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Whitehall, October 5, 1779.

Extract of a Letter from General Sir Henry Clinton to Lord George Germain, dated Head-Quarters, Dobbs Ferry, July 25, 1779.

IN my Dispatch, No 57, I had the Honor to inform your Lordship of my having taken Possession of Verplanks and Stoney Point upon the North River.

On the Night of the 15th Instant, the Enemy suddenly assaulted and carried the Lines at Stoney Point. The greater Part of the Garrison, consisting of the 17th Regiment of Foot, the Grenadier Company of the 71st Regiment, a Company of the Loyal Americans, and a small Detachment of the Royal Artillery, under the Command of Lieutenant-Colonel Johnson, of the 17th Regiment, were either killed or taken. I have not yet been able to procure Accounts sufficiently satisfactory to form a decisive Judgment upon this Accident. I have the Honor to inclose Lieutenant-Colonel Johnson's Account, as likewise that published by the Rebels.

The Enemy immediately began a heavy Cannonade with our Guns from Stoney Point upon Lieutenant-Colonel Webster who commanded at Verplanks, with the 33d Regiment, Loyal Americans, and Detachments from the Royal Artillery, and from the 71st Regiment. At the same Time Lieutenant-Colonel Webster was informed, that a considerable Force was in his Rear, who, if they did not mean to attack him from that Quarter, at least would make his Retreat, should he be driven to that Extremity, very difficult.

Upon the first Intelligence I received of this Matter, I ordered the Army to advance to Dobbs's Ferry, pushing forward the Cavalry and some light Troops to the Banks of the Croton River, to awe the Enemy in any Attempt by Land against Verplanks. Brigadier-General Stirling was in the mean Time embarked with the 42d, 63d, and 64th Regiments, for the Relief of Verplanks, or the Recovery of Stoney Point. The Northerly Winds, rather uncommon at this Season, opposed Brigadier-General Stirling's Progress till the 19th, when, upon his arriving within Sight of Stoney Point, the Enemy abandoned it with Precipitation, and some Circumstances of Disgrace.

Lieutenant Colonel Webster, who had with great Firmness supported the heavy Fire of the Enemy, had not, during the whole Time, deigned to return a single Shot, being sensible that it would have been of no material Effect. The Enemy possibly supposing from this Circumstance that he might have no heavy Cannon, brought down a Galley to carry off from Stoney Point Part of the Artillery which would have found Difficulty in retiring through the Roads of that Country. As soon as the Cannon were aboard the Galley, Lieutenant-Colonel Webster turned upon her an Eighteen Pounder, the only Piece of heavy Ordnance he had, which raked her with such Effect, that, to prevent her sinking, the Crew ran her ashore, and there set Fire to her.

Such of the Cannon as remained upon Stoney Point were buried, or thrown into the River by the Enemy, who immediately made a most precipitate Retreat.

Having been apprehensive that the Delay occasioned by the contrary Wind might have given the Enemy Time to collect a Force at the Points too powerful for Brigadier-General Stirling, and being anxious that no Step should be omitted for the Security of Verplanks and Recovery of Stoney Point, I had embarked with the Light Infantry, and joined General Stirling in Haverstraw Bay. My whole Army being within my Reach, I had some Hopes of being able to betray Mr. Washington into an Engagement for the Possession of Stoney Point. Possibly he suspected my View, and declined adventuring any Measure which might bring on an Action in a Country unfavourable to him.

Brigadier-General Stirling is now at Stoney Point with Five Battalions, repairing the Works, which are a good deal damaged.

Copy of a Letter from Lieutenant-Colonel Johnson, of the 17th Foot, to Sir Henry Clinton. Dated Hardy's Town, July 24, 1779.

THE Bearer Lieutenant Armstrong, of the 17th Infantry, will give you a full and perfect Account of the unfortunate Event of the Morning of the 16th Instant, whereon the Post of Stoney Point fell into the Hands of the Enemy. I am inclined to think, that upon a just Representation you will be fully convinced that it was not any Neglect on my Part, nor of the Troops under my Command, but the very superior Force of the Enemy that caused the Capture of the Place. Inclosed I send a Return of the Killed, Wounded, Missing, and Prisoners, as nearly as could be collected by the Commanding Officers of Corps.

The very distressed situation of our People for want of Necessaries of every Kind, occasioned my making Application for a Flag in order to have them provided. General Washington's Permission to send a Subaltern Officer of each Corps I received but this Instant. The Commissary of Prisoners being under the Necessity of returning immediately, oblige me to draw to a Conclusion, referring your Excellency to Lieutenant Armstrong for any further Particulars.

I have the Honor to be, &c.

(Signed) H. JOHNSON,
Lieutenant-Colonel, 17th Foot;

*His Excellency
Sir Henry Clinton, &c. &c. &c.*

Return of the Killed, Wounded, Missing, and taken Prisoners by the Enemy, of His Majesty's Troops, under the Command of Lieutenant-Colonel Henry Johnson, at the Engagement upon Stoney Point, July 16, 1779.

Royal Regiment of Artillery. 4 Rank and File wound-

ed;

ed; 1 Lieutenant missing; 1 Captain, 1 Lieutenant, 1 Conductor, 1 Drummer, 42 Rank and File, Prisoners.

Grenadiers of the 71st Regiment. 1 Serjeant, 1 Drummer, 5 Rank and File, killed; 1 Captain, 2 Lieutenants, 1 Serjeant, 20 Rank and File, wounded; 1 Captain, 1 Serjeant, 23 Rank and File, missing; 5 Lieutenants, 3 Serjeants, 1 Drummer, 95 Rank and File, Prisoners.

17th Regiment of Foot. 1 Captain, 2 Serjeants, 10 Rank and File, killed; 1 Lieutenant, 1 Ensign, 43 Rank and File, wounded; 1 Drummer, 20 Rank and File, missing; 1 Colonel, 2 Captains, 6 Lieutenants, 3 Ensigns, 1 Adjutant, 1 Surgeon, 17 Serjeants, 12 Drummers, 222 Rank and File, Prisoners.

Loyal American Regiment. 1 Ensign wounded; 11 Rank and File missing; 1 Captain, 2 Ensigns, 2 Serjeants, 2 Drummers, 49 Rank and File, Prisoners.

