



The Edinburgh Gazette.

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FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 20, 1872.

FOREIGN OFFICE, September 16, 1872.

THE following Despatch with its inclosures, has this day been received from Lord Tenterden:—

Lord Tenterden to Earl Granville.

Geneva, September 14, 1872.

MY LORD,

I have the honour to transmit to your Lordship herewith a copy of the Protocol of the proceedings of the Tribunal of Arbitration this day, to which is annexed a copy of the Decision and Award of the Arbitrators.

A copy of this Decision and Award, signed by the Arbitrators assenting to it, has also been delivered to me in accordance with the provisions of the 7th Article of the Treaty of Washington, and is forwarded to your Lordship with this Despatch.

After the Decision and Award of the majority of the Arbitrators had been read and signed, the Chief Justice presented to the Tribunal, a statement of his reasons for dissenting from it.

A copy of this statement is also annexed to the Protocol.*

I have, &c.,
(Signed) TENTERDEN.

Inclosure 1.

PROTOCOL XXXII.

Record of the Proceedings of the Tribunal of Arbitration at the thirty-second Conference held at Geneva, in Switzerland, on the 14th of September 1872.

The Conference was held with open doors, pursuant to adjournment. All the Arbitrators and the Agents of the two Governments were present.

* This will be published in a future Gazette.

The Protocol of the last Conference was read and approved, and was signed by the President and Secretary of the Tribunal.

The President then presented the Decision of the Tribunal on the question of the 'Alabama Claims,' and directed the Secretary to read it; which was done, and the Decision was signed by Mr. Charles Francis Adams, Count Frederic Sclopis, Mr. Jacques Stämpfli, and Viscount d'Itajubá, Arbitrators, in the presence of the Agents of the two Governments.

A copy of the Decision thus signed, was delivered to each of the Agents of the two Governments respectively, and the Tribunal decided to have a third copy placed upon record; they further decided that the Decision should be printed and annexed to the present Protocol.

Sir Alexander Cockburn, as one of the Arbitrators, having declined to assent to the Decision, stated the grounds of his own decision, which the Tribunal ordered to be recorded as an annex to the present Protocol.

The Tribunal resolved to request the Council of State of Geneva to receive the archives of the Tribunal and to place them among its own archives.

The President, Count Sclopis, then directed the Secretary to make up the record of the proceedings of the Tribunal at this XXXIId and last Conference, as far as completed; which was done, and the record having been read and approved, was signed by the President and Secretary of the Tribunal and the Agents of the two Governments.

Thereupon the President declared the labours of the Arbitrators to be finished and the Tribunal to be dissolved.

(Signed) FREDERIC SCLOPIS.
J. C. BANCROFT DAVIS.
TENTERDEN.
ALEX. FAVROT, Secretary.

Inclosure 2.

DECISION AND AWARD.

Made by the Tribunal of Arbitration constituted by virtue of the first Article of the Treaty concluded at Washington the 8th of May 1871, between Her Majesty the Queen of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, and the United States of America.

Her Britannic Majesty and the United States of America having agreed by Article I of the Treaty concluded and signed at Washington the 8th of May 1871, to refer all the claims 'generically known as the Alabama claims,' to a Tribunal of Arbitration to be composed of five Arbitrators named:—

One by Her Britannic Majesty,
 One by the President of the United States,
 One by His Majesty the King of Italy,
 One by the President of the Swiss Confederation,
 One by His Majesty the Emperor of Brazil ;
 and

Her Britannic Majesty, the President of the United States, H.M. the King of Italy, the President of the Swiss Confederation, and H.M. the Emperor of Brazil, having respectively named their Arbitrators, to wit:—

Her Britannic Majesty :

Sir Alexander James Edmund Cockburn, Baronet, a Member of Her Majesty's Privy Council, Lord Chief Justice of England ;

The President of the United States :
 Charles Francis Adams, Esquire ;

His Majesty the King of Italy :

His Excellency Count Frederic Sclopis of Salerano, a Knight of the Order of the Annunziata, Minister of State, Senator of the Kingdom of Italy ;

The President of the Swiss Confederation :
 Mr. James Stämpfli ;

His Majesty the Emperor of Brazil :

His Excellency Marcos Antonio d'Araujo, Viscount d'Itajubá, a Grandee of the Empire of Brazil, Member of the Council of H.M. the Emperor of Brazil, and his Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary in France ;

And the five Arbitrators above named having assembled at Geneva (in Switzerland) in one of the Chambers of the Hotel de Ville on the 15th of December 1871, in conformity with the terms of the IId Article of the Treaty of Washington, of the 8th of May of that year, and having proceeded to the inspection and verification of their respective powers, which were found duly authenticated, the Tribunal of Arbitration was declared duly organized.

The Agents named by each of the High Contracting Parties, by virtue of the same Article II, to wit:—

For Her Britannic Majesty :

Charles Stuart Aubrey, Lord Tenterden, a Peer of the United Kingdom, Companion of the Most Honourable Order of the Bath, Assistant Under-Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs,

and for the United States of America :

John C. Bancroft Davis, Esquire ;
 whose powers were found likewise duly authenti-

cated, then delivered to each of the Arbitrators the printed Case prepared by each of the two Parties, accompanied by the documents, the official correspondence, and other evidence on which each relied, in conformity with the terms of the IIIId Article of the said Treaty.

In virtue of the decision made by the Tribunal at its first session, the Counter-Case and additional documents, correspondence, and evidence, referred to in Article IV of the said Treaty, were delivered by the respective Agents of the two Parties to the Secretary of the Tribunal on the 15th of April 1872, at the Chamber of Conference, at the Hotel de Ville of Geneva.

The Tribunal in accordance with the vote of adjournment passed at their second session, held on the 16th of December 1871, reassembled at Geneva on the 15th of June 1872 ; and the Agent of each of the Parties duly delivered to each of the Arbitrators and to the Agent of the other Party the printed argument referred to in Article IV of the said Treaty.

The Tribunal having since fully taken into their consideration the Treaty and also the Cases, Counter-Cases, documents, evidence, and arguments, and likewise all other communications made to them by the two Parties during the progress of their sittings, and having impartially and carefully examined the same,

Has arrived at the decision embodied in the present award :

Whereas, having regard to the VIth and VIIth Articles of the said Treaty, the Arbitrators are bound under the terms of the said VIth Article, 'in deciding the matters submitted to them, to be governed by the three Rules therein specified and by such principles of International Law not inconsistent therewith, as the Arbitrators shall determine to have been applicable to the case ;'

And whereas the 'due diligence' referred to in the first and third of the said Rules ought to be exercised by neutral Governments in exact proportion to the risks to which either of the belligerents may be exposed, from a failure to fulfil the obligations of neutrality on their part ;

And whereas the circumstances out of which the facts constituting the subject matter of the present controversy arose, were of a nature to call for the exercise on the part of Her Britannic Majesty's Government of all possible solicitude for the observance of the rights and the duties involved in the Proclamation of Neutrality issued by Her Majesty on the 13th day of May 1861 ;

And whereas the effects of a violation of neutrality committed by means of the construction, equipment, and armament of a vessel are not done away with by any commission which the Government of the belligerent Power benefited by the violation of neutrality may afterwards have granted to that vessel : and the ultimate step, by which the offence is completed, cannot be admissible as a ground for the absolution of the offender, nor can the consummation of his fraud become the means of establishing his innocence ;

And whereas the privilege of exterritoriality according to vessels of war has been admitted into the law of nations, not as an absolute right, but solely as a proceeding founded on the principle of courtesy and mutual deference between different nations, and therefore can never be appealed to for the protection of acts done in violation of neutrality ;

