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TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 8, 1864.

FOREIGN OFFICE, November 2, 1864.

EARL RUSSELL has received a telegram from Edwin Corbett, Esq., Secretary to Her Majesty's Legation at Frankfort, dated Darmstadt, November 1, announcing that Her Royal Highness the Princess Louis of Hesse (Princess Alice of Great Britain) was safely delivered of a Princess on that day, at 9:35 A.M.

At the Court at Windsor, the 1st day of November 1864.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN'S Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

It is this day ordered by Her Majesty in Council that the Parliament which stands prorogued to Friday the eleventh day of this instant November, be further prorogued to Friday the thirteenth day of January next.

EDMUND HARRISON.

At the Court at Windsor, the 1st day of November 1864.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN'S Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

It is this day ordered by Her Majesty in Council that the Convocations of the Provinces of Canterbury and York be prorogued from the day to which the same now stand prorogued, to Saturday the fourteenth day of January next.

EDMUND HARRISON.

At the Court at Windsor, the 1st day of November 1864.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN'S Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

This day the Right Honourable John, Lord Wodehouse, was, by Her Majesty's command, sworn of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, and took his place at the Board accordingly.

At the Court at Windsor, the 1st day of November 1864.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN'S Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

Her Majesty in Council was this day pleased to declare the Right Honourable John, Lord Wodehouse, Lieutenant-General and General-Governor of that part of the United Kingdom called Ireland.

At the Court at Windsor, the 1st day of November 1864.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN'S Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

Her Majesty in Council was this day pleased, on a representation of the Right Honourable the Lords of the Committee of Council on Education, to appoint the Reverend Claude Hubert Parez, M.A., of Pembroke College, Cambridge, to be one of Her Majesty's Inspectors of Schools.

EDMUND HARRISON.

At the Court at Windsor, the 1st day of November 1864.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN'S Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS by the Naval Agency and Distribution Act, 1864, it was enacted (among other things) that the several shares of any money in the several cases in the said Act enumerated, distributable among the officers and crew of any of Her Majesty's ships-of-war, should be paid to the persons entitled thereto in such manner, and subject, and according to such restrictions, conditions and provisions as might from time to time be directed by Order in Council.

And whereas it was by the said Act also enacted that Her Majesty in Council might from time to time make such orders as might seem meet for the better execution of the said Act :

And whereas it was by the said Act further enacted that the said Act should commence on

such day, not later than the first day of January one thousand eight hundred and sixty-five, as Her Majesty in Council should think fit to direct :

Now therefore, Her Majesty, by virtue of the powers in this behalf, by the said Act or otherwise in Her vested, is pleased, by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, to Order, and it is hereby ordered as follows :—

1. This Order and the Naval Agency and Distribution Act, 1864, shall commence from and immediately after the thirty-first day of December one thousand eight hundred and sixty-four.

2. All money distributable among the officers and crew of any of Her Majesty's ships-of-war, within the meaning of the said Act, shall be paid either into the Bank of England to the credit of Her Majesty's Paymaster-General, or into the hands of an official accountant (belonging to the Commissariat or some other Department,) appointed for the purpose by the Lords Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury, or by the Lords Commissioners of the Admiralty.

3. The Commissioners of Greenwich Hospital shall from time to time pay into the Bank of England, to the credit of Her Majesty's Paymaster-General, all sums certified by the Accountant-General of the Navy to have been paid to claimants and others proving themselves entitled to shares of any such money distributable as aforesaid, as was before the 1st day of June 1829, paid into Greenwich Hospital.

4. Before any money, distributable as aforesaid, is actually distributed, notification shall be given by advertisement inserted in the London Gazette, under the direction of the Lords Commissioners of the Admiralty.

5. If the share of any person of any money distributable as aforesaid, is not duly claimed within six years after it is payable to him, it shall be deemed unclaimed, and shall be dealt with accordingly.

6. Notwithstanding that any such share has been forfeited, or is unclaimed, the Lords Commissioners of the Admiralty may, if they see good cause, pay the same out of the naval prize cash balance.

7. All accounts relative to any money distributable as aforesaid (whether the same became distributable before or after the commencement of the present Order,) shall be deemed finally closed at the expiration of forty years from the date of distribution.

8. Where it is made to appear to the satisfaction of the Lords Commissioners of the Admiralty that any person entitled to a share of any money distributable as aforesaid, is, from his state of mind, incompetent to the management of his affairs, (not being however found or declared lunatic in course of law,) the whole or any part of such share may be paid over, under the direction of the Lords Commissioners of the Admiralty, to the wife or relative, or other person having the care and maintenance of such incompetent person, to be applied for his maintenance and benefit.

9. Any assignment made by a warrant officer of any money distributable as aforesaid, shall be void, unless it truly expresses the consideration-money actually paid by the person in whose favour it is made to the person making it, and upon any such assignment there shall be paid so much money only as appears to have been actually paid as consideration for the same.

10. In the subsequent provisions of this Order, the term "subordinate officer," "seaman," or "marine," includes every person belonging to Her Majesty's Naval Service, or being a supernumerary attached thereto, except commissioned and warrant officers.

11. The share of any subordinate officer, seaman, or marine, of any money distributable as aforesaid, shall not be paid to any person other than such subordinate officer, seaman, or marine himself, or the person named in an order drawn by him as hereinafter prescribed.

12. Every such order shall be drawn on a printed form issued for the purpose to the drawer by the Accountant-General of the Navy.

13. Every such order shall be drawn in favour of some one or other of the following persons, by name :—

The drawer's wife.
 „ father or mother.
 „ son or daughter.
 „ brother or sister.

14. Every such order shall be signed by the drawer in the presence of the person who is to certify, according to such directions as may be subjoined to the form of order.

15. Every such order shall be irrevocable during the life of the person in whose favour it is drawn.

16. Nothing in the present Order in Council shall affect any order drawn by a subordinate officer, seaman, or marine, before the first day of January one thousand eight hundred and sixty-five.

17. If, on or at any time after the first day of January one thousand eight hundred and sixty-five, a licensed agent or his representative has a lawful claim against the share of any subordinate officer, seaman, or marine, of any money distributable as aforesaid, in respect of advances made by such agent before the first day of January one thousand eight hundred and sixty-five, the claims shall be duly discharged under the direction of the Lords Commissioners of the Admiralty, as nearly as may be, as if the said Act had not been passed.

18. Payments of shares of money, distributable as aforesaid, at places where there are not any Naval Accountants, shall be made upon remittance bills by any officer of the revenue, and the amounts so paid shall be repaid to the respective Departments of the Revenue in the same manner as at present, subject to such alterations as the Lords Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury and the Lords Commissioners of the Admiralty may from time to time direct; and in all cases of remittance bills made out and not paid, owing to the death of the party or other cause, such bills shall be returned to the Accountant-General of the Navy to be cancelled.

19. An account shewing all the receipts and expenditure on account of money distributable as aforesaid, made up to the thirty-first day of March in each year, and signed by the Accountant-General of the Navy, shall be annually laid before the House of Commons.

And the Lords Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury and the Lords Commissioners of the Admiralty are to give the necessary directions herein as to them may respectively appertain.

EDMUND HARRISON.

At the Court at Windsor, the 1st day of November 1864.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN'S Most Excellent Majesty.

Lord President.
Earl de Grey and Ripon.
Earl Russell.
Lord Wodehouse.
Mr Secretary Cardwell.

WHEREAS by an Act passed in the session of Parliament holden in the fifth and sixth years of the reign of Her present Majesty, intituled "An Act to amend the law of Copyright," it is among other things enacted that it shall not be lawful for any person not being the proprietor of the copyright, or some person authorised by him, to import into any port in the United Kingdom, or into any other part of the British possessions, for sale or hire, any printed book first composed, or written, or printed or published in any part of the United Kingdom wherein there shall be copyright, and reprinted in any country or place whatsoever out of the British dominions: And whereas by an Act passed in the session of Parliament holden in the eighth and ninth years of the reign of Her present Majesty, intituled "An Act to regulate the trade of the British possessions abroad," books, wherein the copyright is subsisting, first composed, or written or printed in the United Kingdom, and printed or reprinted in any other country, are absolutely prohibited to be imported into the British possessions abroad: And whereas by an Act passed in the session of Parliament holden in the tenth and eleventh years of the reign of Her present Majesty, intituled "An Act to amend the Law relating to the protection in the Colonies of works entitled to copyright in the United Kingdom," it is enacted that in case the Legislature or proper legislative authorities in any British possession shall be disposed to make due provision for securing or protecting the rights of British authors in such possessions, and shall pass an Act or make an Ordinance for that purpose, and shall transmit the same in the proper manner to the Secretary of State, in order that it may be submitted to Her Majesty, and in case Her Majesty shall be of opinion that such Act or Ordinance is sufficient for the purpose of securing to British authors reasonable protection within such possession, it shall be lawful for Her Majesty, if she think fit so to do, to express Her royal approval of such Act or Ordinance, and thereupon to issue an Order in Council, declaring that so long as the provisions of such Act or Ordinance continue in force within such colony, the prohibitions contained in the aforesaid Acts, and hereinbefore recited, and any prohibitions contained in the said Acts, or any other Acts, against the importing, selling, letting out to hire, exposing for sale or hire, or possessing foreign reprints of books first composed, written, printed, or published in the United Kingdom, and entitled to copyright therein, shall be suspended so far as regards such colony: And whereas an Act was passed by the Governor, Council, and Assembly of Saint Vincent and its dependencies, No. 602, entitled "An Act to authorise the importation into the Government of the Island of Saint Vincent and its dependencies, of books being foreign reprints of books first composed or written, or printed or reprinted, or published in the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland,

"and in which there may be any copyright," which said Act is therein directed to be, and is herein-after cited as "The Copyright Act, 1852," whereby due provision was made for securing and protecting the rights of British authors in the said island, and whereas Her Majesty expressed Her Royal approval of the same:

And whereas Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of Her Privy Council, and by the authority of the said recited Act of the Session of Parliament held in the tenth and eleventh years of Her Majesty's reign, did, on the eighteenth day of August one thousand eight hundred and fifty-two, order that so long as the provisions of the said Act of the Legislature of the said island should remain and continue in force within the said island, all prohibitions in the said hereinbefore recited Acts of the Imperial Parliament, or in any other Acts thereof contained, against the importing into the said island, or against the selling, letting out to hire, or possessing therein foreign reprints of books first composed, written, printed, or published in the United Kingdom, and entitled to copyright therein, should be suspended so far as regarded the said island: And whereas since the making of the said Order in Council of the eighteenth of August one thousand eight hundred and fifty-two, a certain other Act has been passed by the Governor, Council, and Assembly of Saint Vincent, No. 805, entitled "An Act to amend the Copyright Act, 1852," whereby due provision is made for securing and protecting the rights of British authors in the said island; and whereby it is enacted that the said Act (No. 805), and the Copyright Act, 1852, shall be read and construed together as one Act, and that the said Act (No. 805), may be cited as "The Amended Copyright Act, 1864," and that the said Act, and the said "Copyright Act, 1852," may be cited together as "The Copyright Acts, 1852 and 1864;" And whereas Her Majesty has expressed Her Royal approval of the said "Amended Copyright Act, 1864:"

And whereas Her Majesty is of opinion that the said "Copyright Acts, 1852 and 1864," are sufficient for the purpose of securing to British authors reasonable protection within the Island of Saint Vincent:

Now therefore, Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of Her Privy Council, and by the authority of the said recited Act of the Session of Parliament held in the tenth and eleventh years of Her Majesty's reign, doth order, and it is hereby ordered, that so long as the provisions of the said "Copyright Acts, 1852 and 1864," shall remain and continue in force within the said Island of Saint Vincent, all prohibitions in the said hereinbefore recited Acts of the Imperial Parliament, or in any other Acts thereof contained against the importing into the said island, or against the selling, letting out to hire, or possessing therein foreign reprints of books first composed, written, printed, or published in the United Kingdom, and entitled to copyright therein, shall be suspended so far as regards the said island:

And the Right Honourable the Lords Commissioners of Her Majesty's Treasury, and the Right Honourable Edward Cardwell, one of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, are to give the necessary directions herein accordingly.

EDMUND HARRISON,

At the Court at Windsor, the 1st day of November 1864.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN'S Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS by the "Merchant Shipping Act 1854," it is enacted that "Her Majesty may, by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, from time to time reduce all or any of the dues for the time being payable in respect of existing or future lighthouses, buoys, or beacons, for the time being under the management of the General Lighthouse Authorities," therein mentioned, (that is to say, the Corporation of the Trinity House of Deptford Strond, the Commissioners of Northern Lighthouses, and the Port of Dublin Corporation):

"And may also, by and with the like advice, from time to time increase or vary any of such dues, so that no dues payable in respect of any lighthouse, buoy, or beacon, existing at the time when the said Act came into operation, should be made to exceed the amount which had at any period, previous to such time, been received in respect thereof, or to which the said dues might, during any part of such period as last aforesaid, lawfully have been raised:"

And whereas it is by the said Act further enacted, that "Tables of all Light Dues, and a copy of the Regulations for the time being in force in respect thereof, shall be posted up at all Custom-houses within the United Kingdom, and that each of the said General Lighthouse Authorities shall from time to time, as occasion requires, furnish copies of such Tables and Regulations to the Commissioners of Customs in London, and to the principal officers of Customs resident at all

places where Light Dues are collected on account of such Lighthouse Authority, and that such copies shall be posted up by the Commissioners at the Custom-house in London, and by such officers at the Custom-houses of the places at which they are respectively resident:"

And whereas, by an Order in Council of the 26th day of June 1855, Her Majesty did approve of certain Consolidated Tables therein referred to of Light Duties levied by the said General Lighthouse Authorities respectively:

And whereas, by various subsequent Orders in Council, Her Majesty has approved of certain variations and abatements from the Light Duties comprised in the said Tables, and also of certain new Light Duties:

And whereas it has been made to appear to Her Majesty that it is expedient to revise and amend the aforesaid Consolidated Tables of Light Duties:

And whereas new Consolidated Tables of Light Duties, levied by the said General Lighthouse Authorities respectively, in the form hereunto annexed, together with certain abatements, regulations, and exemptions contained therein, have been submitted for Her Majesty's approval:

And whereas the said last-mentioned Consolidated Tables, and the said abatements, regulations, and exemptions contained therein, appear to be proper and reasonable:

Now, therefore, Her Majesty, by virtue of the power vested in Her by the said recited Act, and by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, is pleased to approve, and doth hereby approve the said new Tables of Light Duties, and the said abatements, regulations, and exemptions submitted as aforesaid.

EDMUND HARRISON.

STATEMENT, explanatory of the Variations and Additions which occur in the New Edition of the Consolidated Tables of Light Duties (as compared with the Tables at present in use), submitted for the approval of Her Majesty in Council on the 1st day of November 1864.

COAST TABLES.

ALTERATIONS MADE IN 1864.