Volunteers of Ireland. 1 Serjeant Prisoner.

Total. 1 Captain, 3 Serjeants, 1 Drummer, 15 Rank and File, killed; 1 Captain, 3 Lieutenants, 2 Ensigns, 1 Serjeant, 67 Rank and File, wounded, 1 Captain, 1 Lieutenant, 1 Serjeant, 1 Drummer, 54 Rank and File, missing; 1 Colonel, 4 Captains, 12 Lieutenants, 5 Ensigns, 1 Adjutant, 1 Surgeon, 1 Conductor, 23 Serjeants, 16 Drummers, 408 Rank and File, Prisoners.

Names of the Officers killed, wounded, missing, and Prisoners.

Royal Regiment of Artillery. Lieutenant Roberts missing; Captain Tiffin, Lieutenant Harden, Conductor Enslow, Prisoners.

71st Grenadiers. Captain Campbell wounded and missing; Lieutenants Ros and Cumming wounded; Lieutenants Dunkinson, Nairn, Ros, and Grant, Prisoners.

17th Regiment of Foot. Captain Tew killed; Lieutenant Simpson and Ensign Sinclair wounded; Lieutenant Colonel Johnson, Captains Darby and Clayton, Lieutenants Armstrong, Carey, Williams, Simpson, and Hayman, Ensigns Hamilton, Sinclair, and Robinson, Adjutant Hamilton, Surgeon Horn, Prisoners.

Loyal American Regiment. Ensign Hugford wounded; Captain Robinson, Ensigns Hugford and Swords Prisoners.

Lieutenant Martial Prisoner.

N. B. Surgeon Achmuty Prisoner, not included in the above.

Signed H. JOHNSON, Lieut. Col.
17th Infantry.

Copy of a Letter from General Sir Henry Clinton to Lord George Germain, dated Head Quarters, Dobb's Ferry, July 25, 1779.

I HAVE the Honor to inclose, for your Lordship's Information, a Copy of my Instructions to Major-General Tryon, (who was detached on a desultory Expedition into the East Sound, with a View to draw Mr. Washington from the strong Post which he occupied in the Mountains into Connecticut) together with a Copy of his Report, &c. to which I refer. I have also the Honor to transmit the Copy of a Report made to me by Lieutenant-Colonel Tarleton of the Legion, whom I detached in Hopes of surprising a Regiment of the Enemy's Cavalry at Pound Bridge, to which I beg Leave to refer your Lordship for the Success of this little Excursion.

Extract of a Letter from Major-General Tryon to General Sir Henry Clinton, dated New York, July 20, 1779.

HAVING on the 3d Instant joined the Troops assembled on board the Transports at White Stone, Sir George Collier got the Fleet under Way the same Evening; but the Winds being light, we

did not reach the Harbour of Newhaven until the 5th in the Morning.

The first Division, consisting of the Flank Companies of the Guards, the Fuzileers, 54th Regiment, and a Detachment of the Jagers, with 4 Field Pieces, under Brigadier-General Garth, landed about 5 o'Clock, (A. M.) a Mile South of West Haven, and began their March, making a Circuit of upwards of 7 Miles, to head a Creek on the Western Side of the Town.

The Second Division could not move till the Return of the Boats, but before Noon I disembarked with the 23d, the Hessian, Landgrave, and King's American Regiments, and two Pieces of Cannon, on the Eastern Side of the Harbour, and instantly began the March of three Miles, to the Ferry from New Haven East toward Breniford.

We took a Field Piece which annoyed us at our Landing, and possessed ourselves of the Rock Battery of 3 Guns, commanding the Channel of the Harbour, abandoned by the Rebels on our Approach. The Armed Vessels then entered, and drew near the Town.

General Garth got into the Town, but not without Opposition, Loss and Fatigue, and reported to me at Half past One, that he should begin the Conflagration which he thought it merited, as soon as he had secured the Bridge between us over Neck Creek.

The Collection of the Enemy in Force, on advantageous Ground, and with heavier Cannon than his own, diverted the General from that Passage; and the Boats that were to take off the Troops being not up, I went over to him, and the Result of our Conference was a Resolution, that with the first Division he should cover the North Part of the Town that Night, while with the second I should keep the Heights above the Rock Fort. In the Morning the first Division embarked at the South East Part of the Town, and crossing the Ferry joined us on the East Haven side, excepting the 54th, which were sent on board their Transports.

In their Progress of the Preceding Day from West Haven, they were under a continual Fire; but by the judicious Conduct of the General, and the Alertness of the Troops, the Rebels were every where repulsed. The next Morning, as there was not a Shot fired to molest the Retreat, General Garth changed his Design, and destroyed only the Public Stores, some Vessels and Ordnance, excepting 6 Field Pieces, and an Armed Privateer, which were brought off.

The Troops re-embarked at Rock Fort in the Afternoon, with little Molestation; and the Fleet leaving the Harbour that Evening, anchored the Morning of the 8th off the Village of Fairfield.

The Boats being not sufficient for the Whole of the First Division, I landed only with the Flank Companies of the Guards, one Company of the Landgrave's, and the King's American Regiment, with two Field Pieces, East of the Village, and South West of the Black Rock Battery, which commands the Harbour.

We pursued our March (under a Cannonade without Effect) towards the Village, but in our Approach received a smart Fire of Musquetry. The Rebels fled before the rapid Advance of the Guards, and left us in Possession of it, and of the Heights in the West, until General Garth, who landed two Miles in the South, joined us with the Remainder of the Troops in the Evening.

Having laid under Arms that Night, and in the Morning burnt the greatest Part of the Village, to prevent the Fire of the Rebels from their Houses, and to mask our Retreat, we took Boat where the Second Division had landed, the Enemy throwing only a weak scattered Fire on our Flanks; the Regiment de Landgrave, by a very proper Disposition, having effectually covered our Rear.

Wanting

Wanting some Supplies, we crossed the Sound to Huntingdon, and there continued till the Eleventh, and repassing that Day, anchored Five Miles from the Bay of Norwalk.

