The London Gazette.

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Naples, Jan. 28. E are here not a little concerned to find the news we had of a Victory obtained by Lieutenant Admiral de Ruyter, over

the French Fleet, fo much changed, for the advices we now receive from Sicily not onely inform us that the French were arrived at Messina, and had relieved that City, which before was very much straitned through the want of Provisions, but that the Heer de Ruster, declaring that the fix Months during which he was according to the Agreement made between the King of Spain and the States General his Masters, to assist the Spaniards in order to the reducing of Messina, were expired, was returning home with his Squadron, not altogether fatisfied with the Conduct of matters. Our Viceroy the Marquis de los Velez, having an account hereof immediately, fent for the Dutch Consul that is here, and defired him to go off in a Felucca if possible to meet with de Ruyter, and to advise him that orders were come from Holland, commanding his continuing some time longer in these parts; as yet the Consul is not returned, and, it's much feared he hath not been able to overtake the Lieutenant Admiral, and therefore Messengers have been fent both by Sea and Land to Legherne on the fame Brrand.

Dirto, Febr. 4. Since our last, are arrived here three Spanish Men of War, from Melazzo to Carcen, they consirm what we formerly wrote concerning the Fight, and add, That the reason that the French took their course round the Island of Sicily, was, that the Wind would not permit them to enter the Fare on this side. This morning arrived four Gallies from Melazzo, who give us an account, that the French Flect is returned homwards again, having left 10 or twelve Men of War at Messagan, Several Troops of Horse have been lately raised by our Viceroy, and will be transferred to Melazzo very suddenly

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Florence, Febr. 3. We have seen so many different Relations of the fuccels of the late Engagement between the French and the Dutch Fleets on the 8th past, near the Fare of Messina, that we have hardly known what to credit; This is certain, that for several hours the Fight was pretty sharp, and that both sides sustained much damage in their Masts, Sayles, and Rigging, but we do not hear of any great number of Men flain, they having contented themselves to fight at a pretty distance. The Dutch add, that they funk two Men of War, and 2 Fireships of the Bnemies, and that they themselves lost one Man of War but the first the French do not own. Thus we were taken up with giving the one or the other fide the Victory, when our Letters from Rome and Naples informed us, that the French were entred into Messina, having, as is said, the third day after the fight, got clear of the Dutch, and taken their course round the Illand of Steily, and so entred Messing, on the other side of the Fare, to the great trouble of the Spaniards; That thereupon, Lieutenint Admiral de Ruyter (the term appointed for his stay in those parts being expired) [had taken his leave of the Prince of Montesarchio, who joined him the day after the Fight

with 8 Men of War, in order to his return home. And yesterday arrived at Legarne five Dutch Men of War, sent in by Lieutenant Admiral de Ruster, to setch out what Dutch ships should happen to be in that Port, that so they might return home together, but they found orders there from the States to their Admiral for his continuing some time longer in these parts.

time longer in these parts.

Pisa, Fish. 10. The Master of an English Ketch lately arrived at Leghorne from Master reports, that he had met with Lieutenant Admiral de Ruyter near Monre Christo, with 25 sail under his command, seturning towards Sicily, according to the new orders he had received from Holland. The Master adds, that Sir John Narborough was departed for Tripoli, with the Squadron under his command.

Wasfaw, Febr. 7. We cannot at present give an account of all the particulars of the solemnity of the Interment of the late Kings Casimire and Michael, and the Coronation of their present Majesties at Cracow the week past, but must onely tell you in general, that it was performed with great Pomp and Magnificence, and with an extraordinary concourse of Nobili-

Madrid, Febr. 12. From Cadiz we are told, that an Advice-boat was arrived there in 61 days from the Havans, at his departure from thence, they had not any news of the Galeons, so that they are not now expected till the next Month. We are now certainly informed, that the Spanish ships lost some time since in the Fare of Messian by bad weather, were the Almirante of Flanders, la Almudena, St. Francisco, and the Conception of Naples, all ships of Good Force, and two Fireships, but that in all there were not above 200 Men drowned. The Marquis d'Assargas, late Vicercy of Naples, is arrived at Barcelona, and is suddenly expected at Court.

