

Sir William Halton, Bart. to be Lieutenant. Dated January 11, 1793.

Ensign Edward Naiff to be Lieutenant. Dated January 12, 1793.

John Pawson to be Ensign. Dated January 11, 1793.

Westminster Regiment. Cumberland Bentley, Esq; to be Lieutenant. Dated January 10, 1793.

The Hon. George Bowes to be Lieutenant. Dated January 11, 1793.

The Hon. Thomas Bowes to be Lieutenant. Dated January 12, 1793.

Mr. Thomas Yeates to be Ensign. Dated January 11, 1793.

Commission in the Royal South Regiment of Lincolnshire Militia, signed by the Lord Lieutenant.

John Bronthead, Esq; to be Major, vice Edward Northon, Esq; resigned. Dated January 3, 1793.

Dublin-Castle, January 10.

THIS Day the Parliament having met, according to Prorogation, his Excellency the Lord Lieutenant went in State to the House of Peers, and being seated on the Throne with the usual Solemnity, the Honourable Henry Fane, Gentleman Usher of the Black Rod, was sent with a Message from his Excellency to the House of Commons, signifying his Pleasure that they should immediately attend his Excellency in the House of Peers: The Commons being come thither accordingly, his Excellency made the following Speech:

My Lords, and Gentlemen,

I Have His Majesty's Commands to meet you in Parliament, and to express His Satisfaction in referring to your Counsels in the present Situation of Affairs.

His Majesty feels the utmost Concern that various Attempts should have been made to excite a Spirit of Discontent and Disturbance, and that Appearances should have manifested themselves in any Part of this Kingdom, of a Design to effect by Violence an Alteration in the Constitution.

It is an additional Ground of Uneasiness to His Majesty, that Views of Conquest and Dominion should have incited France to interfere with the Government of other Countries, and to adopt Measures, with regard to His Majesty's Allies the States General, neither conformable to the Law of Nations, nor the positive Stipulations of existing Treaties; especially when both His Majesty and the States General had observed the strictest Neutrality with regard to the Affairs of France.

Under these Circumstances, I have ordered, by His Majesty's Commands, an Augmentation of the Forces upon this Establishment.

By the Advice of the Privy Council, Measures have been taken to prevent the Exportation of Corn, Provisions and Naval Stores, Arms and Ammunition. The Circumstances, which rendered these Measures necessary, will, I trust, justify any temporary Infringement of the Laws, and will induce you to give them a Parliamentary Sanction.

It will afford His Majesty the greatest Satisfaction if, by a temperate and firm Conduct, the Blessings of Peace can be continued; but He feels assured of your zealous Concurrence in His Determination to provide for the Security and Interests of His Dominions, and to fulfil those positive Engagements, to which He is equally bound by the Honour of His Crown and the general Interests of the Empire.

Gentlemen of the House of Commons,

I have ordered the National Accounts to be laid before you, and I have no Doubt of your Readiness to grant such Supplies for the Public Service, as the Honour and Security of His Majesty's Crown and Government, and the Exigences of the Times, may require.

My Lords, and Gentlemen,

The Agriculture, the Manufactures, and particularly the Linen Manufactures, the Protestant Charter-Schools and other Public Institutions, which have so repeatedly been the Objects of your Care, will, I doubt not, engage your accustomed Regard and Liberality.

I am to recommend to you, in His Majesty's Name, to adopt such Measures as may be most advisable for the Maintenance of internal Tranquillity, and for this Purpose to render more effectual the Law for establishing a Militia in this Kingdom.

His Majesty has the fullest Confidence that you will, on all Occasions, shew your firm Determination to enforce due Obedience to the Laws, and to maintain the Authority of Government, in which you may depend upon His Majesty's cordial Co-operation and Support: And I have it in particular Command from His Majesty, to recommend it to you to apply yourselves to the Consideration of such Measures as may be most likely to strengthen and cement a general Union of Sentiment among all Classes and Descriptions of His Majesty's Subjects in Support of the established Constitution: With this View His Majesty trusts that the Situation of His Majesty's Catholic Subjects will engage your serious Attention; and in the Consideration of this Subject He relies on the Wisdom and Liberality of His Parliament.

I am truly sensible of the repeated Testimonies which I have received of your Approbation, and I will endeavour to merit a Continuance of your good Opinion, by strenuously exerting the Power with which I am entrusted for the Maintenance of our excellent Constitution in Church and State, as the best Security for the Liberty of the Subject and the Prosperity of Ireland.

Admiralty-Office, January 16, 1793.

PURSUANT to an Act of Parliament passed in the Twenty-sixth Year of the Reign of His late Majesty, this is to give Notice to the Concerned, that Information has been sent to this Office, that the Brig Providence, of Great Yarmouth, whereof William Taylor was Master, bound from Seville to the Port of London, laden with Fruit, was, on the 8th Instant, driven on Shore at the West End of Beachy Head, in the County of Sussex; and that the greatest Part of the Cargo was saved, but much damaged.

Ph. Stephens.

Whitehall, January 1, 1793.

WHEREAS it has been humbly represented to the King, that about Six o'Clock in the Evening of the 28th of December, 1792, a Barn belonging to Samuel Brown, Esq; situated at Dulwich in the County of Surrey, was discovered to be on Fire, and that there is Reason to believe that the said Barn was maliciously and wilfully set on Fire by some Person or Persons unknown.

His Majesty, for the better discovering and bringing to Justice the Person or Persons concerned in setting Fire to the Barn abovementioned, is hereby pleased