Ushenish, Rona, Kyleakin, Isle Oronsay, Sound of Mull, Cantick Head, Bressay Sound, Rhu Vaal, Pladda, Corran, Douglas Head, Macarthur's Head, St Abb's Head, Holburn Head, Butt of Lewis, Monach, Whitby, Godrevy, Bishop Rock, Shambles, Varne, Cardigan Bay, Outer Dowsing, Scarweather, Morecambe Bay, Blackwater Bank, Black Rock, Rock Island, Inisheer Island, and Rock-a-Bill introduced	} New lights.
Rock Island and Inisheer Island	... .. In lieu of Arran Island.
Balbriggan	... .. Made a local light.
Wolf Rock, <i>a</i> , Calf Rock, <i>b</i> , Tearaght Island, <i>c</i> , Arranmore, <i>d</i> , Skervuile, <i>e</i> .	Lights building, and noted in Tables where to charge, when lit.
Nos. 1 to 130 altered	... .. Consequent on introduction of new lights.
Shetland divided into three districts	... .. To define charges for the lights in Shetland.
Orkneys divided into two districts	... .. To define charges for the lights in Orkneys.

Middlesbro', formerly a creek of Stockton, now specially mentioned	Created a Port since last edition of Tables.
"Torquay," a creek of Teignmouth, specially mentioned and classed with Dartmouth	Charges at both places being the same.
Hayle, Portreath, St Agnes, specially mentioned	To define charge for Godrevy Light.
"Laugharne," a creek of Llanely, specially mentioned	To define charge for Carmarthen buoys.
Runcorn, formerly a creek of Liverpool, now specially mentioned	Collector specially appointed to collect Light Dues.
"Preston," formerly classed with Liverpool, &c., now separated	To define charge for Morecambe Bay Light.
Poolbeg, local light at Dublin taken out	... Charge discontinued since 11th June 1856.
Cromer, a creek of Yarmouth, specially mentioned	To define charges.
Bude, a creek of Bideford, specially mentioned	... To define charges.
Eyemouth, a creek of Berwick, specially mentioned	To define charge for St Abb's Head Light.
Watchet, a creek of Bridgwater, specially mentioned and classed with Swansea	The charges being the same.
Looe, a creek of Fowey, specially mentioned and classed with Plymouth	The charges being the same.
Chichester, a creek of Littlehampton, specially mentioned and classed with Portsmouth	The charges being the same.
Fishing vessels with their ordinary fishing gear on board, exempt from Light Duties when conveying to Ports fresh fish from the fishing ground	In accordance with an Order in Council dated 12th April 1859.
The same exemption extended to such vessels when carrying salted fish	
In the regulations and exemptions the following words as regards ballast vessels introduced :— "And upon which no profit or freight may be made."	To define more particularly vessels in ballast.

The great enlargement of the Table is owing Partly to a greater number of voyages having been given at many points (in conformity with the representations of the Northern Commissioners on the previous edition,) and partly by showing deviations through the Inner Sounds, &c., on the west coast of Scotland, now open to navigators by the new lights shown therein.

The lights building have been stated, and a distinct column of reference placed all through the Tables, to shew where they will become due.

OVERSEA TABLES.

ALTERATIONS MADE IN 1864.

Ushenish, Rona, Kyleaken, Isle Oronsay, Sound of Mull, Cantick Head, Bressay Sound, Rhu Vaal, Pladda, Corran, Douglas Head, Macarthur's Head, St Abb's Head, Holburn Head, Butt of Lewis, Monach, Whitby, Godrevy, Bishop Rock, Shambles, Varne, Cardigan Bay, Outer Dowsing, Scarweather, Hanois, Morecambe Bay, Blackwater Bank, Black Rock, Rock Island, Inisheer Island, Rock-a-Bill introduced	... ..	} New lights.
Rock Island and Inisheer Island	... ..	In lieu of Arran Island.
Balbriggan	... ..	Made a local light.
Wolf Rock, Calf Rock, Tearaght Island, Arranmore, Skervuile		Lights building, and noted in Tables where to charge, when lit.

Nos 1 to 113 altered	... ..	Consequent on introduction of new lights.
Unprivileged rates abolished	... ..	In accordance with the Act (Harbours and passing Tolls).
Shetland divided into three districts	... ..	To define charges for the lights in Shetland.
Orkneys divided into two districts	... ..	To define charges for the lights in Orkney.
Kirkwall (page 4) and ports southward to Penzance (page 48).		
Voyages to America, &c., given between Orkneys and Shetland, also through Pentland Frith, lights adjusted accordingly		To define routes for guidance of Collectors.
Rye (page 35) and other ports westward.		
<i>Division :—</i>		
“Ports W. and S. of Dunkirk to Boulogne” altered to ports W. and S. of Dunkirk to Cape Grisnez		To define charge for Varne light.
“Boulogne” altered to Cape Grisnez, and ports south to Boulogne inclusive		To define charge for Varne light.
Dartmouth (page 45) and other ports westward.		
<i>Division :—</i>		
“St Brieux and ports W. to Morlaix” altered to ports W. of St Brieux to Morlaix		To define charge for Hanois Light.
Middlesbro’ formerly a creek of Stockton, now specially mentioned		Created a port since last edition of Tables.
“Torquay,” a creek of Teignmouth, specially mentioned and classed with Dartmouth		Charges at both places being the same.
St Ives, Hayle, Portreath, separated from Scilly Islands		To define charges for Godrevy Light.
“Laugharne,” a creek of Llanelly specially mentioned		To define charges for Carmarthen Buoy.
“Runcorn,” formerly a creek of Liverpool, now specially mentioned		Collector specially appointed to collect Light Dues.
“Preston,” formerly classed with Liverpool, &c., now separated		To define charges for Morecambe Bay Light.
“Poolbeg,” Local Light at Dublin taken out		Charge discontinued since 11th June 1856.
Alteration in division of districts in Minsh.		To define charges for new lights.
Several divisions all through Tables bracketed together		The charges being the same.
Beaumaris, Bangor, and Conway, as regard north about voyages by west of Isle of Man, by themselves formerly classed with Liverpool		To define charges for Morecambe Bay Light.
In the regulations and exemptions the following words as regards ballast vessels introduced :— “And upon which no profit or freight may be made,”		To define more particularly vessels in ballast.

The great enlargement of the Table is owing partly to a greater number of voyages having been given at many ports (in conformity with the representations of the Northern Commissioners on the previous edition,) and partly by showing deviations through the Inner Sounds, &c., on the west coast of Scotland, now opened to navigators by the new lights shown therein.

The lights building have been stated, and references placed all through the Tables to show where they will become due.

FOREIGN OFFICE, November 1, 1864.

EARL RUSSELL, Her Majesty's Principal Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, has received, through Her Majesty's Chargé d'Affaires at Pekin, the following Report on the Trade of the Port of Tientsin, for the year 1863 :—

REPORT on the Trade of the Consular District of Tientsin, for the year 1863.

Section I.

SHIPPING AND NAVIGATION.

British and Foreign Vessels.

The Shipping Returns for the year 1863, as compared with the Returns of 1862, exhibit an increase in the number of British vessels trading at the port of Tientsin equal to one half. Indeed the British vessels exceed *all* the other Foreign flags, exclusive of the Americans, which visit this port, by a little more than one-third. The subjoined Table will fully illustrate the truth of this :—

Flag.	Shipping in 1863.		Shipping in 1862.	
	No.	Tons.	No.	Tons.
British .	69	19,108	39	10,671
American .	20	6,558	18	4,436
Sundry .	45	10,610	54	11,454
Total .	134	36,276	111	26,561

The decrease which the Returns exhibit in the number of "sundry" vessels is accounted for, first, by the British merchants extensively employing small steamers in the Tientsin trade; and secondly, by the British merchants having a quantity of light handy sailing-vessels suitable for this trade.

First, I mentioned in my Report in 1862 the decrease in "sundry" vessels as compared with 1861, and I employed the following remarks as being in my opinion explanatory of the fact :— "The increase of small steamers in 1862," (as now in 1863) "connected with the Tientsin trade is however the principal cause of the decrease of continental shipping. These small steamers, nearly all of which hoist English colours, are undoubtedly by far the most convenient class of vessels for the traffic at this port. The city of Tientsin stands about 65 miles from the village of Taku, upon a river which, owing to its insufficient depth of water and tortuous course, is extremely difficult of navigation. At the mouth of this river (Pei-ho) there is a bar, which renders it unsafe for vessels drawing more than 11 feet 6 inches of water to enter Taku anchorage; while outside, in the gulf, the weather is often so boisterous, and the swell so high, that vessels cannot discharge their cargoes for several days together. The convenience, therefore, of a class of steam vessels able not only to clear the bar but to carry their cargoes right up this 65 miles of river navigation to the very gates of the merchants' godowns, is very great."

The trouble of hiring native boats, the slowness and stupidity of the native sailors, their dishonesty, the inconvenience of transshipment, and the delay which it occasions, have induced merchants to employ light swift steamers. Three such vessels have run regularly in 1863 between Tientsin and Shanghai, and several others have made occasional trips at moderate intervals.

Secondly, The British merchants at Tientsin have a sufficient quantity of sailing-vessels of a light draught of water, which renders the chartering of continental vessels superfluous. This was *not* so in 1861. British vessels could not be obtained of a size *small enough* for the Tientsin trade. The British merchants had therefore to charter continental vessels.

But the freight of German and Danish vessels has fallen in the market. The five or six British steamers which trade between this and Shanghai have engrossed the trade which belonged to continental vessels in 1861, and British merchants like British vessels better than those flying the flags of other Powers.

Coasting Vessels.—Foreign and Native.

The Foreign vessels that visit Tientsin are, in the vast majority of instances, engaged in a merely coast trade. The merchants, foreign and native, in Hong Kong, Canton, and the other southern ports, charter foreign ships to transport their merchandise to Tientsin; and the merchants, foreign and native, in Tientsin, employ foreign vessels to export their merchandise to Shanghai, Hong Kong, Canton, and other southern ports; the foreign ships and steamers generally touch at Shanghai, or make Shanghai their destination. The coasting trade at Tientsin, the only trade of the port, in the great majority of cases is done by native or foreign Shanghai houses.

Not only are foreign vessels employed in a coasting trade between this port and Southern China, but they import and export *native produce*. Foreign vessels bring up to Tientsin not only foreign manufactures but sugar, rice, tea, oil, medicine, paper, and other native produce, for which there is an extensive market at this port; and foreign vessels carry away not merely re-exports, but beans, peas, cotton, wool, hides, fruit, medicine, and other produce of Northern China, as well as the native junks. For particulars of the coasting trade, I beg to refer to my report on the trade of Tientsin in 1861-1862.

The native junk is rapidly disappearing from the highways of commerce; the native merchants do not engage them; the principle of marine insurance annihilates the native craft; "Can you insure?" is a question which the Chinese merchants almost invariably put. Eighty southern junks came in 1863, one third of their holds were empty; one hundred and twenty seven came in 1862. The eighty junks which entered in 1863 contained rice, sugar, tea, oil, paper, medicine, fruit, preserves, silk pieces, native hardware, wood, prepared opium, birds' nests, fish, sharks' fins, &c., &c., &c.; and they took away peas, beans, salt, fruit, vegetables, fish, wheat, barley, millet, medicine, ginseng, &c., &c.

The coasting trade done in this consular district by the native junk is very great.

Ports and Harbours, Buoys, Lighthouses and Junk Buildings.

For a description of the ports, harbours, buoys, lights, lighthouses, and junk buildings, I must refer to my report drawn up in 1862.

Section 2.

TRADE AND COMMERCE.

Foreign Trade Imports.

Except cotton manufactures, the Import Returns for 1863 compare very favourably with those for 1862.

Manufactured Cotton.

The import of cotton manufactures has in 1863 steadily fallen off. The civil war in America, and the defective supply of cotton in England, fully accounts for this. Merchants' manufactures, when brought into competition with native cotton manufactures, owing to a rise in their price, ought as a matter of course to go to the wall. Foreign cotton manufactures in 1861 sold at Tientsin for about half the prices of native cottons. As a consequence, the people of the towns and villages scattered through Chi-li and the neighbouring provinces, purchased foreign cottons as being cheaper than their own cottons; but the country population adhered to their native manufactures. The country people, who work a great deal at rough employments, when manufactured cottons sold at one-half the price of native cottons bought the native rather than the Foreign, because the native lasted much longer than our Manchester goods. Native cottons, though not so comely, are much better adapted for the rough work of the rural population.

The scarcity of cotton has raised the price of Manchester goods so near the price of native cotton manufactures, that not only the country people but the town and village population purchase their home manufactures instead of merchants' goods. Till the normal state of the cotton market returns, and as a consequence till the prices drop very much lower than the prices current in 1863, the native cottons must rule the market.

Woollens.

The import of woollens has been unfavourable. In the trade report for 1862 I explained the cause. At Tientsin, and throughout North China in general, the winter months are dry, but the cold is very severe; as a consequence the Chinese prefer cottons or silks lined with fur for winter dresses rather than Foreign woollens. In upholstery a good deal of woollen cloth is used, but for the most part the woollens are Russian, not English. The English woollens imported into Tientsin are too dear, of the wrong colour, and too heavy for the natives. Upon the whole, then, the market for British woollens remains insignificant.

Opium.

This import maintains its high character; one hundred and eighty-two chests of Malwa have been imported in 1863 more than in 1862; and though the Shênsi crop of native opium was fair,

the Chinese favour the Indian, not the native drug. The native opium is, though very much cheaper, insipid, and very few of the Chinese smoke native opium, unless it is *mixed* with the Indian. If they can get the Indian of course so much the better, but a Chinaman reduced to a state of poverty, to which the habit of excessive opium smoking invariably leads, unable to purchase the Indian, mixes the native with the Indian, or even gathers up the cinders of Indian opium *twice* smoked, and smokes them a *third* time.

Malwa opium is sold for about six hundred taels, while native Shênsi opium is sold for about four hundred taels. In 1862 native opium was offered in the market at six hundred and fifty taels; this rise in the price of native opium was caused by political disturbances in Shênsi, ultimately calmed down by means of bribes and donations, which threatened with extinction the whole trade of that province. The quantity of Indian imported into this district depends entirely on the state of the Shênsi crop. When the Shênsi crop is deficient the demand for Indian opium increases, and *vice versa*.

Of the opium imported into Tientsin, from 150 to 200 chests a-month are purchased for consumption in the capital. What Peking consumes in the native drug I do not exactly know; it must however be large.

Produce of China and the Straits.

The returns for 1863 show very favourably as compared with those of 1862.

This trade is partly in Foreign and partly in native hands. The raw material is imported by Foreign merchants, while the prepared material falls to the lot of native merchants. I should judge that one-half, or perhaps a little more, of this trade is carried on by Chinese. The native houses in Tientsin have agents in Hankow, Canton, Singapore, acute in business transactions. It is only in dealing with places in which Chinamen do not exist that the native merchant meets with a difficulty; but wherever Chinese reside, the native merchant can do business very much cheaper than the Foreign houses in China; and, moreover, his knowledge of the tastes and habits of his countrymen guarantees him against any gross mistakes, especially with reference to prepared commodities.

Foreign Trade Exports.

The Export Returns of 1863 compare favourably with those of 1862.

	Tael.
Total Estimated Value of IMPORTS,	7,704,492
Minus Value of RE-EXPORTS,	341,992
	<hr style="width: 100%; border: 0.5px solid black;"/>
	<u>7,362,500</u>

Prices of Articles Imported at Tientsin.

