

Copenhagen, Octob. 27. Yesterday the King, accompanied by his Brother Prince George, and several Officers, parted hence for Cronenburg, from whence he is this day gone over to Helsingburg, upon the advice he received, that the King of Sweden approached with his Army towards Helsingburg. Lieutenant General Weyer died some days since at his quarters at Engelholme. Lieutenant Admiral Roslein arrived here two days since with the Squadron of Men of War under his Command, with which he was before *Cape Eschauen*, and gave his Majesty a particular account of the taking of this important place, which he says, was defended by 400 Swedes, who according to the Articles of surrender, were conveyed to Colmar. In the place was found 300 pieces of Cannon, newly Cast, besides those employed for the defence of it, 20000 Musket Bullets, a great quantity of Granades and Cannon Bullets, with Powder proportionable; there were likewise taken two new Ships, the one built to carry 40, and the other 24 Guns, with six other smaller Vessels.

Strasbourg, Octob. 26. The 21 instant the Duke of Lorraine having the day before received an Express from the Duke of Zell, who in person commands his own and the Munster Troops, decamped from his quarters not far from Eriburg, and took his march towards Rhinsfeldt, and encamped again at a place called Schlessingen, where he expected the coming up of the Electoral Prince of Saxony with 1400 Horse, and the return of Major General Schultze, who was abroad with a detachment; after which, it's said, his Highness is resolved to pass the Rhine at Rhinsfelden, and to force his passage in case the Swissers go about to oppose the same, as we are told from all hands they will, and that to that end they have posted 4 or 5000 men to guard several Passes. The French Army, under the command of the Duke of Luxembourg, marched likewise on the 24 instant higher up into Suntgow, having before beset all the passages into Burgundy. From *Brisac* we have an account, that 60 Foot, and as many Horse of that Garison, had attacked the Rear-guard of the Imperial Army in its march on the 21 instant, but were so warmly received, that many of them were killed, and 12 taken Prisoners, besides several that were drowned, who endeavoured to save themselves by swimming over the Rhine.

Spire, Octob. 27. The Imperial detachment composed of two Imperial and three Lorraine Regiments of Horse, which passed the Rhine near Philipsburg some days since, under the command of Major General Dunevaldt, will this night have their quarters at Bockenheim, and thence continue their march to join the Lunenburg and Munster Troops. The French apprehending, it seems, that they may have a design upon Deux-Ponts, have put a Garison of 2000 men into the place, which they doubt not but will be sufficient to secure it in their hands. The Letters we receive from above, say, that the Duke of Lorraine was actually on his march, in order to his passing the Rhine, which is still doubted by many here, who cannot believe that the Imperial Generals will think fit to force their passage through the Territories of the Suisse Cantons, which they must do, if it be true what we hear almost from all hands, of their being peremptorily resolved to oppose the same.

Hague, Nov. 3. The Deputies of this State have of late had frequent consultations with the Foreign Ministers here, concerning the Work of the Peace; and at the same time we understand, that the Council of State is preparing a state of War for the year ensuing, and that at the meeting of the States of Holland, which will be the next Week, the Moneys necessary for that end will be demanded. The 30 past arrived here his Highnesses

Régiment of Foot-guards, being led by the Count de Solms their Colonel, 10 Companies of the said Regiment were immediately sent to *Deilse*, where they are to quarter. To morrow the Heer Feugh, Ambassador and Plenipotentiary of the King of Denmark, will part hence for Nimeguen, as, it's believed, the other Ministers will likewise do very suddenly, to be present at the opening of the Assembly, which, it's said, is deferred till about the middle of this Month. Here is arrived an Envoy from the Duke of Neuburg, to exchange the Ratifications of the Treaty lately concluded between the Crown of Spain, this State, and the said Duke of Neuburg. The Sieur Muller, Envoy of the Dukes of Lunenburg, hath given in a Memorial to the States, in which he prays their assistance for the obtaining the necessary Passports for the Ministers they mean to send to Nimeguen, with the Character of Ambassadors. The Letters from Germany by the last Ordinary say, that the Duke of Lorraine was going to pass the Rhine near Rhinsfeldt, and that on the other hand the Lunenburg and Munster Troops would enter into Lorraine.

Paris, Nov. 4. The Marschal Schemberg arrived at Court some days since, the Troops he commanded being gone into Winter-quarters, except those that remain in the Neighborhood of Cambrai, to block that place up this Winter. From Germany our advices say, that the Imperialists were forcing Neuburg above Brisac, in order to the frustrating that Winter place. Our Letters from Italy give an account, that the French had certainly a design to attempt *Catanea* or *Syracusa*, and that the Marquis de Castel Rodrigo, new Viceroy of Sicily, was abroad with what Troops he could draw together to prevent them. It is said that the King has sent orders to the Duke of Luxembourg to separate his Army, and to put the Troops into the quarters designed for them. From Switzerland they write, that those Cantons continue positively resolved to dispute the Imperialists passage through their Territories, and that to prevent things from coming so far, they had sent to acquaint the Duke of Lorraine with the resolution they had taken, and to pray him not to give them occasion to put the same into execution.

Advertisements.

The Longitude found: Or a Treatise,

shewing an easie and speedy way as well by night as by day, to find the Longitude, having but the Latitude of the place, and the Inclination of the Magnetical Inclinary Needle, by Henry Bond senior, Examined by six Commissioners, appointed by order of the Kings Most Excellent Majesty, whose names are in the Book, printed by the Kings Majesties special Command: And are to be sold by the Author at his house in Store-house-yard in Ratcliff, by Robert Owen at the Rose and Crown in *Burleigh-row*, Godfrey Richards at the Golden Ball in Cornhill over against the Royal Exchange, and John Thornhill at the Dial in the Great *Miseries*.

A Young Man of middle stature, about 23, or 24 years of age, wearing a Periwig, having a little red in his Face, his Nose standing awry, Run away from Mr Londons at Islington on the 30 instant, with a considerable Sum of Money, some whole Guineys, some half, and some silver, a crape Sate, trim'd with very narrow blue, and sky coloured Ribbon, a rich embroidered shoulder Belt, with Linnen, and other things in a Hamper. Whosoever shall secure him, and give notice to Mr *Thomas Stone Sheldon* at the *Palsgrave* Head Tavern near Temple bar in the Strand, shall have 20 l. Reward.

Stolen out of the grounds of Mr *John Michaelson* Clerk at *Speldham* in *Deuoy* Hundred in the County of *Essex*, the 10 instant, a black Roan Gelding about 14 hands, 7 years old, with a black brown patch on the near shoulder, a very thick head, with a brush tail. Whoever gives notice to Mr. *Rich. Hutchinson* Goldsmith in *Chelmsford*, or to Mr. *William Collins* in *Lambard-street*, shall be well rewarded.

Stolen or strayed Octob. 6 from the Grounds of Mr. *William Sanderson* of *Pilw*, in *Northamptonshire*, a blewish grey pyed Gelding, about 14 hands high, six years old, hath all his paces, all his Feet white, two white streaks down both his buttocks, making a perfect mark thus (A) the farther side of his Neck pyed, with a Feather on it: Whoever shall bring tidings of him, to Mr. *Edward Felton*, at his House in Tanners yard, at the lower end of George yard in *Westminster*, or to the said Mr. *Sanderson*, shall have 20 s. reward.