## The London Gazette.

## Published by Authority.

From Thursday July 20. to Monday July 24. 1676

Oxford, July 15. Althafar Vigures, a Terræ-filius of this Act, ha-ving in his Speech at the publick Theatre, vented feveral filthy and scandalous expressions, to the offence of modell Ears, and the great reproach and Slander of many Reverend and Worthy Persons in the University. He was this day at a meeting of the Victchancellor and Heads of the Houfes, ordered to be Banished the University. The other Terræ filius, and one more, being also convicted of certain Slande ous and Reproachful Passages uttered in their Speeches at that time, did there make a publick Acknowledgement, and beg Pardon for their fault upon their Knees, and fubscribed the same with their

Venice, July 9. A Tartane arriving here from the Weltward, the Master and ships company report, that a Privateer of Majorca, had after a Fight of four hours, taken a French ship near Stracusa. The Sicknes, we hear is very violent at Malika, of which above 60 per-

Sons dyed every day.

Madrid, fuly 15. We are here very much conserned at the ill news we now first receive from Sici I of the loss of ours and the Dutch Fleet sustained the second past at Palermo by the tof France, which we hear is fince returned to Thoulan, to fetch supplies of Men and P ovisions. The Marquis de Castel Rodrego, Sonin-Law to him of that name, who was some years since Governor of the Spanish Netherlands, at present General of the Horse in Catalonia, is nominated Viceroy of Sicily, in the room of the Duke de Ferrandina, who is recalled. The Marquis de Sera!vo is likewise removed from the Government of Catalonia, and the Prince of Parma, now Viceroy of Mavarra is appointed to Our Forces in Catalonia have now taken the Field; they are not above 8000 Men; and we reckon the French not to be much stronger.

Genous, July 15. By a Vessel arrived here, we have advice, that the Squadron of Dutch Men of War is pasfed by to the Westward, in it's return home, as is believed from sicily; where the affairs of the Spaniards

feem to look very ill.

Copenhagen, July 20. Our King is at present employed in the Siege of Lanferson; and we are told, that on the 17 instant his Majesty received Letters from the Sieur Gutdenlieu, Viceroy of Norman, giving an actionnt, that on the 28 past, he had been engaged with a Body of Suedes, and that he had had the Victory over them, 600 of the Suedes having been killed, and feveral prisoners taken, with eight Colours; that thereupon be was advanced to Wenningsberg, within seven Leagues of Gottenburg, had made himself Master of that Post, and that he intended to march directly to Gottenburg,

Hamburg, July 24. From Bremen they write, that the Bishop of Munster and the Dukes of Lunenburg were finally agreed about the sharing their Conquests; that now nothing hindred the taking in hand the hege of Stade: and it's added, that the Confederates had fent to summon the Governor, offering him very fair Conditions, if he would Trest with them before they

employed force, for that afterwards they would not grant the Garison any other Conditions than to be Prisoners of War. From Pomeren we hear, that the Brandenburgs have taken Anclam, after having fet the Town on fire in four several places, by the throwing in Fireballs. The King of Denmark we hear belieges av present Lanferoon.

Strasburg, July 20. Yesterday the Duke of Luxem-burg decamped from Wihersheim, and marched towards Haguenaw, having fentall his great Baggage towards Schlefladt, and received a great quantity of Provisions from thence. The Imperial Army being reinforced by 3000 Men, drawn out of Lasterburg, is decamped from 1.4 g not and el and Bislichem to Germersheim; where it seems the Duke of Lorrain inten s to expect the French, if they defign to relieve Philipsburg.

The 19 instant, a Battery of 10 pie-Spire, July 21. ces of Cannon was finished in the quarter of Count Starenterg; from whence, as likewife from Prince Here mans Battery, the Town is continually Battered. Princa Herman is preparing another Battery of 12 pieces, and a third of fix pieces, in his quarter. The 19, at night, Count Starenberg attacked two Cutts or Recrenchments w ich the Besieged had made between the head of his Trenches and their Counterscarp; and after a very Tharp action gained them. About midnight the Be-freged made a very brisk Sally to diff sige the Besiegers, but were repulsed; the next morning, about seven a, clock, the French made another Sally, and forced the Besiegers, after a flout resistance, to quit the first of those Retrenchments, but Count Furftemburg, a Colonel of Imperial Foot, coming out of the Trenches with a fresh supply, bear the French into the Town the third time, and so remained Masters of those Posts. In these actions, about 300 Men, some say more, were killed on both sides. The Imperial Army having qui ted its quarter at Croon-Weissemburg, encamped yellerday at Belberm 3 near Germer sheim, whither the bridge of boat is brought down from Lauterburg. The Duke of Luxemburg is marching thisway.

