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WAR-OFFICE, December 21, 1863.

THE Secretary of State for War has received a Despatch, with its Enclosures, from Lieutenant-General D. A. Cameron, C.B., Commanding Her Majesty's Forces in New Zealand, of which the following are copies:—

Head-Quarters, Queen's Redoubt,
October 5, 1863.

MY LORD,

I HAVE the honour to inform your Lordship that the force under my command in this province has continued to occupy nearly the same positions as at the date of my last despatch. The boats which I mentioned were being fitted to carry guns are now ready to enter the Waikato river, and on the arrival of the iron steamer from Sydney, which, from the intelligence lately received, may be expected daily, I shall lose no time in commencing active operations.

My advance having been necessarily delayed until the gun-boats and steamer were available, the enemy has in the meantime taken the opportunity of practising his favourite mode of warfare by forming marauding bands, plundering the scattered settlements in the bush, and murdering individuals. This, in such a country as New Zealand, it is impossible wholly to prevent. It has, however, led to several skirmishes reflecting the highest credit on the officers and men engaged, who have invariably fought with great gallantry and intelligence, and in every instance, excepting the conflict at Cameron Town, (where a small detachment was suddenly exposed in a most unfavourable position to the fire of overwhelming numbers,) they inflicted a much severer loss on the enemy than they have themselves sustained. The officers in command, many of them young, and most of them untried, have one and all merited my entire approbation.

I forward, herewith, copies of the reports of these engagements, which I received from the officers in command, together with copies of my despatches to His Excellency Sir George Grey, and I beg to recommend to your Lordship's favourable notice the officers, non-commissioned officers, and privates, who are specially mentioned in them for their distinguished conduct, more particularly Major Lyon, Auckland Volunteers, formerly of the 92d Highlanders, Captain Russell, 57th Regiment, Captain Inman, 18th Royal Irish, Captain Saltmarsh, 70th Regiment, Lieutenant

Butler, 65th Regiment, and Colour-Serjeant McKenna, 65th Regiment.

I feel sure that your Lordship will read the reports of the conflict near Cameron Town with feelings of admiration for the bravery and fortitude displayed by the detachment of the 65th Regiment under command of Captain Swift, and that you will lament with me the loss which the service has sustained by the death of that gallant and chivalrous officer, who was killed while leading his men against the enemy, and whose last words, after he had fallen, were an exhortation to the men to charge.

With reference to the capture and destruction of commissariat stores at Cameron Town, I beg to explain that, with the view of relieving the troops as much as possible during the very inclement weather from the harassing duties of escorting convoys along the road, I made arrangements that supplies should be brought round from Auckland in a vessel which was to anchor inside the Waikato Heads, whence her cargo was to be conveyed up the river to the Queen's Redoubt, in canoes manned by friendly natives. These natives being on good terms both with ourselves and the enemy, it was considered that the stores would be safe in their charge. Mr Armitage, Resident Magistrate of the district, who had resided a great many years among the natives, was appointed by the Government to superintend this service. As the natives employed in it belonged to two different tribes, each of which would not work beyond a certain part of the river, it became necessary to establish a small intermediate depot for the temporary reception of stores, and for this purpose Cameron Town was favourably situated, particularly as Mr Armitage himself lived there, and a small number of friendly natives inhabited a pah on the spot. This pah was suddenly attacked by a large body of the enemy, the friendly natives driven out, Mr Armitage killed, and the stores destroyed, consisting principally of forage, and including, fortunately, but little that would afford subsistence to the enemy.

From Mr Armitage I had always received the greatest assistance; and I deeply deplore his untimely death in the midst of a career of great public usefulness.

I am happy to inform your Lordship of the efforts of the Colonial Government to raise volunteers in this and the neighbouring colonies for general service during the war, on condition



obtaining grants of land, have been most successful, upwards of 1800 having been already enrolled, and several hundred more are expected. They are for the most part fine able-bodied men. About one half of them are drilled and fit for service at the outposts, and the remainder are being rapidly trained.

Since the date of my last despatch, on the renewed application for reinforcements from Australia, nearly the whole of the troops from Melbourne and Hobart Town have arrived, and I am led to expect an additional hundred men from Sydney, which will make in all a reinforcement of 400 men from Victoria, New South Wales, and Tasmania.

In consequence of the great extent of ground over which the force in this province is distributed, I have found it necessary to form four separate districts, which are shewn in the accompanying General Order.

The moveable column therein-mentioned, under command of Lieutenant-Colonel Nixon, Colonial Defence Corps, is composed of regulars and militia, and was formed for the purpose of scouring the bush in every direction.

I have, &c.,

D. A. CAMERON, Lieutenant-General.

The Right Honourable
The Secretary of State for War,
War-Office, London.

GENERAL ORDER, No. 615.

Head-Quarters, Queen's Redoubt,
September 27, 1863.

No. 5.—The Lieutenant-General Commanding has approved of the following re-arrangement of districts and commands in the province of Auckland:—

Auckland District, under Major-General Galloway,
Head-Quarters, Auckland.

To consist of Auckland and the country southwards as far as Otahuhu, including that post and Howick.

Papakura District, under Colonel Carey, 2d Battalion 18th Regiment, Head-Quarters, Papakura.

The country south of Otahuhu to Papakura, inclusive, and thence eastwards to Wairoa, including the posts at Burton's, Kirikiri, and Wairoa River.

Drury District, under Lieutenant-Colonel Chapman, 2d Battalion 18th Regiment, Head-Quarters, Drury.

The country south of Papakura, and east and west of the Great South Road to Martyn's Farm, including that post, with Pukekohe, Manku, and Waiuku.

Head-Quarter District, present Head-Quarters, Queen's Redoubt.

From Martyn's Farm southwards to the advanced posts, including Tuakau.

The Moveable Column, under Lieutenant-Colonel Nixon, Head-Quarters in the vicinity of Drury.

Will be available for service in any direction ordered by the Lieutenant-General Commanding.

All officers commanding districts, as well as Lieutenant-Colonel Nixon, will take their orders

from and report to the Lieutenant-General Commanding, through the proper channels, and will give the Lieutenant-General the earliest and fullest information of everything that goes on within their commands. They will also communicate, without delay, to each other any important intelligence about the enemy's movements, &c., and will support and assist each other in cases of emergency.

Besides reporting to head-quarters, they will acquaint His Excellency the Governor (by telegraph, if possible) with any important intelligence they may receive, or with any event of consequence that may occur within their respective commands.

Officers commanding posts will report to the head-quarters of their respective districts.

By Command,

(Signed) R. CAREY, Lieutenant-Colonel,
Deputy Adjutant General.

Head-Quarters, Queen's Redoubt,
September 9, 1863.

SIR,

I HAVE the honour to inform your Excellency that about four o'clock P.M., on the 7th instant, I received intelligence from Captain Swift, 65th Regiment, commanding the redoubt at Tuakau, that the pah at Cameron Town, in which a quantity of commissariat supplies had been stored, prior to their conveyance in canoes to the bluff by the friendly natives, had been attacked, and the stores captured and destroyed by the insurgents. Captain Swift stated also that he had started with a party of 50 men to scour the bush in the direction of Cameron Town.

As I foresaw the probability of this small party being beset in the bush by superior numbers, I arranged with Captain Sullivan, R.N., that a force of 150 men, under the command of Colonel Murray, 65th Regiment, should be embarked without delay in boats at Mangatawhiri, and proceeded to Tuakau with instructions to move in support of Captain Swift's party.

I herewith enclose an account of the engagement, given me by Lieutenant Butler, 65th Regiment, who is now in the Queen's Redoubt, having been severely wounded at the commencement of the action.

No report has yet been received from Colour-Serjeant MacKenna, on whom the command of Captain Swift's party devolved when both officers were disabled, as that non-commissioned officer is still at Tuakau. He appears to have acted with great judgment and courage, and to have secured the confidence of the men at once by his admirable conduct.

Your Excellency will, I feel sure, share in my admiration of the conduct of the whole of the detachment, animated as they were by the noble example of their commander; and that you will join me in lamenting the loss which the service has sustained by the death of so gallant and promising an officer as Captain Swift.

Colonel Murray, whose report is enclosed, returned with his detachment this morning, and as four men were still missing when he left Tuakau, I ordered a detachment of 100 men of the 40th Regiment, under the command of Major Blyth, to march there this morning and occupy the post during the temporary absence of an equal number

of its garrison, who were to proceed in search of the missing men.

I forward herewith a copy of the return of the casualties on this occasion.

I have, &c.,
(Signed) D. A. CAMERON,
Lieutenant-General.

His Excellency
Sir George Grey, K.C.B.,
&c. &c.

Camp, Queen's Redoubt,
September 9, 1863.

SIR,

I HAVE the honour to report, for the information of the Lieutenant-General Commanding, that, in compliance with his orders, I marched to Mangatawhiri on Monday evening, in command of the force, as per margin,* and there embarked in six boats to proceed to Tuakau, which I did not reach until midnight; on my arrival at Tuakau, I found that Captain Swift had not yet returned from Cameron Town with his party, and it was supposed he had remained at the pah.

The night was too dark to find the track through the difficult country between Tuakau and Cameron Town, and I consequently deferred further proceedings till daylight; accordingly, I fell in the men at four A.M., and directed Captain Ord to proceed with 30 men by water to Cameron Town, with instructions to co-operate with me; I proceeded by land to the same place. On the way I met Corporal Ryan, who first gave me information that Captain Swift had been killed and Lieutenant Butler badly wounded; I accordingly pushed on as fast as I could, and after proceeding about two miles, I met Serjeant McKenna with about 30 men, who gave me the first information that Captain Swift had fallen into an ambuscade, and a fire had been opened on him on all sides from the bush, at a distance of about eight or ten yards, and the two officers becoming non-effective the command devolved on him; he then called on the men to stand by him, which he states they obeyed with the utmost alacrity; and under his directions they kept up a steady fire for, as far as I can learn, about an hour.

The firing having ceased by that time, Serjeant McKenna retired with his little force into the bush and lay down, keeping perfectly quiet, till daylight enabled him to see where he was, and thus make his way to the redoubt.

Serjeant McKenna and his men appearing very much exhausted after their night's exposure, I desired him to return to the redoubt, after receiving from him such description as he could give of where I might be able to find the killed.

Of the wounded or missing (except such as had come in) he could give me no information.

I had previously met Lieutenant Butler, badly wounded, making his way, with the assistance of two men, to the redoubt, and having put him on a stretcher, I detached a party to convey him. I pushed on, and on arriving at the spot where the affair with Captain Swift's party had occurred, I searched the bush for his body, which, by Corporal Ryan's description, was found after some time. (I beg here to mention that Corporal Ryan and Private Bulford remained with Captain Swift for

several hours after he died, and having concealed his body, made their way to the redoubt.

Not knowing in what direction to search for the missing men, I returned with the bodies found to the redoubt, which I reached at half-past two P.M., and finding the steamer there, I sent a request to Captain Sullivan, Her Majesty's ship "Harrier," to take a portion of my force on board, which he having consented to, I embarked 100 men, and directed Captain Ord to follow in the boats with the remainder.

I have, &c.,
(Signed) G. F. MURRAY, Major
65th Regiment, and Colonel.

The Military Secretary,
Head-Quarters,
Queen's Redoubt.

STATEMENT MADE BY LIEUTENANT BUTLER,
65TH REGIMENT.

LIEUTENANT BUTLER states:—"The firing at Cameron Town was heard at Tuakau, a little before eleven A.M. on the 7th instant, and the friendly pah could be plainly seen in flames. Not long after five friendly natives of Kukutai's people arrived in a canoe, who said they were on the beach near Cameron Town when the rebels attacked the pah. Captain Swift then determined to proceed in the direction of Cameron Town with a party of fifty men. We left Tuakau about half-past twelve, and after a march of two hours over a very difficult track, a distance probably of seven miles, we reached a clearing, and passed through it to the top of a hill, where we got a view of a few detached wharries. Here the track led through some bush; after penetrating this for about two hundred yards, we heard the Maories talking. We fancied they were approaching by the track on which we were, and prepared an ambuscade for them, by extending on both sides of the track. Finding the Maories did not come on as we had expected, Captain Swift ordered the men to fix bayonets. We pushed on from twelve to twenty yards, when, at a turn of the track, they opened fire on us. They were evidently ready for us, and must have seen us from the pah a long time before we reached them. Captain Swift fell at the first volley. I asked if we should charge, he said, yes; and when I was doing so, about ten yards in advance of the men, I was brought to the ground. I drew my revolver, and they say that I shot two men with it. Colour-Serjeant McKenna, who was very cool and collected throughout, then took charge of the party, and a skirmish ensued, which lasted about twenty minutes, during which he stated that he saw seven Maories fall. The enemy was driven back two or three hundred yards. The men remained all night on the ground from which the natives had been driven, except the advance guard, which had become separated from us before the engagement. It appears to have shared in the attack, and rejoined the main body shortly before we arrived at the redoubt. I am not able to form an opinion of the numbers of the enemy, I scarcely think there could have been three hundred. Captain Swift died about six o'clock that evening; he was shot through one lung and in the side. No one could have behaved better than he did; and the conduct of the men too was admirable. The party started on their return to Tuakau about five next morning, when we were met shortly after by that under the command of Colonel Murray, who had come to support us. He passed on with the view of searching for men who were missing.

* 2d Battalion, 18th Regiment—1 Subaltern, 3 Serjeants, 50 Rank and File; 65th Regiment—1 Field Officer, 1 Captain, 2 Subalterns, 4 Serjeants, 2 Drummers, 100 Rank and File. Total—1 Field Officer, 1 Captain, 3 Subalterns, 7 Serjeants, 2 Drummers, 150 Rank and File.

65TH REGIMENT.

NOMINAL RETURN of Casualties of the above Corps at Cameron, on 7th September 1863.

