The London Gazette.

Published by Authority.

From Chursday August 26. to Monday August 30. 1680.

Whitehal, Aug. 28.

His day was Published His Majesties Proclamation, Declaring the Parliament shall Sit the 21 of October, as follows,

CHARLES R.

Hereas ibis present Parliament has been continued by divers Prorogations, and is now Prorogued to the 21 day of October next ensuirg; His Majesty baving now Resolved, for weighty Considerations boil at home and abroad, That the Parliament shall then Meet and Sit: To the end therefore, that the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, the Knights, Citizens and Burgesses may take notice thereof, and give their Attendance; Hu Majesty doth by this His Royal Proclamation Publish and Declare, That the Parliament shall then Meet and Sit, and doth hereby Require the Presence of all and every of them, and that they give their Attendance according-

Given at Our Cassle at Windsor, the 26th day of Augu 1 1680. In the Two and Thirtieth Year of Our Reig 1.

Another Proclamation was likewise published, containing,

bat whereas George Carew, Esq;, had formerly Granted unto him Letters of Mart, against the States-General of the United Provinces, for fatisfaction of a certain Demand, which Sir William Courteen and others had against the said States, and to which the said G orge Carew was Intituled, which faid Demand has fince by Treaty of Peace between His Majesty and the said States, been totally Abolished and Extinguished; and all Letters of Mart and Reprizal, by the Same Treaty discharged accordingly; and whereas His Majesty bath fince Recalled and Superseded the said Letters of Mart, to the end no Person may be missed, under pretence of any Letters of Mart, heretofore Granted to the said George Cirew, and thereby incurr the danger of the Law as Pyrats; His Majesty is pleased by this His Proclamation to Declare, That the said George Carew has now no Authority or Commission, by Virtue of any such Letters of Mart, to Equippe or Sett out any Veffel whatfoever; and that all Persons that shall presume to be aiding to him, in setting forth any such Ship, or serve under him, by colour of any such pretended Authority, shall be Proceeded against as Pyrats, according to the utmost severity of the Law.

Naples Aug. 7. The noyse that has been made of the preparations of the Turks by Sea, as well as the appearing of the Sieur du Quesne with his Squadron on this Coast, occasioned the Drawing together of all the Cavalry, and greatest part of the Infantry of this Kingdom, and the polling them along the Scashore, where they still continue. It has been report ed, that part of these Troops were designed for the service of the State of Milan, and that their Drawing together was in order to their Embarcation; which is now contradicted. We have not had any Account of the Sieur du Quesne, since his departure from the Isle of Procida; and the general belief is, that he is gone for the Coalls of Barbary, to endeavour to make a Peace with th' Tripolins. In Sicily Affairs feem not yet well fetled, and the Viceroy continues to have great missrults of several persons, who as they formerly were favourers of the French; so its suspected, are even at this time engaged in Practifes against the Government.

Milay, Aug. 14. There is some difference between the Duke of Modena, and the Duke of Parma, concerning a Fort the latter had cauf'd to be lately raised, which the Duke of Modena pretends to be within his Territories, and therefore fent a Party of Men to demolith it, in which occasion several Men were killed; the Prince Reginaldo d'Esté is now at Parma, to endeavour to compose the thing. The Duke of Tulcany complains, that the Governor of Calvi in the Isle of Corfica, which belongs to the State of Genoua, faluted his Gallies only with two

Gpns in return of five which they gree.

Liniz, Aug. 17. The Count de Thun, whom he Emperor is Inding for England, continues full here, because of the difficulties of his Journey; the Elector of Bavaria abiolutely refusing to grant him a paffage through his Territories, unless he hirst perform a Quarantaine. The Duke of Larrain and the Queen of Poland his Wife, are expected here some time this month, and will it s believed, continue her, till the Fmp. ror remove to Vienna, From Hungary we have an Account, that General Caprara having on he 26th pa t, sent out a Party of 400 Horfe Commanded by Count Magni, to discover the posture of the Reb Is; the said Count being advanced as far as Hardecke, understood that 3000 of the Rebels w re posted behind a Forr st, near Cicava; whereupon he marc ed towards them, and meeting with their advanced Guard, confilting of twenty M n, defeated them; which the Rebels having notice of, came down with their whole Body upon the Imperialiss, who not b ingable to contend with to unequal a Force, made a Retreat, till fuch time, as being affilted with a Party of Dragoons, they charged the Rebels, put them into diforder, and forced them to give ground, and to r tire in much confusion, having had about 100 slain, and among them the Famous Patrozzi, and another of their Chiefs, In this Action, the Imperialists are said to have lost but ten Men.

Strasburg, Aug. 24. All we can write from hence, is, that we are full expecting the arrival of Monfieue de Louvoy in these parts; which many peo-ple think, will produce something considerable; but if we may believe the Advices we have from France, his business will be only to visit the several