



# The Edinburgh Gazette.

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BUCKINGHAM PALACE, February 6, 1866.

**T**HIS day Her Majesty proceeded in state from Buckingham Palace to the House of Peers, where she arrived soon after two o'clock; and was received on alighting from Her state carriage, by the Lord Chancellor, the Lord President, the Lord Privy Seal, Lord Colville of Culross, officiating for the Lord Great Chamberlain, (the Lord Willoughby de Eresby,) the Deputy Earl Marshal, Garter King of Arms, and Black Rod, and proceeded into the House in the usual order:—the crown was borne by the Marquis of Lansdowne, the sword of state by the Lord President, and the cap of maintenance by the Marquis of Winchester.

Her Majesty being seated on the Throne, and the Great Officers of State and others standing in their respective places on the right and left, Black Rod was sent with a message from Her Majesty to the House of Commons, commanding their immediate attendance in the House of Peers. The Commons being come thither accordingly, Her Majesty was pleased to deliver to the Lord Chancellor the following most gracious Speech to both Houses of Parliament, which Her Majesty commanded his Lordship to read, and which he accordingly did:

*My Lords and Gentlemen,*

It is with great satisfaction that I have recourse to your assistance and advice.

I have recently declared my consent to a Marriage between my daughter Princess Helena and Prince Christian of Schleswig-Holstein Sonderbourg-Augustenburg. I trust the union may be prosperous and happy.

The death of my beloved uncle the King of the Belgians has affected me with profound grief. I feel great confidence, however, that the wisdom which he evinced during his reign will animate his successor, and preserve for Belgium her independence and prosperity.

My relations with Foreign Powers are friendly and satisfactory, and I see no cause to fear any disturbance of the general peace.

The meeting of the Fleets of France and England in the ports of the respective countries has tended to cement the amity of the two Nations, and to prove to the world their friendly concert in the promotion of peace.

I have observed with satisfaction that the United States, after terminating successfully the severe struggle in which they were so long engaged, are wisely repairing the ravages of civil war. The Abolition of Slavery is an event calling forth the cordial sympathies and congratulations of this country, which has always been foremost in showing its abhorrence of an institution repugnant to every feeling of justice and humanity.

I have at the same time the satisfaction to inform you that the exertions and perseverance of my Naval Squadron have reduced the Slave Trade on the West Coast of Africa within very narrow limits.

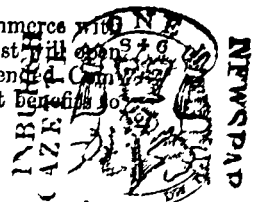
A correspondence has taken place between my Government and that of the United States with respect to injuries inflicted on American Commerce by Cruizers under the Confederate Flag. Copies of this correspondence will be laid before you.

The renewal of Diplomatic relations with Brazil has given me much satisfaction; and I acknowledge with pleasure that the good offices of my ally the King of Portugal have contributed essentially to this happy result.

I have to regret the interruption of Peace between Spain and Chili. The good offices of my Government, in conjunction with those of the Government of the Emperor of the French, have been accepted by Spain, and it is my earnest hope that the causes of disagreement may be removed in a manner honourable and satisfactory to both countries.

The negotiations which have been long pending in Japan, and which have been conducted with great ability by my Minister in that country, in conjunction with the representatives of my allies in Japan, have been brought to a conclusion which merits my entire approbation. The existing Treaties have been ratified by the Mikado; it has been stipulated that the Tariff shall be revised in a manner favourable to Commerce, and that the indemnity due under the terms of the Convention of October 1864 shall be punctually discharged.

I have concluded a Treaty of Commerce with the Emperor of Austria, which I trust will open to that Empire the blessings of extended Commerce, and be productive of important benefits to both countries.



The deplorable events which have occurred in the Island of Jamaica have induced me to provide at once for an impartial inquiry, and for the due maintenance of authority during that inquiry, by appointing a distinguished Military Officer as Governor and Commander of the Forces. I have given him the assistance of two able and learned Commissioners, who will aid him in examining into the origin, nature, and circumstances of the recent outbreak and the measures adopted in the course of its suppression. The Legislature of Jamaica has proposed that the present Political Constitution of the Island should be replaced by a new form of Government. A bill upon this subject will be submitted for your consideration.

Papers on these occurrences will be laid before you.

Papers on the present state of New Zealand will be laid before you.

I have given directions for the return to this country of the greater portion of my regular forces employed in that Colony.

I watch with interest the proceedings which are still in progress in British North America with a view to a closer union among the Provinces, and I continue to attach great importance to that object.

I have observed with great concern the extensive prevalence during the last few months of a virulent distemper among cattle in Great Britain, and it is with deep regret, and with sincere sympathy for the sufferers, that I have learnt the severe losses which it has caused in many counties and districts. It is satisfactory to know that Ireland and a considerable part of Scotland are as yet free from this calamity, and I trust that, by the precautions suggested by experience, and by the Divine blessing on the means which are now being employed, its further extension may be arrested.

The Orders which have been made by the Lords of my Privy Council, by virtue of the powers vested in them by law, with a view to prevent the spreading of this disease, will be laid before you; and your attention will be called to the expediency of an Amendment of the Law relating to a subject so deeply affecting the interests of my people.

*Gentlemen of the House of Commons,*

I have directed that the Estimates of the ensuing year shall be laid before you. They have been prepared with a due regard to economy, and are at the same time consistent with the maintenance of efficiency in the Public Service.

The condition of trade is satisfactory.

*My Lords and Gentlemen,*

A Conspiracy, adverse alike to authority, property, and religion, and disapproved and condemned alike by all who are interested in their maintenance, without distinction of creed or class, has unhappily appeared in Ireland. The constitutional power of the ordinary tribunals has been exerted for its repression, and the authority of the law has been firmly and impartially vindicated.

A Bill will be submitted to you, founded on the Report of the Royal Commission, on the subject of Capital Punishment, which I have directed to be laid before you.

Bills will be laid before you for amending and consolidating the laws relating to Bankruptcy, and for other improvements in the law.

Measures will also be submitted to you for extending the system of Public Audit to Branches of Receipt and Expenditure which it has not

hitherto reached, and for amending the provisions of the law with respect to certain classes of Legal Pensions.

Your attention will be called to the subject of Oaths taken by Members of Parliament, with a view to avoid unnecessary declarations, and to remove invidious distinctions between Members of different religious communities in matters of legislation.

I have directed that information should be procured in reference to the Rights of Voting in the Election of Members to serve in Parliament for Counties, Cities, and Boroughs.

When that information is complete, the attention of Parliament will be called to the result thus obtained, with a view to such improvements in the laws which regulate the Rights of Voting in the Election of Members of the House of Commons as may tend to strengthen our free Institutions, and conduce to the public welfare.

In these and in all other deliberations I fervently pray that the blessing of Almighty God may guide your counsels to the promotion of the happiness of my people.

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FOREIGN OFFICE, February 6, 1866.

The Queen has been pleased to approve of Mr J. W. May, Junior, as Consul in London for His Majesty the King of the Netherlands.

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[The following Notice is substituted for that which appeared in the Gazette of the 23d ultimo.]

DOWNING STREET, January 22, 1866.

The Queen has been pleased to appoint William Downes Griffith, Esq., Barrister-at-Law, to be Attorney-General for the Colony of the Cape of Good Hope.

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DUBLIN CASTLE, February 5, 1866.

The Lord Lieutenant has been pleased to approve of the appointment of Arthur C. Innes, Esq., M.P., to be a Deputy Lieutenant for the County of Down, in the room of Major P. R. M. Browne, deceased.

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DUBLIN CASTLE, February 7, 1866.

The Lord Lieutenant has been pleased to appoint Richard Martin, Esq., North Wall, Dublin, to be High Sheriff for the County of the City of Dublin for the present year.

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THE following Notices have been received by the Clerk of the Council from the Local Authorities appointed under the Orders of the Lords of the Council, relating to the "Cattle Plague," and are published in the London Gazette in conformity with the requirements of the 18th section of their Lordships' Order of the 23d November 1865 :—

#### CATTLE PLAGUE.

*Berwickshire.*

NOTICE is hereby given, that Her Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the County of Berwick, in Special General Sessions assembled at Greenlaw, of the date hereof, in terms of the powers conferred upon them by the Order of the Lords

of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, of date 23d November 1865, declared, and hereby declare, in terms of the sixteenth section of the said Order, that, with a view to prevent the spreading of the Cattle Plague, it is expedient, from this date to the 1st day of March next, to prevent the removal of animals as defined in said Order (under which term is included "any cow, heifer, bull, bullock, ox, calf, sheep, lamb, goat, or swine,") to any market or fair, or to any place whatever within their jurisdiction, for the purpose of exhibition or sale, with the following exceptions, viz., that any animal of the kind enumerated in said Order, may, if fat and fit for the butcher, either to be sent by the feeder to any local butcher direct for slaughtering, and to be by him slaughtered within forty-eight hours of its reaching his custody, or may be sent by the feeder to the nearest railway station (with reference to its destination) to be forwarded to any market to be sold for slaughter, without the power of being brought back alive; and under the exceptions and conditions foresaid, they declared, and hereby declare, that it shall not be lawful for any person to bring or send any such animal into such market or fair, or into any place within the jurisdiction of said Justices, viz., the county of Berwick, for the purpose of exhibition or sale, or to receive, exhibit, buy, or sell any such animals so brought or sent.

And the said Justices of the Peace declared and hereby further declare, in terms of the 18th section of said Order, that it is expedient, with a view to prevent the spreading of said disorder from this date to the 1st day of March next, that no cow, heifer, bull, bullock, ox, or calf shall be brought into any place within the jurisdiction of said Justices, viz., the county of Berwick, from any place in Great Britain beyond their said jurisdiction. And it is hereby declared that it shall not be lawful for any person to bring or send any animal, as above described, from any place in Great Britain beyond the jurisdiction of the Justices of the county of Berwick, into any place within such jurisdiction.

Every person offending against any of these Orders shall, in terms of the said Order of Council and relative Acts of Parliament, for every such offence forfeit any sum not exceeding £20, to be recovered as therein directed.

By Order of the Justices,

JONATHAN MELROSE, Clerk of the Peace.

Coldstream, 8th December 1865.

### CATTLE PLAGUE.

*Berwickshire.*

NOTICE is hereby given, that Her Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the county of Berwick, in Special General Sessions assembled at Greenlaw, of the date hereof, in terms of the powers conferred upon them by the Order of the Lords of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council of date 16th December 1865, declared, and hereby declare, (in terms of the 4th section of said Order,) that it is expedient to prohibit, from this date until the 1st day of March next, the removal of any cow, heifer, bull, bullock, ox, or calf, from place to place generally within their jurisdiction in the county of Berwick, except the same be fat and fit for the butcher, or be a cow or heifer going to or returning from bull, in either of which cases any such animal may, in so far as not prohibited

by the Orders of Council, either be sent by the feeder to the local butcher direct for slaughtering, and to be by him slaughtered within forty-eight hours of its reaching his custody, or may be sent by the feeder to the nearest railway station, to be sent out of the county, without the power of being brought back alive, or being a cow or heifer, may be sent to or from the bull; provided always, that previous to the removal of any such animal as aforesaid, the owner or person having care of such animal shall make a declaration before a Justice of the Peace for the county, resident in the neighbourhood, which shall satisfy such Justice that such animal is free from cattle plague, and has not been in the same shed or stable, or in the same herd, or in contact with any animal affected or suspected to be affected with cattle plague for the preceding four weeks, and shall apply for and obtain from the said Justice, if he see fit to grant the same, a licence in duplicate, authorizing him to remove said animal, which declaration and one of said licences shall be delivered to the nearest constable personally, previous to the removal of said animal, that the Chief Constable may report thereon to the Justices; and, under the exceptions and conditions foresaid, no animal as above described shall be removed from one place to any other place within their said jurisdiction; declaring that nothing contained in this resolution shall prohibit removal from one part to another part of the same farm or holding.

As it is stated that an opinion prevails in several quarters that the penalty incurred for a breach of the Order of Council cannot exceed £20, whatever the number of cattle removed, the Justices think it their duty to make it public that the Under Secretary in the Home Department has intimated that the penalty (not exceeding £20) applies to each animal of the lot.

Every person offending against any of these orders shall, in terms of the said Order in Council and relative Acts of Parliament, for every such offence forfeit any sum not exceeding £20, to be recovered as therein directed.

Forms of licences for removal of cattle will be immediately forwarded to each Justice of Peace residing in the county.

By Order of the Justices,

JONATHAN MELROSE, Clerk of the Peace.

Coldstream, 11th January 1866.

### CATTLE PLAGUE.

*Berwickshire.*

NOTICE is hereby given, that Her Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the county of Berwick, in an adjourned General Sessions assembled at Greenlaw, of the date hereof, in terms of the powers conferred upon them by the Order of the Lords of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council of date 23d November 1865, declared, and do hereby declare, in terms of the 18th section of said Order, that it is expedient, with a view to prevent the spreading of said disorder, from this date to the 1st day of March next, that no sheep, lamb, goat, or swine, shall be brought into any place within the jurisdiction of said Justices, in the county of Berwick, from any place in Great Britain beyond their said jurisdiction. And it is hereby declared that it shall not be lawful for any person to bring or send any animal as above described from any place in Great

Britain beyond the jurisdiction of the Justices of the county of Berwick, into any place within such jurisdiction.