The Sun being nearly set before the 54th, the Landgrave's Regiment, and the Jagers were in the Boats, it was near Nine in the Evening when I landed with them at the Cow Pasture, a Peninsula on the East of the Harbour, within a Mile and an Half of the Bridge, which formed the Communication between the East and West Parts of the Village, nearly equally divided by a Salt Creek.

The King's American Regiment being unable to join us before Three next Morning, we lay that Night on our Arms. In our March at the first Dawn of the Day, the 54th led the Column, and soon fell in with the Rebel Out-Posts, and driving the Enemy with great Alacrity and Spirit, dispossessed them of Drummond Hill and the Heights at that End of the Village, East from and commanding the Bridge.

It being now but Four o'Clock in the Morning, and the Rebels having taken Post within random Cannon Shot upon the Hills upon the North, I resolved to wait until the Second Division, landing at the Old Wells, on the West Side of the Harbour, had advanced and formed the Junction.

General Garth's Division passed the Bridge by Nine, and at my Desire proceeded to the North End of the Village, from whence, and especially from the Houses, there had been a Fire for Five Hours upon our advanced Guards.

The Fusiliers, supported by the Light Infantry of the Guards, began the Attack, and soon cleared the Quarters, pushing the Main Body and an Hundred Cavalry from the Northern Heights, and taking one Piece of their Cannon.

After many Salt Pans were destroyed, Whale Boats carried on board the Fleet, and the Magazine, Stores and Vessels set in Flames, with the greatest Part of the Dwelling Houses, the advanced Corps were drawn back, and the Troops retired in two Columns to the Place of our first Debarkation, and unassaulted, took Ship, and returned to Huntingdon Bay.

We were waiting only for fresh Supplies of Artillery and Force adequate to the probable Increase of the Rebels, by the Decrease of the Objects of their Care, and the Alarm of the interior Country, when I was honored on the 13th, with your Command of the 12th, for the Return of the Troops with the Fleet to White Stone.

The Rebels in Arms at New Haven, were considerable, more numerous at Fairfield, and still more so at Norwalk.

Two Hundred and Fifty Continental Troops had now joined their Militia, under General Parsons, and together were said to be upwards of 2000. The Accounts of their Loss are vague, it could not be trifling.

The general Effect of the printed Address from Sir George Collier and myself, to the Inhabitants, recommended by your Excellency, cannot be discovered till there are some further Operations and Descents upon their Coasts. Many Copies of it were left behind at New Haven and at Fairfield. I sent one by the Rev. Mr. Sayre, their Episcopal Missionary, under Flag, to a Party in Arms, and received the Answer of Defiance, already transmitted. I regret the Loss of two Places of Public Worship at Fairfield, which took Fire unintentionally by the Flakes from other Buildings; and I gave strict Orders and set Guards for the Preservation of that burnt at Norwalk; but it is very difficult, where the Houses are close, and of very combustible Materials of Boards and Shingles, to prevent the spreading of the Flames.

I should be very sorry, if the Destruction of these two Villages would be thought less reconcileable with Humanity than with the Love of my Country, my Duty to the King, and the Law of Arms, to which America has been led to make the awful Appeal.

The Usurpers have professedly placed their Hopes of severing the Empire, in avoiding decisive Actions, upon the Waste of the British Treasures, and the Escape of their own Property, during the Protraction of the War.

Their Power is supported by the general Dread of their Tyanny, and the Arts practised to inspire a credulous Multitude with a presumptuous Confidence in our Forbearance. I wish to detect this Delusion, and, if possible, without Injury to the Loyalists.

I should do Injustice, if I closed this Report, without giving every Praise to the Troops I had the Honor to command.

Sir George Collier co-operated with us in the Direction of the armed Vessels employed in the Descents; and I have the Pleasure to add, that we had a perfect Concert of Opinion in the main Operations.

The Royal Refugees possess a Zeal, which, with their intimate and minute Knowledge of the Country, will always render them useful on such Services.

I must not withhold my Commendations even from the Mariners of the Transports who were generally employed in manning the Flat Boats and Bateaux, and who were as alert as if they had been intitled to National Rewards.

I have the Honor herewith to transmit your Excellency a general Return of the Killed, Wounded and Missing on this Expedition.

Return of the Killed, Wounded, and Missing, of the King's Troops, under the Command of His Excellency Major-General Tryon, on an Expedition in the Sound, from the 3d of July to the 14th of July, 1779.

At NEWHAVEN, July 5.

Guards. 1 Officer, 1 Rank and File, killed; 1 Officer, 1 Serjeant, 9 Rank and File, wounded; 14 Rank and File, missing.

7th, or Royal Fusiliers. 1 Serjeant, 7 Rank and File, wounded; 2 Rank and File missing.

23d, or Royal Welch Fusiliers. 1 Drummer, 1 Rank and File, wounded.

54th Regiment of Foot. 1 Serjeant, 5 Rank and File, killed; 2 Officers, 1 Drummer, 5 Rank and File, wounded; 1 Serjeant, 7 Rank and File, missing.

Landgrave Regiment. 2 Rank and File wounded.

Detachment of Yagers. 1 Rank and File wounded; 1 Rank and File missing.

King's American Regiment. 1 Officer killed; 1 Serjeant, 6 Rank and File, wounded.

Royal Artillery. 1 Driver wounded.

Names of the Officers killed and wounded.

Guards. Adjutant Campbell killed; Captain Parker wounded.

54th Regiment of Foot. Captain Bachop, Lieutenant Powell, wounded.

King's American Regiment. Ensign and Adjutant Watkins killed.

At FAIRFIELD, July 8.

Guards. 4 Rank and File killed; 1 Serjeant, 10 Rank and File, wounded; 2 Rank and File missing.

54th Regiment of Foot. 1 Serjeant wounded; 1 Rank and File missing.

Landgrave Regiment. 1 Rank and File killed; 1 Serjeant, 11 Rank and File, wounded.

Detachment

Detachment of Yagers. 2 Rank and File killed; 2 Ditto wounded; 1 Ditto missing.
King's American Regiment. 2 Rank and File killed; 4 Ditto wounded; 1 Ditto missing.

At NORWALK, July 11.

Guards. 1 Rank and File wounded.