Regimental Number.	Rank and Name.	Corps.	Age, Years.	Service, Years.	Date of Death.	Place of Death.	Nature of Injury.
	Captain Richard Swift ...	65th	32	13	1863. Sep. 7	Cameron	Gunshot wound ; killed.
3277	Private Robert Bellringer	„	28	9	Sep. 7	Cameron	Gunshot wound ; killed.
1051	„ Stephen Grace ...	„	37	15	Sep. 7	Cameron	Gunshot wound ; killed.
	Lieutenant Villars Butler	„	23	5	...	...	Severe gunshot wound.
163	Private Francis Powell ...	„	22	4	...	...	Severe gunshot wound.
3422	„ James McLean ...	„	27	8	...	...	Severe gunshot wound.
3666	„ Michael Bryan ...	„	30	10	...	...	Gunshot wound ; missing.*
2268	„ Thomas Whittle	„	36	17	...	...	Severe gunshot wound.

* Since ascertained to be killed.

(Signed) J. MOUAT,

Deputy Inspector-General, P.M.O.

The Assistant Military Secretary,
Queen's Redoubt.Head-Quarters, Queen's Redoubt,
September 11, 1863.

SIR,

WITH reference to my letter of the 9th instant, relative to the engagement which took place in the bush near Cameron, between a party of the 65th Regiment under the command of Captain Swift, and a body of rebel natives, on the 7th instant, I have now the honour to forward the report of Colour-Serjeant MacKenna, which has been transmitted to me by Colonel Wyatt, commanding 65th Regiment, whose letter I enclose.

This interesting report fully bears out the opinion I expressed in the letter alluded to above of the conduct of the officers and men of this detachment.

It is difficult to conceive a more trying position than that in which this detachment was placed, when, deprived of both its officers, it found itself in the midst of a dense bush, surrounded on every side by a savage enemy, and too distant from the nearest post to entertain any hope of support.

The courage, intelligence, and self-reliance for which the soldiers of the 65th Regiment are so distinguished were never more conspicuously displayed than on this critical occasion ; fortunately in Colour-Serjeant MacKenna the detachment found a commander whose coolness, intrepidity, and judgment justified the confidence placed in him by the soldiers brought so suddenly under his command.

I need scarcely assure your Excellency that it will give me great pleasure to report the meritorious conduct of this detachment to His Royal Highness the Field Marshal Commanding-in-Chief, and to the Right Honourable Secretary of State for War, and to recommend to special notice the name of Lieutenant Butler, Colour-Serjeant Mac-

Kenna, and the other non-commissioned officers and soldiers so honourably mentioned by Colonel Wyatt.

I have, &c.,

(Signed) D. A. CAMERON,
Lieutenant-General.His Excellency
Sir George Grey, K.C.B.Camp, Queen's Redoubt,
September 11, 1863.

SIR,

IN accordance with the wishes of the Lieutenant-General, I have called upon Colour-Serjeant E. McKenna to furnish me with a report of the action at Cameron on the 7th instant.

From the corroborative statements made to me by Lieutenant Warren, who has ample opportunities of acquiring full information of the various events and places while in command of the detachment, 65th Regiment, that proceeded from the Alexandra Redoubt in search of the missing on the 8th (under Colonel Murray), and subsequently on the 9th, I am perfectly satisfied with the truthfulness of the appended letter.

As acts of daring and gallantry are sure to be appreciated, I trust the Lieutenant-General will be pleased to bring this instance to the notice of His Royal Highness the Field Marshal Commanding-in-Chief, for some special mark of approval on the part of Her Majesty, for his gallant conduct after both his officers had been shot, in charging through the position of an enemy heavily outnumbering him, and drawing off his small force through a broken and rugged country with the loss of but one man killed and another missing.*

* Private Grace, killed ; Private Ryan, missing.

As soon as I can obtain the necessary documents from the Officer Commanding at Tuakau, I will not fail to bring to the notice of the Lieutenant-General the gallant conduct of Lance-Corporal Ryan, Private William Bulford, and John Talbot, who removed the body of their Captain from the field of action, and remained with it all night in a bush surrounded by the enemy, and also that of Private Benjamin Thomas and John Cole, who, after remaining all night in the fern with Lieutenant Butler, who was so badly wounded, in the morning carried him several miles towards the 65th Camp, until met by the reinforcement under Colonel Murray, proceeding to their assistance.

I would also beg to bring to the notice of the Lieutenant-General the conduct of Drummer Henry Welsh, who, when Private Grace was killed, picked up his rifle and emptied his pouch of any ammunition and copper caps, under a galling fire, and thus prevented the enemy from obtaining that trophy; and I trust that the cool and determined bravery of the small parties under the command of Colour-Serjeant McKenna and Serjeant Meara will be favourably mentioned.

Only one rifle was captured by the enemy, that of Private Belringer, who was killed when with the advance guard, which was then fearfully outnumbered and hardly pressed by the enemy, and slowly retiring in skirmishing order.

I sincerely trust and hope the Lieutenant-General will make a favourable mention to His Royal Highness of Lieutenant Butler, who in the late, and already in the present war, has proved himself a most promising officer, and unsurpassed for coolness and conduct under trying circumstances.

From my knowledge of the late Captain Swift, I may safely say that I considered him one of the best officers I ever had the honour of commanding, and one who held a high position in the estimation of every individual in the 65th Regiment.

I have, &c.,

(Signed) ALFRED F. W. WYATT,
Colonel and Lieutenant-Colonel
Commanding 65th Regiment.

The Military Secretary,
Head-Quarters.

Alexandra Redoubt, Tuakau,
September 8, 1863.

SIR,

I BEG to state, for the information of the Lieutenant-General Commanding, that at one o'clock P.M., on the 7th September 1863, I proceeded, under command of Captain Swift, with the force as per margin,* to attack a party of natives who had set fire to the friendly native pah erected on the township of Cameron; for the purpose of trying to rescue Mr Armitage and a party of friendly natives who were known to have been down there; also a quantity of commissariat supplies brought up from Waiuku.

Proceeding in skirmishing order we arrived, at about half-past two o'clock P.M., at the skirt of the bush leading to the ranges on which the pah was situated, and after an half hour's struggle through the bush, we came to a clearing, halting; the Captain ordered our half ration of rum to be distributed, sending on the advance guard immediately after. When, on having proceeded a few hundred yards, it became apparent that the advance guard had lost or struck off the track, but that we had gained it.

I then proposed to Captain Swift to advance and act as scout to the party, to which he immediately assented, cautioning me not to proceed more than thirty yards in front of the main body. After advancing in this order for about three-quarters of a mile, I observed tracks of natives, and in large numbers. This I pointed out to the Captain, and a little further on I heard the natives in loud debate, on which (expecting that they were returning on the track that we were pursuing) I again informed Captain Swift, who ordered the men to lie down in the bush, at the same time ordering them not to fire until he gave the word of command. However, on finding that the natives were not advancing, I crept up to within twelve yards of them, when, from their conversation, I judged that they were under the influence of liquor. Captain Swift immediately called to advance, ordering the men to fix bayonets and charge. We advanced to within six yards of them, when they opened a most terrific fire. Captain Swift and Lieutenant Butler were at this time leading on the men, and after receiving the enemy's fire the men gave a cheer and returned it in grand style. Lieutenant Butler shooting down a native on his right, turned his revolver to the left. As quick as thought I saw him come on his knee, at the same time discharging the remainder of the barrels of his revolver, bringing another native down at the same time that he fell himself. Seeing that he was wounded, I ordered Lance-Corporal Ryan and one of the men to take him to the rear, when he ordered me to lead the men to the front. On turning to my left, I found Captain Swift mortally wounded, and after speaking a few words to him he desired me to take his revolver and lead on the men, as that time I was loading. With one loud huzza we charged like demons, burning to revenge our officers. I now found myself in an open clearing of a few yards, the rebels flying to cover on our front and left, where they opened fire on my small party, who at this time numbered two serjeants, one bugler, and thirty-five men. Seeing that we were greatly outnumbered, I determined to hold our position, if possible, until dark, trusting that the men in charge of Captain Swift and Lieutenant Butler had retired well to the rear, and had been joined with our lost advanced guard; if so, I knew that they would be able to make well towards the redoubt before darkness set in, when, probably, I should be able to join them, but I found at about a quarter to six o'clock that the enemy had got round to our rear, thereby cutting off our retreat by the way we came. I immediately ordered a charge, but was met by a volley that killed one and wounded three men. On trying again I found it hopeless to attempt it, I therefore determined to retreat down the hill, which was covered with fern, and, sending on our wounded, I threw out a line of skirmishers, ordering the front rank to "fire and retire." In this order we retired down the hill in a steady and orderly manner, the natives coming out of the bush and raining down a complete shower of bullets on us, when, although we were not above 100 or 150 yards from them, not a man was hit. At this time it was near dark, but we managed to scramble through the bush until at last we lost the track, when I ordered the men around me, and told them I should stay there until morning, ordering not a word to be spoken, or a pipe to be lighted. I now found that four of the men were missing, and knowing that it would be completely useless to attempt at that time to find them, I determined to wait until morning, hoping in the meantime to hear them about in the bush. At a quarter to five o'clock A.M., on the morning of

* 1 Lieutenant, 3 Serjeants, 1 Drummer, 50 Rank and File.

the 8th, we commenced to try and gain a track out of the bush, and at about eight o'clock A.M. we succeeded, and were met about half-way from the redoubt by Colonel Murray and his party, and then learned that our esteemed Captain was dead. After detailing a man to return as guide to Colonel Murray, I continued my march to the camp, which we reached at about eleven o'clock A.M., completely exhausted. I am very sorry to report our casualties (as per margin)* were very great; but taking into consideration the number to which we were opposed, being near seven to one, we have every reason to be thankful that it was not greater.

I hope it may not appear presumptuous on my part to bear testimony to the cool and gallant manner displayed by the late Captain Swift and Lieutenant Butler in this desperate affair, the Captain issuing his commands as if on parade, and even, when wounded, refusing to take one man from the force to take him to the rear until he was told that I would not be able to keep my position much longer; and Lieutenant Butler, even when brought on his knees, in the coolest manner possible deliberately fired the shots from his revolver into a crowd of Maories.

I need scarcely add that the men behaved most gallantly, in fact it would be impossible to recapitulate the many acts of individual courage, when each man emulated the other in acts of heroic bravery.

I however beg to bring to your favourable consideration the valuable assistance I received from Serjeant Bracegurdle, who supported me throughout in a most intrepid manner, as also Lance-Corporal Ryan, Privates William Bulford, John Talbot, John Cole, and Benjamin Thomas, for the devotion they manifested to their officers, by staying with them until half-past seven P.M., on the night of the 7th instant. Captain Swift died at that time, after which they hid his body in the bush and waited until morning, and then carrying the Lieutenant in their arms they returned, meeting Colonel Murray and force. Corporal Ryan returned with Colonel Murray, and pointed out the spot in which Captain Swift's body was.

I beg to enclose the report of Serjeant Meara, in charge of our advance guard, also a plan of the scene of action.

I should estimate the loss of the enemy to be between twenty and thirty in killed and wounded, seven of whom I myself distinctly saw shot dead and dragged into the bush by the rebels.

I remain, &c.,
(Signed) E. McKENNA, Colour-Serjeant,
65th Regiment.

Queen's Redoubt,
September 10, 1863.

SIR,

I HAVE the honour to report, for the information of the Lieutenant-General Commanding, that I guided a party of the 40th Regiment, under Major Blyth, through the bush to Tuakau, yesterday. We reached the redoubt at about 12 P.M., and I immediately accompanied a party of 100 of the 65th Regiment, under Lieutenant Warren, to Cameron, on the Waikato, the scene of the late Maori attack upon the friendly natives' pah, to search for the three soldiers of the 65th Regiment

(one of them known to be dead), who had been left in the bush in that vicinity, on the occasion of the fight between Captain Swift's party and the Maories, on Monday last.

We proceeded through the bush, on the track likely to be taken by the missing men, to Cameron, where we arrived at half-past three P.M. On the spot where the fight took place we found the body of Private Grace, 65th Regiment; he had a gun shot wound in the face, and a cut from a tomahawk in the chin; the body had been covered over with fern by the party when they left it, and so we found it.

We went down to the pah, which is a miserable affair, and totally incapable of being defended, being completely commanded by a hill close to it, and constructed simply of stakes driven into the ground, about two or three inches apart, and tied with supple-jack at the top. The house and wharves inside the pah had been completely gutted, and all kinds of property was scattered over the place.

I went with a few men down to the bank of the river, about a 100 yards below the pah; the ground was strewn with bran and corn, the former partially burnt, we found a canoe at the landing-place, which I ordered the men not to destroy, fortunately as it turned out afterwards, for it proved the means of saving one of the wounded men, who was close to us in the bush while we were there, and who came up at Tuakau at night in the canoe.

We returned to the scene of the fight, of which I enclose a sketch, fires were still smouldering, and a quantity of potatoes were on the ground, shewing that the enemy had been there very lately.

We then proceeded to examine the country in the direction in which the missing men were last seen to go, but found no traces of them. The bush and fern were so dense that we gave up the search as hopeless, and determined to return. We left the ground at six o'clock, just as it was getting dark, and carrying the body with us we returned to Tuakau, reaching the redoubt at midnight, the distance being between eight and nine miles.

On arrival we found that one of the missing men had come up the river in a canoe.

From the number of fires, sleeping-places, and the extent of ground covered by the Maories, I am satisfied that there cannot have been less than 200 when they were attacked by poor Captain Swift's party, and it is wonderful, considering the nature of the ground, how, in the face of such a superior force, this party, only 28 in number, at the end succeeded in keeping the enemy in check until their two wounded officers had been safely conveyed to the rear; how they, within 10 yards of the enemy, who were firing at them from the bush, covered up with fern the body of one of their number who was killed, and then retreated in good order, carrying some wounded men with them. Too much cannot be said in praise of the non-commissioned officer in charge, and of the men themselves for their gallant conduct on this trying occasion.