And whereas the absence of a previous notice cannot be regarded as a failure in any considera-

tion required by the law of nations, in those cases in which a vessel carries with it its own condemnation ;

And whereas, in order to impart to any supplies of coal a character inconsistent with the second Rule, prohibiting the use of neutral ports or waters, as a base of naval operations for a belligerent, it is necessary that the said supplies should be connected with special circumstances of time, of persons, or of place, which may combine to give them such character ;

And whereas, with respect to the vessel called the 'Alabama,' it clearly results from all the facts relative to the construction of the ship at first designated by the Number '290' in the port of Liverpool, and its equipment and armament in the vicinity of Terceira through the agency of the vessels called the 'Agrippina' and the 'Bahama,' despatched from Great Britain to that end, that the British Government failed to use due diligence in the performance of its neutral obligation ; and especially that it omitted, notwithstanding the warnings and official representations made by the diplomatic agents of the United States during the construction of the said 'Number 290' to take in due time any effective measures of prevention, and that those orders which it did give at last, for the detention of the vessel, were issued so late that their execution was not practicable ;

And whereas, after the escape of that vessel, the measures taken for its pursuit and arrest were so imperfect as to lead to no result, and therefore cannot be considered sufficient to release Great Britain from the responsibility already incurred ;

And whereas in despite of the violations of the neutrality of Great Britain committed by the '290,' this same vessel, later known as the Confederate cruiser 'Alabama,' was on several occasions freely admitted into the ports of Colonies of Great Britain, instead of being proceeded against as it ought to have been in any and every port within British jurisdiction in which it might have been found ;

And whereas the Government of Her Britannic Majesty cannot justify itself for a failure in due diligence on the plea of the insufficiency of the legal means of action which it possessed ;

Four of the Arbitrators for the reasons above assigned, and the fifth for reasons separately assigned by him,

Are of opinion,

That Great Britain has in this case failed, by omission, to fulfil the duties prescribed in the first and the third of the Rules established by the VIth Article of the Treaty of Washington.

And whereas with respect to the vessel called the 'Florida,' it results from all the facts relative to the construction of the 'Oreto' in the port of Liverpool, and to its issue therefrom, which facts failed to induce the Authorities in Great Britain to resort to measures adequate to prevent the violation of the neutrality of that nation, notwithstanding the warnings and repeated representations of the Agents of the United States, that Her Majesty's Government has failed to use due diligence to fulfil the duties of neutrality ;

And whereas it likewise results from all the facts relative to the stay of the 'Oreto' at Nassau, to her issue from that port, to her enlistment of men, to her supplies, and to her armament, with the co-operation of the British vessel 'Prince Alfred,' at Green Cay, that there was negligence on the part of the British Colonial Authorities ;

And whereas, notwithstanding the violation of the neutrality of Great Britain committed by the 'Oreto,' this same vessel, later known as the Confederate cruiser 'Florida,' was nevertheless on several occasions freely admitted into the ports of British Colonies ;

And whereas the judicial acquittal of the 'Oreto' at Nassau cannot relieve Great Britain from the responsibility incurred by her under the principles of International Law ; nor can the fact of the entry of the 'Florida' into the Confederate port of Mobile, and of its stay there during four months, extinguish the responsibility previously to that time incurred by Great Britain :

For these reasons,

The Tribunal by a majority of four voices to one,

Is of opinion,

That Great Britain has in this case failed, by omission to fulfil the duties prescribed in the first, in the second, and in the third of the Rules established by Article VI of the Treaty of Washington.

And whereas, with respect to the vessel called the 'Shenandoah,' it results from all the facts relative to the departure from London of the merchant vessel the 'Sea-King,' and to the transformation of that ship into a Confederate cruiser under the name of the 'Shenandoah,' near the Island of Madeira, that the Government of Her Britannic Majesty is not chargeable with any failure, down to that date, in the use of due diligence to fulfil the duties of neutrality ;

But whereas it results from all the facts connected with the stay of the 'Shenandoah' at Melbourne, and especially with the augmentation which the British Government itself admits to have been clandestinely effected of her force by the enlistment of men within that port, that there was negligence on the part of the Authorities at that place.

For these reasons,

The Tribunal is unanimously of opinion,

That Great Britain has not failed, by any act or omission, to fulfil any of the duties prescribed by the three Rules of Article VI of the Treaty of Washington, or by the principles of International Law not inconsistent therewith, in respect to the vessel called the 'Shenandoah,' during the period of time anterior to her entry into the port of Melbourne.

And by a majority of three to two voices, the Tribunal decides that Great Britain has failed, by omission, to fulfil the duties prescribed by the second and third of the Rules aforesaid, in the case of this same vessel, from and after her entry into Hobson's Bay, and is therefore responsible for all acts committed by that vessel after her departure from Melbourne, on the 18th day of February 1865.

And so far as relates to the vessels called

The 'Tuscaloosa,'
(Tender to the 'Alabama'),
The 'Clarence,'
The 'Tacony,'
and The 'Archer,'
(Tenders to the 'Florida'),

The Tribunal is unanimously of opinion,

That such Tenders or auxiliary vessels, being properly regarded as accessories, must necessarily follow the lot of their Principals, and be sub-

mitted to the same decision which applies to them respectively.

And so far as relates to the vessel called 'Retribution,'

The Tribunal, by a majority of three to two voices, is of opinion,

That Great Britain has not failed, by any act or omission, to fulfil any of the duties prescribed by the three Rules of Article VI in the Treaty of Washington, or by the principles of International Law not inconsistent therewith.

And so far as relates to the vessels called

The 'Georgia,'

The 'Sumter,'

The 'Nashville,'

The 'Tallahassee,'

and The 'Chickamauga,' respectively,

The Tribunal is unanimously of opinion,

That Great Britain has not failed, by any act or omission, to fulfil any of the duties prescribed by the three Rules of Article VI in the Treaty of Washington, or by the principles of International Law not inconsistent therewith.

And so far as relates to the vessels called

The 'Sallie,'

The 'Jefferson Davis,'

The 'Music,'

The 'Boston,'

and The 'V. H. Joy,' respectively.

The Tribunal is unanimously of opinion,

That they ought to be excluded from consideration for want of evidence.

And whereas, so far as relates to the particulars of the indemnity claimed by the United States, the costs of pursuit of the Confederate cruisers are not, in the judgment of the Tribunal, properly distinguishable from the general expenses of the war carried on by the United States,

The Tribunal is, therefore, of opinion, by a majority of three to two voices,

That there is no ground for awarding to the United States any sum by way of indemnity under this head.

And whereas prospective earnings cannot properly be made the subject of compensation, inasmuch as they depend in their nature upon future and uncertain contingences,

The Tribunal is unanimously of opinion,

That there is no ground for awarding to the United States any sum by way of indemnity under this head.

And whereas in order to arrive at an equitable compensation for the damages which have been sustained, it is necessary to set aside all double claims for the same losses, and all claims for 'gross freights' so far as they exceed 'nett freights';

And whereas it is just and reasonable to allow interest at a reasonable rate;

And whereas, in accordance with the spirit and letter of the Treaty of Washington, it is preferable to adopt the form of adjudication of a sum in gross, rather than to refer the subject of compensation for further discussion and deliberation to a Board of Assessors, as provided by Article X of the said Treaty;

The Tribunal, making use of the authority conferred upon it by Article VII of the said Treaty,

by a majority of four voices to one, awards to the United States the sum of fifteen millions five hundred thousand dollars in gold as the indemnity to be paid by Great Britain to the United States for the satisfaction of all the claims referred to the consideration of the Tribunal, conformably to the provisions contained in Article VII of the aforesaid Treaty.