Vienna, Febr. 9. The Count de la Tour is parted hence for Venice, where he is to reside Ambassador from this Court. The Elector of Bavaria has sent hither the Count of Lewinstein, to complain of the Imperialists having taken their quarters in some of his Territories, appertaining to the Circle of Suphia. The Empressit's said begins to recover, to the great joy of this Court. General Monteuculi will certainly part hencelto the Army towards the latter and of this Month, From Cracow we have advice of the second instant, that the Coronation of their Majesties of Poland had been performed there the 2d instant, with great solemnity. The Turks of Nemhanset, to the number of 300 were lately as far as Scheda, with denign to have demolished a certain Fort lately built by the Imperialists, who received them so well, that they were forced to retire without effecting their purpose.

Cologne, Febr. 21. We have little to write from hence at present, on all sides Parties are preparing for the Campagne with so much earnestness, that it plainly appears they have as yet no disposition to a Peace. The Duke of Newburg continues his Levies, with good success. The Garisons of Philipsburgh and Brilae seals the neighbouring Countreys under Contribution.

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and we are told that the last Week a French party burnt 14 Villages in Brifgouia, for that the Inhabitants sailed to pay their Contributions.

Berlin, Febr. 13. The 17 past, the Count de Sternberg, Vice-Chancellor of Behemia, and Envoy Extraordinary from the Emperor arrived here from the Court of the Elector of Saxony, where he had been to represent feveral matters relating to the prefent conjuncture, on the part of the Emperor. The next day he was condu-Acd to his Audience of his Electoral Highness, to whom he opened his Commission. We have advice that the Troops which we told you in our last were abroad under the command of Major General Dorfling, are returned into their quarters, not having been able to put their design in execution, because of the great quantity of Snow and Hail that hath fallen, and besides, the Suedes had taken the alarum, and had every where put themselves into a posture of defence, and especially in the Isle of Rugen, whither Count Coninsmark was gone in person to provide against all attempts of the Enemy.

Liege, Febr. 22. The Garison that was in the Cittadelhere hath been lately changed, upon a discovery as is said of some practises that were on soot for the betraying it, on which account a Lieutenant Colonel hath been arrested at Macstricht, together with some other Officers of inseriour quality. The French seem resolved to demolish the Callles of Huy and Dinant, and we are told, that they are already at work there to that effect.

Bruffels, Fobr. 18. The 12 inflant, his Excellency the Duke de Villa Hermofa was present at the opening the new Sluice, between Bruges and Oftend, which was done with great Ceremony, and at the same time, a Spanish Man of War of 30 Guns and several other Vessels passed up to Bruges, to the great satisfaction of that City, which will draw great advantage from thence. We understand that his Excellency hath by the last Ordinary received Bills of Exchange for 800 000 Crowns from Spain, and that he is at present at Antwerp, about remitting greatest part thereof to the Allies, to whom the Crown of spain pays Subfidies. It now appears, that by the late Treaty concluded at the Hague, between Spain, that State, and the Bishop of Osnabrugh, the latter is obliged to come with his Troops to the affiftance of these Countries, during the next Campagne.

Ditto, Febr. 21. Our Italian Letters have changed all our mirth for the Victory obtained over the French on the Coast of Sicily into sadness, for besides, that Messina is relieved, and the French Fleet fasely arrived there, we look upon the Lieutenant Admiral de Ruyters return homewards to be much the greater blow, for that disappoints all the measures that have been taken for the reducing that City. The French threaten to be now quickly in the Field, and according to the advices we have from France, that King intends to bend his greatest force against these Provinces, and all the hopes we have is, that the Prince of Orange will take care of us, for here we have nor made any confiderable preparations for the Campagne. From Liege they write, that the Governor of Maestricht had fent feveral Miners to Huy, to demolish some Outworks of that Castle, which were not counted tenable.

words in Disto, Febr. 25. Last night his Excellency arrived; from which she Amswerp, and with him Don Emanuel de Lyra, who is lately come from the Hague. The weather continues here extremely fair, so that we doubt not but the French will take the Field very speedily, we lear they have filled all their Frontier Garisons as well in Flanders as in the Countrey of Liege with Soldiers; and on our side the Garisons of Namur and Iyres have been reinforced, being most apprehensive that the French de-

fign upon them. Y sterday we received advice, that the French having drawn a Body of 10 or 12000 Men together, commanded by the Marefehal a' Hunieres, and the Marquis de Chamilly, had besieged the strong Castle of Ancy near Donay, in which was a Spanish Company, and this morning we understand it was surrendred upon Discretion, and that the French have demolished it. Great Magazines are providing in several places in Bealans, by order or the Prince of Orange, for the supplying his Army this next Campagne. We expect here the Duke of Osandrag with his Troep, which together will make 8000 Men. Its said that the Duke of Bournonvise is to command the Spanish Army in Latalonia.