		TLs.	M.	C.			TLs.	M.	C.
Plain shirtings, grey	per piece	3	6	0	Alum	...	1	4	0
" " white	"	4	2	0	Aniseed, star	...	4	2	0
" " dyed	"	3	4	0	" broken	...	3	8	0
T. cloths, grey	24 yards	3	6	0	Arsenic	...	6	3	0
Domestics	"	5	0	0	Bamboo canes	per 1000	8	0	0
Figured shirtings, white	"	3	4	0	" pipes	each	0	0	2
Brocades, white	"	3	4	0	" shoots	picul	8	0	0
" dyed	"	3	4	0	" split	"	7	0	0
Damasks, dyed	"	13	0	0	" ware	"	6	0	0
" woollen	"	13	0	0	Cornelian beads	"	140	0	0
Turkey red cloths	"	5	0	0	Scented	string	0	0	4
Chintzes	"	2	0	0	Glass	picul	10	0	0
Japan ditto	"	2	8	0	Bean curd	"	5	0	0
Velvet ditto	"	4	3	0	Betel nut	"	3	0	0
Handkerchiefs	dozen	0	5	0	" husk	"	0	7	0
Muslins	piece	1	5	0	Bêche de mer	"	38	0	0
Velvets	"	4	0	0	Birds' nests, 1st quality	catty	12	0	0
Velveteens	"	2	5	0	" 2d	"	10	0	0
Fustians	"	4	3	0	" 3d	"	8	0	0
Satteens	"	240	0	0	Birds' skins	picul	0	0	8
Cotton cloth	"	0	3	0	Buttons, brass	"	60	0	0
Drills, American	"	5	0	0	" cap	"	0	0	7
Jeans	"	5	0	0	Capoor Cutchery	"	2	1	0
Sheetings	"	4	0	0	Camphor, baroos	"	1890	0	0
Long cloths	"	7	0	0	Caps, felt	each	0	2	0
Spanish stripes	"	36	0	0	Cardemums, superior	picul	8	0	0
Cloth, Japan	"	2	8	0	" inferior	"	6	3	0
Long ells	"	7	0	0	Cassia	"	10	5	0
Camlets, English	"	5	0	0	" twigs	"	2	0	0
Lastings	"	12	0	0	Chalk, prepared	"	7	0	0
Buntin	"	4	5	0	China crape	piece	240	0	0
Woolen and cotton mixture	"	5	0	0	" root	picul	2	8	0
Metals—Iron wire	picul	3	3	0	Chinese cotton goods	piece	20	0	0
" Brass wire rods	"	16	0	0	Chop sticks	picul	2	0	0
" Steel, Swedish	"	3	0	0	Chow chow	"	0	5	0
" Lead	"	6	0	0	Cinnamon	"	140	0	0
" Tin plates	"	2	8	0	Cloves	"	49	0	0
" Tin	"	20	0	0	Collars, satin	each	0	2	0
Brass buttons	gross	1	0	0	" velvet	"	0	2	0
Umbrellas, cotton	each	0	5	0	Combs	"	0	3	0
Thermometers	dozen	3	0	0	Copper, manufactured	picul	21	0	0
Stereoscopes	"	6	0	0	Cotton thread	"	12	0	0
Ditto views	"	1	0	0	Copper foil	"	23	8	0
Clocks	each	3	0	0	Cow sinews	"	10	0	0
Watches	pairs	20	0	0	Citron	"	6	0	0
Musical boxes	each	1	0	0	Deer skins	each	0	2	0
Needles	per 1000	0	3	3	Dragons' blood	picul	18	0	0
Matches	gross	20	0	0	Drums	each	1	4	0
Coals	ton	10	0	0	Dye stuff	picul	16	0	0
Window glass	boxes	4	2	0	Eggs preserved	"	20	0	0
Bombazettes	piece	10	0	0	Fans, gauze	each	0	2	0
Camlets, Dutch	"	20	0	0	" paper	per 100	0	8	0
Compasses	each	0	2	0	" palm	per 1000	6	0	0
Habit cloths	piece	36	0	0	" feather	each	0	7	0
Lastings, imitation	"	10	0	0	Feather dusters	per 1000	28	0	0
Wax, Japanese	picul	12	0	0	" peacocks'	each	0	0	8
Tea dust, ditto	"	5	0	0	" kingfishers'	picul	0	0	8
Lustres	piece	10	0	0	" fowl	"	9	0	0
Linen, coarse	"	10	0	0	Fish maws	"	60	0	0
Orleans	"	10	0	0	" salt	"	5	0	0
Prussian blue	picul	46	0	0	Fire crackers	"	10	0	0
Pins	"	—	—	—	Flowers, dried	picul	12	0	0
Rope	picul	8	0	0	" seed	"	15	0	0
Files (set)	"	—	—	—	" roots	"	0	2	5
Tobacco, Japanese	picul	20	0	0	" trees	"	0	2	5
Wood, Japan	"	2	5	0	" lily-dried	"	8	0	0
" sandal	"	3	7	0	" seeds	"	6	0	0
Spars, Japan	each	0	7	0	Foil, brass	"	23	8	0
Tea, Japan	picul	7	0	0	Galangal	"	2	8	0
Opium, Malwa	"	600	0	0	Gall nuts	"	8	0	0
" Patna	"	600	0	0	Gamboge	"	15	0	0
" prepared	"	1000	0	0	Ginger, dry	"	4	5	0
" Native	"	400	0	0	" green	"	4	5	0
					Genseng, native	catty	1	0	0

SUMMARY of DUTIES Paid during the Year 1863.

Flag.	Number of Vessels.	Tonnage.	Import.				Export.				Coast Trade.				Opium.				Prepared Opium.				Tonnage.				Total.			
			T.	M.	C.	C.	T.	M.	C.	C.	T.	M.	C.	C.	T.	M.	C.	C.	T.	M.	C.	C.	T.	M.	C.	C.	T.	M.	C.	C.
British	69	19,108	16,951	3	7	9	17,079	8	5	2	29,379	3	7	5	58,542	7	3	5	289	8	7	2	944	3	0	0	123,187	5	1	3
American	20	6,558	1,144	1	8	7	892	9	4	5	3,930	1	4	7	900	0	0	0	...	...	...	...	614	4	0	0	7,481	6	7	9
Hamburg	14	3,691	1,504	6	1	2	1,599	1	4	9	6,609	6	8	0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	409	6	0	0	10,123	0	4	1
Danish	13	2,683	2,996	3	3	5	1,427	4	6	4	2,270	7	5	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	524	7	0	0	7,219	2	5	1
French	5	963	544	9	8	3	657	2	8	0	69	5	8	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	90	8	0	0	1,362	6	4	5
Bremen	4	995	825	2	0	3	482	6	1	2	1,735	0	5	9	1,980	0	0	0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5,022	8	7	4	
Prussian	2	1,017	818	3	6	6	112	9	0	0	2,423	3	3	4	1,416	0	0	0	3	6	0	0	...	...	...	4,774	2	0	0	
Swedish	2	380	118	1	1	3	88	0	8	4	562	4	3	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	80	0	0	0	848	6	2	8
Russian	1	127	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	391	4	8	8	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	391	4	8	8	
Oldenburgh	1	120	3	7	8	5	...	...	...	...	284	1	8	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	287	9	6	6	
Hanover	1	188	...	...	...	...	663	5	3	8	322	0	8	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	75	2	0	0	1,060	8	2	3
Dutch	1	268	45	5	2	5	...	...	...	...	870	8	8	7	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	107	2	0	0	1,023	6	1	2
Netherlands... ..	1	178	392	9	0	2	433	4	6	0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	71	2	0	0	897	5	6	2
Totals	134	36,276	25,345	3	9	0	23,437	2	8	4	48,849	0	0	1	62,838	7	3	5	293	4	7	2	2,917	4	0	0	163,681	2	8	2

Dated at Tientsin,
30th day of June 1864.

W. B. DENNYS,
For the Consul (absent on leave).

At the Court at Windsor, the 1st day of November 1864.

PRESENT,

The QUEEN'S Most Excellent Majesty.

Lord President.
Earl de Grey and Ripon.
Earl Russell.
Lord Wodehouse.
Mr Secretary Cardwell.

WHEREAS by the West Indian Incumbered Estates Acts, 1854, 1858, 1862, 1864, provision was made to facilitate the sale and transfer of encumbered estates in the several West Indian Colonies named in a schedule to the said Act of 1854, (among which is the Island of Antigua,) and it was by the said Act of 1854 enacted that Her Majesty might from time to time, by Order in Council, direct the said Act to come into operation in any of the said Colonies, but that no such Order in Council should be made in respect of any Colony until the Legislature thereof should have presented an Address to Her Majesty, praying Her Majesty to issue such Order, and should also have made provision to the satisfaction of Her Majesty's Principal Secretary of State for the Colonies, for payment of the salaries of the Local Commissioners in the said Act mentioned, and of all such Assistant Secretaries, Clerks, Messengers, and Officers as might be appointed under the said Act, in such Colony, and of such other expenses of carrying the said Act into execution as were therein directed to be provided for by the said Legislature; and it was, by the said Act of 1864, enacted that the West Indian Incumbered Estates Act, 1854, hereinafter called the Principal Act, the West Indian Incumbered Estates Act, 1858, hereinafter called the first Amendment Act, the West Indian Incumbered Estates Act, 1862, hereinafter called the second Amendment Act, and the West Indian Incumbered Estates Act, 1864, should so far as was consistent with the context and objects of such Acts be construed as one Act, and might, for all purposes, be cited as "The West Indian Incumbered Estates Acts, 1854, 1858, 1862, 1864;" and that where Her Majesty, by Order in Council, had directed or should direct the Principal Act, or the Principal Act and the first Amendment Act, or the Principal Act and the first and second Amendment Acts, to come into operation in any of the Colonies mentioned in the schedule to the Principal Act, or where any of such Colonies had presented or should present an Address to Her Majesty, praying Her Majesty to issue such Order, then and in every such case such Order and such Address, respectively, should apply, and be construed to apply, as well to the West Indian Incumbered Estates Act, 1864, and to any Act of the then present Session of Parliament, continuing the West Indian Incumbered Estates Acts, 1854, 1858, 1862, as aforesaid, (so far as regarded the said Acts,) as to the Principal Act, or as to the Principal Act and the first Amendment Act, or as to the Principal Act and the first and second Amendment Acts, (as the case might be):—

And whereas the Legislature of Antigua, by an Address, has prayed Her Majesty to make an Order in Council directing "The West Indian Incumbered Estates Acts 1854, 1858, 1862," and all other Acts continuing or amending, or in any way relating to the same, to come into

operation, and to have the force of law in the said colony of Antigua, and by an Act passed on the twenty-seventh day of May one thousand eight hundred and sixty-four, intituled "An Act for carrying into execution in Antigua the West Indian Incumbered Estates Acts, 1854, 1858, 1862," has made provision for the payment in that colony of such salaries and other expenses as required by the said Act of 1854 to the satisfaction of Her Majesty's Principal Secretary of State for the Colonies:—

It is therefore hereby ordered, by the Queen's Most Excellent Majesty, by and with the advice of Her Privy Council, that the said West Indian Incumbered Estates Acts, 1854, 1858, 1862, 1864, and all other Acts for continuing or amending the same, shall, from the date of this Order in Council, come into operation in Antigua.

And the Right Honourable Edward Cardwell, one of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, is to give the necessary directions accordingly.

EDMUND HARRISON.

WINDSOR CASTLE, November 1, 1864.

This day had audience of Her Majesty:—

Señor Don Francisco Arrangoiz, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary from the Emperor of Mexico, to deliver his credentials, and also a letter from His Imperial Majesty;

To which audience he was introduced by Earl Russell, K.G., Her Majesty's Principal Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs.

WAR OFFICE, November 3, 1864.

The Queen has been graciously pleased to give orders for the appointment of Colonel Henry Harpur Greer, of the 68th Regiment, to be an Ordinary Member of the Military Division of the Third Class, or Companions of the Most Honourable Order of the Bath.

MEMORANDUM.

Lieutenant-Colonel Henry Jackson Parkin Booth, of the 43d Regiment, would have been recommended to Her Majesty for the distinction of Companion of the Military Division of the Order of the Bath, had he survived the operations in which he was engaged in New Zealand.

WAR-OFFICE, November 4, 1864.

The Queen has been graciously pleased to give orders for the appointment of Charles Burslem Saunders, Esq., and Sir Theophilus John Metcalfe, Bart., of the Bengal Civil Service, to be Ordinary Members of the Civil Division of the Third Class, or Companions of the Most Honourable Order of the Bath.

WAR-OFFICE, October 7, 1864.

The Queen has been graciously pleased to give orders for the appointment of Surgeon William Alexander Mackinnon, of the 57th Regiment, to be an Ordinary Member of the Military Division of the Third Class, or Companions of the Most Honourable Order of the Bath.

WAR-OFFICE, November 4, 1864.

THE Queen has been graciously pleased to signify Her intention to confer the decoration of the Victoria Cross on the under-mentioned Officer and Non-Commissioned Officer of Her Majesty's Army, whose claims to the same have been submitted for Her Majesty's approval, on account of Acts of Bravery performed by them in New Zealand, as stated against their names, viz. :—

Regiment.	Rank and Name.	Act of Bravery for which recommended.
43d Regiment	Captain Frederick Augustus Smith Date of Act of Bravery, June 21st 1864.	For his distinguished conduct during the engagement at Tauranga on the 21st June. He is stated to have led on his Company in the most gallant manner at the attack on the Maories' position, and although wounded previously to reaching the Rifle-Pits, to have jumped down into them, where he commenced a hand to hand encounter with the Enemy, thereby giving his men great encouragement, and setting them a fine example.
68th Regiment	2918 Serjeant John Murray, Date of Act of Bravery, June 21st 1864.	For his distinguished conduct during the engagement at Tauranga on the 21st of June, when the Enemy's position was being stormed, in running up to a Rifle-Pit containing from eight to ten of the Enemy, and, without any assistance, killing or wounding every one of them. He is stated to have afterwards proceeded up the works, fighting desperately, and still continuing to bayonet the Enemy.

(1573.)

Board of Trade, Whitehall,
November 3, 1864.

THE Right Honourable the Lords of the Committee of Privy Council for Trade have received, from the Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, a translation of an Ordinance published by the Senate of Lubeck, and dated the 15th October last, altering the Regulations for Ships entering and leaving the Port of Travemünde, as follows :—

PAR. 1. Whenever a ship shall enter the port after dark, the master, for the information of the pilot, shall in proper time hoist *two white lights, placed horizontally*, instead of the National flag.

PAR. 2. As signal in reply, *two red lights* shall be exhibited, viz., one on each of the two beacons which mark the *middle channel* of the fair water above the bar.

PAR. 3. So soon as the master observes these lights the ship may approach the port, keeping the Travemünde lighthouse to the W.S.W., within five fathoms of water, and then must await the arrival of a pilot. Whenever a heavy storm shall prevent the pilots from boarding, the ship must either anchor or keep under weigh until daylight. Those steamers only, sailing on fixed days, which have a special permission to enter without a pilot, shall enter the port without one in the direction shown by the two red lights.