7th, or Royal Fusiliers. 1 Rank and File killed; 2 Serjeants, 13 Rank and File, wounded; (1 since dead of his Wounds) 1 Rank and File missing.

23d, or Royal Welch Fusiliers. 2 Rank and File wounded.

54th Regiment. 1 Rank and File killed; 1 Ditto wounded.

Landgrave Regiment. 3 Rank and File wounded; 1 Ditto missing.

Detachment of Yagers. 1 Rank and File wounded.

King's American Regiment. 2 Rank and File wounded.

Total. 20 killed; 96 wounded; 32 missing.

W. M. TRYON, M. G.

Return of Ordnance and Stores taken and destroyed at and near Newhaven, &c. on the 6th of July, 1779, by a Detachment of the Army, under the Command of his Excellency Major-General Tryon.

Iron Ordnance.

Mounted on Garrison Carriages. 2 Twelve Pounders; 2 Nine Ditto.

On Travelling Carriages, with Ammunition Boxes, Side Arms, &c. &c. complete. 2 Nine Pounders; 4 Four Ditto; 2 Six Ditto.

Given to the Royal Charlotte, a Privateer belonging to the Refugees. 4 Nine Pounders.

Taken off by the Navy. 2 Six Pounder.

Taken and destroyed by the Royal Fusiliers in the Action at Norwalk. 1 Three Pounder.

Taken and destroyed on the Rock Battery, and on the East Side of the Entrance of Newhaven Harbour. 4 Three and Six Pounders.

Total Ordnance destroyed — 23.

Stores destroyed.

300 Flannel Cartridges, with Shot fixed to Wood Bottoms for the above Ordnance.

37 Barrels of Powder.

A Laboratory, with a very considerable Quantity of Musket Cartridges and Ordnance Stores.

(Signed) THO. HENRY ABBOTT,
Lieutenant commanding Royal Artillery under Major General Tryon.

Copy of Lieutenant Colonel Tarleton's Report to Sir Henry Clinton. Dated Camp on the Brunx, July 2, 1779, Eleven P. M.

S I R,

I Have the Honor to inform your Excellency, that I moved with the Detachment you were pleased to intrust me with, consisting of 70 of the 17th Light Dragoons, Part of the Legion Infantry and Cavalry, Queen's Rangers, Hussars, and some mounted Yagers, in all about 200, at Half past Eleven o'Clock last Night. The Weather being remarkably bad, prevented my reaching Northcastle Church before Four o'Clock next Morning, where I received Confirmation of my Intelligence relative to the Numbers and Situation of Sheldon's Regiment and 100 Continental Foot, but no Tidings of Moiland's Regiment of Dragoons.

I pursued my Route through Bedford to Poundbridge, without any material Occurrence. In the District of the Ridge, and within 300 Yards of the Enemy, who were not alarmed, my Guide in Front mistook the Road; another Guide informed

me of the Error, and it was rectified as soon as possible.

The Enemy's Vidette had noticed to them our passing their Front. The whole Regiment was mounted and formed behind the Meeting-Houfe. An Attack was instantly made by the advanced Guard, consisting of the 17th Light Dragoons, the Ground not allowing more than Seven or Eight in Front. The Enemy did not stand the Charge, a general Rout immediately ensued. The Difficulty of the Country, and there being no Possibility of obtaining their Rear, enabled the greatest Part of the Regiment to escape. The Pursuit continued for four Miles on the Stamford and Salem Roads.

The Loss of Men in Sheldon's Dragoons, upon Inquiry and Comparison of Accounts, I estimate at 26 or 27 in Killed, Wounded, and Prisoners; but their Disgrace in the Loss of the Standard of the Regiment, and of Helmets, Arms, and Accoutrements, was great. Part of the Officers and Regimental Baggage fell into our Hands

I have hitherto omitted mentioning the Militia to the Amount of 120, who, together with the Continental Foot, broke and dispersed at the Approach of the King's Troops.

The Militia assembled again on Eminencies and in Swamps, and, before we quitted the Ground on which the first Charge was made, they fired at great Distances. We were successful in killing, wounding and taking 15 of them; the rest hovered almost out of Sight.

The Inveteracy of the Inhabitants of Pound Bridge, and near Bedford, in firing from Houses and Out-houses, oblig'd me to burn some of their Meeting and some of their Dwelling-houses with Stores. I propos'd to the Militia Terms, that if they would not fire Shots from Buildings, I would not burn. They interpreted my mild Proposal wrong, imputing it to Fear. They persisted in firing till the Torch stopped their Progress; after which not a Shot was fired.

With Pleasure I relate to your Excellency, that the Loss sustained by His Majesty's Troops is trifling, 1 Hussar of the Legion killed, 1 wounded, 1 Horse of 17th Dragoons killed; the Whole of the Detachment, except the above, being returned to Camp. The Infantry of the Legion, mounted on Horses, are extremely fatigued by a March of 64 Miles in 23 Hours.

I have the Honor to be, &c.

(Signed) BANASTRE TARLETON;
Lieutenant-Colonel British Legion.

Extract of a Letter from General Sir Henry Clinton to Lord George Germain, dated New York, August 21, 1779.

ON the 19th Instant, the Garrison of Paulus Hook being reinforced, Lieutenant Colonel Buskirk was detached with Part of the Troops to cut off some small Parties, who interrupted the Supplies of Provision, a considerable Body of the Rebels availed themselves of that Opportunity to attempt the Post. At Three in the Morning they advanced to the Gate of the Works, and being mistaken by a negligent Guard for Lieutenant-Colonel Buskirk's Corps returning, entered without Opposition. I fear they found the Garrison so scandalously absorbed in Confidence of their Security, that they made themselves Masters of a Blockhouse and two Redoubts, with scarcely any Difficulty. The Alarm being now spread, Major Sutherland the Commandant threw himself, with 40 Hessians, into a Redoubt, by an incessant Fire from which he forced the Enemy to quit the Post, without either

either damaging any of the Cannon, or setting Fire to the Barracks. In short, their Retreat was as disgraceful as their Attempt was well conducted. They carried off with them near 40 Invalids Prisoners. A Detachment being sent over from New York, Major Sutherland pursued the Enemy, and coming up with their Rear, made a Captain and some Privates Prisoners. Lieutenant Colonel Bulkirke, on his Return, had a small Skirmish with the Rebels, and took 4 Prisoners; without any Loss on his Part.

