## The London Gazette.

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From Thursday September 28. to Wonday October 2. 1676.

Dantzicke, Sept. 22. Rom the Polish Camp we have Letters of the 11 inftant, that fay the Turks and Tartars being joined together, and consequently miking a iormidable Army, had taken Jagelnic and Czenthow, and afterwards advanced to fellowitz, which through the cowardize or treachery of the Governor, was Jelivered up without firing of one Gun; that the King of Poland had thereupon called a Councel of War, to resolve what was best to be done for the oppofing the Enemy, who threatned to invade the heart of the Kingdom, and that the resolution had been taken to make all the defence that was possible, and to dispose of the few Forces they have to the greatest advantage, and at the same time, that according to a former resolution, Commissioners should be sent to Seiasan Bassa, to Treat of Peace.

Madrid, Sept. 23. On the 12 instant was declared the intended Marriage of our King, with the young Archdutchess of Austria, the Emperors daughter, and most of that day was spent in the publick demonstrations On the 15 was celebrated a Bull Feast in the Priora, and most of the last week was employed in complements to their Majesties on this occasion by the foreign Ministers, the Councils, and other persons of Quality. On the 19 instant their Majesties went to the Escurial, with intention to continue there several days. ron of Bergeicke is preparing to begin his journey in the beginning of the next Month for England, where he is to reside in quality of Envoy Extraordinary till the arrival of the Marquis de la Fuentes, who will have the Character of Ambassador Extraordinary. From Alicast of the 7th instant they write, that four of the Spanish Men of War, which have lay'n so long at Cartagena were gone to Sea, having several Companies of Foot on board, but that it was not known whether they were bound for Sicily or for Gatalonia; That the Sickness was very much decreased at Cartagens; and that at prefent but few died of it. From Malaga of the 25 past they tell us, that the Corfairs of Sally had taken a Portuguese Ship, belonging to Brazile, in which, besides a very considerable lading, they took 72 persons. From Cadiz they write, that there was arrived a Veffel from Argiers, and in her a Captain of a Spanish Adviceboat, as a Passenger, who had been some time Captive in Argiers, having been taken in his Voyage home, being dispatched by the Governor of St Domingo, to bring advice hither, that 16 Men of War, supposed to be French, were arrived in those parts, and that it was apprehended their defign was to intercept the New Spain Flect.

Copenhagen, Sept. 26. Our King continues encamped with his Army not far from Helmstadt, being desirous to have a certain account of the posture of the Enemy, before he removes from thence, which will be to put his Forces into Winter-quarters; for as to Helmstadt, we are affored that the King will not begin the Siege of it so late in the year, but rather will prepare for an early Campagne the next Summer. The Suedish Army we are told is likewise retired from Fathenburg, on the other

fide of Helmstadt, where it hath lain some time. Our Fleet will now come in very fuddenly, and the Dutch Men of War will be fent home, there being no appearance of the cuedes Fleet coming to Sea this year. A Veffel arrived from Sueten brings advice, that 5000 Finlanders were arrived at Stockholme, and would in few days

continue their march to the Army.

Hamburg, Octob 2. I hough we formerly rold you, that after the firrender of Lochenitz, the Elector of Branderburg was marched with part of his Forces to-Wards S etin, to attack it, yet we do not hear that his Elect ral Highn is is fer down before it, endeavouring it feems rather to make himfelf Master of the place by treaty t an by force. Demmin in the mean time continues to be very closely pressed, and the Bes reers have begun to make use of their Bombes and F reballs, with which they have burne greatest part of the Town 3 however the Garison will not as yet hearken to any Terms, which the Beliegers offer, in order to their fur endring the place. The 30 pattarrived here the Duke o Mecklenburg from England. Our Letters from Warjam give us an account, that the Turks and Tartars advance towards the Polish Frontiers and that the King was gone in great haste to the Army, which lay encamped at Leopol, with intention to march immediately, and to make

head against those Insidels.