PAR. 4. Whenever the red lights are not exhibited no ship may be brought in or enter without a pilot, such ships must either anchor in five to six fathoms water or remain under weigh till daylight.

All ships which, coming from Lübeck, are to go to sea directly, must already in the *Pfahltrach* hoist

their National flags on the foretop. After dark such ships shall exhibit *two white lights, placed horizontally*, instead of the National flag.

The amended Regulations shall come into operation, in the absence of further orders, on the *1st of November next*, and the appendix, dated May 20, 1863, of the Rules for the Port of Travemünde, dated June 27, 1860, shall be annulled.

WAR-OFFICE, PALL-MALL,

November 4, 1864.

1st Regiment of Dragoons—Robert Hamilton Stubber, gent. to be Cornet, by purchase, vice Gerald Milnes Gaskell, transferred to 62d Foot. Dated 4th November 1864.

11th Hussars—Cornet Henry William Langley has been permitted to retire from the Service, by the sale of his Commission. Dated 4th November 1864.

19th Hussars—Staff Assistant-Surgeon George Richard Woolhouse to be Assistant-Surgeon, vice David Woods, promoted on the Staff. Dated 4th November 1864.

Scots Fusilier Guards—Lieutenant and Captain Edward Marcus Beresford to be Captain and Lieutenant-Colonel, by purchase, vice the Honourable Roger Mostyn, who retires. Dated 4th November 1864.

Ensign and Lieutenant Frederick Henry Harford to be Lieutenant and Captain, by purchase, vice Beresford. Dated 4th November 1864.

The Honourable Seton Montolieu Montgomerie to be Ensign and Lieutenant, by purchase, vice Harford. Dated 4th November 1864.

- 13th Regiment of Foot—Lieutenant William Knox Leet to be Captain, by purchase, vice William Williams, who retires. Dated 4th November 1864.
- Ensign Patrick O'Callaghan to be Lieutenant, by purchase, vice Leet. Dated 4th November 1864.
- Leonard Francis Barkly, gent. to be Ensign, by purchase, vice O'Callaghan. Dated 4th November 1864.
- 14th Foot—Lieutenant Henry M'Leod Hutchison to be Adjutant, vice Lieutenant William Thornhill Blois, who resigns the appointment. Dated 4th November 1864.
- 18th Foot—Lieutenant William Henry Herbert to be Adjutant, vice Lieutenant Hugh Shaw, promoted. Dated 1st September 1864.
- 25th Foot—Ensign William Godfrey Thomas to be Lieutenant, without purchase, vice Gerald Fitzgerald, deceased. Dated 14th September 1864.
- Ensign Thomas John Leadbetter to be Lieutenant, by purchase, vice Thomas, whose promotion, by purchase, on the 4th October 1864, has been cancelled. Dated 4th November 1864.
- 29th Foot—Lieutenant George William Frederick Davies Smith to be Captain, without purchase, vice Brevet-Major Charles Potts Rosser, seconded on appointment as Captain of a Company of Gentlemen Cadets at the Royal Military College. Dated 4th November 1864.
- Ensign Edmund Carrington to be Lieutenant, without purchase, vice G. W. F. D. Smith. Dated 4th November 1864.
- 30th Foot—Frederick Samuel Barlin, gent. to be Ensign, by purchase, vice James Alexander M'Mahon, who retires. Dated 4th November 1864.
- 43d Foot—Ensign Thomas Horner Pearson to be Lieutenant, without purchase, vice Coll M'Leod, deceased. Dated 26th July 1864.
- 48th Foot—Serjeant-Major John Knox to be Quartermaster, vice John Jordan, appointed Ensign in the 107th Foot. Dated 4th November 1864.
- 49th Foot—Staff Assistant-Surgeon Thomas William Orwin to be Assistant-Surgeon, vice James Hannan, promoted on the Staff. Dated 4th November 1864.
- 52d Foot—Ensign Robert Legh Crosse to be Lieutenant, by purchase, vice Henry Frederick Barker, who retires. Dated 4th November 1864.
- Almeric Ashley John Spencer, gent. to be Ensign, by purchase, vice Crosse. Dated 4th November 1864.
- 60th Foot—Lieutenant Frederick H. A. Hamilton to be Captain, by purchase, vice Nathaniel Burslem, who retires. Dated 4th November 1864.
- Ensign Cecil John Shepherd to be Lieutenant, by purchase, vice Hamilton. Dated 4th November 1864.
- 62d Foot—Captain Charles M. S. L. Gwynne to be Major, by purchase, vice Brevet Lieutenant-Colonel McKay Rynd, who retires. Dated 4th November 1864.
- Lieutenant Adolphus Frederick Walsh to be Captain, by purchase, vice Gwynne. Dated 4th November 1864.
- Ensign George Simpson Fraser to be Lieutenant, by purchase, vice Walsh. Dated 4th November 1864.
- Cornet Gerald Milnes Gaskell, from 1st Dragoons, to be Ensign, vice Fraser. Dated 4th November 1864.
- 69th Foot—Captain and Brevet-Major Edward Bowen to be Major, by purchase, vice James Handasyde Edgar, who retires upon half-pay. Dated 4th November 1864.
- Lieutenant James John Osmer to be Captain, by purchase, vice Brevet-Major Bowen. Dated 4th November 1864.
- Ensign Lambert John Robert Disney to be Lieutenant, by purchase, vice Osmer. Dated 4th November 1864.
- James Clarendon Ramsbottom Isherwood, gent. to be Ensign, by purchase, vice Disney. Dated 4th November 1864.
- 78th Foot—The first Christian name of Surgeon-Major Stewart is *Ludovick*, and not *Ludovic*, as stated in Gazette of 20th September 1864.
- 93d Foot—Major Frederick William Burroughs to be Lieutenant-Colonel, without purchase, vice Brevet-Colonel Henry William Stisted, C.B., promoted Major-General. Dated 10th August 1864.
- Captain and Brevet-Major James Montagu Brown to be Major, without purchase, vice Burroughs. Dated 10th August 1864.
- Lieutenant Samuel Edward Wood to be Captain, without purchase, vice Brevet-Major Brown, Dated 10th August 1864.
- 97th Foot—Ensign John Lannoy Tweedie to be Lieutenant, by purchase, vice John Wright Shaw, who retires. Dated 4th November 1864.
- Thomas Coke Burnell, gent. to be Ensign, by purchase, vice Tweedie. Dated 4th November 1864.
- 100th Foot—Lieutenant Frederick William Benwell to be Captain, without purchase, vice James Lamb, deceased. Dated 9th October 1864.
- Ensign John Charles Jackson to be Lieutenant, without purchase, vice Benwell. Dated 9th October 1864.
- Lieutenant Louis Adolphe Casault to be Adjutant, vice Lieutenant Frederick William Benwell, promoted. Dated 4th November 1864.
- 107th Foot—Ensign William Harry Hine to be Lieutenant, vice William Henry B. FitzGerald, deceased. Dated 30th July 1864.
- Quartermaster John Jordan, from 48th Foot, to be Ensign, vice Hine. Dated 4th November 1864.
- 5th West India Regiment—Captain Joseph Brownell to be Major, without purchase, vice Thomas Cochrane, deceased. Dated 15th September 1864.
- Lieutenant John McNamee to be Captain, without purchase, vice Thomas G. Danger, deceased. Dated 29th February 1864.
- Lieutenant Adolphus William Campbell to be Captain, without purchase, vice Brownell. Dated 15th September 1864.
- Ensign Thomas Storrar Smith to be Lieutenant, without purchase, vice McNamee. Dated 29th February 1864.
- Ensign Robertson Gilchrist Marshall to be Lieutenant, without purchase, vice Smith, whose promotion, without purchase, on 19th July 1864, has been cancelled. Dated 19th July 1864.
- Ensign David Dempster Chadwick to be Lieutenant, without purchase, vice Campbell. Dated 15th September 1864.

ROYAL MILITARY COLLEGE.

Captain and Brevet-Major Charles Potts Rosser, 29th Foot, to be Captain of a Company of Gentlemen Cadets, vice Edward Woolhouse, who retires upon full-pay. Dated 4th November 1864.

MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

Assistant-Surgeon James Hannan, from the 49th Foot, to be Staff-Surgeon, vice Alexander Gibb, M.D., promoted on the Staff. Dated 4th November 1864.

BREVET.

Captain Edward Woolhouse retired full-pay, late Captain of a Company of Gentlemen Cadets at the Royal Military College, to have the honorary rank of Major. Dated 4th November 1864.

The undermentioned Officers having completed the qualifying service in the rank of Lieutenant-Colonel to be Colonels, under the Royal Warrant of 14th October 1858 :—

Captain and Brevet Lieutenant-Colonel Henry Hamilton Maxwell, Royal Artillery. Dated 23d May 1864.

Lieutenant-Colonel J. Robert Steadman Sayer, C.B., 1st Dragoon Guards. Dated 21st October 1864.

Lieutenant-Colonel the Hon. Augustus Murray Cathcart, 96th Foot. Dated 27th October 1864.

Lieutenant-Colonel George Bennett, 20th Foot. Dated 28th October 1864.

ADMIRALTY, November 1, 1864.

Dr Frederick William Le Grand has this day been promoted to the rank of Deputy Inspector-General of Hospitals and Fleets on the Retired List.

The undermentioned Officers have been this day promoted to the rank of Staff Commander in Her Majesty's Fleet :—

George Giles, Esq.

George Lyon Carr, Esq.

The following promotions of Engineer Officers have been made :—

Mr Ezra Miles to be an Engineer in Her Majesty's Fleet, with seniority of 22d July 1864.

Mr Frederick Thomas Pendleton to be an Acting Engineer in Her Majesty's Fleet.

ADMIRALTY, November 3, 1864.

Mr Samuel Thomas Wallis,

Mr William John Foster,

Mr Charles Mobberley,

Mr Robert Dixon, and

Mr William Fenton (A)

have been promoted to the rank of Engineers in Her Majesty's Fleet.

Mr James Patterson, and

Mr Arthur Moreton.

have been promoted to the rank of Acting Engineers in Her Majesty's Fleet.

Commission signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Northumberland.

Northumberland Artillery Militia.

Reginald James Morrison, gent. to be Lieutenant. Dated 25th October 1864.

Commissions signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Ross.

Hugh Law Rose, Esq. the younger, to be Deputy Lieutenant. Dated 29th October 1864.

1st Administrative Battalion of Ross-shire Rifle Volunteers.

Alexander Roderick Mackenzie, M.D., gent. to be Surgeon. Dated 29th October 1864.

James Vass, M.D., gent. to be Assistant-Surgeon. Dated 29th October 1864.

Commission signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Aberdeen.

1st Administrative Brigade of Aberdeenshire Artillery Volunteers.

Alexander Innes, Esq. to be Major. Dated 20th October 1864.

Commissions signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Argyll.

8th Argyllshire Artillery Volunteer Corps.

First Lieutenant Alexander Struthers Finlay to be Captain, vice Campbell, deceased. Dated 31st October 1864.

Second Lieutenant James Chalmers to be First Lieutenant, vice Finlay, promoted. Dated 31st October 1864.

Commission signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Berks.

2d Berks Rifle Volunteer Corps.

Samuel Evans to be Lieutenant. Dated 27th October 1864.

Commission signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Caithness.

2d Caithness-shire Rifle Volunteer Corps.

James Couper to be Ensign, vice Ross, promoted. Dated 28th October 1864.

Commission signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Kinross.

1st Kinross-shire Rifle Volunteer Corps.

James Thomas Steedman to be Lieutenant, vice Baird, resigned. Dated 29th October 1864.

Robert Roxburgh to be Ensign, vice Ross, resigned. Dated 29th October 1864.

Commissions signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Middlesex.

South Middlesex Rifle Volunteer Corps.

Captain Francis Henry Atherley to be Major. Dated 24th May 1864.

19th Middlesex Rifle Volunteer Corps.

Edwin Stoyte Pearce to be Ensign, vice Williams, resigned. Dated 6th October 1864.

Commissions signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Somerset.

North Somerset Regiment of Yeomanry Cavalry.

Lieutenant Kenneth Robert Murchison to be Captain, vice Napier, promoted. Dated 29th September 1864.

Cornet Edward Talbot Day Jones to be Lieutenant, vice Murchison, promoted. Dated 29th September 1864.

Commission signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the North Riding of the County of York.

1st Administrative Battalion of North Riding of Yorkshire Rifle Volunteers.

Simon Thomas Scrope, Esq. to be Major. Dated 26th August 1864.

Commission signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Suffolk.

West Suffolk Regiment of Militia.

George Beresford Deare, gent. to be Lieutenant, vice Lord Augustus Hervey, resigned. Dated 24th October 1864.

Commission signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Derby.

1st Administrative Battalion of Derbyshire Rifle Volunteers.

George John Warren, Lord Vernon, to be Honorary Colonel. Dated 28th October 1864.

Commissions signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Gloucester, and of the City and County of the City of Gloucester, and of the City and County of the City of Bristol.

1st Administrative Battalion of Gloucestershire Rifle Volunteers.

Captain Sir James Campbell, Bart., to be Major. Dated 27th October 1864.

16th Gloucestershire Rifle Volunteer Corps.

Ensign Charles John Smith to be Lieutenant, vice Baker, resigned. Dated 29th October 1864.

George Brown, gent. to be Ensign, vice Smith, promoted. Dated 29th October 1864.

Commissions signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Surrey.

2d Surrey Artillery Volunteer Corps.

George Thomas Cross, gent. to be Second Lieutenant. Dated 19th October 1864.

William Ponsonby Johns Llewellyn, M.D., to be Surgeon, vice Edwin Payne, resigned. Dated 19th October 1864.

William Hart, gent. to be Honorary Assistant-Surgeon, vice Llewellyn, promoted. Dated 19th October 1864.

2d Administrative Battalion of Surrey Rifle Volunteers.

Major William Marshall Cochrane to be Lieutenant-Colonel. Dated 26th October 1864.

13th Surrey Rifle Volunteer Corps.

Montague Blackett, gent. to be Lieutenant, vice William Haydon Smallpeice, resigned. Dated 19th October 1864.

Commission signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Lincoln.

Royal North Lincoln Militia.

Lieutenant John Mackenzie to be Captain, vice Brookling, resigned. Dated 24th October 1864.

[The following Memorandum is substituted for that which appeared in the Gazette of the 28th ultimo.]

MEMORANDUM.

Her Majesty has been pleased to signify that Lieutenant Sigismund C. N. de Lesser be displaced from the Commission he holds in the Sussex Artillery Militia.

Waterford Artillery Militia.

First Lieutenant William Briscoe, resigned. Dated 6th June 1864.

W. J. DENNEHY,
Clerk of the Peace, County of Waterford.

BANKRUPTS

FROM THE LONDON GAZETTE.

BANKRUPTCIES ANNULLED.

John Henry Pakenham Marsh, (sued and committed as Charles Hubert Morley,) late of Southsea, Hants, manager of a Theatre, late a prisoner for debt in the Hants County Prison, at Winchester, Southampton. John Yeates, now and for six months and upwards last past residing at Saint Paul's Terrace, Balmont Street, Southport, Lancaster, schoolmaster.