And in accordance with the terms of Article XI of the said Treaty, the Tribunal declares that 'all the claims referred to in the Treaty as submitted to the Tribunal are hereby fully, perfectly, and finally settled.'

Furthermore it declares, that 'each and every one of the said claims, whether the same may or may not have been presented to the notice of, or made, preferred, or laid before the Tribunal, shall henceforth be considered and treated as finally settled, barred, and inadmissible.'

In testimony whereof this present Decision and Award has been made in duplicate, and signed by the Arbitrators who have given their assent thereto, the whole being in exact conformity with the provisions of Article VII of the said Treaty of Washington.

Made and concluded at the Hotel de Ville of Geneva, in Switzerland, the 14th day of the month of September in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy-two.

(Signed)

C. F. ADAMS.

FREDERIC SCLOPIS.

STAEMPLI.

VICOMTE D'ITAJUBA.

ORDER IN COUNCIL.

By the Lords Justices and Privy Council of Ireland.

SANDHURST.

Whereas it appears to us, the Lords Justices of Ireland, and to Her Majesty's Privy Council in Ireland, to be expedient to make this Order, for the purpose of preventing the introduction among animals in Ireland, of a contagious or infectious disease commonly called 'The Cattle Plague' or 'Rinderpest':

Now we, the Lords Justices of Ireland, by and with the advice of Her Majesty's Privy Council in Ireland, hereby, by virtue and in exercise of the powers vested in us, under 'The Cattle Disease (Ireland) Act, 1866,' and 'The Cattle Disease (Ireland) Amendment Act, 1870,' and of every other power enabling us in this behalf, do order as follows:—

- (1.) This Order shall take effect from the publication of same in the Dublin Gazette, and shall continue in force until the 14th November next, inclusive.
- (2.) Cattle in this Order shall mean any cow, heifer, bull, bullock, ox, or calf.
- (3.) No cattle, goat, kid, or swine from any place in Germany, or from any place in that part of the United Kingdom called Great Britain, shall be landed in Ireland.
- (4.) No sheep, ram, or lamb from any place in Germany, or from any place in that part of the United Kingdom called England, shall be landed in Ireland.
- (5.) No sheep, ram, or lamb from any place in that part of the United Kingdom called

Scotland shall be landed in Ireland, save under the conditions hereinafter mentioned and set forth (and any breach of any such condition shall be deemed an offence against this Order), that is to say:—The Exporter of such sheep, ram, and lamb, respectively, shall within three days of the intended time of shipment, duly make a solemn Declaration in the form annexed to this Order, which Declaration shall thereupon be delivered to the Shipowner's Agent, or Captain of the ship, until which delivery the sheep, rams, or lambs shall not be allowed on board the ship or vessel; and such Declaration, along with the sheep, rams, or lambs, shall be committed to the Captain's custody, and so remain until the ship's arrival at the port of debarkation in Ireland, where such Declaration shall be handed over to the Collector of Customs, or one of his officers; and the sheep, rams, or lambs shall remain on board until permission has been granted by such Collector, or one of his officers, for their debarkation.

(6.) No undressed or raw skin, hide, horn, hoof, or any part of any raw or undressed skin,

hide, horn, or hoof, or any offal of any cattle, sheep, ram, lamb, goat, kid, or swine from Germany, shall be landed in Ireland.

(7.) No undressed or raw skin, hide, horn, hoof, or any part of any raw or undressed skin, hide, horn, or hoof, or any offal of any cattle, sheep, ram, lamb, goat, kid, or swine, from any place in Great Britain (unless the same shall have been brought into Great Britain from India, South America, or Australia), shall be landed in Ireland.

(8.) Every person offending against this Order shall for each offence incur a penalty not exceeding Twenty Pounds, and when any such offence is committed with respect to more than four animals, a penalty not exceeding Five Pounds for each animal may be imposed instead of a Penalty of Twenty Pounds, provided that a penalty less than the maximum may be ordered to be paid.

Given at the Council Chamber in Dublin, this 13th day of September 1872.

ATHLUMEY.
J. H. MONAHAN.

FRED. SHAW.
R. DEASY.

DECLARATION.

County of _____ to wit.

I, [name, residence, county, and occupation of Exporter to be here set forth,] do solemnly and sincerely declare that the Sheep, Rams, and Lambs described in the schedule hereunto annexed, and intended to be exported by me to [name and place of residence of Consignee], are Scotch Sheep, and have never been out of Scotland.

And I make this solemn Declaration, conscientiously believing the same to be true, and by virtue of the provisions of an Act made and passed in the 5th and 6th years of the reign of His late Majesty (5 and 6 Wm. IV., c. 62), intituled 'An Act to repeal an Act of the present Session of Parliament, intituled An Act for the more effectual Abolition of Oaths and Affirmations taken and made in the various departments of the State, and to substitute Declarations in lieu thereof, and for the more entire suppression of voluntary and extra-judicial Oaths and Affidavits, and to make other provisions for the abolition of unnecessary Oaths.'

Made and subscribed before me, a Justice of the Peace for said County, at this _____ day of _____ 187

SCHEDULE referred to in Declaration.

Description of Sheep and Lambs.	No. of Sheep and Lambs, to be stated in figures.	No. of Sheep and Lambs, to be Stated in words at full length.	Mark or Brand.	Observations, if any.
Sheep. { Ewe Ram Wether				
	Hoggets. { Ewe Ram Wether			
		Lambs. { Ewe Ram Wether		

WHITEHALL, September 14, 1872.

The Queen has been pleased to appoint Sir Thomas Edward Colbrooke, Bart.; the Right

Honourable Archibald Philip, Earl of Rosbery; Sir William Stirling Maxwell, Bart.; Charles Stuart Parker, Esq.; John Ramsay, Esq.; Henry

Hill Lancaster, Esq., Advocate; and Alexander Craig Sellar, Esq., Advocate; to be Her Majesty's Commissioners to inquire into the nature and amount of all Endowments in Scotland, the funds of which are wholly or in part devoted, or have been applied, or which can rightly be made applicable to educational purposes, and which have not been reported on by the Commissioners under the Universities (Scotland) Act, 1858; also to inquire into the administration and management of any Hospitals or Schools supported by such Endowments, and into the system and course of study respectively pursued therein, and to report whether any and what changes in the administration and use of such endowments are expedient, by which their usefulness and efficiency may be increased.

BANKRUPTS
FROM THE LONDON GAZETTE.

BANKRUPTCIES AWARDED.

William Fellgate, of 249, Holloway Road, and 8, Osborn Terrace, Stroud Green, both in Middlesex, dairyman.
Edwin Bridger, of 50, Upper Bedford Place, Middlesex.
Thomas Swindells, of Chaucer Street, and James Lees Swindells, of Regent Street, carrying on business at Middle Pavement, all in Nottingham, under the style or firm of Swindells & Co., or Swindells & Co., Limited, as lace dealers and manufacturers.
Christiana Isabella Yunge, of 32, Sandgate Road, Folkestone, Kent, of no occupation.
Matthew James Scaddan, of Berkeley Street, Southsea, Hants, builder.

CORN IMPORTED AND EXPORTED.

AN ACCOUNT showing the Quantities of the several kinds of Corn and Meal Imported into each division of the United Kingdom; and the Quantities of British and Foreign Corn and Meal, of the same kinds, Exported from the United Kingdom, in the Week ended the 14th September 1872.