Francfot, July, 22. General Vermuller, who came hither diffatisfied, for that Count Starenberg was appointed by the Duke of Lorrain to relieve him in the Siege of Philipsburg, and parted hence to Ment 7, is fince, ai we are told, returned to the Army, upon a Letter he received from the Duke of Lorrain. We cannot now longer doubt, but that the Duke of Luxembn g does in good earnest mean to attempt the relief of Philipsburg, being passed by Haguenaw, and advancing towards the Imperial Army, which expects him near Germer freim ; so that we are here in much impatience to see what the issue will be of an action of so great importance. In the mean time, the Troops before Philipsburg feem every day to push on the Siege with greater vigor, to anfwer the refistance they meet with from the Besieged; who have not hitherto been wanting in any thing for the defence of the place; they had it feems made two Retrenchments to hinder the Besiegers from advancing their Trenches; which the 19 instant at night the

Count

Count Starenberg attacked, and after a long dispute gained them, and ledged his Men in them, though not

without very confiderable loss on both fides

From the Camp before Philips' urg, July 22. The 19 instant Count Startenberg began to batter the Town from his Battery; and the fame night he attacked, and after a sharp dispute, ga ued a [mall Fort or Redoubt which is before the Coun erfeare; we had on our fide about 100 kill dand wounded; and in the faid Fort we tound 80 of the French killed; fo that the Siege advances very well though we are afraid, that the overflowings of the Rbine, which begins to rife very much, will extremely incommode us. Yesterday the Imperial Army under the command of the Duke of Liveding came to Heyligenteim, within half a League from hence, and at prefent lies posted between Spire and Germersheim; from whence it will not fir till this place be taken, in the mean time, the Duke of London fortifics his Camp

From the French Camp at Selez, in Alface, July 23, We have been encamped here these two days, within five hours march from the Imperial Army, which lies posted between Germerthe m and Spire, where they have two Bri ges over the Rhine. We do not yet know when we shall remove from hence From Phil piburg we hear, that the Bessegers rock the 19 at night, small Work or Fort, which lay before the Counterscarp, and

kept it, though with confiderable loss on their fide.

Cologro, July 24. The Heer Vander Eeck, Envoy from the Prince of Orange, who came to demand of the Duke of Newburgs Ministers a farther supply of Men, is returned to the Camp before Maestricht. From Francfort we hear, that General Fermuller was returned to the Army, which it was expected would be very fud-

dealy engaged in a Battel with the French.

From the Camp before Macktricht, July 25. The 22 instant two of our Batteries began to play, the one of twelve pieces of Cannon, and the other of five; on the 23 we had a third of cannon, and the other of the 3 of the 24 we had a three Battery of eight pieces, and the 24, a fourth of fix pieces, all of them carrying 24!. Bullet; and this day we have planted fix whole Canaon, and there Culverins, with which we continually batter the Town from morning till night; but in the night the B. freged fill repair the ruines our Cannon makes. They fire likewife very furioufly upon us, and do greatexecution. The last night we advanced our Approaches so near to one of their Ballions or Redoubts, that it is believed we shall one of their Ballions or Redoubts, that it is believed we shall one of their particular of Recounts, that it is believed we make fuddenly attack it. The Befreged have not fince the Siege made any Sally, of which we know not the meaning: The Rbin g ave is flightly wounded in the Cheek; and this day his Highnels, who is constantly twice a day in the Trenches, received likewife a flight wound in the Arm We hear as yet noting of the Billiop of Mu fters Troops, who, it was faid, were to come to this fiege

Amfterdam, July 18. One of our Men of War is arrived from Gerenburg, from whence are come in her the Count Oxenft rne, and another Senator of Sueden, who are going to Nimiguencih quality of Ambassadors from that Crown. The Captain of the faid Man of War tells us, That the Sienr Guldenlien was come with his Army within three Leagues of Gottenburg. have etters from Mosco of the 23 past, which say, That the Ambassador of this State was parted thence on his return home. That on the 19 of that Month a Fire hapned in that City, which burnt several houses, and what is most to be lamented, that above 300 People were burnt or killed by other accidents That on the 12, hapned another Fire more violent than the other, burning down above 4000 houses, and destroying a great many People; so that by those frequent Fires that have hapned there of late, above half that City lies in Ashes.