BANKRUPTCIES AWARDED.

Henry Cornelius M'Carter, (sued also as H. C. M'Carter,) formerly of 70, Long Lane, Smithfield, foreman to a china and glass dealer, afterwards of 70, Long Lane aforesaid, china and glass dealer, and his wife at the same time carrying on business as a milliner at the same place, afterwards of 10, Evangelist Court, Broadway, Blackfriars, and now of 56, Fetter Lane, all in London, foreman to a gasfitter, a prisoner for debt in the Debtors' Prison for London and Middlesex, (in formâ pauperis).

Michael Staveley, (sued and committed as Michael Stavelly,) late of 10, Princes Street, Hanover Square, board and lodging-house keeper, and journeyman confectioner, afterwards of 4, Chapel Place, Cavendish Square, afterwards of 10, Duke Street, Manchester Square, now of 17, George Street, Grosvenor Square, all in Middlesex, out of business, a prisoner for debt in the Debtors' Prison for London and Middlesex, (in formâ pauperis).

Ralph Todd, formerly of Coney Street, York, then of 20, Cecil Street, Strand, Middlesex, sharebroker, then of Ibbotson Place, Woodhouse Lane, Leeds, York, then of 63, Brunswick Terrace, Leamington Priors, Warwickshire, then of 6, Longbrook Street, Exeter, Devonshire, then of Washfield, then of St Andrew Street, and also of High Street, Tiverton, then of 7, Bridge Street, Taunton, then of the Royal Parade, Burnham, all in Somerset, following no trade or calling, then of 1, Victoria Place, Pershore Road, Birmingham, Warwickshire, then of 16, Paxton Street, Bolsover Road, Manchester, Lancashire, then of 7, Union Street, Leith Walk, Edinburgh, Scotland, then respectively of 13 and 19, Ampton Street, Gray's Inn Road, Middlesex, manufacturer of Bates' salve, and during the whole of the above time (except at the four addresses first named,) having a residence at Newton Villa, Brunswick Street, Leamington Priors, Warwickshire, and now and for the last four years of 1, Regent Square, Gray's Inn Road, Middlesex, and part of such time also having lodgings respectively at 123, Lucas Street, Pimlico, and 6, Owen's Row, St John's Street Road, Clerkenwell, and 18, Harrison Street, Gray's Inn Road, all in Middlesex, and 3, Rufus Terrace, Olney Street, Walworth Road, Surrey, lodging-house keeper, a prisoner in the Debtors' Prison for London and Middlesex, (in formâ pauperis).

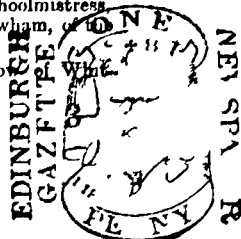
Joseph Light, of Ottershaw, near Chertsey, and 4, Portland Place, Wandsworth Road, both in Surrey, cheesemonger and general dealer.

John Daniel Debege, of 10, Gane Place, New Road, Hammersmith, Middlesex, plumber, painter, and glazier.

James Wardrop, of 19, Little Tower Street, London, wine merchant.

Thomas Field, of Scratage, near Hounslow, previously of Hayes, both in Middlesex, brickmaker.

- William Turner Davey, of 5, Avenue Terrace, New Road, Shepherd's Bush, Middlesex, engraver and photographer.
- William Warlters Leake, (sometimes called and known as William Leake and W. W. Leake,) of Wingfield, Upper Norwood, Surrey, previously of Bellevue House, Lady Well, Lewisham, Kent, not following any business or occupation.
- Thomas Ottewill, late of 23 and 24, Charlotte Terrace, Barnsbury Road, Islington, Middlesex, photographic apparatus maker, now a prisoner for debt in the custody of the Sheriff of Middlesex, at 1, Breams' Buildings, Chancery Lane, Middlesex.
- John Henry Soller, of 10, Saint John's Street Road, Clerkenwell, Middlesex, watchmaker.
- Ferdinand Frederick Dorrell and Lambert Matthew Dorrell, of 2, Battersea Square, Battersea, Surrey, iron and brass founders, carrying on business under the names of Dorrell Brothers, and during such partnership said Ferdinand Frederick Dorrell first resided at Chapman Street, Loughborough, Leicestershire, manager to an engineer, then of 17, Lavender Villas, and 11, Miles Terrace, Bridge Road, chandler shopkeeper, now of 2, Palmerston Street, all in Battersea, Surrey, and the said Lambert Matthew Dorrell first resided at 3, York Cottages, York Road, Battersea, Surrey, now residing at 2, Battersea Square aforesaid.
- Peter Adam Hubert Brewer, of 62, Lower Thames Street, London, general merchant, residing privately at 7, Wolsingham Place, Lambeth, Surrey, a prisoner for debt in the County Gaol of Surrey.
- Edward James Gibbs, of 4, Warrington Gardens, Maida Hill West, Paddington, Middlesex, schoolmaster, now a prisoner for debt in the custody of the Sheriff of Middlesex, at 1, Breams' Buildings, Chancery Lane, Middlesex.
- Cosmo Alexander Hepburne, formerly of Brighton, Sussex, then of Princes Square, Bayswater, Middlesex, then of Bonn, Prussia, then of Bushey, Hertford, then of Bonn, Prussia, and now of Acuba Villa, Lower Norwood, Surrey, tutor.
- John Williams, of 15, Back Church Lane, Whitechapel, Middlesex, coffeehouse keeper and agent to an outfitter.
- John Shering Keddle, of Albert Villa, Uxbridge, Middlesex, formerly of Bridport, Dorset, of no occupation.
- James Tapping, of 1, Chatham Street, Battersea Park, formerly of 4, Chatham Street aforesaid, out of business, previously of 1, Market Place, York Road, Battersea, all in Surrey, grocer and commission agent, before then of 3, Crescent Place, New Bridge Street, Blackfriars, London, commission agent.
- William James Sharwood, of 83, Lower Thames Street, London, wholesale druggist.
- Hiram Codd and George Benjamin Lorimer, (trading as Codd & Co.) of 11, Glasshouse Street, Regent Street, Middlesex, and 54, Crutched Friars, London, cork merchants and manufacturers.
- William Oelrichs, (otherwise William Henry Louis Oelrichs,) late of 2, Lawrence Lane, Cheapside, but now of 34, Bread Street, Cheapside, London, and of 6, Somerset Villas, Merton Road, Wimbledon, Surrey, manufacturer, and importer of trimmings and foreign goods.
- John Franckling, of 77½, Little Britain, London, and of 17, Laburnum Terrace, Kingsland Road, Middlesex, brace and belt manufacturer, his wife carrying on business as a laundress.
- William Bradley, late of 5, Lower Street, Islington, then and now of 220, Hackney Road, Middlesex, boot and shoe manufacturer.
- Thomas Lewis Cater, of 30, Stanley Street, Newcross, Kent, merchant's clerk, formerly of 30, North Street, Edgware Road, Middlesex, grocer and cheesemonger.
- Gaius Brown, the younger, of Bushey Heath, Hertfordshire, rake maker, smith, and dealer in wood.
- John Horwell, of 65, Leather Lane, Holborn, and 58, Brill Row, Somers Town, Middlesex, cheesemonger.
- William Charles Read, of 2, Gun Lane, West India Dock Road, Limehouse, Middlesex, instructor in gunnery, now a prisoner for debt in the Debtors' Prison for London and Middlesex, London.
- James Roberts, of 18, Margaret Street, Hackney Fields, Middlesex, plumber, gasfitter, and house decorator.
- Robert Smith, of 32, Chalk Farm Road, Camden Town, Middlesex, builder.
- Thomas Killingworth Adkins, of Wallingford Mills, Wallingford, Berks, miller.
- John Bebb, of Frodesley Park, Dorrington, Salop, farmer.
- William Morris, of New Village, Wolverhampton, Stafford, railway porter, formerly carrying on business at Brentford, Middlesex, with Thomas Morris, as grocers, ironmongers, and oil and colour men, under the style or firm of Morris Brothers.
- James William Bowen Thomas, of Abbey Terrace, Llandilo, Carmarthen, in no business or occupation.
- William Cooper, of Nymph Wood Farm, Bow, previously of Addiscott Farm, South Tawton, both in Devon, farmer.
- Zachary Mudge Mallock, of Paignton, Devon, a retired colonel of the Bengal Royal Artillery.
- Thomas Pickard and William Hindle, both of Leeds, York, cloth manufacturers, trading under the style or firm of Pickard & Hindle.
- Henry Thomas Watson, of Goole, York, merchant and shipowner.
- Matthew Lumb Fearnside, of Huddersfield, York, commission agent.
- William Mason, of Boston Spa, Clifford-cum-Boston, Braubham, York, auctioneer and assistant overseer.
- William Whiteley, of Pudsey, Calverley, York, tanner and farmer.
- Eran Lewis, of 5, Craig-y-don Terrace, Llandudno, Carnarvon, builder.
- Robert Jones, of Abergele, Denbigh, printer and bookseller.
- Albert Negenborn, of 9, South Castle Street, Liverpool, Lancaster, commission merchant.
- Thomas Wigglesworth and Jeremiah Wigglesworth, of Accrington, Lancaster, cotton manufacturers, trading under the style of Thomas & Jeremiah Wigglesworth.
- John Murphy, of Manchester, Lancaster, accountant and general agent, formerly carrying on business with James M'Evoy, under the style or firm of M'Evoy & Murphy, in Manchester aforesaid, accountants and general agents.
- Ebenezer Holgate and John Walmsley Holgate, of Over Darwen, Lancaster, upholsterers.
- Edward James Palmer, residing in furnished lodgings at 190, Tennant Street, Islington, previously of Alston Street, Ladywood, formerly of 154, Lee Bank Road, painter, glazier, plumber, and paperhanger, during the latter part of the time occupying a workshop at 85, New Street, all in Birmingham, Warwick.
- John Smith, now and for about nineteen weeks residing in lodgings at 34, Ann Street, Birmingham, Warwick, before then and for about three months travelling about from place to place, having no fixed residence, and during the whole of this time being a commercial traveller and commission agent.
- John Eaton, of 97, Upper Thrift Street, Northampton, commercial clerk.
- John Foster, of 64, George Street, Hastings, Sussex, fruiterer.
- John Curtis, late of 21, Havelock Road, then of 8, Pelham Crescent, then of 7, Spring Terrace, and Hope Cottages, Halton, all in Hastings, Sussex, now of Littleworth Cottage, Ore, Sussex, auctioneer.
- George Brazier, of 22, Havelock Road, Hastings, Sussex, sawyer.
- Henry Callaway, formerly of 2, Little Anglesea, Alverstoke, but now of 12, Norfolk Square, Southsea, Portsmouth, both in Hants, clerk and draughtsman at the Royal Naval Hospital, Haslar, Alverstoke aforesaid.
- Samuel Page, of South Normanton, Derby, bricklayer, formerly of the same place butcher.
- Joseph Redgate, of Somercotes, Alfreton, Derby, carrying on business as a carpenter and joiner.
- William Thorpe, now and for three months past residing at Pye Hill, Selston, Nottingham, ironstone getter and miner, and for ten years previously thereto residing at Codnor, Derby, carrying on business as an ironstone getter, and for one year, part of that time, carrying on business in copartnership with one John Cator, at the Ormond Colliery, Cupit Green, Codnor aforesaid.
- Archibald Little, of Wigton, Cumberland, innkeeper.
- Richard Farr, of 24, Back Drake Street, Rochdale, groom, previously of Facit, near Rochdale, both in Lanca ter, groom, and formerly of Blunt ham, Huntingdon, carrying on business as a groom and horse dealer.
- Septimus Austen, of Brencley, Kent, beer hop keeper, fruit dealer, and carpenter, and u iug a piece of ground at Brencley aforesaid.
- Susan Newham, of King's Lynn, Norfolk, schoolmistress, lately carrying on business in copartnership with L ther Newham, of the same place, schoolmistress.
- William Walker, late of North Malvern, Malvern, Worcester, chemist, druggist, and tea dealer, but now of Hereford, out of business.
- William Bunting, of Snettisham, Norfolk, labourer.
- Esther Newham, of King's Lynn, Norfolk, schoolmistress, lately carrying on business with Susan Newham, of the same place, schoolmistress.
- Francis Crane, formerly Kegworth, and now of Wick, both in Leicestershire, bricklayer.



John Jackson, heretofore of Bryntyrch, Llanrhochwyn, innkeeper, but now of Capel Curig, both in Carnarvon, waiter.

Charles Smith, now and for six years last past residing in the Boundary Road, Derby, gardener and florist.

Joseph Munks, of Haddenham, Cambridge, tailor and publican, previously of New Fletton, near Peterborough, Northampton, tailor.

John James Mackie, of Great Yarmouth, Norfolk, photographic artist.

Thomas Simpson, of 25, Noake's Building, Little Brick Kiln Street, Wolverhampton, Stafford, baker.

John Adams, late of 11, Alma Place, Oxford, painter and glazier.

William Jennings, of George Street, Oxford, publican and cigar dealer.

Thomas Jones, now of the Crown Inn, out of business, and lately of Penlanfach, both in Talley, Carmarthen, farmer.

John Yates, now and for six months last past residing at Saint Paul's Terrace, Belmont Street, Southport, Lancaster, schoolmaster.

Arthur Hare Palmer, of 3, Hanover Street, Bath, Somerset, a lieutenant in Her Majesty's Service.

Ambrose Bywater Vaughan, of 34, Upper Canning Street, Liverpool, Lancaster, commission agent, and occasionally letting apartments.

Josiah Denman, of Broadbottom, near Mottram, Chester, out of business, previously of the Griffin Inn, Broadbottom aforesaid, licensed victualler.

Mary Raper, of 153, Park Lane, Leeds, York, shopkeeper.

John Carter, of Weaverham, Chester, grocer and provision dealer.

James James, of the Duke Inn, Beaufort Hill, Beaufort, Brecon, innkeeper and pig dealer, previously a police officer in the Breconshire constabulary, and before then of Talgarth, Brecon, dealer in pigs, corn, and provisions.

Edward Jones, of Wheelock, Sandbach, Chester, millwright.

John Gregory, late of Readby, Lincoln, grocer, baker, farmer, and labourer, late a prisoner for debt in Lincoln Castle Prison, Lincoln.

Frederick Aulsebrook and William Riley, of *Bridlesmith Gate*, (and not *Budlesmith Gate*, as previously advertised,) Nottingham, smallware dealers.

Robert Haigh, of 32, Fleet Street, Bury, Lancaster, tobacconist and hairdresser.

GENERAL AVERAGE PRICE OF BRITISH CORN
per QUARTER,

Received in the Week ended October 29, 1864.

Wheat.		Barley.		Oats.		Rye.		Beans.		Pease.											
s.	d.	s.	d.	s.	d.	s.	d.	s.	d.	s.	d.										
38	9	47	30	2	26	6	20	1	17	30	9	73	6	38	0	78	3	35	0	6	23

AGGREGATE AVERAGE OF SIX WEEKS.

Wheat.		Barley.		Oats.		Rye.		Beans.		Pease.	
s.	d.	s.	d.	s.	d.	s.	d.	s.	d.	s.	d.
39	2	30	6	20	3	32	5	39	2	35	11

Published by Authority of Parliament,

HENRY FENTON JADIS,

Comptroller of Corn Returns.