	QUANTITIES IMPORTED INTO—				QUANTITIES EXPORTED FROM THE UNITED KINGDOM.		
	England.	Scotland.	Ireland.	The United Kingdom.	British.	Colonial and Foreign.	Total Export.
	Cwt.	Cwt.	Cwt.	Cwt.	Cwt.	Cwt.	Cwt.
Wheat	569,714	117,294	245,950	932,958	556	4,925	5,481
Barley.....	121,573	6,208	...	127,781	386	...	386
Oats	139,218	16,773	...	155,991	75	...	75
Rye.....	3,630	...	...	3,630	...	...	...
Pease	23,718	5,807	...	29,525	12	...	12
Beans	42,713	45,531	...	88,244	...	...	...
Indian Corn	353,328	132,672	296,637	782,637	...	66	66
Buckwheat.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bere or Bigg .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total of Corn (exclusive of Malt).....	1,253,894	324,285	542,587	2,120,766	1,029	4,991	6,020
Wheatmeal or Flour	Cwt. 67,299	Cwt. 26,620	Cwt. ...	Cwt. 93,919	Cwt. 210	Cwt. 39	Cwt. 249
Barley Meal	100	...	...	100	...	...	...
Oat Meal	1	1,223	...	1,224	136	...	136
Rye Meal	3	...	...	3	...	...	...
Pea Meal .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bean Meal .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Indian Corn Meal ...	443	...	...	443	...	...	...
Buckwheat Meal ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total of Meal...	67,846	27,843	...	95,689	346	39	385
Total of Corn and Meal (exclusive of Malt).....	1,321,740	252,128	542,587	2,216,455	1,375	5,030	6,405
Malt (entered by the Quarter).....	Quarters. ...	Quarters. ...	Quarters. ...	Quarters. ...	Quarters. 1,490	Quarters. ...	Quarters. 1,490

STATEMENT showing the Quantities Sold and Average Price of BRITISH CORN, Imperial Measure, as received from the Inspectors and Officers of Excise, conformably to the Act of the 27th and 28th Victoria, cap. 87, in the Week ended 14th September 1872.

	QUANTITIES SOLD.		AVERAGE PRICE.	
	Qrs.	Bus.	s.	d.
Wheat	57,001	0	58	0
Barley	2,166	3	35	10
Oats	2,144	6	23	5

COMPARATIVE STATEMENT for the corresponding Week in each of the Years from 1868 to 1871.

Corresponding Week in	QUANTITIES SOLD.						AVERAGE PRICES.					
	WHEAT.		BARLEY.		OATS.		WHEAT.		BARLEY.		OATS.	
	Qrs.	Bus.	Qrs.	Bus.	Qrs.	Bus.	s.	d.	s.	d.	s.	d.
1868	91,075	3	25,265	3	4,005	3	54	4	44	0	28	5
1869	57,593	3	5,394	1	2,391	1	50	5	38	3	25	5
1870	91,811	2	24,441	3	4,749	3	46	6	36	4	23	9
1871	71,419	3	2,186	1	2,472	5	56	7	35	8	24	9

A. W. FONBLANQUE,
Comptroller of Corn Returns.

Statistical and Corn Department, Board of Trade,
September 16, 1872.

PERTSHIRE POLLING PLACES AND DISTRICTS.

NOTICE is hereby given, in terms of the Act of Parliament 16 Vict., cap. 28, that the Sheriff of Perthshire, with consent of Her Majesty's Advocate for Scotland, proposes to increase and alter the number, situation, and arrangement of the Polling Places and Districts in his County as follows, viz. :-

- I. At ABERFELDY, for the Parishes of Dull, excepting the portion of that Parish situated on the north of the Tummel, attached to Blair-Athole District; and the portion of that Parish situated on the south side of the Tummel, and to the east of Frenich Burn, attached to Pitlochry District, Logierait, for the portions of that Parish situated in Strathtay west of Tullipowrie and Pitcastle Burns, and including Wester Aberfeldy, Kenmore, excepting the portions of that Parish situated west of the Burn of Auldvine on south side of Lochtay, and west of the Burn of Lawers on the north side of said Loch, and also in Glenloch, attached to Killin District; and the portion situated east of the Burn of Lawers, on the north side of Lochtay, attached to Fortingall District, Fortingall, for portion of that Parish situated east of Kenmore, on south side of the Tay, Weem, excepting the portions of that Parish

situated west of the Burn of Auldvine, on the south side of Lochtay, and west of the Burn of Lawers on the north side of said Loch, and in Glenloch, attached to Killin District; the portion situated in Glenlyon, and west of Fortingall Village, attached to Fortingall District.

- II. ALYTH, for the Parishes of Alyth, excepting the portion of that Parish situated to the west of Leapit Burn, Green Burn, and Green Latch, attached to the Bridge of Cally District, Meikle.
- III. AUCHTERARDER, for the Parishes of Auchterarder, Glendevon, Trinity-Gask.
- IV. BLAIR-ATHOLE, for the Parishes of Blair-Athole, Dull, for the portions of that Parish situated to the north of the Tummel, Logierait, for the portion situated in Rannoch, on the north side of the River Tummel, and to the east of Kinloch-Rannoch, Fortingall, for the portion situated in Rannoch, on the north side of the River Tummel, and to the east of Kinloch-Rannoch.
- V. BLAIRGOWRIE, for the Parishes of Blairgowrie, excepting the portions of that Parish situated to the west of the River Ericht, and to the north of the Burn of Lornty, attached to the Bridge of Cally District; and the portion to the east of the River Ericht, attached to Rattray,

Caputh, for the portions of that Parish situated south of the Burn of Lornty,
Kinloch, excepting that portion of said Parish situated to the north of the Burn of Lornty, attached to the Bridge of Cally District.

VI. BRIDGE OF EARN, for the Parishes of

Aberdalgie,
Abernethy,
Arngask,
Dron,
Dunbarney,
Forgandenny,
Forteviot, for the portion of that Parish situated near Bridge of Earn,
Rhynd.

VII. BRIDGE OF CALLY, for the Parishes of

Kirkmichael,
Caputh, for the portion of that Parish situated to the north of Bridge of Cally,
Kinloch, for the portion of that Parish situated to the north of the Burn of Lornty,
Blairgowrie, for the portions of that Parish situated to the west of the River Erich, and to the north of the Burn of Lornty,
Bendochy, for the detached portions of that Parish situated to the east and north of the Bridge of Cally,
Alyth, for the portion of that Parish situated to the west of Leapit Burn, Green Burn, and Green Latch,
Rattray, for the portion of that Parish situated to the north of the Bridge of Cally.

VIII. CALLANDER, for the Parishes of

Callander,
Balquhiddier,

IX. COMRIE, for the Parishes of

Comrie,
Monzievaird.

X. COUPAR-ANGUS, for the Parishes of

Coupar-Angus,
Collace,
Cargill,
Caputh, for the portions of that Parish situated in the Sidlaws, and near Forfar,
Scone, for the detached portion of that Parish situated near Burrelton.

XI. CRIEFF, for the Parish of

Crieff.

XII. DUNBLANE, for the Parishes of

Dunblane,
Lecropt.

XIII. DUNNING, for the Parishes of

Dunning,
Forteviot, excepting the part of that Parish situated near Bridge of Earn, attached to Bridge of Earn District,
Findo-Gask.

XIV. DOUNE, for the Parishes of

Kilmadock,
Kincardine.

XV. DUNKELD, for the Parishes of

Dunkeld and Dowally, excepting the detached portion situated on the north side of the River Tummel, and west of Ballinluig, attached to Pitlochry,

Caputh, excepting the portions of that Parish situated to the south of the Burn of Lornty, attached to Blairgowrie District; the portion situated to the north of the Bridge of Cally, attached to that District; and the detached portions situated in the Sidlaws, and near Forfar, attached to Coupar-Angus District,

Little Dunkeld, excepting that portion of the Parish situated on the south side of the Tay, to the west of Kincaigie Burn, attached to Pitlochry,
Clunie,
Lethendy.