And the said Justices of the Peace, in terms of the powers conferred upon them by the Order of the Lords of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, of date 20th January 1866, farther declared and hereby declare, in terms of the 1st section of said Order, that it is expedient, with a view to prevent the spreading of such disorders, from this day to the 1st day of March next, that no raw or untanned hides, or skins, or horns, or hoofs, of any cow, heifer, bull, bullock, ox, calf, sheep, lamb, goat, or swine, except such hides, skins, horns or hoofs, as are directly imported into the United Kingdom from India, Australia, South Africa, or America, and that no offal of any such animals as aforesaid, and no dung, hay, straw, fodder, or litter, likely to propagate infection, shall be brought or sent from any place in Great Britain to any place within their jurisdiction. And the Justices declared and hereby declare, that it shall not be lawful for any person to bring or send any hides, skins, horns, hoofs, or offal, or other article as aforesaid, from any place in Great Britain beyond their jurisdiction into any place within their jurisdiction, except as excepted in said Order.

Every person offending against any of these Orders shall, in terms of the said Order of Council and relative Acts of Parliament, for every such offence forfeit any sum not exceeding £20, to be recovered as therein directed.

By Order of the Justices,

JONATHAM MELROSE, Clerk of the Peace.

Coldstream, 27th January 1866.

### CATTLE PLAGUE.

#### *County of Dumbarton.*

NOTICE is hereby given, that Her Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the county of Dumbarton, in Sessions assembled at Dumbarton, on the 26th day of January 1866, in virtue of the powers conferred by the Order of Her Majesty's Privy Council, dated 16th December last, as extended by the Order of the Privy Council of the 20th, and published in the London Gazette of the 23d days of January current, resolved, and with a view to prevent the spreading of the Cattle Plague, declared, that it is expedient for and during the period from the publication of this notice to the 1st day of March next, that no cow, heifer, bull, bullock, ox, calf, sheep, lamb, goat, or swine, nor any raw or untanned hides or skins, nor any horns or hoofs of any such animals, except such hides, skins, horns, or hoofs, as are directly imported into the United Kingdom from India, Australia, South Africa, or America, nor any dung, hay, straw, fodder, or litter, likely to propagate infection, shall be removed from place to place generally within the jurisdiction of the local authority of the county of Dumbarton, in terms of the 4th clause of the first-mentioned Order in Council, extended as aforesaid, but under the provisos contained in the 2d clause of said Order in Council of date 20th January current, and under the further proviso that said resolution shall not make it unlawful for any person to remove such animals, or any such horns, hoofs, offal, or other articles as aforesaid, from place to place on the same farm on which they are situated, or across or along any

public or parish road in so far as it intersects the said farm; and that, after notice shall have been published of this resolution and declaration it shall not be lawful for any person or persons to remove any such animals, nor any such hides, horns, hoofs, offal, or other articles as aforesaid, from place to place generally within the said jurisdiction, excepting under the foresaid provisos.

Notice is also hereby given, that the said Justices of Peace, assembled as aforesaid, considering that by said Order in Council dated 20th January current, their resolution of date 21st December last prohibiting any cow, heifer, bull, bullock, ox, calf, sheep, lamb, goat, or swine, being brought from any other part of Great Britain into any place within their jurisdiction until 1st March next, of which due notice was given, is now extended to all raw or untanned hides and skins, and all horns or hoofs of any such animals, except such hides, skins, horns, or hoofs as are directly imported into the United Kingdom from India, Australia, South Africa, or America, and to the offal of any such animals as aforesaid, and also to all dung, hay, straw, fodder, or litter, likely to propagate infection, therefore resolved and declared, and do hereby resolve and declare, that it shall not be lawful for any person, in contravention of said notice, to bring or send any hide, skin, horn, hoof, offal, or other article as aforesaid, from any place in Great Britain beyond such jurisdiction to any place within such jurisdiction, under the provisos contained in the first clause of said last-mentioned Order in Council.

Every person offending against the above Orders is liable to be prosecuted for a penalty not exceeding £20 for each offence.

As it is stated that an opinion prevails in several quarters that the penalty incurred for a breach of the Orders of Council cannot exceed £20, whatever the number of cattle removed, the Justices think it their duty to make it public that the Under Secretary in the Home Department has intimated that the penalty (not exceeding £20) applies to each animal of the lot.

By Order of the Justices,

JOHN DENNY, Clerk of the Peace.

Court-House, Dumbarton,  
30th January 1866.

### CATTLE PLAGUE.

#### *County of Linlithgow.*

NOTICE is hereby given, that Her Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the county of Linlithgow, in Special General Sessions assembled at Linlithgow, of the date hereof, in terms of the powers conferred on them by an Order of the Lords of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, of date 23d November 1865, declared, and hereby declare, that they deem it expedient, with a view to prevent the spreading of the Cattle Plague, to adopt, for the period of two months, from 1st January to 1st March 1866, the 16th section of the said Order in Council of 23d November 1865, viz.:—"That no cow, heifer, bull, bullock, ox, calf, sheep, lamb, goat, or swine, shall be brought to any market or fair, or to any place within the county of Linlithgow, for the purpose of exhibition, or for sale, with the following exceptions, viz.:—That any of the above animals if fat or fit for the butcher, may be sent to any local butcher direct, to be slaughtered by him within forty-eight hours of its reaching its destination; or may

be sent by rail, or travelled on foot, to a fat market, provided a certificate of such animal's being free from the plague, and not being from an infected herd, be obtained from a Justice of the Peace, and from the Inspector, and that such animal, when thus removed, shall be slaughtered at the place to which it has been sent."

And the said Justices of the Peace declared, and hereby further declare, that they also deem it expedient, for the foresaid reason, and for the same period, viz., from 1st January to 1st March 1866, to adopt the 18th section of the said Order in Council, as far as regards cows, heifers, bulls, bullocks, oxen, and calves, viz.:—"That none of these animals be brought from any part of Great Britain into any place within the county of Linlithgow; but that, during the said period, sheep, lambs, goats, and swine may be brought from any other part of Great Britain into any part of the county of Linlithgow, provided that there be sent with them a certificate from the Inspector or a Justice of Peace of the district from which they are sent, that said animals are free from Cattle Plague, and have not been in contact with animals suffering from it, and have not been in a public market for four weeks at least before they are sent into said county."

Every person offending against any of these orders shall, in terms of the said Order in Council and relative Acts of Parliament, for every such offence forfeit any sum not exceeding £20.

By Order of the Justices,

JOHN HARDY, Clerk of the Peace.

Linlithgow, 22d December 1865.

The Inspectors appointed by the Justices of Peace are requested to give immediate information to the Chief-Constable of the county, or to the nearest Police Constable, of any contravention of the Privy Council Orders, or of the above resolutions of the Justices.

### CATTLE PLAGUE.

#### *Linlithgowshire.*

NOTICE is hereby given, that Her Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the county of Linlithgow, in Special General Sessions assembled at Linlithgow, on 23d January 1866, in terms of the powers conferred upon them by the Order issued by Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, dated the 23d day of November 1865, and the 16th day of December 1865, respectively, having resolved, as they deem it expedient for preventing the further spreading of the Cattle Plague, to revoke the resolutions formerly come to at their meeting of 22d December last, under the 16th section of said Privy Council Order of 23d November 1865, and to alter, and rescind and modify the same, and also to adopt the 4th clause of the said Privy Council Order of 16th December 1865; and they therefore hereby declare that the said resolution of date 22d December last, under said 16th section of said Privy Council Orders, is hereby revoked.

And they further declare that on and after the 27th day of January current until the 1st day of March next, no cow, heifer, bull, bullock, ox, calf, sheep, lamb, goat, or swine, shall be sent or brought to any market or fair, or to any place within the county of Linlithgow, for the purpose of exhibition or sale.

Also, that within said period, no cow, heifer, bull, bullock, ox, or calf, shall be removed from

place to place within said county, but with the following exceptions:—

(1.) That any of the above animals, viz.—cow, heifer, bull, bullock, ox, or calf, may be moved from one place on a farm to another place on the same farm, as the exigencies or management of the same requires.

(2.) That the said animals, viz.—cow, heifer, bull, bullock, ox, or calf, may be sent or carried by railway through or out of said county of Linlithgow, provided that the owner of such animal or animals, or his or her farm-steward or overseer shall, not more than forty-eight hours before removal, make a solemn declaration in writing, or partly in writing and partly in print, before a Justice of the Peace, that such animal or animals are not suffering from Cattle Plague, and have not, within the immediately preceding four weeks, been on any farm or premises where cattle plague has existed; and shall obtain a licence in duplicate from such Justice of Peace, authorising such removal, which licence shall contain the number (if more than one), and a description of such animal or animals so to be removed, the place to which they are to be sent, and the purpose of removal; and said declaration, together with one of said licences, shall forthwith be transmitted by the said Justice of the Peace, by post, to the Clerk of the Peace at Linlithgow, for the information of the Justices.

(3.) That any cow, heifer, bull, bullock, ox, calf, sheep, lamb, goat, or swine, may be sent to any local butcher, or brought by him from any place within said county to his premises within the same, to be slaughtered within forty-eight hours from its arrival there, provided a like solemn declaration by the person from whose premises it is sent or brought, in the terms and to the effect as above, shall be obtained.

Further, the said Justices hereby declare that the above resolutions are not meant to interfere with their former resolutions of the said 22d December last, under the 18th section of said Privy Council Order of 23d November 1865, nor with any of the direct Orders and Regulations issued by the Privy Council of that or any other date, relative to animals attacked, or believed to be attacked, with the disease.

By Order of the Justices,

JOHN HARDY, Clerk of the Peace.

Justice of Peace Clerk's Office,

Linlithgow, 23d January 1866.

Printed forms of declarations, and licences for removal of animals, may be had from the Resident Justices, District Constables, Cattle Inspectors, or Clerk of the Peace.

### CATTLE PLAGUE.

#### *County of Elgin.*

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Justices of the Peace for the county of Elgin, assembled in Sessions at Elgin, on the 30th day of January current, under authority of the Orders pronounced by the Lords of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, dated respectively 23d November and 16th December 1865, and 20th January 1866, relative to the "Cattle Plague," unanimously resolved as follows, viz.:—"The Justices of the Peace for the county of Elgin, in Sessions assembled at Elgin, on the 30th day of January 1866, in exercise of the powers conferred upon them as the local authority within the

said county, by the Orders of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, dated respectively 23d November and 16th December 1865, and 20th January 1866, relative to the "Cattle Plague," do hereby, with a view to prevent the spreading of the said disorder, declare—1st. That it is expedient, for the period from this date to the 1st day of March next, that, subject to the exception in the Order of Council of date 20th January 1866, all raw or untanned hides and skins, and all horns and hoofs of the animals defined in said Orders, that is to say, cows, heifers, bulls, bullocks, oxen, calves, sheep, lambs, goats, and swine, and also of the offal of any such animals as aforesaid, shall not be brought from any part of Great Britain, either by sea or land, other than from places within the counties of Caithness, Sutherland, Ross, Cromarty, Inverness, and Nairn, and from that part of the county of Banff lying to the north of the river Deveron, to any place within the county of Elgin; it being conditioned that the hides allowed to be brought from the said portion of the county of Banff shall not be imported, but shall be taken off animals killed within that part of said county, and that said hides shall be accompanied by a certificate from a Justice of the Peace for Banffshire, or the authorised Inspector, that such has been the case, and that the animals were free of Rinderpest.—2d. That it is expedient, for the period from this date to the 1st day of March next, that all dung, hay, straw, fodder, or litter, shall not be brought from any part of those parts of the county of Elgin or Moray lying to the south and east of the river Spey, or from any other part of Great Britain, either by sea or land, to any place within those parts of the county of Elgin or Moray lying to the north and west sides of the river Spey, and that such dung, hay, straw, fodder, or litter shall be excluded accordingly; provided always, that it shall be lawful to import straw and hay from the county of Banff, on the condition that it is carried by the horses and carts of the parties importing it, and that it shall be accompanied by a certificate of two Justices of the Peace for Banffshire, that the place from where the hay or straw is taken is free from Rinderpest: And it is further ordered, that all certificates shall be lodged with the Chief Constable immediately on being received."

Persons offending against the said Order in Council shall, for each offence, forfeit a sum not exceeding twenty pounds, which the Justices before whom he or she shall be convicted may think fit to impose.

JAMES GRANT, Clerk of the Peace.

Elgin, January 30, 1866.

## CATTLE PLAGUE.

*County of Ayr.*

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Justices of Peace of the county of Ayr in Sessions assembled, in virtue of the powers conferred upon them by the Orders of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, of date 23d November and 16th December 1865, and 20th January 1866, with a view to prevent the spreading of the disorder designated the "Cattle Plague," resolve and hereby declare:—

I. That it is expedient, for the period from the 1st day of February to the 1st day of March next, that animals, (viz.—any cow, heifer, bull,

bullock, ox, calf, sheep, lamb, goat, or swine,) and all raw or untanned hides or skins, and all horns or hoofs of any of the animals above defined, (except such hides, skins, horns, or hoofs, as are directly imported into the United Kingdom from India, Australia, South Africa, or America,) and the offal of any such animals, and all dung or litter, shall not be brought from any other part of Great Britain, with the exception of the burghs of Ayr, Irvine, and Kilmarnock, into any place within the county of Ayr, within the jurisdiction of the said Justices; and it shall not be lawful for any person to bring or send any such animal, hides, skins, horns, or hoofs, offal, dung, or litter, from any place in Great Britain beyond such jurisdiction, except as aforesaid, into any place within such jurisdiction.

