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Naples, Sept. 3. Rom Sicily we have an account that Monficur de Lauvigny had taken possession of the Government of Messina. The Allarmes we had of the great preparations of the Turks prove groundless, for we are affured they have not thirty Galleys together at Sea.

Danizick, Sept. 4. We are expecting to hear by every Post, That the difference between the Poles and the Turks, concerning the Limits, is adjusted, for things feem to take a fair way towards it; and though the behaviour of the Turks, according to their cuflom, is very high and Imperious, and that they often talk of the formidable Forees which the Grand Signior can in a moment bring into the field, yet it is apparent that they defire to determine amicably the Points in controversie between them and the Crown of Poland, and if they can, to put an end to the War they are now engaged in with the Moscovites, who on the other side are not unsensible of it and therefore seem r. solved not to make a P ace upon the Terms the Turks hitherto infilt upon.

Rome, Sept. 7. Prince Radzeville, Ambassador from Poland, has frequent Audiences from the Pope concer ing the Affairs of that Kingdom, which it's faid he declares is unable to enter into a War against the Turks, unless the Princes of Christendom will Contribute bo h Men and Moneys towards it, and that in such case the King of Poland will not be wanting to do his part, who otherwise must take care of the elfare of his own Country, and endeavour to preserve it in Perce.

Madrid, Sept. 5. This Court having received advice from the Indies of the proceedings of the Portuguese on the River de Plata, where they have e-'s, and built Forts for the feflablished new Col curity of them; at x ess has been sent to Lubon, to know whether t undertakings have been by Order of the Prince ent, and to demand faris-Two days fince palled through this place an English Officer, who came from Tangier and was going with all diligence for England: We understand from him, That he lest that place in a Posture not to sear the attempts of the Mores, in case they should renew them, when the Cestation, that was concluded between the Earl of Inchiquin, the late Governor, and the Alcayde, expires, which it does towards the latter end of this Month. By the way of Barcelona we have an account, That the Duke de Vivonne had been with 18 French Galleys at Majorca, That he had demanded restitution of certain French Ships taken by the Ships of that Island fince the Peace; That the Common people thereupon grew very disorderly, would not obey the Viceroy, because of the Civilities he shewed the French Officers, and threatned to Fire the Canon upon the Galleys if they did not immediately

retire, which the Duke de Vivonne thought fit fo

Lintz, Sept. 17. The Emperor received, some days since, advice by different Expresses, of the death of the Elector Palatine and the Elector of Saxony, for which this Court is going into Mourning: The Archbilhop of P eshourg co tinues his Negotiation with some of the thet of he N'alecontents of Hungary, and in his teres to the Emp ror feems to give fome ho s f his fucce dug to his End avours, fr that ount Teckely, who is a principal man among them, has of late shewn a great disposition to a Composure, but we have been so often entertained with these kind of advices that we cannot make any account of them. The Earl of Middleton, Envoy Extraordinary from the King of England, continues to have frequent Conferences with the Ministers here.

Strasburg, Sept. 20. The 18th Instant arrived here Monsieur Monclar, Monsieur Schomberg, and several other persons of Quality, and yesterday they went down to Germssheym, which place the French took from the late Elector Palatine, and as is faid intend to Build a Fort there, to cut off the Communication with Philipsburg. This week 12 French Soldiers were hanged at one time at Brilack, for deserting. There happen continual quarrels between the Countrey people and the French Soldiers, the latter being intatiable, and the others unwilling to part with any thing; Wherefore Monfi us de Manclar has ordered the Provost to go through all the V slages in Assec, to receive such Complaints, as either see shall make, and after having examined them, to punish those that are in fault.

Hamlurg, Sept. 24. From Sweden the Arite that feveral Salt P to have been discovered: r which will be, of great use to that Ki glom, we ch was before necessitated to make us of freign Salt: They toll us farther, That they have dir vered great Quarries of black and white Marble, and several Wells of Mineral Waters. They were still preparing at Stockholm for the publick reception and Co-

ronation of the Queen.

Ghent, Sept. 27. The late proceedings of the Nations at Bruffels, and the Tumult that happened thereupon, put people nto some sear of the ill confequences that might have followed; for we were informed that Orders were dispatced for the drawing together out of feveral Garifons, 1000 Horfe and 4000 Fout, and that if those disturbances had continued they were to have marched to Bruffels ; to suppress them; but God be thanked things have been composed: However there is a discourse as if our new Governor, to mortify the Burghers of Bruffels, would remove his Residence from thence, and for the future keep his Court here.

Amsterdam, Sept 28. We understand that the Die rectors of the West-India Company have received a Letter from the Sieur Raulé, who Commands the Brandenburg Frigats how at Sea, Dated at Connings-