Hogue, F.br. 21. We are cold that yesteday Letters arrived from the Lieutenant Admiral de Royar giving an account of his being on his return home. And at the same time we received Letters from Legon, whi he say, that he having sent into that Port sive of his Men of War, they had found orders there from the States for his remaining six Months longer in the Spanish service, so that it's believed, so soon as he has provided his Fleet with Provisions, and what else he wants, he will return towards Stelly. The Prince of Orange is now in Town again, and the preparations for the Campagne are hastened with all the diligence possible; they writing from F. anders, that the Preach begin to put themselves into a posture to take the Field. The Deputies of the respective Admiralies are at present in Town to sinish the affairs of the Equipage. Here are arrived Deputies from the States of Holland, concerning the method to be used in the choosing a President of the High Court, and to morrow the Election is to be made.

Paris, Febr. 26 We are told that the King has declared his resolution to march in person with his Army into Flanders, which is to be commanded under him and the Duke of Orleans, by the Mareschals de Crequis Humieres, de la Feuillade, de Sel omberg, and de Lorge, the Lieutenant Generals being du Lude, de Magalotti, and de Resnel. That the Kriny in Germany shall be commanded by the Duke of Luxemburg, le Sienr Colhers, Ataklewier, the Marquis Chouseul, and the Count de Roy being his Lieutenants Generals; besides a stying Army to be commanded between the Meuse and the Mossile by the Mareschal de Roebefort. The Army in Roussiloris to be commanded by the Mareschal de Navailles, and under him by the Lieutenant General le Bret. Our Letters irom Italy give us the constitution of the Lieutenant Admiral de Ruverys being on his return home, to the great disappointment of the Spaniards.

Adverti coments.

Aureng-Zebe: A Tragedy. Acted at the Royal Theatre. Written by John D yden, Servant to His Majesty.

The Libertine: A Tragedy. Acted by His Royal Highnesses Servants. Written by Tho. Shadwill. Both Sold by H. Herringman, at the Auc. or in the Lower Walk of the New Exchange.

Hereas Notice hath been formerly given, That steveral persons in many Parts of England, do Erca and Set up several Lotteries, without the least pretence of Authority, to the very great damage and utter ruine of several truly Loyal Indigent Officers, to whom His Majesty hath granted all Lotteries whatsoever for 13 years to come, with Prohibition to all others; and whereas they are informed (notwithstanding the said Notice) that among others, Thomas Turwors, John Smith, one Springs, Ribard Caswick, Thomas Turwors, John Swinson, Robers Ansten, run up and down, and insest the Countries, therefore it is again defired, That all Mayors, Justices of the Peace, Sheriffs, Bailiffs, Constables, and other His Majesties Officers and Subjects, would be effectual in the Suppression of the persons abovesaid, or such others as shall Erce or Set up any Lottery or Lotteries, not Licensed under the Hands and Seals of the faiding ent Officers, or Seal of their Office.

Officen any of Riven Church on Monday night, Febr. 14.

Stolen out of Ripan Church on Monday night, Febr. 14.

One Silver Bowle, with the Holy Lamb engraven thereon.
One plain double gilt Bowle. One other filver Bowle with a Cover, and engraven thereon (Domine, &c.)

H'H.) One other filver Bowle engraven on the one fide, (Fine Mallery, and a Lyon Rampani) One other filver Bowle with a Cover, and engraven thereon (Anna Loide) and other words in Latine. One filver Plate engraven (The Widows Mite, which file out of her Pennry gave into the Lords Treafary.) Two Pewter Plates ongraven A. C. Two great Pewter Flagons with Covers, old Fashion. Two other Pewter Flagons lesser, old fashion. A Communion Table Cloth of fige Linnen, with Letters therein, (The Lord which gave &c.) Two Iron Candlesticks. Whoever gives notice of these things to Mr. Roger Williams Woollen-draper in Fleer-strees, shall-be well Rewarded.