II. That it is expedient, for the period from 1st February to 1st March next, that no cow, heifer, bull, bullock, ox, calf, sheep, lamb, goat, or swine, shall be removed from place to place generally within the jurisdiction of the said Justices, or be permitted to be upon, or pass along, any public road or highway during the said period, with the following exceptions:—

(1.) Of animals sent or carried by railway through or out of the county for slaughter; (2.) Of fat cattle or sheep sent for immediate slaughter to any place within the county; (3.) Of cattle or sheep from a sound herd and from an uninfected steading sent to any other farm within the county: And the Justices ordain that in removing animals mentioned in the above exceptions, the following rules and regulations shall be observed, viz.:—

(1.) That no animal shall be removed unless under a certificate granted by a Justice of the Peace, other than the owner of the animal, on a report from two neighbouring farmers, within twenty-four hours from the time of removal, and which certificate shall only be in force for forty-eight hours from the time of granting the same.

(2.) That all animals removed under the 3d exception above written shall be so removed during daylight. (3.) That all certificates for the removal of animals shall specify the day and hour on which the same is granted; as also the number and description of the cattle to be removed, and the route by which they are to be driven.

(4.) That any party in charge of the removal of animals shall be in possession of the requisite certificate, and shall be bound to exhibit the same to any one calling for production thereof, and failing such production, shall be liable in the same penalty or penalties as if such certificate had never been granted, any such certificate being held as forfeited. (5.) That all animals before being removed shall be marked or branded with the letter "A" on the left hip of the animal, and the Justice in his certificate shall set forth that the cattle were so branded or marked,—provided always that the foregoing regulations shall not apply:

(1.) To cows being sent to the nearest available bull.

(2.) To animals, as above-mentioned, in crossing or passing along a public road from one portion of a farm to another; or, where it is necessary to use a public road, on the way to or from the shed or house in which such animals are accustomed to be kept.

The foregoing resolutions are subject to the provisos contained in the Orders in Council, which are as follows:—

Nothing contained in the Order shall make it unlawful for any person to send or carry any such animals, hides, skins, horns, hoofs, offal, or other articles as aforesaid, by railway, through such jurisdiction, or to send or carry any such animals, or any such hides, skins, horns, hoofs, offal, or other articles as aforesaid, if brought by sea, from any place out of Great Britain into such jurisdiction to the nearest convenient railway station, for the purpose of carrying them through or out of such jurisdiction; and nothing contained in the Order shall make it unlawful for any person to bring or send, with the licence of any two Justices acting in and for the jurisdiction to which such notice applies, any such animals, hides, skins, horns, hoofs, offal, or other articles as aforesaid, from any land or premises in his own occupation and beyond such jurisdiction, to any other land or premises in his own occupation within such jurisdiction, during a time to be specified in such licence.

By Order,

DAVID SHAW, Clerk to the Peace  
for the County of Ayr.

County Buildings,  
Ayr, 31st January 1866.

#### CATTLE PLAGUE.

*County of Kincardine.*

THE Justices of the Peace for the county of Kincardine, in Sessions assembled at Stonehaven, the 3d day of February 1866, resolved, under the powers conferred by the several Orders of Her Majesty's Privy Council, dated respectively the 23d day of November and the 16th day of December 1865, and the 23d day of January 1866, and with reference to their order or notice of 1st February 1866, and hereby resolve and give notice as follows:—

1. The third resolution of said order or notice is hereby amended by deleting the words "half an hour before sunrise," and substituting in their room the words "five of the clock in the morning," and the said resolution is to be read as follows: "That for the like period no such animals as aforesaid shall be allowed to be removed, or to travel, or to be on any public road or place within the said county of Kincardine, for any purpose whatever, during the time between half an hour after sunset and five of the clock in the morning."

2. That, notwithstanding the terms of the first resolution of said notice or order of 1st February 1866, it shall be lawful to bring or send any sheep, lamb, goat, or swine, from any other part of Great Britain into any place within the said county of Kincardine, to the westward of the boundary line defined and set forth in the sixth resolution of said notice or order, provided such animals are so sent or brought with a certificate from the Inspector, or a Justice of the Peace, of the district from which they are sent or brought that they are free from Cattle Plague, and have not been in contact with animals suffering from it.

Published by Order of the Justices,

A. GORDON BROWN,

Clerk of the Peace.

Stonehaven, 3d February 1866.

#### CATTLE PLAGUE.

*County of Kincardine.*

At a meeting of the Justices of the Peace for the county of Kincardine held at Stonehaven on the 1st day of February 1866, whereof Sir James Horne Burnett, Baronet, Lord Lieutenant of the county, was Chairman, it was resolved, under the powers conferred by the several Orders of Her Majesty's Privy Council dated respectively the 23d day of November and the 16th day of December 1865, and the 23d day of January 1866, and the Justices hereby resolve and give notice—

1. That, for the period from the 2d day of February to the 1st day of March next (1.) No cow, heifer, bull, bullock, ox, calf, sheep, lamb, goat, or swine; and (2.) No raw or untanned hides or skins, or horns or hoofs of any such animals as aforesaid (subject to the exceptions mentioned in said last-mentioned Order of Her Majesty's Privy Council); and (3.) No offal of any such animals as aforesaid, and no dung, hay, straw, fodder, or litter, likely to propagate infection, shall be brought or sent from any other place in Great Britain into the said county of Kincardine.

2. That, for the like period, no such animals as aforesaid shall be brought to any market or fair, or to any place within the said county, for the purpose of exhibition or sale.

3. That, for the like period, no such animals as aforesaid shall be allowed to be removed, or to travel, or to be on any public road or place within the said county of Kincardine, for any purpose whatever, during the time between half-an-hour after sunset and half-an-hour before sunrise.

4. That, for the like period, no such animals as aforesaid shall be removed from one place to another within the said county without a certificate by a District Inspector, or an Inspector of clean stock, that the animals are sound, and have not been in the same byre or stable, or in contact with animals suffering from Cattle Plague; suof certificate to be countersigned before removal of the animals by a delegate from the parish from which such animals are to be removed, and by a delegate from each of the parishes through and to which such animals are to pass. The Inspector granting such certificate shall brand each cow, heifer (except cows or heifers going to bull), bull, bullock, ox, or calf, to which it applies, on the left hip with the letter "K."

5. That, for the like period, no raw or untanned hides or skins, or horns or hoofs of any cow, heifer, bull, bullock, ox, or calf, sheep, lamb, goat, or swine (subject to the exceptions mentioned in said last-mentioned Order of Her Majesty's Privy Council), and no offal of any such animals as aforesaid, shall be removed from one place to another within the said county without a certificate by a District Inspector, or an Inspector of clean stock, countersigned in manner above mentioned, that the same are not infected, and do not come from an infected herd or steading. The Inspector granting the certificate shall brand each hide to which it applies with the letter "K."

6. That, for the like period, no such animals as aforesaid, and no raw or untanned hides or skins, or horns or hoofs of any such animals as aforesaid (subject to the exceptions mentioned in said last-mentioned Order of Her Majesty's Privy Council), and no offal of any such animals as aforesaid, and no dung, hay, straw, fodder, or litter, likely to propagate infection, shall be removed across the boundary line hereinafter described,

from any part of the said county lying to the westward or southward thereof, to any part of the said county lying to the eastward or northward thereof, except to the Laurencekirk Railway Station (with a certificate in manner before mentioned), for the purpose of being conveyed therefrom by railway out of the said county of Kincardine. The said boundary line is hereby defined and declared to run as follows, viz. :—From the mouth of the river North Esk along the march between the estates of Kirkside and Warburton to the point where said march intersects the wide open road, and from the point of intersection along said wide open road to the point where said road meets the Balhaggarty Road, and from the point of meeting of said roads in a straight line to the Tower of Johnston, thence in a straight line to the point where the Beattie Lodge Avenue intersects the east approach to Johnston Lodge, and thence northward along said Beattie Lodge Avenue to Beattie Lodge, and thence eastward along said avenue to the point where said avenue meets the Garvock Road, and thence in a straight line projected at right angles upon the Kirk Burn, thence down said burn to where it flows under the road between Laurencekirk and Auchinblae, thence along said road to the point where it crosses the Luther Water, thence up the principal stream of the Luther to the point where the road crosses it in front of the Castle of Drumtochty, thence in a straight line northward to the southeast corner of the parish of Strachan, near the Gail Moss, and thence westward and northward along the boundary of said parish till it meets the river Dee above Blackhall: Provided always, that this resolution shall not prevent the removal of any of the animals, matters, or things before-mentioned from any portion of any farm through which the said boundary line passes across the said boundary line to any other portion of the same farm, but no farther.

7. That it shall not be lawful to remove any such animals as aforesaid from the part of Kincardineshire south of the river Dee to that part of Kincardineshire north of the said river, except for the purpose of being taken to the nearest railway station, and with a certificate by an Inspector that the animals are sound, and have not been in the same byre or stable, or in contact with animals suffering from Cattle Plague; the Inspector granting such certificate shall brand each of the animals to which it applies on the left hip with the letter "K."

8. Every person offending against the above notices or orders is liable to a penalty not exceeding twenty pounds for each such offence.

Published by Order of the Justices,

A. GORDON BROWN, Clerk of the Peace.

Stonehaven, February 1, 1866.

### CATTLE PLAGUE.

*Stewartry of Kirkcudbright.*

#### NOTICE.

By virtue of the powers conferred by an Order of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, dated the 20th day of January 1866, notice is hereby given, that Her Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the stewartry of Kirkcudbright, in sessions assembled at Kirkcudbright, upon the 2d day of February 1866, hereby declare that it is expedient from this date to the 1st day of March

1866, that no dung, hay, straw, fodder, or litter, likely to propagate infection, shall be brought from any place beyond the boundary of the stewartry of Kirkcudbright into any place within the jurisdiction of the said Justices, and the said Justices do hereby order accordingly. It appears to the said Justices that all dung, hay, straw, fodder, or litter, brought from any part of the county of Dumfries, or from any burghs therein, is likely to propagate infection.

Notice is also hereby given, that said Justices further ordered, and do hereby order, that no cow, heifer, bull, bullock, ox, or calf, shall be removed from any farms, village, or hamlet, on which the Cattle Plague may have existed, or may exist, or may hereafter be declared by the District Inspector to exist, into any other place within the jurisdiction of the said Justices.

Provided always, that in case any of the District Inspectors shall hereafter declare that the Cattle Plague exists in any burgh within the boundary of the stewartry of Kirkcudbright not subject to the jurisdiction of the said Justices, no dung, hay, straw, fodder, or litter, as aforesaid, shall be removed from within the said burghs to any place within the jurisdiction of the said Justices.

Provided also, that no dung, hay, straw, fodder, or litter, as aforesaid, shall be removed from any farm, or from any village or hamlet within the jurisdiction of said Justices, where the Cattle Plague exists, or has existed, or may hereafter be declared by the District Inspector to exist, into any other place within the jurisdiction of said Justices.

The above orders to continue in force from this day to the 1st day of March 1866.

Any person offending against the above orders shall, for every such offence, forfeit a sum of money not exceeding twenty pounds sterling, as the Justices may think fit to impose.

By Order of the Justices,

HENRY SKEOCH,

Clerk of the Peace.

J. P. Clerk's Office, Kirkcudbright,  
2d February 1866.

### CATTLE PLAGUE.

*County of Lanark.*

NOTICE is hereby given, that Her Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the county of Lanark, in Special Sessions assembled at Hamilton, on the 2d day of February 1866, as the local authority in that county, by virtue of the powers conferred by the Orders of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, dated 20th January last, and the Acts and Orders therein referred to, resolved, and with a view to prevent the spreading of the contagious or infectious disorder among the cattle of Great Britain, generally designated the Cattle Plague, and in extension of their declarations dated 22d December 1865 and 5th January 1866, do hereby declare—

That, during the period from the date of the publication of this notice to the 1st day of March 1866, it is expedient that no cow, heifer, bull, bullock, ox, calf, sheep, lamb, goat, or swine, and no raw or untanned hides or skins, and no horns or hoofs, and no offal of any such animals, and no dung, hay, straw, fodder, or litter, shall be brought from any other part of Great



Britain into any place within the jurisdiction of the local authority of the county of Lanark; and that, after this notice shall have been published, it shall not be lawful for any person to bring or send any cow, heifer, bull, bullock, ox, calf, sheep, lamb, goat, or swine, or any raw or untanned hides or skins, or any horns or hoofs, or offal of any such animals, or any dung, hay, straw, fodder, or litter, likely to propagate infection, from any place in Great Britain, beyond the jurisdiction of the local authority of the county of Lanark, into any place within such jurisdiction; but excepting always hides, skins, horns, or hoofs, as are directly imported into the United Kingdom from India, Australia, South Africa, or America, all in terms of the first clause of the said Order by the Lords of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, dated 20th January last, and under the provisions therein set forth.

And notice is hereby further given that every person offending against the foresaid Order and this notice shall, in pursuance of the aforesaid Acts, for every such offence forfeit any sum not exceeding twenty pounds, which the Justices before whom he or she shall be convicted may think fit to impose.

BELHAVEN, &c., Lieut., Chairman.

2d February 1866.

CATTLE PLAGUE.