Pera of Constantinople, August 17. Our Situation becomes daily more alarming by the Continuation of the Conflagrations which threatened to destroy this Residence. Already near a Fifth Part of Constantinople lies in Ashes, and very frequent Attempts to set Fire to the Suburbs of Pera, and Galata, (the Residence of the Foreign Ministers and of the Franks) have been prevented or extinguished by the Activity and Attention of the Inhabitants: A terrible Fire broke out in Constantinople in the Night of the 4th Instant, which destroyed 300 capital Houses; and in the Night of the 13th the Quarter of the Janizary Aga was set on Fire in different Parts, and 150 Houses were consumed before it could be extinguished. Several more Attempts have been since made in the City, and its Suburbs, and the Publick is hourly alarmed with the Cry of Fire.

On the 26th past the Captain Pashaw, having previously disposed a large Body of Troops in Ambuscade, made a false Attack upon Tripolizza, where about Seven Thousand Rebels were entrenched. The Assaultants were easily defeated and retreated in apparent Disorder, for several Miles, before the Enemy, who pursued without Precaution until they were surrounded, and cut to Pieces by the Turks, who entered Tripolizza with the few who fled thither. It is said, that Four Thousand Albanese, with most of the Chiefs, lost their Lives in the Flight, or in the Town. The Turks gave no Quarter, consequently they made few Prisoners; amongst the latter is the late Pashaw Mehemmed, who, in order to save his Life, had joined the Rebels.

St. James's, October 5.

The King has been pleased to grant unto Bryan Broughton, Esq; the Office of Register of Seizures in England.

The King has been pleased to constitute and appoint John Laforey, Esq; to be Commissioner of the Navy at Barbadoes and the Leeward Islands, to reside at Antigua.

AT the Court at St. James's, the 24th of September, 1779,

P R E S E N T,

The KING's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS His Majesty was graciously pleased, by His Royal Proclamation, bearing Date the 25th Day of October, 1776, to promise and declare, That the Bounties of Five Pounds for every Able Seaman, and of Two Pounds Ten Shillings for every Ordinary Seaman, fit for His Majesty's Service, should be paid in the Manner thereby directed, to every such

Able and Ordinary Seaman, not above the Age of Fifty, nor under the Age of Eighteen Years, who should, on or before the 31st of December then following, enter themselves to serve in His Majesty's Royal Navy, either with the Captains or Lieutenants of His Majesty's Ships, or the Chief Officers on Board such Tenders as should be employed for raising Men for the Service of the Royal Navy: And whereas His Majesty was also pleased, by His Royal Proclamation, bearing Date the 8th Day of November, 1776, to promise and declare, That a Reward of Two Pounds for every Able, and Thirty Shillings for every Ordinary Seaman, should be paid in the Manner thereby directed, to any Person who should discover any Seaman or Seamen who might secrete themselves, that so such Seaman or Seamen should be taken for His Majesty's said Service, by any of His Majesty's Sea-Officers employed for raising Men, on or before the 31st Day of December, 1776: And whereas His Majesty was likewise pleased, by His Royal Proclamation, bearing Date the 15th Day of August 1777, to promise and declare, That every Able-bodied Landman, not above the Age of Thirty-five, nor under the Age of Twenty Years, who should voluntarily enter himself to serve on Board any of His Majesty's Ships, on or before the 31st Day of October then next, should receive, as of His Majesty's Royal Bounty, the Sum of Thirty Shillings each Man, to be paid in Manner thereby directed: And whereas the Time limited by the said Proclamations, for Payment of the said Bounties and Rewards, hath been prolonged and extended to the 30th Day of this instant September; and it being judged expedient for His Majesty's Service that the said Bounties and Rewards should be continued to be paid for some Time longer, His Majesty, with the Advice of His Privy-Council, doth therefore order, and it is hereby accordingly ordered, that the Time limited for Payment of the said Bounties and Rewards be prolonged and extended from the said 30th Day of this instant September to the 31st Day of December next, inclusive. — Whereof all Persons concerned are to take Notice, and govern themselves accordingly.

W. Fawkenet.

AT the Court at St. James's, the 24th of September, 1779,

P R E S E N T,

The KING's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

WHEREAS it hath been represented to His Majesty at this Board, that it may be expedient to prohibit the exporting out of this Kingdom, or carrying Coastwise, Plates of Copper: His Majesty doth therefore, by and with the Advice of His Privy Council, hereby order, require, prohibit, and command, that no Person or Persons whatsoever do at any Time, during the Space of Two Months, to commence from the Date hereof, presume to transport into any Parts out of this Kingdom, or carry Coastwise, any Plates of Copper, or ship or lade any Plates of Copper, on Board any Ship or Vessel, in order to transporting the same beyond the Seas, or carrying the same Coastwise, without Leave or Permission in that Behalf first obtained from His Majesty or His Privy Council.

Council.—And the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, the Commissioners for executing the Office of Lord High Admiral of Great Britain, and the Lord Warden of the Cinque Ports, are to give the necessary Directions herein, as to them may respectively appertain.

W. Fawkener.

St. James's, September 28, 1779.

Whereas it has been humbly represented to the King, That, on the 16th Day of this present Month of September, between the Hours of Five and Seven o'Clock in the Evening, some Persons unknown did, by means of a Pick-lock Key, get into the Dwelling-house of Mr. George Marshall, known by the Sign of the Ship, on Stamford Hill, near Tottenham, in Middlesex, and did steal thereout One Bank Note for Ten Pounds, No. K 586, 1st July, 1779, payable to A. Newland, and entered W. Rawlin, and about Eleven more Bank Notes, to the Amount of One Hundred and Seventy Pounds, chiefly Ten and Twenty Pounds, most of which have several Pin-marks in them, having been pinned up in a Closet; about Seventy Guineas in Gold, about Twenty-six Pounds in Silver, amongst which are Fifteen or Sixteen Crown Pieces, and a great Number of Half-crowns; a Draught upon Mess. Dimsdale and Co. Bankers, for 5l. 5s. drawn by Wm. Shobrook, payable to George Marshall; One new Silver Watch, very slight made; a second-hand Silver Watch, old fashioned, Silver Dial-plate, Maker's Name supposed to be Smith; one Second-hand Silver Watch, plain Dial-plate, Maker's Name supposed to be Grubb, Stoke Newington. His Majesty, for the better discovering and bringing to Justice the Persons concerned in the above Robbery, is hereby pleased to promise His most gracious Pardon to any one of them, who shall discover his or her Accomplice or Accomplices therein, so that he, she, or they may be apprehended and convicted thereof.