Captain Swift, when he left his post, must have been convinced that the enemy were in force, or they would not have dared to attack what was considered a fortified post, still, notwithstanding the difficulties of the road, and the small number of his party, he pushed on to the assistance of the friendly natives, and lost his life while leading his men in a most gallant manner against a force vastly superior in numbers to his own, and posted in a strong position.

I beg to bring to the notice of the Lieutenant-General Commanding the very excellent manner in which the expedition in search of the missing

* KILLED—Captain Swift, Private Richard Belringer, Private Stephen Grace.

WOUNDED—Lieutenant Butler, Private Whittle, Private Powell, Private McLean.

MISSING—Private Bryan.

men was conducted by Lieutenant Warren and the officers and men under his command.

I have, &c.,

(Signed) W. R. GREAVES, Captain,
Deputy Assistant Quartermaster-General.

The Deputy Quartermaster-General,
&c., &c., &c.,
Queen's Redoubt.

Head-Quarters, Queen's Redoubt,
September 15, 1863.

SIR,

I HAVE the honour to forward, for your Excellency's information, copies of reports from the officers named in the margin,* relative to the attack by the natives yesterday on the Pukekohe Stockade.

The conduct of all the detachments who went to the relief of that post was most praiseworthy, particularly that of Captain Inman, 2d Battalion, 18th Regiment, and the officers and men under his command, for the gallant manner in which they charged the enemy, driving him back into the bush with severe loss, from the position which he had taken up near the stockade.

The enclosed Return I regret to say shews several casualties, among whom is Captain Saltmarshe, 70th Regiment, who was severely wounded when leading on his men to the attack.

I have, &c.,

(Signed) D. A. CAMERON,
Lieutenant-General.

His Excellency Sir George Grey, K.C.B.,
&c., &c.

Camp, Drury,
September 14, 1863.

SIR,

I HAVE the honour to forward the reports of Major Ryan, 70th Regiment, and Captain Inman, 2d Battalion 18th Foot, respectively commanding the two reinforcements alluded to in my letter of this day's date, ordered by me to proceed to the relief of Captain Moir, commanding detachment of Pitt's Volunteer Militia,† which marched this morning for service at Pukekohe, and from whom I received a report at about eleven A.M. of the two carts, with seven days' provisions for 2 officers and 25 men, having broken down near the stockade. Captain Inman returned at twenty minutes to seven P.M., having left Ensign Phillips and 20 men in the stockade, at the earnest request of Captain Moir; Major Ryan states that he would have brought this detachment back to this camp, in conformity with my orders to that effect, but for the request of Captain Moir that the men should be permitted to remain there to-night.

I beg to forward the report of Lieutenant Rait, R.A., who returned to camp soon after dusk, having brought in the settlers and their wives and families from Burt's Farm, according to my instructions, also the boy of 14 years of age, reported to have been killed, but who is severely wounded, and

is now in the hospital here under medical treatment. As from what I can learn there appears to be a very limited supply of ammunition at Pukekohe as well as of provisions, I have the honour to request I may receive instructions whether the detachment of 20 men, under Ensign Phillips, is to remain at Pukekohe, or whether I shall despatch a force to-morrow to march in with him.

From Major Ryan's description of the last two miles to this settlement it would appear necessary that a larger force of militia should be sent there, in order to ensure the safety of provisions and ammunition being conveyed thither; and the roads are very heavy and difficult for draught.

I have, &c.,

(Signed) A. A. CHAPMAN,
Lieutenant-Colonel, Commanding 2d
Battalion 18th Regiment Royal
Irish, and Troops at Drury.

P.S.—A list of killed and wounded is annexed to Captain Inman's report.

(Signed) A. A. C.

The Deputy Quartermaster-General,
Queen's Redoubt.

Camp, Drury,
September 14, 1863.

SIR,

I HAVE the honour to state that, in conformity with instructions received, I ordered Captain Moir, with twenty-five men of Pitt's Militia, to proceed this morning at six o'clock to Pukekohe, to reinforce the settlers at that post. Ensign Pitt and twenty-five men of the same corps proceeded at the same time to Mauku. Transport for camp equipage and seven days' commissariat provisions accompanied the two detachments. At a little past eleven o'clock this day a settler from Pukekohe rode into camp with a hurried note in pencil from Captain Moir, stating that both his carts had broken down, and that, as this settler had informed him that the force at Pukekohe were at that time sustaining an attack from the hostile natives, he begged I would send him a reinforcement for the protection of the broken-down carts, &c. I at once despatched Captain Inman with a force as per margin,* for that purpose. About a quarter or ten minutes to three o'clock P.M.; two of the mounted escort, Royal Artillery, came galloping back to camp with a request from Captain Inman, commanding, that I would send more troops to his assistance, as he had been fighting for some time close to the stockade at Pukekohe, and had an officer and some men wounded. I immediately ordered Major Ryan, 70th Regiment, to proceed to that post, with a reinforcement as per margin,† with instructions to march the two detachments back to camp to-night.

Not long after Captain Inman had marched off, a settler came from Burt's Farm, and stated that they had been attacked by a small body of natives,

* 18th Royal Irish—1 Captain, 2 Serjeants, 1 Drummer, 20 Rank and File; 65th Regiment—1 Subaltern, 1 Serjeant, 20 Rank and File; 70th Regiment—1 Captain, 1 Serjeant, 20 Rank and File; Royal Artillery (Mounted Corps)—7 Rank and File.—Total, 2 Captains, 1 Subaltern, 4 Serjeants, 1 Drummer, 67 Rank and File.

† Royal Artillery—1 Rank and File (as guide); 2d Battalion 18th Regiment—1 Captain, 1 Subaltern, 1 Serjeant, 30 Rank and File; 65th Regiment—1 Serjeant, 12 Rank and File; 70th Regiment—1 Field Officer, 1 Serjeant, 20 Rank and File.—Total, 1 Field Officer, 1 Captain, 1 Subaltern, 3 Serjeants, 63 Rank and File. Surgeon Peake, M.D., 2d Battalion 18th Regiment, and 1 Ambulance Cart and Stretchers.

* Lieutenant-Colonel Chapman, 2d Battalion 18th Regiment, 14th September 1863; Major Ryan, 70th Regiment, 14th September 1863; Captain Inman, 2d Battalion 18th Regiment, 14th September 1863; Lieutenant Rait, Royal Artillery, 14th September 1863.

† 1 Captain, 1 Serjeant, 25 Rank and File; 1 Serjeant, 12 Rank and File, to return to this camp in charge of the C. T. C. carts, but subsequently remained at Pukekohe.—Total force of Militia in Stockade—1 Captain, 2 Serjeants, 37 Rank and File.

and that they had killed a boy of about 14 years of age. I at once sent a force under Lieutenant Rait, R.A., consisting of 20 Artillery (dismounted), and 20 infantry, with six mounted men, Royal Artillery, to offer to escort the settlers, with their wives and families, to this station.

One of the cavalry has just returned to report to me that the three detachments are now (six P.M.) on their way to this camp, and I regret to add that he further informs me that three men of the 70th Regiment have been killed, and an officer and several men wounded; but all this requires confirmation. A further report will however be forwarded. I have, &c.,

(Signed) A. A. CHAPMAN,
Lieutenant-Colonel,
Commanding 2d Battalion 18th Regiment,
and Troops at Drury, &c.

The Deputy Quartermaster-General,
&c., &c., &c.,
Queen's Redoubt.

Camp, Drury, September 14, 1863,
Ten o'Clock P.M.

SIR,

I HAVE the honour to report that, in compliance with your instructions, I proceeded this day at a quarter-past three P.M., with a force, strength as per margin,* to the assistance of the party at Pukekohe, under Captain Inman, 2d Battalion 18th Regiment. On arriving at the entrance of the bush, at about five miles from Drury, I met Captain Inman's force returning with three carts and two dead men; but as he had left the wounded at the Pukekohe stockade, I proceeded at once with the ambulance and stretchers that accompanied my party, and taking back with me the men of the 70th Regiment who were with Captain Inman, he continued his march to Drury.

On arriving at the Pukekohe, Doctor Peake, 2d Battalion 18th Regiment, attended immediately to the wounded, and as it was nearly six P.M., and the road was extremely bad and difficult for two miles through the bush, Doctor Peake thought it better to remove them at once; we accordingly started without delay, all the wounded being placed in the ambulance, and a dead man of the 65th Regiment was carried on a stretcher.

At the earnest request of Captain Moir, Pitt's Volunteers, commanding now at Pukekohe, I consented to leave at the stockade the party under Ensign Phillips, 2d Battalion 18th Regiment, which Captain Inman had previously ordered to remain as a reinforcement.

Captain Moir informed me that he considered he could scarcely hold the place if attacked again in force unless these men were allowed to remain.

The force left under Ensign Phillips was 1 Serjeant, 2 Corporals, and 25 Privates, 2d Battalion 18th Regiment. Captain Moir's force at the stockade consists now of strength as per margin;† but he informed me that the settlers had no ammunition, and that he has only about forty rounds of spare for his men.

If it be considered necessary to hold the Pukekohe position, I think it will be found a very

troublesome one, both on account of its situation and of the bad state of the road which runs through the bush for the last two miles.

The dead and wounded brought in by me are as per margin.* I have, &c.,

(Signed) G. A. RYAN, Major,
70th Regiment.

P.S.—The natives were still in the neighbourhood of the stockade, as they could be seen just before dusk carrying away their wounded to a house on an opposite hill. They left six dead on the ground. Captain Moir seemed to think that the natives were 200 or 300 in number.

(Signed) G. A. RYAN, Major,
Lieutenant-Colonel Chapman,
2d Battalion 18th Regiment,
Commanding at Drury.

Camp, Drury,

SIR, September 14, 1863.

IN accordance with instructions received from you this day, I proceeded to Pukekohe with the detail as per margin,† to assist and relieve Captain Moir, Volunteer Militia. On arriving at about one P.M., within about a quarter of a mile of Pukekohe stockade, I found Captain Moir embarrassed with carts, which were fixed in the mud; having rendered him assistance, and hearing firing in my front, and being informed that the stockade was attacked, I hastened thither, leaving instructions with Captain Moir to follow as soon as possible. On arriving within about 100 yards of the stockade, I found that the enemy were in position on two sides of it, about 40 yards distance, I also found that in addition to the usual garrison a detachment of the 70th Regiment, consisting of Lieutenant Grierson and 25 men, had arrived from Shepherd's Bush in the early part of the day; throwing the men into skirmishing order, I advanced in the direction of the enemy, who were strongly posted on an incline in cleared bush under the stockade, and after exchanging fire I advanced, driving them from their position; I did not consider it advisable to pursue them into the bush, from which they kept up a dropping fire. The engagement lasted about an hour, and the enemy leaving their killed and wounded on the field, finally withdrew, firing and shouting. Captain Moir having safely housed the ammunition and stores under his charge, joined the force towards the end of the affair. A reinforcement under Lieutenant Rait, Royal Artillery, consisting of 2 officers and 30 men arrived from Drury after the engagement. I have the honour to annex a list of casualties.

There being no means for the conveyance of the wounded, I left them in the stockade, and added to it a garrison of 1 officer and 30 men, having previously sent to Drury for ambulances and medical aid. After this I marched back to Drury at about five P.M.; I cannot correctly state the loss sustained by the enemy, not having time to search for their killed and wounded; I do not doubt, however, but that they suffered severely, as I saw the bodies of several lying on the ground previous to my leaving.

* 2d Battalion 18th Foot—1 Captain, 1 Subaltern, 1 Serjeant, 30 Rank and File; 70th Regiment—1 Field Officer, 1 Subaltern, 1 Serjeant, 20 Rank and File; Royal Artillery—1 Rank and File; 65th Regiment—1 Serjeant, 12 Rank and File; but these last did not accompany me, 7 of them having returned to camp.

† 2d Battalion 18th Regiment—1 Officer, 1 Serjeant, 26 Rank and File; Pitt's Volunteers—2 Officers, 1 Serjeant, 35 Rank and File; Settlers—1 Serjeant, 30 Rank and File,

* 65th Regiment—1 Private, dead; 70th Regiment—2 Privates, dead, 1 Captain, and 3 Privates, wounded.

† Royal Artillery—7 Rank and File; 2d Battalion 18th Regiment—1 Serjeant, 20 Rank and File; 65th Regiment—1 Subaltern, 20 Rank and File; 70th Regiment—1 Captain, 1 Serjeant, 20 Rank and File.—Total—1 Captain, 1 Subaltern, 2 Serjeants, 67 Rank and File.

I have the honour to bring to the notice of the Lieutenant-General Commanding the gallant conduct of the troops under my command, and particularly that of Captain Saltmarsh, 70th Regiment, who was severely wounded while leading on his men, also that of Lieutenant Grierson, 70th Regiment, and Lieutenant Tabuteau, 65th Regiment. My thanks are due to

Captain Moir and Ensign Hay, of the Volunteer Militia, for their assistance on this occasion.

I have, &c.,
(Signed) J. INMAN, Captain,
18th Royal Irish.

Lieutenant-Colonel Chapman,
18th Royal Irish, Commanding
Troops, Camp, Drury.

65TH AND 70TH REGIMENTS.

NOMINAL RETURN of Casualties of the above Corps at Pukekohe, on the 14th September 1863.

Corps.	Regimental Number.	Rank and Name.	Age, Years.	Service, Years.	Nature of Injury.	Killed.	Wounded.	
							Severely.	Slightly.
65th	2331	Private J. M'Kay ...	37	18	Gunshot wound	1	...	...
70th	...	Captain A. Saltmarsh	32	15	ditto	...	1	...
"	712	Private A. Burdett ...	24	4	ditto	1	...	...
"	407	" J. Turley ...	24	6	ditto	1	...	...
"	3108	" J. Eley ...	37	14	ditto	...	1	...
"	508	" Thos. Dannehy	25	5	ditto	...	1	...
"	54	" Wm. Paterson	29	9	ditto	...	1	...
"	134	" John Baxter ...	29	4	ditto	...	1	...
"	3557	" John Slater ...	22	9	ditto	...	...	1
Total ...						3	5	1

The Assistant Military Secretary,
Queen's Redoubt.