The Troops which were em-Strasburg, Sept. 28 The Troops which were em-Dake of Lorrain near Offenburg, the 26 instant in the morning the Army decamped, and marched towards Brifgow; that day the Cavalry passed the Rivers Knitzig and Schutter, as the Infantry did yesterday, and this day the Army is advanced to the River Elz, and has its head-quarter at Etenheym, where the French were lodged not many days fince; at prefent they lie encamped near Brifac, the Duke of Luxemburg having fortified his Bridge over the Rhine, that he may with the greater fafery repass it, when he shall see it necessary. Major-General Schultz, who commands a small body of Men on the fide of Friburg, does very much incommode the Enemies Foragers, of whom he takes many Prisoners, as the other day he rook 200, notwithstanding they were guarded with a good Body of Horse. It is reported that the Duke of Lorrain intends to fortific Membeurg above Brifac, which the French formerly burnd. The Prince of Baden Dourlach, General of the Forces of the Bmpire, is brought hither very much indisposed. French continue to lay up great flores of Provisions to Schlestadt, Experie and Haguenaw, which very much tontradiets what is faid of their defign to quit the hatter?

Cotogne, Octob. z. The Troops of Lunenburg and Munster march burslowly, mor having advanced ar all fince our last; for the 30 past; the former were kill encamped between Dillemburg and Wetztaer, and the larter near Siegen, in the Countrey of Nassaw, which is made an argument of their intending no action this Campagne, but onely to take Winter-quarters in these parts. The young Princes of Newburg, who remained at Dufelderp, are to follow the Duke their Father to his Territories on the Danube, and preparations are accordingly

making

Leagues from B. 1/10, near which place the French Army under the command of the Duke of Luxemburg was encamped. Our advices speak with great un ertainty; concerning the design of the Duke of Lorrain, some tell us that he will pass the Rhine, and march towards the Franche Comte; others, that he will attack Schleftads; but we may expect to be in a short time informed of the truth, for that the leason proper fon action will now be fuddenly past. The French incommode these Countreys extremely with their incursions.

Liege, Octob. 3. This Countrey, it feems, cannot be excused by what it has suffered already during this War, from new ruines and devallations; three or four dayes fince, the Governor of Macstricht sent orders to the Magistrates of Tongres, Mascycke, Viset, St Tron and of other places, forthwith to demolish the Fortifications they had left, on pain of military execution; and at the same time commanded those of Vifes and Tongres, to bring all their Hay, Straw, and Corn to M eft icht, where they it ou'd be paid for it: Put the Count of Najsaw, General of the Horse of the P ince of O. anges Army, arriving with 4000 Horse and Dragoons in the Neig bothood of Tongres, bath given a contrar command to the places abovementioned, so that those poor people know not what they have to do. Two hundred Men of Maestricht having put themselves into the Castle! of Heers, in order to the demolishing it, the Couns of Naffam invelted the faid Castle, and made them all Prifoners of War. We have advice here, that the Marefchal de Grequi hath taken the Castle of Bouillon, which the Governor delivered up without the least defence, which gives fome suspition of his having an understanding with the French.

Nimeguen, Octob. 2. We expect to fee this place in a short time better filled than it is at present, for we are affored that the Affembly will be opened, and the Conferences begun the first of the next month, which will be very necessary, for otherwise the French Ambassadors begun to speak of teturning home, having been above five months here, without enering upon any business.

The first instant, the Prince of Hague, Offob, 6. Orange parted from his house at Suestdike, to Breds, whither Count Walderk came from the Army to meet his Highness, to receive some directions from him, and the afternoon his Highness is returned to Soestdike. He will not come hither till the 22, when the Mourning (which is to last a year and six Weeks) for the Princess Dowager of Orange will be expired, and new Furniture put up in his Highnesses Court. The Regiment of Foot Guards, which was expected to arrive here fome dayes since, is, as we are told, countermanded, which makes us believe that the Army in Flanders will keep the Field some time longer. Admiral Tromp is expected home about the middle of this Month, with the Dutch Men of War that have been in the service of Donmark this Summer; and it is ftill faid that the Squadron which is at present at Naples, is likewise recalled. By a Veffel arrived from the West-Indies, we have Letters from the Sieur Binehe, who commands a Squadron of Men of War in those parts, dated the 27 of Fuly, wherein he gives an account of his having since his taking of Cajana, made himself Master of another Island called Maria Galande, where he found ten pieces of Cannon, and 250 Men, which after having plundered, and taken away all he could, he left it, and sailed to the Porter at the Mews-gase, London, shall be well rewarded.

