

OFFICE OF ARMS.

DUBLIN CASTLE, November 25, 1867.

The Queen has been graciously pleased to give and grant unto George Augustus Boyd, of Middleton Park, in the county of Westmeath, Esq., only child and heir-at-law of the late Abraham Boyd, of the city of Dublin, and of Bloomfield, in the said county of Westmeath, Esq., one of the Counsel learned in the law, by Jane, his wife, also deceased, widow and devisee of George Rochfort, second and last Earl of Belvedere, Her Royal licence and authority, bearing date at St James's, 16th day of November 1867, that he, the said George Augustus Boyd, Esq., and his issue, may take and henceforth use the surname of Rochfort in addition to and before the surname of Boyd, and bear the arms of Rochfort, with due and proper differences, quarterly with the arms of Boyd, in consideration of his, the said George Augustus Boyd, Esq., having inherited from his mother the Rochfort estates, which the said George Rochfort, second and last Earl of Belvedere, had the power to devise, and which, together with his personal property, he bequeathed to his widow, Jane, Countess of Belvedere, afterwards the wife of Abraham Boyd, Esq., K.C., aforesaid, and mother by him of George Augustus Boyd, of Middleton Park, Esq., the present possessor of the said property and estates.

Provided that Her Majesty's concession and declaration be recorded in the office of Ulster King of Arms in Ireland, to the end that the Officers of Arms there, and all others upon occasion, may take full notice and have knowledge thereof, which has been done accordingly.

J. BERNARD BURKE, Ulster.

DUBLIN CASTLE, November 21, 1867.

The Lord Lieutenant has been pleased to appoint Richard John Eaton, Esq., to be a Resident Magistrate for the County of Cork, under the provisions of the Act 6th Wm. IV., cap. 13.

WHITEHALL, November 25, 1867.

The Right Honourable Gathorne Hardy, one of Her Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, has appointed Frank Newby Wardell, Esq., to be an Inspector of Coal Mines and Iron Stone Mines under the Act 23 and 24 Vict., cap. 151.

CROWN OFFICE, November 26, 1867.

MEMBER returned to serve in the present PARLIAMENT.

County of Rutland.

Henry Finch, Esq., in the room of the Honourable Gilbert Henry Heathcote, now a Peer of the United Kingdom, summoned to the House of Peers.

(C. 1618.)

Board of Trade, Whitehall,
November 21, 1867.

The Right Honourable the Lords of the Committee of Privy Council for Trade have received, from the Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, a copy of a Despatch from Her Majesty's Ambassador at Berlin, enclosing the subjoined précis of an edict respecting the entry of Holstein and Sleswig into the Zollverein :—

“ Since the Grand Duchies of Holstein and Sleswig, which were united with the Prussian Monarchy by the Law of the 24th December 1866, and in consequence belong to the North German Confederation as far as regards their Customs regulations, have administered their Customs duties in accordance with laws of the other part of the Monarchy, except in the case of the duty on salt, which was to remain untouched till 1st January 1868, and since Bavaria and Wurtemberg, as well as Baden and Hesse, have agreed that the above-named Duchies should enter the Zollverein before the 1st January 1868, it has been determined as follows :—

1. The Duchies of Holstein and Sleswig shall enter the Zollverein on the 15th instant (November), and from that date they shall be entitled to free intercourse with the other Zollverein States, under the following conditions :

2. Free intercourse shall also be extended to the following places which belong to the Customs system of the Duchies of Sleswig and Holstein.

(a.) Lubeck, Ahrensboeck, Dunkelsdorf, Eckhorst, Movi, Gross-Steinrade, and Stockelsdorf, as also Böbs Schwinkenrade and Schwochel :

(b.) Gross Hansdorf, with Schmalenbeck and Beimoor, Wohldorf, Ohlstedt and Volksdorf, Farmsen, Lehmbroeck and Berne, belonging to Hamburg :

(c.) Dissau, Krumbeck, half Curau and Malken-dorf, belonging to Lubeck.

3. The towns of Altona and Wandsbeck, which were not included in the former Commercial Treaty between Holstein and Sleswig, are not admitted to the Zollverein.

4. The present regulation with respect to salt will continue in force till 1st January 1868, consequently free trade in salt between the two Duchies and the rest of the Zollverein will only begin on that date.

5. With reference also to articles which are subject to indirect taxation—brandy, beer, and tobacco—the Duchies shall enjoy perfect freedom of trade with the rest of the Monarchy, as also with the States belonging to the Zollverein, with the exception of the part of Hesse north of the Maine, and of a part of Cassel, where special limitations in regard to trade in brandy exist until July 1, 1868.

The Duchies of Holstein and Sleswig, as far as regards articles subject to indirect taxation, shall enjoy freedom of trade with Bavaria, Wurtemberg, Baden, Hesse, and Luxemburg, equally with the other parts of the Monarchy.”

(C. 1643.)

Board of Trade, Whitehall,
November 21, 1867.

The Right Honourable the Lords of the Committee of Privy Council for Trade have received, from the Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, a copy of a Despatch from Her Majesty's Ambassador at Constantinople, reporting that the Turkish Government have given notice that the exportation of grain will be prohibited from the 28th instant, in the whole of the province of Scutari, in Albania, in consequence of the failure of the harvest and the scarcity of provisions; and that, from the same date, also the exportation of horses, mules, and working bullocks will be prohibited in Janina and Salonica, where the deficiency of beasts of burden has been continually increasing.