Board of Trade, Corn Department.

BANK OF ENGLAND.

AN ACCOUNT, pursuant to the Act 7th and 8th Victoria, cap. 32, for the Week ending on Wednesday the 2d day of November 1864.

ISSUE DEPARTMENT.

£		£	
Notes issued.....	27,221,130	Government Debt,	11,015,100
		Other Securities,	3,634,900
		Gold Coin and Bullion, ...	12,571,130
		Silver Bullion,.....	—
	<u>£27,221,130</u>		<u>£27,221,130</u>

Dated the 3d day of November 1864.

W. MILLER, Chief Cashier.

BANKING DEPARTMENT.

£		£	
Proprietors' Capital.....	14,553,000	Government Securities (including	
Rest	3,271,791	Dead Weight Annuity)....	9,384,542
Public Deposits, (including Exchequer,		Other Securities.....	19,699,477
Savings' Banks, Commissioners of		Notes	6,177,310
National Debt, and Dividend		Gold and Silver Coin.....	742,311
Accounts).....	3,777,941		
Other Deposits	13,848,428		
Seven days and other Bills.....	552,480		
	<u>£36,003,640</u>		<u>£36,003,640</u>

Dated the 3d day of November 1864.

W. MILLER, Chief Cashier.

AN ACCOUNT of the Importations and Exportations of Bullion and Specie, registered in the Week ended 2d November 1864.

Countries from which Imported.	Imported into the United Kingdom.					
	GOLD.			SILVER.		
	Coin.	Bullion.	Total.	Coin.	Bullion.	Total.
	Ounces.	Ounces.	Ounces.	Ounces.	Ounces.	Ounces.
Russia .....	...	...	...	10,800	...	10,800
France	38,500	...	38,500	91,468	...	91,468
Egypt	3,000	...	3,000	...	...	...
Australia .....	...	35,529	35,529	...	...	...
St Thomas	2,577	51,715	54,292	179,540	632,344	811,884
United States of America	8,456	...	8,456	...	...	...
Other Countries	1,088	1,046	2,134	...	1,450	1,450
...
...
...
...
...
Aggregate of the Importations registered in the Week ...	53,621	88,290	141,911	281,808	633,794	915,602
Approximate Value of the said Importations computed at the rates specified below	£ 204,765	£ 326,784	£ 531,549	£ 70,666	£ 172,643	£ 243,309
Rates of Valuation, per ounce	£ s. d. 3 15 0 to 3 17 10½	£ s. d. 3 10 0 to 4 0 0	...	s. d. 4 11 to 5 0¼	s. d. 5 5½	...

Countries to which Exported.	Exported from the United Kingdom.							
	GOLD.				SILVER.			
	Coin.		Bullion.	Total.	Coin.		Bullion.	Total.
	British.	Foreign.			Ounces.	Ounces.		
	Ounces.	Ounces.	Ounces.	Ounces.	Ounces.	Ounces.	Ounces.	Ounces.
Hanse Towns .....	...	...	400	400	...	1,200	...	1,200
Holland .....	...	...	...	...	...	11,200	358,000	369,200
France .....	...	1,990	306	2,296	...	22,984	33,872	56,856
Egypt	550	...	...	550	...	...	8,000	8,000
Other Countries	36	...	...	36	3	...	...	3
...
...
...
...
...
...
Aggregate of the Exportations registered in the Week ...	586	1,990	706	3,282	3	35,384	399,872	435,259
Approximate Value of the said Exportations computed at the rates specified below...	£ 2,282	£ 7,587	£ 2,653	£ 12,522	£ 1	£ 8,864	£ 108,923	£ 117,788
Rates of Valuation, per ounce	£ s. d. 3 17 10½	£ s. d. 3 16 3	£ s. d. 3 15 2	...	s. d. 5 0½	s. d. 5 0½	s. d. 5 5½	...

JOHN A. MESSENGER,
Inspector-General of Imports and Exports.

Office of the Inspector-General of Imports and Exports,
Custom-House, London, 3d November 1864.

ABERDEENSHIRE ROADS.

(Placing Public Roads, Highways, and Bridges under uniform Management and Control ; Continuance of Tolls and Pontages for a time, and Eventual Abolition thereof ; Improvement and Maintenance of Roads, Highways, and Bridges ; Making New Roads ; Payment of Debts ; Levying Assessments ; Powers to Borrow ; Amendment or Repeal of Acts.)

NOTICE is Hereby Given, that Application is intended to be made to Parliament, in the ensuing Session, for leave to bring in a Bill, for an Act, to effect all, or some of the following, among other purposes, that is to say :—

To maintain and keep in Repair, and if need be, to Widen and Improve the several Turnpike and other Public Roads, Highways, and Bridges within the County of Aberdeen, [which, as herein referred to, shall be held to include those parts of the County of Banff locally situated within the said County of Aberdeen,] which have been made or are maintained under the powers of the several existing Acts of Parliament relating thereto, hereinafter specified, or some of them ; to make, maintain, and keep in repair such New Roads, Highways, and Bridges within the said County, as may from time to time be deemed expedient or necessary ; to provide for the management of the whole of the said Roads, Highways, and Bridges, and to place the same under the control of a Body of Trustees to be qualified and appointed in pursuance of the said intended Act, with all necessary powers and authorities ; to provide for the appointment of Clerks, Surveyors, and other Officers ; to regulate the meetings, actings, and proceedings of such Trustees and Officers ; and to transfer to, and vest in such Trustees all the Roads, Highways, Bridges, Toll-houses, Gates, Lands, Buildings, Works, Rights, Powers, Interests, Arrears of Assessments, Monies, Property, and Effects, now vested in or belonging to the Trustees, Commissioners, or other Bodies in whom the same are now vested under the said existing Acts, or some of them.

To repeal or alter all or some of the several Assessments and modes of Assessment authorized by the said Acts, and of the powers and provisions of the said Acts, authorizing the levying of Tolls, Duties, Pontages, and Payments for the purposes of the said Roads, Highways, and Bridges within the said County, to impose Tolls, Duties, Pontages, and Payments, for the purposes of the said Roads, Highways, and Bridges, in lieu of those proposed to be repealed or altered, as aforesaid, and to provide for the eventual abolition of such Tolls, Duties, Pontages, and Payments, and for the abolition of the Conversion of the Statute Labour or Service of the said County, to authorize the Trustees to be appointed by the said intended Act to impose and levy upon and from the Proprietors and Liferenters of Lands and Heritages within the said County, including the Towns and Burghs therein, excepting the Burgh of Aberdeen, Rates and Assessments for Payment of the Debts affecting the Roads and Highways within the County, and the interest thereof ; and to impose and levy upon and from the Proprietors, Liferenters, Leaseholders, and Tenants and Occupiers, respectively, of lands and heritages within the said County, including the Towns and Burghs therein, excepting the Burgh of Aberdeen, such Rates and Assessments as may

be necessary for the Improvement, Maintenance, Repair, and Management of the whole Roads, Highways, and Bridges within the said County, and for making New Roads or Bridges therein ; and to impose and levy upon and from such Proprietors, Liferenters, Leaseholders, Tenants, and Occupiers, as aforesaid, such farther Rates and Assessments as may be necessary for the purposes of the said intended Act ; and also to enable the Trustees to be appointed by the said intended Act to transfer to the Town-Council of any Burgh, or to the Police Commissioners of such Burgh, or any other Public Body to be provided by the said intended Act, so much of the Roads, Highways, or Bridges to be vested by the said intended Act in the said Trustees as may be situated within the Parliamentary or Royal Boundaries of any Burgh within the said County ; and to enable, or to require the said Town-Council, Police Commissioners, or other Public Body to take over, maintain, keep in repair, and manage, and to levy such Rates and Assessments as may be necessary for the improvement, maintenance, repair, and management of the Roads, Highways, and Bridges so transferred to them, or for making new Roads or Bridges, on and from the Proprietors, Liferenters, Leaseholders, Tenants, or Occupiers of Lands and Heritages within the Burgh ; or to apply for these purposes any funds or assessments available therefor which may be under their control ; and to confer, vary, or extinguish exemptions from the payment of the several Rates and Assessments leviable under the Acts hereinafter specified, or any of them, or under the said intended Act.

To provide for the division of the said County into Districts for the purposes of the said Act.

To provide that all Assessments for payment of principal sums of money to be paid off or raised under the said intended Act, paid by Owners of Entailed Estates, shall be deemed to be improvements under the Acts 10 Geo. 3, cap. 51, and 11 and 12 Vic., cap. 36, in the same manner in all respects as sums expended under the said Acts in enclosing, planting, draining, and making Roads.

To authorize the Trustees to be appointed under the said intended Act to borrow money for the purposes thereof, on the security of the several Rates and Assessments thereby authorized, or otherwise ; and to provide for the valuation, payment, fulfilment, or extinction of the debts, contracts, or engagements, incurred, made, or entered into by the Trustees under any of the existing Acts hereinafter specified, or affecting the said Roads, Highways, and Bridges, or the Tolls, Pontages, and Revenues thereof, and of the Interest due thereon.

To close and relinquish, as Public Roads or Highways, such of the existing Roads or Highways in the said County as may be useless, or of little importance, or which may be superseded by the New Roads to be constructed under the powers of the said intended Act ; and also to provide that any Public Roads which prior to the passing of the said intended Act had not been maintained by Statute Labour, or by the conversion thereof, may become Public Roads or Highways, within the meaning, and for the purposes of the said intended Act.

To provide that the Commissioners of Supply of the respective Counties of Banff and Kincardine, or other persons having the management and control of the Roads therein, shall respectively be bound, on the total abolition of Tolls under the said intended Act, or on the abolition of Tolls on any of the said Roads or Highways which

may be partly situated in the County of Aberdeen, and partly in either of the said Counties, to take over the portions of such Roads or Highways which may be situated beyond the limits of the County of Aberdeen, and within the respective boundaries of the said Counties of Banff and Kincardine, along with a proportion of the debt thereon, and to provide for the improvement, maintenance, management, and repair of, and payment of the debt and interest of debt affecting such portions of the said Roads and Highways, and to enable the Commissioners of Supply of the said Counties, or persons coming in their place, as aforesaid, to apply existing funds and assessments or to levy and impose new Rates and Assessments upon the Proprietors, Liferenters, Leaseholders, and Tenants or Occupiers of Lands and Heritages within those respective Counties, for such purposes, and to confer, vary, or extinguish exemptions from payment of such Rates and Assessments, or any of them.

To alter, amend, extend, enlarge, or repeal, in so far as may be necessary for carrying into effect the purposes of the said intended Act, the Acts of Parliament following, or some of them, that is to say:—

The Highland Roads and Bridges Act, 1862, and (Local and Personal) 39 and 40 Geo. III., c. 32; 7 Will. IV., c. 14; 5 Vic., Sess. 2, c. 38; 18 and 19 Vic., c. 142; and also, if requisite, 44 Geo. III., c. 81, 46 Geo. III., c. 29, 6 Geo. IV., c. 109, 9 and 10 Vic., c. 227, and also 10 Geo. IV., c. 43, and "The Wellington Suspension Bridge and Road Act, 1860;" and also 36 Geo. III., cap. 132; 10 Geo. IV., c. 54; 7 W. IV., and 1 Vic., c. 5; 1 and 2 Vic., c. 7; 5 and 6 Vic., c. 75.

And to vary or extinguish all rights and privileges which would in any way interfere with or prevent the execution of the purposes of the said intended Act, and to confer all such powers, rights, and privileges as may be necessary for carrying the same into effect.

Printed copies of the said Bill will be deposited in the Private Bill Office of the House of Commons on or before the 23d December 1864.

Dated the 1st day of November 1864.

NEWELL BURNETT & JOHN REID,
Advocates in Aberdeen,
Solicitors for the Bill.

MARTIN & LESLIE,
27, Abingdon Street, Westminster,
Parliamentary Agents.

DUMFRIESSHIRE ROADS.

(Repeal of Turnpike and Statute Labour Road Act; New Constitution of Trust for Maintenance and Management of Roads; New Tolls and Assessments; Provision for Transfer to Trustees of Portions of Scotsdyke Road, Glasgow and Carlisle Roads, including Evan Water Road, and Liddesdale Road; Power to Abolish Tolls and Maintain Roads by Assessment; Valuation and Extinction of Road Debts; Powers to Borrow; other Purposes.)

NOTICE is Hereby Given that Application will be made to Parliament, in the next Session, for leave to bring in a Bill to repeal, and to amend, alter, consolidate, and continue the provisions of the local Act of the 10th year of the reign of His Majesty King George the IV., c. 111, intituled "An Act for making and maintaining certain " Turnpike Roads within the County of Dumfries,

" and the other highways, bridges, and ferries therein; and for more effectually converting " into money the Statute Labour in the said " County;" or some of such provisions. By which Bill power will be taken to alter and amend the constitution of the Bodies of Road Trustees acting under the said Act of Parliament, by alteration of the qualifications of such Trustees, whether as Turnpike Trustees, or as Statute Labour Trustees, or, in the case of such last mentioned Trustees, whether as within the County or within Royal or other Burghs, or the Parishes within which such Burghs are situated; and to make provision for the appointment of certain Trustees *ex officio*, and for the election of certain others of such Trustees, and otherwise; to transfer to such new Trustees all the property of the Trustees under the said Act, and all existing rights and privileges, and to confer additional rights and privileges; to authorise them to maintain, survey, order, widen, alter, mend, make, improve, and keep in repair the various Turnpike roads and bridges maintained under the said Act with the whole Statute Labour Roads and bridges of the County of Dumfries; to provide for certain of such roads maintained as Turnpike roads being maintained as Statute Labour Roads, and for certain roads maintained as Statute Labour Roads, being maintained as Turnpike roads; to transfer to the Trustees the portion within the County of Dumfries of the Turnpike Road from Scotsdyke by the Town of Langholm to the borders of the County, maintained under a local Act of the 10th year of the Reign of His said Majesty King George the IV., cap. 60, and to make provision for a like transfer of the portions, within the County, of the main line of the Glasgow and Carlisle Turnpike Road and other lines of Turnpike Roads within the County, including any portion so situated of the Evan Water Road, or Road from Elvanfoot to Beattock Bridge, which several Roads are maintained under the local Acts as to such last mentioned Roads of the 2d year of the Reign of His late Majesty King William the IV., chapters 100 and 101, and Acts therein respectively recited and referred to, and also certain portions within the County of the Liddesdale turnpike roads maintained under an Act of the 4th and 5th year of the Reign of Her present Majesty, cap. 97, or such portions, more or less, of such several roads, and in such way and manner, whether by agreement and arrangement, or compulsorily, or otherwise, and on such conditions and considerations, and under such circumstances, as shall be expedient, and provided for in the Bill.