Hague, July 28. The States of Holland are ftill affembled, but intend to separate about the middle of the next Week. We do not hear that a final refolution is as yet taken concerning the Equipping the Men of War designed for the Mediterranean. The Biege of Ma ftricht advances very well, the last Letters we have from thence are of the 25 instant, they give us an account, That in the Princes quarter were several Batteries, on which were planted 40 pieces of Cannon; which battered the Town very furioufly, and had ruined two Baltions, and done other confiderable execution; That the Befleged were not wanting likewife to make use of their Cannon, with great effect; That the 24, the Trenches were advanced within Piffol shot of an Out-Bastion, there having been that night about 30 killed; That hey were running several Lines, to discover the Mines of the Besseged; And that in a day or two, it was believed some of the Outworks would be stormed; That the 25, his Highness, as he was coming out of the Trenches, whither he had led his own Regiment of Guards, received a Musket shot in the right Arm, which paffing only through the fleshy part without touching the Bone, made a wound of little confideration, and did not hinder him from being on Horseback most part of that day. The Rbinegrave was likewife wounded in the ( heek, but very lightly. The Major of Colonel Fenn els R giment, who was faid in our lack to have been killed, is still alive, but very dangerously wounded. Our Letters from Ormany tellus, that the siege of Philipphargs begins to grow very warm; That the 19, at night, Count Starenberg attacked the Contra Approaches made both a Referend and ground them; but the to recover them. by the Besieged, and gained them; but that to recover them, the French and made two great Sallies, and in the last office ged the Beliegers, who being reinforced, recovered those Poits again, and kept them; in which disputes, about 3 or 400 men are said to have been killed on both sides.

Paris, July 29. We are in hourly expecation to hear that & Paris, July 29. We are in hourly expectation to hear that a Battle has been fought between our Army and that of the Emperor in Alfae; the last Letters from those parts I aving them very near together and the Duke of Luximburg resolved to endeavor the relief of Phili starg without any farther loss of time, and the rather, because that Siege begins to be pressed very closely. We have not since our last, any particular account of what passes at the Si ge of Aic, though in general, it's said, that it auvances very well and that the place cannot be held our long. Though in the mean time, the Bestaged defend hold out long, though in the mean time, the Belieged defend It is faid that fince the place was inthemselves very well. spanish Garison in that quarter. There be those that fill discourse of the Prince of Corde's going for Flanders, to command the Kings Army there; but without any certainty. ped every day to receive advice from Thoulen of the departure of our Fleet from thence, in order to its return to Sici y.

Advertisemenss.

THereas divers of His Majestie Subjects in and about the Cities of London and W ftminfter, and elsewhere, have been deceived in payment of their Duties for their Fire-hearths, to divers ill-minded Persons, who have Forged Commissions in the names of Abraham Angelme, Juhn Pery, and Edw: Enchley Elquires, the prefent Contractors foe bringing in that Revenue; and under pretence of such torged Commissions have demanded the Duty, and gotten several Sums of Money from several persons. These are to give Notice, That one who goes by the name of Benjamin Denton, and by pretence of a lorged Commission from the said Contra Cors, bath received several Sums of Money from several Persons, for their Duty of Hearth-money, is Detected of the said Abuse, and is now in Custody in Woodsteer Compr. r., Loncon, where any Person or Persons that have paid any Chimney money, and have Acquittances in the name of the faid Benjamm Den on may charge him with Actions for the Monies he hath Received of them, or profecute him on Indictments for the Abuse aforesaid.

Hereas Notice was heretofore given, That th C ditors of the most Nobles Charles late Duke of Rich-mond and Lenox, should bring in their Demands to Mr Christopher Pitt Draper at the Plow in Si Pauls Church yard, and make Proof of their Debts before a Mafter in Chance , who is to state and afcertain the fame before the irit day of next M chacimas Term, according to a De ree made in the Bigi Curt of Chancery the 5th of fan last: These are further to signific, That such Persons who shall negled to bring in all their Demands to the faid Mr Piss, and to make Proof of their Debts accordingly before Sir John F antlyn Kt the Mafter in Chancery, appointed by the faid Decree to state and ascertain the fame, will be Barred by the faid Decree from taking any Benefit thereof, the faid Mafter having appointed Wednesday the as of July instant, at Eight of the Clock in the morning, at his Chamber in Lincolns-line, to receive such Demands and Proofs as shall be Exhibited ; and so afterwards on every Friday, Monday, and Wednelday, at the time and place aforefaid.

Oft or stolen from his Grace the Duke of Monmouth, & Motly-speckled Greyhound, cropt eard, with one ear quite fow'd up. Whoever brings notice thereof to his Grace s Porter at the Cockpit, shall have ten shillings Reward
Tolen or strayed the 12 instant, out of the Grounds of

Mr John Batho near Woolverbampion in the County of Sinf-ford, A bright bay Mare, a white blaze in her Forehead, one white Foot behind, and part of her other white also, marked with L. B. on each buttock, about 15 han is, five years of i, all her paces. Whoever gives notice of the faid Mareto Mr G orge Smith at the Bell Inn in W. (B. Smithfield, or to the faid Mr Botha, shall have so s. Reward.