(Signed) J. MOUAT,
Deputy Inspector-General, P.M.O.

SIR,
Camp, Drury,
September 14, 1863.

I HAVE the honour to report that, in accordance with your instructions, I proceeded this morning with a force as per margin,* to Burt's Farm, on the Pukekohe Block, distant about four miles from camp.

On my arrival I found that the farm had been previously attacked by about a dozen natives, who had wounded a boy belonging to the farm; however, by the time I reached there all was quiet, with the exception of some heavy firing, which was distinctly heard in the direction of the stockade.

After examining the premises and searching for two men who were supposed to be missing, but were afterwards discovered to have gone into Drury, finding all quiet about the farm, and the firing in the vicinity of the stockade continuing to increase, I left a guard of 15 men at the farm, and after seeing the videttes and sentries properly posted, I proceeded through the bush along a native track, under the guidance of a very intelli-

gent settler residing in that district. We advanced for about two miles in the direction of the firing, and the track brought us out on the west side of the clearing on which the stockade is situated.

Soon after our arrival the enemy retired, and the reinforcements from Drury, under the command of Captain Inman, 18th Regiment, were consequently withdrawn.

At the request of Captain Moir, V. M., Ensign Phillips, 18th Regiment, and the detachment under his command, were left to reinforce the garrison at the stockade by order of Captain Inman, who detailed an equal force of the 18th and 65th Regiments to replace those who returned with me.

I then returned to Burt's Farm and brought in the wounded boy, and the people living there. We arrived in camp shortly after dark.

I have, &c.,
(Signed) ARTHUR RAIT, Lieutenant,
Mounted Corps, R.A.

P.S.—I have to add that a deserter from the 70th Regiment was discovered at Burt's Farm and brought in by escort.

Colonel Chapman,
Commanding Camp, Drury.

(Signed) A.

* Royal Artillery (Mounted Corps)—1 Subaltern, 1 Staff, 10 Rank and File; Royal Artillery—20 Rank and File; 18th Regiment—1 Subaltern, 1 Serjeant, 10 Rank and File; 70th Regiment—1 Serjeant, 10 Rank and File.—Total—2 Subalterns, 1 Staff, 2 Serjeants, 50 Rank and File.



Head-Quarters, Queen's Redoubt,
September 18, 1863.

SIR,

I HAVE the honour to forward, for your Excellency's information, the enclosed reports from Major Lyon, commanding the Galloway Redoubt.

Your Excellency will feel equal pleasure with myself in learning that the Militia and Volunteers, as well as the small detachment of the 18th Royal Irish, under the command of Major Lyon, behaved with so much steadiness and gallantry.

I have, &c.,

(Signed) D. A. CAMERON,
Lieutenant-General.

His Excellency

Sir George Grey, K.C.B.,
&c., &c.

Galloway Redoubt, Wairoa,
September 15, 1863.

SIR,

I HAVE the honour to report, for the information of the Major-General Commanding Colonial Forces, that about ten o'clock this morning Maories opened fire at the stockade from the bush in rear of Mr M'Nicholl's house, having first shot at a son of his, nine years of age; the bullet passed through his cap without injuring him.

Fire was returned from the stockade and from our redoubt.

I advanced with 25 men to the assistance of the settlers on two different occasions, viz., at eleven A.M. and four P.M., after which all was quiet.

The men of the 18th Royal Irish Militia Volunteers, Auckland Rifle Volunteers, and Wairoa Rifles behaved most steadily.

It was impossible to ascertain the number of Maories in the vicinity, as they did not come into the open.

Ensign Johnson, Wairoa Rifles, was slightly wounded in the arm.

During my absence I left Captain Clark, A.R.V., in command of the redoubt, an Officer in whom I place every confidence.

I have, &c.,

(Signed) WILLIAM C. LYON,
Major, Commanding Galloway
Redoubt, Wairoa.

Major De Quincey,

Military Secretary, &c., &c.,
Colonial Forces.

Galloway Redoubt, Wairoa,
September 17, 1863.

SIR,

I HAVE the honour to report, for the information of the Major-General Commanding Colonial Forces, that firing was heard in the bush on the other side of the river at different intervals in the course of the day.

About four P.M. a settler came to the redoubt stating that two men were exchanging shots with some natives who were in the act of pillaging a house.

Lieutenant Steele, Wairoa Rifles, started immediately with 20 men, and I followed with 30. On arriving at the place two bundles were found. I followed the track, passed through a chain and a-half of bush, and came on to rising ground; I could see the Maories in a line with loads on their backs.

The men under my command were in skirmishing order, and fired into them. I then gave chase, many of them dropped their loads, making for Otau.

Two Maories were killed. I did not deem it advisable to advance further; from the number of

shots proceeding from the bush and banks of the river, the natives must have been in strong force; it was also getting dark.

On our return I was met by Lieutenant Russell, 18th Royal Irish, with a party of 16 men, coming to our assistance, and Captain Clark, A. R. V., thinking we might require support.

This morning I started at four o'clock with 50 men from the redoubt, and 20 from the Wairoa Rifles, under the command of Mr Johnson. We took the same direction, and arrived within 300 yards of the Maories' wharés at daybreak. The river was so swollen with the late rains it was impossible to cross it. The Maories were plainly visible, and many rounds were fired at them; they returned the fire, but without any effect, the men being well under cover.

I sounded the "cease firing," and proceeded to bury the body of one of the Maories killed yesterday; he had been shot through the heart; the other we could not find.

It appears that the firing heard in the bush was for the purpose of diverting our attention whilst the natives were ransacking the houses.

The men of the different detachments behaved on both occasions with great coolness.

I have, &c.,

(Signed) WILLIAM C. LYON, Major,
Commanding Galloway Redoubt,
Wairoa.

Major De Quincey,

Military Secretary,
Colonial Forces.

Head-Quarters, Queen's Redoubt,
September 19, 1863.

SIR,

I HAVE the honour to forward the accompanying reports from Major Lyon, Commanding the Galloway Redoubt, received subsequently to those transmitted to your Excellency with my letter of yesterday.

I have, &c.,

(Signed) D. A. CAMERON,
Lieutenant-General.

His Excellency

Sir George Grey, K.C.B.,
&c., &c.

Galloway Redoubt, Wairoa,

SIR,

September 17, 1863.

I HAVE the honour to report for the information of the Lieutenant-General Commanding, that I sent Lieutenant Russell, 2d Battalion, 18th Royal Irish, with 20 men to the spot I had occupied in the morning, with instructions to fire upon the wharés at Otau. I proceeded myself with 75 men of the different detachments to come upon the enemy in the rear. Crossing the bridge just opposite the redoubt and passing through portions of bush, I arrived at the settlement. It was deserted, but it was evident that the Maories must have sustained severe loss from the concentrated fire poured into them in the morning, the wharés were riddled with shot, blood in profusion both inside and out, two Maori mats covered with blood and a bullet-hole through it was also picked up. They were unmistakably taken by surprise this morning. Two guns, several tomahawks, other weapons, and a variety of articles were taken.

A quantity of plunder taken from the settlers' houses was recovered on this side of the river, showing that the rebels had been hardly pressed by our skirmishers yesterday evening.

A settler named Crawford, residing near Otan, has lost several head of cattle, it is supposed they have been driven off by the natives.

I have the honour to bring under the notice of the Lieutenant-General Commanding the names of Lieutenant Russell, 2d Battalion 18th Royal Irish, Lieutenant Jones, Militia Volunteers, Ensign Tole, A.R.V., and Mr McDonald, Native Interpreter, who rendered me great assistance. The exemplary conduct and soldierlike bearing of the non-commissioned officers and men of the different detachments who have been with me on these several occasions cannot be too highly commended, and more especially that of Quartermaster-Sergeant Davis, of the 3d Battalion Auckland Militia.

I have, &c.,

(Signed) WILLIAM C. LYON, Major,
Commanding Galloway Redoubt,
Wairoa.

Galloway Redoubt,
September 17, 1863.

SIR,

I HAVE the honour to inform you, for the information of the Lieutenant-General Commanding, that I inadvertently omitted the names of Lieutenant Steele and Ensign Johnson, Wairoa Rifles, from amongst those officers whom I wished to bring favourably under the notice of the Lieutenant-General Commanding.

I have, &c.,

(Signed) WILLIAM C. LYON, Major,
Commanding Galloway Redoubt,
Wairoa.

The Military Secretary,
&c., &c., &c.

Head-Quarters, Queen's Redoubt,
September 21, 1863.

SIR,

I HAVE the honour to enclose, for your Excellency's information, a letter from Colonel Warre, C.B., commanding troops at Taranaki, giving cover to a report from Captain Russell, of the regiment under his command.

The skill and enterprise with which this officer prepared his ambuscade, and the coolness and steadiness of all under his command, are deserving of the highest praise.

I have, &c.,

(Signed) D. A. CAMERON,
Lieutenant-General.

His Excellency
Sir George Grey, K.C.B.,
&c., &c.

New Plymouth, New Zealand,
September 16, 1863.

SIR,

I HAVE the honour to transmit, for the favourable consideration of the Lieutenant-General Commanding, the accompanying report from Captain Russell, 57th Regiment, commanding the detachment at Poutoko.

Captain Russell's report describes so simply and accurately what occurred on the morning of the 15th instant, that I feel I have only to add that nothing could exceed the coolness and perseverance with which Captain Russell carried out his plan, and the steadiness with which the officers, non-commissioned officers, and men, behaved under circumstances of no ordinary difficulty.

The steadiness and good conduct of the non-commissioned officers and men enabled Captain Russell to waylay and surprise a considerable body of natives, (nine of whom are known to have

been killed or mortally wounded,) and also to withdraw his party with great regularity in the face of a very large number of rebel natives, who, on seeing their people engaged, flocked, to the number of two or three hundred, to the scene of action from their several positions on the Taitaramaka Ranges.

I have much satisfaction in stating that no casualties occurred on our side.

I have, &c.,

(Signed) H. J. WARRE, Colonel,
Commanding Troops at Taranaki.

I have much pleasure in forwarding a native taiaka or spear, which was taken from one of the native chiefs killed upon this occasion, which Captain Russell begs me to request the Lieutenant-General will accept; or, should the Lieutenant-General have other of such trophies, that he will be kind enough to forward it to the Museum of the United Service Institution.

(Signed) H. J. WARRE, Colonel.

The Assistant Military Secretary,
&c., &c.
Head-Quarters.

Camp Poutoko, New Zealand,
September 15, 1863.

SIR,

I HAVE the honour to report, for your information, that, in compliance with instructions received from you, I started at three A.M. this day with a party, strength as per margin* to plant an ambuscade in the vicinity of the Wairau stream. I left two serjeants and 24 rank and file to occupy the Oakura Redoubt, and cover the crossing of the river, and then advanced with the remainder of my party over the stream to a spot some 500 yards up the Wairau Road, where a light bush composed of tuitui and koromiko afforded excellent cover. I divided my men into three sections, and posted them, each in charge of an officer, on the left-hand side of the road, at a few yards distance from one another. After waiting upwards of two hours, natives were heard coming down the road, and their advanced guard, consisting of eight men, approached to within three yards of the ambuscade to the left, which was in charge of Lieutenant Manners, 57th Regiment; they then unfortunately detected a foot-print carelessly left by one of my party, and calling out to alarm their main body attempted to escape. On this the men immediately fired, and three natives fell, one apparently a chief of some note, as he carried a very handsome "Taiaka," which we took possession of; the other two natives, who were evidently mortally wounded, staggered into the bush; three other natives were also hit, but as they ran afterwards, I am unable to say if they were mortally wounded or not. I was immediately engaged by the main body of the natives, about 30, who took cover in the neighbouring fern and bush, and we drove them back to a swamp. A very large number of natives being seen coming down from Ohuaku, and hearing the Maories also advancing from Ritchies, I got my men together, and marched them on to the open ground; whilst crossing the Oakura River on my return, I found the natives making an attempt to occupy the high ground on which the redoubt is built, and thus cut off my party; but they desisted on finding themselves opened upon by the reserve, who then showed themselves, and by some of the men who had already crossed, and they therefore

* 1 Captain, 2 Subalterns, 1 Staff Assistant-Surgeon, 4 Serjeants, 4 Corporals, 2 Drummers, 75 Privates.

contented themselves with attempting to annoy the remainder of the party in crossing, but were soon driven further back. I cannot say what loss the natives sustained in this second skirmish, but two of them were seen to be shot, and one of these fell over the cliff. On the whole of my party occupying the high ground they were soon forced to retire out of sight, and as there was no hope of their showing themselves as long as I held the redoubt, I returned to camp. Being aware how difficult it is to correctly estimate the enemy's loss in affairs of this description, I have only detailed such of their casualties as fell under my personal observation, or that of the other officers who were with me, and therefore believe that you will find them much heavier than here reported.

I beg to be allowed to bring to your favourable notice the very steady conduct of every non-commissioned officer and man engaged, and also the names of the officers who were with me on this duty, viz., Lieutenant Manners and Ensign Powys, 57th Regiment, and Staff Assistant-Surgeon Tomlinson. My thanks are also due to Mr W. Carrington of the Native Department, who is stationed at this outpost, for the valuable advice he gave regarding the planting of this ambuscade. The Chief from whom the "Taiaka" was taken is killed.

I have, &c.,

(Signed) H. R. RUSSELL, Captain,
57th Regiment.

Colonel H. J. Warre, C.B.,
Commanding Province, Taranaki.

Head-Quarters, Queen's Redoubt,
September 30, 1863.

SIR,

I HAVE much pleasure in forwarding for your Excellency's information the accompanying copy of a letter from Colonel Warre, C.B., Commanding at New Plymouth, enclosing reports from Major Butler and Captain Shortt, 57th Regiment.

I have, &c.,

(Signed) D. A. CAMERON,
Lieutenant-General.

His Excellency
Sir George Grey, K.C.B.,
&c., &c.

