made mention indeed that the Elector had thoughts of going himself for Prussia, to command his Forces there in Persons but we cannot hear that it is certainly resolved, but on the contrary, it is thought that his Electoral Highness will not think fit to remove so far off, till he see what the issue of the Nego iations now on foot at Nimeguen may be. His Electoral Highness has, as we are told, written pretty freely to the Emperor on the occasion of them, and has by his Minister at the Dyet at Ratisbonne, complained of the hard measure he looks upon himfelf to have in these Transactions, which are carried on without his consent.

Strasburgh, Dec. 23. We are at present pretty quiet in these Parts, but know not how long we may

continue for the French do not flick to give out, that they intend ere long to give us a visit. Our Magistrates have, again ordered their Deputies at Ratifa bonne, to present their case to the Dyet, and to press that fome speedy and effectual resolution may be taken for the affilling us, in case the danger prove real; for though the Dyet hath already made several resolves in our favor, yet hitherto we do not see the effects of them; and whatever good intentions the States affembled there have towards us, they will avail us very little, unless they be executed in time.

Bruffels, Dec. 18. The anxiety People here were in, upon the arrival of the French Commissary, who came to demand all the Arrears of Contributions that have become due to the French during this War, was in some measure removed, by a message sent two dayes after to our Governor General by the Marefchal d'Humieres, to let his Excellency know, that he had received Orders from the ing his Matter to furrender the Towns that are to b by the Treaty reflored to Spain; upon which he Excellency has fent the Count de Pontamougear to the Marcichal, to adjult with him the day on which the places are to he evacuated, and the Peace to be published here, Our Troops, to avoid all occasion of dispute with the French, have wholly quitted St. Tron, and the other places they were possessed of in the Countries of Liege; but whether the Dutch will follow out example, is yet a quellion. We are told that the French Officers lie ready to receive those Soldiers that are going to be reformed in Holland, into their Service, which makes it somewhat wondered at that, the Most Christian King, now that he hath made Peace with the Crown of Spain, and the States General of the United Provinces, should still increase his Forces.

Paris, Dec. 28. The Dutch Ambassadors in a late Conference they had with Monfieur de l'ompone, told him, they had Orders to infill for a Neutrality for the Dutchy of Cleves and Fuliers, but they were answered, as at first, that the King would not grant it. The Letters from Spain give us an account, that eight French Merchant Ships who came from Rochelle laden with Salt, had been arrested at Bilboa, because the Peace was not yet ratified and published. A new Chamber of Justice, of which Monsieur Colbert is to be chief, is going to be set up by the King, for inspecting the Accompts of such Persons, as have in wheir stations been entrusted with Publick Monies during this War. The King has given the Govern-ment of the Hospital of the Invalides, to Monfieur de St. Martin. The King, as we are informed, has that Orders to the Marchal & Funieres, to adjust

with the Duke de Villa Hermosa, Governor of the Spanish Netherlands, the day for publishing the Peace in their respective Governments; and for selivering up the Towns. We have nothing new from Germany.

Pendennis, Dec. 23. The Wind the last Week being at E. and E. N.E. there came into this Harbor the Thomas and Margarite of Dover, Richard Clarke Malter, bound for Cadiz; the Edward and William of London, William Koberts Master, bound with Provisions for Tangier; the Susanna of Bayonne, Dominick Calingo Master, bound with Wines for Amsterdam; the Primrose of Whithy, John Lawson Master, bound for Lubon from Archangell; the Unity of Vliffing, bound home with Wines and Brandy from Bayonne, and the Green Dragon of Vliffing, bound home from Portugalithe Matter of which latter, (whose Name is John Prophet) gives us an account, that His Majesties Frigats in the Streights had taken five Algierin Men of War, and carried them to Cadiz, being all mounted from 42 to 32 Guns, Here-are feveral other Ships in this Harbor, the Wind continding at N.E.

Falmouth, Dec. 23. Yesterday came in here the Flying Dragon of Vliffing in Zealand, John Prophet Master, in 14 dayes from Faso in Portugal; the Mafter informs us, that before he came thence, they had an account there by some Persons come from Cadiz, that His Majesties Frigats, under the command of Sir Fohn Narborough, had taken five Turks Men of

War, and carried them into Cadiz:

viz. The Greybound of 40 Golden Tyger of 36 Guns. Last cannot tell the name of, but say, she is about the force of the others

Plymouth, Dec, 24, Testerday cames into this Port the Greenwich Frigat bound for the Streights; and this day we have an account from Falmoush, that on Saturday last arrived there a Vessel from Faro in Pornigal, the Mafter of which faid, that before his coming from thence, two Masters of Ships that came over-land from Cadiz, reported for certain, that there were brought into Cadiz by our English Men of War five Algierins, mounted from 30 to 40 Guns, and that there was on Board one of them the King of Argier's Son.

W Hereas in an Unlicensed Pamphlet, lately Printed and Published, Intituled, Mr. Coleman's Two Letters to Monsieur Le Chese. In the Title Page there are these words: With the Duke of York's Letter to the faid Monsicur Le Chese, which showeth what Mr. Coleman wrote to him was by his special come Mr. Coleman wrote to him was by his ipperational mandi and appointment. And at the end of the faid Ramphles there is a faile and standalous Letter Printed. Intistied, A Copy of his R. H. his Letter to Le Cheja about the time Mr. Coleman wrote his long Letters, 6675. By which bis R, H. the Duke of York is Libelled, and most Scandalousty Aspersed. If any shall discover the Printer of the said Pamphlet, he shall have a Handred Pounds for a Reward immediately paid.

Advertischent.

These are to Certific all whom it may concern. That there ince a Week on the usual Postedaus, with the state of the sta