WEYMOUTH.

And, as a further Encouragement, the said Mr. George Marshall doth hereby promise a Reward of **FIFTY POUNDS**, to any Person making such Discovery as aforesaid, to be paid upon the Conviction of any one or more of the Offenders.

Geo. Marshall.

Admiralty-Office, September 14, 1779.

Notice is hereby given, that, in Pursuance of an Act passed in the last Session of Parliament, intituled, "An Act for the Encouragement of Seamen, and the more speedy and effectual Manning His Majesty's Navy," a Session of Oyer and Terminer and Goal Delivery, for the Trial of Offences committed on the High Seas, within the Jurisdiction of the Admiralty of England, will be held on Saturday the 30th of October next, at Justice-Hall in the Old Bailey, London, at Eight of the Clock in the Morning.

Notice is also hereby given, that for the Future an Admiralty Session will be held in the several Months of March and October in every Year, pursuant to the Directions of the said Act.

Ph. Stephens.

Westminster Fire-Office, Bedford-street,

October 1, 1779.

THE General Meeting, appointed to be yearly in October, for choosing Directors for the Year ensuing, and on other Affairs, will be held at this Office on Thursday the 21st Instant, at Four o'Clock in the Afternoon precisely.

Geo. Browne, Secretary.

Custom-House, London, Sept. 27, 1779.

F O R S A L E,

By Order of the Honourable the Commissioners of His Majesty's Customs, &c. (in Pursuance of an Act of Parliament of the Third Year of His present Majesty) on Tuesday the 5th, Wednesday the 6th, and Friday the 8th, of October, 1779, at Three of the Clock in the Afternoons of the said Days, will be put up in Sale in the Long Room in the Custom-House, London, the following Goods, which are allotted in small Quantities, for the better Accommodation of the several Dealers, as well as private Persons, who chuse to become Purchasers.

For Exportation.

East-India Prohibited Goods, Cambricks, Silk, and Muslin stitched with Thread.

For Home Consumption.

Brandy, Rum, Geneva, Spruce Beer, Green and Bohea Tea, Raw and Roasted Coffee, Cloves, Linen, Nanken Cloth, Engraved Copper plates, Sewing Silk, Sisters Thread, Wine, Cocoa Nuts to 2; the Island Duty, Long Pepper, Jalap, Stones, Boats, Ivory and King's Wood, Refused Wines, and sundry other Sorts of Goods, as mentioned in the Catalogue,

Clear of all Duties,

East-India Prohibited Goods, Cambricks, and Cocoa Nuts, excepted.

The Liquors to be seen and tasted at the King's Warehouse, Custom-House, London, on Friday the 1st, Saturday the 2d, and Monday the 4th of October, 1779, from Nine to One in the Forenoons, and in the Mornings before the Sale; the Stones and Boats to be viewed at the Tobacco Ground, near the Wet Deck, Ralbrhithe, and the Tea and other Goods (except the Refused Wines, which may be seen at Ralph's Quay) at the King's Warehouse aforesaid, on Wednesday the 6th and Thursday the 7th of October, from Nine to One in the Forenoons, and in the Mornings before the Sale; where Catalogues will be delivered.

Royal Hospital for Seamen at Greenwich,

September 11, 1779.

THE Commissioners and Governors of this Hospital do hereby give Notice, that, at Salters Hall in London, on Wednesday the 15th of March next, (or as soon after as may be) the following Farms, &c. will be lett on Lease, to commence upon the 1st Day of May, 1780; viz.

East Dean Raw Farm, containing by Estimation 92 Acres, 2 Roods, and 13 Perches, Woodland exclusive; Middle Dean Raw Farm, with Lees-Fell Allotment, adjoining thereto, containing, by Estimation, in the Whole 125 Acres, 3 Roods, and 39 Perches;

Tedcastle Farm, with Lees-Fell Allotment adjoining thereto, containing, by Estimation, in the Whole 33 Acres, 2 Roods, and 35 Perches, Woodland exclusive;

Plankey Pasture Farm, with Lees-Fell Allotments on the North and South Sides of Plankey Road, containing, by Estimation, in the Whole 40 Acres and 2 Roods, Woodland exclusive; and,

Newlands Park Farm, containing, by Estimation, 158 Acres, 1 Rood, and 20 Perches, Woodland exclusive.

All which Farms are in the County of Northumberland.

Also Two Farms at Tynehead, containing, by Estimation, 270 Acres and 35 Perches, including the Hospital's Share of Windy Brow Pasture;

A Water Corn Mill at Kewick, with a small Close

or

or Parcel of Ground, containing, by Estimation, 1 Acre, 3 Roods, and 20 Perches; and
A Water Corn Mill at Wanthwate.

All which are in the County of Cumberland.

All Persons willing to take the said Farms and Mills are desired to give in their Proposals in Writing to Mr. Ibbetson at the Admiralty Office, London, on, or before the 14th of March next; and, on the next Day, at Salters Hall before Twelve o'Clock at Noon, after which Hour none others will be received, or attended to; and for Particulars of all or any of the Premises so to be lett, to apply to Messrs. Walton and Turner, Receivers for the said Hospital, or to the Bailiffs in their respective Districts.

N. B. The above Farms and Mills will be lett for 21 Years or under, the following excepted, which will be lett for the Number of Years against each express, viz.

Plankey Pasture	—	—	5
Tedcastle	—	—	5
Newlands Park	—	—	8

And all Grounds, as now enclosed or marked off for the Growth of Wood or Underwood, are to be excepted and reserved. And no Allowance will be made on Account of Damage by the Smoke of Langley Lead Mill.