New Plymouth, New Zealand,
September 26, 1863.

SIR,

I HAVE the honour to report, for the information of the Lieutenant-General Commanding, that the military and civil forces under my command have again inflicted a severe chastisement on the rebel natives.

On the 24th instant, it is reported to me that Mr Clare, a settler at Bell Block, engaged in his ordinary pursuits on his own land, had been fired upon by a party of natives, who were said to be encamped at a place called Ninia, a short distance over the boundary.

Being aware that a number of natives had lately arrived from the south at Mataitawa, I thought it probable that they might wish to try their strength against the troops on this comparatively open ground. I directed Major Butler to march at three o'clock A.M. on the following day, with the force noted in the margin,* and although the weather was

extremely unfavourable, he reached the points indicated by daylight, not however without disturbing the natives, who were scattered in several parties about the neighbourhood. A sharp skirmish immediately commenced, which resulted in the natives being driven across the two rivers into the bush leading towards Mataitawa, with the loss of their principal Chief Enoka, William King's brother, and three or four other natives severely wounded, and without a single casualty on our side.

I beg to forward Major Butler's report, and I have much pleasure in drawing the Lieutenant-General's attention to the admirable conduct of Captain Shortt, the officers, non-commissioned officers, and men of the 57th Regiment, and to that of Captain Webster, the officers, non-commissioned officers, and men of Volunteer Company, who, in spite of the weather, which was very wet and cold, undertook this long night march with the utmost cheerfulness, and, as I wished and intended, proved to the natives that they cannot attack settlers or commit depredations on their property with impunity.

The troops were very anxious to follow the natives through the bush, but Major Butler restrained them, and with great judgment withdrew them leisurely, the natives being afraid again to encounter the troops in the open.

I have, &c.,

(Signed) H. J. WARRE, Colonel,
Commanding Troops, Taranaki.

The Assistant Military Secretary,
&c., &c., &c.,
Head-Quarters.

New Plymouth, New Zealand,
September 25, 1863.

SIR,

I HAVE the honour to report that, agreeably to instructions received from you, a force, strength as stated in the margin,* paraded at half-past two A.M. this morning, and proceeded to reconnoitre the positions of the rebel natives in the vicinity of the pah at Kaipakopako, and, if practicable, to entrap them in an ambuscade.

I divided my force into two parties, and left town with the first (consisting of three Officers and seventy men of the 57th Regiment,) at three A.M., passing the Bell Block, I crossed the Mungaraka River, near Mahoetahi, and proceeded about a mile and a half on the road towards Mataitawa. I here placed half of my men under the brow of a small hill, about 400 yards from the cross roads, one of which leads up to Mataitawa, and the other back to Bell Block, by the upper Munkaraka Ford, leaving the remainder in support a short distance in rear. A few minutes after I had thus placed my men, we saw a party of about seven or eight natives walking up the road from Kaipakopako. When they arrived at the cross roads I opened fire upon them, upon which they almost immediately concealed themselves in the fern; I then brought my men down upon them and followed them down the road towards Manatai as far as the ford of the Waiongona River. I did not consider it advisable to follow them across this river, as there were still a large number of natives in my rear, in the neighbourhood of Kaipakopako.

* 57th Regiment—1 Field Officer, 5 Officers, 4 Sergeants, 3 Drummers, 100 Rank and File. Taranaki Volunteers—2 Officers, 1 Serjeant, 1 Drummer, 53 Rank and File. Total—1 Field Officer, 7 Officers, 5 Sergeants, 4 Drummers, 153 Rank and File.

* 57th Regiment—1 Field Officer, 1 Captain, 4 Subalterns, 4 Sergeants, 3 Drummers, 100 Rank and File. Taranaki Militia—2 Captains, 1 Serjeant, 1 Drummer, 53 Rank and File. Total—1 Field Officer, 3 Captains, 4 Subalterns, 5 Sergeants, 4 Drummers, 153 Rank and File.

I was unable to ascertain at the time what effect our fire had on the natives, though I could see from the marks of blood, &c., on the road, that one, if not more of them, had been badly hit, and I have since learned that one native was killed, and three more wounded.

I then withdrew my men by the road leading straight to Bell Block, recrossing the Mungaraka river by the upper ford, near which I was joined by the remainder of my force under the command of Captain Shortt, 57th Regiment, who, acting under my directions, had left town about a quarter past three A.M., and proceeded to this place, and whose report I have the honour to append.

I then marched the whole of my force back to New Plymouth, which I reached about eleven A.M.

I would beg to bring to your favourable notice the admirable conduct of the whole of the officers, non-commissioned officers, and men under my command, more especially the steadiness with which they endured a most fatiguing march of upwards of twenty miles over very bad roads, and for a great portion of the time under heavy rains.

I have, &c.,

(Signed) H. BUTLER, Major,
Commanding 57th Regiment.

Colonel Warre, C.B.,
Commanding Troops, Taranaki.

New Plymouth,
September 25, 1863.

SIR,

I HAVE the honour to report that, according to instructions received from you, I marched at a quarter past three A.M. this morning, with a party, strength as per margin,* and arrived at the Mungaraka river a little after daybreak. I divided my men, placing half the number in ambuscade, overlooking the Mungaraka Ford, having a small belt of bush on my right; the other half in support, well concealed on some high ground a short distance to my rear, which commanded the whole country.

A few minutes after arrival I observed natives ascending the hill on the other side of the river, who were immediately fired on by the party under Major Butler, and pursued by him. Hearing natives talking on the other side of the belt of bush to my right, I withdrew my ambuscade, and took my men round by the rear of this belt, as I was informed that it was exceedingly swampy. I came suddenly on a body of natives, who retired firing, into the dense bush, where I did not think it advisable to pursue them, not being aware how many natives were about. On being joined by Major Butler's party the enemy opened fire at long ranges from various parts of the bush.

The men behaved well, though it was with some little difficulty that I could restrain their impetuosity and eagerness to pursue.

I have, &c.,

(Signed) W. A. SHORTT, Captain,
57th Regiment.

Major Butler,
Commanding 57th Regiment.

INDIA OFFICE, December 21, 1863.

THE Secretary of State for India in Council hereby gives notice that he has received a Despatch from the Government of India in the Foreign (Judicial) Department, dated 7th November (No. 6) 1863, containing the following Notification:—

“ NOTIFICATION.

“ Foreign Department,
(No. 318,) dated the 16th October 1863.

“ In supercession of the Notification dated 12th May last, (No. 136,) notice is hereby given to the parties named in the margin,* or their heirs or representatives, that a Commission for the investigation of the claims preferred by them against the late Native Government of Oude, will sit at Calcutta as soon as possible after the 1st December 1863, before which they should produce such evidence as may exist in support of their claims.

WHITEHALL, December 21, 1863.

The Queen has been pleased to constitute and appoint the Reverend Arthur Penrhyn Stanley, D.D., to be Dean of the Collegiate Church of Saint Peter, Westminster, void by the resignation of the Very Reverend Richard Chenevix Trench, D.D.

WHITEHALL, December 21, 1863.

The Queen has been pleased to present the Reverend Hugh Fraser to the church and parish of Berriedale, in the presbytery and county of Caithness, vacant by the transportation of the Reverend Hugh Fraser to the church of Macduff in the presbytery of Turriff.

CROWN OFFICE, December 19, 1863.

The Queen has been pleased, by letters-patent under the Great Seal of the United Kingdom, to constitute and appoint William Shee, one of Her Majesty's Serjeants-at-Law, to be one of the Justices assigned to hold Pleas before the Queen herself.

FOREIGN OFFICE, December 9, 1863.

The Queen has been graciously pleased to appoint Richard Reade, Esq., now Her Majesty's Vice-Consul at Bengazi, to be Her Majesty's Consul for the province of Scutari.

The Queen has also been graciously pleased to appoint George Dennis, Esq., now British Vice-Consul at Syracuse, to be Her Majesty's Vice-Consul at Bengazi.

FOREIGN OFFICE, December 15, 1863.

The Queen has been pleased to approve of Don Joaquin Gonzalez y Huet as Consul at Malta for Her Majesty the Queen of Spain.

DOWNING STREET, December 16, 1863.

The Queen has been pleased to ratify and confirm the appointment of George Geddes, Esq., to be a Member of the Legislative Council of the Island of Jamaica.

* 57th Regiment—1 Captain, 1 Subaltern, 2 Serjeants, 31 Rank and File. Militia—2 Captains, 2 Serjeants, 50 Rank and File.

* Captain Frith, Mr Grant, Major Darrell, Major Webber, Captain Edwardes, Mr Clark, Mr Prendergast.

WHITEHALL, December 19, 1863.

The Queen has been pleased to grant unto Frederick Charles George FitzClarence, of Wingerworth Hall, in the county of Derby, Esquire, commonly called the Honourable Frederick Charles George FitzClarence, sometime a Captain in the 18th (The Prince of Wales's Own Royal Regiment of Hussars), and to Adelaide Augusta Wilhelmina FitzClarence his wife, commonly called the Honourable Adelaide Augusta Wilhelmina FitzClarence, eldest daughter of Philip Charles Lord De L'Isle and Dudley, and granddaughter of Sir John Shelley Sidney, late of Penshurst, in the county of Kent, Baronet, and of Henrietta Frances his wife, daughter of Sir Henry Hunloke, late of Wipgerworth Hall aforesaid, Baronet, deceased, Her royal licence and authority that they may, in compliance with a proviso contained in the last will and testament of Sir Henry John Joseph Hunloke, late of Wingerworth Hall aforesaid, Baronet, deceased, take and henceforth use the surname of Hunloke only, in lieu and instead of that of FitzClarence; that he, the said Frederick Charles George FitzClarence, may bear the arms of Hunloke quarterly with the arms of FitzClarence; that she, the said Adelaide Augusta Wilhelmina FitzClarence, may bear the arms of Hunloke quarterly with her family arms; and that such surname of Hunloke only, and the arms of Hunloke quarterly with those of FitzClarence, may be taken, borne, and used by their issue; such arms being first duly exemplified according to the laws of arms and recorded in the Herald's Office, otherwise the said Royal licence and permission to be void and of none effect:

And to command that the said Royal concession and declaration be registered in Her Majesty's College of Arms.

WAR-OFFICE, PALL-MALL,

December 22, 1863.

- Royal Regiment of Artillery—Lieutenant William Rice Bowen has been permitted to resign his Commission. Dated 22d December 1863.
- Royal Engineers—Lieutenant-Colonel and Brevet-Colonel Richard Clement Moody to be Colonel, vice Robinson, deceased. Dated 5th December 1863.
- Captain and Brevet-Major Henry Young Darracott Scott to be Lieutenant-Colonel, vice Moody. Dated 5th December 1863.
- Second Captain Lionel Charles Barber to be Captain, vice Scott. Dated 5th December 1863.
- Lieutenant Reginald Gother Thorold to be Second Captain, vice Barber. Dated 5th December 1863.
- Military Train—Captain Martin Samuel Sharpe, from the 4th Foot, to be Captain, vice Willans, who exchanges. Dated 22d December 1863.
- Coldstream Gnards—The appointment of Lieutenant and Captain Hugh Granville Fortescue, as Adjutant, to be antedated to 1st September 1863.
- 4th Regiment of Foot—Captain St John Willans, from the Military Train, to be Captain, vice Sharpe, who exchanges. Dated 22d December 1863.
- Ensign Charles Frederick Hooper to be Lieutenant, by purchase, vice Richard Boyce, who retires. Dated 22d December 1863.
- Thomas Edward Stopford Hickman, gent. to be Ensign, by purchase, vice Hooper. Dated 22d December 1863.

- 6th Foot—George Malcolm Fox, gent. to be Ensign, by purchase, vice MacVicar, transferred to the 93d Foot. Dated 22d December 1863.
- 12th Foot—Ensign Henry Duppa Alfred Cutbill to be Lieutenant, by purchase, vice Edward James Dudgeon, who retires. Dated 22d December 1863.
- Henry Stewart Bolton, gent. to be Ensign, by purchase, vice Cutbill. Dated 22d December 1863.
- Harry Jermyn Cooper, gent. to be Ensign, without purchase, vice David Papillon, transferred to the 92d Foot. Dated 22d December 1863.
- Staff Assistant-Surgeon Thomas Walsh to be Assistant-Surgeon, vice Arthur Henry Francis Lynch, appointed to the Staff. Dated 22d December 1863.
- 16th Foot—Captain Alfred William Adcock, from 24th Foot, to be Captain, vice Gibson, who exchanges. Dated 22d December 1863.
- 17th Foot—Ensign Harvey Lambert Manning Ravenhill to be Lieutenant, by purchase, vice William Frederick Woods, who retires. Dated 22d December 1863.
- Laurence James William Hussey, gent. to be Ensign, by purchase, vice Ravenhill. Dated 22d December 1863.
- 19th Foot—Lieutenant Andrew Stewart, from half-pay late 84th Foot, to be Lieutenant, vice Samuel Gordon M'Dakin, who retires upon temporary half-pay. Dated 22d December 1863.
- 24th Foot—Captain George Gibson, from 16th Foot, to be Captain, vice Adcock, who exchanges. Dated 22d December 1863.
- 25th Foot—Lieutenant George Augustus Elliott to be Captain, by purchase, vice Peter Charles Gillies Webster, who retires. Dated 22d December 1863.
- Ensign Charles Francis Barnardiston to be Lieutenant, by purchase, vice Elliott. Dated 22d December 1863.
- Thomas Stanhope Gildea, gent. to be Ensign, by purchase, vice Barnardiston. Dated 22d December 1863.
- 38th Foot—Major and Brevet-Lieutenant-Colonel Frederic Arthur Willis, C.B., to be Lieutenant-Colonel, by purchase, vice William James Loftus, who retires upon half-pay. Dated 22d December 1863.
- Captain and Brevet-Major Horatio Page Vance to be Major, by purchase, vice Brevet-Lieutenant-Colonel Willis. Dated 22d December 1863.
- Lieutenant Robert Johnston Stansfeld to be Captain, by purchase, vice Brevet-Major Vance. Dated 22d December 1863.
- Ensign George John Skinner to be Lieutenant, by purchase, vice Stansfeld. Dated 22d December 1863.
- John Dalton Chase Serrell, gent. to be Ensign, by purchase, vice Skinner. Dated 22d December 1863.
- 45th Foot—Ensign Henry John de Berniere Smart, from the 58th Foot, to be Ensign, vice Ralph Richardson Handy, who has retired. Dated 22d December 1863.
- 58th Foot—Robert Gordon Home, gent. to be Ensign, by purchase, vice Smart, transferred to the 45th Foot. Dated 22d December 1863.

