

“ information or indictment, be punished by fine and imprisonment, or either of them, at the discretion of the Court before which such offender shall be convicted.”

Now, in order that none of Our subjects may unwarily render themselves liable to the penalties imposed by the said Statute, We do hereby strictly *command* that no person or persons whatsoever do commit any act, matter, or thing, whatsoever, contrary to the provisions of the said Statute, upon pain of the several penalties by the said Statute imposed, and of Our high displeasure.

And We do hereby further *warn and admonish* all Our loving subjects, and all persons whatsoever entitled to Our protection, to observe towards each and all of the aforesaid Sovereigns, their subjects, and territories, and towards all belligerents whatsoever, with whom We are at peace, the duties of neutrality; and to respect, in all and each of them, the exercise of those belligerent rights which We and Our Royal Predecessors have always claimed to exercise.

And We do hereby further warn all Our loving subjects, and all persons whatsoever entitled to Our protection, that if any of them shall presume, in contempt of this Our Royal Proclamation, and of Our high displeasure, to do any acts in derogation of their duty as subjects of a neutral Sovereign, in a War between other Sovereigns, or in violation or contravention of the law of Nations in that behalf, as more especially by breaking, or endeavouring to break, any blockade lawfully and actually established by or on behalf of any or either of the said Sovereigns, by carrying officers, soldiers, despatches, arms, ammunition, military stores or materials, or any article or articles considered and deemed to be contraband of war, according to the law or modern usages of Nations, for the use or service of any or either of the said Sovereigns, that all persons so offending, together with their ships and goods, will rightfully incur, and be justly liable to, hostile capture, and to the penalties denounced by the law of Nations in that behalf.

And We do hereby give notice, that all Our subjects, and persons entitled to Our protection, who may misconduct themselves in the premises, will do so at their peril, and of their own wrong; and that they will in no wise obtain any protection from Us against such capture, or such penalties as aforesaid, but will, on the contrary, incur Our high displeasure by such misconduct.

Given at Our Court at Buckingham Palace, this thirteenth day of May, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and fifty-nine, and in the twenty-second year of Our reign.

GOD save The QUEEN.

WHITEHALL, May 12, 1859.

The Queen has been pleased to direct letters-patent to be passed under the Great Seal, granting the dignity of an Earl of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland unto the Right Honourable Charles John, Viscount Canning, G.C.B., Her Majesty's Viceroy and Governor-General of India, and the heirs-male of his body lawfully begotten, by the name, style, and title of Earl Canning.

The Queen has also been pleased to direct letters-patent to be passed under the Great Seal, granting the dignity of a Baron of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland unto the Right Honourable John, Baron Elphinstone, of that part of the said United Kingdom called Scotland, G.C.B., Governor of the Presidency of Bombay, and the heirs-male of his body lawfully begotten, by the name, style, and title of Baron Elphinstone, of Elphinstone, in the county of Stirling.

WHITEHALL, May 12, 1859.

The Queen has been pleased to order a *congè d'elire* to pass the Great Seal, empowering the Dean and Chapter of the cathedral church of Bangor to elect a Bishop of that See, the same being void by the death of Dr Christopher Bethell, late Bishop thereof; and Her Majesty has also been pleased to recommend James Colquhoun Campbell, Clerk, M.A., Archdeacon of Llandaff, to be elected by the said Dean and Chapter, Bishop of the said See of Bangor.

FOREIGN-OFFICE, May 10, 1859.

The Queen has been pleased to approve of Mr Gustav L. Th. von der Heyde as Consul at Adelaide for the Free Hanseatic City of Bremen.

The Queen has also been pleased to approve of Mr James L. Hart as Vice-Consul in London for the Republic of Nicaragua.

FOREIGN-OFFICE, May 12, 1859.

The Queen has been pleased to approve of Don Bruno Badan as Vice-Consul in the Island of Jamaica for the Queen of Spain.

DUBLIN CASTLE, May 10, 1859.

His Excellency the Earl of Eglinton and Winton has been pleased to make the following Appointments in his Household:—

Private Secretary—Lieutenant-Colonel the Honourable C. H. Lindsay, vice Colonel Francis Plunket Dunne, M.P., resigned.

Chamberlain—Reginald Craufurd, Esq. vice Lieutenant-Colonel the Honourable C. H. Lindsay.

Gentleman-in-Waiting—The Honourable Henry Blackwood, vice Reginald Craufurd, Esq.

WHITEHALL, April 30, 1859.

The Right Honourable Sir Alexander Edmund Cockburn, Bart., Lord Chief Justice of Her Majesty's Court of Common Pleas, at Westminster, has appointed John Turner Rawlison, of