



THE
Edinburgh Gazette

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FROM FRIDAY, JANUARY 31. TO TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 4, 1800.

At the Court at St James's, the 29th January 1800.

P R E S E N T,

The King's most Excellent Majesty in Council.

Whereas it has been represented to his Majesty at this Board, that the malignant and infectious disease of the nature of the plague, which sometime since manifested itself at Philadelphia and New York, has totally ceased; his Majesty taking the same into consideration, and being desirous to remove all restraints upon trade, so far as may be consistent with the safety of his subjects, is pleased, by and with the advice of his Privy Council, to order, and it is hereby ordered, that the quarantine laid by his Majesty's order in Council of the 16th October last, upon all ships, persons, goods, and merchandises arriving or to arrive from Philadelphia and New York, or any port within the State of Pennsylvania, or any port within the province of New York, be taken off; and that all such ships and vessels be permitted to discharge their respective ladings without unpacking, opening, and airing, and without performing any quarantine, as freely as they might have done in case such order of the 16th October last had not been made; any thing in the said order contained to the contrary notwithstanding: And the Right Hon. the Lords Commissioners of his Majesty's Treasury, the Commissioners for executing the office of Lord High Admiral of Great Britain, the Lord Warden of the Cinque Ports, the Master General of the Ordnance, his Majesty's Secretary at War, and the Governors or Commanders in Chief of the Isles of Jersey, Guernsey, Alderney, Sark, and Man, are to give the necessary directions herein as to them may respectively appertain.

W. FAWKENER.

Price Sixpence.

ADMIRALTY-OFFICE, FEB. 1. 1800.

Copy of a Letter from Captain Robert Larkan, Commander of his Majesty's ship Camilla, to Evan Nepean, Esq. dated off Havre, the 30th ult.

SIR,

I beg leave to inform you, for the information of my Lords Commissioners of the Admiralty, that yesterday evening I captured the Le Vigoureux French lugger privateer, of three guns and 26 men, belonging to Cherbourg; out 19 days; had not taken any thing.

I have the honour to be, &c.

R. LARKAN.

WHITEHALL, FEB. 1, 1800.

The King has been pleased, by letters patent under the Great Seal of Great Britain, to confer the dignity of a Knight of the said kingdom unto Edward Hamilton, Esq. Captain in the Royal Navy, and commander of his Majesty's ship the Surprise.

The King has been pleased to appoint Mr William Macfarlane to the office and place of keeper of the Minute Book of the New Session House of Edinburgh, in the room of Mr Alex. Gordon, deceased.

The King has also been pleased to appoint Mr John Thomson to be Commissary of the Commissariat of Kirkcudbright, vacant by the death of Mr Alexander Gordon.

The King has also been pleased to present the Rev. Samuel Kennedy to the church and parish of New Luce, in the presbytery of Stranraer, and county of Wigton.

And the Rev. Gilbert Macilveen to the church

(B.)

and parish of Dalmellington, in the presbytery and shire of Ayr, vacant by the death of the Rev. Duncan Macmyn, late Minister there.

DOWNING-STREET, JAN. 31.

A dispatch, of which the following is a copy, has been received from the Right Hon. Lord William Bentinck, by the Right Hon. Lord Grenville, his Majesty's Principal Secretary of State for the Foreign Department.

Head-Quarters, Borgo St Dalmazzo,
Dec. 4. 1799.

MY LORD,

It is with the greatest satisfaction that I announce to your Lordship the surrender of Coni. The batteries opened on the 2d in the morning, and early on the 3d the Commandant desired to capitulate. The garrison, consisting of two thousand eight hundred and forty-four men, exclusive of eight hundred wounded, whom the French had not time to remove before the investment of the place, marched out this morning prisoners of war. The loss of the Austrians does not exceed fifty men in killed and wounded. The very short defence that has been made of this very strong, and most important fortress, is to be attributed to the want both of provisions and of ammunition. This event may be considered the more fortunate from information having been received that General Championet has been assembling the whole French army in la Riviere de Genes near Ormea, which was to have been assisted in its march by a reinforcement of fifteen thousand men that is marching from Savoy, and is probably a detachment from the army of Switzerland. So much snow has fallen, that the roads in the mountains are no longer practicable; and it will not be possible for the corps coming from Savoy to form a junction with Championet. The severity of the weather has obliged the enemy to abandon the Col de Scade, where they left four pieces of cannon, which they could not drag through the snow.