XVI. FORTINGALL, for the Parishes of

Fortingall, excepting the portion of that Parish east of Kenmore, on the south side of the River Tay, attached to Aberfeldy; and the portion in Rannoch on the north

side of the River Tummel, and to the east of Kinloch-Rannoch, attached to Blair-Athole District,

Weem, for the detached portion of that Parish situated in Glenlyon, west of Fortingall Village,

Logierait, for the portion of that Parish situated on south side of Loch Rannoch,

Kenmore, for the portion of that Parish situated east of the Burn of Lawers, on the north side of Loch Tay.

XVII. HALFWAY-HOUSE, by ERROL, for the Parishes of

Abernyte,
Errol,
Fowlis-Easter,
Inchture,
Kinnaird,
Kilspindie,
Longforgan,
St. Madoes,
Kinfauns,
Kinnoull, for the portion of that Parish adjoining St. Madoes.

XVIII. KILLIN, for the Parishes of

Killin,
Kenmore, for the detached portions of that Parish situated west of the Burn of Auldvine on the south side of Loch Tay, and west of the Burn of Lawers on the north side of said Loch, and in Glenlochy,
Weem, for the portions of said Parish situated west of the Burn of Auldvine, on the south side of Loch Tay, and west of the Burn of Lawers, on the north side of said Loch, and in Glenlochy.

XIX. METHVEN, for the Parishes of

Fowlis-Wester,
Methven, excepting the portion of that Parish situated in Auchtergaven, attached to Stanley,
Monzie,
Madderty.

XX. MUTHILL, for the Parishes of

Muthill,
Blackford.

XXI. PERTH, for the Parishes of

Kinnoull, excepting portion of that Parish adjoining St. Madoes, attached to Halfway-House,
Perth,
Scone, excepting portion of that Parish situated near Burrelton, attached to Coupar-Angus District,
St. Martins,
Tibbermuir.

XXII. PORT OF MONTEATH, for the Parishes of

Aberfoyle,
Kippen,
Port.

XXIII. PITLOCHRY, for the Parishes of

Moulin,
Logierait, excepting portions of that Parish situated in Strathtay, west of Tulliepowrie and Pitcastle Burns, including Wester Aberfeldy, attached to Aberfeldy District; and also the part of the Parish situated on the south side of Loch Rannoch, attached to Fortingall District; and portion of that Parish situated in Rannoch, on the north side of the River Tummel, and to the east of Kinloch-Rannoch, attached to Blair-Athole District,
Dull, for the portion of that Parish situated on the south side of the Tummel, to the east of Frenich Burn,
Little Dunkeld, for that portion of the Parish situated on the south side of the Tay to the west of Kincaigie Burn,
Dunkeld and Dowally, for the portion of that Parish situated on the north side of the River Tummel, and west of Ballinluig.

XXIV. RATTRAY, for the Parishes of

Rattray, excepting portions of that Parish situated to the north of Bridge of Cally, attached to that District,

Bendochy, excepting the detached portions of that Parish lying to the east and north of the Bridge of Cally, attached to that District, Blairgowrie, for the portion of that Parish east of the River Erich.

XXV. STANLEY, for the Parishes of Auchtergaven, Kinclaven, Moneydie, Methven, for the portion of that Parish situated in Auchtergaven, Redgorton.

JOHN TAIT, Sheriff of Perthshire.

Blairlogie, August 24, 1872.

COUNTY OF INVERNESS.

THE Sheriff of the County of Inverness, with consent of the Lord Advocate, hereby gives notice that a Petition has been presented to him, in terms of the Act 16 Victoria, chapter 28, and signed by Ten Registered Voters for the County, praying that LOCHMADDY, in the Parish of North Uist, may be appointed an Additional Polling Place for the County of Inverness.

If any of the Inhabitants of the County, being Registered Voters for the same, are desirous of opposing the prayer of the Petition, they are hereby called upon to lodge with the Sheriff Clerk a written Notice to that effect, signed by them, in terms of the said Statute, on or before the 30th day of October 1872.

H. C. MACANDREW,
Sheriff-Clerk of Inverness-shire.

Sheriff-Clerk's Office, Castle, Inverness,
September 12, 1872.

AS Liquidator of the MONEY ORDER COMPANY OF GREAT BRITAIN AND IRELAND (Limited), I hereby call a General Meeting of the Shareholders, to be held within Dowell's Rooms, No. 18, George Street, Edinburgh, on Tuesday the 22d of October 1872, at one o'clock P.M., for the purpose of laying before said Meeting an account of the manner in which the winding up of the Company has been conducted and the Funds disposed of, and giving any necessary explanations on the subject, in terms of the 142d section of the Companies Act, 1862.

HENRY CALLANDER, Liquidator.

Edinburgh, September 18, 1872.

SEQUESTRATION of JAMES M'LEAN, Contractor, Hopehill Road, Glasgow.

NOTICE is hereby given, in terms of an Interlocutor of date 17th September 1872, by James Galbraith, Esquire, one of the Sheriff-Substitutes of Lanarkshire, that the Deed of Arrangement under which it is proposed to wind up this Estate, now lies with the Clerk of Court at Glasgow, subject to inspection; and that all parties who desire to oppose the approval thereof, must lodge in the hands of the Clerk of Court a Notice of Appearance within ten days from this date, with certification.

J. M. ROBERTSON, Writer, Glasgow,
Law Agent in the Sequestration.

Glasgow, September 20, 1872.

TO THE CREDITORS ON

The Sequestrated Estates of WILLIAM HUNTER, Jeweller and Watchmaker in Kirkaldy.

BY virtue of an Order of the Sheriff-Substitute of Fifeshire, William Hunter, above designed, hereby intimates that he has presented a Petition to the Sheriff of Fifeshire at Cupar, to be finally discharged of all debts contracted by him before the date of the Sequestration of his Estates, in terms of the Statutes.

WM. HUNTER.

Kirkaldy, September 17, 1872.

TO THE CREDITORS ON

The Sequestrated Estates of JAMES WILSON, lately Tenant of the Farm of Newbigging, in the Parish of Carnock and County of Fife, and now residing in Alloa.

BY virtue of an Order of the Sheriff-Substitute for the Western District of Fifeshire, James Wilson, above designed, hereby intimates that he has presented a Petition to the Sheriff of Fifeshire at Dunfermline, to be finally discharged of all debts contracted by him before the date of the Sequestration of his Estates, in terms of the Statutes.

BARDNER, M'FARLANE, & ROSS, Writers,
Dunfermline, Agents.

Dunfermline, September 17, 1872.

ALEXANDER WEIR ROBERTSON, Chartered Accountant in Edinburgh, as Trustee on the Sequestrated Estate of GEORGE WILLIS, Clothier, now deceased, formerly residing in Edinburgh, sometime a Partner of the Firm of WILLIS & WILLIAMS, Clothiers, George Street, Edinburgh, and of GEORGE WILLIS & COMPANY, Clothiers, St. James Street, London, hereby intimates that his accounts, made up to the 12th current, have been audited by the Commissioners, that a Dividend has been postponed, and circulars to the Creditors dispensed with.

ALEX. W. ROBERTSON.

Edinburgh, September 18, 1872.