*County of Inverness.*

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Justices of the Peace for the county of Inverness, in Special Sessions assembled at Inverness, on Friday the 2d day of February current, under the authority of the Orders pronounced by the Lords of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, dated respectively 23d November and 16th December 1865, and 20th January 1866, relative to the Cattle Plague, unanimously resolved as follows, viz. :—

First. That it be declared, by notice published in terms of the Privy Council Order of date 20th January 1866, that it is expedient that, subject to the exceptions and provisions of the said Order, from the date of such publication until the 1st day of March next, no raw or untanned hide or skin, and no horn, hoof, or offal, of any cow, heifer, bull, bullock, ox, calf, sheep, lamb, goat, or swine, nor any dung, hay, straw, fodder, or litter, shall be brought into the county of Inverness, from any other part of Great Britain, both to the south of the Moray Firth and to the east of the River Spey, or to the south, west, or east of the county march between the county of Inverness and the counties of Argyle, Banff, Aberdeen, and Perth, and those parts of the county of Moray lying on the south or east side of the Spey.

Second. That it be declared, by notice published in terms of the Privy Council Order of date 23d November 1865, that, without prejudice to the notice by the Justices of the Peace of this county, in Sessions assembled on the 4th December 1865, it is expedient that, for the period from the date of such publication until the 1st day of March next, no cow, heifer, bull, bullock, ox, calf, sheep, lamb, goat, or swine, shall be brought into the county of Inverness from any other part of Great Britain, both to the south of the Moray Firth and to the east of the River Spey, or to

the south, west, or east of the county march between the county of Inverness and the counties of Argyle, Banff, Aberdeen, and Perth, and those parts of the county of Moray lying on the south or east side of the Spey.

Third. That it be declared, by notice published in terms of the said Privy Council Order, that it is expedient, for the period from the date of such publication until the 1st day of March next, that no dung, hay, straw, fodder, or litter, be admitted into this county from any of the northern counties, except under a certificate from a Justice of the Peace that these are the produce of farms in these counties.

Fourth. That intimation be at the same time made that, in terms of the 1st section of the said first-mentioned, and of the 18th section of the said last-mentioned Privy Council Orders respectively, it shall not be lawful for any person, in contravention of such notices, to bring or send any hide, skin, horn, hoof, offal, or other article as aforesaid, or any such animal as aforesaid, into the county of Inverness; and that, by the 6th and 22d sections of the said Orders respectively, it is declared that any person offending against said orders respectively, shall for every such offence forfeit any sum not exceeding £20, which the Justices before whom he or she shall be convicted of such offence shall think fit to impose.

Of all of which notice is hereby given.

WM. STEWART,

Clerk of the Peace.

CATTLE PLAGUE.

*City of Aberdeen.*

I, SIR ALEXANDER ANDERSON, Lord Provost of the city of Aberdeen, the local authority acting in said city under and by virtue of the Orders of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, dated the 23d day of November and the 16th day of December in the year 1865, and 20th day of January 1866, considering that it is expedient, do hereby, by virtue of the powers contained in the above last-mentioned Order of Her Majesty's Privy Council, of date 20th day of January 1866, give notice and declare that it shall not be lawful for any person to bring or send into the city of Aberdeen any hide, skin, horn, hoof, offal, dung, hay, straw, fodder, or litter, likely to propagate infection, from any place in Great Britain, except from the counties of Aberdeen, Banff, Moray, Nairn, Inverness, Cromarty, Ross, Caithness, and Shetland or Orkney Isles, and that for the period from the date of this Order to the 1st March next.

Every person offending against the above notice and declaration is liable in a penalty not exceeding twenty pounds sterling.

Given under my hand at Aberdeen, the 5th day of February in the year 1866.

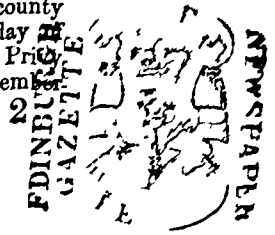
ALEX. ANDERSON, Lord Provost.

CATTLE PLAGUE.

NOTICE.

*County of Ross.*

NOTICE is hereby given, that at a meeting of Her Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the county of Ross, held at Dingwall on the 5th day of February 1866, under and by virtue of the Privy Council Orders dated respectively 23d November



1865 and 20th January 1866, it was unanimously resolved as follows, viz. :—

That it be declared, by notice to be published in terms of the Privy Council Order of date 20th January 1866, that it is expedient, subject to the exceptions and provisions of the said Order, from the date of such publication until the 1st day of March next, that no animal, raw or untanned hide or skin, and no horn, hoof, or offal of any such animal, nor any dung, hay, straw, fodder, or litter, shall be brought or sent into any place within the jurisdiction of the Justices from any place in Great Britain beyond such jurisdiction.

Of which notice publication is hereby made.

(Signed) W. MOFFAT,

Clerk of the Peace of Ross and Cromarty.  
Dingwall, 5th February 1866.

### CATTLE PLAGUE.

#### NOTICE.

*Burgh of Forres.*

I, FELIX CALVERT MACKENZIE, Provost of the burgh of Forres, the local authority acting in said burgh under and by virtue of the Orders of Her Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council, dated the 23d day of November and the 16th day of December 1865, and the 20th day of January 1866, relative to the Cattle Plague, and with reference to the notices and declarations on that subject given by me as local authority aforesaid, dated the 28th day of November 1865 and 9th day of January 1866, do hereby, with a view to prevent the spreading of the said disorder generally designated the "Cattle Plague," farther give notice and declare that it is expedient, for the period from this date to the 1st day of March next, that dung, hay, straw, fodder, or litter, shall not be brought from any place in Great Britain, other than from places within the counties of Moray or Elgin, Nairn, Inverness, Ross, Cromarty, Sutherland, and Caithness, into any place within my jurisdiction, viz. :—The Parliamentary boundaries of the said burgh of Forres. And I hereby give notice that such articles of dung, hay, straw, fodder, or litter, except as aforesaid, are excluded accordingly.

Every person offending against the said Orders in Council is, for each offence, liable to a penalty not exceeding £20.

Given under my hand at Forres, the 3d day of February 1866.

F. CALVERT MACKENZIE, Provost.

### WAR-OFFICE, PALL-MALL,

February 9, 1866.

Royal Artillery—Captain Robert Alexander Morse to be Lieutenant-Colonel, vice T. T. Haggard, removed to the Supernumerary List. Dated 14th September 1865.

Second Captain George Henry Stone to be Captain, vice Morse. Dated 14th September 1865.

Lieutenant Walter John Finch to be Second Captain, vice Stone. Dated 14th September 1865.

Royal Engineers—Lieutenant-Colonel and Brevet-Colonel Sampson Freeth to be Colonel, vice R. C. Moody, who retires upon full-pay. Dated 25th January 1866.

Captain FitzRoy Molyneux Henry Somerset to be Lieutenant-Colonel, vice Brevet-Colonel Freeth. Dated 25th January 1866.

Second Captain and Brevet Lieutenant-Colonel Charles George Gordon, C.B., to be Captain, vice Somerset. Dated 25th January 1866.

Lieutenant Montague Lambert to be Second Captain, vice Brevet Lieutenant-Colonel Gordon. Dated 25th January 1866.

### BREVET.

Colonel Richard Clement Moody, retired full-pay, Royal Engineers, to be Major-General, the rank being honorary only. Dated 25th January 1866.

### ADMIRALTY, February 6, 1866.

Commander Frederick William Richards to be Captain.

Lieutenants :

John Bayford Butler,  
George Digby Morant,  
Francis Lindley Wood,

to be Commanders.

### Queen's Commission.

1st or Royal East Middlesex Regiment of Militia. Edward James Dyson, late Paymaster of this Regiment, to be Quartermaster, from the 24th June 1857.

Commissions signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Essex.

### Essex Rifles Militia.

Thomas Sutton Western, Esq. late Captain in the above Regiment, to be Honorary Colonel, vice the Honourable Charles H. Maynard, deceased. Dated 29th January 1866.

### 1st Essex Rifle Volunteer Corps.

William Julius Marshall to be Lieutenant, vice Gladding, resigned. Dated 1st February 1866.

Commissions signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County Palatine of Chester, and County of the City of Chester.

### 4th Cheshire Artillery Volunteer Corps.

William Bell, gent. to be Honorary Assistant-Surgeon. Dated 25th January 1866.

### 28th Cheshire Rifle Volunteer Corps.

Ensign George Charles Mattinson to be Lieutenant, vice Symons, resigned. Dated 5th February 1866.

William Henry Clarke, gent. to be Ensign, vice Mattinson, promoted. Dated 5th February 1866.

Commissions signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Norfolk, and of the City and County of the City of Norwich.

### 1st Norfolk Artillery Volunteer Corps.

Thomas Henry Moxon, Esq. to be Surgeon, vice Stephenson, resigned. Dated 5th February 1866.

### 1st Norfolk Rifle Volunteer Corps.

The Reverend Frederic Meyrick to be Honorary Chaplain. Dated 31st January 1866.

### 15th Norfolk Rifle Volunteer Corps.

Ensign Edward Barwell to be Lieutenant, vice Freeman, deceased. Dated 31st January 1866.

Commission signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Edinburgh or Mid-Lothian.

2d Mid-Lothian Rifle Volunteer Corps.

James Thomson to be Ensign, vice McFarlane, resigned. Dated 30th January 1866.

Commissions signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Lanark.

1st Lanarkshire Artillery Volunteer Corps.

First Lieutenant Adam Cunningham Scott to be Captain. Dated 12th January 1866.

Second Lieutenant Thomas McMicking Wilson to be First Lieutenant, vice Scott, promoted. Dated 12th January 1866.

William Lochore Brown, gent. to be Second Lieutenant, vice Wilson, promoted. Dated 12th January 1866.

1st Lanarkshire Engineer Volunteer Corps.

James Coates, Esq., to be Major, vice Matheson, promoted. Dated 12th January 1866.

3d Lanarkshire Rifle Volunteer Corps.

Lieutenant James Sloan McCaul to be Captain, vice Fleming, resigned. Dated 9th January 1866.

Ensign William Milne to be Lieutenant, vice McCaul, promoted. Dated 9th January 1866.

Robert Inglis, gent. to be Ensign, vice Milne, promoted. Dated 9th January 1866.

5th Lanarkshire Rifle Volunteer Corps.

William Hunter Lyle, gent. to be Ensign, vice Sloan, promoted. Dated 25th January 1866.

100th Lanarkshire Rifle Volunteer Corps.

James Hendry, gent. to be Lieutenant. Dated 25th January 1866.

MEMORANDUM.

Adjutant William James Hall, of the 5th Lanarkshire Rifle Volunteer Corps, to serve with the rank of Captain. Dated 11th January 1866.

Commission signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Suffolk.

Suffolk Artillery Regiment of Militia.

James Killery, gent. to be First Lieutenant, Dated 30th January 1866.

Commission signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Cumberland.

8th Cumberland Rifle Volunteer Corps.

William Bailey, gent. to be Ensign. Dated 2d February 1866.

Commission signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Warwick.

2d Warwickshire Rifle Volunteer Corps.

Ensign Charles John Hill to be Lieutenant, vice Minster, promoted. Dated 30th January 1866.

Daniel Robert Wynter, gent. to be Ensign, vice Hill, promoted. Dated 3d February 1866.

4th Warwickshire Rifle Volunteer Corps.

Ensign George Henry Nelson to be Lieutenant, vice Robins, resigned. Dated 6th February 1866.

10th Warwickshire Rifle Volunteer Corps.

Ralph Alexander Busby, gent. to be Assistant-Surgeon, vice Wynter, resigned. Dated 1st February 1866.

Commission signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Carmarthen.

Royal Carmarthenshire Artillery Militia.

Charles William Mansel Lewis, gent. to be Lieutenant. Dated 31st January 1866.

Commission signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Southampton.

Hampshire Artillery Militia.

Richard Lambart Brickenden Cowell, gent. to be First Lieutenant, vice Beeching, promoted. Dated 29th January 1866.

Commissions signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Devon.

2d Devon Regiment of Militia.

Lieutenant George Marker to be Captain, vice Coles, resigned. Dated 20th January 1866.

Royal North Devon Yeomanry Cavalry.

Newton Charles Chichester, late Captain in the 7th Dragoon Guards, to be Adjutant, vice Macartney, deceased. Dated 5th January 1866.

2d Administrative Battalion of Devonshire Rifle Volunteers.

Christopher Bulteel to be Surgeon. Dated 1st January 1866.

21st Devonshire Rifle Volunteer Corps.

Ensign Edward Phillip Charlewood to be Lieutenant, vice Vinson, resigned. Dated 24th January 1866.

Charles William Hole to be Ensign, vice Charlewood, promoted. Dated 24th January 1866.

Commission signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Derby.

15th Derbyshire Rifle Volunteer Corps.

William Cox, Esq. to be Captain, vice Bateman, resigned. Dated 3d February 1866.

Commissions signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County Palatine of Durham.

3d Durham Rifle Volunteer Corps.

William Burns to be Ensign. Dated 2d February 1866.

7th Durham Rifle Volunteer Corps.

Lieutenant Christopher Rowlandson to be Captain, vice Bramwell, deceased. Dated 2d February 1866.

Ensign John Tiplady to be Lieutenant, vice Rowlandson, promoted. Dated 2d February 1866.

The Reverend George Robert Bulman to be Honorary Chaplain, vice Greenwell, resigned. Dated 2d February 1866.

8th Durham Rifle Volunteer Corps.

Lieutenant William Clay to be Captain, vice Milvain, resigned. Dated 2d February 1866.

Henry Thomas Sopwith to be Ensign. Dated 7th November 1865.

Commissions signed by the Governor of the Isle of Wight.

8th Isle of Wight Rifle Volunteer Corps.

Ensign Thomas Murrow to be Lieutenant, vice Plumley, resigned. Dated 31st January 1866.

