship's approval.

The destruction of the Nawab's palaces is in process. I think it right that not a stone should

be left unturned, in all the residences of the rebellious chiefs.

They are far more guilty than their misguided followers.

A brigade will proceed to-morrow to visit two very mutinous villages at a distance of some 20 miles from Futtehgurh.

A garrison has been left at Mynpooree, consisting as per margin.*

This garrison will furnish the escorts from Mynpooree to Agra, so long as such precautions are necessary.

I have intimated to Colonel Fraser, the Chief Commissioner, North West Provinces, that it is not expedient to leave a small detachment by itself at Etawah, but that that place should trust rather to the influence of the Mynpooree Garrison on the one side, and the last arrangements made by me in the Cawnpore district on the other.

That arrangement consists of a moveable column, which is now being organised by Brigadier Inglis at Cawnpore, for the purpose of marching about the district in aid of the civil power.

Having reached this point, and the communication being fairly established between Calcutta and Agra, I await your Lordship's further instructions.

I have, &c.,

C. CAMPBELL, General,
Commander-in-Chief.

No. 2.

Return of Killed, Wounded, and Missing, of the Force under the personal command of His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief, in Action with the Enemy at the Kallee Nuddee, on the 2d January 1858.

Head-Quarters, Camp, Futtehgurh,
January 5, 1858.

STAFF BRIGADE.

1 field officer wounded.

NAVAL BRIGADE.

1 captain, 2 rank and file, wounded.

CAVALRY BRIGADE.

Her Majesty's 9th Lancers—3 horses killed; 2 rank and file, 5 horses wounded; 4 horses missing.

2d Punjaub Cavalry—1 havildar, 2 rank and file, 3 horses, wounded.

5th Punjaub Cavalry—1 subaltern, 4 horses wounded.

Hodson's Horse—1 rank and file, 1 horse, wounded.

3D INFANTRY BRIGADE.

Her Majesty's 8th (The King's) Regiment—1 serjeant, 4 rank and file, killed; 2 serjeants, 1 rank and file wounded.

2d Punjaub Infantry—1 rank and file killed; 1 rank and file wounded.

4TH INFANTRY BRIGADE.

Her Majesty's 53d Regiment—15 rank and file wounded.

Total—1 serjeant, 5 rank and file, 3 horses, killed; 1 field officer, 1 captain, 1 subaltern, 1 havildar, 3 serjeants, 24 rank and file, 13 horses wounded; 4 horses missing.

H. W. NORMAN, Major,
Deputy Adjutant-General of the Army.

* Her Majesty's 38th Foot; 2 field battery guns; 200 Wall's Horse.

No. 3.

List of Officers Killed.

None.

List of Officers Wounded.

STAFF.

Brigadier-General J. Hope Grant, C.B., commanding 1st Division; contusion of spent ball, slightly.

NAVAL BRIGADE.

Captain H. H. Maxwell, Bengal Artillery; attached as interpreter, dangerously.

CAVALRY BRIGADE.

Lieutenant G. Younghusband, 5th Punjaub Cavalry; dangerously; died 4th January 1858.

H. W. NORMAN, Major,
Deputy Adjutant-General of the Army.

No. 4.

Return of Ordnance, &c., captured from the Enemy at Kallee Nuddee, January 2, 1858, by the Army under His Excellency Sir Colin Campbell, G.C.B., Commander-in-Chief.

1 ordnance gun, 18-pounder, service; painted bright, reinforce rings, streaked with red and yellow.

1 ordnance gun, 12-pounder, service, O.P., painted bright, reinforce rings, streaked with red and yellow.

3 ordnance guns, 6-pounders, brass; one spiked, carriage and waggon of one gun blown to pieces by the Naval Brigade Battery.

2 ordnance guns, 6-pounders, brass, native; 1 spiked.

1 ordnance gun, 4-pounder, iron; a considerable quantity of ammunition, principally of native manufacture, was also captured—all the shells are made of brass—moulded as shrapnel.

7 carriages, ammunition, 6-pounder.

2 carriages, cart-artificers or store.

8 carriages, tumbril.

GEO. R. BARKER, Brigadier,
Commanding Artillery, with the Army.

T. BROWN, Lieutenant,
Commissary of Ordnance with the Army.

No. 5.

Return of Ammunition, &c., captured from the Enemy on the 2d and 3d instant.

Camp, Futtehgurh, January 4, 1858.

Caps, percussion, serviceable	38340
Cartridges, do., musket, 4½, destroyed.....	42500
Do. serge filled 18-pounder, unserviceable	137
Do. do. 12-pounder, do.....	64
Do. do. 6-pounder, do.....	457
Do. do. 4-pounder, do.....	196
Do. do. 6-pounder, fixed ammunition	185
Do., do. 4-pounder, do.	10
Shot, hammered, 18-pounder, do.	14
Do. 12-pounder, do.	47
Do. 6-pounder, do.	1437
Do. 4-pounder, do.	71
Do. Case, 18-pounder, do.	20
Do. do. 12-pounder, do.	37
Do. do. 6-pounder, do.	380
Do. do. 4-pounder, do.	45

Shells, spherical, filled and fixed	18-			
pounder, brass	...	...	...	32
Do. do. do.	12-			
pounder, brass	...	...	...	26
Do. do. do.	6-			
pounder	...	...	...	125
Portfires, unserviceable	...	...	...	120
Powder, musketry barrels, 100 lbs.	...			2

G. R. BARKER, Colonel,
Royal Artillery, commanding Artillery
Brigade.

TOD BROWN, Lieutenant,
Commissary of Ordnance with the Army.

No. 6.

Return of Ordnance, &c., captured from the
Enemy at Futtehgurh, January 3, 1858, by the
Army under His Excellency Sir Colin Camp-
bell, G.C.B., Commander-in-Chief.

Camp, Futtehgurh, January 4, 1858.

- 1 ordnance brass gun, 1½-pounder; foreign manu-
facture, two elephants moulded over trunnions.
- 1 ordnance brass mortar, 8½ each; foreign manu-
facture, marked A.P.
- 1 ordnance iron gun, 5-pounder.
- 1 ordnance iron gun, 4-pounder.
- 2 ordnance iron guns, 3-pounders.
- 1 ordnance iron gun, 2-pounder.
- 1 ordnance iron gun, 1½-pounder; foreign manu-
facture, roughly made, and very old.
- 2 ordnance iron guns, 1-pounder; these guns are
of foreign manufacture, roughly made, and very
old.
- 1 ordnance iron gun, howitzer, 12-pounder; hooped
with iron, on a mountain train carriage.
- 1 ordnance iron gun, carronade, 32-pounder.
- 2 ordnance iron guns, 32-pounder.
- 1 ordnance iron gun, 24-pounder.
- 2 ordnance iron howitzers, 10-inch; abandoned in
the fort.
- 1 ordnance iron howitzer, 8-inch.

Several store carts and tumbrils were also cap-
tured, with a considerable quantity of native made
ammunition, a return of which shall be forwarded
when the amount is ascertained.

J. HOPE GRANT,
Brigadier General, Cavalry Division.
GEO. R. BARKER, Colonel,
Royal Artillery, commanding Artillery
Brigade.

TOD BROWN, Lieutenant,
Commissary of Ordnance, with the Army.

No. 7.

GENERAL ORDERS BY THE GOVERNOR-
GENERAL OF INDIA IN COUNCIL.

Fort-William, January 12, 1858.

No. 46 of 1858.

Errata.—In the Numerical Returns of Killed,
Wounded, and Missing in the Delhi Field Force
during the operations of the 14th of September
1857, published in Government General Order,
No. 1383, of the 5th of December 1857, opposite

Her Majesty's 8th Regiment, in the column of
Non-commissioned Officers killed, for 1 read 2,
and in the next column, for 4 read 19. Order
Books to be corrected accordingly.

R. J. H. BIRCH, Colonel,
Secretary to the Government of India,
in the Military Department.

No. 8

GENERAL ORDERS BY THE GOVERNOR-
GENERAL OF INDIA IN COUNCIL.

Fort-William, January 12, 1858.

No. 47 of 1858.

The Right Honourable the Governor-General
of India in Council directs the publication of the
List of Casualties referred to in the P.S. of the
despatch from his Excellency the Commander-in-
Chief, dated 2d of December 1857, as well as
the List of Casualties during the operations at
Cawnpore on the 26th, 27th, 28th, and 29th of
November 1857, which are alluded to in Major-
General Windham's despatch of the 30th of
November 1857, both of which despatches have
been published in Government General Order,
No. 1649, of the 24th of December 1857. See
Calcutta Gazette Extraordinary, Tuesday evening,
24th ultimo.

Return of Casualties in the Field Force, under the
Command of General Sir Colin Campbell, G.C.B.,
Commander-in-Chief, from the 29th of Novem-
ber 1857 to 2d of December (inclusive) 1857.

Head-Quarters, Camp, Cawnpore,
December 5, 1857.

NAVAL BRIGADE.

1 rank and file killed; 1 subaltern, and 4 rank
and file, wounded.

ENGINEERS.

3 rank and file wounded.

ARTILLERY.

1 troop horse killed; 2 serjeants, 1 rank and
file, wounded.

3D INFANTRY BRIGADE.

Her Majesty's 8th Foot—1 rank and file wounded.
Her Majesty's 24th Foot—1 serjeant, and 3 rank
and file, wounded.

2d Punjaub Infantry—3 rank and file killed, and
10 rank and file wounded.

4TH INFANTRY BRIGADE.

Her Majesty's 53d Foot—1 serjeant and 4 rank
and file, wounded.

Her Majesty's 93d Highlanders—1 field officer,
1 captain, 1 subaltern, and 2 rank and file,
wounded.

4th Punjaub Rifles—1 rank and file wounded.

5TH INFANTRY BRIGADE.

Her Majesty's 64th Foot—1 staff wounded.

Total—4 rank and file and 1 troop horse
killed; 1 field officer, 1 captain, 2 subal-
terns, 1 staff, 4 serjeants, and 29 rank and
file, wounded.

H. W. NORMAN, Lieutenant,
Assistant Adjutant-General of the Army.

No. 9.

List of Officers Killed.

None.

List of Officers Wounded.

Naval Brigade—Midshipman Lord W. T. Kerr, Her Majesty's ship Shannon, slightly.

4th Infantry Brigade—Brevet-Lieutenant-Colonel J. A. Ewart, Her Majesty's 93d Highlanders, severely; Captain G. Cornwall, Her Majesty's 93d Highlanders, severely; Lieutenant E. C. Haynes, Her Majesty's 93d Highlanders, slightly.

5th Infantry Brigade—Assistant-Surgeon T. Carey, Her Majesty's 64th Foot, severely, not dangerously.

H. W. NORMAN, Lieutenant,
Assistant Adjutant-General of the Army.

No. 10.

Return of Killed, Wounded, and Missing, of the under-mentioned Corps, in Action, near Cawnpore, on the 26th of November 1857.

Brigade Office, Cawnpore,
December 2, 1857.

Her Majesty's 34th Regiment—1 drummer, and 3 privates, killed; 3 serjeants, 2 corporals, and 20 privates, wounded.

Her Majesty's 82d Regiment—1 private, killed; 1 subaltern, and 5 privates, wounded.

Her Majesty's 88th C. R.—1 captain, and 7 privates, killed; 4 subalterns, 3 drummers, and 32 privates, wounded.

Rifle Battery—1 private, killed; 1 serjeant, 1 corporal, and 6 privates, wounded.

Total—1 captain, 1 drummer, and 12 privates, killed; 5 subalterns, 4 serjeants, 3 corporals, 3 drummers, 63 privates, wounded.

C. A. WINDHAM, Major-General,
Commanding Cawnpore Division.

ELLIS CUNLIFFE, Captain,
Acting Brigade-Major.

No. 11.

Nominal Roll of Officers, Killed, Wounded, and Missing, in Action with the Enemy, near Cawnpore, on the 26th of November 1857.

HER MAJESTY'S 82D REGIMENT.

Wounded.

Lieutenant C. J. East.

HER MAJESTY'S 88TH REGIMENT.

Killed.

Captain H. H. Day.

Wounded.

Lieutenant Birch.

Lieutenant Burke.

Lieutenant H. M. Gilby.

Ensign Mitchell.

C. A. WINDHAM, Major-General,
Commanding Cawnpore Division.

ELLIS CUNLIFFE, Captain,
Acting Brigade-Major.

No. 12.

Return of Killed, Wounded, and Missing, of the under-mentioned Regiments, in Action, near Cawnpore, on the 27th of November 1857.

Brigade Office, Cawnpore,
December 2, 1857.

Her Majesty's 34th Regiment—1 field officer, 5 privates, wounded.

Her Majesty's 82d Regiment—2 privates wounded.
Her Majesty's 88th Regiment—3 privates killed; 1 captain, 1 subaltern, 1 staff, 19 privates, wounded.

Her Majesty's 64th Regiment—1 serjeant, 1 private, wounded.

Rifle Brigade—2 subalterns, 2 serjeants, 2 privates, wounded.

Total—3 privates killed; 1 field officer, 1 captain, 3 subalterns, 1 staff, 3 serjeants, 29 privates, wounded.

C. A. WINDHAM, Major-General,
Commanding Cawnpore Division.

ELLIS CUNLIFFE, Captain,
Acting Brigade-Major.

No. 13.

Nominal Roll of Officers Wounded in Action with the Enemy, near Cawnpore, on the 27th of November 1857.

HER MAJESTY'S 34TH.
Wounded.

Lieutenant-Colonel R. D. Kelly.

HER MAJESTY'S 88TH.
Wounded.

Lieutenant and Adjutant Evans.

Lieutenant Austin.

Lieutenant and Interpreter Clarke, attached.

HER MAJESTY'S RIFLES.
Wounded.

Lieutenant Travers.

Lieutenant Pemberton.

C. A. WINDHAM, Major-General,
Commanding Cawnpore Division.

ELLIS CUNLIFFE, Captain,
Acting Brigade-Major.

No. 14.

Return of Killed, Wounded, and Missing, of the under-mentioned Regiments, in Action near Cawnpore, on the 28th of November 1857.

Brigade Office, Cawnpore,
December 2, 1857.

Her Majesty's 34th—3 subalterns, 2 serjeants, 1 corporal, 5 privates, killed; 1 field officer, 3 captains, 3 subalterns, 2 serjeants, 1 corporal, 33 privates, wounded.

Her Majesty's 82d—1 corporal, 7 privates, killed; 1 field officer, 1 captain, 2 serjeants, 1 corporal, 24 privates, wounded; 1 private missing.

Her Majesty's 88th, C. R.—2 privates, wounded.

Her Majesty's 64th—2 field officers, 2 captains, 2 serjeants, 15 privates, killed; 1 subaltern, 2 drummers, 13 privates, wounded; 2 subalterns missing.

Her Majesty's Rifle Brigade—1 field officer, 4 privates, killed; 2 captains, 3 subalterns, 1 drummer, 18 privates, wounded; 1 private missing.

Artillery—2 serjeants, 8 privates, wounded.

Total—3 field officers, 2 captains, 3 subalterns, 4 serjeants, 2 corporals, 31 privates, killed; 2 field officers, 6 captains, 7 subalterns, 6 serjeants, 2 corporals, 3 drummers, 98 privates, wounded; 2 subalterns, 2 privates, missing.

C. A. WINDHAM, Major-General,
Commanding Cawnpore Division.
ELLIS CUNCLIFFE, Captain,
Acting Brigade-Major.

No. 15.

Nominal Roll of Officers Killed, Wounded, and Missing, in Action with the Enemy near Cawnpore, on the 28th of November 1857.

HER MAJESTY'S 34TH.

Killed.

Lieutenant Ed. Jordan.
Ensign T. G. Applegate.
Ensign L. J. Grier.

Wounded.

Major Jas. Maxwell.
Brevet Major Jos. Jordan.
Captain F. P. Cassedy.
Captain D. Steuart.
Lieutenant R. I. Cochrane.
Lieutenant Holroyd.
Lieutenant H. Lampen.

HER MAJESTY'S 64TH.

Killed.

Colonel N. Wilson, K.H.
Major Stirling.
Captain Morphy.
Captain McCrea.

Wounded.

Lieutenant N. T. Parsons, attached.

Missing.

Lieutenant Mackinnon.
Lieutenant Gibbons, 52d Regiment, attached.

HER MAJESTY'S 82D.

Wounded.

Major C. T. V. B. Isaac.
Captain John Gordon.

RIFLES.

Killed.

Lieutenant-Colonel C. Woodford.

Wounded.

Captain M. Dillon.
Captain Hon. L. W. Milles.
Ensign H. Lawton.
Cadet Dyce.
Cadet Madden.

C. A. WINDHAM, Major-General,
Commanding Cawnpore Division.
ELLIS CUNCLIFFE, Captain,
Acting Brigade-Major.

No. 16.

Return of Killed, Wounded, and Missing, of the under-mentioned Regiments, on the 29th of November 1857, in Action near Cawnpore.

Her Majesty's 82d—1 subaltern killed.

Her Majesty's 88th—1 serjeant, 2 privates, wounded.

Rifles—1 private killed; 1 staff, 4 privates, wounded; 1 private missing.

Total—1 subaltern, 1 private, killed; 1 staff, 1 serjeant, 6 privates, wounded; 1 private missing.

C. A. WINDHAM, Major-General,
Commanding Cawnpore Division.
ELLIS CUNCLIFFE, Captain,
Acting Brigade-Major.

No. 17.

Nominal Roll of Officers Killed and Wounded, in Action with the Enemy near Cawnpore, on the 29th of November 1857.

HER MAJESTY'S 82D.

Killed.

Lieutenant A. P. Hensley.

HER MAJESTY'S RIFLES.

Wounded.

Lieutenant and Interpreter C. Armstrong.

C. A. WINDHAM, Major-General,
Commanding Cawnpore Division.
R. J. H. BIRCH, Colonel,
Secretary to the Government of India,
in the Military Department.
ELLIS CUNCLIFFE, Captain,
Acting Brigade-Major.

No. 18.

GENERAL ORDERS BY THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL OF INDIA IN COUNCIL.

Fort-William, January 12, 1858.

No. 49 of 1858.

WITH reference to Government General Orders, No. 1625, of the 22d December 1857, the Right Honourable the Governor-General of India in Council is pleased to direct the publication of the accompanying letter, dated 28th December 1857, from Brigadier Inglis, late commanding the Lucknow garrison.

His Lordship in Council has much satisfaction in acknowledging the services of Captain Wilson, Deputy Assistant Adjutant-General, Lieutenant Birch, Aide-de-Camp, and Captain Barwell, Fort Adjutant.

No. 19.

Brigadier J. Inglis, late Commanding Lucknow Garrison to the Secretary to the Government of India.

Military Department, Cawnpore,
December 28, 1857.

SIR,
In my report to Major-General Sir James Outram, G.C.B., of the operations which took place in the garrison of Lucknow after the 25th of September until the 23d of November last, when we were finally relieved by the force under

the personal command of His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief, I unfortunately omitted the names of Captain Wilson, Deputy-Assistant-Adjutant-General, Lieutenant Birch, Aide-de-Camp, and Captain Barwell, Fort Adjutant. I have consequently observed with much regret that these officers have not received notice in the General Order by the Governor-General in Council, under date the 22d instant.

I have in my former report endeavoured to do justice to the merits of these officers, and, as they have continued to render me valuable service, I feel assured that they would have been prominently brought to the notice of the Governor-General by Sir James Outram, G.C.B., but for my inadvertence, which I trust it is not too late to have corrected.

My anxiety that no time should be lost in rendering justice to the officers above referred to, will, I trust, be deemed sufficient excuse for my having addressed you direct.

I have, &c.

J. INGLIS, Brigadier,
late Commanding Lucknow Garrison.

No. 20.

GENERAL ORDEBS BY THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL OF INDIA IN COUNCIL.

Fort-William, January 12, 1858.

No. 54 of 1858.—Errata.