And, by the Bill power will be taken to maintain or to alter the several districts of Turnpike Roads and divisions of Statute Labour Roads within the County; to alter times and places of meeting; to continue and appoint Clerks, Treasurers, Collectors, Surveyors, and other Officers; to make new Roads and Bridges with consent of proprietors whose lands may be taken; to adopt new Roads constructed by other parties; to shut up and to reduce or increase the width of any roads; to exclude from application to any Roads or Bridges within the County the General Statute Labour Act 8 and 9 Vict., cap. 41, or any of its provisions, and to apply to all Roads of whatever kind within the County the provisions of the General Turnpike Act 1st and 2d William the 4th, cap. 43, or some of them, or to apply, or exclude the application of, both, or either, of such public Acts, or any of their provisions, to all, or any

portion, of the said roads, as shall seem expedient.

And, by the Bill power will be taken to alter, amend, increase, or reduce existing tolls, rates, and duties leviable under any of the local Acts before or after mentioned, and to confer, vary, and extinguish exemptions from payment of tolls, rates, and duties, and to apply the tolls and duties leviable on Turnpike Roads to the purposes of such roads as defined in the Bill, including a yearly payment to the Trustees acting under the "Stewartry of Kirkcudbright Roads Act, 1864," sanctioned by such last mentioned Act, or to make such amendment in regard to such last mentioned payment as shall be necessary and proper.

And, by the Bill power will also be taken to abandon and give up the collection of the conversion or composition in lieu of Statute Labour leviable on lands, houses, and other tenements under the first mentioned Act, and also the rates leviable under the said Act in compensation for Statute Service in respect of Horses kept for hire and labour and men employed in regard to such horses, and to repeal and abolish such conversion and composition, and rates, and to impose and levy upon and from the Owners and Occupiers, or on and from the Owners, or on and from the Occupiers, of all lands and heritages within the County, including all Royal and other Burghs (with such exemptions as to such lands and heritages as shall be expedient) for and in respect of such lands and heritages, an assessment for maintenance and repair and all other purposes connected with Statute Labour Roads, and also for the other purposes in regard to Turnpike Roads aftermentioned.

And by the Bill it is intended to confer upon the Trustees power, upon the roads or portions thereof being freed of debt, or, under such circumstances, or on such conditions, as shall be held expedient, to change the mode of maintenance of all or any of the Turnpike roads, and to repeal and abolish the tolls on all or any portion of the same, and to commit the district maintenance and management of such roads to the divisional or other Committee which may be in charge of the Statute Labour Roads, and from and out of the assessment on lands and heritages, by the said Bill intended to be authorised, to maintain, repair, and fulfil all other purposes in regard to the said turnpike roads, and that the same may be managed and maintained alongst and in combination with the Statute Labour Roads in their several parishes and divisions; or power will be conferred by Parliament directly in the said Bill in such manner and under the circumstances and conditions that may be thought best, so to abolish tolls on any roads and maintain the same from assessment as aforesaid. And provision will be made for the application in certain circumstances of a portion of any assessment raised in one Parish or Division in and towards the maintenance of the Roads in other Parishes or Divisions. And provision will also be made on such abolition of tolls for the disposal of the toll houses and pertinents belonging to the Trustees, or for the appropriation of the same, or any portion thereof, to the purposes of the trust.

And power will be taken by the Bill to continue the management and maintenance of all Roads or Streets whether Turnpike or Statute Labour within Royal burghs or other burghs in the County, as at present, or to make arrangements for committing or to commit to the Magistrates and Town Councils, Police Commissioners, or other Local Authorities within such Burghs the management

and maintenance of all such Roads or Streets within the areas of such Burghs, whether Parliamentary or Municipal or of the Royalties of such of them as are Royal Burghs, or such other area less or more as shall be agreed on or deemed expedient by Parliament; and to authorise the levying and application of tolls and assessments within such area by such Magistrates and Council, Police Commissioners, or other authority upon such conditions as to payment of portions of such assessment to the trustees, or otherwise, as shall be just and equitable; and all necessary provision will be made for the proper adjustment of the powers of the Trustees and of such Magistrates and Council, Commissioners, and others, and for conferring on them, if necessary, all or any of the powers of levying tolls and assessments within their respective areas.

And, by the said Bill power will also be taken to the Commissioners of Supply of the County, or to the Trustees, to levy and assess upon the Proprietors of Lands and Heritages within the County, or Proprietors and Occupiers of the same, an Assessment, or Assessments, for Repair and Maintenance of Bridges, and for or towards the expense of the Act, or to combine such Assessments with the Assessment first mentioned; and to levy and assess such other Assessment as shall be necessary for the purposes of the said Act.

And, by the Bill a Valuation will be imposed on all or any of the Turnpike, and, if necessary, Statute Labour Road Debts due under the first-mentioned Act, or power will be taken compulsorily for the purpose of such valuation with a view to the extinction of such debts.

And, power will be taken to Borrow Money for the purposes of the said intended Act, on the security of Tolls and Duties leviable under the same; and also on the security of the various Assessments, or some of them, by Mortgage, Bond, Cash Credit, or in such way and manner as shall be expedient; and to provide for the transfer and extinction of the sums so borrowed.

And, by the Bill all rights and privileges which will interfere with the purposes of the same, including the existing qualification for Trustees, will be abolished, and all rights and privileges which will further the said purposes will be conferred; and all powers will be taken and every provision of whatsoever kind be made which shall be or seem to be calculated to carry out or effectuate the objects of the measure, or conducive to the same.

And, for the purposes of the said Act, power will be taken to alter and amend, and in part repeal, the several Acts of Parliament before mentioned, and also the following other Local Acts in regard to the Glasgow and Carlisle Turnpike Road, including the Evan Water Road, viz.—the Acts 38 George 3, chapter 21; 56 George 3, chapter 83; 58 George 3, chapter 144; 59 George 3, chapter 90; and 1st and 2d George 4, chapter 127; and all Acts of Parliament whatsoever which will interfere with the provisions of the proposed Bill.

Printed Copies of the Bill will be deposited in the Private Bill Office of the House of Commons on or before the 23d day of December next.

Dated this Third day of November, 1864.

ALEXANDER SIMPSON,
Clerk to the Road Trustees, Dumfries.

MAITLAND & GRAHAM,
College Street, Westminster,
Parliamentary Agents.

UNIVERSITY OF ABERDEEN.

3d November 1864.

INTIMATION is Hereby Made that the Reverend WILLIAM MEARNS, M.A., Minister of Kinneff, has been duly elected by the General Council of the University of Aberdeen, an Assessor in the University Court of the said University, for the period of four years from and after the 12th day of October last, being the day of the last meeting of the said General Council.

P. C. CAMPBELL, D.D., Principal,
President of the meeting of the General Council.

JOHN FYFE, A.M., Registrar.

INTIMATION is Hereby Given that GEORGE GIBB SHIRRA GIBB, Esquire of Cults, Heir of Entail in possession of the Entailed Estates of CULTS, in the Parish of Banchory-Devenick, AUCHRONIE, in the Parish of Kinnellar, and STONEGAVEL, in the Parish of Peter-Culter, all in the County of Aberdeen, has presented a Petition to the Lords of Council and Session, (First Division, Junior Lord Ordinary,—Mr Skene, Clerk,) in terms of the Acts 11 and 12 Vict., cap. 36, 16 and 17 Vict., cap. 94, and 23 and 24 Vict., cap. 95, praying their Lordships—*first*, to find and declare that the Petitioner has expended on the said Estates since the passing of the Act 11 and 12 Vict., cap. 36, on Improvements of the nature contemplated by the Act 10 Geo. III., cap. 51, the 20th Section of the Act 11 and 12 Vict., cap. 36, and the Act 23 and 24 Vict., cap. 95, the sum of L.2,779, 18s. 6d., or such other sum, more or less, as may be ascertained in the course of the proceedings to follow thereon, whereof L.1,312, 0s. 8d., or thereby, have been expended on the Mansion-house and Offices on the Estate of Cults, and the sum of L.1,467, 17s. 10d., or thereby, on other portions of the said Entailed Estates; and to grant warrant to and authorise him to execute, in favour of any person or persons advancing the amount, a Bond of Annualrent, or Bonds of Annualrent, in ordinary form, over the said Entailed Estates, or any portion thereof, binding the Petitioner and his Heirs of Entail to make payment of an Annualrent during the period of 25 years from and after the date of their Lordships' decree, or during such part of the said period as may remain unexpired at the date or dates of such Bond or Bonds, said Annualrent not exceeding the sum of L.7, 2s. for every L.100 of the sums expended as aforesaid; or otherwise, in the option of the Petitioner, to grant warrant to and authorise him to execute over the said Entailed Estates, or any portion thereof other than the Mansion-house, Offices, and Policies thereof, in favour of any person or persons advancing two third parts of the said sum of L.2,779, 18s. 6d., or of such other sum as shall be ascertained as aforesaid to be the amount expended on the said Improvements, a Bond and Disposition in Security, or Bonds and Dispositions in Security, for the sum so advanced, in ordinary form, containing all the clauses usual in Bonds and Dispositions in Security granted over fee-simple property; and, *secondly*, to find and declare that, besides the sums expended on the aforesaid Improvements, the Petitioner has expended on the said Estates, in permanent Improvements of the nature contemplated by the 26th Section of the Act 11 and 12 Vict., cap. 36, the sum of L.736, 15s. 9d., or such other sum as shall be fixed as

aforesaid, and to grant warrant to and authorise him to uplift the sum of L.499, 2s. 9d., consigned in the Commercial Bank of Scotland, at Aberdeen, by the Deeside Railway Company, for permanent damage done by them to the said Estate of Cults, and the sum of L.205, consigned in the North of Scotland Bank, at Aberdeen, by the Aberdeen Police and Water Works Commissioners, for permanent damage done by them to the said Estate of Cults, and apply the said sums in extinction, *pro tanto*, of the said sum of L.736, 15s. 9d., or of such other sum as may be fixed to be the amount expended on said permanent Improvements; and in case the sum sustained as the amount expended in permanent Improvements shall fall short of the said sums of L.499, 2s. 9d., and L.205, to direct the balance of the said sums, if it be less than L.200, to be paid over to the Petitioner for his own use; and to find the Deeside Railway Company and the said Commissioners liable to the Petitioner in the expenses of the application and of the procedure to follow thereon, in so far as they are justly liable for the same: On which Petition the Honourable Lord Kinloch, officiating on the Bills, pronounced an Interlocutor, dated the 2d day of November 1864, appointing the said Petition to be advertised in the Edinburgh Gazette, and in the North British Advertiser and Aberdeen Journal Newspapers, in terms of the Statute.

PATRICK, M'EWEN, & CARMENT, W.S.,
Agents for Petitioner.

32, Albany Street, Edinburgh,
2d November 1864.

INTIMATION is Hereby Given that ROBERT KIRKPATRICK HOWAT, Esquire of Mabie, residing at Crindau Cottage, in the County of Dumfries, Heir of Entail in possession of the following several Entailed Lands and Estates, all situated in the Parish of Troqueer, and Stewartry of Kirkcudbright, viz. :—(1.) The Lands and Estate of MABIE, and Others; (2.) The Estate of CARRUCHAN, and Others; (3.) The Estate of NETHERTOWN, and Others; and (4.) The Lands of CARGENHOLM, and Others, has presented a Petition to the Lords of Council and Session, (First Division, Junior Lord Ordinary,—Mr Skene, Clerk,) in terms of the Acts 11th and 12th Victoria, cap. 36, and 16th and 17th Victoria, cap. 94, and relative Acts of Sederunt, praying their Lordships to grant warrant to, and authorise the Petitioner to make and execute Bonds and Dispositions in Security over the aforesaid several Entailed Lands and Estates, and Others, (other than the Mansion-houses, Offices, and Policies thereof,) in favour of Mrs Margaret Midgely Kirkpatrick Howat or Rimmer, spouse of Richard Rimmer, Esquire, residing at Crowhall, in the Parish of Stutton, and County of Suffolk, England; Alexander Kirkpatrick Howat, residing at Nether-town, in the Parish of Troqueer, and Stewartry of Kirkcudbright; Lonsdale Kirkpatrick Howat, Ensign in Her Majesty's 14th Regiment of Foot, presently in New Zealand, and Catherine Kirkpatrick Howat, residing at Crowhall aforesaid, for the respective proportions of the provisions to younger children, applicable to the said Lands and Estates and Others respectively, granted by the now deceased Robert Kirkpatrick Howat, Esquire of Mabie, and due and owing to the said several parties, with corresponding interest and penalties: On which Petition Lord Kinloch, Lord Ordinary officiating on the Bills, pronounced an Interlocu-

tor on 3d November 1864, *inter alia* appointing the Petition to be advertised in the Edinburgh Gazette, and Newspapers mentioned in the prayer thereof, in terms of the Statute.

HUNTER, BLAIR, & COWAN, W.S.,
Agents for the Petitioner.

Edinburgh, 7, York Place,
4th November 1864.

To the Creditors and other Persons interested in the Succession of the Deceased ALEXANDER ORR, Draper and Grocer in Kilbirnie, and Inspector of Poor of the Parish of Kilbirnie.

A Petition has been presented to the Court of Session, —First Division, Junior Lord Ordinary, Mr Skene Clerk,—by Mrs Agnes Knox or Orr, residing in Kilbirnie, Relict of the said deceased Alexander Orr, and as such interested in his succession,—the said deceased having left no settlement appointing Trustees, or others, parties having power to manage his estate,—praying under the Act 19 and 20 Vict., cap. 79, § 164, for the appointment of a Judicial Factor upon said estate; and which Petition will be again moved in Court on or after the 24th day of November 1864.—Of all which Notice is hereby given.

CAMPBELL, ESPIE, & BELL, W.S.,
Agents for the Petitioner,
6, Rutland Square, Edinburgh.

November 8, 1864.

NOTICE

TO THE CREDITORS OF

JOHN BRODIE, Draper in Kirkwall.

WE, the undersigned, Creditors of the said John Brodie, hereby call a general meeting of his Creditors under the Trust-Deed executed by him of date 17th January 1863, on Friday the 25th day of November 1864, at two o'clock afternoon, within the Office of Thomson & Craig, Accountants, 70, George Square, Glasgow, for the purpose of electing a Trustee or Trustees in succession to Mr David Byars, Merchant in Glasgow, now deceased, the Trustee nominated under said Trust-Deed, and also of electing a Committee of the Creditors,—all in terms of the Trust-Deed.

Glasgow, October 31, 1864.

ANDERSON & Co.
A. & W. PATERSON.
TANNAHILL, ROBERTSON, & Co.
MANN, BYARS, & Co.

SEQUESTRATION of BEDGAR, NEILSON, & COMPANY, Corn Merchants, Hope Street, Glasgow, and John Hutchison Bedgar and James Neilson, Corn Merchants there, the Individual Partners of that Company, as such Partners, and as Individuals.

THE Commissioners have audited my accounts, brought down to the 20th ultimo, postponed the declaration of a dividend, and dispensed with sending circulars to the Creditors.

JAMES THOMSON, Trustee.

70, George Square,
Glasgow, November 4, 1864.

WALTER MACKENZIE, Accountant in Glasgow, Trustee on the sequestrated estate of WILLIAM HUTCHISON, Timber Merchant and Ship Owner in Glasgow, and carrying on business there as a Timber Merchant under the Firm of WILLIAM HUTCHISON & COMPANY, of which Firm he is the sole Partner, and also a Partner of The CLYDESDALE SHIPPING COMPANY, Glasgow, as such Partner and as an Individual, hereby intimates that the Commissioners have postponed the declaration of any farther dividend until the recurrence of another statutory period.

