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Warsaw, June 7.

Pon the Advices that come from several parts, that the Turks and Tartars advance towards our Frontiers, the Palatine of Russia, Lieutenant-General of the Forces of this Kingdom (who is now at Leopol) has issued his Orders, to the several Troops in those Quarters, to repair to Trembewla, where he designs to form a Camp. The Conferences with the Moscovite Ambasladors, are in the mean time continued, but we do not hear Matters are brought to any head.

Berlin, June 19. The Marquis de Baden the Imperial Envoye, has with some difficulty (because he came from parts Insected with the Plague) been permitted to come hither. He has left all his Retinue at a place three Leagues from hence, to perform a Quarantain. The news of the Elector of Saxony's illy note continues. The Last Letters brought an account of the Plagues being broken out at Lipsick.

Francfort, June 22. The French having three several times summoned the Castle of Falkenburg, and been as often answered by the Commander there. That he would not betray the Trust reposed in him by the Elector Palatine, to whom the said Castle belongs, they have bethought themselves another way to oblige the Elector to deliver it to them, and that without any act of Hossility, and that is, by sending 2 or 3000 Men to Quarter upon his Subjects, which they have accordingly done, Treating them after that rate, that it is impossible for them to bear it.

Francfort, Fune 26. The Bishop of Bamberg is raising 1200 Men, to recruit the Regiments he has now on soot; and we are told, that he has offered to raise some Troops for the service of the Emperor, provided he surnish him with Money to do it. The Elector of Mentz, has by his Minister at Ratisbonne, represented to the Dyet, that he could not think himself see at Mentz, because of the neighborhood of the French Troops, and that therefore he had removed his richest Goods, and retired himself from thence.

Spire, June 24. Monsteur de Monclar, Lieutenant-General for the French in Alface, having writ a Letter to the Elector Palatine, wherein he tells him, That the King his Master being declared by the Treaty of Munster, Soveraign of all the Lower Alface, as far as the River Queich, and that the Castle of Falkenburg being scituated in the Countrey belonging to his Majesty, he expected his Electoral Highness would withdraw the Garrison, he has at present there; his Electoral Highness answered, That he was so far from withdrawing the Garrison, that he had sent Orders to the Commander there, to defend the place to the last, which he had done

with a better Right, than he, Monsieur Monclar, had to attempt to take it from him. And at the same time we understand, that a Manifesto has been published by Order of his Electoral Highness, wherein is made appear, how ill-grounded this pretensity on of the French is. But hir means not having prevailed, Monsieur de Monclar is going to make use of Force; having already invested the said Castle of Falkenburg, and brought several Cannon and Mortar-pieces to Batter it; but the Castle is very strong, seituated upon a high Hill, and the Garrison has been reinforced, so its probable, the French will find it no casse work to take it. P.S. It is just now reported, that the French have begun to batter it.

Cologne, fune 28. Four days since arrived here Prince William of Furstemberg, with few Attendantss, he is Lodged with his Brother the Bishop of Strasburg. Most people are very curious to know the occasion of his coming, which if we may b. lieve what has been writ in some Letters from Paris, is, to confer with feveral Princes of the Empire, and to endeavour to perswade them to enter into some new Engagements with France; if this be his Commission on hither, it's believed he will hardly fucceed in it; for our Elector is so sensible of what his C untreys suffered in the late War, that we may be confident he will not make any steps, that may tend to the disturbing the peace they now enjoy. The French threaten the Countrey of Juliers with Military execution, in case they do not speedily satisfy the Arrears of Contributions, which they pretend, amounts to 150000 Crowns. Our Advices from a4 bove tell us, that the Palatinate fuffers extreamly by the French, who, because the Elector refuses to deliver to them the Caltle of Falkenburg, Treat his Subjects very hardly, and live at their cost.

Hamburg, June 26. There are several Discourses concerning the King of Denmark's coming into these parts, and the designs of it; and many are of opinion, that one of them is, to get the 50000 Crowns which he pretends of the City and Countrey of Embden, for Winter Quarters, during the late War, and that it is in order thereunto, that several Troops march that way; and of this the Dukes of Lunenburg have so far a jealousie, that they have promised those of Embden to stand by them, and even to assist them with their Forces, if there be occasion. From Stockholme they write, that they were preparing there for the Reception of the King and Queen.

Hamburg, June 28. From Straelfond we have the fad account of the greatest part of that City being destroyed by a fire that happened there some days since. The trouble which this news gives us, is increased, by the Advice we have, that the Plague is broke out at Leipzick. There have been several Reports of the Elector of Saxon's death, but they

have.