Brigadier J. Inglis, late commanding Lucknow garrison, having brought to notice that the names of Captain H. Forbes, of the 1st Light Cavalry, and Lieutenant A. S. Thain, of the 13th Native Infantry, were inadvertently omitted in the 12th paragraph of the Brigadier's despatch, dated 12th November 1857, published in the Extraordinary Gazette of the 23d December 1857,* the Right Honourable the Governor-General in Council desires to rectify that omission, and that those officers' names be added to that paragraph. Captain Forbes' name after that of Major Aphorp, and Lieutenant Thain's after that of Lieutenant Cooke. Order books to be corrected accordingly.

R. J. H. BIRCH, Colonel,
Secretary to the Government of India,
in the Military Department.

No. 21.

General Orders by the Right Honourable the Governor-General of India in Council.

Fort-William, January 12, 1858.

No. 55 of 1858.

The Right Honourable the Governor-General of India in Council has much satisfaction in publishing the following report of a successful attack, made by the troops under Colonel Rowcroft, on a body of marauding rebels in the neighbourhood of his camp, on the 26th of December last.

To Colonel Rowcroft, to Captain Sotheby, R.N., commanding the Naval Brigade, and to the officers and men under his command; to the detachment of Royal Marines under Lieutenant Pym, and that of the Bengal Police Battalion under Lieutenant Burlington, as well as to the officers, civil and military, honourably mentioned by Colonel Rowcroft, the Governor-General in Council desires to offer his thanks for their services on this occasion.

The Governor-General in Council has much satisfaction in acknowledging the good services rendered upon this occasion by the Nepaulesse troops, acting under Colonel Rowcroft's command. To the officers and soldiers of that force generally, but especially to Major Captain Sree Bhuggut Khanka, commanding the Ramdull Regiment, to Captain Derecdass Opudiah, of the same corps, and to Captain Koolpurshad Singh Bushnial, commanding the Gorucknath Regiment, his Lordship in Council desires to tender the thanks of Government for the great zeal and gallantry which they have displayed.

No. 22.

Colonel H. Rowcroft, Commanding Sarun Field Force, to Colonel R. J. H. Birch, C.B., Secretary to the Government of India, Military Department, Calcutta.

Camp, Mujhowlee, on the River Chota Gundah,
25 miles West of Sewan.

SIR,

28th December, 1857.

I HAVE the honour to report, for the information of the Right Honourable the Governor-General, that the Field Force under my command received a reinforcement of the Gorucknath Regiment of Goorkhas—500 strong—on the morning of the 25th December, sent on to join me by forced marches from Segowlee, by his Excellency Maharajah Jung Bahadoor and Mr Samuells, the Commissioner. It was represented to me strongly that they were too fatigued, foot-sore, and hungry, to march again that day, and that they had been without sleep for two nights. I therefore postponed for the day, though reluctantly, my arrangements to move and attack the rebels at Sohunpore—7 miles distant, and about midway between my entrenched camp at Myrwa and Mujhowlee. About half-past seven on the morning of the 29th December, I marched from camp with the force noted in the margin,* leaving two companies—100 men—of Goorkhas, and 50 matchlock-men of the Hutwa Rajah's, for the protection of the camp; and of these, half a company and twenty matchlock-men to watch and secure the narrow Causeway Bridge over the river Jurhaee, less than half a mile in front of my camp. It was reported to me that the rebels were posted in the village of Sohunpore, and in two or three large topes (woods) close to it on either side of the Mujhowlee road, with a tank with high banks close in front of the village on the north, in which most of the sepoys, and three of their four guns were posted. On arriving within little more than half a mile of the position of the rebels, I formed line, and took ground to the right, to turn their left flank, and act more easily on the tank. During this movement the enemy pushed forward numerous skirmishers into the topes and cultivation, and opened fire of guns and musketry on our line. Our skirmishers, consisting of the Marines, part of the Naval Brigade and Seikhs, soon returned their fire, doing much execution among the enemy, especially the marines with the Minié rifles. We also opened fire with our guns, and a few shells well thrown in two or three directions, checked the rebels for a time. I advanced the line a short distance, when the main body of the enemy rapidly moved to their right to join a force previously in position,

* Royal Marines, 30; Naval Brigade, 130; Ramdull Goorkha Regiment, 500; Gorucknath ditto, 350—one company of this regiment being at Sewan, and two in camp; four guns, 12-pounder howitzers, two being Mountain Train; Captain Rattray's Seikhs, 50.

* G. G. O., No. 1625 of 1857.

I strongly suspect, on our left, their aim apparently being to surround us with their numbers. I changed our front immediately to our left. During this time a village on our left was steadily and gallantly held by Lieutenant Burlton, 40th Regiment Native Infantry, with the 50 Seikhs, and I sent two companies of the Ramdull Regiment of Goorkhas to reinforce him in holding that post, and, if possible, to capture a gun firing on our left. Lieutenant Burlton reports that Soobadar Himkumal Bushnia, 9th Company Ramdull Goorkhas, behaved very gallantly, constantly encouraging his men, and, in riding at one of the rebels who was attacking Lieutenant Burlton, inflicting fortunately only a cut through his turban and helmet, the soobadar was very severely wounded by a tulwar cut round the left hip, a Seikh then rushing up, cutting down, and killing the rebel. After changing ground to the left, I advanced the line towards the enemy, now and then allowing our guns to throw a shell or two. The enemy made a show of advancing a short distance, with about 50 sowars in their front. After advancing the line a short distance, two or three shells were beautifully pitched into the midst of this large body of foot and horsemen, at 900 or 1000 yards distance, scattering them in all directions. I am sorry there was no opportunity to allow of the Goorkhas joining in a charge. The main body then moved rapidly to their left, as if to gain their old position in the topes and village. Our line was changed to the right. During the former advance and this movement, the rebel skirmishers were firing from heavy cover on us, from our right and right rear. I ordered the marines to skirmish and cover our right, and two companies of the Gorucknath Regiment, who were placed in reserve, to cover our right rear. The line and skirmishers advanced, firing a few rounds from our guns into the topes, and in the direction of the tank. The rebels seem to have had only a rear-guard at this time left at Sohumpore. The skirmishers rapidly advanced into the topes, which we found quite clear of the enemy. Three tents of Baboo Coer Singh's nephew, Hurkishen Singh, were here found all pitched, and a quantity of grain, &c. I ordered the tents to be burnt at once. We then moved to the right to get on the Mujhowlee road, and continued our advance without delay to Mujhowlee, some six miles distant. Within about two miles of Mujhowlee we saw the rear of the rebels entering the place, and on nearing it I ordered the marines, and part of the Naval Brigade, and four companies of the Gorucknath Regiment, to push on rapidly after the Seikhs composing the advance guard, in the hopes of capturing their guns, crossing the deep ford of the Gunduk. I am happy to say one large iron six-pounder gun and limber complete, full of ammunition, was taken in the river. The Sikhs and some men of the Gorucknath Regiment, with Captain Koolpurshad Singh Bushnia, were among the first down at the river in capturing the gun. The cultivation was so heavy, and we advanced on so quickly, it was difficult to ascertain the number of the rebels killed. Two other tumbrils—one full of ammunition, the other of powder—and two or three carts were also taken. The rebels, by all reports and appearances, were 1100 or 1200 sepoy, and between 4000 and 5000 other armed men. The Naib Nazim, Mushuruff Khan, was present in the action with his force, and also Alli Kurreem, Moulvee of Patna, who was first reported to have been killed in the action, but now said to have got away the evening before. The Governor-General will be pleased to learn that this one day's work has completely cleared the district of this

horde of marauding rebels, relieving the many villages of their plundering and oppression. The Rajah of Mujhowlee, and the people, gladly welcomed us, as did other people on the road. I had promised the Rajah I would soon relieve him. The Rajah states the rebels made sure of surrounding and destroying us as we were so few, and of being able to get into Chupra and to plunder the district. The Rajah also states that with the sepoy, matchlock-men, sword and spear-men, the rebels were more than 6,000 or 7,000 strong. I do not think that the rebels had heard of the arrival of the second Goorkha Regiment on the 25th December. I learn from the Mujhowlee Rajah, and other reports, that there must have been some 120 of the rebels killed, by the number of bodies since seen in their positions in the field. Besides many wounded, a few rebels were killed at the ford, and six in one boat. I am happy to say we have had few casualties. The gun and musket firing of the rebels was too high, their round shot and matchlock balls mostly passing over our heads, the round shot killing a doolee bearer, and a villager in our rear. A Goorkha private of the Gorucknath Regiment was wounded by a musket ball, and also one of the magistrate's sowars. It is a marvel none in the line were hit, for numbers of the round shot, &c., passed over or by us, tearing up the ground, and ricochetting, but without hitting any one. The action commenced about 10 A.M., and by half-past one P.M. we had dispersed and driven the rebels through the topes and village of Sohumpore, and followed them up and driven them out of Mujhowlee, and over the river Gunduk, by four P.M. The troops had a hard day's work, and went through their fatigue most cheerfully. I was myself in the saddle for ten hours, or would have written to you earlier; but I wrote and reported our advance, and successful attack, and complete operation, to Brigadier-General McGregor, with Maharajah Jung Bahadoor, the same evening express to Bettiah. We bivouacked for the night near the river, having marched without tents or baggage, except two or three tents for the men of the Naval Brigade, and a few hackeries for the ammunition, and to carry the Goorkhas and Sikhs in case of accidents during the action.

I marched again yesterday morning, 27th December, with a detachment of the Naval Brigade, two guns, and eight companies of Goorkhas—400 men—and the Seikhs, crossed the river, and moved through Selimpore, and about two miles beyond, to the house of one Narain Dial Canongoe, formerly an Assistant Collector, who had been forward in marauding and giving aid to the rebels. His house was blown up, burnt, and destroyed. We also moved to another village, to the house of one Sungram Lall, the nephew and toomandar of the above, and destroyed his house, but neither of the villages were injured. We returned to camp at half-past four P.M.

I need hardly say that the troops behaved as British marines and seamen ever do, most excellently and gallantly; Captain Sotheby ever ready and present with the guns, and to afford me every assistance in the field. Captain Sotheby has paid great attention to the drill and training of the Naval Brigade for land service, and in quickly training the horses and ponies for the guns, horses for the large 12 pounder howitzer, and ponies for the three others, and the seamen to ride and act as gunners; and under Lieutenant Turnour, R.N., in charge of the artillery, they have had constant drill and training, and are now ready and steady for field service, and were in the action of the 26th December.

Lieutenant Grant, R.N., in charge of the Naval skirmishers, Lieutenant Turnour, R.N., in charge of the artillery, Lieutenant Radcliffe, R.N., in charge of the Naval column, and all the officers of the Naval Brigade, and those attached to the Goorkha regiments, zealously exerted themselves, and afforded me every assistance.

Lieutenant Pym, commanding the Royal Marines, especially did good service with the Minie Rifles, and the orders I sent him were at once understood, and promptly acted on while skirmishing.

Captains Weston, 36th Regiment Native Infantry, and Brooks, 1st Regiment Light Cavalry, respectively in military charge of the Ramdull and Gorucknath Goorkha Regiments, afforded me every aid in the management of those regiments; and Lieutenant Burlton, 40th Regiment Native Infantry, in charge of the Sikhs; and were ever ready for any duty and service ordered.

Captain Morgan, 22d Regiment Native Infantry, Field Force Staff, the Honourable Mr Montague, R.N., my acting aide-de-camp, and Mr Lynch, Deputy Magistrate of Sewan, as also Mr Nicholson, who acted as my aide-de-camp, rendered me every assistance in the field, and during the entire day.

Mr Nicholson's son, Mr Kenneth Nicholson, to whom I gave the charge of the rear guard company, baggage, and camp followers, rendered me very useful service.

Major Captain Sree Bhuggut Khanka, commanding Ramdull Regiment, Captain Dercedass Opudiah, Ramdull Regiment, Captain Koolpurshad Sing Bushnial, commanding Gorucknath Regiment, and all the officers of the two Goorkha Regiments, were anxious and ready to render good service, and the men of both regiments were steady and willing in the field, and kept well to the front, with the European force.

I respectfully beg to recommend Captain Sotheby, Royal Navy, of Her Majesty's steam frigate Pearl, and all the civil, military, and naval officers, to the favourable notice of the Right Honourable the Governor-General.

I have reports that the rebels left their gun, which played on our left, behind them in some well or jungle at Sohunpore, and also the two guns they are said to have crossed over the river, somewhere hidden beyond Selimpore. The rebels will feel the want of their guns and ordnance stores at Goruckpore, as they are said to be in want of ammunition.

On the evening of the 26th I despatched a messenger to Myrwa, to move on the camp and baggage, which was carefully brought on to this place at 4 P.M. yesterday, under Lieutenant Hamilton, 8th Regiment Native Infantry, doing duty with the Naval Brigade.

I have ordered a bridge of boats to be got ready to cross the river to-morrow, to facilitate the movement over of the numerous hackeries, the only carriage we have, to be ready to move and act according to reports brought in, and probably orders from Brigadier-General MacGrégor to co-operate with the Maharajah's Nepaulese army.

A few sepoy and rebels were brought in prisoners, during yesterday. They will be duly and speedily disposed of. Proclamations have been sent out to the villagers to capture all rebels, and offering rewards.

I have, &c.,

H. ROWCROFT, Colonel,
Commanding Sarun Field Force.

P.S.—A list of ordnance stores captured, and a memorandum of casualties is attached.

No. 23.

List of Ordnance Stores Captured on the 26th of December 1857, at Mujhowlee.

- 1 6-pounder large iron gun, with limber complete, and
- 2 spare ammunition waggons, containing 8 cwt. of powder.
- 132 round shot.
- 186 charges.
- 32 cases of jagged canister.
- 160 port fires.
- And a large quantity of Langridge shot and musket balls, all in good serviceable order. Also one gun, supposed to be thrown down a well.

H. ROWCROFT, Colonel,
Commanding Sarun Field Force.

No. 24.

Memorandum of Casualties which occurred in the Action at Saunpore, on the 26th December 1857.

RAMDULL REGIMENT—GOORKHAS.

9th Company—Subadar Hino Karna Bnsthyat, severely wounded, incised wound of thigh.

GORUCKNATH REGIMENT—GOORKHAS.

- 3d Company—Havildar Birman Sing, slightly wounded, contusion of right knee.
- 2d Company—Private Durna Ram, slightly wounded, contused wound of right side.

BENGAL POLICE BATTALION—SEIKHS.

Private Humra Jumra, slightly wounded, incised wound of left thumb.

Total wounded 4.

ARCHD. H. HILSON, M.D.,
Assistant-Surgeon in Medical Charge,
Ramdull Regiment—Goorkhas.

H. ROWCROFT, Colonel,
Commanding Sarun Field Force.

No. 25.

General Orders by the Governor-General of India in Council.

Fort-William, January 12, 1858.

No. 56 of 1858.

THE Right Honourable the Governor-General of India in Council is pleased to direct the publication of the following Report from Lieutenant-Colonel T. Seaton, C.B., commanding moveable column, of an engagement with Raja Tej Sing's force, outside the cantonments of Mynpoorie. His Lordship in Council concurs in the congratulations offered by His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief on this occasion.

No. 26.

The Deputy Adjutant-General of the Army to the Secretary to the Government of India.

Military Department
Head Quarters, Camp, Goorkha

SIR,

January 1, 1858.

I HAVE the honour to forward, for the information of the Right Honourable the Governor-General in Council, copy of a letter dated 23rd



ultimo, from Lieutenant-Colonel T. Seaton, C.B., commanding moveable column, and of the reply thereto, dated 30th idem, from the Chief of the Staff.

I have, &c.,
H. W. NORMAN, Major,
Deputy Adjutant-General of the Army.

No. 27.

Lieutenant - Colonel T. Seaton, Commanding Moveable Column, to the Chief of the Staff.

SIR, Mynupoorie, December 28, 1857.

I HAVE the honour to report, for the information of his Excellency the Commander-in-Chief, that I reached this place yesterday, and found the Raja Tej Singh's force posted outside the cantonments. I attacked him at once, routed them, took 6 guns, and killed about 250 of his rabble. I took possession of the town at once, which I found nearly deserted. I had only two men wounded.

Since I left Delhi, this little force, of 1,959 men has captured 22 guns and killed 1,400 insurgents. I shall remain here until the 31st, and on that morning march for Bhowgong, to cover the march of the convoy, and be on the main road ready to communicate with his Excellency's camp. I have sent six letters to your address; but have not as yet received any reply. I shall wait his Excellency's orders, and be prepared to move in, with the convoy, the moment I hear of his Excellency's approach. The guns I captured at Gungeere and Puttiallee, I sent into Allygurh. Nine of them are of our own manufacture. Of the guns captured yesterday, one is a fine new pattern 8-inch howitzer, and was the fitting gun of the carriage manufactory at Futtehgurh. Rajah Tej Singh fled to Bhowgong yesterday, with only 16 horsemen.

I have, &c.,
T. SEATON, Lieutenant-Colonel,
Commanding Moveable Column.

No. 28.

Major-General W. R. Mansfield, Chief of the Staff, to Lieutenant-Colonel T. Seaton, C.B., Commanding Moveable Column.

SIR, Dated Camp, Merun-ka-Serai,
December 30, 1857.

I HAVE the honour to convey the direction of the Commander-in-Chief that you will proceed with your force to Bewar, and halt there until you receive a further order.

2. His Excellency offers your his hearty congratulations on the brilliant successes which have attended your march.

I am very sorry to hear that none of my despatches have come to hand, which have been sent to you repeatedly in duplicate.

3. His Excellency marches to-morrow to Goor-sahai Gunge, and it is possible that he may proceed even nearer to the Kalee Nuddee.

I have, &c.,
W. R. MANSFIELD, Major-General,
Chief of the Staff.

No. 29.

General Orders by the Governor-General of India in Council.

Fort-William, January 19, 1858.
No. 106 of 1858.

IN continuation of Government General Order, No. 55, of the 12th January 1858, the Right Honourable the Governor-General of India in Council directs the publication of the following letter from Colonel Rowcroft, commanding Sarun Field Force, No. 101, dated 11th instant :—

No. 30.

Colonel F. Rowcroft, Commanding Sarun Field Force, to the Secretary to the Government of India.

Military Department,
Calcutta.

SIR, Camp, Roodrumpore, 28 miles S.E. of Goruckpore, January 11, 1858.

IN continuation of the letter to your address, dated the 28th ultimo, No. 80, I have the honour to forward the names of three men of the Naval Brigade, slightly wounded in the action with the rebels at Sohunpore, on the 26th December, who had been omitted to be reported to me before, through an oversight.

William Mears, Private, Royal Marines, contusion of right hand by a spent musket ball.

Henry Snow, Gunner, Marine Artillery, contusion of left hand by a splinter caused by a round shot.

Charles Chaffer, Private, Royal Marines, contusion of left hand by a splinter caused by a round shot.

I have, &c.,
F. ROWCROFT, Colonel,
Commanding Sarun Field Force.

No. 31.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 256 of 1858.
Fort-William, Foreign Department,
January 19, 1858.

THE Right Honourable the Governor-General in Council has much satisfaction in publishing, for general information, the following despatch from Brigadier-General Macgregor, C.B., detailing the circumstances under which the Station of Goruckpore has been re-occupied, and the rebel Nazim, Mahomed Hussein, totally defeated by the Goorkha auxiliary force, under command of Maharajah Jung Bahadoor.

His Lordship in Council desires, at the same time, to express his warm acknowledgments to Maharajah Jung Bhadoor, for the valuable assistance thus afforded by the Nepaulese troops, and his appreciation of the zeal and bravery by which their conduct on this occasion was distinguished.

The thanks of the Government of India are also due to Brigadier Junga Doge, who commanded the leading brigade, as well as to Colonel Lall Singh, and Captain Sujan of the Nepaulese Artillery, and the other Goorkha officers mentioned in the Brigadier-General's despatch.

The Governor-General in Council has also to acknowledge the obligations of the Government of India to Brigadier-General Macgregor, C.B.,

whose ability and good judgment, in a charge of no small responsibility, have been conspicuous.

Major Fitzgerald, Lieutenant Foote, and the other European officers, who accompanied the Goorkha troops, merit the thanks of the Governor-General in Council.

G. F. EDMONSTONE,
Secretary to the Government of India.

No. 32.

