

or any Part of such Tools, he shall, for every Offence, forfeit all such Tools, or Parts thereof, put on Board, and TWO HUNDRED POUNDS, to be recovered by Action of Debt, &c. in any Court of Record at Westminster, or in the Court of Session in Scotland, or at any of the Four Courts in Dublin respectively, wherein no Effoin, &c. shall be allowed.

It shall be lawful for any Officer of the Customs in Great Britain, or for any Officer of the Revenue in Ireland, to seize and secure, in some of His Majesty's Warehouses, all such Tools or Utensils prohibited to be exported, as such Officer shall find on Board any Vessel not bound directly to some Port in Great Britain or Ireland, or to some other of the Dominions of the Crown of Great Britain; and all Tools so seized shall, after Condemnation, be publicly sold to the best Bidder; and one Moiety of the Produce shall be to the Use of His Majesty, and the other Moiety to the Officer who shall seize and secure the same.

If the Captain of any Vessel in Great Britain or Ireland knowingly permit any of the said Tools, prohibited to be exported, to be put on Board his Vessel, he shall, for every such Offence, forfeit ONE HUNDRED POUNDS, to be recovered as the Penalties inflicted upon Persons exporting the Tools; and, if the Vessel belongs to His Majesty, the Captain shall not only forfeit ONE HUNDRED POUNDS, but shall also forfeit his Employment, and be incapable of any Employment under His Majesty.

If any Officer of the Customs in Great Britain, or of the Revenue in Ireland, take, or knowingly suffer to be taken, any Entry outward, or sign any Cocket or Suffrance for the Shipping or Exporting of any of the said Tools, or knowingly suffer the same to be done, he shall forfeit ONE HUNDRED POUNDS, to be recovered as aforesaid, and also forfeit his Office, and be incapable of any Office under His Majesty.

One Moiety of the Forfeitures shall be applied to the Use of His Majesty, and the other Moiety to the Use of the Person who shall sue for the same.

Statutes 14, 21, 25 and 26 of His present Majesty.

BY these Statutes the like Penalties and Forfeitures as above mentioned are extended to Persons packing or putting on board any Vessel, not bound directly for some Port in Great Britain or Ireland, any Machine, Engine, Tool, Press, Paper, Utensil or Implement whatsoever, used in or proper for the working or finishing of the Cotton, Linen, Steel or Iron Manufactures of this Kingdom, or any Part or Parts of such Machines or Implements, or any Models or Plans thereof; and all Captains of Ships and other Persons receiving or being in Possession of any such Articles, with an Intent to export the same to Foreign Parts, and all Custom-house Officers suffering an Entry to be made thereof, are respectively liable to the like Penalties as are above mentioned, in the Case of Tools and Utensils used in the Woollen and Silk Manufactures.

Lord Chamberlain's Office, September 28, 1795.

Notice is hereby given, that there will be a Levee at St. James's on Wednesday the 7th of October, and a Drawing-Room the following Day.

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Westminster, September 26.

The Lord Chancellor has appointed William Kinglake, of Taunton in the County of Somerset, Gentleman, to be a Master Extraordinary in the High Court of Chancery.

Carlton-House, September 24, 1795.

Office for managing the Affairs of His Royal Highness the Prince of Wales.

BY Order of the Earl Cholmondeley, Notice is hereby given, that every Creditor of His Royal Highness, whose Demand shall accrue after the 5th Day of July, 1795, is to deliver into this Office a Particular, in Writing, containing the Nature and Amount of such Demand, signed by him or her, within Ten Days after the Expiration of the Quarter of a Year in which such Demand shall accrue; and all Debts or Demands, of what Nature or Kind soever, which shall not wholly have accrued within the preceding Quarter of a Year, or which shall not be presented as aforesaid, and within the Time limited as aforesaid, are not, under any Pretence or Colour of Authority whatever, to be paid, satisfied, or discharged, nor any Part thereof, but are barred both at Law and in Equity; and all Bonds, Bills, Notes, or other Securities for Money, given or made in Consideration of any Debt or Demand, whereof the Particulars in Writing are not delivered as aforesaid, are, to all Intents and Purposes, null and void.

See the Act of the 35th of His present Majesty, for settling an Annuity on His Royal Highness the Prince of Wales, and other Purposes, Cap. 129. Sec. 32.

Tim. Brent, Secretary.

General Post-Office, September 12, 1795.

THE Act passed in the last Session of Parliament, entitled, "An Act to enable His Majesty's Post-Master General to open and return certain Letters contained in the Mails made up at the General Post-Office in London for the United Provinces, on the 13th, 16th and 20th of January, 1795," being expired, Notice is hereby given, that the Letters which have not been claimed and returned will be forwarded according to their Directions at the Expiration of One Calendar Month from this Day, unless they shall, in the mean Time, be claimed by or on Behalf of the Persons to whom the Letters are addressed.

*By Command of the Post-Master General,
Anthony Todd, sec.*

London, September 29, 1795.

Notice is hereby given, to the Officers and Company of His Majesty's Ship Niger, who were actually on Board the said Ship at the Capture of the French Ships on the 9th of May last, in Company with a Squadron under the Command of Sir Richard Strachan, Bart. that they will be paid their respective Proportions of a First Payment arising therefrom on Board the said Ship at Portsmouth, on Saturday the 3d of October next; and the Shares not then demanded will be recalled by Mess. John and Abram Atkins, Walbrook, London, every Thursday for Three Years to come.

*J. and A. Atkins, London,
J. P. Maxwell, Portsmouth, } Agents.*