Jⁿ Ibbetson, Secretary.

Very Proper for all Officers going to AMERICA or, the EAST-INDIES.

This Day is published,

Elegantly printed on a Royal Paper, in One Volume Quarto, illustrated with 25 large Plans curiously engraved,

Price 1l. 1s. in Boards,

Dedicated by Permission to the Right Honourable JOHN Lord Viscount LIGONIER, Field-Marshal and Commander in Chief of His Majesty's Force;

T H E A R T of **W A R** on the MOST APPROVED PRINCIPLES, By **C O U N T T U R P I N**,

Brigadier and Inspector-General of the French Hussars; translated from the French, by Captain JOSEPH OTWAY.

Containing, among many other equally important Articles, The March of an Army in an open, a mountainous, and a woody Country. Encampments in offensive and defensive War. Method of escorting Convoys. Attack of an Army on the March in a mountainous or open Country. Convoys. Entrenched Camps. Passage of Rivers. Battles. Quarters and Cantonments. Advanced Detachments. Attack of the Quarters of an Army. Retreat on Miscarriage. General Principles for forming the Plan of a Campaign, &c. &c.

London, Printed for E. Johnston; and sold by T. Longman in Paternoster-row, and N. Conant in Fleet street.

N. B. There are but a few Copies remaining unsold.

Reprisal Association Office, London, September 10, 1779.

T H E Committee appointed for managing the Affairs of the Reprisal Association give Notice, agreeably to the Deed of Settlement, that a special Meeting of all the Members of the said Society is appointed to be holden at this Office, on Wednesday the 13th Day of October, 1779, precisely at Eleven o'Clock in the Forenoon; of which all concerned are desired to take Notice.

Signed, by Order of the Committee,

ROBERT WELLS, Secretary.

A L L Persons who have any Demands on the Estate of the late Mr. Benedict Lewis Jahier, of Tokenhouse-yard, deceased, are desired to send an Account thereof to Mr. Mich, Executor, at Batson's Coffee-house, Cornhill; and such Persons who are indebted to the Estate are desired forthwith to pay their respective Debts as above.

HAWKE, Captain John Peters, and FLY, Captain Thomas Wilson.

A F I N A L Dividend of the above Vessels Prize Money is now paying, at Messrs. Camdens, Wapping.

London, September 29, 1779.

Notice is hereby given, that the Partnership between James Kearsley and Peter Chainie, of Lawrence-lane, Chappside, Warehousemen, is this Day mutually dissolved. All Persons indebted to the said Partnership are desired to pay their Debts forthwith to Mr. Mullens, No. 5, Bartlett's buildings, Holborn; by whom all Debts owing from the said Partnership will be discharged.

James Kearsley.
Peter Chainie.

Notice is hereby given, that the Partnership between Thomas and Sarah Stanton, of the Peabury, London, Haberdashers, is this Day dissolved; and that all Debts on the said Partnership Account will be paid, and all Credits received, by the said Sarah Stanton, who will continue to carry on the said Business upon her own Account. Witness their Hands, this 29th Day of September, 1779.

Tho. Stanton.
S. Stanton.

September 20, 1779.

T H E Owners of the Ship Valentine East India Company, now at Limerick in Ireland, are requested to meet on Wednesday next, the 6th of October, at Twelve o'Clock, or Special Affairs, at the Banking House of Sir Charles Raymond and Co. in George-street, Mansion-house.

T H E Creditors of the late Mr. Robert Shaw, of Limerick, worth in the County of Litchester, are desired to meet at the Half Moon Tavern, Chappside, on Friday next, the 8th Instant, at Six o'Clock in the Afternoon precisely.

Whereas a Commission of Bankrupt is awarded and issued forth against John Woodyer, of Cambridge in the County of Cambridge, Bookbinder, Stationer, Dealer and Chapman, and he being declared a Bankrupt, is hereby required to surrender himself to the Commissioners in the said Commission named, or the major Part of them, on the 12th and 16th Days of October instant at Ten of the Clock in the Forenoon, and on the 16th Day of November next at Five of the Clock in the Afternoon, at Guildhall, London, and make a full Discovery and Disclosure of his Estate and Effects; when and where the Creditors are to come prepared to prove their Debts, and at the Second Sitting to chuse Assignees; and at the last Sitting the said Bankrupt is required to finish his Examination; and at the Creditors are to assent to or dissent from the Allowance of his Certificate. All Persons indebted to the said Bankrupt, or that have any of his Effects, are not to pay or deliver the same but to whom the Commissioners shall appoint, but give Notice to Mr. Geldard, Bartlett's buildings, Holborn, London.

Whereas a Commission of Bankrupt is awarded and issued forth against Thomas Jester, of Frome Selwood in the County of Somerset, Clothier, and he being declared a Bankrupt, is hereby required to surrender himself to the Commissioners in the said Commission named, or the major Part of them, on the 19th and 20th Days of October instant, and on the 16th Day of November next, at Eleven of the Clock in the Forenoon on each Day, at Mr. Badbury's, the Blue Boar, in Frome Selwood, and make a full Discovery and Disclosure of his Estate and Effects; when and where the Creditors are to come prepared to prove their Debts, and at the Second Sitting to chuse Assignees; and at the last Sitting the said Bankrupt is required to finish his Examination, and the Creditors are to assent to or dissent from the Allowance of his Certificate. All Persons indebted to the said Bankrupt, or that have any of his Effects, are not to pay or deliver the same but to whom the Commissioners shall appoint, but give Notice to Mr. John Whitchurch, Attorney, in Frome Selwood aforesaid.

Whereas a Commission of Bankrupt is awarded and issued forth against Giles Bagley, of the City of York, Haberdasher, and he being declared a Bankrupt is hereby required to surrender himself to the Commissioners in the said Commission named, or the major Part of them, on the 21st and 22d Days of October instant, and on the 16th Day of November next, at Eleven o'Clock in the Forenoon on each of the said Days, at the House of William Smith, called the

the York Tavern, in the City of York, and make a full Discovery and Disclosure of his Estate and Effects; when and where the Creditors are to come prepared to prove their Debts, and at the Second Sitting to chuse Assignees, and at the last Sitting the said Bankrupt is required to finish his Examination, and the Creditors are to assent to or dissent from the Allowance of his Certificate. All Persons indebted to the said Bankrupt, or that have any of his Effects, are not to pay or deliver the same but to whom the Commissioners shall appoint, but give Notice to Mr. Lakeland, in York.