I have the honour to be, &c.

(Signed) W. BENTINCK.

The Right Hon. Lord Grenville,
&c. &c. &c.

ARTICLES OF CAPITULATION agreed upon between General Clement, commanding the troops in Coni, and his Highness Prince Lichtenstein, Lieutenant-General, commanding the Imperial army making the siege.

Art. I. The firing on both sides, as well as the works, shall cease from this day.—Answer, Granted; but the firing shall recommence from the moment that the capitulation may be either refused or delayed by the commandant of the place.

Art. II. The town will surrender in 25 days, if not previously relieved.—Ans. The French garrison shall march out of Coni to-morrow, the 4th of December 1799, at ten o'clock in the morning, by the gate of Turin, drums beating and colours flying, matches lighted, with two pieces of cannon at the head of the column. The troops shall lay down their arms upon the glacis, shall be prisoners of war, and shall be conducted into the hereditary dominions of his Majesty the Emperor and King by military marches, where they shall remain till exchanged. The officers shall keep their swords.

Art. III. In case of surrender, the garrison will march out with the honours of war, upon condition of not serving till exchanged, will keep their arms, two pieces of cannon, two ammunition waggons, and four covered carriages.—Ans. Decided by Art. II. Every individual shall preserve his property. The covered carriages are refused.

Art. IV. The garrison will be escorted by a superior force to the first French post, in order that it may be secured from every disagreeable event.—(The extreme inveteracy of the country people to the French is here alluded to.)—Ans. This security is granted for the march of the troops into the Hereditary States, and for their return into France when exchanged.

Art. V. All property of individuals shall be scrupulously respected.—Answer, Granted for the property of individuals.

Art. VI. In case the town shall be relieved, the hostages on both sides shall be given up; and hostilities shall not begin till after twenty-four hours notice.—Answer. Decided by Article II.

Art. VII. Immediately after the signature of the present treaty, the mills shall be again permitted to work.—Granted.

Art. VIII. The sick who shall remain in the town shall be attended by French surgeons and physicians till after their cure. For this purpose they shall be supplied with every pecuniary assistance; and, after their cure, they shall be escorted by an Austrian detachment to the first French post.—Answer. Granted; and the sick, after their cure, shall share the same fate as the garrison.

Art. IX. Those individuals who have shewn their attachment to the principles of the French Revolution shall not be ill treated either in their persons or their property; and it shall be permitted to them to sell their effects, and to retire wherever they please. Answer—This has nothing to do with military concerns.

Art. X. This treaty shall be sent to the Commander in Chief by an officer of the staff. Answer—Granted for the day after the evacuation of the town.

ADDITIONAL ARTICLES.

Art. I. After the signature of this capitulation, the gate of Nice shall be given up to an Austrian battalion, who shall have a guard separated from the French guard by an open barrier, which the town must take to establish immediately.

Art. II. Hostages shall be immediately exchanged, consisting of a Field Officer and a Captain on each side.

Art. III. The officers of the engineers and of the artillery, as well as the Commissaries, shall make out an account of all articles belonging to their separate departments.

Signed, Coni, December 3, 1799.

JEAN PRINCE DE LICHTENSTEIN, Lieutenant-General et Commandant l'Armee du Siege.

CLEMENT, General de Brigade.

LAVO, Chief de l'Etat Major.

PRUDHOMMES, le Chef de Battalion du Genie.

DOWNING-STREET, JAN. 30, 1800.

A dispatch of which the following is a copy, has been received from Wm. Wickham, Esq. by the Right Hon. Lord Grenville, his Majesty's Principal Secretary of State for the Foreign department.

MY LORD,

AUGSBURG, Dec. 13, 1799.

I am sorry to inform your Lordship of the death of the Advoyer Steiguer, which happened on the 3d inst. after a lingering illness. He was interred on the 7th inst. with all possible honours, in the Protestant burying-ground of this city.

The Swiss regiment of Roverea, and (by direction of Field-Marshal Italisky,) three Russian regiments, together with the British and Russian Ministers to the Swiss Cantons, several Russian, Austrian, and Prussian staff officers, and a deputation from this city attended the corpse to the grave.