Henry Thomas Rogers, gent. to be Ensign, vice Murrow, promoted. Dated 31st January 1866.

Commissions signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Northumberland, and the Town and County of Newcastle-upon-Tyne.

1st Newcastle-upon-Tyne Artillery Volunteer Corps.

Major-General Lord Henry Hugh Manvers Percy, V.C., M.P., to be Honorary Colonel. Dated 24th January 1866.

Robert Hutchinson, gent. to be Honorary Quartermaster. Dated 24th January 1866.

1st Newcastle-upon-Tyne Rifle Volunteer Corps.

Robert Punshon, Esq. to be Captain, vice Spoor, promoted. Dated 24th September 1865.

Ensign James Walton to be Lieutenant, vice Burnup, resigned. Dated 24th January 1866.

Luke William Person, gent. to be Ensign, vice Walton, promoted. Dated 24th January 1866.

Commission signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Kent, and of the City and County of the City of Canterbury.

8th Kent Rifle Volunteer Corps.

George Jones, gent. to be Ensign, vice White, promoted. Dated 30th January 1866.

Commission signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County Palatine of Lancaster.

12th Lancashire Artillery Volunteer Corps.

Lucas Peter Stubbs, gent. to be Second Lieutenant. Dated 17th January 1866.

24th Lancashire Rifle Volunteer Corps.

Lieutenant Robert Healey, the younger, to be Captain. Dated 18th January 1866.

Ensign James Henry Scholfield to be Lieutenant. Dated 18th January 1866.

Robert Percy Wood, gent. to be Ensign. Dated 13th January 1866.

Henry Hoyle Howarth, gent. to be Honorary Quartermaster. Dated 20th January 1866.

3d Manchester Rifle Volunteer Corps.

John Sudlow, the younger, gent. to be Ensign, vice Moore, promoted. Dated 18th January 1866.

Commissions signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Middlesex.

Civil Service Rifle Volunteer Corps.

James Joseph Cardin to be Lieutenant. Dated 14th December 1865.

3d Middlesex Rifle Volunteer Corps.

Lieutenant George Holford to be Captain, vice McInnes, deceased. Dated 17th January 1866.

Ensign George Chater to be Lieutenant, vice Holford, promoted. Dated 17th January 1866.

29th Middlesex Rifle Volunteer Corps.

Lieutenant James Guest Blofeld to be Captain, vice Nicoll, resigned. Dated 27th January 1866.

#### MEMORANDUM.

Adjutant Graves Chamney Swan Lombard, of the Civil Service Rifle Volunteer Corps, to serve with the rank of Captain. Dated 8th January 1866.

Commission signed by the Lord Warden of the Cinque Ports.

4th Cinque Ports Artillery Volunteer Corps.

Edward Gower Vane Sutton, Esq. to be Second Lieutenant. Dated 30th January 1866.

10th Cinque Ports Rifle Volunteer Corps.

Lieutenant Henry Stringer to be Captain. Dated 30th January 1866.

Ensign Henry Cobb to be Lieutenant. Dated 30th January 1866.

Commissions signed by the Lord Lieutenant of the County of Somerset.

27th Somersetshire Rifle Volunteer Corps.

Ensign Oliver Coathupe to be Lieutenant, vice Edwards, resigned. Dated 20th January 1866.

William Edward Perham, gent. to be Ensign, vice Coathupe, promoted. Dated 20th January 1866.

#### MEMORANDUM.

Adjutant George Cumming, of the 2d Administrative Battalion of Renfrewshire Rifle Volunteers, to serve with the rank of Captain. Dated 24th January 1866.

John Fox Dillon, gent. to be Supernumerary Lieutenant in the Royal Meath Regiment of Militia. Dated 28th November 1865.

ROB. CHAMBERS,  
Clerk of the Peace, County of Meath.

County of Leitrim.

Leitrim Rifle Regiment of Militia.

The Right Honourable the Earl of Granard, K.P., Her Majesty's Lieutenant for this county, has made the following appointment to the Leitrim Rifle Regiment of Militia:—

To be Colonel (Honorary) His Excellency Major Samuel W. Blackall, Governor-General of the West Coast of Africa. Dated 27th January 1866.

H. M'DERMOTT,

Clerk of the Peace, County of Leitrim.  
Carrick-on-Shannon, 5th February 1866.

#### BANKRUPTS

FROM THE LONDON GAZETTE.

#### BANKRUPTCIES ANNULLED.

William Elliott, of the Surrey Coal Wharf, and 9, Red Lion Street, High Street, both in Wandsworth, Surrey, coal merchant.

William Henry Rowland, of 28, Cambridge Place, Paddington, Middlesex, plumber and glazier.

#### BANKRUPTCY ANNULLED AND DISMISSED.

William Pope, of Back Street, Bristol, baker.

#### BANKRUPTCIES AWARDED.

Levi Lemon Sovereign, formerly of Simcoe, Western Canada, America, farmer, afterwards of 302, Strand, afterwards of 88, Pentonville Road, both in Middlesex, and of Bury Lane, Leigh, Lancaster, and now of 88, Pentonville Road aforesaid, patentee and manufacturer of agricultural machines, a prisoner for debt in the Debtors' Prison for London and Middlesex, (in formâ pauperis).

John George Lambton Young, late of Tunbridge Wells, and now of Southborough, Tunbridge, Kent, schoolmaster.

- Evan Watkins, of 45, Havering Street, Commercial Road East, Middlesex, wharfinger, in the employ of the London and Saint Catherine Dock Company.
- Elijah William Allison, of Church Street, Camberwell, Surrey, and lately of 113, St James' Street, Brighton, Sussex, boot and shoe maker.
- Frances Terrington, of 3, Crescent Place, Mornington Crescent, and formerly of the Crystal Palace Bazaar, Oxford Street, both in Middlesex, dealer in fancy goods.
- James Dines, of Clyde Terrace, Forest Hill, Kent, formerly of St George's Road, Camberwell, Surrey, builder.
- Thomas Yorke Mitchinson, formerly of 3, Snell's Park, Edmonton, Middlesex, afterwards of Roy Barrely, Bengal, then of Sabathon, India, then of 58, Arthur Road, Holloway, then of 164, Euston Road, Middlesex, now a prisoner for debt in the custody of the Sheriff of Middlesex at Bower's Lock-up, Bream's Buildings, Chancery Lane, Middlesex, clerk in Holy Orders.
- Alfred Sumner, of 8, Drummond Crescent, Somers Town, Middlesex, cordwainer.
- John Bourne, late of Clarence Place, Kilburn, Middlesex, but now of Wellesley Avenue, Hammersmith, and 6, Southampton Row, Holborn, Middlesex, house and business agent.
- Thomas Gore, (sued as Thomas Oakley,) of 17, Charles Street, Hampstead Road, Middlesex, dairyman.
- Joseph Nott Sheave and Henry Biddlecombe, of Romford, Essex, grocers and cheesemongers.
- William Cotter, of 251, Whitechapel Road, formerly of 46, High Street, Mile End Newtown, both in Middlesex, boot and shoe manufacturer.
- William Ireland Gawthorn, of Lawrence Street, previously of Bath Street, both in Northampton, shoe manufacturer.
- Leon Aronson, of 24, Upper Berner Street, Commercial Road East, Whitechapel, Middlesex, out of employment, late a pawnbroker's assistant, and formerly of Llanelly, South Wales, pawnbroker.
- John Squires, of 14, Portland Terrace, Portland Road, Notting Hill, Kensington, previously at Brindley Street, Harrow Road, Paddington, and prior to that at 2, Cromwell Terrace, Harrow Road, Paddington, all in Middlesex, house decorator.
- James Henry Scovell, of 83, High Street, Southampton, sail maker.
- James Mell, late of Doughty Mews, Foundling, but now of 9, Flower and Deane Street, Spitalfields, both in Middlesex, carriage builder and cab proprietor.
- Charles Fenel Thompson, of 37, Francis Street, Newington Butts, Surrey, accountant.
- Thomas Gervas Robinson, formerly of 13, Keppell Street, Russell Square, Middlesex, in copartnership with Francis Nichols and Henry Leatherdale, at 14, Old Jewry Chambers, London, accountants, afterwards of 13, Keppell Street aforesaid, having also offices at 13, Old Jewry Chambers aforesaid, accountants, now a prisoner for debt in the Debtors' Prison for London and Middlesex, London.
- Edward Willis, of 11, Trinity Square, Brixton, Surrey, lieutenant in the army, on half-pay, formerly of Chatham, Kent, now a prisoner for debt in Horsemonger Lane Gaol, Surrey, (in formâ pauperis).
- Mary Fryday, (sued and committed as Mary Friday,) formerly of Bledlow, near Prince's Risborough, Bucks, general dealer, but now of 21, Great Crown Court, Windmill Street, Haymarket, Middlesex, out of business, a prisoner for debt in the Debtors' Prison for London and Middlesex, London, (in formâ pauperis).
- John Glenn, Joseph Barber Glenn, and Henry Glenn, all of Liverpool Road, Islington, Middlesex, builders, the said John Glenn residing at 23, Liverpool Road, Islington aforesaid, and the said Joseph Barber Glenn and Henry Glenn residing at Cambridge Terrace, Islington aforesaid.
- Thomas Edmund Franklyn, of 44, Saint Paul's Churchyard, London, carrying on business there, and at Lyons, France, in partnership with Henry Ellsworth, under the name or style of Franklyn & Co., silk merchants, and of 5, Lime Street, London, in partnership with Edward Selby, under the name of Selby & Franklyn, as general merchants.
- Henry Thompson, of 8, Albion Place, Walworth, late of Tennyson Street, York Road, Lambeth, both in Surrey, and Garside Street, Manchester, actor.
- William Roberts, of 38, Barbican, London, and 37, Clerkewell Green, Middlesex, gasfitter.
- Samuel John Mills, of Adlington, near Hythe, Kent, farmer, grazier, timber merchant, and wheelwright.
- Mary Cooksey, formerly of 19, Arlington Street, Piccadilly, Middlesex, then of Lilford Hall, near Oundle, Northampton, housekeeper to a nobleman, and of 23, Gloucester Crescent, Westbourne Terrace, Paddington, Middlesex, lodging-house keeper, then of 23, Gloucester Crescent aforesaid, lodging-house keeper, and now of 12, James Street, Westbourne Terrace aforesaid, out of business and employ.
- Arthur Dermont, of Yarm, York, builder.
- William Wright Spring, of 5, Market Place, Great Grimsby, Lincoln, pianoforte dealer and music seller.
- Frederick Clapham, of Lincoln, leather cutter and dealer in grindery.
- Edward Newton, of 5, Queen's Terrace, Blackpool, Lancaster, smallware dealer and lodging-house keeper.
- John MacOubrey, of Fairfield, near Liverpool, Lancaster, barrister-at-law.
- William James Jones, of Houghton-le-Spring, Durham, contractor and iron monger.
- William Stretton, of 53, Lawley Street, Birmingham, Warwick, coal dealer, haulier, and furniture remover.
- Samuel Smith, of Chadwell Heath and Barking Side, both in Essex, letter of machines for hire, in partnership with John St Pierre, of Barking Side aforesaid, as letters of machines for hire.
- John Tennant, of 2, Elizabeth Cottages, Stratford, Essex, late of 9, Albion Terrace, Stoke Newington, Middlesex, and of 21A, Watling Street, London, commission agent.
- William Palmer, of 3, Aston Street, Salmon's Lane, Limehouse, Middlesex, shipping agent.
- William Burnley McDowell Walkingshaw, of 8, Prince's Street, Cavendish Square, Middlesex, surgeon dentist.
- Francis Holman Green, of Thurlow Park Road, carpenter, builder, and general decorator, trading under the style of Green & Deacon, formerly residing at 1, Auckland Hill, both in Lower Norwood, afterwards at 8, Lavender Road, and now at 2, St Mary's Terrace, Church Road, Battersea, all in Surrey.
- Robert Walter Jones, of 84, Vauxhall Bridge Road, Westminster, Middlesex, lately corn chandler, now a corn chandler's assistant.
- Robert Cooper, late of Cooper's Hotel, 1, Bridge Street, Westminster, Middlesex, licensed victualler, now of 12, Strathmore Terrace, South Lambeth, Surrey, out of business.
- Cleveland Fletcher, Charles James Fletcher, and Frederick William Fletcher, of Heneage Street, Birmingham, Warwick, nail manufacturers, trading as Fletcher Brothers.
- John Hinks, of Cosford, near Rugby, Warwick, farmer and grazier.
- David Jones, of Llanelly, Carmarthen, ship owner and timber merchant.
- Henry James Rogers, of Carlton House, South Town, Dartmouth, Devon, previously of Pinner, near Harrow, Middlesex, licentiate of the Royal College of Physicians of Edinburgh, member of the Royal College of Surgeons of England, and apothecary, a prisoner for debt in the Devon County Prison at Exeter.
- Charles Lockwood Hallas, of Thurstonland, Kirkburton, York, tanner and sizing boiler, lately trading with George Clark Fox, at Thurstonland aforesaid, as tanners, under the firm of Hallas & Fox.
- John Taylor, the elder, at 15, Ormond Street, Birmingham, Warwick, builder, coal dealer, and milkseller.
- Alfred Edward Holroyd, of Batley Carr, Dewsbury, York<sup>1</sup> grocer, and ale and porter dealer and retailer.
- George Watkinson, of Heeley Common, Sheffield, York, fork caster and beerhouse-keeper.
- Edward John Smales, of 120, Belgrave Gate, Leicester, corn and flour dealer, and cigar maker's overlooker.
- John Steele, formerly of the Railway Inn, Broad Street, innkeeper, but now of Barrack Terrace Saint Owen Street, both in Hereford, labourer.
- Thomas Barlow, of Spalding, Lincoln, butcher.
- George Dickinson Drury, of North Parade, Bradford, York, hairdresser, perfumer, and toy dealer.
- Adam Winterbottom, of Longfield, late of Black Horse Inn, both in Watersheddings, within Oldham, Lancaster, publican.
- Susanna Wrapson, of East Street, Havant, Hants, milliner and dressmaker.