61st Foot—Lieutenant Edward Waugh Rumsey to be Adjutant, vice Lieutenant Charles Henry Boileau, who resigns that appointment. Dated 22d December 1863.

64th Foot—Lieutenant Andrew Stewart, from 19th Foot, to be Lieutenant, vice Louis D'Acosta, promoted to an Unattached Company, without purchase. Dated 22d December 1863.

66th Foot—Ensign Stephen Dixon Power to be Lieutenant, by purchase, vice William Henry Jones Westby, who retires. Dated 22d December 1863.

Ensign Benjamin George Humfrey, from 87th Foot, to be Ensign, vice Power. Dated 22d December 1863.

87th Foot—William Western Taylor, gent. to be Ensign, by purchase, vice Benjamin George Humfrey, transferred to the 66th Foot. Dated 22d December 1863.

90th Foot—Lieutenant George Robert Miller to be Captain, without purchase, vice Percy Julius Deverill, deceased. Dated 3d November 1863.

Ensign Richard Albert Nolan to be Lieutenant, without purchase, vice Miller. Dated 3d November 1863.

93d Foot—Lieutenant Edward Septimus Wood to be Captain, by purchase, vice George Roe Fenwick, who retires. Dated 22d December 1863.

Ensign Frederick William Welch to be Lieutenant, by purchase, vice Edward Septimus Wood. Dated 22d December 1863.

Ensign John Archibald MacVicar, from the 6th Foot, to be Ensign, vice Welch. Dated 22d December 1863.

109th Foot—The name of the Captain appointed in the Gazette of 30th September 1862, should be *Edward Valentine*.

4th West India Regiment—Charles Ramsay Gibb, gent. to be Ensign, by purchase, vice John Sheil, whose appointment has been cancelled. Dated 22d December 1863.

MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

Assistant-Surgeon Arthur Henry Francis Lynch, from the 12th Foot, to be Staff Assistant-Surgeon, vice Thomas Walsh, appointed to the 12th Foot. Dated 22d December 1863.

BREVET.

Captain John Tobin, Unattached, to be Major. Dated 11th November 1851.

Brevet-Major John Tobin, Unattached, to be Lieutenant-Colonel. Dated 26th October 1858.

Paymaster, with the honorary rank of Captain, Francis Edwin Maunsell, 4th Foot, to have the honorary rank of Major. Dated 13th September 1863.

Paymaster, with the honorary rank of Captain, William Archibald Kidd, Royal Artillery, to have the honorary rank of Major. Dated 7th November 1863.

Captain Hugh Hamilton Gould, Royal Marines Light Infantry, retired upon full-pay, to have the honorary rank of Major, under the Order in Council of 13th November 1858. Dated 22d December 1863.

MEMORANDUM.

The undermentioned Officers have been permitted to retire from the service by the sale of their Commissions, under the conditions of the Horse Guards' Circular Memorandum of the 15th February 1861 :—

Major Charles Henry Leslie, half-pay, Depot Battalion. Dated 22d December 1863.

Captain John Tobin, Unattached. Dated 22d December 1863.

ADMIRALTY, December 21, 1863.

The following Flag promotions, dated the 15th instant, have been made in consequence of the death of Admiral of the Blue Sir Henry William Bruce, K.C.B., on the 14th instant :—

Vice-Admiral of the Red Sir George Robert Lambert, K.C.B., to be Admiral of the Blue.

Vice-Admiral of the White Henry Smith, C.B., to be Vice-Admiral of the Red.

Vice-Admiral of the Blue the Right Honourable Lord Edward Russell, C.B., to be Vice-Admiral of the White.

Rear-Admiral of the Red Sir George Rodney Mundy, K.C.B., to be Vice-Admiral of the Blue.

Rear-Admiral of the White Robert Fanshawe Stopford to be Rear-Admiral of the Red.

Rear-Admiral of the Blue Richard Collinson, C.B., to be Rear-Admiral of the White.

Captain Sir Frederick William Erskine Nicolson, Bart., C.B., to be Rear-Admiral of the Blue.

Retired Vice-Admiral James Gore to have the rank and title of Retired Admiral; and

Retired Captains :—

Joseph Pearce,
William Nevill,

to have the rank and title of Retired Rear-Admirals, in pursuance of the Order in Council of 7th May 1858.

Queen's Commission.

2d Lancashire Rifle Volunteer Corps.

Francis Robert Fishbourne, gent. to be Adjutant from the 25th of June 1863. Dated 8th July 1863.

Queen's Commission.

1st Administrative Brigade of Argyllshire Artillery Volunteers.

Charles Smith, gent. to be Adjutant from the 25th November 1863.

Commission signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Ayr.

Royal Ayrshire and Wigton Militia.

Archibald Hew Craufurd to be Lieutenant, vice John Blackburn, resigned. Dated 7th December 1863.

MEMORANDUM.

Her Majesty has been graciously pleased to accept the resignation of the Commission held by First Lieutenant William Barr in the 3d Ayrshire Artillery Volunteers.

CORN IMPORTED AND EXPORTED.

AN ACCOUNT shewing the Quantities of the several kinds of Corn and Meal Imported into each division of the United Kingdom; and the Quantities of British and Foreign Corn and Meal, of the same kinds, Exported from the United Kingdom, in the Week ended the 19th December 1863.

	QUANTITIES IMPORTED INTO				QUANTITIES EXPORTED FROM THE UNITED KINGDOM.		
	England.	Scotland.	Ireland.	The United Kingdom.	British.	Colonial and Foreign.	Total Exported.
	Quarters.	Quarters.	Quarters.	Quarters.	Quarters.	Quarters.	Quarters.
Wheat	54,507	21,661	18,680	94,848	211	...	211
Barley	42,697	4,873	...	47,570	105	...	105
Oats	21,804	...	...	21,804	2,418	...	2,418
Rye	940	1	...	941	...	...	...
Pease	7,614	2,307	...	9,921	56	1	57
Beans	10,818	170	54	11,042	...	...	...
Indian Corn.....	6,033	2,886	4,677	13,596	...	40	40
Buck Wheat	1	...	...	1	...	...	...
Beer or Bigg .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Malt.....	...	...	...	...	24	...	24
Total of Corn ...	144,414	31,898	23,411	199,723	2,814	41	2,855
	Cwt.	Cwt.	Cwt.	Cwt.	Cwt.	Cwt.	Cwt.
Wheat Meal or Flour	46,535	23,313	1,122	70,970	62	...	62
Barley Meal.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Oat Meal.....	...	...	...	...	599	...	599
Rye Meal.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Pea Meal.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bean Meal .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Indian Corn Meal ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Buck Wheat Meal ...	1	...	...	1	...	...	...
Total of Meal ..	46,536	23,313	1,122	70,971	661	...	661
Total of Corn and Meal stated in Imperial Quarters ...	157,710	38,558	23,732	220,000	3,213	41	3,254

Office of the Inspector-General of Imports and Exports,
Custom-House, London, December 21, 1863.

JOHN A. MESSENGER,
Inspector-General.

BANKRUPTS

FROM THE LONDON GAZETTE.

BANKRUPTCY DISMISSED.

John Day, of Chertsey, Surrey, carter and coal dealer.

BANKRUPTCIES ANNULLED.

Henry Hughes, of Ansty, boot and shoe maker, afterwards of Rothley, boot and shoe maker, afterwards and at present residing at Ansty, all in Leicester, boot and shoe maker, and for the last three months during such residence a journeyman clicker.

Edward Perkins, of Manchester, Lancaster, hosier and glover.

BANKRUPTCIES AWARDED.

James Scott Galbraith, formerly of 68, Lower Thames Street, and afterwards of 8, Billiter Street, both in London, merchant and commission agent, but now of 4, Bradley Terrace, Wandsworth Road, Surrey, tobacconist, a prisoner for debt in Horsemonger Lane Gaol, Surrey, (in formâ pauperis).

William Joseph Summonds, of 95, Snow's Fields, Bermondsey, Surrey, builder and retort fitter, a prisoner for debt in Horsemonger Lane Gaol, Surrey, (in formâ pauperis).

Alfred Newsom Niblett, of 1 Chapel Terrace, Kilburn, formerly of 10, Westbourne Grove, then of 25, Hamilton Terrace, Saint John's Wood, all in Middlesex, then of Wyke House, Weymouth, Dorset, then of the Collegiate School, Sheffield, York, then of 48, Church Street, Liverpool, Lancaster, private tutor.

John Thomas Tressidder, of 107, Long Acre, out of business, lately in copartnership at 43, Lower Shadwell, with George Edward Field, carrying on business there as biscuit manufacturers, and formerly of 23, Great Russell Street, Covent Garden, all in Middlesex, carrying on business there as a tobacconist.

Beresford Scott, late of St Mary's Place, New Brompton, and now of 8, Gloucester Terrace, New Brompton, both in Kent, paymaster in the Royal Navy.

Thomas Brown, of 4, Acuber Place, Shrubland Road, Dalston, brassfounder and machinist, at the same time having employment at the Dry Gas Meter Manufactory (Limited), Kingsland Road, both in Middlesex.

Edward James Pretteyjohn, residing at 11, Scott's Yard, Bush Lane, Cannon Street, London, having stores at Salcombe, Devon, and carrying on business at Railway Arch, 20, Weston Street, Southwark, Surrey, cider merchant.

Thomas James Cottrell, of Queen's Road, Reading, formerly of Caversham Road, Reading, Berks, butcher.

William Stockley, of 11, Pomona Place, King's Road, Fulham, out of business, and late of the Queen's Arms, Davis's Place, Cremorne Road, Chelsea, wine and beer retailer, previously of 11, Marlborough Square, Chelsea, all in Middlesex.

John Hopkins, formerly of Leadenhall Market, London, poulterer and porkman, then of 10, Craven Terrace, Bayswater, and next and now of 5, Wellington Terrace, Bayswater, both in Middlesex, cheesemonger, poulterer, and porkman.

George William Westropp, late of the Main Barracks, Cape Town, Cape of Good Hope, Ensign in Her Majesty's 11th Regiment, afterwards voyaging on the High Sea from Cape Town aforesaid to England, afterwards and now of 3, Northumberland Court, Strand, Middlesex, of no occupation, a prisoner for debt in the Debtors' Prison for London and Middlesex, London.

James Grayer, of West Wellow, Wilts, cattle dealer, and occasionally dealing in copartnership with George Pearce, of Ower, near Romsey, Hants, farmer and cattle dealer.

George Frederick Greenhead, (known also as Fredrick George,) of 3, Munden Street, Hammersmith Gate, Fulham, before that of Princes Road, Morland Square, Notting Hill, before that of Queen's Road, Morland Square aforesaid, all in Middlesex, ornamental painter and writer, and before that of Birmingham, Warwickshire, painter.

Frederic Eves, of Newbury, Berks, chemist, druggist, and insurance agent.

George Willsher, of 26, James Street, York Street, Walworth, Surrey, white lead and colour merchant, trading in partnership with William Robert Pope, George Harrison, and Rogers Harrison, as white lead and colour merchants at 26, James Street aforesaid.

William Ernest Samuel Haselton, late of 7, Upper Marsh, Lambeth, Surrey, builder.

John Brantigan, of 13, North Street, Jubilee, Mile End, previously of 23, York Street, Commercial Road East, formerly of 28, Mount Street, Whitechapel Road, during the whole of the time journeyman to a sugar baker, prior thereto of 55, Leman Street, Whitechapel, all in Middlesex, bread and biscuit baker.

William Doyle, formerly of 5, Merion Row, then of 7, Lower Baggot Street, Dublin, confectioner, then of Dalgany, Wicklow, then of Upper Baggot Street, Dublin, now of 3, Cloudesley Street, Islington, Middlesex, out of business or employ.

William Bidwell, of Petty Curr, and 5, Silver Street, Cambridge, boot and shoe manufacturer, trading under the name or style of William Bidwell & Son.

Alfred Oxlade, of the Red Lion Inn, Slough, Buckingham, innkeeper, carpenter, and builder.

George Heffill, of 2, East Road, City Road, Middlesex, tailor.

George Banton, of New Street, Covent Garden, Middlesex, hosier and draper.

John Thomas Easterbrook, (sued and committed as John Easterbrook,) formerly trading in copartnership with Thomas Ford Easterbrook, at 100, York Road, Lambeth, Surrey, and 9, Grosvenor Road, Saint John's Wood, afterwards of 88, Lisson Grove, grocer and tea dealer, and 10, Chichester Place, Kilburn Park, all in Middlesex, out of business, now of 2, Cottage Place, Newington Butts, Surrey, Manager to a zinc worker, a prisoner for debt in Horseonger Lane Gaol, Surrey, (in formâ pauperis).

Samuel Such, late of Brentwood, South Weald, Essex, licensed victualler and innkeeper, now of the same place out of business.

Richard Hughes, formerly of the Duke of Newcastle, Little Earl Street, Soho, then of the White Hart, Rupert Street, Haymarket, Middlesex, licensed victualler, then of Torquay, Devon, out of business, then of Newport, Isle of Wight, Hants, then of Hastings, Sussex, then of Romney Terrace, Greenwich, Kent, and then of 22, Little Knightrider Street, Doctors' Commons, London, hotel manager.

William Cameron, late of 17, Uniou Street, Commercial Street, Spitalfields, then and now of 5, Church Passage, Norton Folgate, both in Middlesex, potatoe salesman.

