far from Elfenburg; the report at Court is, that his Majesty will in two or three days part hence for Rugen, to be present at the attack that is intended to be made upon that Island, and afterwards at an Enterview that is to be held with the Elector of Brandenburg and the Princes of Lunenburg at Rostocke. The Troops which came from Norway, under the command of Major-General Gieje, have joined the Army in Schonen, the command whereof the Kirg has given to the faid Major-General Giefe. Several discourses are abroad concerning Lieutenant-General Arenflorf, and if any credit may be given to y hat is generally taid, he will have a hard task to answer some of the most important Articl sthat he is charged with. From Holland and thole parts we have an account of the great appearance there is that the Peace between France and Spain will be suddenly brought to a conclusion, and that then the States General of the United Provinces will ratifie their Treaty figned at Nimeguen the 10th past,

which this Court is not pleased with.

Hamburg, sept. 20. It is the wonder of every Body, that we do not yet hear that the Danes and Brandenburgs have made the intended descent upon Rugen, from whence we had Letters by the last Ordinary, which said, that Count Coningmarke did fortsie himself in those Posts, which he thought most advantageous to him for hindering the defigns of the Enemy, and that he was resolved to nemain firm there to dispute every foot of ground; however, the general opinion is, that the Danes and Brandenburgs will so far exceed the Forces of the faid Count Coningsmarks in number, that when they come to make the descent, they will succeed in it; but there are only peoples opinions, and therefore the belt, way is to expect till time more c. reainly informs us of the success of a design which has been fo much spoken of. It was formerly said very confidently that the Dukes of Lunenburg had ordered greatest part, of their Forces which are in Pomeren, to march towards the Rtine to join the Imperial Army, but at present we hear no more of it, Strasfurg, Sept. 16. The animolity of the Inha-

bitants, of this City against the French is so great, that they suffer with some chearfulness the many inconveniencies they are at present reduced to; which we doubt not but will ere long have an rend, for that the French will not be able to remain in the Field longer than towards the end of this month, considering how the Country is ruined. Our great sudeavor is to remove the French from the Post they have taken in the Isle in the Khine, and if we can do that, we shall have the passage of the khine open to receive Provisions, &c. from Suabia.

Brusses, Sept. 23. They that know how much

Bruffels, Sept. 23. They that know how much these Countreys have suffered during this War, will easily believe that any Peace must afford great matter of joy to the poor Inhabitants, and that therefore they are pleased with the news we receive from Nimeguen, that the Treaty was signed saft Saturday between France and Spain. Our Governor the Duke de Villa Hermosa continues in the Field, and will do so till the places be actually restored.

Nimèguen, Sept. 22. The Ratifications of the Treaty between France and Holland being exchanged, the other Parties labor with so much the more earnest-ness to agree a general Cessation of Arms, which would be a great step towards a general Peace, The

Succes Ambassadors seem unwilling to consent to so long a term as is proposed, and besides demand, that if any thing of action hath happened in Pomeren or Rugen since the beginning of this month, things may be restored into the same possure they were then in, which the other Ambassadors are unwilling to consent to. Upon the news we had here of the death of the Bishop of Munster, of which we gave you an account in our last, the Minister of that Bishop is gone hence in great diligence.

Hague, Sept. 23. We have at present little to add to what we told you from hence in our last. People here are full of joy on occasion of the Peace, and all that remains is, that France restore to this State, and to Spain, the places which the Treatics oblige them to, which it is not doubted but they will do; for we are told from Flanders, that the Governors of the said places are already preparing for it, by withdrawing the Artillery, Ammunition, &c. which by the said Treaties is to remain to the French. On Wednesday next, as we told you in our last, the French Ambassador Monseur d'Avante makes his publick Entry into this place; he is already lodged in the house appointed for the treatment of Ambassadors. We cannot tell you any thing farther of the Northern Assairs, not having had any Letters from those parts since our last.

Parm, Sept 24. The Envoy of the Republick of Genous, hath had Audience of the King, and feveral Conferences with the Ministers, to whom he hath represented the just ground that State has to complain of the late proceedings against it; and, we are told, that the said Envoy has obtained that the orders which were given for the treating the Genous Series as Enemies, be, recalled. The Peace being signed between France and Spaih, it is expected that the Armies in Flanders will go into their quarters, that of the Confederates is very much lessend, as well by the reform that hath been made in the Dutch Army, as by the marching off of the Erandenburg and Munster Troops, which are gone to the Meuse. We are expecting here in few days the Ambassadors which the States General of the United Provinces, have resolved to send to our King to compliment him upon the subject of the Peace, which it is hoped will ere long be made general: as for the Emperor and the Empire, we are told that their dispositions are very great to the Peace; and that several of the Electors and other Princes of the Empire do very much labor to promote the work.

Advertisements.

Besides all other Chymical Preparations, that great Predestructive the Elixur Proprietatus, made of the volatile Salt of Tavián, so much desired and sought, bath been prepared by Dr. Willam Jones, Chymist in Oidinary to this Majesty, in the presence of Ten of the chiefest of the Colledge of Physicians. And by reason of the great abuse that bath been pur upon it by selling the common Elixir for it; It is now to be had at his own Elaboratory, who is removed from Walkingferd books in the Old Spring-garden, to the Oiden Ball in cancel Court at Chaning ress, and no where else,

STolen or strayed out of the Grounds of Marmadule Rawdon of H dilem in Harsfordshire, the 17th instants a light gray Nags, betwite 13 and 13 hands high, all his paces, with wall eyes, an old soar in his Flank, three white Hoofs, the other black, half shorn mane, and bob tail. Whoever gives notice of the said Nag to Mr Richard Tay Upholi-Rerer at the Feuber in Smith sted, or to Mr. John Forr, it at the F. ying Harse without Bissepsgare, shall have a Guiney Recward.