- George Fielder, of 31, Ivy Street, Southsea, Portsea, Hants, beer retailer and painter.
- Evan Evans, of Merchant Street, Pontlottyn, Galligaer, Glamorgan, chemist and druggist.
- William Williams, of 5, Collier Street, Liverpool Road, Manchester, Lancaster, provision dealer and milk-seller.
- Thomas Walmsley, of 144, Ridgway Street, previously of 108, Cobden Street, moulder, and of 148, Butler Street, all in Manchester, grocer.
- Peter Shawcross, of 39, Ridgway Street, Bradford Road, Manchester, Lancaster, pork butcher.
- Harriet Webb, of the Globe Inn, Gorton Road, Openshaw, near Manchester, Lancaster, beerseller, and also in Gorton Road, Openshaw aforesaid, provision dealer.
- Edward Hacking, late of Egyptian Street, Lancaster, draper and weaver, but now at 6, Apple Street, both in Bolton, out of business.
- William Toms, of 16, Oakfield Place, Clifton, Bristol, carpenter and builder.
- Joseph Farnworth, of Aldersey, Chester, boot and shoemaker and farmer.
- Henry William Binns, of Westgate Common, Wakefield, York, bricklayer and builder.
- Peter Pritchard Duncan, of 6, Brunswick Street, lodging-house keeper, both in Leeds, York, butler.
- Robert Gardam, of 13, Henbury Street, Sheepscar, carrying on business in the Covered Market, both in Leeds, York, fishmonger, and licensed dealer in game.
- James Ingham and John Wright, both of Burley, near Leeds, York, carrying on business in copartnership as stone merchants, under the style or firm of Ingham & Wright.
- Henry Clark, of Thwaite Street, Cottingham, York, pork butcher.
- John Bond, of Stockland, Devon, cattle dealer, (in formâ pauperis).
- William Luxton, of 10, Wyndham Street West, Plymouth, Devon, furniture dealer, (in formâ pauperis).
- Charles Lewis, the younger, of 7, Sidwella Terrace, Saint James, Exeter, cellarman.
- George Moorose, of Yeovil, Somerset, tailor.
- Adam Coldwell, of Frederick Street, Rotherham, York, cabinetmaker.
- Thomas Ratcliffe, of Barton Green, Barton-under-Needwood, Stafford, licensed victualler.
- George Bagnall, the younger, of 208, Station Street, Burton-upon-Trent, boot and shoe maker.
- George Moore, of Eynesbury, Huntingdon, shoemaker.
- Edmund Fearn, now at Newbold, Chesterfield, blacksmith, before that at Pinxton, both in Derby, blacksmith and licensed victualler.
- John Wattridge, of 19, Chandos Street, Southampton, schoolmaster and printer.
- John Kellett, of Wolsingham, Durham, builder and contractor.
- Henry Carrick, of the Foresters' Arms, Camden Road, beer retailer, previously of the Pembury Road, both in Tonbridge Wells, Kent, coachman.
- William Hancock, of 7, Corridor, Saint Peter and Saint Paul, Bath, photographer.
- Samuel Robson, formerly of Long Row, grocer, builder, and contractor, now of Eleanor Street, both in South Shields, Durham, builder.
- Tilden Avery, of 12, Spring Terrace, Tower Road, Bohemia, Hastings, Sussex, sawyer.
- William Price, Eli Stramore, and Edward Winwood, all of the Ash Tree Leason Colliery, Watery Lane, and of Dudley Port, both in Tipton, Stafford, butty miners.
- John Pearson, of the New Inn, Woodside, Dudley, Worcester, innkeeper and mineburner.
- John Collumbell, formerly of Albion Street, now of 57, Leonard Street, both in Derby, baker and confectioner.
- William Wetherill, of Burnt Gates, near Ripley, York, beerhouse keeper and cattle dealer.
- Thomas Mead, of Wingrave, Buckingham, general dealer and carrier.
- Robert Stoneley Andrews, formerly of Farnborough, Warwick, schoolmaster, teacher of singing, and organist, then of Amersham, Buckingham, schoolmaster, organist, pianoforte tuner, dealer, and land surveyor, and then and now of Bierton, Buckingham, schoolmaster and organist.

## BANK OF ENGLAND.

AN ACCOUNT, pursuant to the Act 7th and 8th Victoria, cap. 32, for the Week ending on Wednesday the 7th day of February 1866.

## ISSUE DEPARTMENT.

	£		£
Notes issued .....	26,922,520	Government Debt,.....	11,015,100
		Other Securities, .....	3,634,900
		Gold Coin and Bullion,.....	12,272,520
		Silver Bullion, .....	—
	<u>£26,922,520</u>		<u>£26,922,520</u>

Dated the 8th day of February 1866.

GEO. FORBES, Deputy Cashier.

## BANKING DEPARTMENT.

	£		£
Proprietors' Capital.....	14,553,000	Government Securities (including	
Rest .....	3,557,552	Dead Weight Annuity).....	9,865,483
Public Deposits, (including Exchequer,		Other Securities.....	18,857,681
Savings' Bank, Commissioners of		Notes .....	5,906,320
National Debt, and Dividend		Gold and Silver Coin.....	784,473
Accounts).....	4,549,904		
Other Deposits .....	12,344,200		
Seven days and other Bills.....	409,301		
	<u>£35,413,957</u>		<u>£35,413,957</u>

Dated the 8th day of February 1866.

GEO. FORBES, Deputy Cashier.

AN ACCOUNT of the Importations and Exportations of Bullion and Specie, registered in the Week ended 7th February 1866.

Countries from which Imported.	Imported into the United Kingdom.					
	GOLD.			SILVER.		
	Coin.	Bullion.	Total.	Coin.	Bullion.	Total.
	Ounces.	Ounces.	Ounces.	Ounces.	Ounces.	Ounces.
Hanse Towns .....	...	100	100	182,000	114,800	296,800
Holland .....	...	...	...	...	20,000	20,000
France .....	...	...	...	17,240	...	17,240
Portugal .....	6,075	...	6,075	920	800	1,720
United States of America .....	5,573	10,607	16,180	3,534	170,876	174,410
Brazil .....	839	3,267	4,106	...	9,988	9,988
Other Countries .....	952	...	952	7,979	2,000	9,979
...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Aggregate of the Importations registered in the Week ...	13,439	13,974	27,413	211,673	318,464	530,137
Approximate Value of the said Importations computed at the rates specified below	£ 51,844	£ 48,935	£ 100,779	£ 52,931	£ 87,246	£ 140,177
Rates of Valuation, per ounce	£ s. d. 3 15 0 to 3 17 10 <sup>5</sup> / <sub>8</sub>	£ s. d. 3 10 0 to 3 15 0	...	s. d. 4 11 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> to 5 1 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>4</sub>	s. d. 5 5 <sup>3</sup> / <sub>4</sub>	...

Countries to which Exported.	Exported from the United Kingdom.							
	GOLD.				SILVER.			
	Coin.		Bullion.	Total.	Coin.		Bullion.	Total.
	British.	Foreign.			British.	Foreign.		
	Ounces.	Ounces.	Ounces.	Ounces.	Ounces.	Ounces.	Ounces.	
Holland .....	...	...	...	...	13,000	...	13,000	
France .....	...	...	20,000	20,000	...	...	...	
Egypt .....	750	1,701	...	2,451	...	39,540	423,940	
West Indies .....	2,670	...	...	2,670	40,000	...	40,000	
Other Countries .....	750	50	...	800	...	1,600	1,600	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Aggregate of the Exportations registered in the Week	4,170	1,751	20,000	25,921	40,000	54,140	384,400	
Approximate Value of the said Exportations computed at the rates specified below...	£ 16,237	£ 6,668	£ 76,500	£ 99,405	£ 10,208	£ 13,535	£ 105,310	
Rates of Valuation, per ounce	£ s. d. 3 17 10 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub>	£ s. d. 3 16 2	£ s. d. 3 16 6	£ s. d. ...	s. d. 5 1 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>4</sub>	s. d. 5 0	s. d. 5 5 <sup>3</sup> / <sub>4</sub>	

JOHN A. MESSENGER,  
Inspector-General of Imports and Exports.

## NOTICE.

FOR the convenience of the ELECTORS of the COUNTY of KINCARDINE, it is intended by the Sheriff, with the consent of the Lord Advocate, to substitute the following arrangement of POLLING PLACES and DISTRICTS in the County, in place of the arrangement thereof which has been hitherto in use, viz:—

1st, or HILLSIDE DISTRICT, to comprehend the Parishes of BANCHORY-DEVENICK, MARYCULTER, NIGG, and the *quoad sacra* Parish of COOKNEY.

The Polling Place to be at HILLSIDE.

2d, or BANCHORY DISTRICT, to comprehend the Parishes of BANCHORY-TERNAN, DURRIS, STRACHAN, and that part of the Parish of DRUMMOAK situate in the County of Kincardine.

The Polling Place to be at BANCHORY.

3d, or STONEHAVEN DISTRICT, to comprehend the Parishes of DUNNOTTAR, GLENBERVIE, and FETTERESSO, excepting the *quoad sacra* Parish of Cookney.

The Polling Place to be at STONEHAVEN.

4th, or BERVIE DISTRICT, to comprehend the Parishes of ARBUTHNOTT, KINNEFF, BENHOLM, BERVIE, GARVOCK, and ST CYRUS.

The Polling Place to be at BERVIE.

5th, or LAURENCEKIRK DISTRICT, to comprehend the Parishes of EDZELL, FETTERCAIRN, FORDOUN, LAURENCEKIRK, and MARYKIRK.

The Polling Place to be at LAURENCEKIRK.

Of all which Notice is hereby given, in terms of Section 2d of the Act 16 Vict. cap. 23.

By Order of the Sheriff,

JAS. CHRISTIAN, Sheriff-Clerk.

To the Creditors and other Persons interested in the Succession of the Deceased ISAAC MATHIESON, Draper, 33, Union Street, Aberdeen.

A Petition has been presented to the Court of Session, —First Division, Junior Lord Ordinary, Mr Drysdale, Clerk,—by the North of Scotland Banking Company, incorporated under 'The Companies Act, 1862,' and George Mathieson, Shipowner, 6, South Saint Andrew Street, Edinburgh, Creditors of the said deceased Isaac Mathieson to the amount required, and John Roy Mathieson and Charlotte Lovejoy Mathieson, both residing at 75, Union Street, Aberdeen, two of the next of kin and legal representatives of the said deceased, and having an interest in his succession,—the said deceased having left no settlement appointing Trustees or other parties having power to manage his estate; praying, under the Act 19 and 20 Vic., cap. 79, sec. 164, for the appointment of a Judicial Factor upon said estate; and which Petition will be again moved in Court on or after the 28th day of February current.

PATRICK, M'EWEN, & CARMENT, W.S.,  
32, Albany Street, Edinburgh.

February 13, 1866.

## NOTICE.

HUGH GARDEN, Tailor and Clothier, No. 23, West Nicolson Street, Edinburgh, having on the 9th instant executed a Trust-deed for behoof of his Creditors in favour of George Barclay, Merchant, Adam Square, Edinburgh, the said George Barclay hereby calls a meeting of the Creditors of the said Hugh Garden to be held at Mr Garden's Shop, No. 23, West Nicolson Street, Edinburgh, on Wednesday the 21st February current, at one o'clock P.M., when a state of the affairs will be submitted to the Creditors, and the best mode of realising and dividing the estate considered; and farther, the Trustee hereby requests all claims against the estate to be lodged with him, duly vouched, within one month from this date; certifying that no claim not then lodged will be allowed to rank on the estate; and all persons indebted to the said Hugh Garden are requested to settle with the Trustee forthwith.

G. BARCLAY.

72, Adam Square,  
Edinburgh, February 13, 1866.

## NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

JOHN HENDERSON, Plumber, Bothwell, having on the 8th instant executed a Trust-Conveyance of his whole means and estate in favour of James Landells Selkirk, Accountant in Glasgow, for behoof of all his just and lawful Creditors,—all Parties having Claims against the said John Henderson are requested to lodge the same, with declaration to the verity thereof, in the hands of the Trustee, within fourteen days from this date, otherwise they may be excluded from participation in the funds thereafter to be divided.

JAMES L. SELKIRK, Accountant,  
25, Gordon Street,  
Glasgow, February 12, 1866.  
Trustee.

## TO THE CREDITORS ON

The Sequestrated Estates of WILLIAM SMITH, Farmer at Deanfoot, in the Parish of West Linton, and County of Peebles.

BY virtue of an Order of Lord Mure, Ordinary on the Bills, William Smith above designed hereby intimates that he has presented a Petition to the Lord Ordinary on the Bills praying to be finally discharged of all debts contracted by him before the date of the sequestration of his estates, in terms of the Statute.

JAMES SOMERVILLE  
Chambers, 60, Hanover Street,  
Edinburgh, February 13, 1866.