Brigadier-General G. H. Macgregor, C.B., Military Commissioner, to the Secretary to the Government of India.

Camp Goruckpore,
January 7, 1858.

SIR,

I YESTERDAY had the pleasure of sending to the Lieutenant Governor of the Central Provinces, and to the Commissioner of Patna, for transmission to the Right Honourable the Governor-General in Council, the following telegram: "The army under the command of Maharajah Jung Bahadoor occupied the Station and City of Goruckpore this day at 2 P.M. Our passage was at first disputed at a nullah, in the middle of the jungle, in front of Goruckpore, and secondly, at the entrance to the station. The rebels, however, made no real stand; after firing a few rounds on the advance of our troops, they fled, and were pursued to the Rapti, in their endeavours to cross which, some hundreds were killed, with trifling loss on our side. We have captured 6 guns and 2 zumbooruks. More by post to-morrow."

2. I have now the honour to submit, for the information of his Lordship in Council, a detailed account of our operations of yesterday, which I was unable to do in time for the post last night.

3. We left camp at seven in the morning, a thick fog spreading over the plain, but which had entirely dispersed by the time we arrived at the jungle, about two miles and a half in front.

4. There a Brigade under Brigadier Rim Sing, accompanied by Captain Plowden, was sent by a road to our right to turn their left flank, and a brigade under Brigadier Summuck Sing, accompanied by Captain Edmonstone, to turn their right flank by a road to our left; a third brigade under Brigadier Junga Doje, accompanied by Lieutenant Foote, and supported by the guns under Colonel Lall Sing, accompanied by Major Fitzgerald, marching by the main road.

5. Shortly after entering the jungle, which was very thick, the centre column was stopped at a nullah, where the road led over a bridge, about fifteen feet of the superstructure of which had been torn away by the enemy, leaving however the main beams intact. Here the enemy had taken post to prevent our further progress, but our guns immediately opened on them, replied to by two of theirs, as also by a volley of musketry, succeeded by a dropping fire. Our fire was, however, too much for them, and on the advance of the infantry, who passed through the nullah, the enemy fled with precipitation, abandoning a gun which was captured by the centre brigade.

6. From this the enemy fled through the jungle, pursued by our men as hard as they could go, but being only infantry, and the road being sandy and heavy, the men were unable to come up with the flying enemy. After passing the bridge, the centre column was joined by the two flanking ones in succession, the enemy not having waited for them to arrive on the scene, and the whole pressed forward to the front at a pace which was mostly a run the whole way. The bridge was

immediately repaired, and the baggage began to cross.

7. On the head of the column emerging from the jungle, a party of the enemy were observed on the left, between whom and our skirmishers long shot were being exchanged, and a few rounds from the guns of the leading brigade quickly dispersed them. The leading brigade then pushed forward, and as the ground rose a little at its crest, we were in view of the Station of Goruckpore. Here the enemy opened on us from a small top in front, at about 700 yards. His round shot fell very accurately on the road, but not exactly in the direction that we were approaching in.

8. Two guns were immediately brought to the front, and two more shortly after. This fire was very effective, killing two men at the enemy's gun, which they abandoned, accompanied by a small party of horse, which was seen no more. On capturing this gun, the force was about to halt, agreeably to orders from the Maharajah, when fresh orders were received to push on, and try and intercept the rebels at the Ghaut.

9. The troops again pressed forward with unwearied energy, passed a very strong entrenchment, which would have cost us much trouble and many men if the enemy had had the resolution to defend it, and reached the Ghaut on the river, just as a number of the enemy were endeavouring to push off for the other side.

10. At one place a number tried to rush up the banks and effect an escape into the fields, but were intercepted by the Goorkhas and cut to pieces. The great majority however jumped into the river, where they were shot down in great numbers. Three or four hundred must have been killed there, the river being at one time literally covered with floating bodies.

11. It is now my pleasing duty to bring to the notice of his Lordship in Council the names of the Nepalese officers who were most distinguished in the action of the day. Colonel Lall Sing, commanding the Maharajah's Artillery, proved himself a good artillery officer. He brought his guns well forward into action, and served them with a rapidity and precision which soon drove the enemy from his position. Captain Sukan Sing commanded the guns on the rising ground at the entrance of the Station, and his very effective fire was much admired by the officers present.

12. Major Fitzgerald, who accompanied Colonel Lall Sing, has gained the confidence of that officer. He gave him sound and judicious advice, which was well acted on.

13. Brigadier Junga Doje, who commanded the leading brigade, reaped, conjointly with the artillery, the principal honours of the day. He led his men on steadily in advance, captured the first gun at the bridge, and was the first to overtake the rebels at the Ghaut. Lieutenant Foote, who accompanied him, greatly distinguished himself, exerting himself constantly to get the men into order, and keep them steady in their ranks.

14. Brigadier Summuck Sing's Brigade was also well in advance, accompanied by Captain Edmonstone, who got the guns into position on emerging from the jungle, and quickly drove the enemy away. His brigade was also early at the Ghaut.

15. Brigadier Run Sing's Brigade was most skilfully led through the forest to the right, by a native guide, and Mr Bird of the Civil Service, and accompanied by Captain Plowden; arriving too late to surprise the enemy at the bridge in the jungle, they having previously fled on the advance of the centre brigade, Run Sing's Brigade was,

from its position, unable to take much further part in the events of the day.

16. The same may be said of Brigadier Jodh Adhikaree's Brigade, which formed the rear guard, with the baggage, and was accompanied by Lieutenant Hill.

17. I have great pleasure in specially mentioning the services of Mr Bird, of the Civil Service, who has, from the time he joined this force, exerted himself in a way which deserves my warmest praise. He was the guide, and at the head of the column on this day, where his local knowledge proved of the greatest value.

18. I have also to bring to the notice of his Lordship in Council the assistance which I have received from my military secretary and aide-de-camp, Lieutenant MacAndrew; from the time that we entered on our duties at Bettiah, he has been most useful and zealous. He was with the leading brigade from the opening at the Goruckpore end of the forest to the end of the action, and the first man who reached the Ghaut on the river.

19. Captains Brander and Thompson, of the Commissariat Department, having but little of their own proper duties to do, in consequence of the self-supplying nature of this camp, exerted themselves as military officers, and rendered very good service; the latter especially in having, together with Lieutenant MacAndrew, subdued a dangerous fire which broke out close to a rebel magazine, and threatened the Judge's house with destruction.

20. Lieutenant Cory, Quartermaster in camp, also accompanied the advance brigade. The Commissioner, Mr Wingfield, Civil Service; the Collector, Mr Brereton, Civil Service; and Captain Byers, Assistant Resident at Nepal, accompanied myself and the Maharajah throughout the day.

21. Surgeon Dicken, and the other Medical Officers, were present at their posts, but had fortunately but little to do, our casualties being only two killed and five wounded.

22. A return of the captured ordnance will be sent as soon as it can be prepared.

I have, &c.,

G. H. MACGREGOR,
Military Commissioner.

No. 33.

General Order by the Governor-General of India in Council.

No. 114 of 1858.

Fort-William, January 22, 1858.

THE Right Honourable the Governor-General of India in Council has much satisfaction in publishing the following report of a successful attack, made by the troops under the command of Brigadier W. Campbell, commanding at Allahabad, on a large body of rebels, within a few miles of the station, on the 5th instant. His Lordship in Council concurs in the approbation, expressed by his Excellency the Commander-in-Chief, of the conduct of Brigadier Campbell, and the officers and men under his command on the occasion.

No. 34.

The Deputy Adjutant-General of the Army to the Secretary to Government of India, Military Department.

Head-Quarters, Camp, Futtehgurh,

SIR, January 13, 1858.

I, HAVE the honour, by the direction of the Commander-in-Chief, to transmit copy of a report

dated the 8th instant, from Brigadier W. Campbell, commanding at Allahabad, of a successful attack made by him on the 5th instant, on insurgents who had collected within a few miles of the Station; and in submitting it to the Right Honourable the Governor-General in Council, I am to request you will have the goodness to express his Excellency's entire satisfaction with the manner in which the affair was conducted throughout, and with the behaviour of the troops engaged.

I have, &c.,

H. W. NORMAN, Major,
Deputy Adjutant-General of the Army.

No. 35.

Brigadier W. Campbell, Commanding at Allahabad, to the Chief of the Staff.

SIR,

January 8, 1858.

I HAVE the honour to report, for the information of his Excellency the Commander-in-Chief, that having received intelligence from Mr Mayne, the Magistrate at Hunnoomagunge, of a large body of rebels having assembled at Munseeta, about 12 miles from this, on the other side of the Ganges, towards Secundra, and knowing that the Lieutenant-Governor wished them to be dispersed, I proceeded from this at two A.M. on the morning of the 5th January, in command of the force named in the margin.*

I arrived at Munseeta at daylight, and there found the rebels about 700 strong, in position on a hill, with three guns on the opposite side of a ravine; they immediately opened fire without effect. I ordered a Company of the Rifle Brigade, under command of Captain Lindsay, and two Companies of the 79th Highlanders, under Lieutenant-Colonel Taylor, to advance in skirmishing order, the former on the enemy's left, and the latter on their right; this was done with precision, and great quickness. The guns were ordered into action, but in consequence of the slowness of the bullocks and the celerity with which the enemy retreated, as soon as the infantry commenced their firing, Colonel Gordon, Royal Artillery, was only able to fire one round.

The skirmishers advanced in pursuit, Lieutenant-Colonel Douglas following in support with the guns and main body of the 79th, a good number of the enemy were shot, and the force passed through Munseeta in the above order to Syrepor, about three miles, where many had posted themselves in a strong built large house, and in other buildings of the village. I regret I failed in taking the enemy's guns, which must have been hid by them, as no one saw them carried off at Syrepor. At Syrepor I ordered the guns to come into action. A few rounds drove the rebels out of the village, and several of them were shot by the Rifles and the 79th, who I had sent round each flank of the town, in order to cut off their retreat.

The village was then searched. A Jhussah Thakoor, and two Brahmans, were found and hanged, one being a pensioned sepoy of the 71st Native Infantry. Many matchlocks and tulwars were found. At the request of Mr Mayne the magistrate, the village was destroyed.

Immediately after this, Captain Matheson's Troop of Irregular Cavalry joined my force. At the suggestion of Mr Mayne, who knows the country and showed great zeal and gallantry during the whole of the day, I ordered this troop to leave

* Royal Artillery, 79th Highlanders, Rifle Brigade.

Hoonmangunge in order to endeavour to cut off the retreat of the rebels; this was exceedingly well executed. The troop attacked the rebels with great gallantry, and destroyed forty or fifty of them. I collected the troops in a grove of trees, and halted to refresh them at 10 A.M.

At 10-30 A.M. Major Anderson, Royal Horse Artillery, joined our column with the mounted detachment of his troop, which was on the march from Benares to Allahabad. I, after consulting Colonel Wood, C.B., had sent an order to Major Anderson, when I left the fort, to obtain a guide at Hoonmangunge and join me at Munseata, and act as Cavalry.

At 11 A.M. firing was heard in our rear, and it was reported that Naib Nizam, with 2000 men, was coming to attack us. I waited a short time under the trees, then re-formed Royal Horse Artillery on the left, 79th in the centre, guns on the right, and Rifles in the rear, as I then intended to send the last named to destroy Paphamow, a small rebel village.

On leaving the wood I found the enemy, I think about 1200 strong, within a mile and half. I ordered the 79th out to skirmish, and Colonel Gordon to come into action as soon as he could, at the same time I ordered the Royal Horse Artillery to cut off the retreat of the enemy to our left. This was done with great quickness and effectually, about 150 killed, and many of the others driven back on the infantry and guns, where many were killed, the 79th and Rifles making some capital shots at long distances.

At this time Mr Mayne reported he had seen the Nizam. I ordered Major Anderson, Royal Horse Artillery, with half of his troop, to follow him a short distance. He did not overtake him; but killed 100 more of the enemy, some, I am told, men of consequence in the rebel force. Colonel Wood took command of the remainder, and prevented the rebels in the neighbouring villages, which were burnt, from retreating to our left.

At Munseata I halted the force for a short time, and then marched to Allahabad, arriving at 7-30 P.M. All reported present, with the exception of a few men, who came up with the guard that was left in our rear, to bring up some cars that arrived at 9 P.M., when all were present.

The enemy's loss cannot be calculated at less than 400. I have since heard that about that number were seen making their way to Secundra, wounded.

I am thankful to say that our loss was only one man of Benares Horse killed, and six wounded; the Royal Horse Artillery, two horses killed and five wounded; the Benares Horse, nine horses wounded.

I am much obliged to Lieutenant-Colonel Wood, C.B., R.H.A., for his assistance during the day, and also to Lieutenant-Colonel McDonald, Rifle Brigade, who volunteered his services to accompany the force. And I beg further to state that I was much satisfied with the manner in which Lieutenant-Colonel Douglas, 79th, commanding the infantry, Lieutenant-Colonel Taylor, the companies with which he was detached, Lieutenant-Colonel Gordon, the Foot Artillery, Major Anderson, detachments of his troop Royal Horse Artillery, Captain Lindsay, the Rifles, and Captain Matheson, the Benares Horse. This, I am told, is a newly raised corps, and the service they rendered on the 5th, and their workmanlike appearance, I beg respectfully to say did them great credit. I sent them home before the Nizam's advance, as they had several wounded

men and horses, and did not expect their services would be required.

Brigade Major Campbell, and Captain Maxwell, officiating Deputy Quartermaster-General, were with the force, and performed their duties to my entire satisfaction; and Lieutenant-Colonel Gordon reports that Captain Thurburn afforded him great assistance during the day. I am much obliged to Captain Frazer, 7th Hussars, who kindly acted as my aide-de-camp, and carried orders correctly and very quickly.

In conclusion, I beg to state that I am very much indebted to Mr Court and Mr Mayne, Magistrates; the former accompanied me during the day, and the latter attached himself to the cavalry, when he did good service with his sword, and was most useful to the commanding officers.

I beg to add that all the officers and men did a long day's work zealously and cheerfully.

I have the honor to forward a list of casualties.*

I have, &c.,

W. CAMPBELL,

P.S.—I have the honour to add, for the information of his Excellency, that since the above was written, Mr Mayne has sent me one of the enemy's guns, found by his men at Munseata, concealed in the ground, and also, he reports to me, that the enemy calculated their loss at 500 killed and 300 wounded.

* Note—Not received at head-quarters, but the loss is given in the body of the report.

H. W. NORMAN,
Deputy Adjutant-General.

WAR-OFFICE, PALL-MALL,

March 5, 1858.

THE Secretary of State for War has this day received Despatches, of which the following are copies, addressed to Lord Panmure by Major-General C. T. Van Straubensee, C. B., commanding Her Majesty's Land Forces in China.

Head-Quarters, Canton,

MY LORD; January 14, 1858.

I HAD the honour by the last mail briefly to report the capture of the city of Canton, I have now the honour to forward, for your Lordship's information, the particulars thereof.

It having been decided by their Excellencies, Rear-Admiral Sir Michael Seymour, K.C.B., Rear-Admiral Rigault de Genouilly, and myself, that the attack should be made on the north-eastern part of the walls of the city of Canton, the forces for this attack were landed on the 28th December, as nearly as possible in the order arranged in a memorandum forwarded to your Lordship by the last mail, and at the place agreed upon, in a creek opposite to the eastern end of Kuper Island, to which point I proceeded on the afternoon of the 27th ultimo.

On the 27th ultimo I directed a covering party of Her Majesty's 59th Regiment to be landed at the point above named to protect the Royal Engineers, Volunteer Sapper Company, and working party of the Native Transport Corps, under Captain Mann, of the Royal Engineers, whilst constructing jetties for landing troops and guns, making and widening roads across the low marshy paddy fields to the hard ground, about 400 yards inland. These works were proceeded with most actively, and the amount of labour performed proved the zeal which had been devoted to their

accomplishment; indeed, I feel much indebted to Captain Mann, R. E., Lieutenant Stewart, R. E., and all employed, for the evident interest taken in their task. The 59th covering party was under Major Burmester, commanding the 59th Regiment, to whose admirable disposition of his force it was mainly owing that these works were continued uninterruptedly during the greater part of the night.

From the low state of the tide the landing could not be proceeded with as arranged, simultaneously with the opening of the bombardment at 6 A.M. on the 28th ultimo; but about 9 A.M. it was commenced, and vigorously carried on under the superintendence of Captain Hall, C. B., R. N., Commandant Raynaud, Capitaine de Vaisseau, F. I. N., and Major the Honourable H. Clifford, Assistant Quartermaster-General, by whom the whole of the force and a large amount of material, stores, etc., were landed before nightfall, reflecting the greatest credit upon the untiring exertions of these three officers. Great praise is also due to Captain Temple, of the 12th Madras Native Infantry, a most zealous and active officer, for his arrangements in forwarding to the front the required ammunition, stores, etc., as soon as landed.

By 10 o'clock A.M., the French force having disembarked, were pushed on at my request to some rising ground about half a mile inland, placing a picket to protect their left on a point which commanded a view of the country to the river, and the village and ground to their front, their right flank resting on a hill above a paved causeway leading through the village to the East Gate of Canton.

On the French brigade taking up this position, a fire of jingalls, matchlocks, and rockets, was opened upon the brigade from the village in front, and from groups of the enemy formed to its right. No other troops being yet available, I directed the portion of the 59th Regiment, under Major Burmester, to be advanced to the right of the French. The enemy still continuing troublesome, without doing much mischief, and the eagerness of our Allies being difficult to restrain, their distinguished Commander-in-Chief ordered one battalion to advance and drive them from the heights and knolls in front, which was effected in gallant style. The whole of this part of the country was undulating, the higher ground covered with Chinese graves of a circular form, rendering it very difficult to cross, the lower parts intersected by paddy fields, many of which were still under water.

The remainder of the 59th having now reached the front, it was employed in driving the enemy back on the right of the French Brigade, and as the whole line approached nearer to Fort Linn, a smart fire was opened by some French howitzers, to keep down the fire of the fort, under cover of which the 59th Regiment moved up to a joss-house, within 300 yards of the fort, the French at the same time advancing to the hill in their front, the whole covered by the 4½ howitzers of Captain Knox's battery, which were fired with great effect. The fort being thus partially surrounded, the enemy were discovered to be evacuating it, by our Allies, who rushed on and occupied it, followed by the 59th Regiment.

As there was no prospect of being in a position to escalade the walls of the city on that day, owing to the great difficulty and labour required in getting up artillery, ammunition, &c., I decided upon bivouacking upon the ground we then occupied. The 59th Regiment in rear and under cover of Fort Linn, against the right flank of

which the enemy were making good practice with their guns from the walls of the city; the French Naval Brigade to our left having an advanced picket in a most favourable position in a joss-house to their front, from which the direct road to the East Gate was commanded. Lieutenant-Colonel Lemon's battalion of Royal Marines to the right on a range of hill fronting the north-west, and on its right, two divisions of the British Naval Brigade, under the command of Commodore the Honourable C. Elliot, C.B., who afterwards moved one division to the front under the command of the Honourable Captain Cochrane, C.B., to a most admirably selected and strong position. My object in this disposition of the force being to induce a belief on the part of the enemy that it was my intention to advance towards Fort Gough, in which feint I was fortunate enough to succeed.

The 3d Division of the British Naval Brigade, under, Captain Key, C.B., R.N., was placed in rear, and to the right of the joss house occupied during the night by the Allied Commanders, with one battalion of Colonel Holloway's brigade on their left, the other battalion of the Colonel's brigade being left at the landing-place to protect stores, &c., and keep open our communication.

The artillery were partly in position in front of Fort Linn; the remainder, on the ground below the fort, prepared for an onward move at daylight. The ladders and reserve ammunition were also brought to the fort. In the course of the afternoon the enemy appeared frequently in considerable force on our front and right; from the former they were as often driven by our rockets and artillery fire, from the latter by the dashing onslaughts of the British Naval Brigade. Up to this time some few men of each force were wounded, and one officer, Lieutenant Hackett, of the 59th Regiment, aide-de-camp to Colonel Graham, whilst carrying an order, was barbarously murdered by some Chinese, who had concealed themselves in a grave, two of whom were shot and one captured and hung.

