deviled to promote good Education, and of your Grace's Readiness to afford us your cordial Affiftance.

We will exert ourfelves, under your Grace's Encouragement, to regulate the Police, and to make fuch Provisions for the Public Tranquillity, as may promote a just Subordination and Obedience to the Laws.

We beg Leave to affure your Grace, that having the most facred Regard for our Constitution in Church and State, we will neglect no Means for its Prefervation. We will refift every Attempt to diminish the Authority and Dignity of Parliament; and re-pcating our former Declaration " to fland and fall " with the British Empire," we will cultivate, with unremitting Attention, the Union which fubfifts be-tween the Sifter Kingdoms, and which is fo effential to the Prosperity of Ireland.

### His Grace the Lord Lieutenant's Answer.

I Return you my fincere Thanks for this very obliging Address, and for that true Satisfaction with which I am gratified by your Approbation of my Government. The Refloration of good Order and Tranquillity, and the Promotion of the Profperity and true Interests of Ireland, are the anxious Wishes of my Heart, and shall be the constant Objects of my earnest Attention.

To His Grace Charles Duke of Rutland, Lord Lieutenant General, and General Governor of Ireland.

> The humble Address of the Knights, Citizens and Burgeffes, in Parliament affembled.

May it pleafe your Grace,

W E, His Majefty's most dutiful and loyal Sub-jects, the Commons of Ireland, in Par-liament affembled, approach your Grace with the ftrongest Sentiments of Affection to your Perlon, and Approbation of your Government.

During a Period of Difficulty, which required the happiest tempering of Firmnels with Moderation, the successful Exercise of your personal and hereditary Virtues has confirmed the pleafing Hope we early conceived of your Administration, and excites our ardent Wifnes for its long Continuance.

Those Acts of Outrage, which for a Time dif-graced the Metropolis, raife in us the utmost Abhorrence; nor have the Attempts which have been directed against the Constitution excited in us no less Indignation.

Your Grace's spirited Disapprobation of these Excelles, and your manly Efforts to control them, menit our Applaule, and receive our warmeft Acknowledgements.

Regard for the Honor and Dignity of the Crown, and the Interests of the Nation, will dispose us to model our Supplies, fo as may evince our Loyalty to our Sovereign, and our Attention to the Happinets of His People.

From the gracious Manner in which His Majefly has condescended to recommend a final Settlement of Trade and Commerce between Great Britain and Ireland, we have ample Reafon to be convinced of the good Effects of your Grace's Reprefentations, and the Weight of your Interpolition. In particular we acknowledge your Grace's Wildom, which, difdaining the Ufe of temporary Expedients, has adopted the nobler Work of a complete and final Settlement. We shall eagerly purfue the wife Principles which your Grace has pointed out for this Anrangement, and endeavour to form a System on fuch a Bafis as may fecure its Permanence.

We humbly thank your Grace for directing our Attention to the Improvement of Agriculture, the Extention of our Manufactures, and the particular Encouragement of the Fifheries on our Coafts.

It is the flrongest Tellimony of His Majesty's parental Solicitude for the Happiness of all His People, that He has directed us to unite our liberal Prorection of particular Inflitutions with a more univerfal Cultivation of good Education. To the Brong Incitements of our own Feelings, we have the ad-ditional Encouragement of your Grace's Affikance, and the Affurance of His Majesty's Patronage.

We should be infensible to your Grace's Exertions for the Tranquillity and Prosperity of the Kingdom, if we were to remit our Endeavours for the Establifhment of falutary Provisions, which, by regulating the Police, giving Vigor to the Laws, and repreffing Licentioufnels, will at the fame Time incul-cate the Virtues of Conftitutional Obedience, and give Protection to honeft Industry.

We shall ever hold facred the true Principles of our Constitution in Church and State. We will ftrenuoufly refult every Attempt to lower the Dignity of the Legislature, or invade its Authority; and we will cultivate with unremitting Ardor the closest Union with our Sifter Kingdom. Tho. Ellis, Cler. Parl. Dom. Com.

#### His Grace the Lord Lieutenant's Answer.

I Return you my cordial Thanks for this Address, and am happy to find the Conduct of my Administration fo honorably diftinguished by your Approbation. The Wisdom of your Councils, directed by your zealous At-tachment to the true Interests of this Country, will ever be a fure Guide to me in my enxious Wishes and stremuous Exertions to secure the Tranquillity, and promate in every Thing the Welfare and Happiness of the People of Ireland

# Caferta, December 28.

Every Precaution is ferioufly employed here to keep off the Plague, which by the latest Accounts rages at prefent at Tunis, and its Environs, with as much Violence as if it had declared itself in the Midft of Summer. According to those Accounts no less than Thirty-two Thousand People have been. already carried off by this Calamity.

The Earthquakes, which had ceafed Calabria and Sicily for fome Weeks, have again been fentibly felt, and prove a great Discouragement to the Operations carrying on for the Benefit of those afflicted Countries, particularly at Meffina, which has been declared a free Port, and where the Buildings were actually begun.

## Admiralty-Office, January 27, 1785.

Unfuant to an Act of Parliament paffed in the Twenty-fixth Year of His late Majefty's Reign, this is to give Notice to the Concerned, that Information has been fent to this Office, That on the 4th of this Month the Brigantine Juffrouw Anna Louila, whereof Andris Hilles Viffer was Mafter, laden with Salt, and bound from St. Ubes to Pirna, was stranded at Niton on the South Part of the Ille of Wight.

Ph. Stephens.

# Navy-Office, January 19, 1785.

IN Obedience to His Majefy's Order in Council of the 4th of February, 1784, the Right Honourable the Lords Commissioners of the Admirally have been pleased to direct, that Nineteen Chaplains of the Royal Navy, who have served longest on board His Majesty's Ships during the late Hoffilities with the United States of America, France, Spain, and the States-General of the United Provinces, be added to the Lift of those entitled to the Bounty formerly granted by His Ma-iefty's Order in Council of the 1st of February, 1765, under the fame Provisions as therein mentioned; and that Four of the faid Nineteen be allowed Two Shillings and Sixpence a Day, and the remaining Fifteen Two Shillings a Day, to commence on the 1st of Ja-nnary, 1784, Notice is bereby given to fuch Choplains as have been actually borne and mustered during the Space of Four Years, between the 29th of August, 1775