

land, or by Indictment in the Court of Jusiciary, or any of the Circuit Courts in Scotland, or by Indictment or Information in the King's Bench at Dublin, if such Offence be committed in Ireland; the Person so convicted shall, for every Artificer contracted with, or seduced, forfeit FIVE HUNDRED POUNDS, and shall suffer Imprisonment in the Common Goal of the County or Stewartry wherein such Offender shall be convicted, for Twelve Calendar Months, and until Forfeiture be paid: And in Case of a subsequent Offence of the same Kind, the Persons so again offending shall forfeit, for every Person contracted with or seduced, ONE THOUSAND POUNDS, and shall suffer Imprisonment in the Common Gaol of the County or Stewartry wherein such Offender shall be convicted, for Two Years, and until such Forfeiture be paid.

If any Person in Great Britain or Ireland shall put on Board any Ship or Boat not bound directly to some Port in Great Britain or Ireland, or to some other of the Dominions of the Crown of Great Britain, any such Tools or Utensils as are commonly used in, or proper for the Preparing, Working up or Finishing of the Woollen or Silk Manufactures or any Part of such Tools, he shall for every Offence forfeit all such Tools, or Parts thereof, put on Board, and TWO HUNDRED POUNDS, to be recovered by Action of Debt, &c. in any Court of Record at Westminster, or in the Court of Session in Scotland, or at any of the Four Courts in Dublin respectively, wherein no Essoin, &c. shall be allowed.

It shall be lawful for any Officer of the Customs in Great Britain, or for any Officer of the Revenue in Ireland, to seize and secure, in some of His Majesty's Warehouses, all such Tools or Utensils prohibited to be exported, as such Officer shall find on Board any Vessel not bound directly to some Port in Great Britain or Ireland, or to some other of the Dominions of the Crown of Great Britain; and all Tools so seized shall, after Condemnation, be publicly sold to the best Bidder; and one Moiety of the Produce shall be to the Use of His Majesty, and the other Moiety to the Officer who shall seize and secure the same.

If the Captain of any Vessel in Great Britain or Ireland knowingly permit any of the said Tools, prohibited to be exported, to be put on Board his Vessel, he shall for every such Offence forfeit ONE HUNDRED POUNDS, to be recovered as the Penalties inflicted upon Persons exporting the Tools; and if the Vessel belongs to His Majesty, the Captain shall not only forfeit ONE HUNDRED POUNDS, but shall also forfeit his Employment, and be incapable of any Employment under His Majesty.

If any Officer of the Customs in Great Britain, or of the Revenue in Ireland, take, or knowingly suffer to be taken, any Entry outward, or sign any Cocket or Suffrance for the Shipping or Exporting of any of the said Tools, or knowingly suffer the same to be done, he shall forfeit ONE HUNDRED POUNDS, to be recovered as aforesaid, and also forfeit his Office, and be incapable of any Office under His Majesty.

One Moiety of the Forfeitures shall be applied to the Use of His Majesty, and the other Moiety to the Use of the Person who shall sue for the same.

Statutes 14, 21, 23 and 26 of His present Majesty.

BY these Statutes the like Penalties and Forfeitures as above mentioned are extended to Persons packing or putting on board any Vessel, not bound directly for some Port in Great Britain or Ireland, any Machine, Engine, Tool, Press, Paper, Utensil or Implement whatsoever used in, or proper for the working or finishing of the Cotton, Linen, Steel or Iron Manufactures of this Kingdom, or any Part or Parts of such Machines or Implements, or any Models or Plans thereof;— and all Captains of Ships and other Persons receiving or being in Possession of any such Articles, with an Intent to export the same to Foreign Parts, and all Custom-house Officers suffering an Entry to be made thereof, are respectively liable to the like Penalties as are above mentioned, in the Case of Tools and Utensils used in the Woollen and Silk Manufactures.

St. Petersburg, December 5.

This being the Empress's Name's Day, it has been celebrated as usual with the most unfeigned Demonstrations of Joy.

Dresden, December 20.

Losses by Fire having been very frequent in this Country, and the Sufferers hitherto indemnified in Part out of the Public Revenues, a new Regulation is enacted, to take Place from the 1st of January next, by which every Proprietor of a House throughout this Electorate is to enter it in a public Register, at a Valuation fixed by himself. The Losses by Fire are to be computed every Six Months, and an equivalent Sum collected from the Whole of the Proprietors, in Proportion to their Property as registered, which is to be applied to the individual Sufferers, according to the Valuation contained in the Register. This Rule will naturally induce the Proprietors to deliver in a fair Valuation of their Property.

SUGARS and GINGER, for SALE,

BY Order of the Honourable the Commissioners of His Majesty's Customs, in the Long-Room at the Custom-House, London, on Thursday the 11th of January, 1787, at Three of the Clock in the Afternoon, in Lots of 2, 4, 6, 8, and 10 Casks each.

SUGARS.

H. T. B.

52 — — Barbadoes.

40 192 — Antigua.

29 39 — St. Kitt's.

17 — — Nevis.

29 19 — Montserrat.

— — 38 Barbadoes Ginger.

The Samples to be viewed in Wycherley's Yard, opposite Bear-Quay, on Tuesday the 9th, Wednesday the 10th and Thursday the 11th of January, 1787.

THE Partnership between Robert Galhie and Thomas Ogle, of Spital-square, in the County of Middlesex, Surgeons, was this Day dissolved; and it was by mutual Consent agreed, That all Debts due to and owing from the said Partnership shall be received and paid by the said Robert Galhie; as witness our Hands this 30th Day of December, 1786.

Rob. Galhie.

Tho. Ogle.