By daylight on the 29th ultimo the large joss-house, which had been held on the previous day in great force by the enemy, was occupied without a struggle by a portion of the Naval Brigade, under the orders of those distinguished officers Sir R. McClure, R.N., and Captain Osborne, C.B., supported by a battalion of Royal Marines under the command of that old and deserving officer Lieutenant-Colonel Lemon. I directed Colonel Graham to send the 59th Regiment, under cover of houses, to our left, as near as practicable to the walls, there to extend and keep down the fire from the openings in the castellated parapet of the walls; the Rifle Company of the 38th Madras Native Infantry to extend on the right of the 59th Regiment, which was performed by both parties to my entire satisfaction. The artillery I directed to advance across the plain to the high ground, as near as possible to the wall, with a view to breaching the light parapet of it, should it be deemed necessary. The Admiral and myself having agreed the previous night that the bombardment of the eastern line of wall should continue until 9 A.M., so as to afford ample time to get up ladders, artillery, &c., this was effected with more dispatch than I had thought possible, owing to the great exertions of all concerned, particularly of the officers and men of the Royal, and Royal Marine Artillery, whose energy and zeal were worthy of high commendation. The intermediate time was employed in more closely reconnoitring the wall. Two guns of Major Barstow's Battery were

brought close to the ditch, and, together with some companies of Lieutenant-Colonel Lemon's Battalion of Royal Marines, did effective service in keeping down a smart fire from the walls, by which, however, I grieve to say the force lost one of its brightest ornaments. Captain Bates, of Her Majesty's ship *Actæon*, who had advanced to the edge of the ditch or ravine with Captain Mann, R.E., to examine more closely the height of the walls, was mortally wounded, and expired before he could be removed to the rear.

The enemy now perceiving, I presume, that our object was not to attack Fort Gough, descended in large numbers, and compelled my sending out some companies of Lieutenant-Colonel Lemon's Battalion to keep them back and protect our right, and afterwards to direct Lieutenant-Colonel Walsh's Battalion of Colonel Holloway's Brigade to extend to their right, to prevent the advance of the enemy, which was judiciously effected by all the officers concerned, though, I regret to say, not without Colonel Holloway and some of the men being wounded.

A howitzer and rocket tube were also brought forward and did good service. Shortly before the hour agreed upon it was reported to me that some ladders were being placed against the wall to our left, and that the troops were mounting the walls, upon which I directed all to advance, and before 9 o'clock A.M. the greater part of the force was upon the walls of Canton, meeting but very slight resistance, except at the gateways.

Major Luard, Brigade Major to the 2d Brigade, is stated by his Brigadier to have been the first person on the walls of Canton.

Within the city the attack appears to have been wholly unexpected, and but few of the enemy were found to oppose the number of the Allies now crowded on the walls. I proceeded to the right, halting for a moment at the East Gate to direct its being broken open by Lieutenant Langley of the Royal Engineers, an excellent young officer, passed the five storied Pagoda and Magazine Hill, when I observed the enemy making a rally at the North Gate, and advancing towards us. I immediately directed Commander Slight, of Her Majesty's ship *Sanspareil*, whom I beg to recommend to your Lordship's favourable notice, to form part of the Naval Brigade nearest to us, and charge down the hill, which was gallantly executed, and the enemy driven back. The enemy here showed a valour and determination which, had it extended to the body of their troops, would have greatly increased the cost at which Canton was taken. Brigadier Graham, with his gallant regiment the 59th, and 38th Madras Native Infantry, after a slight resistance, took the East Gate, and proceeded round the walls nearly to the South Gate of Canton old city wall.

Having now given the particulars of the movements leading to the capture of the city, it becomes my pleasing duty to express the deep sense I feel of the cordial co-operation and assistance I have received from their Excellencies Rear-Admirals Sir Michael Seymour, K.C.B., and Rigault de Genouilly, K.C.B., commanding their respective Naval Brigades. There were no differences of opinion, every operation decided upon was cordially carried out, the best means of attaining the end being the only wish of all. I shall ever esteem it a high honour to have been associated with two such distinguished officers.

To the brigadiers, naval officers, officers, staff and regimental, non-commissioned officers, soldiers and sailors, English and French, I can only return my thanks, and record my sense

of their gallantry, zeal, and devotion to their country's cause, and express my regret that they have not had an enemy to encounter more worthy of their martial ardour. Where all have done their duty in this short, but I trust, satisfactory campaign, it is difficult to name individuals. I must, however, bring to your Lordship's notice the officers commanding brigades, Colonel Hope Graham, 59th Regiment; Colonel Holloway, R.M., A.D.C. to Her Majesty; Colonel Dunlop, commanding the Royal Artillery; and, Captain Mann, commanding the Royal Engineers., Major Burnester, commanding the 59th Regiment; his second in command, Major Lodder, and senior captain present, Captain Romer, attached as aide-de-camp to Rear-Admiral Rigault de Genouilly, K.C.B.; Lieutenant-Colonels Lemon, Walsh, and Hocker, commanding battalions of Royal Marine Light Infantry; and Captains Richard Parke, Jackson, Brevet-Major Boyle and Foote, the senior Captains of Battalions and acting Field-Officers; also Captain Buck, commanding the Rifle Company of the 38th Madras Native Infantry.

Colonel Holloway specially brings to my notice his Brigade-Major, Brevet-Major Travers (whom, from personal observation I can recommend as a valuable officer), and also his aide-de-camp Captain Ellis, R.M., L.I.

Colonel Graham specially notices his Brigade-Major, Major Luard, an officer whom I can also recommend.

Colonel Dunlop speaks in high, and I feel well deserved terms of the officers commanding batteries of the Royal Artillery, of whom that most zealous officer, Captain Knox, is the senior; also of Major Schomberg, R.M.A., who commanded the mortar battery in the Dutch Folly; and that indefatigable and talented young officer, Lieut. Festing, R.M.A.

To Dr Gordon, C.B., principal medical officer, and the officers of the Medical Department, to Deputy Commissary General Power, and officers of the Commissariat Department, I have to return my thanks for their excellent arrangements from the date of landing to the present time; the latter officer, Deputy-Commissary General Power having had very many difficulties to overcome, which required an officer of his talent and experience to cope with. Of Captain Temple and the Land Transport Corps, raised for the occasion by that talented officer, Colonel Wetherall, C.B., and composed principally of Chinese, I cannot speak too highly, for they had not only to afford assistance in carrying provisions and material of war for the small force from Hong-Kong, but also for the Royal Marines, Naval Brigade, and our gallant Allies; their arduous duties were performed with the greatest cheerfulness.

I take this opportunity of thanking the officers who did me the favour to accompany me on the 28th and 29th ultimo, foremost of whom I must name that old, distinguished, and still energetic officer, the Lieutenant-Governor of Hong-Kong, Lieutenant-Colonel Caine, whose martial spirit could not be restrained when the scene of war was so near to his Government, Mr Lock, attached to the Embassy of the Right Honourable the Earl of Elgin, and Lieut. Colin Campbell, R.N., attached to me as Naval Aide-de-Camp, by Rear-Admiral Sir Michael Seymour, a most promising officer.

I have also to thank Rear-Admiral Regault de Genouilly for lending, and still permitting me to retain, the services, as aide-de-camp, of Mons. E. A. de Mandat, Viscomte de Grancey, of the

French Imperial Naval Service, an officer previously distinguished, and who will, I feel, become a high ornament to his profession. The Rev. Mr Halcatt, chaplain to the forces, I observed on the field prepared to minister consolation to the wounded or dying.

The arrangements of Mr Commissary of Ordnance Young, C.B., and Mr Thomson, of the Military Store Department, were most efficient.

I have now to tender my thanks to the officers of the General and Personal Staff, whose particular duty it was to convey, and see carried out, my orders, and to recommend them to your Lordship's notice, viz., Lieut.-Col. the Hon. St George Foley (B. Military Secretary); Lieut.-Colonel Stephenson, Scots Fusilier Guards, Assistant Adjutant-General; Major the Hon. H. Clifford, Assistant Quartermaster-General; Brevet-Major Crealock, 90th Regiment, Deputy - Assistant Quartermaster-General, and Capt. the Hon. B. Fellow, Rifle Brigade, Aide-de-Camp.

I must beg also to bring to your Lordship's notice the services of Brevet-Major Cazalet, 29th Madras Native Infantry, whom I selected for the command of Hong-Kong at a time of considerable anxiety, when the more efficient part even of the usual garrison was brought away for this service, and who, with the Town Major and Acting Deputy Assistant Quartermaster-General Captain King, 59th Regiment, merit my approbation.

I beg herewith to forward returns of casualties and ordnance.

I have, &c.

C. T. VAN STRAUBENZEE, Major-General,
Commanding Her Majesty's Troops in China.
The Right Honourable
The Secretary of State for War,
&c. &c. &c.

Head-Quarters, Canton,
January 11, 1858.

Return of Ordnance, Carriages, and Stores, found on the Works of the old City of Canton, and in the adjacent Magazines.

ORDNANCE.

Mounted on Wooden Carriages.

Brass...12-pounder gun	...	...	1
32	...	...	2
Iron ... 32	..	...	6
24	..	...	20
18	..	...	11
12	..	...	10
9	..	...	28
6	..	...	147
3	..	...	72

Dismounted.

Iron ... 9-pounder carronade	...	...	3
6	..	...	132

Total 430

Gunpowder L. G.	...	lbs.	300,000
Rockets, of sorts	...		5,000
Blue Lights	...		2,000
Stink pots	...		3,000
Charcoal	...	bushels	950
Saltpetre	...	cwts.	139
Sulphur	...		50
Leadens bullets, of sorts	...	tons.	6

MEM.—The brass guns are serviceable; the whole of the iron guns and carronades are un-serviceable.

There is a small quantity of unserviceable shot and shell scattered over the works, which are not worth collecting.

The wooden carriages are unserviceable, and many of them have been destroyed and used for fire-wood.

The gunpowder, rockets, blue lights, and stink pots have been destroyed, with the exception of about 15,000 lbs. of gunpowder, which have been kept for Engineer purposes.

The charcoal, sulphur, saltpetre, and leaden bullets are still in the magazines; the amount of each is only an approximate estimate, as no means exist of ascertaining the exact quantities.

FREDK. STEPHENSON, Lt.-Col.,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

General Return of Killed and Wounded.

59TH REGIMENT.

Officers—1 killed (Lieutenant Hackett); 1 dangerously wounded (Ensign Bowen, died January 10, 1858); 1 slightly wounded (Lieutenant Shinkwin).

Non-commissioned officers and privates—1 killed; 4 severely wounded, 12 slightly wounded.

38TH MADRAS NATIVE INFANTRY.

Non-commissioned officers and privates—1 slightly wounded.

Total—2 killed, 1 dangerously wounded, 4 severely wounded, 14 slightly wounded.

ARCHD. GORDON, M.D.,
Deputy Inspector-General of Hospitals.

FREDK. STEPHENSON, Lieut.-Col.,
Assistant-Adjutant-General.

Nominal List of Casualties in the Force under my Medical Superintendence on the 28th and 29th December, 1857.

59TH REGIMENT.

Lieutenant Hackett, killed.

Lieutenant Shinkwin, lacerated wound of knee.

Ensign Bowen, gingall ball through chest, coming out close to spine. Died 10th January, 1858.

3725 Private Denis Sullivan, musket ball through right arm.

3297 " Timothy Regan, killed.

3624 " Matthew Walsh, shell wound of internal canthus of right eye.

3161 " James Bullock, musket ball of hand.

3613 " James Calvert, wounds of thigh and head by shell.

3636 " Patrick O'Neil, contusion of knee spent cannon ball.

3866 " James Wigley, wound of thigh by musket ball.

3199 " William Taylor, musket ball entering under left orbit.

3056 " Joseph Healy, musket ball of thigh.

3141 " Joseph McNamara, musket ball of leg.

2121 " William Quinn, musket ball of arm and fracture of right finger.

2879 " John Slattley, musket ball through calf leg.

3520 " Joseph Embley, musket ball thigh.

2714 " Thomas Haddican, musket ball through shoulder.

3724 " Denis Sullivan, musket ball of face.

3817 Private John Skillen, musket ball wound of knee.

3732 „ Matthew Cronin, contusion by fall from scaling ladder.

38TH MADRAS NATIVE INFANTRY.

560 Havildar Sheik Ismael, wound of scalp by rocket.

ARCHD. GORDON, M.D.,
Deputy-Inspector-General of Hospitals.
FREDK. STEPHENSON, Lieut.-Col.,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

Head-Quarters, Canton, January 3, 1858.

Casualty Return of the Force on Shore, during the Attack and Capture of Canton, on the 28th and 29th December 1857.

H.M.'s TROOPS, H.E.I.C.'s TROOPS, AND ROYAL MARINES.

Killed—2 officers, 1 man.
Wounded—3 officers, 34 men.
Total casualties—5 officers, 35 men.

BRITISH NAVAL BRIGADE.

Killed—2 officers, 3 men.
Wounded—4 officers, 30 men.
Total casualties—6 officers, 33 men.

Missing—None.

FREDK. STEPHENSON, Lieut.-Colonel,
Assistant Adjutant-General.

Head-Quarters, Canton,
January 14, 1858.

MY LORD,

I HAVE the honour to transmit, for your Lordship's information, a copy of a General Order issued on the 4th of January, and to inform you that, according to the arrangements therein made, the Allied Forces marched to the different points indicated at 8 o'clock on the morning of the 5th instant. The whole of the arrangements were strictly carried out, and proved more successful than could possibly have been anticipated.

The French Naval Brigade, 250 strong, with one gun, entered the Yamun, and secured the person of the Tartar General, where they were joined by Lieutenant-Colonel Hocker's battalion of Royal Marines and two howitzers. Lieutenant-Colonel Walsh's battalion of Royal Marines, with two guns under Colonel Holloway, C.B., forced their way into the Yamun of the Governor of Kwang Tung, and made him prisoner.

Lieutenant-Colonel Lemon's battalion of Royal Marines, with two guns, marched as directed, first to the temple in which it was supposed that Yeh was secreted, and afterwards, joined by 200 of Lieutenant-Colonel Walsh's battalion, to the treasury, and succeeded in capturing a quantity of treasure in silver.

The principal event of the day, however, was accomplished by the British Naval Brigade, 100 men of whom, under the command of Captain Cooper Key, R.N., C.B., were ordered by Commodore the Honourable C. Elliott, C.B., to accompany Mr Consul Parkes and himself in search of the High Commissioner Yeh, a clue to whose abode had been obtained by Mr Parkes, whose indefatigable exertions on all occasions merit the highest commendation. After a long and tiring search, which would have proved useless but for the inti-

mate knowledge of the Chinese language displayed by Mr Parkes, the High Commissioner was traced to a small Yamun, situated in the south-western extremity of the city, which being broken into, Yeh himself was seized by Captain Cooper Key; some difficulty having occurred in identifying him, as several Chinese mandarins in turn declared themselves to be Yeh.

After securing several boxes of valuable official papers, Yeh, the High Commissioner, the Governor of Kwang Tung, and the Tartar General, were marched up to head-quarters, where the Commanders-in-Chief decided that the High Commissioner should be sent on board Her Majesty's ship Inflexible, which was carried into effect on the same evening.

I feel sure that your Lordship will be gratified with the success that attended this day's proceedings, brought about by the strict observance of instructions by the respective officers in command of the different parties, and the activity and tact displayed by Mr Consul Parkes in discovering the retreat of the High Commissioner.

I have, &c.,

C. T. VAN STRAUBENZEE, Major-General,
Commanding Her Majesty's Troops in China.

The Right Honourable
The Secretary of State for War.
&c. &c. &c.

Head-Quarters, Canton,
January 3, 1858.

GENERAL AFTER ORDER.

IT having been decided that an entrance into the city be effected, the following will be the arrangement:—

The French Naval Brigade, with 400 men and 4 guns, will move off from the North Gate, at half-past 7 o'clock, to the West Gate, which they will occupy in force, placing 3 guns in position, and leaving 150 men; the remaining 250 men and 1 gun will move eastward up the main street, halting in front of the Tartar General's house. Colonel Hocker's Battalion of Royal Marines, with 2 small howitzers from Royal Artillery, will move at 8 o'clock from the North Gate to where the road running from East to West Gate crosses; 200 men with 1 gun will proceed to their right, and join the French in occupying the Tartar General's house; the remaining men and gun will turn to the left, and halt opposite the Governor's quarters, which will be occupied; 400 men of Colonel Walsh's battalion will proceed by the street east of the Parade Ground, with 2 small howitzers, till they reach the main street running east and west; 200 men and 1 gun will proceed to their right, to assist in occupying the Lieutenant-Governor's house; the remaining 200 and gun to the left, to join Colonel Lemon's battalion in occupying the Treasury, Seat of Justice, &c. Colonel Lemon's battalion of 400 men, with 1 gun, will proceed at same hour from East Gate, halting at the District College; a sufficient party to maintain themselves, the remainder or larger portion proceeding without delay to the Treasury and there joining Colonel Walsh's men. Colonel Graham, with 59th Regiment, or such portion as can be spared from the protection of our posts, will proceed at same hour from South-East Gate, to secure such persons and documents as may be found in a Temple which will be pointed out to him; this done, and those sent to the South-East-



Gate for security, he will advance up the street of Triumphal Arches, and join and take command of all at the Treasury. The object being to secure the persons and documents of those nominally holding the reins of government in a city captured by assault, and to enforce their submission, commanding officers will be held responsible for any destruction committed by their men not rendered absolutely necessary by circumstances; they will avoid collision with any but armed parties, and even with them, should they lay down their arms. They will bear in mind that the object is not loot or wanton destruction, but to enforce and prove

our supremacy, and, what is more, the civilised character of our respective nations. The whole of the Naval Brigade and Troops on the heights and walls to remain under arms during these movements; those of the Naval Brigades not occupying posts to be sent to the heights. Colonel Dunlop will have the remaining portion of his artillery in readiness to act as may be required.

By Order,

(Signed) FREDK. STEPHENSON,
Assistant-Adjutant-General.

ST. JAMES'S PALACE, February 26, 1858.

The Queen has been pleased to appoint the Duchess of Manchester to be Mistress of the Robes, in the room of the Duchess of Sutherland, resigned.

[Omitted in the Gazette of March 2.]

MASTER OF THE HORSE'S OFFICE,
February 26, 1858.

The Queen has been graciously pleased to appoint the Most Noble Henry Charles Fitz-Roy, Duke of Beaufort, to be Her Majesty's Master of the Horse, in the room of the Most Noble Arthur Richard, Duke of Wellington, resigned.

MASTER OF THE HORSE'S OFFICE,
February 26, 1858.

For

The Queen has been graciously pleased to appoint Colonel the Honourable Alexander Nelson Hood, Scots Fusilier Guards, to be Equerry in Ordinary to Her Majesty, in the room of Major-General Buckley, resigned, Read, late Scots Fusilier Guards.

WAR-OFFICE, March 5, 1858.

The Queen has been graciously pleased to give orders for the appointment of Major-General Lord Howden, K.C.B., Her Majesty's Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary to the Queen of Spain, to be an Ordinary Member of the Civil Division of the First Class, or Knights Grand Cross of the Most Honourable Order of the Bath; and of Percy William Doyle, Esq., late Her Majesty's Minister Plenipotentiary to the Mexican Republic, and Lieutenant-Colonel Thomas Aisken Larcom, R.E., Under Secretary to the Lord Lieutenant of Ireland, to be Ordinary Members of the Civil Division of the Third Class or Companions of the said Most Honourable Order.

DOWNING STREET, March 5, 1858.

The Queen has been pleased to appoint John Reilly, Esq., to be Police Magistrate for the District of Kingston, in the Island of St. Vincent; Francis Ellis, Esq., to be a Member of the Council of the Turks and Caicos Islands; George Wall, Esq., to be a Member of the Legislative Council of the Island of Ceylon; Alexander Gordon Fyfe, Esq., to be a Member of the Legislative Council of the Island of Jamaica; and Alfred Whitman and Robert Barry Dickey, Esquires, to be Members of the Legislative Council of the Province of Nova Scotia.