WILLIAM STIVEN, Accountant in Dundee, Trustee on the Sequestrated Estates of PATON, GORDON & COMPANY, Merchants and Commission Agents in Dundee, as a Company, hereby intimates that an account of his intromissions with the Funds of the said Estates, brought down to the 5th day of September 1872, and a state of the Funds recovered, and of those outstanding belonging to the said Estates, as at the same date, have been made up and examined and audited by the Commissioners on said Estates, in terms of the 'Bankruptcy (Scotland) Act, 1856,' and that the Commissioners have postponed the declaration of a dividend till the recurrence of another statutory period.—Of all which Notice is hereby given, in terms of the Statute.

WM. STIVEN, Trustee.

Dundee, September 19, 1872.

SEQUESTRATION of the Rev. ROBERT BURNS THOMSON, Minister of the Parish of Spott, near Dunbar.

THE Trustee hereby intimates that the Commissioners have audited his account of intromissions, brought down to the 4th instant, and have postponed the declaration of a Dividend until another statutory period.

JAMES HALDANE, Trustee.

Edinburgh, 24, St. Andrew Square,
September 18, 1872.

In the Sequestration of WILLIAM JAMES TOD, Builder and House Carpenter, No. 38, Pitt Street, Edinburgh.

THE Trustee hereby intimates that accounts of his intromissions with the Funds of the Estate, brought down to 4th instant, have been audited by the Commissioners; that he has examined the claims of the several Creditors who have lodged oaths and grounds of debt on or before the said 4th instant, and made up lists of those Creditors entitled to be ranked on the Funds of the Estate, as well as of those whose claims have been rejected in whole or in part, or from whom additional evidence has been required in support of their claims; and further, that the Commissioners have postponed the declaration of a Dividend on the Estate till the recurrence of next statutory period.—Of all which Intimation is hereby made, in terms of the Statute.

THOMAS S. LINDSAY, Trustee.

Chambers, 36, Hanover Street, Edinburgh,
September 20, 1872.

THE Estates of ALEXANDER GILCHRIST, Flax-spinner, Rothies Mills, Leslie, were Sequestered on the 17th day of September 1872, by the Sheriff of the County of Fife.

The first Deliverance is dated 17th September 1872.

The Meeting to elect the Trustee and Commissioners is to be held at 12 o'clock noon, on Saturday the 28th day of September 1872, within the Royal Hotel, Cupar-Fife.

A Composition may be offered at this Meeting; and to entitle Creditors to the first Dividend, their oaths and grounds of debt must be lodged on or before the 17th day of January 1873.

A Warrant of Protection has been granted to the Bankrupt.

All future Advertisements relating to this Sequestration will be published in the Edinburgh Gazette alone.

C. WELCH, Solicitor, Cupar,
Agent.

THE Estates of WILLIAM ROSS, Restaurateur, and Wine and Spirit Merchant, Dundee, were Sequestered on the 18th day of September 1872, by the Sheriff of the County of Forfar.

The first Deliverance is dated the 9th September 1872.

The Meeting to elect the Trustee and Commissioners is to be held at 12 o'clock noon, on Friday the 27th day of September 1872, in the Royal Hotel, Dundee.

A Composition may be offered at this Meeting; and to entitle Creditors to the first Dividend, their oaths and grounds of debt must be lodged on or before the 19th January 1873.

All future Advertisements relating to this Sequestration will be published in the Edinburgh Gazette alone.

J. R. YOUNG, Solicitor, Dundee,
Agent.

Dundee, September 18, 1872.

THE Estates of JOHN SINCLAIR, Dealer in Watches and Jewellery in Glasgow, now deceased, were Sequestered on the 18th September 1872, by the Court of Session.

The first Deliverance is dated the 30th day of August 1872.

The Meeting to elect the Trustee and Commissioners is to be held at 12 o'clock noon, on Friday the 27th day of September 1872, within the Faculty Hall, Saint George's Place, Glasgow.

A Composition may be offered at this Meeting; and to entitle Creditors to the first Dividend, their oaths and grounds of debt must be lodged on or before the 18th day of January 1873.

The Sequestration has been remitted to the Sheriff of Lanarkshire.

All future Advertisements relating to this Sequestration will be published in the Edinburgh Gazette alone.

J. & R. D. ROSS, W.S.,
38, Frederick Street, Edinburgh, Agents.

THE Estates of JOHN ORD, Draper, Leith, were Sequestered on the 19th day of September 1872, by the Court of Session.

The first Deliverance is dated the 19th day of September 1872.

The Meeting to elect the Trustee and Commissioners is to be held at one o'clock afternoon, on Monday the 30th day of September 1872, within Dowell's Sale Rooms, No. 18, George Street in Edinburgh.

A Composition may be offered at this Meeting; and to entitle Creditors to the first Dividend, their oaths and grounds of debt must be lodged on or before the 19th day of January 1873.

A Warrant of Protection has been granted to the Bankrupt.

All future Advertisements relating to this Sequestration will be published in the Edinburgh Gazette alone.

J. W. & J. MACKENZIE, W.S., Agents,
16, Royal Circus, Edinburgh.

THE Estates of ALEXANDER M'LEOD, Mariner, 14, Clerk Street, Edinburgh, were Sequestered on the 20th September 1872, by the Sheriff of the County of Edinburgh.

The first Deliverance is dated the 20th day of September 1872.

The Meeting to elect the Trustee and Commissioners is to be held at one o'clock afternoon, on Saturday the 28th day of September 1872, within Buchanan's Temperance Hotel, High Street, Edinburgh.

A Composition may be offered at this Meeting; and to entitle Creditors to the first Dividend, their oaths and grounds of debt must be lodged on or before the 20th day of January 1873.

A Warrant of Protection has been granted to the Bankrupt.

All future Advertisements relating to this Sequestration will be published in the Edinburgh Gazette alone.

ALEXANDER M'LEOD, Petitioner.

NOTICE.

A PETITION having been presented to the Sheriff of Haddingtonshire at the instance of George Hope, Tenant in Fentonbarns, for Sequestration of the Estates of the deceased GEORGE HALL, Potato Dealer, Dunbar, the Sheriff-Substitute, of this date granted Warrant for citing Helen Westland or Hall, residing at Boston in England, the Widow and Executrix confirmed to and successor of the said deceased George Hall, to appear within the Ordinary Sheriff Court Room in the County Buildings, in Haddington, on the 21st day of October next, at 12 o'clock noon, to show cause why Sequestration should not be awarded.—Of all which Intimation is hereby given.

JOHN NEILSON, Writer, Haddington,
Agent.

Haddington, September 16, 1872.

SEQUESTRATION of JOHN MACEDWARD, Farmer, Inveruglas, Insh, in the County of Inverness.

LACHLAN DAVIDSON, Bank Agent, Kingussie, has been elected Trustee on this Estate, in room and place of the now deceased Donald MacRae, Bank Agent, Kingussie. A Meeting of the Creditors will be held in Hobb's Hotel, Kingussie, on Monday the 7th day of October next, at half-past one o'clock in the afternoon, to receive the Trustee's Report and to instruct him.

L. DAVIDSON, Trustee.

Kingussie, September 16, 1872.

SEQUESTRATION of JOHN DAVIDSON, sometime Tacksman of Gordon Hall, near Kingussie, and now residing at Inveruglas, also near Kingussie, both in the County of Inverness.

LACHLAN DAVIDSON, Bank Agent, Kingussie, has been elected Trustee on this Estate. The election of Commissioners on the Estate has been postponed until a sufficient number of Creditors of the Bankrupt lodge their claims. The Examination of the Bankrupt will take place in the Sheriff Court House, Castle, Inverness, on Thursday the 26th day of September current, at 11 o'clock A.M. The Creditors will meet in Hobbs Hotel, Kingussie, on the 7th day of October next, at two o'clock in the afternoon.

