the Produce shall be to the Use of His Majesty, and the other Moiety to the Officer who shall feize

and fecure the fame.

If the Captain of any Vessel in Great Britain or Ireland knowingly permit any of the faid Tools, prohibited to be exported, to be put on board his Vessel, he shall, for every such Offence, forfeit ONE HUNDRED POUNDS, to be recovered as the Penalties inflicted upon Persons exporting the Tools; and, if the Vessel belongs to His Majesty, the Captain shall not only forfeit ONE HUNDRED POUNDS, but shall also forfeit his Employment, and be incapable of any Employment under His Majefty.

If any Officer of the Customs in Great Britain or of the Revenue in Ireland, take, or knowingly

fuffer to be taken, any Entry outward, or fign any Cocket or Sufferance for the Shipping or Exporting of any of the faid Tools, or knowingly suffer the fame to be done, he shall forfeit ONE HUNDRED POUNDS, to be recovered as aforefaid, and also forfeit his Office, and be incapable of any Office

under His Majesty.

One Moiety of the Forfeitures shall be applied to the Use of His Majesty, and the other Moiety to the Use of the Person who shall sue for the

Statutes 14, 21, 25, and 26 of His present Majesty. BY these Statutes the like Penalties and Forfeitures as above-mentioned are extended to Persons packing or putting on board any Vessel, not bound directly for some Port in Great Britain or Ireland, any Machine, Engine, Tool, Press, Paper, Utensil, or Implement whatfover, used in or proper for the working or finishing of the Cotton, Steel, or Iron Manufactures of this Kingdom, or any Part or Parts of fuch Machines or Implements, or any Models or Plans thereof; and all Captains of Ships and other Persons receiving or being in Possession of any such Articles, with an Intent to export the same to Foreign Parts, and all Custom-house Officers fuffering an Entry to be made thereof, are respectively liable to the like Penalties as are above-mentioned, in the case of Tools and Utenfils used in the Woollen and Silk Manufactures.

St. James's, January 2, 1799.

HE following Address has been presented to the Kin; which Address His Majesty was pleased to receive very graciously.

To the KING's Most Excellent Majesty, The humble Address of the Nobility, Gentry, Clergy, and Freeholders of the County of Surrey

Most Gracious Sovereign, The Freeholders of the County of Surrey, heg Leave, with unfeigned Loyalty and Attachment, and with the utmost Respect, to approach your Majesty with our fincere and heartfelt Congratulations on the great and glorious Victory obtained by your Majetly's Arms under the Command of Rear-Admiral Lord Nelfon over the French Fleet at the Mouth of the Nilc.

An Event so decisive and important in itself, as to have excited the Admiration of Europe, when combined with the other many and figual Successes of your Majesty's Forces both at Home and Abroad, cannot fail of striking Terror and Dismay into the Hearts of your Enemies. And we humbly hope, that, under the Blessing of Almighty God, and through the Energy and Vigour of your Majesty's Councils, seconded as they have hitherto been, and we doubt not ever will be, by the undegenerated Courage, Enterprife, and Skill of your Fleets and Armies, and by the unexampled Zeal and Unanimity displayed by all Descriptions of your Subjects; it may be the Means of attaining that first and most anxious Wish of your Majesty's Heart, and the great End and Object to which all our Exertions have been directed, the free and uninterrupted Enjoyment of our Laws, our Liberties, and our Religion, in a secure, permanent, and honorable Peace.

May the Sovereign Ruler of the Universe and Great Disposer of all Events grant to our fervent Prayers, that your Majesty may, in the Possession of Health and Happinels, long continue to reign over these Kingdoms, and in the Hearts of a free,

loyal, and united People.

James Trotter, High Sheriff. [Presented by James Trotter, Esq; High Sheriff of the County of Surrey. ]

Carlton-House, January 5, 1799.

Office for managing the Affairs of His Royal Highness
the Prince of Wales.

By Order of the Earl Cholmondeley.

Otice is hereby given, that every Creditor of His Royal Highnels is to deliver into this Office, within Ten Days from the Date hereof, a Particular, in Writing, containing the Nature and Amount of any Debt, figned by him or her, that may have accrued within the Quarter ending this Day; and all Debts or Demands, of what Nature or Kind soever, which shall not be presented as aforefaid, and within the Time limited as aforefaid, are not, under any Pretence or Colour of Authority whatever, to be paid, fatisfied, or dif-charged, nor any Part thereof, but are barred both at Law and in Equity: And all Bonds, Bills, Notes, or other Securities for Money, given or made in confideration of any Debt or Demand, whereof the Particulars in Writing are not delivered as aforefaid, are to all Intents and Purpofes null and void.

See the Act of the 35th of His present Majesty, for fettling an Annuity on His Royal Highness the Prince of Wales, and other Purpofes. Cap. 129. Sec. 32.

Tim. Brent, Secretary.

Whitehall, December 27, 1798. Withenall, December 27, 1798.

It Hereas it has been humbly represented to the King, that on the Evening of the 4th Ultimo, Thomas Dade, of Otley, Grocer, going from thence to Leeds, was stopped in the Fields near Spen-Lane, by Three Footpads, (one of which was dressed in Woman's Cloaths) and robbed of 1951. most of which was in Raph Neter. Bank Notes.

His Majesty, for the better apprehending and bringing to Justice the Person's concerned in the Robbery above-