I passed an hour with him at his own desire, three days before his death, when he was perfectly sensible; and I had the satisfaction of hearing him, after recommending his country under God, to his Majesty's special protection, pray most earnestly and devoutly for the blessings of God on his Majesty, and on his subjects. He is an irreparable loss to Switzerland.

I have the honour to be, &c.

(Signed)

W. WICKHAM.

Right Hon. Lord Grenville,
&c. &c. &c.

BANKRUPTS.

Wm. Shallerofs, Fleet-street, London, hatter. John Taylor, Maiden-lane, Wood-street, London, weaver and straw-hat manufacturer. George Turner, late of Whittingham, Lancaster, cotton manufacturer. Wm. Wilson, late of Nine Elms, Surry, Spanish leather-dresser. Thos. Newstead, York, confectioner. John Giles, Frome Selwood, Somerset, brandy-merchant. John Jones, Longnor Forge, Salop, iron master. Stephen Egleton, late of Leonard-street, Shoreditch, Middlesex, now in the Fleet prison, paper-hanger and stationer. Gainsford Long, Maldep, Essex, shop-keeper. Wm. Brewer, late of Bristol, tea-dealer. Lyon Joseph, Mansel-street, Goodsmans Fields, Middlesex, jeweller. Jethro Weatherstone, St Catherine's-lane, Middlesex, baker. George Smith, late of Lovell's Court, Paternoster-row, and of Padding-lane, London, wine-merchant. Michael Cullen, Liverpool, merchant.

SALE OF OUTSTANDING DEBTS.

THE OUTSTANDING DEBTS belonging to the sequestrated estate of JAMES KEITH, Tanner in Dundee, amounting to L. 86 14s. 2d. Sterling, will be sold by public Roup, within the Trades Hall of Dundee, upon Monday the 5th day of May next, at Twelve o'Clock noon. The inventory and grounds of debt will be seen in the hands of William Webster, merchant in Dundee, trustee upon the said James Keith's sequestrated estate, any day previous to the day of sale.

DUNDEE, 1st February, 1800.

N O T I C E.

THE TRUSTEE on the sequestrated estate of PETER and CHARLES STEWART & CO. of New York, merchants, hereby requires the creditors who have not lodged with him their whole claims, vouchers, and affidavits to the verity thereof, to do so immediately; and he further requires a meeting of the creditors at Glasgow, on the 1st of March next, within the Star Inn, at 12 o'clock noon, to give instructions concerning certain actions of reduction brought of several illegal preferences granted by the bankrupts; certifying those who decline to authorize him to insist in such actions, that they will be excluded from the benefit of any dividend of those funds which may be recovered in consequence thereof, which will be divided among those creditors who shall authorize him to insist therein, and agree to contribute towards the costs thereof, there being no other funds for defraying that expence.

GLASGOW, 31st Jan. 1800.

N O T I C E.

To the CREDITORS of Mrs JANET MURRAY, Brewer, at the back of the Canongate, Edinburgh.

THAT at a General Meeting of the Creditors of the said Janet Murray, held upon the 22d day of January last, Charles Wilson, solicitor at law, was elected Trustee upon her sequestrated estate, and his nomination has since been confirmed by the Court of Session.

Upon the application of the Trustee the Sheriff of the County of Mid-Lothian has fixed Tuesday the 18th day of February current, and Thursday the 6th day of March next, both at 12 o'clock noon, within the Sheriff Clerk's Office, Edinburgh, for the first and second diets of examination of the Bankrupt, her family, and others acquainted with her business in terms of the statute.

The Trustee requests a General Meeting of the Creditors upon Friday the 7th day of the said month of March, within John's Coffeehouse, Edinburgh, at 12 o'clock noon, for the purpose of instructing the Trustee relative to the management and recovery of the estate. And the Trustee requires the Creditors of the said Janet Murray to lodge in his hands their claims and vouchers or grounds of debt, at or previous to the day of meeting; and he further intimates, that such of the Creditors who fail to lodge their grounds of debt, with oaths of verity thereon, in his hands, between and the 11th of October next, being ten months from the date of the first deliverance on the petition of sequestration, shall have no share in the dividends of the estate of the Bankrupt.

FEBRUARY 1. 1800.