John Mason, of 12A, Portland Road, Notting Hill, Middlesex, builder.

Joseph Quick, of Gosport, Southampton, innkeeper, formerly of Windmill Tavern, Clapham, Surrey.

Jacob Moore, of 114, Bromsgrove Street, Birmingham, Warwick, bookseller.

Richard Vann, of Birmingham, Warwick, tarpaulin manufacturer.

William Pakeman, of Wombourne Mill and Farm, Penn, Stafford, miller and farmer.

William Abraham Parkes, late residing at 154, Broad Street, Islington, Birmingham, Warwick, beer retailer, now a prisoner for debt in the County Gaol of Warwick.

Alfred Anthony Favaretti, of Cardiff, Glamorgan, ship broker and commission agent, trading under the name or style of A. Favaretti.

Edwin Coles, of Hogchester Farm, Whitechurch, Canonichorum, Dorset, yeoman.

Thomas Avery, late of Knowle, Braunton, Devon, innkeeper and farmer, late a prisoner for debt in the Devon County Prison.

Thomas Hannaford Burgoyne, of Knightsbridge and Plymouth, Devon, draper.

Robert Fletcher, late of 19, Tavistock Street, Devonport, Devon, a porter or errand man, and formerly a grocer, now late a prisoner for debt in the Devon County Prison.

Thomas Benton, of Wakefield, York, worsted manufacturer.

Sidney Howe, of Millbridge, Birstal, York, waste dealer.

Henry Styring, of Gleadless and Sheffield, both in York, accountant and collector.

Joseph Chadwick Kellett, of Leeds, York, mungo manufacturer.

Edward Brock, of Leeds, York, mining broker.

Joseph Griffiths, of Church Street, Drypool, Kingston-upon-Hull, licensed victualler and journeyman plater.

William Taylor, late of Chapel Street, Blackpool, Lancaster, labourer, formerly waste dealer.

John Roberts, of Holywell, Flint, chemist.

Louis Heyman, of Liverpool, Lancaster, jeweller and optician.

Michael Holeham, of Bolton, Lancaster, provision dealer.

Robert Riding, of Church Street, Altrincham, Chester, joiner and builder.

William Barker, of Barlow, Brayton, York, woon leader and labourer.

Joanna Richards, of Camborne, Cornwall, grocer.

Richard Mackarell, now residing, and for six months last past having resided at Treales, near Kirkham, Lancaster, and during all that time having been a farmer, grocer, and provision dealer.

George Bryant, of Oxford Road, Dings, Bristol, journeyman baker.

Richard Riley, residing in furnished lodgings at 124, Spring Hill, Birmingham, Warwick, out of business, previously of 199, Aston Road, Birmingham aforesaid, baker, grocer, and provision dealer.

John Hurst, of Cheetham, formerly of Hope House, Burnage, Lancaster, then of 14, Waterloo Road, Cheetham, then of 47, Ardwick Place, Ardwick, and now in lodgings at 24, Waterloo Road aforesaid, all in Manchester, salesman.

Charles Ashton, of 5, Hounds Gate, Nottingham, and 16, Church Gate, Leicester, carver, gilder, and picture frame maker.

John Senior Nicholson, of Batley, York, flock dealer.

William Barr, of 30, Ebenezer Square, Sheffield, York, joiner and builder.

John Greenaway, the younger, of Studley, Bremhill, Wilts, wood dealer.

John Knott, formerly of Upper Stone Street, Maidstone, Kent, carrying on the business of a wheelwright and carriage builder in partnership with William Wildish, and now and late of Upper Stone Street, Maidstone aforesaid, journeyman wheelwright.

Charlotte Brooks, of Spring Gardens, Dudley, Worcester, out of business.

Archibald Mackinlay, of 5, Cuthbert Terrace, Bensham, Gateshead, Durham, and formerly of 2, John Street, Arthur's Hill, Newcastle-upon-Tyne, commission agent and commercial traveller.

Joseph Jackson, now of Burneys Villas, Gateshead, Durham, provision dealer and sawyer, before then of the Newcastle Arms, Darn Crook, Newcastle-upon-Tyne, publican, and before then of the Sir William Wallace, Stowell Street, Newcastle-upon-Tyne, publican.

Tom Vickers, of Leeds, York, staymaker, (in formâ pauperis).

Henry Foster, of Woodhouse, Leeds, York, (in lodgings,) out of business, previously of Lady Bridge, Leeds aforesaid, manufacturing chemist, in copartnership with Thomas Mawson, carrying on business under the style or firm of Foster & Mawson.

William Bellwood, of 95, Beckett Street, Burmandtofts, Leeds, York, in lodgings, out of business, previously of the same place, flour and horse corn dealer.

George Bettinson, of Newark-upon-Trent, Nottingham, boot and shoe maker.

Richard Brewster, of Harriotts Hays, Albrighton, Salop, farmer.

Samuel Brown, of King's Lynn, Norfolk, merchant's clerk, late of Pentney, Norfolk, merchant's clerk.

David Rees, of Coed Cae Mawr, Llanguicke, Glamorgan, farmer.



Frederick Davies, of Alcester, Warwick, needlescourer, beerhouse-keeper, and dealer in tobacco.

David John, of the Earl of Windsor Inn, Union Street, Cardiff, Glamorgan, innkeeper and currier.

John M'Millan, of the Three Crowns, 22, High Street, Swansea, Glamorgan, licensed victualler.

Edwin Taylor, of Blackwell Street, Kidderminster, Worcester, beerhouse-keeper and provision dealer.

James Wyers, of Deepfields, near Bilston, Stafford, out of business, late a prisoner for debt in the Prison at Stafford.

John Bushell, of Park Street, previously of Lowesmoor, Worcester, carpenter, joiner, and huckster shop-keeper.

George Fayers, late of Boxted, Suffolk, farmer, but now of Long Melford, Suffolk, out of business.

George Goodwin, formerly carrying on business at 156, Deansgate, Manchester, Lancaster, as George Goodwin & Company, general merchant, and late a prisoner for debt in Her Majesty's Prison at Lancaster, (in formâ pauperis).

John Wood, formerly of Richmond Grove, Seedley, Pendleton, near Manchester, Lancaster, slate dealer, late a prisoner for debt in Her Majesty's Prison at Lancaster, (in formâ pauperis).

William Margerison, of Brampton, Derby, slater.

John Schofield, formerly of 11, Newland Street, Oldham, Lancashire, labourer, late a prisoner for debt in Her Majesty's Prison at Lancaster, (in formâ pauperis).

Thomas Hacking, formerly of Oswaldtwistle, Lancaster, chemical manufacturer, previously carrying on business with Joseph Pilkington, at Oswaldtwistle aforesaid, under the firm of Hacking & Pilkington, as chemical manufacturers, late a prisoner for debt in Her Majesty's Prison at Lancaster, (in formâ pauperis).

Thomas Simpson, of Darlington, Durham, hairdresser and toy dealer.

NOTICE is Hereby Given that at a Special Meeting of The STIRLING AND DUNFERMLINE RAILWAY COMPANY, held within Dowells & Lyon's Rooms, No. 18, George Street, Edinburgh, on Friday the 11th day of December 1863, at two o'clock afternoon, the following Resolution was unanimously adopted, viz. :—

'That the Stirling and Dunfermline Railway Company be Dissolved, and the said Company is hereby declared Dissolved accordingly, in terms of 'The "Edinburgh and Glasgow, and Stirling and Dunfermline Railways Act, 1858.''

And the said Resolution is now advertised in terms of Section 20 of the said Act. A. J. DICKSON, S.S.C. Edinburgh, December 16, 1863.

SALE OF OUTSTANDING DEBTS.

THE whole Outstanding Debts due to the Estate of P. & J. BAILLIE, Grocers and General Merchants, Inverness, will be Sold by Auction in the Office of John Colvin, Solicitor, Inverness, on Tuesday the 26th day of January next, at 12 o'clock noon.

The articles and conditions of sale, and a list of the debts, will be exhibited to intending offerers at the Office of the said John Colvin. JAMES ANDERSON, Trustee.

Inverness, December 23, 1863.

NOTICE.

I JOHN WILSON, Draper in Dunse, surviving Trustee under the Trust-Disposition by ROBERT GIFFORD, then Chief Constable of Berwickshire, residing in Dunse, dated 17th May 1861, for behoof of his Creditors, hereby intimate that an account of my intrusions with the funds of the estate has been made up, and that I am prepared to make a final division amongst the Creditors. All Persons having Claims against the estate as at the above date are requested to lodge the same with me, within one month from this date, with affidavits thereto, it being hereby specially declared that any Creditor failing so to do will be excluded from any participation in the funds; and the Trust will be finally wound up.

JOHN WILSON, Trustee.

Dunse, December 23, 1863.

TO THE CREDITORS OF

EDWARD ALEXANDER SINCLAIR, formerly of Wadham College, Oxford, sometime residing at Cumberham College, near Greenock, and presently residing at Pulborough Rectory, Petworth, Sussex.

THE said Edward Alexander Sinclair has presented a Petition to the Lord Ordinary officiating on the Bills, praying to be discharged of all debts and obligations contracted by him, or for which he was liable at the date of his sequestration, on 30th March 1863: On which Petition the Lord Ordinary on the Bills has pronounced the following Deliverance:—'Edinburgh, 24th December 1863. —The Lord Ordinary appoints this Petition to be intimated in the Edinburgh Gazette, and to each Creditor, in terms of the Bankruptcy (Scotland) Act, 1856.'

(Signed) 'E. F. MAITLAND.'

—Of which Intimation is hereby given.

WM. N. FRASER, Agent.

41, Albany Street,
Edinburgh, December 24, 1863.

TO THE CREDITORS OF

ARCHIBALD MACCALLUM, Writer in Port-Glasgow.

THE said Archibald MacCallum has presented a Petition to the Lord Ordinary officiating on the Bills praying to be discharged of all debts and obligations contracted by him, or for which he was liable, at the date of his sequestration on 15th May 1860: On which Petition the Lord Ordinary pronounced the following Deliverance:—'Edinburgh, 24th December 1863.—The Lord Ordinary appoints Intimation of this Petition to be made in the Edinburgh Gazette, and to each Creditor, in terms of the Bankruptcy Scotland Act, 1856.'

79, Great King Street, JOHN ROSS, Agent.
Edinburgh, December 24, 1863.

TO THE CREDITORS ON

The Sequestrated Estates of J. & B. KIRKWOOD, Manufacturers, Paisley, and of James Kirkwood and Barton Kirkwood, Manufacturers there, the Individual Partners of that Company, as such Partners, and as Individuals.

THE said Bankrupts, James Kirkwood and Barton Kirkwood, have each presented a Petition to the Sheriff of Renfrewshire at Paisley, craving to be finally discharged of all debts contracted by them, or either of them, both as Partners of said Firm, and as Individuals, before the date of their sequestration, on 8th September 1862: Which Petitions the Sheriff appointed to be intimated in the Edinburgh Gazette, and to each Creditor.—Of all which Intimation is hereby given, in terms of the Statute.

THO. MACROBERT, Writer, Paisley,
Agent for Petitioners.

Paisley, December 24, 1863.

DAVID MURRAY, Banker, Meigle, Trustee on the sequestrated estate of PATRICK COPELAND, General Merchant, residing in Newtyle, hereby intimates that he has had no intrusions with the funds of the estate since his account was last audited, and that the Commissioners have postponed the declaration of a dividend till another statutory period.

DAVID MURRAY, Trustee.
Dundee, December 24, 1863.

THOMAS STEVEN LINDSAY, Accountant in Edinburgh, Trustee on the sequestrated estate of ARCHIBALD RODGER, Grocer, Dunbar, hereby intimates that he has had no intrusions with the funds of the estate since last statutory period.

THOMAS S. LINDSAY, Trustee.
Chambers, 36, Hanover Street,
Edinburgh, December 22, 1863.

I HENRY WEST WALKER, Writer in Auchtermuchty, Trustee on the sequestrated estate of JAMES DEWAR, Boot and Shoe Maker in Auchtermuchty, hereby intimate that an account of my intrusions with the funds of the estate, brought down to the 8th day of December instant, and state of the funds recovered and outstanding as at the same date, have been made up and examined by the Commissioners, who have postponed the declaration of a dividend till the recurrence of another statutory period.—Of all which Notice is hereby given, in terms of the Statute.

HENRY W. WALKER, Trustee.
Auchtermuchty, December 22, 1863.

THE Estates of the REVEREND ROBERT MAC-LAURIN, Minister of the United Parishes of Sandsting and Aithsting, residing at the Manse in Sandsting, were sequestrated on the 16th day of December 1863, by the Sheriff-Substitute of Zetland.

The first deliverance is dated the 16th day of December 1863.

The meeting to elect the Trustees and Commissioners is to be held at 12 o'clock noon, on Tuesday the 5th day of January 1864, within the Sheriff-Court-room in Fort Charlotte, Lerwick.

A composition may be offered at this meeting; and to entitle Creditors to the first dividend, their oaths and grounds of debt must be lodged on or before the 16th day of April 1864.

A Warrant of Protection against Arrest or Imprisonment for Civil Debt, until the meeting of the Creditors for the election of a Trustee, has been granted to the Bankrupt.

All future Advertisements relating to this sequestration will be published in the Edinburgh Gazette alone.

S. HENRY, Agent,
31, Hangcliff Lane, Lerwick.

THE Estates of MUNGO SCOTT, Grain and Flour Merchant, No. 52, Lothian Street, Edinburgh, were sequestrated on the 24th day of December 1863, by the Court of Session.

The first deliverance is dated the 24th day of December 1863.

The meeting to elect the Trustees and Commissioners is to be held at one o'clock afternoon, on Monday the 4th day of January 1864, within the Rooms of Messrs Smith & Philpot, No. 79, George Street, Edinburgh.

A composition may be offered at this meeting; and to entitle Creditors to the first dividend, their oaths and grounds of debt must be lodged on or before the 24th day of April 1864.