DUBLIN CASTLE, March 5, 1858.

Her Majesty's letters-patent have passed under the Great Seal of Ireland, appointing James Whiteside, Esquire, to be Her Majesty's Attorney-General in Ireland.

HOME-OFFICE, March 5, 1858.

The GLAMORGANSHIRE INSTITUTION at Howdie-Genol, near Neath, in the County of Glamorgan, has been certified by the Secretary of State as fit to be a REFORMATORY SCHOOL, under the provisions of the Statute 17 & 18 Vict., c. 86.

Commission signed by the Vice Lieutenant of the County of Perth.

Regiment of Royal Perthshire Rifle Militia.

Rodney Stuart Riddell, gent. to be Lieutenant.
Dated 2d March 1858.

Commission signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Aberdeen.

Royal Aberdeenshire Highlanders.

Assistant-Surgeon George Morison, M.D., to be Surgeon, vice Will, resigned. Dated 25th February 1858.

[The following Article is substituted for that which appeared in the Gazette of Tuesday last.]

MEMORANDUM.

Her Majesty has been graciously pleased to approve of the Royal Aberdeenshire Regiment of Militia, being designated "The Royal Aberdeenshire Highlanders, and to be equipped as a Highland Regiment."

CROWN-OFFICE, March 4, 1858.

MEMBERS returned to serve in the present
PARLIAMENT.

Borough of Stamford.

John Inglis, of Abercrombie Place, Edinburgh, Dean of the Faculty of Advocates, and Lord Advocate of Scotland, in the room of Sir Frederic Thesiger, Knight, who has accepted the office of Lord High Chancellor of Great Britain.

Borough of Cockermouth.

The Right Honourable Richard Southwell Bourke, commonly called Lord Naas, of Palmerstown Naas, in the county of Kildare, Chief Secretary to the Lord Lieutenant of Ireland.

Borough of Droitwich.

The Right Honourable Sir John Somerset Pakington, Baronet, of Westwood Park, in the county of Worcester, First Commissioner for executing the office of Lord High Admiral of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland.

Borough of Wenlock.

The Right Honourable George Cecil Weld Forester, of Willey Park, in the county of Salop, Comptroller of Her Majesty's Household.

Borough of Bridgnorth.

Henry Whitmore, of Sunnyside, Coal Brook Dale, in the county of Salop, Esquire, one of the Commissioners for executing the Office of Treasurer of the Exchequer of Great Britain, and Lord High Treasurer of Ireland.

March 5.

University of Cambridge.

The Right Honourable Spencer Horatio Walpole, Master of Arts, one of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State.

Borough of Huntingdon.

Major-General Jonathan Peel, of Marble Hill, Twickenham, one of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State.

WAR-OFFICE, PALL-MALL,

March 5, 1858.

2d Regiment of Dragoon Guards—Lieutenant H. St John Dick to be Captain, without purchase, vice Loftus, appointed to the 18th Light Dragoons. Dated 5th March 1858.

Cornet William Thomas Foster to be Lieutenant, without purchase, vice Dick. Dated 5th March 1858.

6th Dragoon Guards—Lieutenant Francis G. S. Curtis to be Captain, without purchase, vice Brett, appointed to the 18th Light Dragoons. Dated 5th March 1858.

Ensign William Gair, from the 3d West India Regiment, to be Cornet, without purchase, in succession to Lieutenant Vyse, killed in action. Dated 5th March 1858.

2d Dragoons—Lieutenant J. E. Swindley, from the 12th Light Dragoons, to be Captain, without purchase, vice Brevet-Lieutenant-Colonel Clarke, promoted. Dated 5th March 1858.

3d Light Dragoons—Frederick Grant Forsyth Grant, gent. to be Cornet, by purchase, vice Blundell, promoted. Dated 5th March 1858.

5th Light Dragoons—Cornet Edward Francis Weaver, from the 1st Dragoons, to be Cornet and Adjutant. Dated 5th March 1858.

Staff-Surgeon of the Second Class Luke Barron, M.D., to be Surgeon. Dated 19th February 1858.

7th Light Dragoons—Lieutenant Frank Garforth to be Captain, without purchase, vice Slade, appointed to the 5th Light Dragoons. Dated 5th March 1858.

Cornet Richard Newsham Pedder to be Lieutenant, without purchase, vice Garforth. Dated 5th March 1858.

9th Light Dragoons—Brevet-Lieutenant-Colonel Henry Aime Ouvry, C.B., to be Lieutenant-Colonel, without purchase, vice Brevet Colonel J. H. Grant, K.C.B., promoted to the rank of Major-General. Dated 5th March 1858.

Brevet-Major William Drysdale to be Major, without purchase, vice Ouvry. Dated 5th March 1858.

Lieutenant A. Eastfield Wilkinson to be Captain, without purchase, vice Drysdale. Dated 5th March 1858.

Cornet Piers Thursby to be Lieutenant, without purchase, vice Wilkinson. Dated 5th March 1858.

Robert Bury, gent. to be Cornet, without purchase, vice Thursby. Dated 5th March 1858.

10th Light Dragoons—Cornet John Gore to be Lieutenant, without purchase, vice Stacy, promoted in the 18th Light Dragoons. Dated 5th March 1858.

11th Light Dragoons—Lieutenant Edward Harnett to be Captain, without purchase, vice Brevet-Major Fellowes, whose Brevet Rank has been converted into Substantive Rank, under the Royal Warrant of the 6th October 1854. Dated 5th March 1858.

Cornet Arthur Peel Garnett to be Lieutenant, without purchase. Dated 5th March 1858.

12th Light Dragoons—Cornet William Edward Shaw to be Lieutenant, vice Gammell, promoted in the 5th Light Dragoons. Dated 5th March 1858.

14th Light Dragoons—Cornet Percy Dodgson, from the 10th Light Dragoons, to be Cornet, vice Giles, promoted. Dated 5th March 1858.

William Atcherley Atcherley, gent. to be Cornet, without purchase. Dated 5th March 1858.

15th Light Dragoons—Surgeon William Godfrey Watt, from the 5th Foot, to be Surgeon. Dated 5th March 1858.

16th Light Dragoons—Cornet Leonard Wilson Atkinson to be Lieutenant, without purchase, vice John Dynon, promoted in the 5th Light Dragoons. Dated 5th March 1858.

18th Light Dragoons—Surgeon Henry Mapleton, M.D., from the 15th Light Dragoons, to be Surgeon. Dated 19th February 1858.

Military Train—The surname of the Lieutenant promoted in the 8th instant, is *Applin*, not *Aplin*.

Scots Fusilier Guards—Ensign and Lieutenant Godfrey Wentworth Beaumont to be Lieutenant and Captain, by purchase, vice the Honourable Edward Brownlow, who retires. Dated 5th March 1858.

Francis W. Garden Campbell, gent. to be Ensign and Lieutenant, by purchase, vice Beaumont. Dated 5th March 1858.

2d Regiment of Foot—Ensign John Hatchell to be Lieutenant, without purchase, vice Dowdeswell, whose appointment, from 89th Foot, has been cancelled. Dated 5th March 1858.

James Campbell Stratford, gent. to be Ensign, without purchase, vice J. J. Armstrong, who has been superseded, being absent without leave. Dated 5th March 1858.

Selwyn Valentine Page, gent. to be Ensign, without purchase, vice Hatchell. Dated 6th March 1858.

To be Captains, without purchase.

3d Foot—Lieutenant F. Eteson, from the 52d Foot, vice Daly, who has retired upon full-pay. Dated 5th March 1858.

Lieutenant H. G. E. Somerset, from the 81st Foot. Dated 5th March 1858.

To be Lieutenant, without purchase.

Ensign Charles Deyman Baillie, vice Reade, promoted. Dated 5th March 1858.

To be Ensigns, without purchase.

Charles Warren Mellor, gent. vice Baillie. Dated 5th March 1858.

William Henry Irvine, gent. vice Mansergh, appointed to 75th Foot. Dated 6th March 1858.

4th Foot—Ensign Richard Boyce to be Lieutenant, without purchase, vice Cox, whose appointment from 20th Foot has been cancelled. Dated 5th March 1858.

John Grant Tomlin, gent. to be Ensign, without purchase, vice Sharpe, promoted. Dated 5th March 1858.

5th Foot—Lieutenant John Creagh to be Adjutant, vice Haig, killed in action. Dated 24th September 1857.

Assistant-Surgeon Robert McNab, M.D., from 61st Foot, to be Surgeon, the promotion not to carry pay until 5th March 1858. Dated 26th January 1858.

6th Foot—Major J. E. Robertson to be Lieutenant-Colonel, without purchase. Dated 5th March 1858.

Captain and Brevet-Major E. J. Blanckley to be Major, without purchase, vice Robertson. Dated 5th March 1858.

Lieutenant John Dawson to be Captain, without purchase, vice Blanckley. Dated 5th March 1858.

Ensign C. Whyte to be Lieutenant, without purchase, vice Dawson. Dated 5th March 1858.

William Smith, gent. to be Ensign, without purchase, vice Wastle, promoted. Dated 5th March 1858.

Thomas Greer Saunders, gent. to be Ensign, without purchase, vice Bowers, promoted. Dated 6th March 1858.

7th Foot—The Christian names of Ensign Lovelidge are *Henry William*, and not *Edward Henry*, as stated in the Gazette of the 2d ultimo.

8th Foot—Harold John Kinsman, gent. to be Ensign, without purchase, vice Mountstevenson, died of his wounds. Dated 5th March 1858.

9th Foot—Thomas Elmes, gent. to be Ensign, without purchase, vice Ridsdale, promoted. Dated 5th March 1858.

10th Foot—Lieutenant Charles Hill Fresson, from the 98th Foot, to be Captain, without purchase, vice Fenton, whose appointment from half-pay, unattached, as stated in the Gazette of 12th January 1858, has been cancelled. Dated 5th March 1858.

13th Foot—Lieutenant William Robert Moorsom, from the 52d Foot, to be Captain, without purchase. Dated 5th March 1858.

14th Foot—Lieutenant Hugh Lloyd, from the 87th Foot, to be Captain, without purchase. Dated 5th March 1858.

15th Foot.

The promotion of the undermentioned Officers to be dated 20th, not 19th February 1858, as previously stated :—

Brevet-Major George P. Hume, from 58th Foot.
Brevet-Major John C. Mansergh, from 6th Foot.

20th Foot—Lieutenant Wellington Mitchell has been permitted to resign his Commission. Dated 5th March 1858.

22d Foot—Major D. Anderson to be Lieutenant-Colonel, without purchase. Dated 5th March 1858.

To be Majors, without purchase.

Captain J. H. Graham, vice Anderson. Dated 5th March 1858.

Captain H. G. Bowden. Dated 5th March 1858.
Brevet-Major H. D. Neville, from 1st Foot. Dated 6th March 1858.

23d Foot—Ensign W. A. FitzRoy to be Lieutenant, by purchase, vice Hackett, promoted. Dated 5th March 1858.

Archibald Robert Winstanley, gent. to be Ensign, by purchase, vice FitzRoy. Dated 5th March 1858.

28th Foot—Ensign Charles Thackeray to be Lieutenant, by purchase, vice E. S. R. Smyth, who retires. Dated 5th March 1858.

Arthur Holden Turner, gent. to be Ensign, by purchase, vice Thackeray. Dated 5th March 1858.

30th Foot—Frederick Harcourt Williamson, gent. to be Ensign, by purchase, vice Hassall, appointed to the 84th Foot. Dated 5th March 1858.

32d Foot—Lieutenant Charles Marshall Foster to be Captain, without purchase, vice Yard, promoted. Dated 26th November 1857.

Ensign John Garforth to be Lieutenant, without purchase, vice Foster. Dated 6th February 1858.

Cornelius Francis Clery, gent. to be Ensign, without purchase, vice Justice, appointed to the 55th Foot. Dated 5th March 1858.

36th Foot—The appointment of Lieutenant William Tyler Stuart to be Adjutant, to bear date 2d, instead of 19th, of February 1858.

40th Foot—Ensign George Hobbs to be Lieutenant, by purchase, vice Messenger, promoted. Dated 5th March 1858.

Robert Brooks Clarke, gent. to be Ensign, by purchase, vice Hobbs. Dated 5th March 1858.

42d Foot—Lieutenant James William Mitchell, from the St Helena Regiment, to be Lieutenant, vice J. G. J. Stuart, who exchanges. Dated 5th March 1858.

52d Foot—Ensign Thomas Simpson to be Lieutenant, without purchase, vice Gibbons, killed in action. Dated 29th November 1857.

55th Foot—Lieutenant John George Echalaz to be Captain, by purchase, vice Ball, who retires. Dated 5th March 1858.

Ensign James Francis Morton to be Lieutenant, by purchase, vice Echalaz. Dated 5th March 1858.

Ensign Philip W. Justice, from the 32d Foot, to be Ensign, vice Kenny, appointed to the 10th Foot. Dated 5th March 1858.

Henry Whewell Riley, gent. to be Ensign, by purchase, vice Morton. Dated 5th March 1858.

61st Foot—William Edward Ness, gent. to be Ensign, without purchase. Dated 5th March 1858.

Assistant-Surgeon Arthur Salter, from the Staff, to be Assistant-Surgeon, vice McNab, promoted in the 5th Foot. Dated 5th March 1858.

The Christian names of Ensign Nugent, appointed without purchase on the 12th February 1858, are "William Sydney."

67th Foot—Ensign E. B. Bass to be Lieutenant, without purchase, vice Munro, appointed to the Royal Canadian Rifle Regiment. Dated 5th March 1858.

Alfred Adams Price, gent. to be Ensign, without purchase, vice Bass. Dated 5th March 1858.

For Henry Charles Watson, *Esquire*, formerly Paymaster of a Depôt Battalion, to be Paymaster, which appeared in the Gazette of 26th ultimo,

Read, *Captain* Henry Charles Watson, from half-pay 3d West India Regiment, to be Paymaster.

70th Foot—Alexander Boydel Wright, gent. to be Ensign, without purchase, vice Hamilton, appointed to the 61st Foot. Dated 5th March 1858.

80th Foot—Major and Brevet Lieutenant-Colonel S. T. Christie to be Lieutenant-Colonel, without purchase. Dated 5th March 1858.

Captain and Brevet-Major Robert Hawkes to be Major, without purchase, vice Christie. Dated 5th March 1858.

Lieutenant C. F. Amiel to be Captain, without purchase, vice Hawkes. Dated 5th March 1858.

Ensign F. F. Goddard to be Lieutenant, without purchase, vice Amiel. Dated 5th March 1858.

82d Foot—Lieutenant John Frederick Pilkington to be Captain, without purchase, vice John Gordon, deceased. Dated 9th January 1858.

83d Foot—Captain Joseph Davies, from half-pay Unattached, to be Captain, vice Brevet-Major the Honourable E. J. W. Forester, who exchanges. Dated 5th March 1858.

Lieutenant Herbert Stanley Cooper to be Captain, by purchase, vice Davies, who retires. Dated 5th March 1858.

Ensign James Robert Colebrooke, from the 26th Foot, to be Lieutenant, by purchase, vice Cooper. Dated 5th March 1858.

87th Foot—Serjeant-Major Arthur Anderson to be Ensign, without purchase, in succession to Lieutenant Lloyd, promoted in the 14th Foot. Dated 5th March 1858.

91st Foot—Lieutenant William Squirrel to be Captain, without purchase, vice Ling, appointed to the 18th Light Dragoons. Dated 5th March 1858.

Ensign Hubert Plunkett Burke to be Lieutenant, without purchase, vice Squirrel. Dated 5th March 1858.

Charles Lacon Harvey, gent. to be Ensign, without purchase, vice Burke. Dated 5th March 1858.

98th Foot—Ensign Charles Henry Griffin to be Lieutenant, without purchase, vice Fresson, promoted in the 10th Foot. Dated 5th March 1858.

William O'Toole, gent. to be Ensign, without purchase, vice Griffin, promoted. Dated 5th March 1858.

2d West India Regiment—Ensign Edgar Wainwright Bishop to be Lieutenant, by purchase, vice Helps, who retires. Dated 5th March 1858.

Sidney Watkin Williams, gent. to be Ensign, by purchase, vice Bishop. Dated 5th March 1858.

3d West India Regiment—Stephen George Allman, gent. to be Ensign, without purchase, vice Gair, appointed to the 6th Dragoon Guards. Dated 5th March 1858.

Royal Canadian Rifle Regiment.

To be Lieutenants, without purchase.

Lieutenant William Meadows Ansell, from the 35th Foot. Dated 5th March 1858.

Lieutenant G. T. Munro, from the 67th Foot. Dated 5th March 1858.

St Helena Regiment—Lieutenant John Glass Gordon Stuart, from the 42d Foot, to be Lieutenant, vice Mitchell, who exchanges. Dated 5th March 1858.

DEPOT BATTALION.

Captain Alexander Bruce Wallis, of the 33d Foot, to be Instructor of Musketry. Dated the 10th February 1858.

UNATTACHED

Lieutenant F. C. D'Epina Barclay, from 12th Foot, to be Captain, by purchase. Dated 5th March 1858.

The undermentioned Officers to have their Brevet Rank converted into Substantive Rank under the Royal Warrant of the 6th October 1854:—

Brevet-Major Edward Fellowes, 11th Light Dragoons. Dated 5th March 1858.

Brevet-Major William Bellairs, 49th Foot. Dated 5th March 1858.

HOSPITAL STAFF.

James Mackay, M.D., to be Assistant-Surgeon to the Forces, vice Kilroy, appointed to the 33d Foot. Dated 5th March 1858.

James Lander, gent. to be Acting Assistant-Surgeon. Dated 5th March 1858.

Staff-Assistant-Surgeon A. G. Power, M.D., has been permitted to resign his Commission. Dated 5th March 1858.

BREVET.

Colonel Edward A. Parker, retired full pay, Royal Marines (late Commandant of the Chatham Division), to have the honorary rank of Major-General under Her Majesty's Order in Council of the 13th September 1854. Dated 24th February 1858.

Captain Joseph Davies, of the 83d Foot, to be Major in the Army. Dated 20th June 1854.

MEMORANDUM.

Captain William Douglas Hall Baillie, upon half-pay 82d Foot, has been permitted to retire from the Service by the sale of his Commission, he being about to become a settler in New Zealand. Dated 5th March 1858.

ADMIRALTY, February 25, 1858.

Corps of Royal Marines.

Gentleman Cadet Robert Good Sharpe to be Second Lieutenant.

TREASURY WARRANT.

WHEREAS by an Act of Parliament passed in the fourth year of the reign of Her present Majesty, intituled "An Act for the regulation of the Duties of Postage," power is given to the Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury from time to time, by warrant under their hands, to alter and fix any of the rates of British postage, or Inland postage, payable by law on the transmission by the post of Foreign or Colonial letters or newspapers, or of any other printed papers, and to subject the same to rates of postage according to the weight thereof, and a scale of weight to be contained in such Warrant, and from time to time, by Warrant, as aforesaid, to alter or repeal any such altered rates, and make and establish any new or other rates in lieu thereof, and from time to time, by Warrant, as aforesaid, to appoint at what time the rates which may be payable are to be paid.

And whereas by another Act of Parliament passed in the eleventh year of the reign of Her present Majesty, intituled "An Act for giving further facilities for the transmission of letters by post, and for the regulating the duties of postage thereon, and for other purposes relating to the Post-office," further powers are given to the Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury, and power is also given to the Postmaster-General (amongst other things) to collect and receive the foreign and colonial postage charged or chargeable on any letters sent by the post, and also, with the consent of the Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury, to require the postage, British, Colonial, or Foreign, of any letters sent by the post to be prepaid either in money or in stamps, as he might think fit, on the same being put into the Post-office, and also, with such consent, to abolish or restrict the prepayment in money of postage on letters sent by the post either altogether or on certain letters, and to require the prepayment thereof to be in stamps, and also to refuse to receive or send by the post any letters tendered contrary to any regulations thereby made, and power is also given to the Postmaster-General, and any officer of the Post-office, to detain any letters which should be posted or sent by the post contrary to the regulations therein mentioned, and to open such letters, and either to return them to the senders thereof, or to forward them to the places of their destination, charged in either case with such rates of postage as the Postmaster-General, with the consent of the Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury, should from time to time direct.