ARCHIBALD BURNS MACDONALD, Distributor of Stamps, Perth, Trustee on the sequestrated estate of DAVID CONACHER, residing at Mains of Pitlochry or Aldour, in the Parish of Moulin, and County of Perth, and Tenant of the Farm of Hilltarvit, near Cupar-Fife, in the County of Fife, hereby intimates that accounts of his intromissions with the funds of the estate, brought down to the 27th January last, with states of the funds recovered and property outstanding, have been made up and examined by the Commissioners; that he has examined the claims of the several Creditors who have lodged their oaths and grounds of debt on or before the said 27th January last, and completed lists of those Creditors entitled to be ranked on the funds of the estate, and also of those whose claims have been rejected in whole or in part; and that the Commissioners have postponed declaring a dividend till the recurrence of another statutory period.

A. BURNS MACDONALD.  
Perth, February 10, 1866.

SEQUESTRATION of A. & L. CLARK, Ironmongers in Glasgow, and of Laurence Clark, the sole Partner of that Firm, as such, and as an Individual.

THE Commissioners have audited my accounts, brought down to the 26th ultimo, and have postponed the declaration of a further dividend, and dispensed with sending circulars to the Creditors.

† JAMES M'CLELLAND, Jr. Trustee,  
JOHN SMITH, Agent in the Sequestration.  
Glasgow, February 12, 1866.

JOHN GORDON SMITH, Distiller, Glenlivet, Trustee on the sequestrated estate of the Deceased GEORGE GRANT, Innkeeper, Richmond Arms Hotel, Tomintoul, in the County of Banff, hereby intimates that he has had no intromissions with the funds of the estate from the 2d day of November last till the 2d instant; and further, that the Commissioners have postponed the declaration of a dividend till the recurrence of another statutory period, and dispensed with sending circulars to the Creditors.

J. G. SMITH, Trustee.  
Glenlivet Distillery, February 8, 1866.

HENRY KERR, Accountant in Glasgow, Trustee on the sequestrated estate of WILLIAM MUIR & SON, Grain Millers, Saucel Mills, Paisley, hereby intimates that an account of his intromissions with the funds of the estate, brought down to the 13th ultimo, has been audited by the Commissioners, and that they have postponed payment of further dividend until another statutory period.

HENRY KERR, Trustee.  
Glasgow, February 10, 1866.

HENRY KERR, Accountant in Glasgow, Trustee on the sequestrated estate of PATRICK ROBERTSON & COMPANY, Power-loom Manufacturers, Rutherglen, hereby intimates that an account of his intromissions with the funds of the estate, brought down to the 21st ultimo, has been audited by the Commissioners, and that they have postponed payment of a further dividend until another statutory period.

HENRY KERR, Trustee.



**T**HE Estates of EDWARD GRAHAM LUMLEY, Tailor, residing in Gilcomston Terrace, Aberdeen, were sequestrated on the 9th day of February 1866, by the Sheriff of Aberdeenshire.

The first deliverance is dated 9th February 1866. The meeting to elect the Trustee and Commissioners is to be held at 12 o'clock noon, on Friday the 23d day of February 1866, within the St Nicholas Hotel, Aberdeen. A composition may be offered at this meeting; and to entitle Creditors to the first dividend, their oaths and grounds of debt must be lodged on or before the 9th day of June 1866.

A Warrant of Protection against Arrest or Imprisonment for Civil Debt, until the meeting of the Creditors for the election of the Trustee, has been granted to the Bankrupt.

All future Advertisements relating to this sequestration will be published in the Edinburgh Gazette alone.

WM. DUNN, Advocate, Aberdeen, Agent.

**T**HE Estates of JAMES M'NAIR, Grocer in Borrowstounness, in the County of Linlithgow, were sequestrated on the 9th day of February 1866, by the Sheriff of the Counties of Linlithgow, Clackmannan, and Kinross.

The first deliverance is dated 9th February 1866. The meeting to elect the Trustee and Commissioners is to be held at 12 o'clock noon, on Wednesday the 21st day of February 1866, within the Commercial Hotel, in Bathgate.

A composition may be offered at this meeting; and to entitle Creditors to the first dividend, their oaths and grounds of debt must be lodged on or before the 9th day of June 1866.

A Warrant of Protection has been granted to the Bankrupt till the meeting for election of Trustee.

All future Advertisements relating to this sequestration will be published in the Edinburgh Gazette alone.

JAMES GARDNER, Writer in Bathgate, Agent.

**T**HE Estates of ADAM GILCHRIST, Farmer at Wardend, in the Parish and County of Banff, were sequestrated on the 9th day of February 1866, by the Sheriff of Banff, Elgin, and Nairn, acting in Banffshire.

The first deliverance is dated the 9th day of February 1866.

The meeting to elect the Trustee and Commissioners is to be held at 12 o'clock noon, on Thursday the 22d day of February 1866, within the Society of Solicitors' Library Room, Low Street, Banff.

A composition may be offered at this meeting; and to entitle Creditors to the first dividend, their oaths and grounds of debt must be lodged on or before the 9th day of June 1866.

A Warrant of Protection has been granted to the Bankrupt till the meeting for election of Trustee.

All future Advertisements relating to this sequestration will be published in the Edinburgh Gazette alone.

ALEXR. GEORGE, Solicitor, Macduff, Agent.

**T**HE Estates of THOMAS PINKERTON, Pastry Baker and Confectioner, Gallowgate, Glasgow, were sequestrated on 12th February 1866, by the Sheriff of Lanarkshire.

The first deliverance is dated the 12th February 1866. The meeting to elect the Trustee and Commissioners is to be held at 12 o'clock noon, on Tuesday the 20th day of February 1866, within the Faculty Hall, Saint George's Place, Glasgow.

A composition may be offered at this meeting; and to entitle Creditors to the first dividend, their oaths and grounds of debt must be lodged on or before the 12th day of June 1866.

A Warrant of Protection has been granted in favour of the Bankrupt till the meeting for the election of Trustee.

All future Advertisements relating to this sequestration will be published in the Edinburgh Gazette alone.

J. W. ROSS, 109, West George Street, Glasgow, Agent.

**T**HE Estates of MATTHEW FISHER, Grocer, No. 47, Abercromby Street, Glasgow, were sequestrated on the 12th day of February 1866, by the Sheriff of Lanarkshire.

The first deliverance is dated the 19th day of January 1866.

The meeting to elect the Trustee and Commissioners is to be held at two o'clock afternoon, on Tuesday the

20th February 1866, within the Bell Hotel, No. 68, Trongate Street, Glasgow.

A composition may be offered at this meeting; and to entitle Creditors to the first dividend, their oaths and grounds of debt must be lodged on or before the 12th day of June 1866.

All future Advertisements relating to this sequestration will be published in the Edinburgh Gazette alone.

J. FISHER M'LAREN, Writer, Glasgow, Agent.

**N**OTICE is hereby given that, on considering a Petition presented to the Sheriff of Forfarshire by John Fleming, Wholesale Grocer, Dock Street, Dundee, for Sequestration of the Estates of P. & A. STEWART, Grocers, carrying on business at 40, Seagate, Dundee, and Peter Stewart and Alexander Stewart, the Individual Partners of that Company, as such, and the said Peter Stewart, as an Individual, the Sheriff-Substitute at Dundee has issued a Deliverance granting warrant for citing the said P. & A. Stewart, and the said Individual Partners of that Company, and the said Peter Stewart, as an Individual, to appear in Court on the sixth day next after the date of citation, at 12 o'clock noon, if within Scotland, and the twenty-first day next after citation, at 12 o'clock noon, if furth of Scotland, to shew cause why sequestration should not be awarded; and directing intimation of the said warrant and of the diet of comparance to be made in the Gazette; and Intimation is further hereby made that the said P. & A. Stewart, and Peter Stewart and Alexander Stewart, the Individual Partners of that Company, as such, and the said Peter Stewart, as an Individual, were of this date (9th February 1866) duly cited to appear before the Sheriff-Substitute at Dundee, on the sixth day next thereafter, at 12 o'clock noon.—Of all which Notice is hereby given, in terms of 'The Bankruptcy (Scotland) Act, 1856,' section 28.

JAMES PATERSON, Agent.

26, Castle Street, Dundee, February 9, 1866.

NOTICE.

**A** Petition having been presented to the Sheriff of Perthshire at the instance of Mrs Lilly Duff or Cameron, a Widow, sometime residing at Lagganallochy, Strathbraan, and now residing at Wester Ballintium, Strathbraan, for Sequestration of the Estates of the Deceased REVEREND DANIEL MACBRIDE, Minister of the Parish of Little Dunkeld, his Lordship of this date (12th February 1866,) granted warrant for citing Mrs Ann Stewart or Macbride, Widow of the said deceased, and Alexander Macbride, Glen Cottage, Hofton, Dunoon, to appear in Court on the seventh day next after citation if within Scotland, and on the twenty-first day next after citation if furth of Scotland, to shew cause why sequestration should not be awarded.—Of all which Intimation is hereby given.

WM. MACLEISH, Solicitor, Perth, Agent.

Perth, February 12, 1866.

**S**EQUESTRATION of JOSEPH PEDELTY & COMPANY, Manufacturers, Cothal Mills, near Aberdeen, as a Company, and Joseph Pedelty, Manufacturer there, as sole Partner of that Company, and as an Individual.

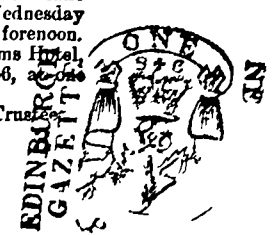
**A**LEXANDER EDMOND, Advocate in Aberdeen, has been elected Trustee on the estate; and John Ramage, New Bridge Works, Aberdeen, Edmund Chadwick, Manufacturer, Aberdeen, and Robert Lumsden, Banker in Aberdeen, have been elected Commissioners. The examination of the Bankrupt will take place in the Sheriff-Court-house of Aberdeen, on Tuesday the 20th day of February current, at 10 o'clock. The Creditors will meet in the Royal Hotel, Union Street, Aberdeen, on Monday the 5th day of March next, at 12 o'clock noon.

February 9, 1866. ALEX. EDMOND, Trustee.

**S**EQUESTRATION of JOHN GEORGE BISHOP, Hotel-keeper, Saint Fillans, in the County of Perth.

**A**RCHIBALD BALLANTINE, Bank Agent, residing in Comrie, has been elected Trustee on the estate; and Mark Aitken, Ironmonger, Crieff, George M'Culloch, Bookseller, Crieff, and John Young, China, Chrystal, and Stoneware Merchant, Crieff, have been elected Commissioners. The examination of the Bankrupt will take place in the Sheriff-Court-house, Perth, on Wednesday the 21st day of February 1866, at 10 o'clock forenoon. The Creditors will meet in the Drummond Arms Hotel, Crieff, on Saturday the 3d day of March 1866, at 10 o'clock afternoon.

ARCH. BALLANTINE, Trustee.



**SEQUESTRATION of DONALD M'ARTHUR, Brick Builder, Gloucester Street, Glasgow.**

**J**OHAN CRUIKSHANK, Accountant in Glasgow, has been elected Trustee on this estate; and William Gilchrist, Brickmaker, Sandyacres, Glasgow, has been elected a Commissioner. The examination of the Bankrupt will take place within the Chambers of Mr Sheriff Strathern, County Buildings, Wilson Street, Glasgow, on Tuesday the 20th day of February current, at 12 o'clock noon. The Creditors will meet within the Chambers of the Trustee, 161, Hope Street, Glasgow, on Thursday the 1st day of March next, at 11 o'clock forenoon. At this meeting will fall to be elected two Commissioners, in room of John Muir, Wine and Spirit Merchant in Glasgow, and Robert Low, Manufacturer, Virginia Street, Glasgow, nominated to that office at the first general meeting of the Creditors in the sequestration, but who decline to act as such, and have resigned said office.

JNO. CRUIKSHANK, Trustee.

**SEQUESTRATION of JAMES HOWISON SMYTH, Grocer and Provision Merchant, Blairgowrie.**

**J**OHAN PANTON, Corn Merchant, Blairgowrie, has been elected Trustee; and William Spalding, Farmer, Pondfauld, George Panton, Draper, Blairgowrie, and Thomas Cargill, Grocer, Blairgowrie, have been elected Commissioners. The examination of the Bankrupt will take place in the Sheriff-Court-house, Perth, on Thursday the 15th day of February current, at two o'clock. The Creditors will meet in M'Laren's Royal Hotel, Blairgowrie, on Saturday the 24th February current, at 12 o'clock noon.

JOHN PANTON, Trustee.

Blairgowrie, February 8, 1866.

**SEQUESTRATION of JOHN M'BEAN, Cabinetmaker, Nairn.**

**P**PETER M'DOUGAL, Banker in Nairn, has been elected Trustee on the estate; and Peter Falconer, Inspector of Poor, Nairn, John Murray, Ironmonger, Nairn, and William M'Intyre, House Painter and Paperhanger, Nairn, have been elected Commissioners. The examination of the Bankrupt will take place in the Sheriff-Court-house at Nairn, on Wednesday the 21st day of February current, at 12 o'clock noon. The Creditors will meet in Anderson's Hotel, Nairn, on Thursday the 1st day of March next, at 12 o'clock noon.

P. M'DOUGAL, Trustee.

Nairn, February 10, 1866.