The Sequestration has been remitted to the Sheriff-Court of the County of Edinburgh.

A Warrant of Protection has been granted to the Bankrupt.

All future Advertisements relating to this sequestration will be published in the Edinburgh Gazette alone.

D. CURROR, S.S.C., Agent,
54, Northumberland Street, Edinburgh.
December 24, 1863.

THE Estates of ROBERT MARSHALL, Gardener and Vintner, Leven Lodge, Edinburgh, were sequestrated on the 24th day of December 1863, by the Court of Session.

The first deliverance is dated the 24th December 1863.

The meeting to elect the Trustee and Commissioners is to be held at 12 o'clock noon, on Monday the 4th day of January 1864, within Messrs Cay & Black's Rooms, No. 65, George Street, Edinburgh.

A composition may be offered at this meeting; and to entitle Creditors to the first dividend, their oaths and grounds of debt must be lodged on or before the 25th day of April 1864.

The Sequestration has been remitted to the Sheriff-Court of Edinburghshire, and a Warrant of Protection granted to the Bankrupt.

All future Advertisements relating to this sequestration will be published in the Edinburgh Gazette alone.

WOTHERSPOON & MACK, Agents,
13, Great Stuart Street, Edinburgh.

THE Estates of CHARLES SMITH, Farmer, Spittalrig, in the County of Haddington, were sequestrated on the 24th day of December 1863 years, by the Sheriff of Haddington and Berwick.

The first deliverance is dated the 24th day of December 1863 years.

The meeting to elect the Trustee and Commissioners is to be held at 12 o'clock noon, on Monday the 4th day of January next, 1864, within the George Hotel, Haddington.

A composition may be offered at this meeting; and to entitle Creditors to the first dividend, their oaths and grounds of debt must be lodged on or before the 24th day of April 1864.

All future Advertisements relating to this sequestration will be published in the Edinburgh Gazette alone.

ALEX. S. NOTMAN, Writer, Haddington,
Agent.

NOTICE.

A Petition has been presented, of date 21st December 1863, to the Honorable the Sheriff of the County of Dumbarton by Messrs JAMES LAWCOCK & COMPANY, Flour Merchants, Glasgow, Creditors of GEORGE ALLAN, Baker and Grocer, Cumbernauld, Dumbartonshire, craving Sequestration of his Estates, in terms of the 'Bankruptcy (Scotland) Act, 1856,' and subsequent Acts relating thereto: And his Lordship has been pleased to pronounce thereon the following Deliverance:—*'Dumbarton, 21st December 1863.—The Sheriff-Substitute having considered this Petition, with the writs produced, grants warrant to Messengers-at-Arms and Officers of Court to cite the said George Allan, in terms of the Statute, and that within three days from this date, to appear in Court on Monday the 4th day of January next, at half-past 11 o'clock forenoon, to shew cause why sequestration of his estates should not be awarded; and appoints intimation of this Petition and of the diet of appearance to be made in the Edinburgh Gazette, and grants warrant for letters of diligence to recover evidence of the notour Bankruptcy of the said George Allan.'*

(Signed) 'W. C. STEELE.'

Of all which Notice is hereby given.

W. M. WILSON, Petitioners' Agent.

116, St Vincent Street,
Glasgow, December 22, 1863.

Sequestration of DANIEL CURRIE, Baker and Grocer at Cove, in the County of Dumbarton, and residing there.

JOHAN GILLESPIE, Accountant in Greenock, has been elected Trustee on the estate; and John Thomson, Agent at Greenock for the National Bank of Scotland, Thomas Muir, Grain and Flour Miller, Tradeston Mills, Glasgow, and Archibald Clark, Biscuit Manufacturer, Glasgow, have been elected Commissioners. The examination of the Bankrupt will take place within the Sheriff-Court-house, Dumbarton, on Monday the 4th day of January 1864, at 12 o'clock noon. The Creditors will meet in the Elephant Hotel, Dumbarton, on Tuesday the 12th day of January 1864, at 12 o'clock noon. Greenock, December 23, 1863. JOHN GILLESPIE, Trustee.

Sequestration of JAMES GORDON M'KAY, sometime carrying on Business under the Firm of J. & G. M'Kay & Company, Drysalters, 46, India Street, Edinburgh.

DAVID KINNEAR, Accountant in Edinburgh, has been elected Trustee on the estate, under the Sequestration of 3d March 1857, and David Young, Accountant in Glasgow, and John Robertson, Wholesale Wine and Spirit Merchant, George IV. Bridge, Edinburgh, have been elected Commissioners.

December 24, 1863. DAVID KINNEAR, Trustee.

SEQUESTRATION of THE MONTROSE FOUNDRY COMPANY, Montrose, and of JAMES CHALMERS, Merchant, Dundee, JOHN BEATTIE, Wine Merchant, Montrose, and ROBERT DUTHIE, Ironfounder, Montrose, the Individual Partners of the said Company.

IN the above Sequestration, which was awarded on 5th September 1857, and in which the Trustee was discharged and his bond of caution delivered up, a meeting of the Creditors will be held within the Star Hotel, Montrose, on Monday the 4th January 1864, at 12 o'clock noon, to elect a Trustee, or Trustees in succession and Commissioners, in terms of an Interlocutor this day pronounced by the Lord Ordinary on the Bills, under a remit by the Second Division of the Court of Session dated 17th December 1863.

JAMES WEBSTER, S.S.C.
Edinburgh, December 24, 1863.

JAMES H. BALGARNIE, C.A., Edinburgh, Trustee on the sequestrated estate of WILLIAM THOMSON, Furniture Dealer, Hanover Street, Edinburgh, hereby intimates that his accounts have been audited to 9th instant, and that a general meeting of Creditors will be held in his Chambers, No. 9, North Saint David Street, Edinburgh, on Thursday the 21st day of January next, 1864, at two o'clock afternoon, to consider as to an application to be made for the Trustee's discharge. Edinburgh, December 24, 1863. JAS. H. BALGARNIE, Tr.

SEQUESTRATION of JAMES HEGGIE, Grocer and Wine Merchant, Saint George's Road, Glasgow.

JAMES SHAW, Accountant in Glasgow, Trustee on said sequestrated estates, hereby intimates that accounts of his intromissions, brought down to the 8th December current, have been examined and audited by the Commissioners, in terms of the Statute; and further, he hereby calls a general meeting of the Creditors to be held

within the Chambers of Messrs C. R. Baird, Black, & Dill, Writers, 54, West Nile Street, Glasgow, upon Monday the 18th day of January next, at two o'clock afternoon, to consider as to the Trustee's discharge.

JAMES SHAW, Trustee.

Glasgow, December 24, 1863.

NOTICE.

WE, William Hean, Glazier in Dundee, and George Stephen, sometime Ironmonger in Dundee, now residing there, Commissioners on the sequestrated estates of THOMAS MAIR & SON, Builders in Dundee, as a Company, and Thomas Mair, Builder there, and Andrew Mair, Builder there, the Individual Partners of said Firm, as Partners thereof, and as Individuals, hereby call a meeting of the Creditors on said estates to be held within the Royal Hotel, Dundee, on Saturday the 2d day of January 1864, at 10 o'clock forenoon, for the purpose of removing William Myles, Accountant in Dundee, from the offices of Trustee on the sequestrated estates of the said Thomas Mair & Son, as a Company, and of the said Thomas Mair and Andrew Mair, the Individual Partners of said Firm, as Partners thereof, and as Individuals.

WM. HEAN, Commissioner.

GEORGE STEPHEN, Commissioner.

Dundee, December 24, 1863.

JOHAN LAMB, Farmer, Mains of Whitefield, in the Parish of Forglie, and County of Banff, Trustee on the sequestrated estate of JOHN KNIGHT, Farmer, Skeibhill, in the Parish of Marnoch, and County of Banff, hereby intimates that an account of his intrusions with the funds of the sequestrated estate, brought down to the 9th December current, have been made up and examined by the Commissioners; that he has examined the claims of the Creditors who have lodged their oaths and grounds of debt on or before said date, and made up lists of those entitled to be ranked on said estate; and further, that the whole available funds having been realized, and the various questions (which have hitherto prevented a division) settled, a first and final dividend will be paid those Creditors whose claims have been admitted by the Trustee, at the Office of Edward Mortimer, Solicitor, Banff, on the 9th day of February next.—Of all which Intimation is hereby given.

JOHN LAMB, Trustee.

Mains of Whitefield, December 23, 1863.

SEUQUESTRATION of WILLIAM MUIR, sometime Collector of the Tonnage Dues, Glasgow, and Dealer in Iron there.

I hereby intimate that at a meeting of the Creditors, held on the 23d December current, an offer was made on behalf of the Bankrupt of a composition on his whole debts, and also to pay the expence of the sequestration and Trustee's commission, with security for payment of the same respectively; that the Creditors present resolved that said offer and security should be entertained for consideration; and that a general meeting of the Creditors will be held within my Counting-house, 82, West Nile Street, Glasgow, on Thursday the 14th day of January next, at one o'clock P.M., for the purpose of finally deciding on said offer and the security proposed.

JAMES ALEXANDER, Trustee.

Glasgow, December 24, 1863.

JAMES WILKIE, Chartered Accountant in Edinburgh, Trustee on the sequestrated estate of JOHN GLASSFORD HOPKIRK, W.S., now deceased, hereby intimates that his accounts to 14th instant have been audited by the Commissioners, who have postponed declaration of a dividend, and dispensed with circulars to the Creditors.

JAMES WILKIE, Trustee.

Edinburgh, 119, George Street,
December 24, 1863.

HENRY KERR, Accountant in Glasgow, Trustee on the sequestrated estate of ROBERT LAURIE & COMPANY, Merchants, Glasgow, hereby intimates that an account of his intrusions with the funds of the estate, brought down to the 8th instant, has been audited by the Commissioners, and that they have postponed payment of a further dividend until next statutory period, and dispensed with sending circulars to the Creditors.

HENRY KERR, Trustee.

Glasgow, December 22, 1863.

JAMES SHAW, Accountant in Glasgow, Trustee on the sequestrated estate of ARTHUR YOUNG, sometime Butter Merchant in Glasgow, thereafter a Partner of the Firm of YOUNG & DUNSMORE, Tea Merchants, Glasgow, as such Partner, and as an Individual, hereby intimates that an account of his intrusions with the funds of the estate, brought down to the 23d current, and states of the funds recovered and of those outstanding as at said date, have been made up and examined by the Commissioners, who have postponed declaring a dividend till the next statutory period.

JAMES SHAW, Trustee.

Glasgow, December 23, 1863.

NOTICE.

THE Subscriber, ARCHIBALD BROWNLIE, in terms of Agreement, ceased at this date to be a Partner of the Firm of ROBERT BROWNLIE & SONS, Contractors at Bunnhouse Mills, near Partick.

Mr John Brownlie, Baker, Gallowgate, will uplift and pay all sums due to or owing by the Company.

ARCHD. BROWNLIE.

ROBERT BROWNLIE & SONS.

MAT. WALKER, Witness.

JAS. A. REID, Witness.

Glasgow, December 19, 1863.

IT is Hereby Intimated that the interest in the Firm of MACALISTER & FYFE, Painters, Paint Manufacturers, and Ironmongers in Greenock, of the Deceased DANIEL MACALISTER, as a Partner of said Firm, Ceased, as at the 1st day of January 1862; and that the Business is carried on under the same Firm by the Subscribers, William Holborn Fyfe and Alexander Brown, who are the sole Partners of the Firm.

Signed on the ninth day of July eighteen hundred and sixty-three, by

HELEN MACALISTER,

Executrix of the said Deceased DANIEL

MACALISTER; before

ROBERT WRIGHT, Writer, Greenock, Witness.

CHAS. J. TODD, Clerk to the said Robert

Wright, Witness.

Signed on the fifth day of December eighteen

hundred and sixty-three, by

W. H. FYFE.

ALEX. BROWN; before

WM. M'CLURE, Writer in Greenock, Witness.

HUGH STEWART, Clerk to said William

M'Clure, Witness.

Glasgow, December 16, 1863.

WE, the Subscribers, sole Partners of the Firm of GORRIE & BROWN, carrying on Business in Hope Street, Glasgow, as Painters and Paper Hangers, hereby intimate that our Copartnership has been DIS-SOLVED of this date by mutual consent. The Business will be continued for his own behoof, by the Subscriber, George Brown, who will pay the debts due by, and who is hereby authorised to receive and discharge the debts due to the Company.

JOHN GORRIE.

GEORGE BROWN.

GEORGE ARBUCKLE, Flesher, Greenock, Witness.

JAMES BECKET, Clothier, Glasgow, Witness.

JOHAN DAVID MELLOWS, Keeper of the Swan Tavern, Trongate Street, Glasgow, has presented a Petition to the Sheriff of Lanarkshire craving interim protection and decree of Cessio Bonorum; and his Creditors are hereby required to attend within the Sheriff-Clerk's Office here, on the 25th day of January next, at 12 o'clock noon, when the Petitioner will appear for examination.

W. M. WILSON, Agent.

Glasgow, December 24, 1863.

JOHAN REDDIE, residing at Southfield, in the County of Kinross, has presented a Petition to the Sheriff of the said County for interim protection against the execution of diligence, and for decret of Cessio Bonorum; and all his Creditors are hereby required to attend within the Sheriff-Court-house at Kinross, on Tuesday the 26th day of January next, at one o'clock afternoon, when he will appear for examination.

GEO. BOGIE, Writer, Kinross,

Petitioner's Agent.

Kinross, December 22, 1863.

N.B.—The Fees of all Notices must be paid in advance, and all Letters post-paid.

Printed and Published at the Office, 13, North Bank Street, by WILLIAM ALEXANDER LAURIE,
Printer to the QUEEN'S MOST EXCELLENT MAJESTY.

* * This Gazette is filed at the Offices of the London and Dublin Gazettes.

Friday, December 25, 1863.

Price One Shilling and Threepence.