And whereas the Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury have, by divers Warrants under their hands, fixed, made, and established certain rates of British postage payable on the transmission by the post of certain Colonial letters therein respectively mentioned.

And whereas the Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury, by a certain other Warrant under their hands, bearing date the 15th day of January 1858, did make regulations for the prepayment of the several rates of postage payable on letters posted in the United Kingdom addressed to any of the colonies therein mentioned, and on letters posted in any of such colonies addressed to the United Kingdom, and did (amongst other things) order and direct that on every letter posted in any of Her Majesty's colonies in the West Indies (the Islands of Barbadoes, Trinidad, and Turk's Island excepted, or in Malta, Gibraltar, or Hong Kong, addressed to the United Kingdom, the postage thereof should be paid at the time of the same being posted; and also, that if any letter should be posted in any of the colonies before mentioned,

addressed to the United Kingdom, without any postage having been paid thereon, or with a postage paid thereon less in amount than the single rate of postage chargeable thereon, every such letter should be detained and opened, and should be either returned or given up to the sender thereof; and also, that if any letter should be posted in any of the before-mentioned colonies addressed to the United Kingdom, and the postage paid thereon should be less in amount than the rate of postage to which such packet would be liable under and by virtue of the regulations in force relating thereto, but equal in amount to the single rate of postage chargeable on any such letter, if not exceeding half an ounce in weight, every such last mentioned letter should be forwarded charged with the amount of the difference between the postage paid thereon, and the postage to which it would have been liable if the postage had been paid when posted, together with the further and additional rate of postage of sixpence; and also that the Commissioners for the time being of Her Majesty's Treasury might, by Warrant under their hands duly made, at any time thereafter, alter, repeal, or revoke any of the orders, directions, or regulations thereby made, and might make and establish any new or other orders, directions, or regulations in lieu thereof.

And whereas it is expedient to alter the said regulations so made by the said Treasury Warrant of the 15th day of January 1858, as to the prepayment of the rates of postage upon certain of the said letters therein mentioned, and also as to the detaining and opening, and either returning or giving up to the senders thereof of certain other of the said letters therein mentioned in the manner hereinafter contained.

Now we, the Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury, in exercise of the powers reserved to us in and by the said hereinbefore recited Acts, or either of them, and of all other powers enabling us in this behalf, do, by this present Warrant, under the hands of two of us, the said Commissioners, by the authority of the statute in that case made and provided, order and direct as follows; that is to say:—

1. That on every letter posted in any of Her Majesty's colonies in the West Indies (the Islands of Barbadoes, Trinidad, and Turk's Island excepted), or in Malta, Gibraltar, or Hong Kong respectively, addressed to any department or office in or connected with the public service of Her Majesty, which shall have a postage-account with the General Post-office in London, it shall not be necessary that the postage thereof shall be paid at the time of the same being posted; and that every such letter so posted in any of the said colonies respectively, addressed as last aforesaid, shall and may be forwarded to the place of its destination, although the postage shall not have been paid thereon at the time of the same being posted; and the postage thereof shall be charged in such postage-account, anything in the said before-recited Treasury Warrant, bearing date the 15th day of January 1858, contained to the contrary thereof notwithstanding.

2. And with respect to letters posted in Gibraltar or Malta, if any letter, not being a letter addressed to any department or office in or connected with the public service of Her Majesty which shall have a postage-account with the General Post-office in London, shall be posted in Gibraltar or Malta, addressed to the United Kingdom without any postage having been paid thereon, or with a postage paid thereon less in amount than the rate of postage chargeable thereon under and

by virtue of the regulations in force relating thereto, and such letter, on being opened, shall be found to have originated in, and been sent from any country or place out of Gibraltar and Malta, every such letter shall be forwarded to the place of its destination charged with the rate of postage to which it would have been liable if the postage thereof had been paid when posted, together with the further and additional rate of postage of sixpence, anything in the said before-recited Treasury Warrant bearing date the 15th day of January 1858, contained to the contrary thereof notwithstanding.

3. The terms and expressions used in this Warrant shall be construed to have the like meaning in all respects as they would have had if inserted in the said Act passed in the fourth year of the reign of Her present Majesty.

4. The Commissioners for the time being of Her Majesty's Treasury may, by Warrant under their hands duly made, at any time hereafter alter, repeal, or revoke any of the orders, directions, and regulations hereby made, and may make and establish any new or other orders, directions, or regulations in lieu thereof.

5. This Warrant shall come into operation on the first day of March 1858.

Whitehall, Treasury-Chambers, the twenty-sixth day of February 1858.

DUNCAN.
H. BRAND.

ADMIRALTY NOTICE respecting LIGHTS and FOG SIGNALS to be carried and used by Sea-going Vessels, to prevent Collision.

By the Commissioners for executing the Office of Lord High Admiral of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, &c.

By virtue of the power and authority vested in us, we hereby revoke, as from and after the thirtieth day of September 1858, the regulations made and published by us on the first day of May 1852, relating to the Lights to be carried by Sea-going Vessels, to prevent collision: And we hereby make the following regulations, and require and direct that the same be strictly observed and carried into effect on and after the first day of October 1858.

STEAM VESSELS.

All Sea-going Steam Vessels, when under Steam, shall, between sunset and sunrise, exhibit the following Lights:—

1. A bright White Light at the Foremast Head.
A Green Light on the Starboard side.
A Red Light on the Port side.

2. The Mast-head Light shall be so constructed as to be visible on a dark night, with a clear atmosphere, at a distance of at least 5 miles, and shall show an uniform and unbroken light over an arc of the horizon of 20 points of the compass, and it shall be so fixed as to throw the light 10 points on each side of the ship, viz., from right ahead to 2 points abaft the beam on either side.

3. The Green Light on the Starboard side and the Red Light on the Port side shall be so constructed as to be visible on a dark night, with a clear atmosphere, at a distance of at least 2 miles, and show an uniform and unbroken light over an arc of the horizon of 10 points of the compass, and they shall be so fixed as to throw the light from right ahead to 2 points abaft the beam on the Starboard and on the Port sides respectively.

4. The side Lights are to be fitted with inboard screens projecting at least 3 feet forward from the light, so as to prevent the lights from being seen across the bow.

5. Steam Vessels under Sail only, are not to carry their masthead Lights.

FOG SIGNALS.

All Sea-going Steam Vessels, whether propelled by paddles or screws, when their steam is up, and when under way, shall, in all cases of Fog, use as a Fog Signal a Steam Whistle, placed before the Funnel at not less than 8 feet from the deck, which shall be sounded once at least every five minutes; but when the steam is not up, they shall use a Fog Horn or Bell, as ordered for Sailing Ships.

SAILING VESSELS.

1. All Sea-going Sailing Vessels, when under way, or being towed, shall, between sunset and sunrise, exhibit a Green Light on the Starboard side and a Red Light on the Port side of the vessel, and such Lights shall be so constructed as to be visible on a dark night, with a clear atmosphere, at a distance of at least 2 miles, and shall show an uniform and unbroken light over an arc of the horizon of 10 points of the compass, from right a-head to 2 points abaft the beam on the Starboard and on the Port sides respectively.

2. The Coloured Lights shall be fixed whenever it is practicable so to exhibit them, and shall be fitted with inboard screens projecting at least 3 feet forward from the Light, so as to prevent the Lights being seen across the bow.

3. When the Coloured Lights cannot be fixed (as in the case of small vessels in bad weather), they shall be kept on deck between sunset and sunrise, and on their proper sides of the vessel, ready for instant exhibition, and shall be exhibited in such a manner as can be best seen on the approach of, or to any other vessel or vessels in sufficient time to avoid collision, and so that the Green Light shall not be seen on the Port side, nor the Red Light on the Starboard side.

FOG SIGNALS.

All Sea-going Sailing Vessels, when under way, shall, in all cases of Fog, use when on the Starboard Tack a Fog Horn, and when on the Port Tack shall Ring a Bell. These signals shall be sounded once at least every five minutes.

Sailing Pilot Vessels are to carry only a White Light at the mast-head, and are to exhibit a Flare-up Light every 15 minutes, in accordance with Trinity House regulation.

VESSELS AT ANCHOR.

All Sea-going Vessels, when at anchor in roadsteads or fairways, shall, between sunset and sunrise, exhibit where it can best be seen, but at a height not exceeding 20 feet above the hull, a White Light, in a Globular Lantern, of 8 inches in diameter, and so constructed as to show a clear, uniform, and unbroken light all round the horizon, at a distance of at least one mile.

Given under our hands this 24th day of February 1858.

CHARLES WOOD.
R. S. DUNDAS.

By Command of their Lordships,
W. G. ROMAINE, Secretary.

AN ACCOUNT of the Importations and Exportations of Bullion and Specie registered in the Week ended 3d March 1858.

Countries from which Imported.		Imported into the United Kingdom.					
		GOLD.			SILVER.		
		Coin.	Bullion.	Total.	Coin.	Bullion.	Total.
	Ounces.	Ounces.	Ounces.	Ounces.	Ounces.	Ounces.	
Belgium	155	...	155	37,200	88,000	125,200	
France	1,350	...	1,350	39,080	387,040	426,120	
Australia .....	...	23,197	23,197	...	...	...
United States	7,501	20,820	28,321	21,133	...	21,133	
South America and West Indies	537	...	537	...	1,350	1,350	
Other Countries	921	4	925	460	...	460	
...	
...	
...	
...	
...	
...	
...	
Aggregate of the Importations } registered in the Week ... }	10,464	44,021	54,485	97,873	476,390	574,263	
Approximate Value of the said } Importations computed at } the rates specified below ... }	£	£	£	£	£	£	
	39,482	165,673	205,155	24,484	131,752	156,236	
Rates of Valuation, per ounce	£ s. d. } 3 15 0 } to } 3 17 10½ }	£ s. d. } 3 10 0 } to } 4 0 0 }	...	s. d. s. d. } 5 0 to 5 17½ }	s. d. } 5 6¾ }		

Countries to which Exported.		Exported from the United Kingdom.						
		GOLD.			SILVER.			
		Coin.		Bullion.	Total.	Coin.		Bullion.	Total.
	British.	Foreign.	Ounces.			Ounces.	Ounces.	
Belgium .....	...	6,780	4,000	10,780	...	800	...	800
France .....	...	56,660	23,800	80,460	...	...	...	...
Egypt	480	...	...	480	...	383,880	355,072	738,952
Danish West Indies	1,674	...	...	1,674	40,000	...	...	40,000
Other Countries	150	...	1,933	2,083	8,000	1,626	...	9,626
Aggregate of the Exportations } registered in the Week }	2,304	63,440	29,733	95,477	48,000	386,306	355,072	789,378
Approximate Value of the said } Exportations computed at } the rates specified below ... }	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£
	8	7,900	111,499	358,370	12,375	96,576	98,200	207,151
Rates of Valuation, per ounce	£ s. d. } 3 17 10½ }	£ s. d. } 3 15 0 }	£ s. d. } 3 15 0 }	...	s. d. s. d. } 5 17½ }	s. d. } 5 0 }	s. d. } 5 6¾ }	...

**BANKRUPTS
FROM THE LONDON GAZETTE.**

BANKRUPTCY DISMISSED AND ANNULLED.

Jonathan Waite, of Yeadon, Guiseley, York, woollen manufacturer.

BANKRUPTCIES AWARDED.

- William Dutton, of No. 39, Watling Street, London, grocer.
- Frederick William Martin, now occupying apartments at No. 131, Fleet Street, London, late of No. 25, Ludgate Street, London, where he carried on the business of a tobacconist.
- Julius Gaborian Shepherd, of Halstead, Essex, brick-maker and scrivener.
- Matthias Toldorph, of No. 40, Seething Lane, London, merchant and commission agent, trading in copartnership with Hans Toldorph, under the style or firm of H. M. Toldorph & Co.
- Samuel Cross, of No. 29, Lime Street, London, and No. 12, Coburg Place, Kennington Lane, Lambeth, Surrey, timber merchant.
- Judah Goldberg, of No. 187, Brick Lane, Whitechapel, Middlesex, boot and shoe manufacturer.
- Henry Harris, of Bread Street Hill, London, sewed muslin warehouseman.
- Edward Stobart, of No. 55a, Edgeware Road, Middlesex, mourning warehouseman.
- Richard Cycles Tomkinson, the younger, of Birmingham, Warwick, stationer.
- James Chandler, of Stroud, Gloucester, innkeeper.
- David James Lewis, of Cardiff, Glamorgan, boot and shoemaker.
- James Shaw, Joseph Shaw, William Shaw, and Luke Shaw, of Elland, York, woollen manufacturers.
- John Kaye, of Huddersfield, York, innkeeper.
- William Chapman Haigh, of Bradford, York, wool-stapler.
- John Sharp, of Tickhill, York, innkeeper and farmer.
- William Newbould Seaton, of Sheffield, York, table knife manufacturer and merchant.
- Thomas Lenney, of North Shields, Northumberland, manufacturer of, and dealer in boots and shoes.

GENERAL AVERAGE PRICE OF BRITISH CORN, per QUARTER,

Received in the Week ended February 27, 1858.

Wheat.	Barley.	Oats.	Rye.	Beans.	Pease.
s. D.	s. D.	s. D.	s. D.	s. D.	s. D.
46 4	36 6	22 9	33 0	38 11	40 5

AGGREGATE AVERAGE OF SIX WEEKS.

Wheat.	Barley.	Oats.	Rye.	Beans.	Pease.
s. D.	s. D.	s. D.	s. D.	s. D.	s. D.
46 4	36 6	22 9	33 0	38 11	40 5

Published by Authority of Parliament,

HENRY FENTON JADIS,

Comptroller of Corn Returns.

Board of Trade, Corn Department.

THE AVERAGE PRICE OF BROWN OR MUSCOVADO SUGAR,

The Produce of the British Possessions in AMERICA, Computed from the RETURNS made in the Week ending the 2d day of March 1858,

Is Twenty-eight Shillings and Eight Pence Farthing per Hundred Weight;

Exclusive of the Duties of Customs paid or payable thereon, on the Importation thereof into GREAT BRITAIN;

THE AVERAGE PRICE OF BROWN OR MUSCOVADO SUGAR,

The Produce of the MAURITIUS, Computed as above, and Exclusive of Duty,

Is Twenty-seven Shillings and Five Pence Halfpenny per Hundred Weight;

THE AVERAGE PRICE OF BROWN OR MUSCOVADO SUGAR,

The Produce of the EAST INDIES, Computed as above, and Exclusive of Duty,

Is Eighteen Shillings and Eight Pence Halfpenny per Hundred Weight.

The AVERAGE PRICE of the three foregoing Descriptions of SUGAR jointly,

Computed as above, and Exclusive of Duty, Is Twenty-seven Shillings and Ten Pence Halfpenny per Hundred Weight.

By Authority of Parliament,

HENRY BICKNELL, Clerk of the Grocers' Company.

Grocers' Hall, March 5, 1858.

BANK OF ENGLAND.

AN ACCOUNT, pursuant to the Act 7th and 8th Victoria, cap. 32, for the Week ending on Wednesday the 3d day of March 1858.

ISSUE DEPARTMENT.

<p>Notes issued, £31,260,315</p>	<p>Government Debt, £11,015,100 Other Securities, 3,459,900 Gold Coin and Bullion, ... 16,785,315 Silver Bullion,.....</p>
£31,260,315	£31,260,315

Dated the 4th day of March 1858.

M. MARSHALL, Chief Cashier.

BANKING DEPARTMENT.

<p>Proprietors' Capital..... £14,553,000 Rest..... 3,883,852 Public Deposits, (including Exchequer, Savings Banks, Commissioners of National Debt, and Dividend Accounts)..... 5,193,108 Other Deposits..... 14,726,081 Seven Day and other Bills..... 901,772</p>	<p>Government Securities (including Dead Weight Annuity)..... £9,902,450 Other Securities..... 17,806,470 Notes 11,216,925 Gold and Silver Coin.....</p>
£39,257,813	£39,257,813

Dated the 4th day of March 1858.

M. MARSHALL, Chief Cashier.



THE Inclosure Commissioners for England and Wales hereby give notice, that applications have been made by the undermentioned Persons, for the advance of the undermentioned Sums by way of Loan, under the provisions of the Public Money Drainage Acts, for the Drainage of the Lands hereinafter specified :—

Name of Applicant.	Estate.	Parish.	County.	Sums applied for by way of Loan.
The Honorable Charlotte Elizabeth Lady Forbes, John Angus, Esquire, and Arthur Forbes Gordon, Esquire, Curators of James Ochoncar Forbes, of O'Neil Corse, in the County of Aberdeen, Esquire,	O'Neil Corse,	Coul,	Aberdeen,	£2,000
William Briggs Constable, of Benarty, in the County of Fife, Esquire,	Lands in	Ballingry, Cleish,	Fife, Kinross,	575
Philip Oliphant, of Anstruther, Esquire, Writer, Commissioner for Peter Hannay Cunningham, of Pittarhie, in the County of Fife, Esquire,	Lands in	Denino and Carnbee,	Fife,	600
Archibald Gerard, of Rochsoles, in the County of Lanark, Esquire,	Rochsoles,	New Monkland,	Lanark,	1,600
John Grant, of Kilgraston, in the County of Perth, Esquire,	Kilgraston,	Dunbarney and Drum,	Perth,	1,000
Jane Drummond Nairne, of Gairdrum, in the County of Perth, Widow,	Gairdrum,	Cargill,	"	400
Alexander Hepburn Murray Belshes, of Invermay, in the County of Perth, Esquire,	Lands in	Forteviot Dunning,	"	1,400
George William Hutton Riddell, Esquire, a Lieutenant in H. M.'s 16th Lancers,	Lands in	Bowden,	Roxburgh,	600

Witness my hand this 4th day of March, in the year of our Lord 1858.

A. M. ATTREE,
By Order of the Board.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS AND DEBTORS.

ALEXANDER MALCOLM, Draper, residing in Montrose, having on the 6th day of March current executed a Trust-Disposition of his whole estates in favour of JAMES THOMSON, Junior, Accountant in Glasgow, as Trustee in trust for behoof of all his just and lawful Creditors,—all persons having claims against the said Alexander Malcolm are hereby requested, within one month from this date, to lodge notes of the same, with declarations of verity thereto, in the hands of the Subscribers, to whom the Debtors of the said Alexander Malcolm are hereby required to make immediate payment of their accounts.

The Creditors will meet within the Office of the Subscribers, No. 70, George Square, Glasgow, on Wednesday the 17th day of March current, at 12 o'clock noon.

THOMSONS, RITCHIE, & CRAIG, Accountants.
Glasgow, March 8, 1858.

SEQUESTRATION of WILLIAM SMITH & COMPANY, Calico Printers in Glasgow, as a Company, and William Smith and George Lancaster, both Calico Printers there, the Individual Partners of that Company, as such Partners, and as Individuals.

WALTER MACKENZIE, Accountant in Glasgow, Trustee on their estates, hereby intimates, that an account of his intrusions with the funds of the said estate, brought down to the ultimo, and of the funds realized and of those outstanding, have been made up, examined, and audited by the Commissioners on said estate, in terms of the Statute; and that the Commissioners have postponed a dividend until the recurrence of another stated period for making a dividend, and also dispensed with sending circulars to the Creditors.—Of all which Notice is hereby given.

WALTER MACKENZIE, Trustee.
Glasgow, March 8, 1858.

THE Inclosure Commissioners for England and Wales hereby give notice, that application has been made by The Right Honorable FRANCIS ALEXANDER, EARL OF KINTORE, for the advance of the undermentioned Sum by way of Loan, under the provisions of "The Private Money Drainage Act, 1849," for the Drainage of the Lands hereinafter specified :—

Name of Estate.	Parish.	County.	Sum applied for by way of Loan.
Lands in	Keithall, Inverury, Kintore, Kenmay,	Aberdeen,	£1,500
	Laurencekirk, Marykirk, St Cyrus, Garvock, Fordoun, Fettercairn, Logiepert, Stracathro, Menmuir,	Kincardine and Forfar,	1,500

Witness my hand this 4th day of March, in the year of our Lord 1858.