WALTER MACKENZIE, Trustee.

66, St Vincent Street,
Glasgow, November 4, 1864.

SEQUESTRATION of ROBERT MARSHALL, Jeweller in Glasgow.

JOHN MILLER, Accountant in Glasgow, Trustee on said sequestrated estate, hereby intimates that his accounts, down to the 16th October last, have been audited by the Commissioners, who have postponed the declaration of any farther dividend, and dispensed with circulars to the Creditors.

Glasgow, October 5, 1864,
71 Queen Street.

JNO. MILLER, Trustee.

THE Estates of WILLIAM SMITH, Baker in Coldstream, in the Parish of Coldstream, and County of Berwick, were sequestrated on the 4th day of November 1864 years, by the Sheriff of Haddington and Berwick.

The first deliverance is dated the 4th day of November 1864 years.

The meeting to elect the Trustee and Commissioners is to be held at 12 o'clock noon, on Tuesday the 15th day of November 1864 years, within the Newcastle Arms Hotel, Coldstream.

A composition may be offered at this meeting; and to entitle Creditors to the first dividend, their oaths and grounds of debt must be lodged on or before the 4th day of March 1865 years.

A Warrant of Protection has been granted to the Bankrupt.

All future Advertisements relating to this sequestration will be published in the Edinburgh Gazette alone.

WM. CUNNINGHAM, Writer, Coldstream,
Agent.

THE Estates of HUGH FRASER & COMPANY, Wine and Malt Liquor Merchants and Bottlers in Glasgow, and of Hugh Fraser, Wine and Spirit Merchant in Pollokshaws, the only Individual Partner of said Company, as such Partner, and as an Individual, were sequestrated on the 7th day of November 1864, by the Court of Session.

The first deliverance is dated the 7th day of November 1864.

The meeting to elect the Trustee, or Trustees and Commissioners, is to be held at 12 o'clock noon, on Friday the 18th day of November 1864, within the Hall of the Faculty of Procurators, Glasgow.

A composition may be offered at this meeting; and to entitle Creditors to the first dividend, their oaths and grounds of debt must be lodged on or before the 7th day of March 1865.

The Sequestration has been remitted to the Sheriff-Court of the County of Lanark; and a Warrant of Protection granted to the Bankrupt.

All future Advertisements relating to this sequestration will be published in the Edinburgh Gazette alone.

A. HILL, W.S.,
60, Frederick Street, Edinburgh, Agent.

THE Estates of DAVID THOMSON, Tea and Coffee Merchant, Buchanan Street, Glasgow, were sequestrated on the 7th day of November 1864, by the Sheriff of Lanarkshire.

The first deliverance is dated 7th November 1864.

The meeting to elect the Trustee and Commissioners is to be held at 12 o'clock noon, on Tuesday the 15th day of November 1864, within the Faculty Hall, Saint George's Place, Glasgow.

A composition may be offered at this meeting; and to entitle Creditors to the first dividend, their oaths and grounds of debt must be lodged on or before the 7th day of March 1865.

A Warrant of Protection against Arrest or Imprisonment for Civil Debt has been granted to the Bankrupt until the meeting for election of Trustee.

All future Advertisements relating to this sequestration will be published in the Edinburgh Gazette alone.

DAVID HANNAY, Procurator,
180, West George Street, Glasgow, Agent.

SEQUESTRATION of JOHN BONNAR, Painter, 23, Lothian Street, Edinburgh.

JAMES REID, Writer and Accountant, Princes Street, Edinburgh, has been elected Trustee on the estate; and William Wilson, Watch Dealer, Saint Mary's Wynd, Edinburgh, Peter Purves, Paperhanging Merchant, No. 26, Greenside Place there, and Robert Hatch, Colour and Varnish Maker, 101, Dundas Street, Glasgow, have been elected Commissioners. The examination of the Bankrupt will take place within the Sheriff's Office, County Buildings, Lawnmarket, Edinburgh, on Wednesday the 16th day of November current, 1864, at 12 o'clock noon. The Creditors will meet within Lyon & Turnbull's Rooms, No. 51, George Street, Edinburgh, on Friday the 25th day of November current, at two o'clock afternoon. And Notice is hereby given that at the meeting for the election of Trustee and Commissioners, held on the 31st day of October last, the Bankrupt made offer of a composition of Two Shillings and Sixpence per pound upon his debts at the date of the sequestration of his estates, payable by equal instalments at one and four months after his final discharge, and also to pay and provide for the expenses attending the sequestration and the remuneration to the

Trustee, and offered Archibald Hamilton, Junior, Pawnbroker, Campbelltown, as his security for payment of the same. JAMES REID, Trustee.

72, Princes Street,
Edinburgh, November 8, 1864.

SEQUESTRATION of JOHN HAY, Contractor and Victualler, Stirling's Road, Glasgow.

ROBERT GALT, Junior, Accountant in Glasgow, has been elected Trustee on the estate; and Robert Bryson, Toll-Keeper, Barrloan, near Dumbarton, Daniel M'Gregor, Slater and Plasterer, Glasgow, and Duncan Bowie, Cartwright, Stirling's Road, Glasgow, have been elected Commissioners. The examination of the Bankrupt will take place in the Sheriff-Court-house, County Buildings, Glasgow, on Friday the 18th day of November current, at 12 o'clock noon. The Creditors will meet in the Writing-Chambers of the Trustee, 20, Buchanan Street, Glasgow, on Monday the 28th day of November current, at one o'clock afternoon.

ROBERT GALT, Junr. Trustee.

Glasgow, November 7, 1864.

SEQUESTRATION of WILLIAM HALLIDAY, Manufacturer of Paperhangings, Grove Road, Fountainbridge, Edinburgh.

JAMES KNOX, Accountant, Edinburgh, has been elected Trustee on the estate; and Charles James Henderson, No. 39, Royal Terrace, John Wilkie, Brass-founder and Tinplate Worker, Grove Works, Brandfield Street, and William Dallas M'Crie, Clerk, all of Edinburgh, have been elected Commissioners. The examination of the Bankrupt will take place within the Sheriff's Office, County Buildings, Lawnmarket, Edinburgh, on Monday the 14th day of November 1864, at 12 o'clock noon. The Creditors will meet in the Crown Hotel, Princes Street, Edinburgh, on Wednesday the 23d day of November 1864, at two o'clock afternoon.

JAMES KNOX, Trustee.

Edinburgh, November 7, 1864.

TO THE CREDITORS OF

HENRY CRAVEN GRIFFITHS, Professor of Music, residing in Killermont Street, Glasgow.

WILLIAM FREDERICK TODD, of No. 9, Mincing Lane, London, Gentleman, a Creditor on the sequestrated estates of the said Henry Craven Griffiths, do hereby intimate that the Sheriff of Lanarkshire has appointed a general meeting of the Creditors on said estates to be held within the Faculty Hall, Saint George's Place, Glasgow, on Wednesday the 16th of November current, at 12 o'clock noon, for the purpose of electing a new Trustee, in room of James Ewing Johnston, Accountant in Glasgow, furth of Scotland.

W. F. TODD.

Glasgow, November 4, 1864.

SEQUESTRATION of JAMES M'KILLOP, Cook and Confectioner in Ayr.

I hereby call a general meeting of the Creditors on this estate to be held within the Office of John Goudie, Writer in Ayr, on Wednesday the 30th day of November current, at one o'clock afternoon, to consider as to an application to be made by me for my discharge as Trustee.

JAS. M'LENNAN, Trustee.

Town's Buildings, November 4, 1864.

ARCHIBALD WOODSIDE, Accountant, Glasgow, Trustee on the sequestrated estates of ROBERT STEWART & COMPANY, Merchants, lately at No. 1, West Regent Street, Glasgow, and Robert Stewart, residing in Glasgow, sole Partner of said Firm, hereby calls a general meeting of the Creditors on the said sequestrated estates to be held within the Office of the Trustee, on Friday the 18th day of November current, at 11 o'clock forenoon, to take into consideration an offer of composition to be made by the said Robert Stewart & Company.

ARCHD. WOODSIDE, Trustee.

Glasgow, November 7, 1864.

JOHN MOODIE, Accountant, Airdrie, Trustee on the sequestrated estate of ROBERT LIVINGSTON, Coalmaster, Rawyards, near Airdrie, hereby calls a general meeting of the Creditors on said estate to be held within the Royal Hotel here, on Thursday the 17th day of November current, at one o'clock P.M., to take into consideration an offer of composition then to be made.

JNO. MOODIE, Trustee.

Airdrie, November 7, 1864.

JAMES WINK, Accountant, Glasgow, Trustee on the sequestrated estate of JAMES YOUNG, otherwise JAMES MILLER YOUNG, Baker and Confectioner, 290, Buchanan Street, Glasgow, hereby intimates that an account of his intromissions with the funds of the estate, brought down to the 22d ultimo, has been examined by the Commissioners; farther, in respect there are no funds for division, I hereby call a general meeting of the Creditors to be held within the Office of George Wink & Son, Accountants, 175, West George Street, Glasgow, on Thursday the 1st day of December next, at 12 o'clock noon, to consider as to an application to be made for the Trustee's discharge.

JAMES WINK.

Glasgow, November 7, 1864.

JOHN THOMSON DUNCAN, Accountant in Glasgow, Trustee on the sequestrated estate of PETER CAMPBELL, Draper, and Dealer in Paperhangings and Floor Cloth and Carpetings, Greenside Street, Edinburgh, hereby intimates that at a meeting of Creditors held on 5th instant the Bankrupt offered a composition upon his debts as at the date of sequestration, and also to pay or provide for the expenses attending the sequestration and the remuneration to the Trustee, and offered security for payment; that the Creditors present unanimously entertained said offer for consideration, and that it will be decided upon at a meeting of the Creditors which is hereby called to be held within Dowell's Rooms, No. 18, George Street, Edinburgh, on Monday 28th November current, at 12 o'clock noon.

J. THOMSON DUNCAN, Trustee.

42, West George Street,
Glasgow, November 7, 1864.

JOHN GRANT, Junior, Coach Proprietor, Inverness, Trustee on the sequestrated estate of JOHN M'DONALD, Grocer and Spirit Merchant, Inverness, hereby intimate that at the second general meeting of Creditors held upon the 4th day of November current, the Bankrupt offered to the Creditors a composition on his whole debts of Eight Shillings per pound, payable at four and eight months after his final discharge, with security; that the Creditors present unanimously entertained said offer for consideration, and that it will be decided upon at a meeting of the Creditors to be held within the Office of Macpherson & MacAndrew, Solicitors, 7, Castle Street, Inverness, on Saturday the 26th current, at 12 o'clock noon.

JOHN GRANT, Jr. Trustee.

Inverness, November 4, 1864.

JAMES M'LAREN, House-Factor, Airdrie, Trustee on the sequestrated estates of JAMES SHANKS, Wright at Sunnyside, Coatbridge, and Farmer at Wattstown, near Airdrie, in the County of Lanark, (now deceased,) hereby intimates that at the meeting of Creditors held upon the 21st day of October last Mrs Bethea Shanks, residing at Wattstown, widow of the Bankrupt, offered to the Creditors a composition on his whole debts of Two Shillings and Sixpence per pound, payable within one month of the date of the discharge in the sequestration, and farther offered to pay or provide for the whole expenses attending the sequestration and Trustee's remuneration, with security; and that the Creditors present unanimously entertained said offer for consideration; and Notice is hereby given that it will be decided upon at a meeting of the Creditors to be held within the Writing-Chambers of Messrs Macfarlane & Andrew, Solicitors, Bank Street, Airdrie, upon Thursday the 17th day of November current, at two o'clock afternoon.

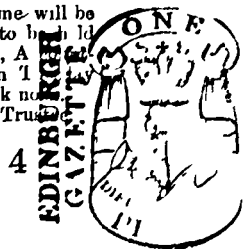
JAMES M'LAREN, Trustee.

Airdrie, November 3, 1864.

WILLIAM JOHNSTON, Accountant, Glasgow, Trustee on the sequestrated estate of HOME & CALDER, Clothiers, Aberdeen, and William Calder, Merchant Tailor in Aberdeen, Individual Partner of that Company, hereby intimates that at the meeting of Creditors held upon the 3d day of November current, the Bankrupt, William Calder, offered to the Creditors, in addition to the dividend of One Shilling and Sixpence per pound already paid to them, a composition on his whole debts of Sixpence per pound, payable at one month after his final discharge, with security; which offer and security the Creditors present unanimously entertained for consideration; and Notice is hereby given that the same will be decided upon at a meeting of the Creditors to be held within the Chambers of M'Cubbin & Johnston, Accountants, 93, West Regent Street, Glasgow, upon Thursday the 29th day of November current, at 12 o'clock noon.

W. JOHNSTON, Trustee.

Glasgow, November 7, 1864.



JAMES FORBES, Senior, Merchant, Aberdeen, Trustee on the sequestrated estate of DAVID COWIE, Furnishing Tailor, Fettercairn, in the County of Kincardine, hereby intimates that a dividend will be paid to those Creditors whose claims have been admitted by the Trustee, at his Counting-house in Market Street, Aberdeen, on the 26th day of December next.

JAMES FORBES, Senr. Trustee.

Aberdeen, November 5, 1864.

TO THE CREDITORS OF
WILLIAM M'CONNELL, Farmer, M'Crindlestone, in the Parish of Girvan.

THE Commissioners have audited my accounts up to 19th October, and postponed declaring a dividend until the recurrence of another statutory period, and dispensed with sending circulars to the Creditors.

W. MURRAY, Trustee.

Girvan, November 7, 1864.

THE Trustee on the sequestrated estates of JOHN CAMERON, Saw Miller, Aberfeldy, hereby intimates that his accounts have been audited by the Commissioners, who have postponed declaration of a dividend until next statutory period.

D. MACINTYRE, Trustee.

Glasgow, November 7, 1864.

JAMES CROSBIE, Bank Agent in Banff, Trustee of the sequestrated estate of JOHN HAY, Farmer, Whitefield, in the Parish of Forglen, and County of Banff, hereby intimates that he has had no intromissions with the funds of the estate since statutory period, and that the Commissioners have postponed the payment of a dividend till the next statutory period, and dispensed with sending circulars to the Creditors.

JAS. CROSBIE, Trustee.

Banff, November 3, 1864.

THE Copartnership carried on by the Subscribers, the sole Partners, as Engravers, Lithographers, and Printers in Edinburgh, under the Firm of ROBERT HOME & COMPANY, was DISSOLVED by mutual consent on 21st October 1864. The Subscriber, Bruce James Home, will continue to carry on the business under the same Firm, for his sole behoof.

MARGARET HOME,

BRUCE J. HOME.

HENRY A. SUTHERLAND, Mercantile Clerk,
Edinburgh, Witness.

J. THOMSON SAWERS, Accountant, Edinburgh, Witness.

Edinburgh, November 4, 1864.

N.B.—The Fees of all Notices must be paid in advance, and all Letters post-paid.

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* * * *This Gazette is filed at the Offices of the London and Dublin Gazettes.*

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