making for their journey. According to our advices, the IfI nd of Si Martins, where he made a descent, and from Alface, the Imperial Army, with which the Troops latter a dispute of 3 or 4 hours, took the Cassle that was of the Circles were joined, was encamped the 28 pall not | there, having had five Men killed, an 1 35 wounded in far from Friburg in Brifgom which is not above four the action; that the Inhibitants were fled into the Woods, whither they could not be purfued, and therefore after having burnt and ruined what they could not take away with them, the Dutch embarked again, and fet hil from

> Bruff Is, Octob. 6. Our Army continues fill at Tillement, and we now expect in few days to hear that the Forces are feparated, and gone into quarters, for at prefest they fuffer very much for want of Forage; however the featon being drier than usually, it is not doubted but our Generals will continue in the Field, as long as the Troops can possibly endure it, to gratific the instances of the Imperialists, who propose to enter up-on some action yet before they end the Campagne, and there-fore desire our Army should keep the Field some time longer, to ns, to reinforce their Arms in thole parts, The French Arms my commanded by the Marelchal de Schomberg, continues between the Sambre and the Meufe, not far from Philippide; and we have advice that Monsieur Monial (who we have already told you was sent with a Body of 8000 v.en from their Army) having demolished Marche en Fam.ne, Reche and Baftogne, had joined the Mareichal de Crequi, who was come down with fome Troops from Verdun, and that they had fet down before the Ca-file of Bouillen ( the Town not being defenfille) and that the Governor the Count de Merode had furrendred it to them without a blow; at which we are much surprised, for that it is a Ca le well fortified, besides the strength it receives from its where he is Treated with all imaginable honour and respect, by order of this Court. Yesterday morning the Dutches of Villa Hermosa went likewise thither. On Satur lay lat the Sieur Vass, deputed by his Excellency to treat with the French con-cepting the regulating of Contributions parted hence to Deinfe, where he is to meet the French Commissary,

Paris, Offeb 7 From Flanders our Letters give us an account that the Governor of Maestricht had caused Tengres, Vises, and that the Governor of Meefrich: had cauled Tongres, Vier, and feveral other places in the Countrey of Liege, to be demolifhed, and that the Troops commanded by the Sieur de Montal being joined with the Marefchal de Grequi, had attacked the Calke of Bouillon, and had taken it. The Confederate Army in Flander's is preparing to go into Winter quarters, and then our Troops will do the like The Letters we receive from abroad speak much of Prace, though upon what ground we know not, farther then that the Affembly at Nimeging is going to be opened, and that the Ambassadors that are upon the place, without expecting those that are absent will begin the Treaty on All-, Saints day. We have nothing new from Germany. Our Letters from Rome fay, that in all likelihood the Cardinal Cite would be Cardinal Patron, for whom the present Pope had always a-

## Advertisements.

great kindne(s and friendship.

Hele are to give Notite, That my Lord Teafurce on the 6th day of November next, will be ready at the Treasury Chambers in Whitehall, to receive Propolals for Farming of His Majesties Duty of Four and a Half per Cent. on Sugars and other Commodities at Barbadoes and the Leeward Istands, in one entire Farm, or for Farming the same Duty, either for Barbadoes, orthe faid Islands apart.

Tolen from Mr. William Turtan of Wiftbromin Staffortbire Sept. 21. A bright bay Mare 8 years old, about 15 hands, with a black Mane and Tail dockt; having been a dranght Mare, as by the Collar marks appear; the hath a dry cloud in the right eye, extending to a blindness; the hath a bare place a little above the Petlock on the outside of the Foreig on the left fide, where a Wart hath been burnt and eaten off; fhe is full of hard knots within the skin of the neck, breaft, and shoulders, as if she had been netled Whoever shall give notice of her to the said Mr Tarion, or Mr Edward Ceanche at the Swan in Birmingham, Warwick shire, or to Mr James Hicks in the Post- Office, London, shall have as s. Reward.