WHEREAS a Commission of Bankrupt is awarded and issued forth against Henry Smith, late of Long-alley in the Parish of Saint Leonard Shoreditch in the County of Middlesex, Brewer, and he being declared a Bankrupt, is hereby required to surrender himself to the Commissioners in the said Commission named, or the major Part of them, on the 9th and 3d Days of October instant at Ten of the Clock in the Forenoon, and on the 16th Day of November next at Five of the Clock in the Afternoon, at Guildhall, London, and make a full Discovery and Disclosure of his Estate and Effects; when and where the Creditors are to come prepared to prove their Debts, and at the Second Sitting to chuse Assignees, and at the last Sitting the said Bankrupt is required to finish his Examination, and the Creditors are to assent to or dissent from the Allowance of his Certificate. All Persons indebted to the said Bankrupt, or that have any of his Effects, are not to pay or deliver the same but to whom the Commissioners shall appoint, but give Notice to Mr. Rufon, Primrose-street, Bishopsgate-street, London.

THE Commissioners in a Commission of Bankrupt awarded and issued against Samuel Webb, late of the City of Bristol, Merchant, intend to meet on the 28th Day of October instant, at Four o'Clock in the Afternoon, at the Bush Tavern in Corn-street, Bristol, in order to make a Further Dividend of the Estate and Effects of the said Bankrupt; when and where the Creditors, who have not already proved their Debts, are to come prepared to prove the same, or they will be excluded the Benefit of the said Dividend. And all Claims not then proved will be disallowed.

THE Commissioners in a Commission of Bankrupt awarded and issued forth against Joseph Gillam, of the City of Bristol, Carpenter, Earthenwareman, Dealer and Chapman, intend to meet on the 27th Day of October instant, at Five of the Clock in the Afternoon, at the Three Tuns Tavern, in Corn-street, Bristol, in order to make a Dividend of the Estate and Effects of the said Bankrupt; when and where the Creditors, who have not already proved their Debts, are to come prepared to prove the same, or they will be excluded the Benefit of the said Dividend. And all Claims not then proved will be disallowed.

THE Commissioners in a Commission of Bankrupt awarded and issued forth against John Arnett, of the Town of Folkeston in the County of Kent, Rope-maker, Dealer and Chapman, intend to meet on the 8th Day of November next, at Ten of the Clock in the Forenoon, at Guildhall, London, in order to make a Dividend of the said Bankrupt's Estate and Effects; when and where the Creditors, who have not already proved their Debts, are to come prepared to prove the same, or they will be excluded the Benefit of the said Dividend. And all Claims not then proved will be disallowed.

THE Commissioners in a Commission of Bankrupt awarded against John Hill and Henry Alay, of the Strand in the Parish of St. Clement Danes in the County of Middlesex, Copartners, Linen-drappers, Dealers and Chapmen, intend to meet on the 13th Day of November next, at Five of the Clock in the Afternoon, at Guildhall, London, in order to make a Final Dividend of the said Bankrupts Estate and Effects; when and where the Creditors, who have not already proved their Debts, may come prepared to prove the same, or they will be excluded the Benefit of the said Dividend. And all Claims not then proved will be disallowed.

Erratum in last Saturday's Gazette. In the Commission of Bankruptcy against Thomas Knight, the 2d Meeting should be on the 13th Instant, instead of the 12th, as there mentioned.

THE following Persons being Prisoners for Debt, in the respective Prisons or Goals hereafter mentioned, do hereby give this Publick Notice, That they do intend to take the Benefit

of an Act of Parliament, passed in the Eighteenth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty King George the Third, intituled, *An Act for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors; and for the Relief of Bankrupts, in certain Cases*; at the next General Special Sessions, or General or Quarter Sessions of the Peace to be held in and for the County, Riding, Division, City, Town, Liberty or Place, or any Adjournment thereof, which shall happen next after TWENTY-ONE Days from the FIRST Publication of the under-mentioned Names. And they do hereby give Notice, that true and perfect Schedules, containing a Discovery of all their Real and Personal Estates (hereafter to be sworn to) are now ready to be delivered to any Creditor applying for the same to the respective Gaolers or Keepers, or their Deputies, in such Manner as by the said Act is directed.

Prisoner in the KING's BENCH Prison
in the County of Surry.

Second Notice.

William Moss, formerly and late of Leeds in the County of York, Innholder and Butcher.

Prisoner in His Majesty's Prison of the
FLEET.

Third Notice.

Jonathan Crabb, formerly and late of Great Canfield in the County of Essex, Farmer.

THE following Persons being Fugitives for Debt, and beyond the Seas, on the TENTH Day of MARCH, One Thousand Seven Hundred and Seventy-eight, and having surrendered themselves to the Gaolers or Keepers of the respective Goals or Prisons hereafter-mentioned, do hereby give this Public Notice, That they intend to take the Benefit of an Act of Parliament, passed in the Eighteenth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled, *An Act for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors; and for the Relief of Bankrupts in certain Cases*; at the next General Special Sessions, or General or Quarter Sessions of the Peace, to be held in and for the County, Riding, Division, City, Town, Liberty, or Place, or any Adjournment thereof, which shall happen next after TWENTY-ONE Days from the FIRST Publication of the undermentioned Names. And they do hereby give Notice, That true and perfect Schedules, containing a Discovery of all their Real and Personal Estate, (hereafter to be sworn to) are now ready to be delivered to any Creditor applying for the same to the Gaolers or Keepers, or their Deputies, in such Manner as by the said Act is directed.

Fugitives surrendered to the Keeper of the
KING's BENCH Prison in the County of
Surry.

First Notice.

John Richmond, formerly and late of St. John's Wapping, Ship's Steward.

Second Notice.

Francis Robert, formerly of King-street, Golden-square, in the Liberty of Westminster in the County of Middlesex, late of Gray's Walk in the Parish of St. Mary Lambeth in the County of Surry, Dealer and Chapman.