## The London Gazette.

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From Bonday January 27. to Chursday January 30. 1678.

Tarmouth, Fanuary 26.

N Modday half arrived here two of His Maniellies Frigats from Flanders, from whence they have brought some of the English Troops that were there.

Portsmouth, Fan. 28. At Spitthead is arrived the Staveren, Captain Shelton Commander, with Soldiers from Flanders.

Venice, Jan. 14. We have advice by the means of a Moor of Sally, who was lately taken at Sea; that the Algierimes are making very great preparations for the attacking of Oran, which they intend to do with a very great Force, being much incensed at a late Sally the Garison of Oran made, in which they took a groat many prisoners, and much Booty. The last Letters we received from Constantinope, came over Land, and told us, that amidst the preparations that the Turks and Moscovites were making for the carrying on the War, endeavors were likewise used to make a Peace, and that in order the reunto, several Proposals had been made, but with little appearance of bringing them to any effect.

Vienna, Jan 20. There is some Arlving between the two Parties, into which the Malecontents of Hungary are at present divided, who shall premail in the resolutions that they are now going to take, to accept the Terms offered by the Emperor, in order to a Peace, or to continue the War; Count Teckeley labors with those that are in his Interests, to effect the first, being the more dip sed there-unto because of the Marriage concluded between him and the Daughter of the Prince of Transilvania, which is not to be confummated till such time as he be restored to his Estate, (at present in the hands of the Imperialists in Hungary) which he would be, in case the Peace were made; but Count Weselini, who is the chief of the other Party, endeavors to reject the Conditions offered, as too disadvantageous, and such as give them little security in the main Points of their Liberties, and Religion, and to perfuade the Hungarians to purfue the War, till they may be able to end it with more fafety to themselves, than they should now do. Which of these Parties will prevail, we cannot yet make any judgment of, till their Deputy return hither, with their Answer to what he was charged with upon his departure from hence,

Dantzicke, Jan. 22. A few days may determine very much in the Affairs of Pruffia, for things draw near a Criss, the Elector of Brandenburg advancing with great Journes, in resolution to put things to the issue of a Pattel, and that the rather because his Forces exceed those of the Suedes. The Letters from Poland lay, that the Nobility at the Dyet, slid generally encline to preserve the Kingstom in the enjoyment of its present Peace, and not to disturb it by taking part in this War between

the Crown of Sueden, and the Elector of Brandensburg, though the French Ambassador wid labor all he could to dispose them in favor of the Suedes, by the consideration of the advantage the Crown would receive by it, in case the Ducal Prussa were again united to the Crown, which the Suedes offer todo, if the Poles will assist them in order to it. We have not of late had any account of which doing between the Turks and the Moscovites, but it is not to be dubted but we shall hear established them.

Copenhagen, Jan. 23. The account we redeive from Nimeguen of the great progress that is made in the Negotiation between the Imperial and Franch Ambustadors, and of the likelihood thate is of its ending in a Peace before the end of this month, is very unwelcome to this Court, as doubtled is it to the Electro of Brandenburg and the Princes of Lanenburg; who will if the Peace take place, be lest nenburg; who will if the Peace take place, be lest renewed, as well as of Sueden; this confideration, some will have it, has obliged the Princes abovenienti-oned to apply their thoughts likewise to Peace I and that endeavors are at this time using to make it, not without slopes of succeeding in them.

Ditto, Jan. 25. Some persons come over from Schonen e tell us, that the King of Sacden is with the principal Officers of his Army at Belmsadiffand would continue there till he take the Fields that the Parties had now and then Rencounters, in which some prisoners had been taken on both sides; that the Suedes prisoners could only say, that the preparations for the Campagne were made with all the application possible; and that the King purposed to be in the Field before the end of March.

Hamburg, Jan. 29. The news that was spread in Town at the parting of our last Letters, concorning an Engagement between the Suedes and the Elector of Brandenburgs Troops under the command of Lieutenant-General Gortski in Prussia, comes to nothing; but we are in expectation to receive an account of one, as foon as the Elector of Brandenburg arrives there with the Troops he carried with him from Pomeren. The Ministers of this City at Nimequen, have writ to the Senate that the Peace bei tween the Emperor and France, would without all doubt be concluded before this month expires for withstanding the opposition which the Ambassadors of the King of Denmark and the Elector of Brandenburg endeavor to make therein. There are mose which fay, that these Princes are likewise treating, about making the Peace of the North, feeing they are like to be otherwise left alone in the War.

Francfort, Jan. 22. It is somewhat wondred at by many people, that an Assembly should be appointed here of the Ministers of the several Allies for the taking such measures, as should be thought bost, for the carrying on the War, when at the same time the dispositions to a Peace are so great at the Court