A. M. ATTREE,
By Order of the Board.

THE Inclosure Commissioners for England and Wales hereby give notice, that application has been made by ALEXANDER OSWALD, of Auchincruive, in the County of Ayr, Esquire, for the advance of the undermentioned Sum by way of Loan, under the provisions of "The Private Money Drainage Act, 1849," for the Drainage of the Lands hereinafter specified :—

Name of Estate.	Parish.	County.	Sum applied for by way of Loan.
Drungan,	Stair,	Ayr,	£1,000

Witness my hand this 4th day of March, in the year of our Lord 1858.

A. M. ATTREE,
By Order of the Board.

INTIMATION is Hereby Given, that Sir ALEXANDER LIVINGSTONE of that Ilk, and of the Barony and Estate of Bedlormie, Baronet, Heir of Entail in possession of All and Hail the Lands and Barony of BEDLORMIE, with the pendicles thereof, including All and Whole the Miln or Milnstead called the MILN of EAST CRAIGS of OGILFACE, now known by the name of CRAIGMILN, with the Kiln adjacent thereto, and Milnhill on the west side of the said kiln; and also All and Whole these twelve acres, or thereby, of the six merklands of EAST CRAIGS of OGILFACE, lying within the County of Linlithgow, and Barony of Bedlormie, has presented a Petition to the Lords of Council and Session (First Division, Junior Lord Ordinary, Mr Drysdale, Clerk,) in terms of the Statute 11 and 12 Victoria, cap. 36, entitled 'An Act for the Amendment of the Law of Entail in Scotland,' and of the Statute 16 and 17 Victoria, cap. 94, entitled 'An Act to extend the benefits of the Act of the 11th and 12th year of Her present Majesty for the

'Amendment of the Law of Entail in Scotland,' for authority to the Petitioner to grant a Feu to the Monkland Railways Company of the portion of ground coloured blue upon the plan produced with said Petition, and extending in measurement to 3 roods and 21 poles imperial measure, and also, if found necessary by the said Company, of such further portion of ground as the said Monkland Railways Company may require, not exceeding one acre imperial measure; which ground so required forms part of the said Entailed Estates, and of All and Whole the East Craigs of Ogilface (now known by the name of Craigmiln): On which Petition Lord Mackenzie (Ordinary) has pronounced the following Interlocutor:—'6th March 1858.—The Lord Ordinary appoints this Petition to be intimated on the Walls and in the Minute-Book for fourteen days, and advertised in the Edinburgh Gazette and Newspapers mentioned in the Petition, in terms of the Statute; and farther, grants warrant for serving the same on the persons mentioned in the prayer thereof, in terms of the Act of Sederunt; and ordains them to lodge Answers thereto, if so advised, within fourteen days from the date of service if within Scotland, and sixty days, if furth thereof.'

(Signed) 'T. MACKENZIE.'

JAMES SOMERVILLE, S.S.C.

Chambers, 60, N. Hanover Street,
Edinburgh, 6th March 1858.

In Re JOSEPH FROST EDGER, Merchant of Hong-Kong, China, deceased.

NOTICE.

ALL Claims against the above Estate must be proved before the Official Administrator before the 28th day of June A.D. 1858,—otherwise they will not be included in the Scheme of Division.

All Persons indebted to the above Estate are requested to make immediate payment to

NORMAN RAMSAY MASSON,
Acting Registrar of the Supreme Court of Hong-Kong, Official Administrator.

Court-House, Hong-Kong,
January 13, 1858.

NOTICE.

I Hereby give Notice that I will not be responsible for any debts contracted by AGNES WATSON or MACKINTOSH, my wife, after this date.

JAS. MACKINTOSH, Carver and Gilder.

THO. ELLIOT, Witness.

JOHN CHIRNSIDE, Witness.
Kelso, March 8, 1858.

ALEXANDER WYLIE, Accountant in Glasgow, Trustee on the sequestrated estate of WILLIAM WILSON, Draper in Keith, in the County of Banff, now deceased, hereby intimates, that an account of his intromissions with the funds of the estate, with state of the funds recovered and of those outstanding, both brought down till the 21st ultimo, have been made up by him, and examined and approved of by the Commissioners; that the Commissioners have postponed declaring any dividend until next statutory period, and dispensed with sending circulars to the Creditors.—Of all which Intimation is hereby made, in terms of the Statute.

ALEXANDER WYLIE, Trustee.

Glasgow, March 8, 1858.

SQUESTRATION of ROBERT MILLER, Miller and Grain Dealer at Dalreck, near Crieff.

ANDREW MILLAR, Merchant in Crieff, Trustee on the sequestrated estates of the said Robert Miller, hereby intimates, that the accounts of his intromissions with the funds of the estate as at the 24th day of February 1858, have been audited by the Commissioners, and that they have postponed a dividend till the recurrence of another statutory period.—Of which Notice is hereby given, in terms of the Act.

ANDREW MILLAR, Trustee.

Crieff, March 6, 1858.

THE Estates of WILLIAM ARMSTRONG, Farmer, Penlaw, in the County of Dumfries, were sequestrated on the 4th day of March 1858, by the Sheriff of the County of Dumfries.

The first deliverance is dated the 4th day of March 1858.

The meeting to elect the Trustee and Commissioners is to be held at 12 o'clock noon, on Tuesday the 16th day of March 1858, within the King's Arms Hotel, Dumfries.

A composition may be offered at this meeting; and to entitle Creditors to the first dividend, their oaths and grounds of debt must be lodged on or before the 4th day of July 1858.

A Warrant of Protection has been granted to the Bankrupt.

All future Advertisements relating to this sequestration will be published in the Edinburgh Gazette alone.

PRIMROSE & GORDON,
Writers, Dumfries, Agents.

THE Estates of Mrs MARY BARLAS or MONCRIEFF, Ironmonger in Perth, spouse of the deceased James Moncrieff, sometime Ironmonger there, were sequestrated on the 4th day of March 1858, by the Sheriff of the County of Perth.

The first deliverance is dated the 4th day of March 1858.

The meeting to elect the Trustee and Commissioners is to be held at one o'clock afternoon, on Wednesday the 17th day of March 1858, within the Procurators' Library, County Buildings, Perth.

A composition may be offered at this meeting; and to entitle Creditors to the first dividend, their oaths and grounds of debt must be lodged on or before the 4th day of July 1858.

A Warrant of Protection has been granted to the Bankrupt.

All future Advertisements relating to this sequestration will be published in the Edinburgh Gazette alone.

DAVID KEAY, Solicitor, Perth, Agent.

THE Estates of JAMES CALDWELL, Farmer, Carleton Mains, Parish of Colmonell, and County of Ayr, were sequestrated on the 5th day of March 1858, by the Sheriff of Ayrshire.

The first deliverance is dated the said 5th day of March 1858.

The meeting to elect the Trustee and Commissioners is to be held on Saturday the 20th day of March current, at 12 o'clock noon, within the Star Hotel, Ayr.

A composition may be offered at this meeting; and to entitle Creditors to the first dividend, their oaths and grounds of debt must be lodged on or before the 5th day of July 1858.

A Warrant of Protection to the said James Caldwell against Arrest or Imprisonment for Civil Debt, until the meeting of the Creditors for the election of Trustee, has been granted.

All future Advertisements relating to this sequestration will be published in the Edinburgh Gazette alone.

Geo. Tod, Writer, Ayr, Agent.

NOTICE.

THE Estates of JOHN MORRIS, Cattle and Potatoe Dealer at Sunnybrae, in the Parish of Auchterarder, at present a Prisoner in the County Prison at Perth, were sequestrated on the 5th day of March 1858, by the Sheriff of Perthshire.

The first deliverance is dated the 5th day of March 1858.

The meeting to elect the Trustee and Commissioners is to be held at 11 o'clock forenoon, on Thursday the 18th day of March current, within the Procurators' Library, County Buildings, Perth.

A composition may be offered at this meeting; and to entitle Creditors to the first dividend, their oaths and grounds of debt must be lodged on or before the 5th day of July 1858.

All future Advertisements relating to this sequestration will be published in the Edinburgh Gazette alone.

A. G. REID, Writer, Auchterarder, Agent.

THE Estates of WILLIAM HATELY, sometime Tenant of, and now residing at the Farm of Crossrig, in the Parish of Hutton, and County of Berwick, were sequestrated on the 5th day of March 1858, by the Sheriff of Berwickshire.

The first deliverance is dated the 5th March 1858.

The meeting to elect the Trustee and Commissioners is to be held at 12 o'clock, on Wednesday the 17th day of March 1858, within the Swan Hotel in Dunse.

A composition may be offered at this meeting; and to entitle Creditors to the first dividend, their oaths and grounds of debt must be lodged on or before 5th July 1858.

A Warrant of Protection has been granted to the Bankrupt.

All future Advertisements relating to this sequestration will be published in the Edinburgh Gazette alone.

JOHN P. M'WATT,
Solicitor, Dunse, Agent.

THE Estates of DUNCAN M'KENZIE, House Factor, West Bothwell Street, and residing in Minerva Street, both in Anderston, Glasgow, were sequestrated on the 8th day of March 1858, by the Sheriff of Lanarkshire.

The first deliverance is dated the 8th day of March 1858.

The meeting to elect the Trustee and Commissioners is to be held at 12 o'clock noon, on Friday the 19th day of March 1858, within the Faculty of Procurators' Hall, Saint George's Place, Glasgow.

A composition may be offered at this meeting; and to entitle Creditors to the first dividend, their oaths and grounds of debt must be lodged on or before the 8th day of July 1858.

A Warrant of Protection against Arrest or Imprisonment for Civil Debt, until the meeting of the Creditors for the election of Trustee, has been granted to the Bankrupt.

All future Advertisements relating to this sequestration will be published in the Edinburgh Gazette alone.

RICHD. M'CULLOCH, Writer,
108, Hutcheson Street, Glasgow, Agent.

THE Estates of M'CALLUM & M'ARTHUR, Leather Merchants, Oxford Street, Laurieston, Glasgow, and Duncan M'Callum and Neil M'Arthur, the Individual Partners of that Company, as such, and as Individuals, were sequestrated on the 8th day of March 1858, by the Sheriff of Lanarkshire.

The first deliverance is dated the 8th day of March 1858.

The meeting to elect the Trustee and Commissioners is to be held on Tuesday the 16th day of March 1858, at two o'clock afternoon, within the Faculty of Procurators' Hall, St George's Place, Glasgow.

A composition may be offered at this meeting; and to entitle Creditors to the first dividend, their oaths and grounds of debt must be lodged on or before the 8th day of July 1858.

All future Advertisements relating to this sequestration will be published in the Edinburgh Gazette alone.

JOSEPH TAYLOR, Agent, Glasgow.

NOTICE is Hereby Given, that Henry Glassford Bell, Esquire, Sheriff-Substitute of Lanarkshire at Glasgow, on considering a Petition by DAVID EDMUND OUTRAM, Accountant and Sharebroker in Glasgow, for Sequestration of the Estates of ARCHIBALD KERR, Writer and Sharebroker in Glasgow, now deceased, granted warrant for citing Norman Shanks Kerr, residing in Cumberland Street, Glasgow, eldest son of the deceased Alexander Kerr, sometime Tinsmith in Glasgow, now deceased, who was the eldest brother of the said deceased Archibald Kerr, (the said Norman Shanks Kerr being the heir-at-law of the said deceased Archibald Kerr,) and Alexander Kerr, residing in Melbourne, Australia, and Jane Kerr, Archibald Kerr, and James Munn Kerr, all residing in Cumberland Street aforesaid, also children of the said deceased Alexander Kerr, and also Margaret Mitchell and Jane Jack Mitchell, both residing in Kingston, Glasgow, and Jemima Mitchell or Bell, wife of William Bell, Grain Merchant in Belfast, the only children of the deceased Flora Kerr or Mitchell, who was the only sister of the said deceased Archibald Kerr, and spouse of Thomas Mitchell, Merchant in Glasgow, (James Kerr, sometime Merchant in Glasgow, the only other brother of the said deceased Archibald Kerr, having predeceased him, without leaving lawful issue,) the said children being the only successors of the said deceased Archibald Kerr, and also the tutors

and curators, if they any have, of the said Archibald Kerr and James Munn Kerr, who are in minority, all the others of said children having attained majority, and also the said William Bell for his interest, to appear in Court before the said Sheriff-Substitute, within his Chambers, Wilson Street, Glasgow, upon Wednesday the 31st day of March current, at 11 o'clock forenoon, to shew cause why sequestration of the estates of the said deceased Archibald Kerr should not be awarded.

ROB. WALKER,

54, Miller Street, Glasgow, Agent.

Glasgow, March 5, 1858.

NOTICE is Hereby Given, that a Petition was presented to the Lord Ordinary officiating on the Bills, by ERIC SUTHERLAND, Farmer at Shempston, in the County of Elgin, for Sequestration of the Estates of the deceased DAVID DAVIDSON MANSON, M.D., and Farmer and Cattle Dealer at Spynie, in the County of Elgin, and lately residing there: Upon which his Lordship was pleased to pronounce the following Deliverance:—*Edinburgh, 24th February 1858.*—The Lord Ordinary having considered this Petition, with the writs produced, grants Warrant to Macers and Messengers-at-Arms to cite the said Moffat Palmer, Richard Rose Manson, and the said Eric Sutherland, the trustees and Executors of the said David Davidson Manson, deceased, the successors of the said deceased David Davidson Manson, in terms of the Bankruptcy (Scotland) Act 1856, to appear in Court within seven days after citation if within Scotland, and on an *induciae* of twenty-one days if furth thereof, to shew cause why sequestration of the estates of the said deceased should not be awarded; and directs intimation of this Warrant and *induciae* to be forthwith published in the Gazette, —all in terms of the said Act.

(Signed) 'T. MACKENZIE.'

INGLIS & LESLIE, W.S., Agents.

Edinburgh, March 9, 1858.

NOTICE.

THAT in the application presented to the Sheriff of Perthshire, at the instance of JOHN WHITE, Merchant in Crieff, Trustee on the sequestrated estate of James M'Rostie, Senior, Writer, lately residing in Crieff, now deceased, for Sequestration of the Estates of WILLIAM MEWAN, Feuar in Muthill, and Wright, sometime residing there, thereafter in Auchterarder, presently in Blackford, his Lordship the Sheriff Substitute granted the following Warrant:—*Perth, 6th March 1858.*—The Sheriff-Substitute having considered this Petition, with the writs produced, grants Warrant to Messengers-at-Arms and Officers of Court to cite the therein designed William M'Ewan, in terms of the Statute, to appear in Court on Friday the 19th day of March current, at 11 o'clock forenoon, to shew cause why sequestration of his estates should not be awarded. Farther, directs intimation of this Warrant, and of the Diet of Appearance, to be forthwith made in the Edinburgh Gazette,—all in terms of the Statute.

(Signed) 'HUGH BARCLAY.'

—Of all which Intimation is hereby given, in terms of the Statute.

JAS. M'LAREN, Writer, Crieff,
Procurator for Petitioner.

Crieff, March 8, 1858.

NOTICE.

A Petition has been presented to the Sheriff of Kinross-shire, at the instance of George Younger & Company, Commission Agents and Merchants in Glasgow, for Sequestration of the Estates of ROBERT HENDERSON, Woollen Manufacturer in Milnathort, in terms of the Bankruptcy (Scotland) Act, 1856: On which the Sheriff has pronounced the following Interlocutor:—*Kinross, 5th March 1858.*—The Sheriff-Substitute having considered this Petition, with the Writs produced, grants warrant to Messengers-at-Arms and Officers of Court to cite the said Robert Henderson, in terms of the Statute, to appear in Court within ten days after citation, to shew cause why sequestration of his estates should not be awarded, and appoints intimation of this Petition, and of the Diet of Appearance, to be made in the Edinburgh Gazette; and grants warrant for letters of diligence to recover evidence of the notour Bankruptcy of the said Robert Henderson.

(Signed) 'DAV. SYME.'

The diet of appearance is 18th March 1858.

NISBET B. WILLIAMSON, Writer in Kinross,
Agent for the Petitioners.

NOTICE is Hereby Given, that the Lord Ordinary officiating on the Bills has, on considering a Petition by The BRITISH LINEN COMPANY, Incorporated by Royal Charter, for sequestration of the estates of DUNCAN WILKIE, Farmer at Howden, near Ancrum, Roxburghshire, granted Warrant for citing him to appear in Court on the seventh day next after citation, if within Scotland, and the twenty-first day next after citation if furth of Scotland, to shew cause why sequestration of his estates should not be awarded.

HUNTER, BLAIR, & COWAN, W.S.,
Petitioners' Agents.

Edinburgh, 7 York Place,
March 8, 1858.

SEQUESTRATION of WILLIAM BROWN, Slate Merchant in Glasgow.

ROBERT M'COWAN, Accountant in Glasgow, has been elected Trustee on the estate; and Robert Salmund, Manager and Partner of the City of Glasgow Bank Company, Glasgow, George Munro, Wright and Builder in Glasgow, and John M'Taggart, Salesman in Glasgow, have been elected Commissioners. The examination of the Bankrupt will take place within the Chambers of Mr Sheriff Steele, County Buildings, Wilson Street, Glasgow, on Tuesday the 16th day of March current, at 12 o'clock noon. The Creditors will meet in the Trustee's Office, No. 17, Gordon Street, Glasgow, upon Thursday the 25th day of March current, 1858, at one o'clock afternoon.

ROB. M'COWAN, Trustee.

Glasgow, March 8, 1858.

SEQUESTRATION of JOHN MITCHELL, Grocer and Spirit Dealer, Princes Street, Dundee.

JAMES PAXTON, Grocer, Dundee, has been elected Trustee on the estate; and William Banks, Grocer, Alexander Robertson, Lapper, Bucklemaker Wynd, and Alexander Leighton Lees, Writer, as Mandatory for William Craig Thomson, Merchant, (Trustee on the sequestrated estate of Thomas Wilson, Grocer,) all in Dundee, have been elected Commissioners. The examination of the Bankrupt will take place in the Sheriff-Court-House, Constitution Road, Dundee, on Wednesday the 17th March current, at 11 o'clock forenoon. The Creditors will meet in the British Hotel, Castle Street, Dundee, on Thursday the 25th March current, at two o'clock P.M.

JAMES PAXTON, Trustee.

SEQUESTRATION of JAMES LAWRIE, Bookseller and News Agent in Kelso.

JAMES CUNNINGHAM, Accountant, No. 103, Princes Street, Edinburgh, has been elected Trustee on the estate; and Henry Robinson, Bookseller in Greenside Street, Edinburgh, has been elected a Commissioner. The examination of the Bankrupt will take place in the Sheriff-Court-House, Jedburgh, on Wednesday the 17th day of March current, at 11 o'clock forenoon. The Creditors will meet in the Harrow Inn, Jedburgh, on Thursday the 25th day of March current, at 11 o'clock forenoon.

J. CUNNINGHAM, Trustee.

Edinburgh, March 9, 1858.

SEQUESTRATION of JOHN HOOD & SON, Patent Muslin Clippers and Manufacturers, sometime carrying on Business at No. 5, Graham Square, Gallowgate, Glasgow, thereafter at No. 22, Craignestock Street, Calton there, as a Company, and John Hood, residing at No. 90, Bellgrove Street there, and William Hood, residing at No. 42, Candleriggs Street there, the Individual Partners of said Company, as such, and as Individuals.

ROBERT THOMAS CREE, Accountant in Glasgow, has been elected Trustee on the estate; and John Rae, Commission Agent in Glasgow, and John M'Nab, Writer in Glasgow, have been elected Commissioners. The examination of the Bankrupt will take place in the Sheriff-Court-House, before Mr Sheriff Smith, on Tuesday the 16th day of March current, at 12 o'clock noon. The Creditors will meet in the Office of John M'Nab, Writer, 33, Buchanan Street, Glasgow, upon Wednesday the 24th day of March current, at 12 o'clock noon. The meeting will proceed to elect another Commissioner, in room of Robert Carrick, who has declined to accept office.

