



THE

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FROM TUESDAY, JUNE 10. TO FRIDAY, JUNE 13. 1800.

DOWNING STREET, June 8.

A dispatch, of which the following is an extract, has been received from the Right Hon. Lord MINTO, his Majesty's Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary at Vienna, by the Right Hon. Lord GRENVILLE, his Majesty's Secretary of State for the Foreign Department.

VIENNA, May 28.

I have the pleasure to acquaint your Lordship that the citadel of Savona surrendered on the 15th instant. The garrison are prisoners of war. I have the honour to inclose the Extraordinary Court Gazette published on that occasion.

Extraordina y Supplement of the Vienna Gazette,
May 27.

By Captain Salomon, of the regiment of Lattermann, who arrived here last night as courier, Count Melas, General of Cavalry, has sent intelligence from Nizza dated the 17th instant, that according to the report of Major-General Francis Count Saint Julien, the enemy's General Buzet, who defended the citadel of Savona, finding himself under the necessity of capitulating, on the 15th a capitulation had immediately been concluded upon the following conditions:

The garrison of the enemy was to march out on the 16th at three o'clock in the afternoon, with the usual honours, and as will be seen by the following articles of capitulation, to be marched as prisoners of war into the itates of Upper Austria.

The General could not as yet specify the strength of the garrison, nor the amount of the cannon and ammunition and magazines of different forts in the citadel, as Major-General Count Saint Julien had delayed sending an account of them until the enemy shall have evacuated the place.

Captain Salomon has on this occasion gained much reputation.

General Melas mentions at the same time that the enemy's Generalissimo had made several attacks on the 13th in considerable force on Field-Marshal Lieutenant-Count Hohenzollern at Durazzo, but had been repulsed by our troops.

The enemy's General of Division Soult, a Chief of Brigade, and many of the enemy, have been made prisoners of war in these attacks; and the General promises to forward by the first opportunity the particulars sent him by the Field-Marshal Lieutenant.

CAPITULATION between the Imperial Royal General Count St JULIEN, Commander of the troops blockading Savona, and the French General of Brigade BUZET, Commander of the said citadel.

ART. I. The French garrison shall march out of the citadel of Savona with all the honours of war, with arms and baggage, drums beating and colours flying; and shall march by the shortest way to France, without being made prisoners of war; they shall be escorted by the Imperial Royal troops to the first posts of the French, and during their march they shall be supplied with the necessary subsistence.---Ans. The French garrison is to march to-morrow afternoon, the 16th of May, at three o'clock, out of the citadel, with the usual honours of war, arms, baggage, drums beating and colours flying, but they shall lay down their arms upon the glacis, and become prisoners of war; they will be conveyed to the interior of Italy till the General in Chief of the Imperial army in Italy takes other measures in this point.

Addition to the first article.

The officers of the garrison are to keep their swords or fibres, as well as their horses and baggage; and the privates their knapsacks. All those who are not amongst the number of combatants shall have permission, the French to return to France, and the Italians to their own country. The surgeons are excepted, and whoever else belong to the service of the sick, who are to remain to take care of the sick and wounded who may be unable to follow the garrison.

Art. II.--The officers of the garrison shall be provided with the necessary means to convey their baggage and property with them.---Ans. Agreed.

(R.)

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