" the treasonable Acts aforesaid, or of any Mutiny " or Disobedience of Orders or Neglect of Duty, " and who have returned, or who shall, upon "Notification hereof on Board their respective Ships, return to the regular and ordinary Dis-" charge of their Duty, Our Royal Intentions to grant to all such Seamen and Marines Our most "Gracious Pardon, and to promile, in Our Name, to all such Seamen and Marines, who have so " returned, or shall so return to the regular and " ordinary Discharge of their Duty, Our most gracious Pardon accordingly: And We do hereby " declare, that all fuch Seamen and Marines, who " shall have so returned, or shall so return to their " Duty, and to whom the faid Lords Commissioners " of Our Admiralty, or any Three of them, shall " so promise Our Pardon, shall receive the same " accordingly, and shall be discharged and released from all Profecutions, Imprisonments and Penalties " incurred by reason of any of the Acts aforesaid, " or by reason of any Act of Mutiny or Dislobedience of Orders, or any Breach or Neglect of Duty " previously committed by them or any of them; "hereby declaring at the same Time, that all such "Seamen and Marines who shall not take the " Benefit of this Our gracious Pardon, shall from "henceforth be confidered as liable, according to the " Nature of their Offences, to fuch Punishmennt as the "Articles of War and the Law have provided for the fame." And whereas Our Right Trufty and Right Well-beloved Cousin and Councillor. George John Earl Spencer, Our Trusty and Well-beloved Charles George Lord Arden of Our Kingdom of Ireland, and William Young, Esquire, Rear-Admiral of the White, being Three of the Lords Commissioners of Our Admiraity, did cause Our gracious Intentions expressed in such Our Declaration, to be signified to the Crews of Our Ships at the Nore, and did require fuch Crews to return to their due Obedience accordingly: And whereas it has been represented to Us, that some of the Crews of Our faid Ships have been defirous of returning to their Obedience accordingly, but have been prevented from so doing by Violence; and others of Our Ships, in the actual Discharge of their Duty, have been fired upon, and Attempts . have been made to prevent some of Our Ships from proceeding according to the Orders of their Commanders: And whereas fuch continued Perseverance in rebellious and treasonable Attempts against Our Crown and Dignity, after repeated Admonitions and offers of Our gracious Pardon, render it necessary for us to call on all Our loving Subjects to be aiding and affifting in repressing the same; We have thought fit, by the Advice of Our Privy Council, to issue this Our Royal Proclamation, and We do hereby strictly enjoin and command all Our Admirals, Generals, Commanders and Officers of Our Forces by Sea and Land, and all Magistrates whatfoever, and all others Our loving Subjects, that they, in their several Stations, do use their utmost Endeavours, according to Law, to suppress all such mutinous and treasonable Proceedings, and to use all lawful Means to bring the Persons concerned therein, their Aiders and Abettors, to Justice: And We do hereby firictly enjoin and command all Our loving Subjects whatfoever not to give any Aid, Comfort, Affiltance or Encouragement whatfoever to any Perfon or Persons concerned in any such mutinous and treasonable Proceedings, as they will answer the

fame at their Peril; and also, to the utmost of their Power and according to Law, to prevent all other Persons from giving any such Aid, Assistance, Comfort or Encouragement.

Given at Our Court at St. James's, the Thirtyfirst Day of May, One thousand seven hundred and ninety-seven, and in the Thirty-seventh Year of Our Reign.

GOD fave the KING.

AT the Court at St. James's, the 31st of May,

R E E . N S

The KING's Most Excellent Majerty in Council. HEREAS by an Act made in the Twenty-W third Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, intituled, "An Act for preventing certain "Intruments from being required from Ships belonging to the United States of America; and to give to His Majesty, for a limited Time, certain Powers for the better carrying " on Trade and Commerce between the Subjects " of His Majesty's Dominions and the Inhabitants " of the faid United States;" which faid Act has been continued by several subsequent Acts until the 5th Day of April, 1797. And whereas by an Act made in the Twenty-fourth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intituled, " An Act to extend the Powers of an Act, made in the Twenty-third Year " of the Reign of His present Majesty, for giving " His Majesty certain Powers for the better carrying on Trade and Commerce between the Subjects of " His Majetty's Dominions and the Inhabitants " of the United States of America, to the Trade and Commerce of this Kingdom with the British " Colonies and Plantations in America, with re-fpect to certain Articles therein mentioned," the Powers given by the said recited Act were extended to the Trade and Intercourse between this Kingdom and the British Colonies and Plantations in America, so far as the same might relate to Iron, Hemp and Sailcloth, and other Articles of the Produce of any Place bordering on the Baltic, which might be exported from this Kingdom; which last mentioned Act has also by several subsequent Acts been continued until the said 5th Day of April, 1797.

And whereas by another Act passed in this present Session of Parliament, intituled, "An Act to continue " the Laws now in Force for regulating the Trade between the Subjects of His Majesty's Dominions " and the Inhabitants of the Territories, belonging to the United States of America, fo far as the " same relate to the Trade and Commerce carried on between this Kingdom and the Inhabitants " of the Countries belonging to the faid United "States," it is declared to be expedient, that the faid Act of the Twenty-third Year of His present Majesty's Reign, so far only as the same extends to the Trade and Commerce carried on between this Kingdom and the People and Territories belonging to the United States of America, and also that the faid Act of the Twenty-fourth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, should be further continued and be n Force; and it is thereby enacted, that the faid Acts shall continue and be in Force until the 5th Day of

April, 1798.