**SEQUESTRATION of JOHN RIDDELL, Grocer and Spirit Merchant, Dunbar.**

**J**OHAN JAFFRAY, Banker, Dunbar, has been elected Trustee on the estate; and James Livingston, Merchant, Edinburgh, James Bowe, Merchant, Edinburgh, and George Stewart Morton, Merchant, Edinburgh, have been elected Commissioners. The examination of the Bankrupt will take place in the Sheriff-Court-house, Haddington, on Thursday the 22d day of February current, at 12 o'clock noon. The Creditors will meet in Dowell's Chambers, 18, George Street, Edinburgh, on Monday the 5th day of March next, at 12 o'clock noon.

JOHN JAFFRAY, Trustee.

Dunbar, February 10, 1866.

**SEQUESTRATION of JOHN THOMSON GORDON, sometime Sheriff of the County of Mid-Lothian, now deceased.**

**H**ENRY BUDGE, Chartered Accountant in Edinburgh, has been elected Trustee on the estate; and William White, Clothier, 12, Frederick Street, Edinburgh, John Mortimer, Navy and Army Clothier, &c., 101, George Street, Edinburgh, and James Ballantine, Painter, No. 42, George Street, Edinburgh, have been elected Commissioners. The Creditors will meet within the Rooms of Smith & Purves, No. 79, George Street, Edinburgh, upon Thursday the 22d day of February current, at 12 o'clock noon. Claims for the first dividend must be lodged with the Trustee on or before the 1st day of June 1866.

HENRY BUDGE, Trustee.

29, Northumberland Street, Edinburgh, February 13, 1866.

**SEQUESTRATION of the Estate of WILLIAM STRACHAN, Emigration Agent, 41, North Bridge, Edinburgh.**

**I** hereby call a meeting of the Creditors on this estate to be held within my Chambers here, on Wednesday the 7th day of March next, at two o'clock afternoon, to consider as to the application for my discharge.

ALEXR. DOWNIE, C.A., Trustee.

9, North St David Street, Edinburgh, February 13, 1866.

**SEQUESTRATION of THOMAS MITCHELL, residing at 106, Renfrew Street, Glasgow, as an Individual, and as a Partner of the respective Firms of T. & G. MITCHELL, Rag Merchants, Robertson Street, Glasgow, and THOMAS MITCHELL & SONS, China and Rag Merchants, Cowcaddens, Glasgow, as such Partner and as an Individual.**

**I** ARCHIBALD POLLOCK, Accountant in Glasgow, Trustee in said sequestration, hereby call a meeting of the Creditors to be held in my Office, 161, Hope Street, Glasgow, on Wednesday the 21st instant, at 11 o'clock forenoon, for the purpose of considering and determining as to a renewal of the Bankrupt's personal protection.

ARCH. POLLOCK, Trustee.

February 12, 1866.

**SEQUESTRATION of GEORGE GORDON HOPE JOHNSTONE, Esquire, residing at The Hew, Lockerbie, Dumfriesshire.**

**T**HE Commissioners have audited the Trustee's accounts up to 29th ultimo, and postponed declaring a dividend. A meeting of the Creditors will be held in the Commercial Inn, Dumfries, on Monday 26th current, at noon, to consult as to disposing of the estate, and consider an application by the Bankrupt for renewed protection.

J. SYMONS, Trustee.

Dumfries, February 12, 1866.

**T**HOMAS FLINT, Merchant in Tain, Trustee on the sequestrated estates of the REVEREND DONALD FRASER, Minister of Fearn, in the County of Ross, with consent of the Commissioners on said sequestrated estates, hereby calls a general meeting of the Creditors on said sequestrated estates to be held within the Saint Duthus Hotel, Tain, on Thursday the 22d day of February 1866, at one o'clock afternoon, to take into consideration an offer of composition to be made by the said Reverend Donald Fraser.

THO. FLINT, Trustee.

Tain, February 9, 1866.

**G**EORGE JOHN MURRAY, Writer to the Signet, Edinburgh, Trustee on the sequestrated estate of JOHN ESPLEN, Agent and Shipowner, Edinburgh and Granton, a Partner of the Firm of JOSEPH FALCONER & COMPANY, Agents and Shipowners there, as a Partner of the said Company and as an Individual, hereby intimates that at the general meeting of Creditors held on the 8th current, the Bankrupt made offer of a composition of One Penny per pound upon all debts due by him, or for which he was liable at the date of the sequestration of his estates, whether as a Partner of the said Firm of Joseph Falconer & Company or as an Individual, payable one month after his final discharge, and also to pay and provide for the expenses attending the sequestration and the remuneration to the Trustee, with security for payment of the same: That the Creditors present and represented at said meeting unanimously resolved that the said offer and security should be entertained for consideration; and Notice is hereby given that another general meeting of Creditors will be held within Dowell's Rooms, No. 18, George Street, Edinburgh, on Thursday the 8th day of March next, at one o'clock afternoon, for the purpose of finally deciding on the Bankrupt's offer and the security proposed.

GEORGE J. MURRAY, Trustee.

Edinburgh, February 13, 1866.

**J**AMES HOGARTH BALGARNIE, C.A., Edinburgh, Trustee on the sequestrated estate of GEORGE CORMACK, Grocer and Wine Merchant, Loanhead, in the County of Edinburgh, hereby intimates that at the second general meeting of Creditors held on 5th current, the Bankrupt made an offer of composition on all debts due by him at the date of his sequestration, with security for payment thereof; which offer was agreed to be entertained; and that the Creditors will meet in his Chambers, 9, North St David Street, Edinburgh, on Wednesday the 28th current, at three o'clock P.M., finally to decide on the same.

JAS. H. BALGARNIE, Trustee.

**SEQUESTRATION of JOHN MACDONALD & SON, Calenderers and Packers in Glasgow, and of John Macdonald and Alexander Macdonald, Calenderers and Packers there, the Individual Partners of that Company, as such Partners, and as Individuals.**

**J**AMES THOMSON, Accountant in Glasgow, Trustee on the said sequestrated estates, hereby intimates that on and after Monday the 26th day of March 1866 a

first and final dividend from said estates will be paid within the Office of Thomson & Johnston, Accountants, 70, George Square, Glasgow, to those Creditors whose claims have been admitted by the Trustee.

JAMES THOMSON, Trustee.

70, George Square,  
Glasgow, February 10, 1866.

**WILLIAM DODS**, Banker, Haddington, Trustee on the sequestrated estates of **WILSON & BLACK**, Grocers and General Merchants in Haddington, and of Archibald Black, Grocer and General Merchant there, the sole Partner of that Company, as such, and as an Individual, hereby intimates that an account of his intrusions with the funds of the estate, brought down to the 7th February current, and states of the funds recovered and of those outstanding as at same date, have been made up by him, and audited and approved of by the Commissioners on said estate; that he has examined the claims of the several Creditors who have lodged their oaths and grounds of debt on or before 7th January last, and made up lists of those entitled to be ranked on the funds of the estate, and also of those rejected in whole or in part; further, that he will, on Saturday the 7th day of April next, pay at the Office of the Commercial Bank of Scotland here a dividend to those Creditors whose claims have been duly lodged and sustained.

Haddington, February 9, 1866. W. DODS, Trustee.

**SEQUESTRATION of MATHIESON, MIDDLETON, & COMPANY**, Cabinetmakers and Upholsterers, Gordon Street and Hope Street, Glasgow, and of John Mathieson and William Middleton, two of the Individual Partners of said Company, as such Partners and as Individuals.

**JAMES THOMSON**, Accountant in Glasgow, Trustee on the said sequestrated estates, hereby intimates that on and after Thursday the 29th day of March 1866, an equalizing and second dividend from said estates, and also a first dividend from the individual estate of the said William Middleton, will be paid within the Office of Thomson & Johnston, Accountants, 70, George Square, Glasgow, to those Creditors whose claims have been admitted by the Trustee.

JAMES THOMSON, Trustee.

70, George Square,  
Glasgow, February 12, 1866.

In the Sequestration of **WILLIAM GORDON**, Joiner, Old Meldrum.

**GEORGE ALLAN**, Advocate in Aberdeen, Trustee, hereby gives notice that a first dividend will be paid within his Office, 56, Castle Street, Aberdeen, upon the 29th day of March 1866.

GEORGE ALLAN, Trustee.

Aberdeen, February 12, 1866.

**DAVID M'NIVEN**, Cattle Agent, Haddington, Trustee on the sequestrated estate of **WILLIAM TOD**, Farmer and Cattle Dealer, Elphinstone Tower, in the Parish of Tranent, and County of Haddington, hereby intimates that he has had no intrusions with the funds of the estate since the last meeting of Trustee and Commissioners; and the Commissioners have postponed the declaration of a dividend until the recurrence of another statutory period, and have dispensed with sending circulars to the Creditors.—Of all which intimation is hereby given, in terms of the Statute.

DAVID M'NIVEN, Trustee.

Haddington, February 9, 1866.

**SEQUESTRATION of JAMES FORBES**, Farmer, Mains of Kincaigie, in the Parish of Tarland, and County of Aberdeen.

The Commissioners have audited my accounts, brought down to 20th January 1866, and postponed the declaration of a dividend till the recurrence of another statutory period.

G. YOUNG, Trustee.

Aberdeen, February 9, 1866.

**SEQUESTRATION of HUGH SIM**, Vintner and Contractor in Keith, in the County of Banff.

The Trustee hereby intimates that he has had no intrusions with the funds of the estate since last statutory period, and that the Commissioners have postponed the declaration of a dividend till the recurrence of another statutory period, and dispensed with circulars to the Creditors.

GEORGE TAYLOR, Trustee.

February 10, 1866.

**SEQUESTRATION of GEORGE SOUTAR**, Farmer, Frankleyden.

**MELVILLE JAMESON**, Solicitor, Perth, Trustee on said sequestrated estate, hereby intimates that an account of his intrusions for the period ending 27th ultimo has been audited by the Commissioners, that the other statutory requisites have been complied with, and that a first and final dividend will be paid to those Creditors whose claims have been admitted by the Trustee, at his Chambers, No. 1, Crescent, Perth, on the 27th day of March 1866.

MELVILLE JAMESON, Trustee.

Perth, February 5, 1866.

NOTICE.

The Subscribers, Napier Smith and George Jardine, otherwise George Charles Jardine, Merchants in Glasgow, ceased, as on the 7th day of February 1866, to be Partners of, or interested in the Company carrying on business in Glasgow as Galvanizers, Patent Metallic Cast Manufacturers, Ship Furnishing Ironmongers, Brassfounders, Tank Makers, &c., under the Firm of **ANDERSON & WATT**.

NAPIER SMITH.

R. PEEL LAMOND, Witness.

A. GLEN, Witness.

GEO. JARDINE

ROB. L. CREE, Witness.

DUNCAN SMITH, Witness.

J. K. SMITH.

ANDERSON & WATT.

ANDREW S. M'CLELLAND, Witness.

ROB. L. CREE, Witness.

The Copartnership of **NICOL & TODD**, House Painters in Edinburgh, of which the Subscribers are the sole Partners, was **DISSOLVED** on 31st December last.

Mr Nicol, who continues to carry on the business in the same premises on his own account, is authorised to collect and discharge all debts due to the late Firm, and to pay those owing by them.

JAMES NICOL.

ALEXANDER GIBB, Witness.

J. TODD.

H. BAYNE, Witness.

In reference to the above, J. TODD begs to intimate that he will, after Whitsunday, carry on business in Partnership with Mr WILLIAM ALLAN, at 46, George Street;—Temporary Premises, Mr Drysdale's, 27A, Frederick Street. J. TODD.

**ANDREW GIBSON CORBETT**, sometime Merchant in Glasgow, now in Australia, ceased on the 30th day of April 1865 to have any interest in the business of **CORBETT & COMPANY**, Tea Merchants in Glasgow, of which he was previously sole Partner; and since then the business has been, and is still carried on by the Subscriber Charles Simson, under the same Firm, for his own sole behoof.

THOMAS CORBETT,

Attorney for **ANDREW GIBSON CORBETT**.

CHARLES SIMSON.

WM. BROWN, Clerk, 29, St Vincent Place,  
Glasgow, Witness.

DAVID MARTIN, Clerk, 29, St Vincent Place,  
Glasgow, Witness.

Glasgow, February 9, 1866.

## NOTICE.

THE Subscriber, Andrew Lornie, residing in Kirkcaldy, ceased to be a Partner of the Firm of ANDREW BLAIR & COMPANY, Manufacturers, Pathhead, on 11th November 1849.

ANDREW LORNIE,

Kirkcaldy, February 10, 1866.

THO. DOW, Town-Clerk, Dysart, Witness.

A. G. MALCOLM, Flaxspinner, Kirkcaldy,  
Witness.

DAVID BRYCE, late Overseer on the Estate of Levensgrove, now Sawyer, residing in Dumbarton, has presented a Petition to the Sheriff of the Sheriffdom of Dumbarton and Bute praying for interim protection and decree of Cessio Bonorum; and all his Creditors are hereby required, in terms of the Deliverance on said Petition, to appear within the Sheriff-Court-house at Dumbarton on the 16th day of March 1866, at 12 o'clock noon, when the Petitioner will appear for examination.

J. COLQUHOUN, Procurator for Petitioner.

Dumbarton, February 12, 1866.

*N.B.—The Fees of all Notices must be paid in advance, and all Letters post-paid.*

Printed and Published at the Office, 13, North Bank Street, by WILLIAM ALEXANDER LAURIE,  
Printer to the QUEEN'S MOST EXCELLENT MAJESTY.

\* \* \* *This Gazette is filed at the Offices of the London and Dublin Gazettes.*

Tuesday, February 13, 1866.

Price One Shilling and Threepence.