

many of them knocked on the head: And on presence of searching for French, several Burghers houses were plundered, and they themselves very evilly entreated; but the arrival of the Troops who were appointed for the guard of the several Posts, put a stop to the insolencies of the Soldiers, which, it's thought, would otherwise have gone so far, that not one of the Garison would have escaped; and of this the French were themselves the chief occasion, by quitting the Gates too soon: And besides, it is said, that they had nailed up all the Cannon that was in the place, which greatly incensed the Confederates. We are told, that Monsieur de Crequi had a great sum of money with him in the Cathedral, but that it was all pillaged by the Soldiers. The Regiment of the Sieur d'Antel, in the Spanish service, is entred into Treves, the command of which is given to the Colonel.

**Brussels, Sept. 13.** On Wednesday last, our Army decamped from *Nivelle*, and went and took its quarters at *Givet*; yesterday the Prince of *Orange* marched again, and encamped near *Wavre*. Yesterday likewise parted from hence a great Body of Horse and Foot, among which were two Dutch Regiments, to convoy above 400 Wagons laden with all kind of Provisions, and especially Bread, which hath been baked here (and more is yet baking) to our Army. The Marechal de *Montmorency* follows close after the Prince of *Orange*; for yesterday, about 10 in the forenoon, he decamped from *Hall*, and went and lodged near *Nivelle*, in the same quarters that our Army had left some dayes before. The Dutch Train of Artillery is still here, as likewise two *Holland* Regiments which lay in our Counterescarp. Our Letters from *Ruremond* of the 11 instant, tell us, That seven Regiments of Foot were arrived in that Neighborhood from *Grave*, under the command of the Count of *Sitrum*, but that it was not known when or which way they would continue their march; however, that the Count de *Sitrum* had commanded 1500 Wagons from the Countrey thereabouts. Our Letters from *Strasbourg* assure us, That General *Montecuculi* finding the Prince of *Conde* so strongly encamped near *Schlestadt*, that he could not attack him there; and that on the other side, his own Army begun to have want of Forage, was marched back, with intention, as was thought, to besiege *Hagenaw* and *Saverne*.

**Dirto.** This morning we had an Alarm, That the night past, 3000 French have passed the *Scheld*, and are fallen into the Countrey of *Waes*, (which during this whole War, has been free from the vexations of the Enemy) and burnt and plundered several Villages, and set the rest under Contribution; which the French have often attempted before, but could never effect till now.

From the Prince of *Orange's* Camp at *Wavre*, **Sept. 13.** On Wednesday we removed from *Nivelle* to *Givet*, and this day are come hither, where, it's thought, we may continue two or three days, till our heavy Cannon arrive from *Brussels*, from whence a considerable Copvoy is come this day. Last Night arrived in the Camp the Duke of *Holstein*, being lately come from *Spain*; he was taken Prisoner by the French in the Battel of *Seneff*, and is now made Lieutenant-General of the Foreign Horse in the service of these Countries, and Serjeant-General of *Bataille*, with retention of his Regiment, and a Troop of Guards. We have the confirmation of the disorder that was committed by the German Soldiers at *Treves*, increased by the springing of a Mine, and the firing of some Granadoes, which, we are assured, was merely accidental; however, many of the French were killed, and all, as well Officers as Soldiers, stript to their shirts. The person who nailed up the Cannon, is a Prisoner,

having done it of his own head, without any order. The same Letters confirm, That the Army is separated; that the *Lunenburghs* are gone home; and that the Prince of *Vaudemont* is coming with the rest of those Troops this way, to join our Army, except those which remain at *Treves*; which, it's thought, may alter the measures that have been taken. Just now the Duke de *Villa Hermosa* receives an account of a Body of French having fallen into the Countrey of *Waes*, upon which his Excellency has sent away in great haste the Maitre de Camp General, with two Regiments of Spanish Foot, and a good Body of Horse, and four pieces of Cannon, towards *Brussels*, for the security of the Canal; and, if possibly, to intercept the French in their Retreat.

**Hague, Sept. 13.** The seven Regiments that assembled at *Grave*, are marched towards *Ruremond*, where they will pass the *Maise*, and so go join the Prince of *Orange*. The discourse here is, that his Highness will march into the Countrey of *Liege*, and attempt something in those parts, but this is uncertain. From *Strasbourg* they write, That General *Montecuculi* is gone to besiege *Hagenaw* and *Saverne*.

**Paris, Sept. 14.** We have not as yet an exact account of what passed during the siege of *Treves*, nor the particulars of what hapned the last day; it is certain that the Troops that were in Garison there, being wearied with the length of the siege, and the continual service they had been at, would not expose themselves to the extremities which the Marechal de *Crequi* resolved to expect, so that the Officers capitulated without him, and he remains Prisoner of War. Our last Letters from the Prince of *Conde's* Camp, were dated the seventh instant at *Kastenholtz*; they say, That the first instant, the Imperial Army decamped from *Ober-ekenheim*, and posted themselves along the River *Ober*, their Right Wing being towards *Epfich*, where they continued several days. The third instant, the Retrenchments, which were making round our Camp, and reach from the Mountains to *Schlestadt*, were finished, and the same day the Prince of *Conde* sent out a Body of Horse towards *Horbourg*, between *Colmar* and *Brisach*, to hinder the incursions of the Enemy on that side: The same day likewise, towards evening, the Chevalier du *Plessys* was commanded out with 2000 Horse, to protect our Forragers, and the Marechal de *Duras* parted for *Besort*. The sixth, the Imperialists decamped, and marched towards *Saverne*. The Prince of *Conde* expected 12 Squadrons of Horse from *Verdun*. The 10 instant, the Duke of *Luxembourg* was encamped at *Braine le Comte*. We have Letters which speak of the Germans having broken the Capitulation of *Treves*, and used the French very ill. But that which not a little pleases us, is, That that Confederate Army is broken up, and the Dukes of *Lunenburgh* gone home with their Forces.

#### Advertisements.

☞ *Dareti's Phrygii*, *Historicorum omnium primi*, de Bello Trojano Libri Sex. Latino Carmine à *Josepho Exoniensi* Elegantissime redditi. Recogniti ac emendati cura & studio *Johannis Moris*, J U D. Quiescentem Argumentis illustravit, totumque Opus vero Auctori restituit. London, Printed for Thomas Helder, at the Angel in Little-Britain.

**L**ost on Thursday, **Aug. 26.** in *Moorfields*, a Girl about 12 years old, low of stature, fair complexion, full visage, a full gray eye, brown hair, a scar in her upper-lip on the inside, cloathed in a striped pleated vest, with a black serge Petticoat, and a sad-coloured one with silver-lace, and in her night-cloaths: her name, *Mary Row*. Whoever can give notice of her to Mr. *Edward Willan*, at the Chirurgeions *Arms* in *Coleman-Street*, or to Mr. *William Swift*, at the *Maidenhead* in *Woodstreet*, shall have five pound for their Reward.