

The London Gazette.

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Naples, Febr. 1.

From Palermo we have Letters by a Felucca arrived yesterday, which tell us, that the Duke of Bournonville finding it impossible to make any considerable advance in the Siege of Taormina, so long as it lay open on the side of the Sea, and that by that means the Besieged were from time to time supplied with Provisions, and whatever they stood in need of, resolved to quit the said Siege, as he did accordingly; and after having put a good Garrison into the Castle of Mola, retired to Melazzo, where the said Duke at present is. A Fleet of between 40 and 50 Sail, laden with Provisions, is arrived at Messina; the great supply of Men, is not expected there till the month of March.

Vienna, Febr. 13. Their Imperial Majesties were expected here on Tuesday last, but, it seems, they have changed their resolution, and intend to continue at Neustadt during the Carnival, and then the Duke of Lorraine, and the Queen-Dowager of Poland, will return hither with their Imperial Majesties, and will stay here, till such time as the Duke of Lorraine returns to the Army, which he will continue to command. The Council of War meets daily at Neustadt, in the presence of the Emperor, for the taking the Resolutions necessary for the carrying on the War. We are told that an Ambassador is coming hither from the Port, with a Train of 120 persons, to confirm the Treaties at present subsisting between the two Empires. In Transylvania the two Princes Abasti and Paul Tendi, continue to contend for the Mastery, both in the mean time soliciting, by their Agents, at Constantinople, the favor of the Grand Signior, whose declaration will, without doubt, decide the Controversie.

Mentz, Febr. 15. The Regiment commanded by Colonel Nigrelli is marched to Treves, and 500 men of the Troops of our Elector have taken the same way. The Troops of the Duke of Lorraine, which were quartered in this Countrey, dislodged the last week, and are likewise marched towards Treves and Luxemburg, which places, it seems, are apprehended to be in the greatest danger.

Strasburgh, Febr. 18. In our last we gave you an account of the arrival of the Marechal de Crequi at Brisac, since he has been at Friburg, and sent several Parties into Brisgow. He seemed as if he would have laid a Bridge over the Rhine, having caused a great many Vessels to be brought together, but on the sudden hath sent them back again, has commanded the Troops that were in Brisgow to repass the Rhine, and with them is marching towards Nancy, which has, in some measure, freed us of the apprehensions we were in. However we are upon our Guard, and are resolved not to be surprized; and because much of our security depends upon that of Offenburg, all possible care is taken to strengthen that place, and to put it into a state of defence.

Dino. News is brought hither this day, that a

Party of Imperialists, and another of French, have had a Rencounter in Brisgow, in which the latter was worsted, having lost 100 men, with two considerable Officers.

Trier, Febr. 18. The French King is within these two or three dayes expected at Metz, from whence we have an account, that great preparations are making, as is believed, for the Siege of this place; that a great many pieces of Cannon, for Battery, were bringing thither from Nancy and Marsal. Our Governour, in the mean time, sends out several Parties, to learn what News they can of the Enemies motions.

Cologne, Febr. 22. The Emperor, we hear, has written a Letter to our Magistrates, requiring them to pay, without further delay, the 40000 Crowns demanded of them, in lieu of the Winter-quarters; so that our Magistrates find themselves in a straight how to proceed in this matter. From Metz, and those Parts, they write, that by the preparations made there, it seemed the French design was upon Treves. Our next Letters will be able to speak with greater certainty.

Liege, Febr. 22. Yesterday we had a report that a Body of French Troops had appeared before Namur, and that they were going to invest the place; but this morning we have an account, that the said Troops having passed the Meuse, are marched towards Dalem, with what design we know not, unless it be to destroy the Countrey.

Hamburgh, Febr. 22. From Copenhagen they write, that a great many Flat-bottom'd Boats were providing there, together with a Squadron of Men of War, in order to the executing some great design; that the Duke of Holstein Ploen is to command the Kings Army this next Campagne, with the Title of Generalissimo. The Princes of Lunenburg have given out Commissions for raising several new Regiments, which will be followed by others, it being said that they will in all raise 14 new Regiments, but whether any part of them will be employed in the assistance of the Danes is a question. From Straelsfond we have an account, that of those taken Prisoners in Rugen, 1500 had taken Service under Count Coningsmarke, and that they had already received a Months pay. The march of the Suedes Army in Livonia is now related with so many circumstances, that most People give credit to it; its design is to fall into Prussia, where the Brandenburs will not be able to make any great defence, it being an open Countrey, without any fortified places, save Coningsberg and Memel.

Amsterdam, Febr. 25. Most of our Eastland Fleet is come in, there wanting not above 10 or 11 Sail, which are likewise expected every hoar.

Hague, Febr. 25. Some differences we hear are arisen in the Province of Friseland, among those in whose hands is the Government of it; one side has appealed to the States General, which is like rather to increase, than compose the dispute. His Highness the Prince of Orange has given Orders to all his Officers and