ROBERT T. CREE, Trustee.

Glasgow, March 8, 1858.

SEQUESTRATION of JOSEPH HUTTON, Shipbroker and Lime Merchant in Glasgow.

WILLIAM COPLAND, Accountant in Glasgow, has been elected Trustee on the estate; and **Walter Stewart Kennedy, Stationer in Glasgow, James Young, Lime Merchant, Broadstone, by Beith, and Alexander Moore, Accountant in Glasgow,** have been elected Commissioners. The examination of the Bankrupt will take place within the Chambers of Sheriff Alison, Court-House, Glasgow, on Tuesday the 16th day of March 1858, at two o'clock afternoon. The Creditors will meet within the Counting-House of Messrs Moore & Copland, Accountants, No. 48, Queen Street, Glasgow, on Thursday the 25th day of March current, at 12 o'clock noon.

WILL. COPLAND, Trustee.

Glasgow, March 6, 1858.

SEQUESTRATION of JAMES JOHNSTONE & SONS, Shipbuilders, Stirling.

WILLIAM EWING, Writer in Stirling, has been elected Trustee on the estates of James Johnstone & Sons, Shipbuilders, Stirling, and of James Johnstone, Senior, James Johnstone, Junior, and William Johnstone, all Shipbuilders, Stirling, the Individual Partners of that Company, as Partners thereof, and as Individuals, and John Sawers, Banker in Stirling, John Christie, Ironmonger, Stirling, and Daniel Wylie, Millwright, Stirling, have been elected Commissioners. The examination of the Bankrupts will take place in the Sheriff-Court-house, Stirling, on Thursday the 18th day of March current, at 12 o'clock noon. The Creditors will meet in the Golden Lion Hotel, Stirling, on Tuesday the 30th day of March current, at one o'clock afternoon.

WM. EWING, Trustee.

Stirling, March 5, 1858.

SEQUESTRATION of THOMAS BEGG & COMPANY, West India Merchants in Glasgow, as a Company, and Thomas Begg, now or lately residing at Shieldhall, in the Parish of Govan, the only known Individual Partner of that Company, as a Partner thereof, and as an Individual.

MICHAEL HONEYMAN, Accountant in Glasgow, has been elected Trustee on the estate; and John Sloane, Accountant in the Commercial Bank of Scotland at Glasgow, has been elected Commissioner. The examination of the Bankrupt, the said Thomas Begg, will take place within the Chambers of Sheriff Smith, Sheriff-Court-House, Glasgow, on Monday the 15th day of March current, at 12 o'clock noon. The Creditors will meet in the Trustee's Chambers, No. 5, Victoria Place, West Regent Street, Glasgow, on Tuesday the 23d day of March current, at 12 o'clock noon.

MICHAEL HONEYMAN, Trustee.

Glasgow, March 5, 1858.

SEQUESTRATION of JOHN KING KENT, formerly Money Scrivener in No. 3, Serjeants' Inn, Fleet Street, London, thereafter residing in Canaan Lane, Morning-side, Edinburgh, and now in Jedburgh.

ANDREW PATERSON, Accountant in Edinburgh, has been elected Trustee on the estate; and James Murdoch, Writer, Edinburgh, has been elected a Commissioner. The examination of the Bankrupt will take place in the Sheriff-Court-House, Jedburgh, on Wednesday the 17th day of March current, at 12 o'clock noon. The Creditors will meet in the Harrow Inn, Jedburgh, on Thursday the 25th day of March current, at 12 o'clock noon.

AND. PATERSON, Trustee.

Edinburgh, March 9, 1858.

SEQUESTRATION of JAMES SHEPHERD, Merchant and Commission Agent in Aberdeen.

JAMES COLLIE, Advocate in Aberdeen, has been elected Trustee on the estate; and William Stevenson, Merchant, and Thomas Mackenzie and Lesslie Stephen, both Advocates, all in Aberdeen, have been elected Commissioners. The examination of the Bankrupt will take place in the Sheriff-Court-house, Aberdeen, on Tuesday the 16th day of March current, at 10 o'clock forenoon. The Creditors will meet in the Lemon Tree Tavern, Aberdeen, on Thursday the 25th day of March current, at 12 o'clock noon.

JAMES COLLIE, Trustee.

Aberdeen, March 8, 1858.

SEQUESTRATION of JOHN ALLAN, Brewer in Airdrie.

ARCHIBALD WOODSIDE, Accountant in Glasgow, has been elected Trustee on the estate; and John Hood, Commission Merchant in Glasgow, John Weir, Wholesale Wine and Spirit Merchant there, and John Spence, Plumber and Brassfounder, Airdrie, have been elected Commissioners. The examination of the Bankrupt will take place in the Sheriff-Court-house, Airdrie, on Thursday the 18th day of March current, at 12 o'clock noon. The Creditors will meet in the Counting-house of the Trustee, 112, West George Street, Glasgow, on Wednesday the 31st current, at two o'clock.

ARCHD. WOODSIDE, Trustee.

Glasgow, March 8, 1858.

SEQUESTRATION of JOHN CRAIG, Junior, Paper-maker and Coalmaster at Moffat Mills, near Airdrie.

JOHN MILLER, Accountant in Glasgow, Trustee on said estates, hereby intimates, that Peter Dixon, Merchant in Glasgow, and William Nelson Gemmill, Drysalter and Commission Agent, Glasgow, have been duly elected and confirmed Commissioners on said estates, in room of John Drummond Benton and Robert Bruce.

The said Trustee farther intimates, that at a general meeting of Creditors held on 8th current, the Bankrupt made offer of a composition on all debts due by him at the date of his sequestration, with the exception specified in the said offer, and also agreed to pay the expence attending the sequestration and the remuneration to the Trustee, and offered security for payment of the said offer,—all in terms of the Statute. The meeting having unanimously entertained the Bankrupt's offer and the security proposed for consideration, a general meeting of the Creditors will be held in the Counting-house of the Trustee; No. 71, Queen Street, Glasgow, on Wednesday the 31st day of March current, at one o'clock, for the purpose of finally deciding on the same.

Glasgow, March 9, 1858,

JNO. MILLER, Trustee.

71, Queen Street.

SEQUESTRATION of GEORGE MAIN, lately Writer in Kelso, and lately Keeper of the Particular Register of Sasines for the Counties of Roxburgh, Selkirk, and Peebles, at Kelso, now deceased.

ROBERT CURRY, Writer in Kelso, Trustee on said estate, hereby calls a general meeting of the Creditors to be held within the Cross Keys Hotel in Kelso, on Wednesday the 17th of March 1858, at 11 o'clock forenoon, to consider (1st.) The best mode of arranging alleged preferable claims on part of the furniture of the Bankrupt, and as to the sale of the other parts thereof; (2d.) To instruct the Trustee thereanent, and as to the disposal, or otherwise, of the other parts of the estate, so far as this has not been already done.

ROB. CURRY, Trustee.

Kelso, March 6, 1858.

JAMES KNOX, Accountant in Edinburgh, Trustee on the sequestrated estate of RICHARD LOTHIAN, Partner of the Firm of Moodie & Lothian, Booksellers and Stationers in Edinburgh, hereby calls a meeting of the Creditors to be held in his Office, No. 75, Princes Street, on the 31st day of March next, at two o'clock, to consider as to an application to be made for the Trustee's discharge.

JAMES KNOX, Trustee.

Edinburgh, March 9, 1858.

NOTICE

TO THE CREDITORS OF

JOHN WEMYSS, sometime Linen and Woollen Draper and Merchant, No. 31, Earl Grey Street, Edinburgh, now residing in Liverpool.

THE said John Wemyss having presented a Petition to the Lord Ordinary on the Bills, praying to be discharged from all debts and obligations contracted by him prior to the date of his sequestration on 26th July 1855, the Lord Ordinary has appointed the same to be intimated in the Edinburgh Gazette.—Of all which Notice is hereby given.

J. A. CAMPBELL, C.S., Agent.

Edinburgh, March 9, 1858.

WILLIAM MUNRO, Accountant in Glasgow, Trustee on the sequestrated estate of **WILLIAM CAMERON**, Commission Merchant in Glasgow, hereby intimates, that at the general meeting of Creditors held on the 24th day of February 1858, the Bankrupt made an offer of composition of Sixpence per pound to his Creditors on all debts due by him at the date of his sequestration, payable one month after the date of his discharge. He further offered to pay or provide for the expenses attending the sequestration and remuneration to the Trustee, with security for the due payment thereof. The Creditors, or Mandatories of Creditors present at the said meeting, having resolved that the offer and security should be entertained for consideration, Notice is hereby given, that another general meeting of the Creditors will be held within the Office of Mr J. S. Bryce, Writer, 3, West Nile Street, Glasgow, on Friday the 26th day of March current, at 12 o'clock noon, for the purpose of finally deciding on the Bankrupt's offer and the security proposed.

WILLIAM MUNRO, Trustee.

Glasgow, March 4, 1858.

JOHN PATERSON, Wine and Spirit Merchant in Alloa, Trustee on the sequestrated estates of **JOHN FINLAYSON**, Merchant in Kincardine, in the County of Perth, and also carrying on Business as a Wine and Spirit Merchant in Glasgow, hereby intimates, that at the general meeting of Creditors held at Alloa on the 1st day of March 1858, the Bankrupt made an offer of composition of Two Shillings per pound to his Creditors on all debts due by him at the date of his sequestration, payable at three months after the date of his discharge, and offered John Glen, Auctioneer in Alloa, as security for payment thereof; he further offered to pay or provide for the expenses attending the sequestration and remuneration to the Trustee. The Creditors, and Mandatories for Creditors, present at the said meeting, having unanimously resolved that the offer and security should be entertained for consideration, Notice is hereby given, that another general meeting of the Creditors will be held within the Royal Oak Hotel, Alloa, on Thursday the 1st day of April next, at two o'clock afternoon, for the purpose of finally deciding on the Bankrupt's offer and the security proposed.

JNO. PATERSON, Trustee.

Alloa, March 6, 1858.

SEQUESTRATION of the Company carrying on Business in Glasgow as Plumbers and Lead Merchants, under the Firm of **WILLIAM SUTHERLAND**, and of James Noble Sutherland, Plumber and Lead Merchant there, an Individual Partner of that Company.

JOHN C. REID, Accountant in Glasgow, Trustee on said sequestrated estates, hereby intimates, that the Commissioners have audited his accounts of intrusions; that he has examined the claims of the several Creditors who have lodged their oaths and grounds of debt, and made up lists of those entitled to be ranked, and also of those whose claims have been rejected in whole or in part. Further, that on Wednesday the 21st day of April next he will pay, at the Chambers of Messrs Tolmie & Reid, Accountants, 8, Prince's Square, Glasgow, a first dividend to those Creditors whose claims have been ranked and sustained.

Glasgow, March 8, 1858. **JOHN C. REID**, Trustee.

ALEXANDER WYLIE, Accountant in Glasgow, Trustee on the sequestrated estate of **LEANDER MILLAR & COMPANY**, Lace and Sewed Muslin Merchants in Glasgow, and Leander Millar, Lace and Sewed Muslin Merchant there, sole Partner of said Firm, as such, and as an Individual, hereby intimates, that an account of his intrusions with the funds of the estate, brought down to the 19th day of February 1858, and states of the funds recovered and of those outstanding as at the same date, have been made up and examined by the Commissioners on said estate, in terms of the Statute: That he has examined the claims of the several Creditors who have lodged their oaths and grounds of debt on or before the said 19th day of February, and completed lists of those Creditors entitled to be ranked on the funds of said estate, and also of those whose claims have been rejected in whole or in part. Further, that a dividend will be paid to those Creditors whose claims have been admitted by the Trustee, at his Counting-House, No. 146, Buchanan Street, Glasgow, on the 20th day of April next.—Of all which Notice is hereby given, in terms of the Statutes.

ALEXANDER WYLIE, Trustee.

Glasgow, March 5, 1858.

JOHN WHITE, Merchant in Crieff, Trustee on the sequestrated estate of **JAMES M'ROSTIE**, Senior, Writer, lately residing in Crieff, now deceased, hereby intimates, that an account of his intrusions with the funds of the said estate, brought down to the 19th ultimo, has been audited by the Commissioners, and that they have postponed the payment of a dividend until the next statutory period, and dispensed with sending circulars to the Creditors.

JOHN WHITE, Trustee.

Crieff, March 4, 1858.

SEQUESTRATION of **JOHN M'DONALD**, sometime Innkeeper, thereafter Mason at Aberfeldy, and now Innkeeper at Greenloaning, Perthshire.

THOMAS RITCHIE, Mason in Crieff, Trustee on the sequestrated estate of the said John M'Donald, hereby intimates, that the Commissioners have postponed a dividend till the recurrence of another statutory period.

THOMAS RITCHIE, Trustee.

Crieff, March 6, 1858.

GRAHAM BINNY, Writer to the Signet, Trustee on the sequestrated estate of **JOHN EDWARD STEPHENS**, residing in Northumberland Street, Edinburgh, formerly Banker, and lately of Gothic Lodge, Twickenham, County of Middlesex, and also at one time a Partner of **THE BRANKESEA CLAY COMPANY**, London, and Poole, Dorsetshire; also for sometime a Partner of "LETT'S WHARF," carrying on Business as Sawyers and Timber Merchants, Commercial Road, Lambeth, London; and also lately a Partner of **MINTER & COMPANY**, Upholsterers, Frith Street, Soho Square, London, hereby intimates, that he has examined the claims of the several Creditors who lodged their oaths and grounds of debt on or before the 19th ult., and completed a list of those entitled to be ranked on the funds of the estate when realised; and he farther intimates that the Commissioners have postponed declaring a first dividend till the next statutory period.

9, Hari Street,
Edinburgh, March 5, 1858.

FRANCIS EDMOND, Advocate in Aberdeen, Trustee on the sequestrated estate of **ARBUTHNOT, & M'COMBIE**, Paper Manufacturers at Culter Mills, near Aberdeen, as a Company, and of Robert Arbuthnot Paper Manufacturer there, sole Partner of that Company, as sole Partner thereof, and as an Individual, hereby intimates, that the account of his intrusions with the funds of the estate to the 17th instant, have been audited by the Commissioners, and that they have postponed a dividend till the recurrence of another statutory period.—Of which Notice is hereby given.

Aberdeen, February 27, 1858.

WILLIAM MYLES, Accountant in Dundee, Trustee on the sequestrated estate of **WALTER PEACOCK HOW**, Ironmonger in Dundee, hereby intimates, that an account of his intrusions with the funds of the estate, brought down to the 20th ultimo, and a state of the funds recovered and of those outstanding as at the same date, have been made up, and audited and examined by the Commissioners on said estate, in terms of the Statute; and that the Commissioners have resolved that no dividend can be paid out of the funds of the estate at this time, and have postponed the declaration of a dividend until the recurrence of another statutory period, and dispensed with sending circulars to the Creditors intimating this resolution, as provided by the Statute.—Of all which Intimation is hereby given, in terms of the Statute.

WM. MYLES.

Dundee, March 5, 1858.

SEQUESTRATION of **MALCOLM M'GREGOR**, Farmer, Grazier, and Cattle-dealer at Milton of Drimmie, County of Perth.

JOHN MACLEISH, Accountant in Perth, Trustee on the sequestrated estate of the said Malcolm MacGregor, hereby intimates, that states of his intrusions with the funds of the estate, brought down to 21st February 1858, have been submitted to and examined by the Commissioners, who have postponed declaring the payment of a farther dividend till the next statutory period, and dispensed with circulars to the Creditors.

JOHN MACLEISH, Trustee.

Perth, March 6, 1858.

GEORGE WINK, Accountant in Glasgow, Trustee on the sequestrated estate of **JAMES LEITCH LANG**, Writer, Sharedealer and Sharebroker, and Underwriter in Glasgow, hereby intimates, that the Commissioners have audited his accounts till the 22d ultimo, and have postponed declaring a dividend.

GEO. WINK, Trustee.

42, West George Street,
Glasgow, March 6, 1858.

JAMES HOGARTH BALGARNIE, Chartered Accountant in Edinburgh, Trustee on the sequestrated estate of **ROBERT MAITLAND**, Postmaster and Livery Stable Keeper, Edinburgh, hereby intimates, that an account of his intrusions with the funds of the estate, brought down to 22d ultimo, and state of the funds outstanding as at same date, have been audited by the Commissioners, who have postponed a dividend and instructed the Trustee to dispense with sending circulars to the Creditors.

JAS. H. BALGARNIE, Trustee.

9, North St David Street,
Edinburgh, March 8, 1858.

NOTICE.

THE Copartnership Business carried on here by the Subscribers, as Drapers, under the Firm of **PHILIPS & HUNTER**, was, with mutual consent, **DISSOLVED** upon the 29th day of January last. The Subscriber, **William Philips**, will pay the debts due by, and is hereby authorised to receive and discharge the debts due to the late Firm of Philips & Hunter.

WILLIAM PHILIPS.
JESSIE HUNTER.

ROBERT FISHER, Grocer, Witness.
GEORGE BROWN, Hatter, Witness.

Paisley, March 4, 1858.

Edinburgh, March 5, 1858.

THE Subscriber, **John Graham Stirling**, Esquire, of 27, Queen Street, Edinburgh, and of Rednock House, Thornhill, Stirling, ceased, of the respective dates aftermentioned, to be a Partner of, or to have any interest or concern in the Public Companies afternamed, having, of these dates, disposed of or transferred his Shares therein, viz.—

THE EDINBURGH AND GLASGOW BANK,—
on 17th February 1853.

THE CITY OF GLASGOW BANK,—on 4th Sep-
tember 1854.

J. GRAHAM STIRLING.

WM. FRASER, Witness.
JOHN MACDONALD, Witness.

Glasgow, March 6, 1858.

I hereby give Notice, that my interest and responsibility in the Firm of **J. & R. WILLIAMSON**, Wine Merchants, No. 3, Royal Exchange Court, ceased and determined on the 31st December 1856.

R. C. WILLIAMSON.

HUGH B. PRICE, Witness.
THOMAS BOYD, Witness.

Glasgow, March 5, 1858.

NOTICE.

THE Company carrying on Business as Gas Singers in **Glasgow** and **Belfast**, under the Firm of **PORTER & COOKE**, has been **DISSOLVED** by mutual consent. Mr Samuel Porter is authorised to uplift and discharge all debts due to the Company in Glasgow, and will pay all debts due by the Company there; and Mr James Cooke is authorised to receive all debts due to the Company in Belfast, and will pay all debts due by the Company there.

S. PORTER.

JAMES TODD, Witness.
WILLIAM BLACK, Witness.

JAMES COOKE.

GEO. BLACK, Writer, Glasgow, Witness to the signature of James Cooke.

P. CAMPBELL, Clerk, Glasgow, Witness to the signature of James Cooke.

THE Copartnership of **ALEXANDER & MOORE**, Mining Engineers, Glasgow, was **DISSOLVED** on 15th May 1854, by the expiry of the Contract of Copartnership.—Of which Copartnership the undersigned were the sole Partners.

WILLIAM ALEXANDER.
RALPH MOORE.

COLIN RAMSAY, Witness.
DANIEL TRAINER, Witness.

Glasgow, March 3, 1858.

NOTICE.

JOSEPH PENMAN, sometime Innkeeper, Whale Ship Inn, Borrowstounness, afterwards residing at Bathville, near Armadale, in the County of Linlithgow, and present Prisoner in the Prison of Linlithgow, has presented a Petition to the Sheriff of Linlithgowshire craving liberation, interim protection, and decree of Cessio Bonorum; and his Creditors are hereby required to attend within the Sheriff Court-house at Linlithgow, on the 10th day of April next, at 12 o'clock noon, when the Petitioner will appear for examination.

JOHN HARDY, Petitioner's Agent.

Linlithgow, March 8, 1858.

N.B.—The Fees of all Notices must be paid in advance, and all Letters post-paid.

Printed and Published at the Office, 13, North Bank Street, by **WILLIAM ALEXANDER LAURIE.**

Printer to The **QUEEN'S MOST EXCELLENT MAJESTY.**

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