L. DAVIDSON, Trustee.

Kingussie, September 16, 1872.

SEQUESTRATION of JAMES DOUGALL, Publisher, East Howard Street, Glasgow.

WILLIAM THOMSON, Accountant in Glasgow, has been elected Trustee on the Estate; and Daniel MacIntyre, Writer in Glasgow, has been elected Commissioner. The Examination of the Bankrupt will take place in the Sheriff Court House at Glasgow, on Thursday the 26th current, at 11 o'clock forenoon. The Creditors will meet within the Office of Gavin Hamilton, Writer, 73, West Nile Street, Glasgow, on Monday the 7th day of October next, at 12 o'clock noon. Additional Commissioners will also be elected at this latter Meeting.

WM. THOMSON, Trustee.

Glasgow, September 19, 1872.

SEQUESTRATION of ALEXANDER WATTERS, now or lately Grocer in Langloan, in or near Coatbridge, in the County of Lanark, and presently residing there.

JAMES MITCHELL, Accountant, Virginia Street, Glasgow, has been elected Trustee on the Estate, and John Mowat, Wholesale Grocer and Tea Merchant, Montrose Street, Glasgow, Donald Hyndman, a Partner of the Firm of Neil M'Donald & Company, Fishcurers and Provision Merchants, Jackson Street, Glasgow, and David Kirkland Sliman, a Partner of the Firm of D. K. & J. Sliman, Wholesale Provision Merchants, Wilson Street, Glasgow, have been elected Commissioners. The Examination of the Bankrupt will take place within the Sheriff's Chambers, County Buildings, Airdrie, on Thursday the 3d day of October 1872, at 11 o'clock forenoon. The Creditors will meet within the Trustee's Chambers, 49 Virginia Street, Glasgow, on Friday the 11th day of October 1872, at 12 o'clock noon.

JAMES MITCHELL, Trustee.

SEQUESTRATION of HENRY CUTHBERTSON, Baker and Grocer, Saint Andrew Street, Leith.

GEORGE GRANVILLE TAIT, Writer, Edinburgh, has been elected Trustee on the Estate; and James Pringle, Brewer, Edinburgh, Mark Sanderson, Merchant in Leith, and James Dick, Merchant there, have been elected Commissioners. The Examination of the Bankrupt will take place within the Bankruptcy Court, Sheriff Court, George IV. Bridge, Edinburgh, upon Friday the 27th day of September 1872, at one o'clock afternoon. The Creditors will meet within the Writing Chambers of Messrs. Drummond & Mackenzie, S.S.C., 94, Constitution Street, Leith, upon Tuesday the 8th day of October 1872, at 12 o'clock noon.

GEORGE G. TAIT, Trustee.

Edinburgh, September 19, 1872.

SEQUESTRATION of the Estate of JOHN MURRAY, Writer and Accountant, No. 5, York Place, Edinburgh now deceased.

WILLIAM MYRTLE, Chartered Accountant in Edinburgh, has been elected Trustee on the Estate; and Robert Scott, S.L., Edinburgh, David Forsyth, S.S.C., Edinburgh, and Alexander Macnair, Treasurer to the City of Edinburgh Road Trust, have been elected Commissioners. The Creditors will meet in Dowell's Rooms, No. 18, George Street, Edinburgh, on Thursday the 3d day of October next, at two o'clock afternoon.

WILLIAM MYRTLE.

7, North St. David Street, Edinburgh,
September 20, 1872.

SEQUESTRATION of JAMES CRAWFORD, Joiner, Douglas Street, Glasgow.

CHARLES KNIGHT RUTHERGLEN, Accountant, Glasgow, has been elected Trustee on the Estate; and Mrs. Jane Montgomerie or Johnston, residing in Scott Street, Glasgow, William Young of Young & Kinloch, Wholesale Ironmongers, Bothwell Street, Glasgow, and Archibald Boyd Wilson, 80, Scott Street, Garnet Hill, Glasgow, have been elected Commissioners. The Examination of the Bankrupt will take place in the Chambers of Mr. Sheriff Galbraith, County Buildings, Hutcheson Street, Glasgow, on Thursday the 26th of September current, at one o'clock afternoon. The Creditors will meet in the Chambers of C.K. Rutherglen & Dempster, 92, St. Vincent Street, Glasgow, on Friday the 4th of October next, at 12 o'clock noon.

CHAS. KNIGHT RUTHERGLEN, Trustee.

September 19, 1872.

SEQUESTRATION of ANDREW WEDDERSPOON, Joiner and Cartwright, 107, Dumbarton Road, Partick, near Glasgow, as an Individual, and as a Partner of the late Firm of WEDDERSPOON & SCOBIE, Joiners, Partick aforesaid.

JOHN WIGHT, Chartered Accountant in Glasgow, has been elected Trustee on the Estate; and Andrew Aitchison, Writer, Glasgow, and David Turn-

bull Colquhoun, Writer there, have been elected Commissioners. The Examination of the Bankrupt will take place in the Chambers of Mr. Sheriff Galbraith, County Buildings, Wilson Street, Glasgow, on Saturday the 28th day of September next, at 12 o'clock noon. The Creditors will meet in the Chambers of the Trustee, 150, Hope Street, Glasgow, on Wednesday 9th day of October 1872, at 12 o'clock noon.

JOHN WIGHT, Trustee.

Glasgow, September 18, 1872.

SEQUESTRATION of DAVID MITCHELL, Plasterer in Pathhead.

JAMES ANDERSON, Merchant in Kirkaldy, has been elected Trustee on the Estate; and Alexander Thomson and David Pearson, Junior, Writers, Kirkaldy, and Isabella Greig, Grocer, Pathhead, have been elected Commissioners. The Examination of the Bankrupt will take place in the Sheriff Court Room at Cupar, on Wednesday the 25th day of September current, at 12 o'clock noon. The Creditors will meet in the Writing Chambers of Alexander Thomson, Writer, No. 242, High Street, Kirkaldy, on Monday the 7th day of October next, at 12 o'clock noon.

JAS. ANDERSON, Trustee.

Kirkaldy, September 17, 1872.

IN the Sequestration of the Estates of JOHN MUNRO, sometime Distiller and Road Contractor at Tealaggan, in the Parish of Kirkehill and County of Inverness, thereafter residing at Drynie, in the Parish of Dingwall and County of Ross, the first Deliverance in which is dated 22d June 1844, by which the Process was remitted to the Sheriff of the County of Inverness, the Sheriff of the County of Inverness has, on the Petition of Robert M'Kay, Wine Merchant, Inverness, a Creditor ranked or claiming to be ranked on the said Sequestrated Estate, granted Warrant for holding a Meeting of the Creditors of the said John Munro, upon Monday the 7th day of October next, within the Writing Chambers of Hugh Rose, Solicitor, 6, Drummond Street, Inverness, for the purpose of electing a new Trustee on said Sequestrated Estate, and doing the other Acts provided for by the Statute.—Of all which Notice is hereby given.

HUGH ROSE, Agent for the Petitioner.

Inverness, September 17, 1872.

JOHN FRASER, Solicitor in Keith, Trustee on the Sequestrated Estates of P. M'GREGOR & SONS, Blacksmiths in Keith, as a Company, and Peter M'Gregor and John M'Gregor, both Blacksmiths in Keith, the Individual Partners of said Company, as Partners thereof, and as Individuals, hereby intimates that his accounts, down to the 9th current, have been audited by the Commissioners, and that the Funds recovered being insufficient to pay preferable claims and expenses, a Meeting of the Creditors will be held within the Trustee's Office, on Monday the 14th proximo, at two o'clock afternoon, to consider as to an application for his discharge.

JOHN FRASER, Trustee.

Keith, September 16, 1872.

SEQUESTRATION of JAMES SCOTT, Draper at Fauldhouse, near Crofthead.

JAMES HUTTON, C.A., Glasgow, Trustee on the Estate, hereby intimates that a General Meeting of the Creditors will be held within the Chambers of M'Farlane & Hutton, C.A., 163, West George Street, Glasgow, on Monday the 14th proximo, at 12 o'clock noon, to consider as to an application for his discharge as Trustee, the whole Estate having been realized and a first and final Dividend paid therefrom.

JAMES HUTTON, C.A., Trustee.

163, West George Street, Glasgow,
September 19, 1872.

FRANK YOUNG HENDERSON, Accountant, Dundee, Trustee on the Sequestrated Estate of PETER COURTS, Watchmaker, Dundee, hereby calls a General Meeting of the Creditors, to be held within the Office of Henderson & Parker, Accountants, 41, Reform Street, Dundee, on Tuesday the 15th day of October 1872, at one o'clock afternoon, to consider as to an application to be made by him for his discharge as Trustee foresaid.

FRANK Y. HENDERSON.

Dundee, September 12, 1872.

SEQUESTRATION of DANIEL MORISON, House Painter, Union Street, Glasgow.

THE Trustee hereby calls a General Meeting of Creditors, to be held within his Office, 208, West George Street, Glasgow, on the 14th October 1872, at 11 o'clock forenoon, to consider as to an application for his discharge.

JNO. GOURLAY, C.A., Trustee.

September 18, 1872.

SEQUESTRATION of ANDREW KNOX, Glazier and Glass Merchant, West Nile Street, Glasgow.

THE Trustee hereby calls a General Meeting of Creditors, to be held within his Office, 208, West George Street, Glasgow, on the 14th October 1872, at 12 o'clock noon, to consider as to an application for his discharge.

JNO. GOURLAY, C.A., Trustee.

September 18, 1872.

JOHAN TWEEDIE BOWIE, Chartered Accountant in Edinburgh, Trustee on the Sequestrated Estate of JAMES WALLACE, Builder, Broxburn, hereby calls a General Meeting of the Creditors of the said James Wallace, to be held within his Office, No. 6, North Saint Andrew Street, Edinburgh, on Monday the 30th day of September current, at two o'clock afternoon, to take into consideration an offer to pay the debts in full made by the said James Wallace.

J. T. BOWIE, Trustee.

Edinburgh, September 19, 1872.

SEQUESTRATION of J. & W. H. MURRAY & COMPANY, Warehousemen, Glasgow, as a Company, and James Murray and William Henry Murray, the Individual Partners of that Firm, as such Partners.

AS Trustee on the above Sequestrated Estates, I, John M'Queen Barr, Accountant, Glasgow, hereby intimate that at a General Meeting of Creditors held on the 9th instant, the Bankrupts made an offer of Composition, with security; and the same having been unani- mously entertained for consideration, another General Meeting of the Creditors will be held within the Chambers of Barr & Carstairs, Accountants, 21, Renfield Street, Glasgow, on Saturday the 12th day of October next, at 12 o'clock noon, for the purpose of finally deciding on the Bankrupt's offer and the security proposed.

J. M. BARR, Trustee.

Glasgow, September 19, 1872.

JOHAN MILNE, Accountant in Elgin, Trustee on the Sequestrated Estate of MISS ANNE CUNNINGHAM YOUNG, Teacher, Willow Bank, Elgin, hereby intimates that a first and final Dividend will be paid to those Creditors whose claims have been admitted by the Trustee, at his Office, No. 92, High Street, Elgin, on the 11th day of November 1872.

JOHN MILNE, Trustee.

Elgin, September 12, 1872.

SEQUESTRATION of THOMAS DUFF, Manure, Agricultural Implement, and Commission Agent in Perth, and residing in Burntisland, in the County of Fife.

HORACE SKEETE, Solicitor, Perth, Trustee on said Sequestrated Estate, hereby gives notice that an equalizing Dividend will be paid to those Creditors whose claims have been lodged and admitted for the statutory period ending 3d current, within his Writing Chambers, Victoria Buildings, Tay Street, Perth, upon the 4th day of November next.

HORACE SKEETE, Trustee.

Perth, September 17, 1872.

SEQUESTRATION of DAVID REDDIE, residing in Bowling, and Keeper of the Railway Restaurant there, and of the Lorne Restaurant, Glasgow.

JAMES HUTTON, C.A., Glasgow, Trustee on the Estate, hereby intimates that an account of his intromissions, brought down to the 5th instant, has been made up and audited by the Commissioners, and that they have postponed declaring any further Dividend till the recurrence of another statutory period.

JAMES HUTTON, C.A., Trustee.

Glasgow, September 19, 1872.

NOTICE.

THE Firm of YEAMAN, TOSH, & DUNCAN, Accountants and Stockbrokers, Dundee, of which the Subscribers were the sole Partners, was DIS- SOLED by mutual consent, as of date 30th August 1872. Messrs. Tosh & Duncan will continue to carry on Business as Accountants and Stockbrokers at No. 11, Reform Street, Dundee.

ROBERT YEAMAN.

TOSH & DUNCAN.

ALEXANDER TOSH.

D. DUNCAN.

R. C. SMITH, Clerk to Tosh & Duncan, Accountants, Dundee, Witness.

P. M. WATSON, Clerk to Tosh & Duncan, Accountants, Dundee, Witness.

Dundee, September 19, 1872.

NOTICE OF DISSOLUTION OF COPARTNERY.

THE Firm of CRAIK, AIRD, & CO., Ironfounders in Hawick, having of this date been DISSOLVED by the retirement of Mr. Nicholas Craik, the same Business will in future be carried on by Mr. John Craik and Mr. Thomas Aird, under the Firm of CRAIK & AIRD.

The said Craik & Aird are entitled to receive and discharge all debts due to the Firm, and all claims against the Firm will be settled by them.

Hawick, September 16, 1872.

JOHN CRAIK.

THOS. AIRD.

NICHOLAS CRAIK.

JOHN ANDERSON, Solicitor, Hawick, Witness.

ROBERT PURDOM, Solicitor, Hawick, Witness.

Glasgow, September 9, 1872.

THE Subscriber, William Anderson, retired from the Copartnery Concern of WILLIAM ANDERSON & COMPANY, Manufacturers, 16, Prince's Square, 40, Buchanan Street here, on the 12th day of August last, 1872.

The Subscribers, Robert Anderson and James Anderson, continue to carry on the Business under the same Firm, and in the same premises as heretofore.

WILLIAM ANDERSON.

ROBT. ANDERSON.

JAMES ANDERSON.

ARCHD. L. HOLMES, Witness.
ROBERT PARKER, Witness.

Glasgow, August 30, 1872.

THE Subscribers, as sole Partners, having for some time carried on business as Copartners, under the Firm of SAMUEL B. WATT & CO., Commission Agents, Glasgow, the Copartnership is DISSOLVED by mutual consent from and after this date, by the retiral of Mr. Kelly. Mr. Watt will continue to carry on the Business on his own account, and under the same Firm.

SAML. B. WATT.

JAMES KELLY.

WM. C. FORSYTH, Merchant, Glas-
gow, Witness.

WM. HANNAH, Clerk, Glasgow,
Witness.

N.B.—The Fees of all Notices must be paid in advance, and all Letters post-paid.

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Friday, September 20, 1872.

Price One Shilling.

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